#### 106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4986

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the provisions relating to foreign sales corporations (FSCs) and to exclude extraterritorial income from gross income.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 27, 2000

Mr. Archer introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

## A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the provisions relating to foreign sales corporations (FSCs) and to exclude extraterritorial income from gross income.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
  - 5 "FSC Repeal and Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act
  - 6 of 2000".
  - 7 (b) Amendment of 1986 Code.—Except as other-
  - 8 wise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amend-

- 1 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment
- 2 to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference
- 3 shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-
- 4 sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 5 SEC. 2. REPEAL OF FOREIGN SALES CORPORATION RULES.
- 6 Subpart C of part III of subchapter N of chapter 1
- 7 (relating to taxation of foreign sales corporations) is here-
- 8 by repealed.
- 9 SEC. 3. TREATMENT OF EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.
- 10 (a) In General.—Part III of subchapter B of chap-
- 11 ter 1 (relating to items specifically excluded from gross
- 12 income) is amended by inserting before section 115 the
- 13 following new section:
- 14 "SEC. 114. EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.
- 15 "(a) Exclusion.—Gross income shall not include
- 16 extraterritorial income.
- 17 "(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 18 extraterritorial income which is not qualifying foreign
- 19 trade income as determined under subpart E of part III
- 20 of subchapter N.
- 21 "(c) Disallowance of Deductions.—
- 22 "(1) In general.—Any deduction of a tax-
- payer allocated under paragraph (2) to
- 24 extraterritorial income of the taxpayer excluded from

- gross income under subsection (a) shall not be allowed.
- 3 "(2) ALLOCATION.—Any deduction of the tax-4 payer properly apportioned and allocated to the 5 extraterritorial income derived by the taxpayer from 6 any transaction shall be allocated on a proportionate 7 basis between—
- 8 "(A) the extraterritorial income derived 9 from such transaction which is excluded from 10 gross income under subsection (a), and
- 11 "(B) the extraterritorial income derived 12 from such transaction which is not so excluded.
- 13 "(d) Denial of Credits for Certain Foreign
- 14 Taxes.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 15 chapter, no credit shall be allowed under this chapter for
- 16 any income, war profits, and excess profits taxes paid or
- 17 accrued with respect to extraterritorial income which is ex-
- 18 cluded from gross income under subsection (a).
- 19 "(e) Extraterritorial Income.—For purposes of
- 20 this section, the term 'extraterritorial income' means the
- 21 gross income of the taxpayer attributable to foreign trad-
- 22 ing gross receipts (as defined in section 942) of the tax-
- 23 payer."

1	(b) Qualifying Foreign Trade Income.—Part III
2	of subchapter N of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after
3	subpart D the following new subpart:
4	"Subpart E—Qualifying Foreign Trade Income
	"Sec. 941. Qualifying foreign trade income. "Sec. 942. Foreign trading gross receipts. "Sec. 943. Other definitions and special rules.
5	"SEC. 941. QUALIFYING FOREIGN TRADE INCOME.
6	"(a) Qualifying Foreign Trade Income.—For
7	purposes of this subpart and section 114—
8	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualifying for-
9	eign trade income' means, with respect to any trans-
10	action, the amount of gross income which, if ex-
11	cluded, will result in a reduction of the taxable in-
12	come of the taxpayer from such transaction equal to
13	the greatest of—
14	"(A) 30 percent of the foreign sale and
15	leasing income derived by the taxpayer from
16	such transaction,
17	"(B) 1.2 percent of the foreign trading
18	gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from the
19	transaction, or
20	"(C) 15 percent of the foreign trade in-
21	come derived by the taxpayer from the trans-
22	action.

- In no event shall the amount determined under subparagraph (B) exceed 200 percent of the amount determined under subparagraph (C).
  - "(2) ALTERNATIVE COMPUTATION.—A taxpayer may compute its qualifying foreign trade income under a subparagraph of paragraph (1) other than the subparagraph which results in the greatest amount of such income.
    - "(3) LIMITATION ON USE OF FOREIGN TRADING GROSS RECEIPTS METHOD.—If any person computes its qualifying foreign trade income from any transaction with respect to any property under paragraph (1)(B), the qualifying foreign trade income of any related person with respect to any transaction involving such property shall be zero.
    - "(4) Rules for marginal costing.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations setting forth rules for the allocation of expenditures in computing foreign trade income under paragraph (1)(C) in those cases where a taxpayer is seeking to establish or maintain a market for qualifying foreign trade property.
    - "(5) PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL BOY-COTTS, ETC.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, the qualifying foreign trade income of a

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taxpayer for any taxable year shall be reduced (but
not below zero) by the sum of—

"(A) an amount equal to such income multiplied by the international boycott factor determined under section 999, and

"(B) any illegal bribe, kickback, or other payment (within the meaning of section 162(c)) paid by or on behalf of the taxpayer directly or indirectly to an official, employee, or agent in fact of a government.

### "(b) Foreign Trade Income.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subpart, the term 'foreign trade income' means the taxable income of the taxpayer attributable to foreign trading gross receipts of the taxpayer.
- "(2) Special rule for cooperatives.—In any case in which an organization to which part I of subchapter T applies which is engaged in the marketing of agricultural or horticultural products sells qualifying foreign trade property, in computing the taxable income of such cooperative, there shall not be taken into account any deduction allowable under subsection (b) or (c) of section 1382 (relating to patronage dividends, per-unit retain allocations, and nonpatronage distributions).

1	"(c) Foreign Sale and Leasing Income.—For
2	purposes of this section, the term 'foreign sale and leasing
3	income' means, with respect to any transaction—
4	"(1) foreign trade income properly allocable to
5	activities—
6	"(A) which are described in paragraph
7	(2)(A)(i) or (3) of section 942(b), and
8	"(B) which are performed by the taxpayer
9	(or any person acting under a contract with
10	such taxpayer) outside the United States, and
11	"(2) foreign trade income derived by the tax-
12	payer from the lease or rental of qualifying foreign
13	trade property for use by the lessee outside the
14	United States.
15	Foreign sale and leasing income shall not include any in-
16	come properly allocable to excluded property described in
17	subparagraph (B) of section 943(a)(3) (relating to intan-
18	gibles).
19	"SEC. 942. FOREIGN TRADING GROSS RECEIPTS.
20	"(a) Foreign Trading Gross Receipts.—
21	"(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
22	vided in this section, for purposes of this subpart,
23	the term 'foreign trading gross receipts' means the
24	gross receipts of the taxpayer which are—

1	"(A) from the sale, exchange, or other dis-
2	position of qualifying foreign trade property,
3	"(B) from the lease or rental of qualifying
4	foreign trade property for use by the lessee out-
5	side the United States,
6	"(C) for services which are related and
7	subsidiary to—
8	"(i) any sale, exchange, or other dis-
9	position of qualifying foreign trade prop-
10	erty by such taxpayer, or
11	"(ii) any lease or rental of qualifying
12	foreign trade property described in sub-
13	paragraph (B) by such taxpayer,
14	"(D) for engineering or architectural serv-
15	ices for construction projects located (or pro-
16	posed for location) outside the United States, or
17	"(E) for the performance of managerial
18	services for a person other than a related per-
19	son in furtherance of the production of foreign
20	trading gross receipts described in subpara-
21	graph (A), (B), or (C).
22	Subparagraph (E) shall not apply to a taxpayer for
23	any taxable year unless at least 50 percent of its for-
24	eign trading gross receipts (determined without re-
25	gard to this sentence) for such taxable year is de-

1	rived from activities described in subparagraph (A),
2	(B), or (C).
3	"(2) CERTAIN RECEIPTS EXCLUDED ON BASIS
4	OF USE; SUBSIDIZED RECEIPTS EXCLUDED.—The
5	term 'foreign trading gross receipts' shall not in-
6	clude receipts of a taxpayer from a transaction if—
7	"(A) the qualifying foreign trade property
8	or services—
9	"(i) are for ultimate use in the United
10	States, or
11	"(ii) are for use by the United States
12	or any instrumentality thereof and such
13	use of qualifying foreign trade property or
14	services is required by law or regulation, or
15	"(B) such transaction is accomplished by a
16	subsidy granted by the United States or any in-
17	strumentality thereof.
18	"(3) Election to exclude certain re-
19	CEIPTS.—The term 'foreign trading gross receipts'
20	shall not include gross receipts of a taxpayer from
21	a transaction with respect to any property if the tax-
22	payer elects not to have such receipts taken into ac-
23	count for purposes of this subpart.
24	"(b) Foreign Economic Process Require-
25	MENTS —

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-1 2 section (c), a taxpayer shall be treated as having for-3 eign trading gross receipts from any transaction only 4 if economic processes with respect to such trans-5 action take place outside the United States as re-6 quired by paragraph (2). 7 "(2) REQUIREMENT.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of 8 9 this paragraph are met with respect to the 10 gross receipts of a taxpayer derived from any 11 transaction if— 12 "(i) such taxpayer (or any person act-13 ing under a contract with such taxpayer) 14 has participated outside the United States 15 in the solicitation (other than advertising), the negotiation, or the making of the con-16 17 tract relating to such transaction, and 18 "(ii) the foreign direct costs incurred 19 by the taxpayer attributable to the trans-20 action equal or exceed 50 percent of the 21 total direct costs attributable to the trans-22 action. 23 "(B) ALTERNATIVE 85-PERCENT TEST.—A 24 taxpayer shall be treated as satisfying the re-25 quirements of subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect

1	to any transaction if, with respect to each of at
2	least 2 subparagraphs of paragraph (3), the
3	foreign direct costs incurred by such taxpayer
4	attributable to activities described in such sub-
5	paragraph equal or exceed 85 percent of the
6	total direct costs attributable to activities de-
7	scribed in such subparagraph.
8	"(C) Definitions.—For purposes of this
9	paragraph—
10	"(i) Total direct costs.—The term
11	'total direct costs' means, with respect to
12	any transaction, the total direct costs in-
13	curred by the taxpayer attributable to ac-
14	tivities described in paragraph (3) per-
15	formed at any location by the taxpayer or
16	any person acting under a contract with
17	such taxpayer.
18	"(ii) Foreign direct costs.—The
19	term 'foreign direct costs' means, with re-
20	spect to any transaction, the portion of the
21	total direct costs which are attributable to
22	activities performed outside the United
23	States.
24	"(3) Activities relating to qualifying
25	FOREIGN TRADE PROPERTY.—The activities de-

1	scribed in this paragraph are any of the following
2	with respect to qualifying foreign trade property—
3	"(A) advertising and sales promotion,
4	"(B) the processing of customer orders
5	and the arranging for delivery,
6	"(C) transportation from the time of ac-
7	quisition by the taxpayer (or, in the case of a
8	commission relationship, from the beginning of
9	such relationship for such transaction) to the
10	delivery to the customer,
11	"(D) the determination and transmittal of
12	a final invoice or statement of account and the
13	receipt of payment, and
14	"(E) the assumption of credit risk.
15	"(4) Economic processes performed by
16	RELATED PERSONS.—A taxpayer shall be treated as
17	meeting the requirements of this subsection with re-
18	spect to any transaction involving any property if
19	any related person has met such requirements in
20	such transaction or any other transaction involving
21	such property.
22	"(c) Exception From Foreign Economic Proc-
23	ESS REQUIREMENT.—
24	"(1) In general.—The requirements of sub-
25	section (b) shall be treated as met for any taxable

1	year if the foreign trading gross receipts of the tax-
2	payer for such year do not exceed \$5,000,000.
3	"(2) Receipts of related persons aggre-
4	GATED.—All related persons shall be treated as one
5	person for purposes of paragraph (1), and the limi-
6	tation under paragraph (1) shall be allocated among
7	such persons in a manner provided in regulations
8	prescribed by the Secretary.
9	"(3) Special rule for pass-thru enti-
10	TIES.—In the case of a partnership, S corporation,
11	or other pass-thru entity, the limitation under para-
12	graph (1) shall apply with respect to the partner-
13	ship, S corporation, or entity and with respect to
14	each partner, shareholder, or other owner.
15	"SEC. 943. OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.
16	"(a) Qualifying Foreign Trade Property.—For
17	purposes of this subpart—
18	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualifying for-
19	eign trade property' means property—
20	"(A) manufactured, produced, grown, or
21	extracted within or outside the United States,
22	"(B) held primarily for sale, lease, or rent-
23	al, in the ordinary course of trade or business
24	for direct use, consumption, or disposition out-
25	side the United States, and

1	"(C) not more than 50 percent of the fair
2	market value of which is attributable to articles
3	manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted
4	outside the United States or other value added
5	outside the United States.
6	For purposes of subparagraph (C), the fair market
7	value of any article imported into the United States
8	shall be its appraised value, as determined by the
9	Secretary under section 402 of the Tariff Act of
10	1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401a) in connection with its im-
11	portation.
12	"(2) U.S. TAXATION TO ENSURE CONSISTENT
13	TREATMENT.—Property which (without regard to
14	this paragraph) is qualifying foreign trade property
15	and which is manufactured, produced, grown, or ex-
16	tracted outside the United States shall be treated as
17	qualifying foreign trade property only if it is manu-
18	factured, produced, grown, or extracted by—
19	"(A) a domestic corporation,
20	"(B) an individual who is a citizen or resi-
21	dent of the United States,
22	"(C) a foreign corporation with respect to
23	which an election under subsection (e) (relating
24	to foreign corporations electing to be subject to
25	United States taxation) is in effect, or

1	"(D) a partnership or other pass-thru enti-
2	ty all of the partners or owners of which are de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C).
4	Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary,
5	tiered partnerships or pass-thru entities shall be
6	treated as described in subparagraph (D) if each of
7	the partnerships or entities is directly or indirectly
8	wholly owned by persons described in subparagraph
9	(A), (B), or (C).
10	"(3) Excluded property.—The term 'quali-
11	fying foreign trade property' shall not include—
12	"(A) property leased or rented by the tax-
13	payer for use by any related person,
14	"(B) patents, inventions, models, designs,
15	formulas, or processes whether or not patented,
16	copyrights (other than films, tapes, records, or
17	similar reproductions, and other than computer
18	software (whether or not patented), for com-
19	mercial or home use), goodwill, trademarks,
20	trade brands, franchises, or other like property,
21	"(C) oil or gas (or any primary product
22	thereof),
23	"(D) products the transfer of which is pro-
24	hibited or curtailed to effectuate the policy set

1	forth in paragraph (2)(C) of section 3 of Public
2	Law 96–72, or
3	"(E) any unprocessed timber which is a
4	softwood.
5	For purposes of subparagraph (E), the term 'un-
6	processed timber' means any log, cant, or similar
7	form of timber.
8	"(4) Property in short supply.—If the
9	President determines that the supply of any prop-
10	erty described in paragraph (1) is insufficient to
11	meet the requirements of the domestic economy, the
12	President may by Executive order designate the
13	property as in short supply. Any property so des-
14	ignated shall not be treated as qualifying foreign
15	trade property during the period beginning with the
16	date specified in the Executive order and ending
17	with the date specified in an Executive order setting
18	forth the President's determination that the prop-
19	erty is no longer in short supply.
20	"(b) Other Definitions and Rules.—For pur-
21	poses of this subpart—
22	"(1) Transaction.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'transaction'
24	means—

1	"(i) any sale, exchange, or other dis-
2	position,
3	"(ii) any lease or rental, and
4	"(iii) any furnishing of services.
5	"(B) Grouping of transactions.—To
6	the extent provided in regulations, any provision
7	of this subpart which, but for this subpara-
8	graph, would be applied on a transaction-by-
9	transaction basis may be applied by the tax-
10	payer on the basis of groups of transactions
11	based on product lines or recognized industry or
12	trade usage. Such regulations may permit dif-
13	ferent groupings for different purposes.
14	"(2) United States Defined.—The term
15	'United States' includes the Commonwealth of Puer-
16	to Rico. The preceding sentence shall not apply for
17	purposes of determining whether a corporation is a
18	domestic corporation.
19	"(3) Related Person.—A person shall be re-
20	lated to another person if such persons are treated
21	as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of
22	section 52 or subsection (m) or (o) of section 414.
23	"(4) Gross and Taxable Income.—Section
24	114 shall not be taken into account in determining

- 1 the amount of gross income or foreign trade income
- 2 from any transaction.
- 3 "(c) Source Rule.—Under regulations, the foreign
- 4 trade income of a taxpayer from any transaction which
- 5 is treated as from sources without the United States shall
- 6 not exceed—
- 7 "(1) in the case of a taxpayer computing its
- 8 qualifying foreign trade income under section
- 9 941(a)(1)(B), the amount of the taxpayer's foreign
- trade income which would (but for this subsection)
- be treated as from sources without the United
- 12 States if the foreign trade income were reduced by
- an amount equal to 4 percent of the foreign trading
- gross receipts with respect to the transaction, and
- 15 "(2) in the case of a taxpayer computing its
- 16 qualifying foreign trade income under section
- 941(a)(1)(C), 50 percent of the amount of the tax-
- payer's foreign trade income which would (but for
- this subsection) be treated as from sources without
- the United States.
- 21 "(d) Treatment of Withholding Taxes.—
- 22 "(1) In General.—For purposes of section
- 23 114(d), any withholding tax (as defined in section
- 901(k)(1)(B)) shall not be treated as paid or ac-

1	crued with respect to extraterritorial income which is
2	excluded from gross income under section 114(a).
3	"(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
4	apply to any taxpayer with respect to extraterritoria
5	income from any transaction if the taxpayer com-
6	putes its qualifying foreign trade income with re-
7	spect to the transaction under section 941(a)(1)(A)
8	"(e) Election To Be Treated as Domestic Cor-
9	PORATION.—
10	"(1) In general.—An applicable foreign cor-
11	poration may elect to be treated as a domestic cor-
12	poration for all purposes of this title if such corpora-
13	tion waives all benefits to such corporation granted
14	by the United States under any treaty.
15	"(2) Applicable foreign corporation.—
16	For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'applicable
17	foreign corporation' means any foreign corporation
18	if, at the time of the election—
19	"(A) such corporation manufactures, pro-
20	duces, grows, or extracts property in the ordi-
21	nary course of such corporation's trade or busi-
22	ness, or
23	"(B) substantially all of the gross receipts
24	of such corporation may reasonably be expected
25	to be foreign trading gross receipts.

1	"(3) Period of election.—
2	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
3	subparagraph (B), an election under paragraph
4	(1) shall apply to the taxable year for which
5	made and all subsequent taxable years unless
6	revoked.
7	"(B) Termination.—If a corporation
8	which made an election under paragraph (1) for
9	any taxable year fails to meet the requirements
10	of subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2)
11	for any subsequent taxable year, such election
12	shall not apply to any taxable year beginning
13	after such subsequent taxable year.
14	"(4) Special rules.—
15	"(A) REQUIREMENTS.—This subsection
16	shall not apply to an applicable foreign corpora-
17	tion unless such corporation meets such re-
18	quirements as the Secretary shall prescribe to
19	ensure that the taxes imposed by this chapter
20	on such corporation are paid.
21	"(B) Effect of election or termi-
22	NATION.—
23	"(i) Election.—For purposes of sec-
24	tion 367, a foreign corporation making an
25	election under this subsection shall be

1	treated as transferring (as of the first day
2	of the first taxable year to which the elec-
3	tion applies) all of its assets to a domestic
4	corporation in connection with an exchange
5	to which section 354 applies.
6	"(ii) Termination.—For purposes of
7	section 367, if—
8	"(I) an election is made by a cor-
9	poration under paragraph (1) for any
10	taxable year, and
11	"(II) such election ceases to
12	apply for any subsequent taxable year,
13	such corporation shall be treated as a domestic
14	corporation transferring (as of the 1st day of
15	such subsequent taxable year) all of its property
16	to a foreign corporation in connection with an
17	exchange to which section 354 applies.
18	"(C) ELIGIBILITY FOR ELECTION.—The
19	Secretary may by regulation designate one or
20	more classes of corporations which may not
21	make the election under this subsection.
22	"(f) Rules Relating to Allocations of Quali-
23	FYING FOREIGN TRADE INCOME FROM SHARED PART-
24	NERSHIPS.—If—

1	"(1) a partnership maintains a separate ac-
2	count for transactions (to which this subpart ap-
3	plies) with each partner,
4	"(2) distributions to each partner with respect
5	to such transactions are based on the amounts in
6	the separate account maintained with respect to
7	such partner, and
8	"(3) such partnership meets such other require-
9	ments as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe,
10	then such partnership shall allocate to each partner items
11	of income, gain, loss, and deduction (including qualifying
12	foreign trade income) from any transaction to which this
13	subpart applies on the basis of such separate account."
14	SEC. 4. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
15	(1) The second sentence of section
16	56(g)(4)(B)(i) is amended by inserting before the
17	period "or under section 114".
18	(2) Section 275(a) is amended—
19	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
20	graph (4)(A), by striking the period at the end
21	of paragraph (4)(B) and inserting ", or", and
22	by adding at the end of paragraph (4) the fol-
23	lowing new subparagraph:

1	"(C) such taxes are paid or accrued with
2	respect to qualifying foreign trade income (as
3	defined in section 941).", and
4	(B) by adding at the end the following the
5	following new sentence: "A rule similar to the
6	rule of section 943(d) shall apply for purposes
7	of paragraph (4)(C)."
8	(3) Paragraph (3) of section 864(e) is
9	amended—
10	(A) by striking "For purposes of" and in-
11	serting:
12	"(A) In general.—For purposes of", and
13	(B) by adding at the end the following new
14	subparagraph:
15	"(B) Assets producing exempt
16	EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.—For purposes of
17	allocating and apportioning any interest ex-
18	pense, there shall not be taken into account any
19	qualifying foreign trade property (as defined in
20	section 943(a)) which is located outside the
21	United States (as defined in section 943(b)(2))
22	and which is held by the taxpayer for lease or
23	rental in the ordinary course of trade or busi-
24	ness for use by the lessee outside the United
25	States (as so defined)."

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1	(4) Section 999(c)(1) is amended by inserting
2	"941(a)(5)," after "908(a),".
3	(5) The table of sections for part III of sub-
4	chapter B of chapter 1 is amended by inserting be-
5	fore the item relating to section 115 the following
6	new item:
	"Sec. 114. Extraterritorial income."
7	(6) The table of subparts for part III of sub-
8	chapter N of chapter 1 is amended by striking the
9	item relating to subpart E and inserting the fol-
10	lowing new item:
	"Subpart E. Qualifying foreign trade income."
11	SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	(a) In General.—The amendments made by this
13	Act shall apply to transactions after September 30, 2000
14	(b) No New FSCs.—No corporation may elect after
15	Contambon 20, 2000 to be a TCC (an defined in mostion
	September 30, 2000, to be a FSC (as defined in section
	922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect
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16	922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect
16 17	922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect before the amendments made by this Act).
16 17 18	922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect before the amendments made by this Act).  (c) Transition Period for Existing Foreign
16 17 18 19	922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect before the amendments made by this Act).  (c) Transition Period for Existing Foreign Sales Corporations.—Except as provided in subsection

volving a FSC (as so defined) in existence on Sep-

- tember 30, 2000, and at all times thereafter, the amendments made by this Act shall not apply to—
- 3 (A) transactions by the FSC before Janu-4 ary 1, 2002, and
  - (B) transactions by the FSC after December 31, 2001, pursuant to a binding contract (by the FSC) in effect on September 30, 2000, and at all times thereafter.
- 9 (2) Election to have amendments apply 10 EARLIER.—A taxpayer may elect to have the amend-11 ments made by this Act apply to any transaction by 12 a FSC to which such amendments would apply but 13 for the application of paragraph (1). Such election 14 shall be effective for the taxable year for which made 15 and all subsequent taxable years, and, once made, 16 may be revoked only with the consent of the Sec-17 retary of the Treasury.
- 18 (d) Consistent Treatment Required.—If, but 19 for this subsection, the amendments made by this Act 20 would apply to some but not all of the transactions in the 21 ordinary course of trade or business by related parties in-22 volving the same property, such parties shall elect, at such 23 time and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury

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- 1 shall prescribe, whether to have such amendments apply
- 2 to all or none of such transactions.

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