115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4932

To address the disparate impact of climate change on women and support the efforts of women globally to address climate change, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 5, 2018

Ms. Lee (for herself, Mr. Takano, Mr. Ellison, Ms. Barragán, Ms. Wilson of Florida, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Ms. Clark of Massachusetts, Ms. Velázquez, Mr. Kihuen, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Hastings, Ms. Norton, Mr. Khanna, Mr. Payne, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Ms. Roybal-Allard, and Ms. McCollum) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To address the disparate impact of climate change on women and support the efforts of women globally to address climate change, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Women and Climate Change Act of 2018".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Statement of policy.

TITLE I—STRATEGIES, POLICIES, AND PROGRAMS

Sec. 101. Federal Interagency Working Group on Women and Climate Change. Sec. 102. Development and implementation of strategy and policies to prevent and respond to the effects of climate change on women glob-

ally.

TITLE II—OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Sec. 201. Senior coordinator for women and climate change.

Sec. 202. Briefing and report.

3 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 4 Congress finds the following:
- 5 (1) Women in the United States and around
- 6 the world are the linchpin of families and commu-
- 7 nities and are often the first to feel the immediate
- 8 and adverse effects of social, environmental, and eco-
- 9 nomic stresses on their families and communities.
- 10 (2) The United Nations has recognized, as one
- of the central organizing principles for its work, that
- "no enduring solution to society's most threatening
- social, economic and political problems can be found
- without the full participation, and the full empower-
- ment, of the world's women".
- 16 (3) The United Nations Development Pro-
- 17 gramme 2013 Human Development Report has
- found that the number of people living in extreme

- poverty could increase by up to 3,000,000,000 by 2 2050 unless environmental disasters are averted by 3 coordinated global action.
 - (4) Climate change is already forcing vulnerable communities in developing countries to face unprecedented climate stress, including water scarcity and drought, as well as severe weather events and floods, which can lead to reduced agricultural productivity, food insecurity, and increased disease.
 - (5) Climate change exacerbates issues of scarcity and lack of accessibility to primary natural resources, forest resources, and arable land for food production, thereby contributing to increased conflict and instability, as well as the workload and stresses on women farmers, who are estimated to produce 60 to 80 percent of the food in most developing countries.
 - (6) Women will disproportionately face harmful impacts from climate change, particularly in poor and developing nations where women regularly assume increased responsibility for growing the family's food and collecting water, fuel, and other resources.
 - (7) Epidemics, such as malaria and zika, are expected to worsen and spread due to variations in

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- climate, putting women (especially pregnant mothers and women who hope to become pregnant) and children without access to prevention and medical services at risk.
 - (8) The direct and indirect effects of climate change have a disproportionate impact on marginalized women such as refugee and displaced persons, religious or ethnic minorities, adolescent girls, and women and girls with disabilities and those who are living with HIV.
 - (9) Conflict has a disproportionate impact on the most vulnerable populations including women, and is fueled in the world's poorest regions by harsher climate, leading to migration, refugee crises, and conflicts over scarce natural resources including land and water.
 - (10) Displaced, refugee, and stateless women and girls face extreme violence and threats, including—
- 20 (A) being forced to exchange sex for food 21 and humanitarian supplies;
- 22 (B) being at increased risk of rape, sexual exploitation and abuse; and

- 1 (C) being at increased risk for HIV, STIs, 2 unplanned pregnancy, and poor reproductive 3 health.
 - (11) It is predicted that climate change will lead to increasing frequency and intensity of extreme weather conditions, precipitating the occurrence of natural disasters around the globe.
 - (12) The relocation and death of women, and especially mothers, as a result of climate-related disasters often has devastating impacts on social support networks, family ties, and the coping capacity of families and communities.
 - (13) The ability of women to adapt to climate change is constrained by a lack of economic freedoms, property and inheritance rights, as well as access to financial resources, education, family planning and reproductive health, and new tools, equipment, and technology.
 - (14) Despite a unique capacity and knowledge to promote and provide for adaptation to climate change, women often have insufficient resources to undertake such adaptation.
 - (15) Women are shown to have a multiplier effect by using their income and resources, when given the necessary tools, to increase the well-being of

- their children and families, and thus play a critical role in reducing food insecurity, poverty, and socioeconomic effects of climate change.
- 4 (16) Women are often underrepresented in the 5 development and formulation of policy regarding 6 mitigation and adaptation to climate change, even 7 though they are often in the best position to provide 8 and consult on adaptive strategies.

9 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 10 In this Act:
- 11 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-12 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-13 mittees" means—
- 14 (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and 15 the Committee on Appropriations of the House 16 of Representatives; and
- 17 (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations 18 and the Committee on Appropriations of the 19 Senate.
 - (2) CLIMATE CHANGE.—The term "climate change" means a change of climate that is attributed directly or indirectly to human activity and altering the composition of the global atmosphere.
- 24 (3) Developing country.—The term "developing country" means those countries classified by

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- the World Bank as having a low-income or lower middle-income economy.
 - (4) DISPARATE IMPACT.—The term "disparate impact" refers to the historic and ongoing impacts of the pattern and practice of discrimination in employment, education, housing, banking, health, and nearly every other aspect of life in the economy, society, or culture that have an adverse impact on minorities, women, or other protected groups, regardless of whether such practices were motivated by discriminatory intent.
 - (5) Environmental disasters" means specific events caused by human activity that result in seriously negative effects on the environment.
 - (6) Environmental refugees" means people displaced because of environmental causes, notably land loss and degradation, and natural disasters, who have left their community or country of origin.
 - (7) Extreme Poverty.—The term "extreme poverty" means having an income level or living standard at a level of extreme deprivation based on living with income below 50 percent of the poverty line as established by the individual country at issue,

- or below \$1.90 per day as determined by the World Bank.
 - (8) Extreme Weather.—The term "extreme weather" means unexpected, unusual, unpredictable, severe, or unseasonal weather that is at the extremes of the historical distribution range that has been seen in the past.
 - (9) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal agency" means any executive department, Government corporation, Government-controlled corporation, or other establishment in the executive branch of the Government (including the Executive Office of the President), or any independent regulatory agency.
 - (10) FOOD INSECURITY.—The term "food insecurity" means a lack of consistent access to food.
 - (11) Most vulnerable communities and populations.—The term "most vulnerable communities and populations" means communities and populations, including women, impoverished communities, children, people with disabilities, and indigenous peoples, who are at risk of substantial adverse impacts of climate change and have limited capacity to respond to such impacts.

1	(12) Poverty.—The term "poverty" means an
2	income level and living standard insufficient to meet
3	basic needs.
4	SEC. 4. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
5	It is the policy of the United States, in partnership
6	with affected countries, donor country governments, inter-
7	national financial institutions, international nongovern-
8	mental organizations, and civil society groups, especially
9	those led by women, to combat the leading causes of cli-
10	mate change, mitigate the effects of climate change or
11	women and girls, and elevate the participation of women
12	in policy, program, and community decision-making proc-
13	esses with respect to climate change, by—
14	(1) establishing the Federal Interagency Work-
15	ing Group on Women and Climate Change, mission
16	of which is to prevent and respond to the effects of
17	climate change on women globally; and
18	(2) implementing a coordinated, integrated, evi-
19	dence-based, and comprehensive strategy on Women
20	and Climate Change throughout United States poli-

cies in the future.

TITLE I—STRATEGIES, POLICIES, AND PROGRAMS 2 SEC. 101. FEDERAL INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON 4 WOMEN AND CLIMATE CHANGE. 5 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the Department of State a Federal Interagency Working Group on Women and Climate Change, which shall be 7 chaired by the Senior Coordinator for Women and Climate Change designated pursuant to section 201. Members of 10 the Working Group shall be selected by their respective 11 agency heads from the senior ranks of such agencies. The 12 Working Group shall— 13 (1) be composed of a senior representative from 14 each of— 15 (A) the Department of State, including— 16 the Office of Global Women's 17 Issues; 18 (ii) the Office of Civil Rights; 19 (iii) the Bureau of Oceans and Inter-20 national Environmental and Scientific Af-21 fairs; 22 (iv) the Bureau of Population, Refu-23 gees, and Migration; 24 (v) the Bureau of Democracy, Human 25 Rights, and Labor; and

1	(vi) the Bureau of International Orga-
2	nization Affairs;
3	(B) the Agency for International Develop-
4	ment;
5	(C) the Centers for Disease Control and
6	Prevention;
7	(D) the Environmental Protection Agency;
8	(E) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
9	Administration;
10	(F) the National Institutes of Health;
11	(G) the National Science Foundation;
12	(H) the White House Council on Environ-
13	mental Quality; and
14	(I) other members as designated by the
15	Senior Coordinator;
16	(2) coordinate and integrate the development of
17	all policies and activities of the Federal Government
18	across all agencies relating to—
19	(A) combating the effects of climate
20	change on women in the international sphere;
21	and
22	(B) increasing the Federal Government re-
23	sponse and strategy to fight climate change for
24	the security of the United States and the inter-
25	national community;

1	(3) allow each member of the Working Group
2	to act as a representative for the Working Group
3	within the Federal department or agency of such
4	member to facilitate implementation of the Working
5	Group policies within such department or agency;
6	(4) ensure that all relevant Federal depart-
7	ments or agencies comply with appropriate guide-
8	lines, policies, and directives from the Working
9	Group, the Department of State, and other Federal
10	departments or agencies with responsibilities relating
11	to climate change;
12	(5) ensure that Federal departments or agen-
13	cies, State governments, and relevant congressional
14	committees, in consultation with nongovernmental
15	organizations and policy experts in the field and
16	State and local government officials who administer
17	or direct policy for programs relating to climate
18	change and women—
19	(A) have access to, receive, and appro-
20	priately disseminate best practices in the ad-
21	ministration of programs;
22	(B) have adequate resources to maximize
23	the public awareness of such programs;
24	(C) increase the reach of such programs;

(D) share relevant data; and

1	(E) issue relevant guidance; and
2	(6) identify and disseminate best practices for
3	improved data collection on the part of each agency
4	and department relevant to the disparate impact of
5	climate change on women, including in—
6	(A) unpaid care work;
7	(B) community advocacy, activism, and
8	representation;
9	(C) women and girls' access to education;
10	(D) access to comprehensive health care,
11	include reproductive health and rights;
12	(E) desertification and food insecurity;
13	(F) community infrastructure, multi-level
14	Government adaptability, and climate-resilience;
15	(G) climate and weather-related crisis re-
16	sponse including safety from gender-based vio-
17	lence; and
18	(H) women's involvement and leadership in
19	the development of frameworks and policies for
20	climate resilience.
21	(b) Consultation Permitted.—The Federal
22	Interagency Working Group may consult and obtain rec-
23	ommendations from such independent nongovernmental
24	policy experts, State and local government officials, inde-
25	pendent groups and organizations, or other groups or or-

- 1 ganizations as the Senior Coordinator determines will as-
- 2 sist in carrying out the mission of the Office.
- 3 (c) Frequency of Meeting.—The Federal Inter-
- 4 agency Working Group shall meet on a quarterly basis to
- 5 discuss and develop policies, projects, and programs, and
- 6 shall meet with the Senior Coordinator for Women and
- 7 Climate Change on a monthly basis to report on and dis-
- 8 cuss implementation of such policies, projects, and pro-
- 9 grams.
- 10 SEC. 102. DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
- 11 STRATEGY AND POLICIES TO PREVENT AND
- 12 RESPOND TO THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE
- 13 CHANGE ON WOMEN GLOBALLY.
- 14 (a) Initial Strategy.—Not later than 180 days
- 15 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Senior
- 16 Coordinator for Women and Climate Change and the Am-
- 17 bassador-at-Large for the Office of Global Women's Issues
- 18 of the Department of State, in consultation with the Fed-
- 19 eral Interagency Working Group, shall develop and submit
- 20 to the appropriate congressional committees a United
- 21 States National and International Strategy to prevent and
- 22 respond to the effects of climate change on women. The
- 23 strategy shall include—

- (1) recognizing the disparate impacts of climate change on women and the efforts of women globally to address climate change;
 - (2) taking effective action to prevent and respond to climate change and mitigate the effects of climate change on women around the world, as well as to promoting gender equality, economic growth, public health, racial justice, and human rights;
 - (3) implementing the United Nations Sustainable Development goals listed in subsection (e), through and beyond 2030, as part of the strategy to prevent and respond to the effects of climate change on women globally;
 - (4) implementing balanced participation of men and women, especially individuals from the communities most impacted, in climate change adaptation and mitigation efforts, including in governance and diplomatic positions within the United States Government;
 - (5) working at the local, national, and international levels, including with individuals, families, and communities, to prevent and respond to the effects of climate change on women;
- 24 (6) systematically integrating and coordinating 25 efforts to prevent and respond to the effects of cli-

- 1 mate change on women internationally into United 2 States foreign policy and foreign assistance pro-3 grams;
 - (7) investing in research on climate change through appropriate Federal departments or agencies and funding of university and independent research groups on the various causes and effects of climate change;
 - (8) developing and implementing gender-sensitive frameworks in policies to address climate change, which account for the specific impacts of climate change on women;
 - (9) developing policies to support women who are particularly vulnerable to climate change impacts to prepare for, build their resilience, and adapt to such impacts, including a commitment to increase education and training opportunities for women to develop local resilience plans to address the effects of climate change;
 - (10) developing and investing in programs for the education and empowerment of women and girls in the United States and across the global community, including to gather information on how climate change is affecting their lives and for guidance on the needs of their families and communities in the

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- face of climate change, in coordination with the diplomatic missions of other countries;
 - (11) consulting with representatives of civil society, including nongovernmental organizations, faith-based organizations, multilateral organizations, local and international civil society groups, and local climate change organizations and their beneficiaries with demonstrated experience in preventing and responding to the effects of climate change on women;
 - (12) supporting and building local capacity in developing countries, including with respect to governments at all levels and nongovernmental organizations (especially women-led), to prevent and respond to the effects of climate change on women;
 - (13) developing programs to empower women in communities to have a voice in the planning, design, implementation, and evaluation of strategies to address climate change so that their roles and resources are taken into account;
 - (14) including women in economic development planning, policies, and practices that directly improve conditions that result from climate change;
 - (15) integrating a gender approach in all policies and programs in the United States that are globally related to climate change; and

- 1 (16) ensuring that such policies and programs
- 2 support women globally to prepare for, build resil-
- ience for, and adapt to climate change.
- 4 (b) UPDATES.—The Senior Coordinator for Women
- 5 and Climate Change shall consult with the Federal Inter-
- 6 agency Working Group to collect information and feed-
- 7 back, to update the strategy and programs to prevent and
- 8 respond to the effects of climate change on women glob-
- 9 ally.
- 10 (c) Implementation Plan.—Not later than 60
- 11 days after the date of the submission of the strategy under
- 12 subsection (a), the Senior Coordinator for Women and Cli-
- 13 mate Change shall submit to the appropriate congressional
- 14 committees an implementation plan and budget for the
- 15 strategy.
- 16 (d) Assistance and Consultation.—The Senior
- 17 Coordinator for Women and Climate Change shall assist
- 18 and provide consultation to the Secretary of State in pre-
- 19 venting and responding to the effects of climate change
- 20 on women globally.
- 21 (e) United Nations Sustainable Development
- 22 Goals Through and Beyond 2030.—The United Na-
- 23 tions Sustainable Development goals listed in this sub-
- 24 section are the following:
- 25 (1) Ending poverty in all its forms everywhere.

1	(2) Ending hunger, achieving food security and
2	improved nutrition, and promoting sustainable agri-
3	culture.
4	(3) Ensuring healthy lives and promote well-
5	being for all and at all ages.
6	(4) Ensuring inclusive, equitable, and quality
7	education and promoting lifelong learning opportuni-
8	ties for all.
9	(5) Achieving gender equality and empowering
10	all women and girls.
11	(6) Ensuring the availability and sustainable
12	management of water and sanitation for all.
13	(7) Ensuring access to affordable, reliable, sus-
14	tainable and modern energy for all.
15	(8) Promoting sustained, inclusive, and sustain-
16	able economic growth, full and productive employ-
17	ment, and decent work for all.
18	(9) Building resilient infrastructure, promoting
19	inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and fos-
20	tering innovation.
21	(10) Reducing inequality within and among
22	countries.
23	(11) Making cities and human settlements in-
24	clusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable.

1	(12) Ensuring sustainable consumption and
2	production patterns.
3	(13) Taking urgent action to combat climate
4	change and its impacts.
5	(14) Conserving and sustainably using the
6	oceans, seas, and marine resources for sustainable
7	development.
8	(15) Protecting, restoring, and promoting sus-
9	tainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably
10	managing forests, combating desertification, and
11	halting and reversing land degradation and biodiver-
12	sity loss.
13	(16) Promoting peaceful and inclusive societies
14	for sustainable development, providing access to jus-
15	tice for all, and building effective, accountable and
16	inclusive institutions at all levels.
17	(17) Strengthening the means of policy imple-
18	mentation and revitalize the global partnership for
19	sustainable development.
20	TITLE II—OVERSIGHT AND
21	ACCOUNTABILITY
22	SEC. 201. SENIOR COORDINATOR FOR WOMEN AND CLI-
23	MATE CHANGE.
24	(a) Establishment.—The Ambassador-at-Large of
25	the Office of Global Women's Issues shall designate a cur-

rent employee serving as a Senior Advisor, or equivalent
role, to serve concurrently as the Senior Coordinator for
Women and Climate Change.
(b) In General.—The Senior Coordinator shall—
(1) direct the activities, policies, programs, and
funding of the Department of State relating to the
effects of climate change on women, including with
respect to efforts to prevent and respond to these ef-
fects;
(2) advise the Secretary, the relevant heads of
other Federal departments and independent agen-
cies, and other entities within the Executive Office
of the President, regarding the establishment of—
(A) policies, goals, objectives, and priorities
for addressing and combating the effects of cli-
mate change on women; and
(B) mechanisms to improve the effective-
ness, coordination, impact, and outcomes of
programs relating to addressing and combating
the effects of climate change on women, in co-
ordination with experts in the field, nongovern-
mental organizations, and foreign governments
and
(3) identify and assist in the resolution of any

disputes that arise between Federal agencies relating

1	to policies and programs to address and combat the
2	effects of climate change on women or other matters
3	within the responsibility of the Office.
4	(c) Oversight.—The Senior Coordinator for Women
5	and Climate Change shall report to the Ambassador-at-
6	Large for the Office of Global Women's Issues and the
7	Secretary of State.
8	SEC. 202. BRIEFING AND REPORT.
9	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
10	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Ambas-
11	sador-at-Large and Senior Coordinator for Women and
12	Climate Change shall—
13	(1) brief the appropriate congressional commit-
14	tees on—
15	(A) the effects of climate change on
16	women; and
17	(B) the prevention and response strategies,
18	programming, and associated outcomes with re-
19	spect to climate change; and
20	(2) submit to the appropriate congressional
21	committees an assessment of human and financial
22	resources necessary to fulfill the purposes of and
23	carry out this Act.