AUGUST 2018



United States Department of Agriculture



Farm Service Agency Electronic News Service

NEWSLETTER

GovDelivery

Having trouble viewing this email? <u>View it as a Web page</u>.

- Message from the SED
- Upcoming Events and Workshops
- <u>ASKFSA</u>
- <u>Elections for the 2018 County Committee</u>
- <u>USDA Encourages Producers to Consider NAP Risk Protection Coverage before Crop</u> <u>Sales Deadlines</u>
- Filing CCC-941 Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certifications
- Environmental Review Required Before Project Implementation
- MAL and LDP Policy
- FSA Offers Joint Financing Option on Direct Farm Ownership Loans
- Disaster Set-Aside (DSA) Program
- Rates and Dates

Arkansas FSA Newsletter

Arkansas Farm Service Agency

700 West Capitol, Room 3416 Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 Phone: 501-301-3000 www.fsa.usda.gov/ar

State Committee: Chairman: Ron Chastain

Members: Gary Churchill, Sarah Dunklin, Nathan Reed,

& Vivian Wright State Executive Director:

David Curtis

Administrative Officer: Sharon Baker

Farm Programs: Terri McManus

Message from the SED

Please be mindful that the deadline to sign up for enrollment in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) is **Friday, Aug. 17, 2018**.

In return for enrolling land in CRP, FSA provides participants with annual rental payments and cost-share assistance to remove sensitive lands from production and plant certain grasses, shrubs and trees that improve water quality, prevent soil erosion and increase wildlife habitat. Landowners contracts last between 10 and 15 years. For this year's signup, limited priority practices are available for continuous enrollment. <u>View a full list of</u> <u>practices.</u> FSA will use <u>updated soil rental rates</u> to make annual rental payments but incentive payments will not be offered as part of the new signup. There will not be a general signup this year, however, a one-year extension will be offered to existing CRP participants with expiring CRP contracts of 14 years or less.

Additionally, a new <u>ranking criteria</u> has been established for CRP grasslands. To guarantee all CRP grasslands offers are treated equally, applicants who previously applied (prior to the current signup period) will be asked to reapply using the new ranking criteria.

Farm Loan Programs: James Culpepper

Please contact your local FSA Office for questions specific to your operation or county. To find contact information for your local office go to www.fsa.usda.gov/ar

Upcoming Events and Workshops

The USDA Arkansas Farm Service Agency (FSA) is committed to educating producers on available programs and loans. FSA representatives will be available at the following workshops and conferences. Producers interested in attending these conferences/workshops should follow the registration or RSVP instructions listed below.

August 9th - "Keeping it in the Family" Forestry Production Workshop

The workshop will be held at Cossatot Community College -Nashville Campus, 1558 Hwy 371 West, Room 101, Nashville, AR 71852. Dylan Bowman, Howard County Executive Director, and Adriana Aguilar, Farm Loan Officer, will represent FSA and present on Farm Enrollment, as well as other FSA programs. The workshop will be held Thursday, August 9, 2018, from 5:30 p.m. until 8:30 p.m.

September 3rd - 2018 Arkansas Land Community Development Corporation (ALCDC) Symposium

Arkansas Land and Community Development Corporation is hosting a Community Economic Development Symposium. **FSA will present on Farm Programs and Farm Loan Programs.** The conference will be held Thursday, September 13, 2018, and is free to attend. Registration begins at 5:30 p.m. and the opening session begins at 5:45p.m. Pre-registration is not required. The conference will be held at Dermott City Hall Building, 211 East Iowa Street, Dermott, Arkansas 71638. Dinner will be served.

September 11th-12th - "Keeping it in the Family" Forestry Production Workshop

The workshop will be held at Lake DeGray Resort, 2027 State Park Entrance Road, Bismarck, AR 71929. **FSA will present on Farm Enrollment, as well as other programs.** The workshop will be held Thursday, September 11-12, 2018. The opening session on the 11th will start at 10am.

ASKFSA

Are you looking for answers to your FSA questions? Then ASK FSA at **askfsa.custhelp.com**.

AskFSA is an online resource that helps you easily find information and answers to your FSA questions no matter where you are or what device you use. It is for ALL customers, including underserved farmers and ranchers who wish to be enrolled in FSA loans, farm, and conservation programs.

Through AskFSA you can:

- Access our knowledge base 24/7
- Receive answers to your questions faster
- Submit a question and receive a timely response from an FSA expert
- Get notifications when answers important to you and your farming operation are updated

Customize your account settings and view responses at any time.

Elections for the 2018 County Committee

Elections for USDA's Farm Service Agency's (FSA) County Committees are underway.

It is important that every eligible producer participate in these elections because FSA county committees are a link between the agricultural community and the USDA. County committee members are a critical component of FSA operations. Committees should be comprised of members who reflect the diversity of producers involved in production agriculture in Name County. This means that producers representing underserved groups or communities should be on the committee to speak on behalf of their constituency.

Underserved producers are beginning, women and other minority farmers and ranchers and land owners and/or operators who have limited resources. Other minority groups including Native American and Alaska Natives; persons under the poverty level, and persons that have disabilities are also considered underserved.

County committee election ballots will be mailed to eligible voters on November 5, 2018. The last day to return completed ballots to the Name County USDA service center is December 3, 2018.

For more information on eligibility to serve on FSA county committees, visit: www.fsa.usda.gov/elections.

USDA Encourages Producers to Consider NAP Risk Protection Coverage before Crop Sales Deadlines

The Farm Service Agency encourages producers to examine available USDA crop risk protection options, including federal crop insurance and Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) coverage, before the applicable crop sales deadline.

Producers are reminded that crops not covered by insurance may be eligible for NAP. Beginning, underserved and limited resource farmers are now eligible for free catastrophic level coverage.

Federal crop insurance covers crop losses from natural adversities such as drought, hail and excessive moisture. NAP covers losses from natural disasters on crops for which no permanent federal crop insurance program is available, including perennial grass forage and grazing crops, fruits, vegetables, mushrooms, floriculture, ornamental nursery, aquaculture, turf grass, ginseng, honey, syrup, bioenergy, and industrial crops.

Producers can determine if crops are eligible for federal crop insurance or NAP by visiting https://webapp.rma.usda.gov/apps/ActuarialInformationBrowser2018/CropCriteria.aspx.

NAP basic coverage is available at 55 percent of the average market price for crop losses that exceed 50 percent of expected production.

Deadlines for coverage vary by state and crop. To learn more about NAP visit <u>www.fsa.usda.gov/nap</u> or contact your local USDA Service Center. To find your local USDA Service Centers go to <u>http://offices.usda.gov</u>.

Federal crop insurance coverage is sold and delivered solely through private insurance agents. Agent lists are available at all USDA Service Centers or at USDA's online Agent Locator: <u>http://prodwebnlb.rma.usda.gov/apps/AgentLocator/#</u>. Producers can use the USDA Cost Estimator, <u>https://ewebapp.rma.usda.gov/apps/costestimator/Default.aspx</u>, to predict insurance premium costs.

Filing CCC-941 Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certifications

Many producers have experienced delays in receiving Agriculture Risk Coverage (ARC) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC) payments, Loan Deficiency Payments (LDPs) and Market Gains on Marketing Assistance Loans (MALs) because they have not filed form CCC-941, Adjusted Gross Income

Certification. No program payment can be issued to an eligible producer, including landowners who share in the crop, without a valid CCC-941 on file in the county office.

Producers without a valid CCC-941 on file for the applicable crop year will not receive payments. All farm operator/tenants/owners who have not filed a CCC-941 and have pending payments should IMMEDIATELY file the form with their recording county FSA office. Farm operators and tenants are encouraged to ensure that their landowners have filed the form.

FSA can accept the CCC-941 for 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018. Unlike the past, producers must have the CCC-941 certifying their AGI compliance before any payments can be issued.

Environmental Review Required Before Project Implementation

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires Federal agencies to consider all potential environmental impacts for federally-funded projects before the project is approved.

For all Farm Service Agency (FSA) programs, an environmental review must be completed before actions are approved, such as site preparation or ground disturbance. These programs include, **but are not limited to**, Conservation Reserve Program, the Emergency Conservation Program (ECP), Farm Storage Facility Loan (FSFL) program and farm loans. If project implementation begins before FSA has completed an environmental review, this will result in a denial of the request. There are exceptions regarding the Stafford Act and emergencies. It is important to wait until you receive written approval of your project proposal before starting any actions, including, but not limited to, vegetation clearing, site preparation or ground disturbance.

Remember to contact your local FSA office early in your planning process to determine what level of environmental review is required for your program application so that it can be completed timely.

Applications cannot be approved contingent upon the completion of an environmental review. FSA must have copies of all permits and plans before an application can be approved.

MAL and LDP Policy

The Agricultural Act of 2014 authorized 2014-2018 crop year Marketing Assistance Loans (MALs) and Loan Deficiency Payments (LDPs), with a few minor policy changes.

Among the changes, farm-stored MAL collateral transferred to warehouse storage will retain the original loan rate, be allowed to transfer only the outstanding farm-stored quantity with no additional quantity allowed and will no longer require producers to have a paid for measurement service when moving or commingling loan collateral.

MALs and LDPs provide financing and marketing assistance for wheat, feed grains, soybeans, and other oilseeds, pulse crops, rice, peanuts, cotton, wool and honey. MALs provide producers interim financing after harvest to help them meet cash flow needs without having to sell their commodities when market prices are typically at harvest-time lows. A producer who is eligible to obtain a loan, but agrees to forgo the loan, may obtain an LDP if such a payment is available. Marketing loan provisions and LDPs are not available for sugar and extra-long staple cotton.

FSA is now accepting requests for 2018 MALs and LDPs for all eligible commodities after harvest. Requests for loans and LDPs shall be made on or before the final availability date for the respective commodities.

Before MAL repayments with a market loan gain or LDP disbursements can be made, producers must meet the requirements of actively engaged in farming, cash rent tenant and member contribution.

Commodity certificates are available to loan holders who have outstanding nonrecourse loans for wheat, upland cotton, rice, feed grains, pulse crops (dry peas, lentils, large and small chickpeas), peanuts, wool, soybeans and designated minor oilseeds. These certificates can be purchased at the

posted county price (or adjusted world price or national posted price) for the quantity of commodity under loan, and must be immediately exchanged for the collateral, satisfying the loan. MALs redeemed with commodity certificates are not subject to the actively engaged in farming, cash-rent tenant, Adjusted Gross Income provisions or the payment limitation.

To be considered eligible for an LDP, producers must have form <u>CCC-633EZ</u>, Page 1 on file at their local FSA Office before losing beneficial interest in the crop. Pages 2, 3 or 4 of the form must be submitted when payment is requested.

The 2014 Farm Bill also establishes payment limitations per individual or entity not to exceed \$125,000 annually on certain commodities for the following program benefits: price loss coverage payments, agriculture risk coverage payments, marketing loan gains (MLGs) and LDPs. These payment limitations do not apply to MAL loan disbursements or redemptions using commodity certificate exchange.

Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) provisions were modified by the 2014 Farm Bill, which states that a producer whose total applicable three-year average AGI exceeds \$900,000 is not eligible to receive an MLG or LDP. Producers must have a valid CCC-941 on file to earn a market gain of LDP. The AGI does not apply to MALs redeemed with commodity certificate exchange.

For more information and additional eligibility requirements, please visit a nearby USDA Service Center or FSA's website <u>www.fsa.usda.gov</u>.

FSA Offers Joint Financing Option on Direct Farm Ownership Loans

The USDA Farm Service Agency's (FSA) <u>Direct Farm Ownership loans</u> are a resource to help farmers and ranchers become owner-operators of family farms, improve and expand current operations, increase agricultural productivity, and assist with land tenure to save farmland for future generations.

Depending on the applicant's needs, there are three types of Direct Farm Ownership Loans: regular, down payment and joint financing. FSA also offers a <u>Direct Farm Ownership Microloan</u> option for smaller financial needs up to \$50,000.

Joint financing allows FSA to provide more farmers and ranchers with access to capital. FSA lends up to 50 percent of the total amount financed. A commercial lender, a State program or the seller of the property being purchased, provides the balance of loan funds. The maximum loan amount for a Joint Financing loan is \$300,000 and the repayment period for the loan is up to 40 years.

To be eligible, the operation must be an eligible farm enterprise. Farm Ownership loan funds cannot be used to finance nonfarm enterprises and all applicants must be able to meet general eligibility requirements. Loan applicants are also required to have participated in the business operations of a farm or ranch for at least three years out of the 10 years prior to the date the application is submitted. The applicant must show documentation that their participation in the business operation of the farm or ranch was not solely as a laborer.

For more information about FSA Loan programs, contact your local FSA office or visit <u>www.fsa.usda.gov</u>. To find your local FSA office, visit <u>http://offices.usda.gov</u>.

Disaster Set-Aside (DSA) Program

FSA borrowers with farms located in designated primary or contiguous disaster areas who are unable to make their scheduled FSA loan payments should consider the Disaster Set-Aside (DSA) program.

DSA is available to producers who suffered losses as a result of a natural disaster and is intended to relieve immediate and temporary financial stress. FSA is authorized to consider setting aside the portion of a payment/s needed for the operation to continue on a viable scale.

Borrowers must have at least two years left on the term of their loan in order to qualify.

Borrowers have eight months from the date of the disaster designation to submit a complete application. The application must include a written request for DSA signed by all parties liable for the debt along with production records and financial history for the operating year in which the disaster occurred. FSA may request additional information from the borrower in order to determine eligibility.

All farm loans must be current or less than 90 days past due at the time the DSA application is complete. Borrowers may not set aside more than one installment on each loan.

The amount set-aside, including interest accrued on the principal portion of the set-aside, is due on or before the final due date of the loan.

For more information, contact your local FSA farm loan office.

Rates and Dates

		1	
Selected Interest Rates fo)r		
August 2018			
90-Day Treasury Bill	1.875	Dates to Remember	
Farm Operating Loans — Direct	3.750		
Farm Ownership Loans — Direct	4.125	8/1/18	Last day to file COC Election Nomination Forms
Farm Ownership Loans — Direct Down Payment, Beginning Farmer or Rancher	1.500	8/1/18	Final day to enroll in ARC/PLC
Emergency Loans	3.750	11/5/18	COC Election Ballots mailed to eligible voters
Farm Storage Facility Loans (5 years)	2.750	12/3/18	Last day to return Voted COC Election Ballots to USDA Service Center
Farm Storage Facility Loans (10 years)	2.875		
Commodity Loans 1996-Present	3.375	1/1/19	Newly elected COC members take office

USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer and lender. To file a complaint of discrimination, write: USDA, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Ave., SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (866) 632-9992 (Toll-free Customer Service), (800) 877-8339 (Local or Federal relay), (866) 377-8642 (Relay voice users).

Persons with disabilities who require accommodations to attend or participate in this meeting/function/event should contact their local County Executive Director or Sharon Baker at 501-301-3014, (TDD# or Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339, and Sharon.Baker@ar.usda.gov).