

Table 6. Nonfatal occupational injury incidence rates per 100 full-time workers, ¹ by industry, 1994

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Annual average employment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost workdays
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
Private industry ⁷		95,449.3	7.7	3.5	2.6	4.2
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		1,228.1	9.4	4.6	3.7	4.9
Agricultural production ⁷	01-02	n.a.	9.7	4.6	3.7	5.1
Agricultural production-crops ⁷	01	n.a.	8.8	4.2	3.4	4.6
Agricultural production-livestock ⁷	02	n.a.	12.8	6.0	4.6	6.8
Agricultural services	07	n.a.	9.3	4.5	3.8	4.7
Forestry	08	n.a.	8.9	4.4	3.8	4.5
Fishing, hunting, and trapping	09	n.a.	6.4	4.0	3.2	2.4
Mining ⁸		600.0	6.0	3.8	3.2	2.2
Metal mining ⁸	10	48.8	5.3	3.0	2.1	2.3
Coal mining ⁸	12	112.2	9.3	7.2	6.9	2.1
Oil and gas extraction	13	335.8	5.2	2.9	2.3	2.3
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁸	14	103.3	5.8	3.5	2.8	2.2
Construction		5,010.0	11.5	5.4	4.8	6.2
General building contractors	15	1,200.5	10.7	5.0	4.4	5.7
Heavy construction, except building	16	736.4	10.0	4.9	4.2	5.1
Special trade contractors	17	3,072.8	12.3	5.6	5.1	6.6
Manufacturing		18,303.0	10.4	4.7	2.9	5.7
Durable goods		10,431.0	11.6	5.0	3.1	6.6
Lumber and wood products	24	752.2	14.9	7.4	5.4	7.5
Furniture and fixtures	25	501.8	13.6	6.3	3.9	7.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	532.5	12.3	6.1	4.1	6.2
Primary metal industries	33	699.1	15.3	6.7	4.2	8.6
Fabricated metal products	34	1,387.1	15.0	6.2	4.0	8.8
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	1,984.7	10.5	4.0	2.6	6.6
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	1,570.8	6.6	2.9	1.7	3.8
Transportation equipment	37	1,748.9	14.8	6.2	3.5	8.6
Instruments and related products	38	863.3	4.5	2.0	1.2	2.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	390.3	8.7	3.9	2.4	4.9
Nondurable goods		7,872.0	8.8	4.3	2.5	4.5
Food and kindred products	20	1,679.6	13.6	7.3	4.0	6.3
Tobacco products	21	42.2	4.9	2.3	1.8	2.6
Textile mill products	22	673.2	7.3	3.5	1.6	3.8
Apparel and other textile products	23	969.4	6.8	2.9	1.9	3.9
Paper and allied products	26	691.3	8.8	4.2	2.5	4.6
Printing and publishing	27	1,541.5	6.1	2.8	2.0	3.4
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,060.6	5.0	2.5	1.4	2.5
Petroleum and coal products	29	148.9	4.3	2.2	1.2	2.1
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products ..	30	952.0	12.7	6.1	3.6	6.6
Leather and leather products	31	113.6	9.6	4.0	2.5	5.6
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		6,006.0	9.0	5.3	4.1	3.7
Railroad transportation ⁸	40	240.5	5.0	3.8	3.3	1.2
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	410.3	9.4	5.0	4.3	4.4
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,797.3	14.5	9.0	6.9	5.5
Water transportation	44	168.8	9.2	5.0	4.7	4.2
Transportation by air	45	747.8	12.6	7.7	6.5	5.0
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	17.6	2.2	1.3	1.1	1.0
Transportation services	47	392.4	3.9	2.1	1.6	1.8
Communications	48	1,304.6	2.9	1.5	1.2	1.4
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	926.5	6.8	3.4	2.1	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Nonfatal occupational injury incidence rates per 100 full-time workers, ¹ by industry, 1994 — Continued

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Annual average employment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases without lost workdays
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	
Wholesale and retail trade		26,577.0	7.6	3.3	2.6	4.3
Wholesale trade		6,140.0	7.4	3.6	2.7	3.8
Wholesale trade--durable goods	50	3,542.0	6.8	3.1	2.3	3.7
Wholesale trade--nondurable goods	51	2,599.0	8.3	4.4	3.3	3.9
Retail trade		20,437.0	7.7	3.2	2.5	4.5
Building materials and garden supplies	52	828.0	10.2	4.8	3.8	5.4
General merchandise stores	53	2,545.4	10.5	5.2	3.6	5.3
Food stores	54	3,289.1	10.1	4.2	3.6	5.9
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	2,122.5	7.2	2.8	2.3	4.4
Apparel and accessory stores	56	1,134.0	4.0	1.6	1.2	2.4
Furniture and homefurnishings stores	57	890.0	5.6	2.7	2.2	2.9
Eating and drinking places	58	7,069.0	7.6	2.6	2.2	5.0
Miscellaneous retail	59	2,559.5	4.2	1.9	1.5	2.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate		6,933.0	2.4	.9	.8	1.4
Depository institutions	60	2,075.4	1.9	.7	.6	1.2
Nondepository institutions	61	498.5	1.3	.5	.4	.8
Security and commodity brokers	62	518.0	.6	.2	.2	.4
Insurance carriers	63	1,550.7	2.0	.6	.5	1.4
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	686.4	1.2	.4	.3	.8
Real estate	65	1,373.0	5.5	2.6	2.1	2.9
Holding and other investment offices	67	231.4	1.7	.7	.6	1.0
Services		30,792.2	6.1	2.7	2.1	3.5
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,618.0	9.9	4.6	3.4	5.3
Personal services	72	1,139.3	3.9	1.8	1.4	2.1
Business services	73	6,239.0	4.6	2.2	1.8	2.4
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	970.5	6.8	2.9	2.4	3.9
Miscellaneous repair services	76	333.9	7.4	3.4	2.8	4.0
Motion pictures	78	471.2	2.9	1.0	.8	1.9
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,344.1	8.6	3.7	2.8	4.9
Health services	80	9,000.7	8.8	3.7	2.9	5.1
Legal services	81	926.8	.9	.3	.3	.6
Educational services	82	1,822.0	3.9	1.4	1.2	2.5
Social services	83	2,180.7	7.3	3.3	2.6	4.0
Museums, botanical, zoological gardens	84	79.0	6.7	2.8	2.1	3.9
Engineering and management services	87	2,567.0	2.3	1.0	.7	1.4

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals for divisions include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Current Employment Statistics program. Annual average employment for the agriculture, forestry, and fishing

division is obtained from the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses.

⁵ Total includes cases involving restricted work activity only in addition to days-away-from-work cases with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to the totals. n.a. = data not available.