## Guidance for Revision of the FY2016-2017 Block Grant Application for the new 10 percent set-aside February 8, 2016

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) is directed by Congress through its FY 2016 Omnibus bill, Public Law 114-113, to set aside 10 percent of the Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG) allocation for each state to support evidence-based programs that provide treatment for those with early serious mental illness (SMI) and a first episode psychosis (FEP) – an increase from the previous 5% set aside. This additional 5 percent increase to the set-aside is over the FY 2015 level. The appropriation bill specifically requires the 10 percent set-aside to fund only those evidence-based programs that target FEP<sup>i</sup>. The law specifically stated:

"....the funds from set-aside are only used for programs showing strong evidence of effectiveness and targets the first episode psychosis. SAMHSA shall not expand the use of the set-aside to programs outside of those that address first episode psychosis".

Previous appropriation language (P.L. 113-76 and P.L. 113-235) allowed the use of set aside funds for individuals with early SMI, including those without psychosis. However, the new language specifically requires states to focus their efforts only on FEP.

States that are currently utilizing FY 2016 set-aside funds for early SMI other than psychosis must now refocus their efforts to service only those with FEP. SAMHSA will allow states that already signed a contract or allocated money to their providers using the FY 2016 funds to complete these initiatives through the end of their contract or by the end of September 30, 2016, whichever comes first. States may continue to support these efforts using the general MHBG funds; however, the set-aside allocation must be used for efforts that address FEP. Nothing precludes states from utilizing its non-set-aside MHBG funds for services for individuals with early SMI.

If states have other investments for people at high risk of SMI, they are encouraged to coordinate those programs with early intervention programs supported by the MHBG. This coordination will help ensure high risk individuals are swiftly identified and engaged in evidence-based services should they develop into diagnosable SMI. Please note that the MHBG funds cannot be used for primary prevention or preventive intervention for those at high risk of SMI.

States can implement models which have demonstrated efficacy, including the range of services and principles identified by National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) via its Recovery After an Initial Schizophrenia Episode (RAISE) initiative. Utilizing these principles, regardless of the amount of investment, and by leveraging funds through inclusion of services reimbursed by Medicaid or private insurance, every state should be able to begin to move their system toward earlier intervention, or enhance the early intervention services already being implemented.

SAMHSA and NIMH in conjunction with National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors (NASMHPD) will continue to ensure that technical assistance and technical resources are available to states as they develop and implement their plan.

SAMHSA proposes to implement this 10 percent set-aside through a "request for revision of the 2016-17 MHBG plan." States will be required to revise their two-year plan to propose how they will utilize the 10 percent set-aside funding to support appropriate evidence-based programs for individuals with FEP. Upon submission, SAMHSA will review the revised proposals and consult with NIMH to make sure they are complete and responsive. If a state chooses to submit a plan to utilize the set-aside for evidence-based services other than the services/principles components of Coordinated Specialty Care (CSC) approach developed via the RAISE initiative, SAMHSA will review the plan with the state to assure that the approach proposed meets the understanding of an evidence-based approach. With consultation with NIMH as needed, the proposals will be either accepted, or requests for modifications to the plan will be discussed and negotiated with the State. SAMHSA will notify each State once the revised proposals are approved.

This initiative also includes a plan for program evaluation and data collection related to demonstrating program effectiveness. SAMHSA is also required within six months of the appropriations statute enactment to provide a detailed table showing at a minimum each State's allotment, name of the program being implemented, and a short term description of the program. Additional technical assistance and guidance on the expectations for evaluation, data collection and reporting will follow.

States must submit their plan revision request proposal into the FY 2016-2017 Block Grant Application under the following section:

Section III. Behavioral Health Assessment and Plan, C. Environmental Factors and Plan, #5. Evidence-Based Practices for First Episode Psychosis. The state must revise the following for the 10 percent set-aside for first episode psychosis:

- 1. An updated description of the states chosen evidence-based practice for the 10 percent set-aside initiative.
- 2. The planned activities for 2016 and 2017, including priorities, goals, objectives, implementation strategies, performance indicators, and baseline measures.
- 3. A budget showing how the set-aside and additional state or other supported funds, if any, will be utilized for this purpose.
- 4. The states provision for collecting and reporting data, demonstrating the impact of this initiative.
- 5. Any foreseen challenges.

States should also complete activity number 3. Evidence-Based Practices for First Episode Psychosis (10% of total award) in Table 2 State Agency Planned Expenditures under Section B: MH BG Activities

 $\frac{http://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/schizophrenia/raise/index.shtml}{http://www.nimh.nih.gov/news/science-news/2015/team-based-treatment-is-better-for-first-episode-psychosis.shtml} \\\frac{http://www.nasmhpd.org/sites/default/files/Rural-Fact%20Sheet-\_1.pdf}{http://www.nasmhpd.org/sites/default/files/Building-Fact%20Sheet-\_1.pdf}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> The following resources are few examples of FEP Evidence Based Programs and information that States may find pertinent to service design, implementation and monitoring: