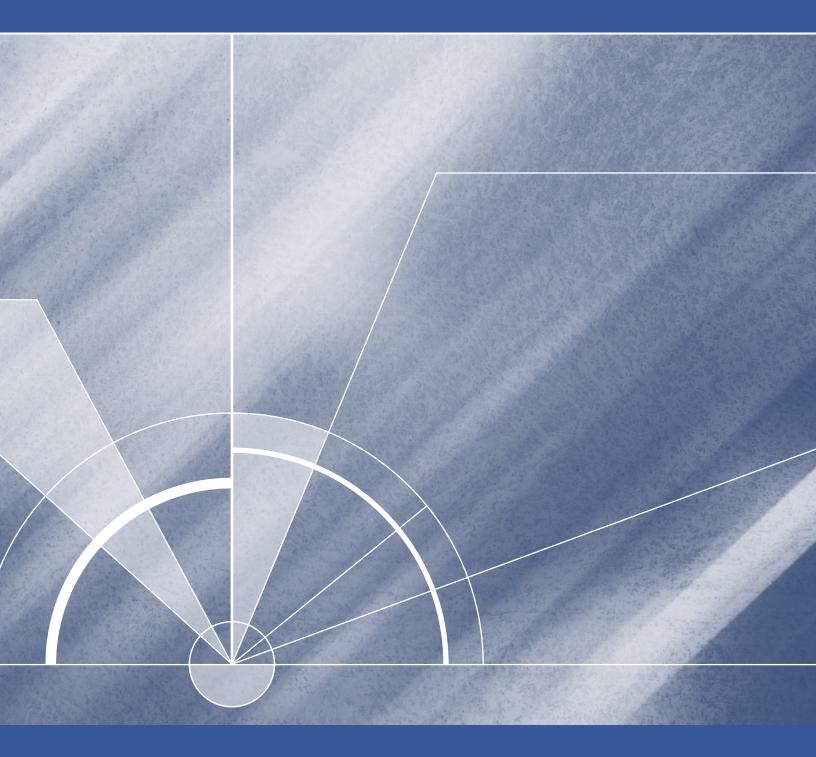
2017

((•)) Federal Employee Vlewpoint Survey

Empowering Employees. Inspiring Change.

Agency Management Report Federal Trade Commission



United States Office of Personnel Management

OPM.GOV/FEVS

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About This Report

The 2017 Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (FEVS) Agency Management Report (AMR) was designed to provide an overview of survey results, enabling agencies to identify issues and take action for improvement. The AMR can be helpful in providing a starting point for analysis of your agency's FEVS results, acting as an agency overview before drilling down into specific components of the agency for a more in-depth analysis. This report also highlights important agency successes, which should be acknowledged. We encourage you to share both successes and areas for improvement with employees.

When reviewing results, keep the guidelines below in mind. These guidelines were created to organize survey results in a way that is easier to digest and interpret.

Understanding Your Results

Percent Positive

The sum of two positive categories (e.g., Strongly Agree/Agree)

Percent Negative

The sum of two negative categories (e.g., Strongly Disagree/Disagree)

Percent Neutral

The neutral category (e.g., Neither Agree nor Disagree)

Identifying Strengths, Challenges and Neutral Findings

65 percent positive or higher is considered a strength

- 35 percent negative or higher is considered a challenge
- **30 percent neutral or higher** suggests uncertainty, presenting an opportunity for communication between managers and staff

Identifying Increases and Decreases

Movement up or down since the previous year is another important piece of information to consider when examining your results. Any increase or decrease in results can be important; however larger increases or decreases (generally 3 or more percentage points) may be a result of significant changes taking place within your agency and should be explored. Increases indicate positive change that should continue to be reinforced. Decreases, especially in areas considered mission critical, may call for appropriate action to initiate and support beneficial workplace improvements.



This section provides guidelines for taking action based on your FEVS results — focusing on steps you can take to form an action planning team, identify challenges, develop an action plan, and measure progress toward meeting goals. In addition, descriptions of helpful resources and tools are outlined. A broad overview of the process of moving from results to action is displayed in the diagram below, with the specific steps and guidelines outlined in the following pages.



Getting Started

Agencies receive many FEVS reports each year, so it can be confusing to know where to start. One suggested starting point is to adopt a strategy based on an action planning framework. This involves looking for improvements you have made in previous years while also examining areas of decline. To help you get started, several steps are outlined below, including references to sections of the AMR and other resources that you may find useful to help you focus on the most critical issues.

Step 1: Identify and Establish a FEVS Action Team

This is a crucial step, as the team you establish can make or break your efforts to improve areas of concern and keep strengths strong. Teams can be composed of leadership, employees, or a combination. It is important that each member of your team is actively engaged in the process and supports its goals. Identifying your team is not just limited to personnel selection. It also includes identifying and pulling together your available resources while being aware of staff interests, capabilities, and agency budget and resources.

Step 2: Use Your AMR and Other Resources to Identify Areas for Improvement

Your agency has many available resources that present your FEVS results. The sections of the AMR as well as additional resources described below will help narrow your focus on the tools and results that may be most helpful to take action.

Sections of the AMR

Respondent Overview

The Respondent Overview provides a snapshot of the characteristics of your employees who responded to the survey. Understanding who responded in your agency has a number of benefits. For example, this section allows you to better understand the ratio of seasoned employees who may be preparing for retirement to newer employees. This information can help inform and guide your recruiting and retention efforts. It is important to keep in mind that this is a survey respondent overview, and these percentages may not match up exactly to your agency's total population characteristics.

Employee Engagement Index and New IQ Index

The Employee Engagement Index (EEI) and New IQ Index provide agencies with consistent metrics for measuring progress toward objectives. Benchmarks are included to provide insight into how your agency compares to others, and to encourage information sharing between agencies. For example, some of the top ranking agencies in the Engagement Index may have suggestions on things that have and have not worked to engage their employees. Trends for both indices are also displayed, going as far back as 2014 when available.

Employee Engagement Key Drivers

These groupings of FEVS items have been shown to influence the engagement potential of workplaces. While the EEI provides perspective on the conditions important to supporting engagement, the drivers can help you to more effectively target resources and actions needed to influence conditions and improve the engagement potential of your agency.

Decision Aid

The Decision Aid is useful in helping you easily identify the most critical issues in your agency as well as recognize where your agency has improved since 2016. The Decision Aid is divided into three sections to help you focus your attention on improvements and declines in your results since last year:

Increases contains items that increased since 2016

Decreases contains items that decreased since 2016

No Change contains items that did not change since 2016

Appendices

The appendices give you an opportunity to more thoroughly understand your workforce by displaying item-level results. Appendix A shows how well your agency scored relative to others in the government. Scanning the graphs can indicate how your agency is generally performing as well as help you identify particularly strong or weak areas. Appendix B shows the breakdown of the Work/Life Program and demographic results. Appendix C is a list of agencies arranged by employee population size.

Note: The Decision Aid only includes items 1-71. See Appendix B for a breakdown of the Work/Life results for your agency.



Additional FEVS Resources

Other Reports

Governmentwide Management Report

This report provides an overview of the governmentwide results. The report includes item results, index scores, trends, and information on who responded to the survey.

All Items/Indices All Levels Report

The purpose of this report is to provide a comprehensive summary of all FEVS items and index scores for all subagencies with at least 10 respondents in a Microsoft[®] Excel[®] spreadsheet.

Subagency Comparison Report

This report provides the results of all the offices that report to the same "parent" office. This report is only created when there are two or more sub-offices that both have at least ten responses. Note: Subagency reports are only available for agencies that included organizational breakouts in 2017.

Subagency Breakout Report

This report displays survey results for a single office so long as it has at least ten responses. Note: Subagency reports are only available for agencies that included organizational breakouts in 2017.

Occupational Series Reports

This report allows for the comparison of occupational series and families at the agency level.

Demographic Comparison Reports

This report allows for the comparison of demographic subgroups at the agency level.

Annual Employee Survey (AES) Report

This report is a Microsoft[®] Excel[®] spreadsheet with a breakdown of agency and first level results. It also includes trends from previous FEVS administrations.

Websites

FEVS website

Agencies and the general public can access governmentwide data reports, as well as special topic reports produced from the FEVS. This website includes results from the 2004 administration of the survey to the present. Access the FEVS website at www.opm.gov/FEVS.

Public Release Data File (PRDF)

A public use data set is available for the FEVS and can be requested by completing the form available at: www.fedview.opm.gov/2017/EVSDATA. Note: The 2017 PRDF will be available in the winter.

FedScope

OPM's FedScope is an online publicly available tool which allows users to access and analyze HR data from OPM's Enterprise Human Resources Integration (EHRI). Access this site using the following link: www.fedscope.opm.gov.

UnlockTalent

A tool for both the general public and agencies to view comprehensive data visualizations with broad displays of FEVS data and personnel data from the Enterprise Human Resource Integration (EHRI). These displays allow agencies to identify subcomponents for action to improve engagement, as well as resources agencies can apply to their action planning. This site can be accessed at www.unlocktalent.gov. Questions and feedback for the dashboard can be sent to unlocktalent@opm.gov.



FEVS Online Data Analysis Tool

A password protected tool for agency points of contact to access agency-specific and governmentwide reports. In addition, agency users can develop customized reports that may be useful for data analysis and action planning. Questions and feedback for this online tool can be sent to EVS@opm.gov.

Step 3: Develop Your Goals for Improvement

To develop your goals for improvement, you should consider issues that are most critical to your agency and how these issues relate to your strategic goals. It is also important to focus on issues that will provide both short-term, visible, measurable results, and those that will require long-term perspective. Keep in mind that you are more likely to show and achieve improvements if you follow SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, Time Specific) guidelines when establishing your goals. To be achievable goals must be:

Specific

Goals need to be concrete and detailed enough to know when you meet with success.

- What exactly do you intend to do? Use action words such as lead, coordinate, direct, develop, plan, and build.
- How are you going to do it? Describe which actions need to be taken by which employees and when.

Measurable

What evidence will you have to show that you have met your goal? Put a concrete figure or value to the objective (e.g., percentage increase in positive scores).

Attainable

Goals should not be too easy or too difficult. Those that require a slight stretch to meet can create excitement, motivation, and the kind of commitment it takes to reach them.

Realistic

Make goals challenging, but identify your resources and any limitations on those so you can actually achieve your objectives.

Time Specific

Set a deadline to keep plans on track and meet the needs of decision-makers. Large goals should be established as a series of milestones to keep motivation high and the overall goal on schedule.

Step 4: Develop Your Plan for Action

Once your team has identified its goals, you should develop a list of actions that must be taken to reach these goals. You might also consider soliciting employee input on your plan. Assign staff responsibilities for each action and keep in mind timeframes. Tasks should include start dates, end dates, milestones, and descriptions of how you plan to measure and provide evidence for goal success. Make sure you get approval for the actions you must take to achieve your agency goals. Remember that leadership buy-in, involvement, and communication is critical to your success.

Step 5: Communicate the Implementation of Your Plan

There are many ways to publicize and communicate your intentions to employees, such as all-hands meetings, announcements, intranet/web updates, and social media, to name a few. After your plan is communicated and you have leadership support, you are ready to launch the plan. Communicating early and often ensures staff and leadership are well-informed.

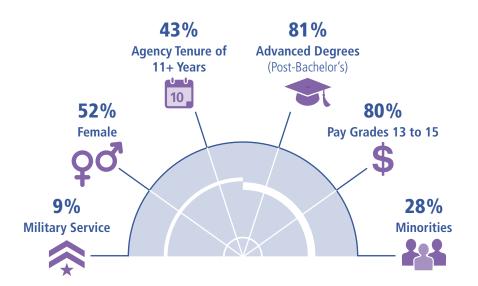
Step 6: Monitor and Communicate Your Progress

In addition to measuring your progress along the way and evaluating the success of your plan, it is important that you communicate progress toward goals and final outcomes. *Communicating during the entire process provides transparency which can add to staff engagement.*



The Unique Characteristics of Federal Trade Commission Respondents

The figures below provide a snapshot of your survey participants. Except for military service and race, the most frequently selected response choice for each demographic item is highlighted in the first figure. The second figure displays the total breakdown of FEVS respondents by generation. Please be aware that these results are based on survey respondents, which may differ from the characteristics of the total employee population of your agency.



FTC Response Rate

50% (612 empl

(612 out of 1,025 employees responded)

Field Period: May 3, 2017 – June 14, 2017 Overall 2016 Response Rate: **61%**

Component Response Rates

- 91% OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR - ALL
- 77% ADMIN SERVICES OFFICE ALL
- 75% HUMAN CAPITAL MGMT OFFICE ALL
- 74% OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL ALL
- 74% REGIONS ALL
- 69% OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS
- 63% BUREAU OF CONSUMER PROTECTION - ALL
- 61% FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE - ALL
- 53% OFFC OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER - ALL
- 50% BUREAU OF COMPETITION ALL
- 47% BUREAU OF ECONOMICS ALL
- 38% COMMISSIONERS OFFICES

Agency results have a margin of error of +/- 2%

Gener	ations	
<1%	Traditionalists	(born 1945 or earlier)
30%	Baby Boomers	(born 1946–1964)
50%	Generation X	(born 1965–1980)
19%	Generation Y	(born 1981 or later)
	<1% 30% 50%	50% Generation X

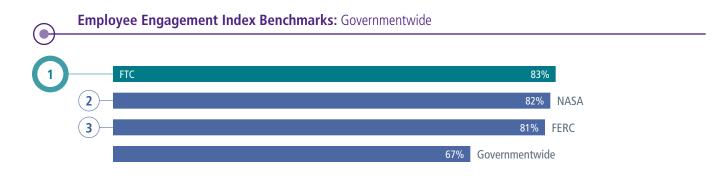
Note: The sum of percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

Note: For the full list of demographic item results, please see Appendix B.

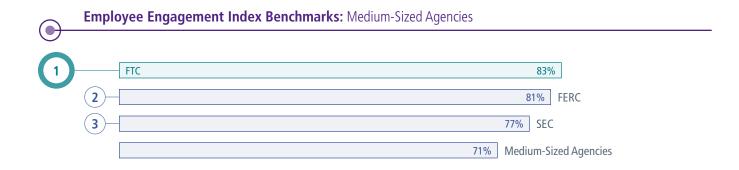
Employee Engagement Index

Because the FEVS is an assessment of organizational climate, the Employee Engagement Index (EEI) does not directly evaluate an employee's level of engagement. Therefore, instead of measuring aspects of engagement such as focused attention and dedication to completing assignments, this index concentrates on factors that lead to an engaged workforce (e.g., supporting employee development, communicating agency goals).

Below, you can see where your agency's EEI score ranks (out of 37 departments/large agencies, where Army, Army Corps of Engineers, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and DOD 4th Estate are rolled into Department of Defense) and how it compares to the governmentwide average. The names of agencies with the highest EEI scores are listed to facilitate the sharing of information, such as best practices. The U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM) has also created the UnlockTalent website (www.unlocktalent.gov) to share resources and help with interagency communication.



In addition to looking at your agency's EEI results from a governmentwide perspective, the figure below allows you to compare your EEI results to those from similar sized agencies. Appendix C contains a listing of agencies by size category for your reference.



Employee Engagement Index Component Scores and Trends

	EEI T	r ends		20	2017 EEI Subfactors			
2014	2015	2016	2017	Leaders Lead	Supervisors	Intrinsic Work Experience		
63	64	65	67	55	74	71		
76	78	82	83	76	87	84		
		97	97	93	99	99		
82	89	87	92	86	96	94		
		86	88	87	87	90		
90	84	88	88	87	91	85		
			86	82	87	88		
79	78	81	83	73	90	86		
75	79	85	82	76	87	84		
79	72	81	81	77	85	81		
			75	64	81	78		
	_		74	72	79	70		
	_	_	67	61	73	67		
_	_	_	48	39	55	51		
	63 76 — 82 — 90 — 79 75	2014 2015 63 64 76 78 76 78 82 89 90 84 90 84 79 78 75 79	63 64 65 76 78 82 97 82 89 87 86 90 84 88 79 78 81 75 79 85	20142015201620176364656776788283767897978289879282898792707486889084888890848883797881837978818375798582797281817972817579728181797281817972818179728181797281677072747470777474	2014201520162017Leaders Lead6364656755767882837676788283767079793938289879286708488888790848888877978818373757985827679728181777172747272747261	2014 2015 2016 2017 Leaders Leaders Lead Supervisors 63 64 65 67 55 74 76 78 82 83 76 87 97 97 93 99 82 89 87 92 86 96 86 88 87 87 90 84 88 88 87 91 86 88 87 91 86 88 87 91 86 82 87 91 86 82 87 91 86 82 87 91 75 79 85 82 76 87 79 72 81 81 77 85 75 64 81 76 73 79		



What is a Key Driver of the Employee Engagement Index?

The Employee Engagement Index (EEI) measures conditions that support employee engagement. "What actions can agency leadership take to influence those conditions and improve the engagement potential of workplaces?" is a question often asked. To help answer that question, OPM identified items on the FEVS that are key drivers of the EEI. Key drivers are groupings of FEVS items that influence the engagement potential of workplaces.

How Can Drivers Help Identify Effective Action?

Using the key drivers of the EEI and its subfactors, agencies can more effectively target resources to improve conditions that support engagement. Through a thorough review, OPM's Survey Analysis team found that a number of FEVS items align with topics shown to be important to both employee engagement and to overall effective management practices. Final item selection for EEI drivers was guided by three principles: 1) they align with prior research, 2) they are strongly related to the EEI and/or its subfactors, and 3) they are actionable because they indicate practices and behaviors that can influence an agency's engagement potential.

OPM examined the impact of nine different factors on the EEI. These nine factors were: 1) Collaborative/ Cooperative Management; 2) Training and Development; 3) Job Resources; 4) Merit System Principles; 5) Performance Feedback; 6) Performance Rating; 7) Performance Recognition and Reward; 8) Supportive Coworkers; and 9) Work/Life Balance. The figure on the following page identifies and ranks the key drivers in order of impact for your agency's overall EEI and subfactors. A '1' indicates the key driver with the greatest impact on the index or subfactor.

For an example of how to use EEI drivers, consider the driver labeled Performance Feedback. It is comprised of three FEVS items:

- Discussions with my supervisor about my performance are worthwhile. (Q.44)
- My supervisor provides me with constructive suggestions to improve my job performance. (Q.46)
- In the last six months, my supervisor has talked with me about my performance. (Q.50)

Assume that a review of your agency's FEVS results shows low scores on one or more of the items under Performance Feedback. To improve the engagement potential of your workplace, actions could be taken to address priorities indicated by the wording of the items, such as ensuring feedback that provides worthwhile or constructive suggestions to improve performance, as well as timely feedback.

Note: OPM conducted regression analyses of 2014, 2015, 2016, and most recently 2017 FEVS data to identify the key drivers. Factors with statistically significant standardized regression coefficients of 0.10 or above were identified as a "key driver." A detailed discussion of the methodology used to conduct all of the key driver analyses can be found at www.opm.gov/FEVS.



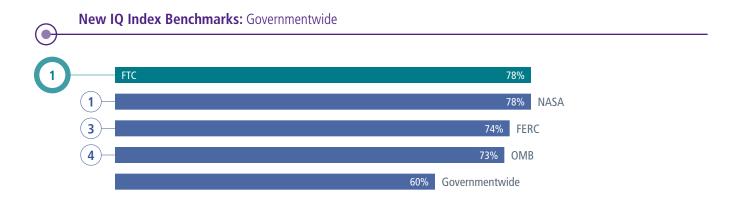
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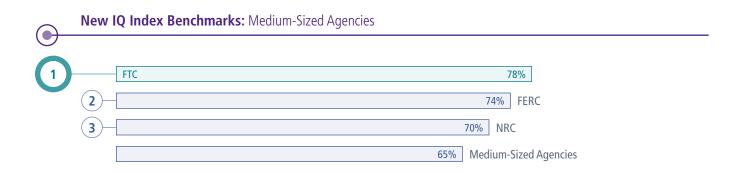
	Employee Engagement Index	Leaders Lead	Supervisors	Intrinsic Work Experience
Performance Feedback Provide meaningful, worthwhile, and constructive performance conversations. (Q.44, 46, and 50)	1		1	4
Collaborative/Cooperative Management Promote and support collaborative communication and teamwork in accomplishing goals and objectives. (Q.58 and 59)	2	1		
Merit System Principles Support fairness and protect employees from arbitrary actions, favoritism, political coercion, and reprisal. (Q.17, 37, and 38)	5	2		
Training and Development Target opportunities for employees to improve skills and enhance professional development, including training needs assessments. (Q.1 and 18)	4			1
Work/Life Balance Support employee needs to balance work and life responsibilities. (Q.42)			2	
Performance Recognition and Reward Support and effective recognition and reward system in which supervisors/managers/leaders recognize outstanding actions. (Q.22, 23, 24, and 25)				
Performance Rating Ensure employees are held accountable and performance is evaluated and rated. (Q.15, 16, and 19)	5			3
Job Resources Allow sufficient materials, knowledge, personnel, skills, information and work distribution to complete the job. (Q.2, 9, and 10)	3	3		
Supportive Co-workers Refers to supportive coworker relationships that involve cooperation and information sharing to perform job. (Q.20 and 26)				4

New IQ Index

The New IQ stands for the New Inclusion Quotient. The New IQ is based on the concept that individual behaviors repeated over time will create habits necessary for inclusiveness. It consists of 20 questions that relate to inclusive work environments. These 20 questions are grouped into five Habits of Inclusion: Fair, Open, Cooperative, Supportive, and Empowering. The New IQ Index score for your agency, the highest scoring agencies, and the governmentwide average are displayed below, along with your agency ranking (out of 37 departments/large agencies, where Army, Army Corps of Engineers, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and DOD 4th Estate are rolled into Department of Defense).



In addition to looking at your agency's New IQ Index results from a governmentwide perspective, the figure below allows you to compare your New IQ Index results to those from similar sized agencies. Appendix C contains a listing of agencies by size category for your reference.



New IQ Index Component Scores and Trends

	New IQ Index Trends					2017	7 New IQ In	Index Subfactors		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	Fair	Open	Cooperative	Supportive	Empowering	
Governmentwide	56	57	58	60	47	59	57	77	59	
Federal Trade Commission	68	70	75	78	66	76	79	89	78	
COMMISSIONERS OFFICES	_		88	94	82	93	100	95	98	
BUREAU OF ECONOMICS - ALL	72	79	81	87	73	87	84	97	93	
OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS	—	—	80	83	69	84	83	94	87	
OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR - ALL	—			82	75	90	75	88	80	
OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL - ALL	87	77	84	82	81	82	76	91	77	
BUREAU OF CONSUMER PROTECTION - ALL	71	71	75	79	66	79	84	90	78	
BUREAU OF COMPETITION - ALL	66	67	78	78	68	74	78	89	80	
REGIONS - ALL	69	66	72	76	64	73	77	90	74	
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE - ALL	_	_		74	68	70	78	86	66	
HUMAN CAPITAL MGMT OFFICE - ALL		_		71	63	66	70	85	69	
OFFC OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER - ALL				55	38	52	54	77	52	
ADMIN SERVICES OFFICE - ALL	_	_		48	34	43	54	62	46	



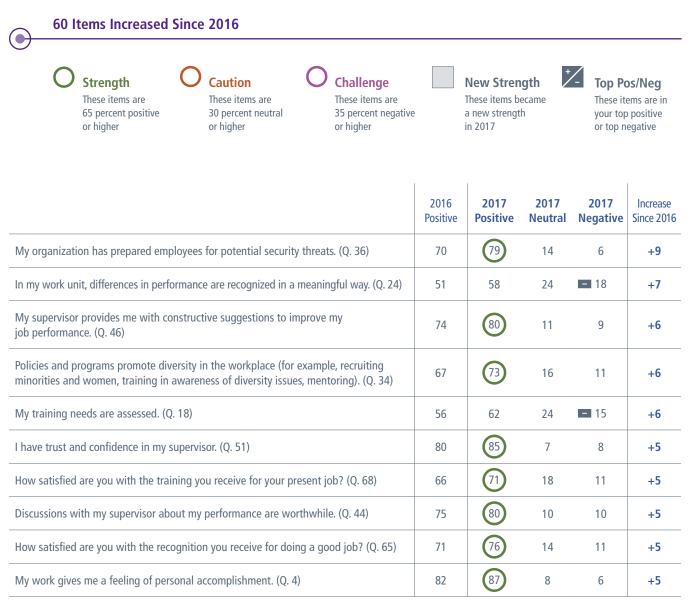
Decision Aid: Increases

Identifying Increases Since 2016

The items in this section are sorted by greatest to smallest increase in percent positive results. The items are sorted to allow you to quickly and easily identify where your agency has made the greatest improvements since last year.

Using the Legend Icons

The legend icons provide context for interpreting these results. While these items have improved, some may still be considered challenges (35% or more negative) or others may have reached the 65% or more positive mark and become new strengths this year. The "Top Pos/Neg" icons highlight where an item is either in the top 10 positive items or top 10 negative items for your agency.



Note: The Decision Aid only includes items 1-71. See Appendix B for a breakdown of the Work/Life results for your agency.



Decision Aid: Increases (continued)

	2016 Positive	2017 Positive	2017 Neutral	2017 Negative	Increase Since 2016
Managers review and evaluate the organization's progress toward meeting its goals and objectives. (Q. 57)	79	84	10	7	+5
Managers communicate the goals and priorities of the organization. (Q. 56)	78	83	10	7	+5
I know what is expected of me on the job. (Q. 6)	84	89	6	6	+5
I have enough information to do my job well. (Q. 2)	84	88	6	6	+4
Overall, how good a job do you feel is being done by your immediate supervisor? (Q. 52)	82	86	10	4	+4
My supervisor supports my need to balance work and other life issues. (Q. 42)	87	±91	6	3	+4
Physical conditions (for example, noise level, temperature, lighting, cleanliness in the workplace) allow employees to perform their jobs well. (Q. 14)	72	76	12	12	+4
I can disclose a suspected violation of any law, rule or regulation without fear of reprisal. (Q. 17)	77	81	13	6	+4
I like the kind of work I do. (Q. 5)	87	91	6	3	+4
Managers promote communication among different work units (for example, about projects, goals, needed resources). (Q. 58)	76	80	11	9	+4
I am given a real opportunity to improve my skills in my organization. (Q. 1)	80	84	9	8	+4
In the last six months, my supervisor has talked with me about my performance. (Q. 50)	90	+94	3	3	+4
Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your pay? (Q. 70)	50	54	19	- 27	+4
My supervisor provides me with opportunities to demonstrate my leadership skills. (Q. 43)	78	82	9	9	+4
Awards in my work unit depend on how well employees perform their jobs. (Q. 25)	62	66	19	- 15	+4
The work I do is important. (Q. 13)	90	+ 93	5	2	+3
In my work unit, steps are taken to deal with a poor performer who cannot or will not improve. (Q. 23)	41	44	30	- 26	+3
My supervisor treats me with respect. (Q. 49)	89	+ 92	4	4	+3
My supervisor listens to what I have to say. (Q. 48)	86	89	5	5	+3
Supervisors in my work unit support employee development. (Q. 47)	81	84	9	6	+3
My performance appraisal is a fair reflection of my performance. (Q. 15)	84	87	8	5	+3



Decision Aid: Increases (continued)

	2016 Positive	2017 Positive	2017 Neutral	2017 Negative	Increase Since 2016
I am held accountable for achieving results. (Q. 16)	88	+ 91	7	2	+3
Employees are protected from health and safety hazards on the job. (Q. 35)	88	91	8	2	+3
My supervisor is committed to a workforce representative of all segments of society. (Q. 45)	79	82	13	6	+3
The workforce has the job-relevant knowledge and skills necessary to accomplish organizational goals. (Q. 29)	87	90	7	3	+3
My workload is reasonable. (Q. 10)	76	79	12	9	+3
Pay raises depend on how well employees perform their jobs. (Q. 33)	50	52	26	- 22	+2
Arbitrary action, personal favoritism and coercion for partisan political purposes are not tolerated. (Q. 37)	76	78	13	10	+2
I recommend my organization as a good place to work. (Q. 40)	83	85	10	5	+2
My talents are used well in the workplace. (Q. 11)	75	77	10	13	+2
How satisfied are you with the information you receive from management on what's going on in your organization? (Q. 64)	76	78	12	10	+2
My agency is successful at accomplishing its mission. (Q. 39)	92	+ 94	5	1	+2
Employees in my work unit share job knowledge with each other. (Q. 26)	88	90	6	5	+2
The skill level in my work unit has improved in the past year. (Q. 27)	67	69	23	9	+2
Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your job? (Q. 69)	80	82	10	8	+2
In my most recent performance appraisal, I understood what I had to do to be rated at different performance levels (for example, Fully Successful, Outstanding). (Q. 19)	83	85	8	8	+2
Prohibited Personnel Practices are not tolerated. (Q. 38)	86	87	9	4	+1
Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your organization? (Q. 71)	81	82	10	8	+1
How would you rate the overall quality of work done by your work unit? (Q. 28)	93	+ 94	5	0	+1
I feel encouraged to come up with new and better ways of doing things. (Q. 3)	75	76	12	11	+1
How satisfied are you with your involvement in decisions that affect your work? (Q. 63)	75	76	13	12	+1
The people I work with cooperate to get the job done. (Q. 20)	88	89	7	4	+1



Decision Aid: Increases (continued)

	2016 Positive	2017 Positive	2017 Neutral	2017 Negative	Increase Since 2016
Overall, how good a job do you feel is being done by the manager directly above your immediate supervisor? (Q. 60)	83	84	11	5	+1
Supervisors work well with employees of different backgrounds. (Q. 55)	82	83	11	6	+1
I have sufficient resources (for example, people, materials, budget) to get my job done. (Q. 9)	56	57	19	- 24	+1
Senior leaders demonstrate support for Work/Life programs. (Q. 62)	80	81	14	5	+1
Managers support collaboration across work units to accomplish work objectives. (Q. 59)	77	78	14	8	+1
I know how my work relates to the agency's goals and priorities. (Q. 12)	92	+93	5	2	+1
I am constantly looking for ways to do my job better. (Q. 8)	91	+ 92	7	1	+1
When needed I am willing to put in the extra effort to get a job done. (Q. 7)	98	+ 99	1	0	+1



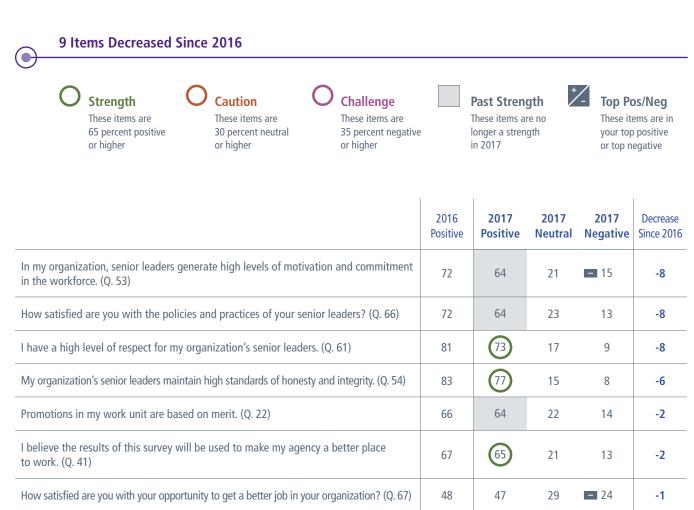
Decision Aid: Decreases

Identifying Decreases Since 2016

The items in this section are sorted by greatest to smallest decrease in percent positive results. The items are sorted to allow you to quickly and easily identify where results have dropped since last year.

Using the Legend Icons

The legend icons provide context for interpreting these results. When identifying the most critical decreases to focus on, it is important to check if these decreases are also identified as challenges (35% or more negative) or if they were previously identified as strengths that have fallen below the 65% or more positive threshold. The "Top Pos/Neg" icons highlight where an item is either in the top 10 positive items or top 10 negative items for your agency.



66

71

67

72

- 16

12

18

16

Note: The Decision Aid only includes items 1-71. See Appendix B for a breakdown of the Work/Life results for your agency.

Employees have a feeling of personal empowerment with respect to work processes. (Q. 30)

Creativity and innovation are rewarded. (Q. 32)

-1

-1



Decision Aid: No Change

Identifying Items That Have Not Changed Since 2016

Your percent positive results for these items have not changed since last year. These are items that your agency is maintaining, which can be either a positive, neutral, or negative finding. For example, an item with low percent positive results over several years is a strong indication of a need for focused action. You may also want to consider changing or updating your approach to addressing these issues if the item has been the focus of attention in the past. On the other hand, a trend of stable, high percent positive results is a finding that should be celebrated. Review each item carefully to determine whether there may be areas of concern for your agency.

Using the Legend Icons

The legend icons provide context for interpreting results. While these items have not increased or decreased, they still may be causes for celebration or concern depending on the percent positive, negative, and neutral results. The "Top Pos/Neg" icons highlight where an item is either in the top 10 positive items or top 10 negative items for your agency.



Note: The Decision Aid only includes items 1-71. See Appendix B for a breakdown of the Work/Life results for your agency.

Appendix A: Item Results and Benchmarks

For each item, your agency's percent positive results are shown on a 0 to 100 scale, with the triangular arrow indicating where your agency falls. The gray bars represent the range of scores for the 37 departments and large agencies surveyed, where Army, Army Corps of Engineers, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and DOD 4th Estate are rolled into Department of Defense.

To understand how well your agency performed compared to others, focus on the location of the triangle within the gray bar. If the triangle is toward the right side of the bar, then your agency was above average on that item. If it is at the right edge of the bar, then you had the highest percent positive results for that item. Additionally, you can numerically compare your percent positive results to the governmentwide average listed to the right of each item.

		0	Low	FTC	High	100	2017 G'wide
My V	Nork Experience	I					
	l am given a real opportunity to improve my skills in my organization.				84%		64%
2.	I have enough information to do my job well.				88		71%
	I feel encouraged to come up with new and better ways of doing things.			_	76%		59%
4.	My work gives me a feeling of personal accomplishment.				87		72%
5.	I like the kind of work I do.				g	1%	83%
6.	I know what is expected of me on the job.					9%	80%
	When needed I am willing to put in the extra effort to get a job done.					99%	96%
8.	I am constantly looking for ways to do my job better.					92%	91%
	I have sufficient resources (for example, people, materials, budget) to get my job done.			57%	_		47%
‡10.	My workload is reasonable.				79%		59%
‡ 11.	My talents are used well in the workplace.				77%		60%
±12.	I know how my work relates to the agency's goals and priorities.					93%	84%



Appendix A: Item Results and Benchmarks (continued)

		FTC 0 Low High 100	2017 G'wide
13.	The work I do is important.	93%	91%
14.	Physical conditions (for example, noise level, temperature, lighting, cleanliness in the workplace) allow employees to perform their jobs well.	76%	66%
15.	My performance appraisal is a fair reflection of my performance.	87%	71%
16.	I am held accountable for achieving results.	91%	83%
ŧ17.	I can disclose a suspected violation of any law, rule or regulation without fear of reprisal.	81%	64%
18.	My training needs are assessed.	62%	55%
19.	In my most recent performance appraisal, I understood what I had to do to be rated at different performance levels (for example, Fully Successful, Outstanding).	85%	71%
My	Work Unit	· · · · ·	
ŧ20.	The people I work with cooperate to get the job done.	89%	75%
21.	My work unit is able to recruit people with the right skills.	74%	42%
22.	Promotions in my work unit are based on merit.	64%	36%
23.	In my work unit, steps are taken to deal with a poor performer who cannot or will not improve.	44%	31%
\$24.	In my work unit, differences in performance are recognized in a meaningful way.	58%	36%
25.	Awards in my work unit depend on how well employees perform their jobs.	66%	44%
26.	Employees in my work unit share job knowledge with each other.	90%	74%
27.	The skill level in my work unit has improved in the past year.	69%	56%
28.	How would you rate the overall quality of work done by your work unit?	94%	83%



		FTC 0 Low High 100	2017 G'wide
My	Agency	· · · · ·	
‡29.	The workforce has the job-relevant knowledge and skills necessary to accomplish organizational goals.	90%	71%
30.	Employees have a feeling of personal empowerment with respect to work processes.	71%	47%
31.	Employees are recognized for providing high quality products and services.	77%	51%
32.	Creativity and innovation are rewarded.	66%	41%
33.	Pay raises depend on how well employees perform their jobs.	52%	25%
34.	Policies and programs promote diversity in the workplace (for example, recruiting minorities and women, training in awareness of diversity issues, mentoring).	73%	59%
35.	Employees are protected from health and safety hazards on the job.	91%	77%
36.	My organization has prepared employees for potential security threats.	79%	78%
37.	Arbitrary action, personal favoritism and coercion for partisan political purposes are not tolerated.	78%	55%
38.	Prohibited Personnel Practices are not tolerated.	87%	69%
39.	My agency is successful at accomplishing its mission.	94%	76%
40.	I recommend my organization as a good place to work.	85%	66%
:41.	I believe the results of this survey will be used to make my agency a better place to work.	65%	42%



		0	Low	FTC	Н	igh	100	2017 G'wide
My	Supervisor							
42.	My supervisor supports my need to balance work and other life issues.					910		80%
43.	My supervisor provides me with opportunities to demonstrate my leadership skills.					82%		67 %
44.	Discussions with my supervisor about my performance are worthwhile.					80%		65%
45.	My supervisor is committed to a workforce representative of all segments of society.					82%		70%
46.	My supervisor provides me with constructive suggestions to improve my job performance.					80%		64%
47.	Supervisors in my work unit support employee development.					84%		68%
48.	My supervisor listens to what I have to say.					89%)	78%
49.	My supervisor treats me with respect.					92	%	82%
50.	In the last six months, my supervisor has talked with me about my performance.				_		4%	79%
51.	I have trust and confidence in my supervisor.					85%		69 %
52.	Overall, how good a job do you feel is being done by your immediate supervisor?				_	86%		72%
Lead	dership							
53.	In my organization, senior leaders generate high levels of motivation and commitment in the workforce.				64%			43%
54.	My organization's senior leaders maintain high standards of honesty and integrity.					7%		54%
55.	Supervisors work well with employees of different backgrounds.					83%		68%
‡56.	Managers communicate the goals and priorities of the organization.					83%		62%



		0 Low High 100	2017 G'wide
57.	Managers review and evaluate the organization's progress toward meeting its goals and objectives.	84%	62 %
58.	Managers promote communication among different work units (for example, about projects, goals, needed resources).	80%	55%
59.	Managers support collaboration across work units to accomplish work objectives.	78%	59%
60.	Overall, how good a job do you feel is being done by the manager directly above your immediate supervisor?	84%	60%
61.	I have a high level of respect for my organization's senior leaders.	73%	56%
62.	Senior leaders demonstrate support for Work/Life programs.	81%	57%
My	Satisfaction		
¢63.	How satisfied are you with your involvement in decisions that affect your work?	76%	53%
\$64.	How satisfied are you with the information you receive from management on what's going on in your organization?	78%	50%
\$65.	How satisfied are you with the recognition you receive for doing a good job?	76%	50%
66.	How satisfied are you with the policies and practices of your senior leaders?	64%	45%
67.	How satisfied are you with your opportunity to get a better job in your organization?	47%	37%
68.	How satisfied are you with the training you receive for your present job?	71%	55%
¢69.	Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your job?	82%	68%
70.	Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your pay?	54%	61%
\$71.	Considering everything, how satisfied are you with your organization?	82%	60%



	0	Low	FTC	High	100 I	2017 G'wide
Work/Life Programs						
72. Have you been notified that you are eligible to telework? (See Appe	endix B)					
73. Please select the response below that best describes your current to	eleworking si	tuation. (See A	opendix B)			
74 - 78. Do you participate in the following Work/Life programs? (See	e Appendix B))				
79 - 84. How satisfied are you with the following Work/Life programs	;?*					
79. Telework				83%		81%
80. Alternative Work Schedules (AWS)				g	4%	90%
81. Health and Wellness Programs (for example, exercise, medical screening, quit smoking programs)				86%	-	81%
82. Employee Assistance Program (EAP)				79%		78%
83. Child Care Programs (for example, daycare, parenting classes, parenting support groups)			_	72%		73%
84. Elder Care Programs (for example, support groups, speakers)				900	%	68%

* The Work/Life program satisfaction results (Q.79-84) include only employees who indicated that they participated in the program.



Appendix B displays more detailed Work/Life Program results for your agency. It also includes a more detailed look than the reported snapshot of the demographic characteristics of your agency's survey respondents. Use the Work/Life results to gain an understanding of how your Work/Life Programs are used and rated. The demographic results can be useful in planning, recruiting, and training activities in your agency.

	2017 Percentages
Work/Life Programs	
Have you been notified that you are eligible to telework?	
Yes, I was notified that I was eligible to telework	91
Yes, I was notified that I was not eligible to telework	3
No, I was not notified of my telework eligibility	2
Not sure if I was notified of my telework eligibility	3
Please select the response below that BEST describes your current teleworking situation.	
I telework 3 or more days per week	1
I telework 1 or 2 days per week	28
I telework, but no more than 1 or 2 days per month	19
I telework very infrequently, on an unscheduled or short-term basis	36
I do not telework because I have to be physically present on the job (e.g., Law Enforcement Officers, Park Rangers, Security Personnel)	2
I do not telework because I have technical issues (e.g., connectivity, inadequate equipment) that prevent me from teleworking	2
I do not telework because I did not receive approval to do so, even though I have the kind of job where I can telework	2
I do not telework because I choose not to telework	9
Do you participate in the following Work/Life programs? Alternative Work Schedules (AWS)	
Yes	26
No	63
Not Available to Me	11

Yes	16
No	77
Not Available to Me	8



	2017 Percentages
Do you participate in the following Work/Life programs? Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	
Yes	8
No	89
Not Available to Me	3
Do you participate in the following Work/Life programs? Child Care Programs (for example, daycare, pare classes, parenting support groups) Yes	3
No	89
No Not Available to Me	89 8
	8
Not Available to Me	8
Not Available to Me Do you participate in the following Work/Life programs? Elder Care Programs (for example, support group	8



	2017 Percentages
Demographic Results	
Where do you work?	
Headquarters	76
Field	24
What is your supervisory status?	
Non-Supervisor	50
Team Leader	32
Supervisor	9
Manager	5
Senior Leader	4
Are you:	
Male	48
Female	52
Are you Hispanic or Latino?	
Yes	5
No	95
Are you:	
American Indian or Alaska Native	<1
Asian	6
Black or African American	14
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0
White	76
Two or more races (not Hispanic or Latino)	4
What is the highest degree or level of education you have completed?	
Less than High School	<1
High School Diploma/GED or equivalent	1
Trade or Technical Certificate	1
Some College (no degree)	5
Associate's Degree (e.g., AA, AS)	1
Bachelor's Degree (e.g., BA, BS)	11
Master's Degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA)	9
Doctoral/Professional Degree (e.g., Ph.D., MD, JD)	72

Note: Demographic results are unweighted.



	2017 Percentages
Nhat is your pay category/grade?	
Federal Wage System	<1
GS 1-6	0
GS 7-12	14
GS 13-15	80
Senior Executive Service	5
Senior Level (SL) or Scientific or Professional (ST)	0
Other	<1
How long have you been with the Federal Government (excluding military service)?	
Less than 1 year	2
1 to 3 years	12
4 to 5 years	11
6 to 10 years	21
11 to 14 years	14
15 to 20 years	16
More than 20 years	25
How long have you been with your current agency (for example, Department of Justice, Environ	mental Protection Agency)?
Less than 1 year	3
1 to 3 years	20
4 to 5 years	13
6 to 10 years	21
11 to 20 years	25
More than 20 years	18
Are you considering leaving your organization within the next year, and if so, why?	
No	71
Yes, to retire	4
Yes, to take another job within the Federal Government	13
Yes, to take another job outside the Federal Government	8
Yes, other	4
I am planning to retire:	
Within one year	2
Between one and three years	7
Between one and three years Between three and five years	7



	2017 Percentages
Do you consider yourself to be one or more of the following?	
Heterosexual or Straight	79
Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual or Transgender	9
l Prefer Not to Say	12
What is your US military service status?	
No Prior Military Service	92
Currently in National Guard or Reserves	1
Retired	2
Separated or Discharged	6
Are you an individual with a disability?	
Yes	8
No	92
What is your age group?	
25 and under	<1
26-29	2
30-39	30
40-49	30
50-59	26
60 or older	11

Note: Demographic results are unweighted.



Appendix C: Participating Agencies by Employee Population Size Categories

Very Large Agencies (>75,000 employees)

Department of Agriculture
Department of Defense
Department of the Army
Department of the Navy
Department of the Air Force
OSD, Joint Staff, Defense Agencies, and Field Activities (DoD 4th Estate)
Department of Health and Human Services
Department of Homeland Security
Department of Justice
Department of the Treasury
Department of Veterans Affairs

Large Agencies (10,000-74,999 employees)

Department of Commerce Department of Energy Department of Labor Department of State Department of State Department of the Interior Department of Transportation Environmental Protection Agency General Services Administration National Aeronautics and Space Administration Social Security Administration

Medium Agencies (1,000-9,999 employees)

Broadcasting Board of Governors Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency Department of Education Department of Housing and Urban Development Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Federal Communications Commission Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Federal Trade Commission National Archives and Records Administration National Credit Union Administration National Labor Relations Board National Science Foundation Nuclear Regulatory Commission Office of Personnel Management Securities and Exchange Commission Small Business Administration U.S. Agency for International Development

Small Agencies (100–999 employees)

Commodity Futures Trading Commission Consumer Product Safety Commission Corporation for National and Community Service Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board Export-Import Bank of the United States Farm Credit Administration Federal Election Commission Federal Housing Finance Agency Federal Labor Relations Authority Federal Maritime Commission Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board International Boundary and Water Commission Merit Systems Protection Board National Endowment for the Arts National Endowment for the Humanities National Gallery of Art National Indian Gaming Commission National Transportation Safety Board Office of Management and Budget Office of the U.S. Trade Representative **Overseas Private Investment Corporation** Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation Railroad Retirement Board Selective Service System Surface Transportation Board U.S. International Trade Commission U.S. Office of Special Counsel

Very Small Agencies (<100 employees)

AbilityOne Commission African Development Foundation American Battle Monuments Commission Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board Commission on Civil Rights Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation Institute of Museum and Library Services Inter-American Foundation Marine Mammal Commission National Capital Planning Commission National Council on Disability National Mediation Board Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Postal Regulatory Commission U.S. Access Board U.S. Office of Government Ethics U.S. Trade and Development Agency



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