Calendar No. 229

106TH CONGRESS H. R. 2415

# AN ACT

To enhance security of United States missions and personnel overseas, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State for fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes.

JULY 27, 1999

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

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# **AN ACT**

To enhance security of United States missions and personnel overseas, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State for fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "American Embassy
- 3 Security Act of 1999".

# 4 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

# 5 The table of contents is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

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- Sec. 104. Migration and refugee assistance.
- Sec. 105. Public diplomacy programs.
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- Sec. 704. Annual reporting on war crimes, crimes against humanity, and genocide.
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- Sec. 715. Sense of the Congress regarding support for the Iraqi democratic opposition.
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- Sec. 1201. Termination of foreign military financed training.
- Sec. 1202. Sales of excess Coast Guard property.
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- Sec. 1205. Notification of upgrades to direct commercial sales.
- Sec. 1206. Expanded prohibition on incentive payments.
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# TITLE XIII—STOCKPILING OF DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES

- Sec. 1301. Additions to United States war reserve stockpiles for allies.
- Sec. 1302. Transfer of certain obsolete or surplus defense articles in the war reserves stockpile for allies.

# TITLE XIV—INTERNATIONAL ARMS SALES CODE OF CONDUCT ACT OF 1999

- Sec. 1401. Short title.
- Sec. 1402. Findings.

Sec. 1403. International arms sales code of conduct.

# TITLE XV—AUTHORITY TO EXEMPT INDIA AND PAKISTAN FROM CERTAIN SANCTIONS

- Sec. 1501. Waiver authority.
- Sec. 1502. Consultation.
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- Sec. 1504. Appropriate congressional committees defined.

# TITLE XVI—TRANSFER OF NAVAL VESSELS TO CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

- Sec. 1601. Authority to transfer naval vessels.
- Sec. 1602. Inapplicability of aggregate annual limitation on value of transferred excess defense articles.
- Sec. 1603. Costs of transfers.

- Sec. 1604. Expiration of authority.
- Sec. 1605. Repair and refurbishment of vessels in United States shipyards.
- Sec. 1606. Sense of the Congress relating to transfer of naval vessels and aircraft to the Government of the Philippines.

### TITLE XVII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 1701. Annual military assistance reports.
- Sec. 1702. Publication of arms sales certifications.
- Sec. 1703. Notification requirements for commercial export of significant military equipment on United States munitions list.
- Sec. 1704. Enforcement of Arms Export Control Act.
- Sec. 1705. Violations relating to material support to terrorists.
- Sec. 1706. Authority to consent to third party transfer of ex-U.S.S. Bowman County to USS LST Ship Memorial, Inc.
- Sec. 1707. Exceptions relating to prohibitions on assistance to countries involved in transfer or use of nuclear explosive devices.

Sec. 1708. Continuation of the export control regulations under IEEPA.

# 1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
5	mittees" means the Committee on International Re-
6	lations and the Committee on Appropriations of the
7	House of Representatives and the Committee on
8	Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropria-
9	tions of the Senate.
10	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means

11 the Secretary of State.

# DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED PROVI SIONS TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS OF

# APPROPRIATIONS

5

# 6 CHAPTER 1—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

# 7 SEC. 101. ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

8 The following amounts are authorized to be appro-9 priated for the Department of State under "Administra-10 tion of Foreign Affairs" to carry out the authorities, func-11 tions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the for-12 eign affairs of the United States and for other purposes 13 authorized by law, including the diplomatic security pro-14 gram:

15 (1) DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PROGRAMS.— 16 (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-17 TIONS.—For "Diplomatic and Consular Pro-18 grams" of the Department of State, such sums 19 as may be necessary for the fiscal year 2000. 20 (B) LIMITATIONS.— 21 WORLDWIDE (i) SECURITY UP-22 GRADES.—Of the amounts authorized to be 23 subparagraph appropriated by (A). 24 \$254,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 is au-

1	thorized to be appropriated only for world-
2	wide security upgrades.
3	(ii) BUREAU OF DEMOCRACY, HUMAN
4	RIGHTS, AND LABOR.—Of the amounts au-
5	thorized to be appropriated by subpara-
6	graph (A), \$15,000,000 for fiscal year
7	2000 is authorized to be appropriated only
8	for salaries and expenses of the Bureau of
9	Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor.
10	(iii) Recruitment of minority
11	GROUPS.—Of the amounts authorized to be
12	appropriated by subparagraph (A),
13	\$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 is author-
14	ized to be appropriated only for the re-
15	cruitment of members of minority groups
16	for careers in the Foreign Service and
17	international affairs.
18	(2) Capital investment fund.—For "Cap-
19	ital Investment Fund" of the Department of State,
20	such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
21	2000.
22	(3) Security and maintenance of united
23	STATES MISSIONS.—
24	(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
25	TIONS.—For "Security and Maintenance of

1	United States Missions", \$1,580,066,000 for
2	the fiscal year 2000.
3	(B) SECURITY UPGRADES FOR UNITED
4	STATES MISSIONS.—Of the amounts authorized
5	to be appropriated by subparagraph (A),
6	\$1,146,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 is author-
7	ized to be appropriated only for security up-
8	grades to United States missions abroad, in-
9	cluding construction and relocation costs.
10	(4) Representation allowances.—For
11	"Representation Allowances", such sums as may be
12	necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
13	(5) Emergencies in the diplomatic and
14	CONSULAR SERVICE.—For "Emergencies in the Dip-
15	lomatic and Consular Service", such sums as may be
16	necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
17	(6) Office of the inspector general
18	For "Office of the Inspector General", such sums as
19	may be necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
20	(7) PAYMENT TO THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN
21	TAIWAN.—For "Payment to the American Institute
22	in Taiwan", such sums as may be necessary for the
23	fiscal year 2000.
24	(8) PROTECTION OF FOREIGN MISSIONS AND

25 OFFICIALS.—

(A) For "Protection of Foreign Missions
 and Officials", such sums as may be necessary
 for the fiscal year 2000.

4 (B) Each amount appropriated pursuant
5 to this paragraph is authorized to remain avail6 able through September 30 of the fiscal year
7 following the fiscal year for which the amount
8 appropriated was made.

9 (9) REPATRIATION LOANS.—For "Repatriation
10 Loans", such sums as may be necessary for the fis11 cal year 2000, for administrative expenses.

# 12 SEC. 102. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

13 (a) Assessed Contributions to International ORGANIZATIONS.—There are authorized to be appro-14 15 priated for "Contributions to International Organizations", such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year 16 17 2000 for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct 18 of the foreign affairs of the United States with respect 19 20 to international organizations and to carry out other au-21 thorities in law consistent with such purposes.

(b) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES.—There are authorized to be
appropriated for "Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities", such sums as may be necessary for

the fiscal year 2000 for the Department of State to carry
 out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities
 in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States
 with respect to international peacekeeping activities and
 to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such
 purposes.

7 (c) CIVIL BUDGET OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREA-8 TY ORGANIZATION.—For the fiscal year 2000, there are 9 authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-10 essary to pay the full amount for the United States assess-11 ment for the civil budget of the North Atlantic Treaty Or-12 ganization.

# 13 SEC. 103. INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS.

The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated under "International Commissions" for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorjed by law:

20 (1) INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER
21 COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.—For
22 "International Boundary and Water Commission,
23 United States and Mexico"—

1	(A) for "Salaries and Expenses" such
2	sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
3	2000; and
4	(B) for "Construction" such sums as may
5	be necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
6	(2) INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION,
7	UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—For "International
8	Boundary Commission, United States and Canada",
9	such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
10	2000.
11	(3) INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION.—For
12	"International Joint Commission", such sums as
13	may be necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
14	(4) INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMIS-
15	SIONS.—For "International Fisheries Commissions",
16	such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
17	2000.
18	SEC. 104. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.
19	(a) MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.—
20	(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
21	There are authorized to be appropriated for "Migra-
22	tion and Refugee Assistance" for authorized activi-
23	ties, \$750,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000.
24	(2) Limitations.—

12

- 1 (A) TIBETAN REFUGEES IN INDIA AND 2 NEPAL.—Of the amounts authorized to be ap-3 propriated in paragraph (1), not more than 4 \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 is author-5 ized to be available only for humanitarian as-6 sistance, including food, medicine, clothing, and 7 medical and vocational training, to Tibetan ref-8 ugees in India and Nepal who have fled Chi-9 nese-occupied Tibet. 10 (B) Refugees resettling in Israel.— 11 Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated 12 in paragraph (1), \$60,000,000 for the fiscal
- year 2000 is authorized to be available only for
  assistance for refugees resettling in Israel from
  other countries.

16 (C) HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR DIS-17 PLACED BURMESE.—Of the amounts authorized 18 be appropriated to in paragraph (1),19 \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 for humani-20 tarian assistance are authorized to be available 21 only for assistance (including food, medicine, 22 clothing, and medical and vocational training) 23 to persons displaced as a result of civil conflict 24 in Burma, including persons still within Burma.

1	(D) Assistance for displaced sierra
2	LEONEANS.—Of the amounts authorized to be
3	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$2,000,000 for
4	the fiscal year 2000 for humanitarian assist-
5	ance are authorized to be available only for as-
6	sistance (including food, medicine, clothing, and
7	medical and vocational training) and resettle-
8	ment of persons who have been severely muti-
9	lated as a result of civil conflict in Sierra
10	Leone, including persons still within Sierra
11	Leone.
12	(E) Assistance for Kosovar Refu-
13	GEES.—
14	(i) Of the amounts authorized to be
14 15	(1) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated in paragraph (1),
15	appropriated in paragraph (1),
15 16	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are
15 16 17	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the
15 16 17 18	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the Front Line States Initiative defined in
15 16 17 18 19	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the Front Line States Initiative defined in clause (ii).
15 16 17 18 19 20	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the Front Line States Initiative defined in clause (ii). (ii) For the purposes of this subpara-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the Front Line States Initiative defined in clause (ii). (ii) For the purposes of this subpara- graph, the term "Front Line States Initia-
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	appropriated in paragraph (1), \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for the Front Line States Initiative defined in clause (ii). (ii) For the purposes of this subpara- graph, the term "Front Line States Initia- tive" means assistance for the relief of ref-

1	ing, transportation, and other material,
2	with priority assistance for the relief of
3	refugees in the front line states of Albania
4	and Macedonia and for returned or return-
5	ing refugees, displaced persons, and other
6	victims of the humanitarian crisis within
7	Kosovo.
8	(F) INTERNATIONAL RAPE COUNSELING PRO-
9	GRAM.—Of the amounts authorized to be appro-
10	priated in paragraph $(1)$ , $$2,500,000$ for the fiscal
11	year 2000 are authorized to be appropriated only for
12	a United States based rape counseling program for
13	assistance to women who have been victimized by the
14	systematic use of rape as a weapon in times of con-
15	flict and war.
16	(b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appro-
17	priated pursuant to this section are authorized to remain
18	available until expended.
19	SEC. 105. PUBLIC DIPLOMACY PROGRAMS.
20	The following amounts are authorized to be appro-
21	priated for the Department of State to carry out inter-
22	national information activities and educational and cul-
23	tural exchange programs under the United States Infor-
24	mation and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, the Mu-
25	tual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, Re-

1	organization Plan Number 2 of 1977, the Dante B. Fas-
2	cell North-South Center Act of 1991, and the National
3	Endowment for Democracy Act, and to carry out other
4	authorities in law consistent with such purposes:
5	(1) INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION PRO-
6	GRAMS.—For "International Information Pro-
7	grams", such sums as may be necessary for the fis-
8	cal year 2000.
9	(2) Educational and cultural exchange
10	PROGRAMS.—
11	(A) FULBRIGHT ACADEMIC EXCHANGE
12	PROGRAMS.—There are authorized to be appro-
13	priated for the "Fulbright Academic Exchange
14	Programs" (other than programs described in
15	subparagraph (B)), such sums as may be nec-
16	essary for the fiscal year 2000.
17	(B) Other educational and cultural
18	EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.—
19	(i) IN GENERAL.—There are author-
20	ized to be appropriated for other edu-
21	cational and cultural exchange programs
22	authorized by law, including the Claude
23	and Mildred Pepper Scholarship Program
24	of the Washington Workshops Foundation
25	and the Mike Mansfield Fellowship Pro-

1	gram, such sums as may be necessary for
2	the fiscal year 2000.
3	(ii) South pacific exchanges.—Of
4	the amounts authorized to be appropriated
5	under clause (i), \$750,000 for the fiscal
6	year 2000 is authorized to be available for
7	"South Pacific Exchanges".
8	(iii) East timorese scholar-
9	SHIPS.—Of the amounts authorized to be
10	appropriated under clause (i), \$500,000
11	for the fiscal year 2000 is authorized to be
12	available for "East Timorese Scholar-
13	ships''.
14	(iv) TIBETAN EXCHANGES.—Of the
15	amounts authorized to be appropriated
16	under clause (i), \$500,000 for the fiscal
17	year 2000 is authorized to be available for
18	"Ngawang Choephel Exchange Programs"
19	(formerly known as educational and cul-
20	tural exchanges with Tibet) under section
21	103(a) of the Human Rights, Refugee, and
22	Other Foreign Relations Provisions Act of
23	1996 (Public Law 104–319).
24	(v) African exchanges.—Of the
25	amounts authorized to be appropriated

1 under clause (i), \$500,000 for the fiscal 2 year 2000 is authorized to be available only for "Educational and Cultural Ex-3 4 changes with Sub-Saharan Africa". 5 (3) CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL 6 INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.—For the 7 "Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange be-8 tween East and West", \$17,500,000 for the fiscal 9 year 2000. 10 (4)NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOC-11 RACY.—For the "National Endowment for Democ-12 racy", \$32,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000. 13 (5) Reagan-fascell democracy fellows.— 14 For a fellowship program, to be known as the 15 "Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows", for democ-16 racy activists and scholars from around the world at 17 the International Forum for Democratic Studies in 18 Washington, D.C., to study, write, and exchange 19 views with other activists and scholars and with 20 Americans, \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000. 21 (6) DANTE B. FASCELL NORTH-SOUTH CEN-22 TER.—For "Dante B. Fascell North-South Center"

such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
2000.

1 (7)ISRAEL-ARAB PEACE PARTNERS PRO-2 GRAM.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under clause (i), \$1,500,000 for the fiscal 3 4 year 2000 is authorized to be available only for peo-5 ple-to-people activities (with a focus on young peo-6 ple) to support the Middle East peace process involv-7 ing participants from Israel, the Palestinian Author-8 ity, Arab countries, and the United States, to be 9 known as the "Israel-Arab Peace Partners Pro-10 gram". Not later than 90 days after the date of the 11 enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall 12 submit a plan to the Committee on International Re-13 lations of the House of Representatives for imple-14 mentation of such program. The Secretary shall not implement the plan until 45 days after its submis-15 16 sion to the Committee.

# 17 SEC. 106. VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTER-18NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated for "Voluntary Contributions to International Organizations", such sums as
may be necessary for the fiscal year 2000.

23 (b) Limitations on Authorizations of Appro-24 Priations.—

(1) WORLD FOOD PROGRAM.—Of the amounts
 authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a),
 \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 is authorized to
 be appropriated only for a United States contribu tion to the World Food Program.

6 (2) UNITED NATIONS VOLUNTARY FUND FOR 7 VICTIMS OF TORTURE.—Of the amount authorized 8 to be appropriated under subsection (a), \$5,000,000 9 for the fiscal year 2000 is authorized to be appro-10 priated only for a United States contribution to the 11 United Nations Voluntary Fund for Victims of Tor-12 ture.

13 (3) INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM ON THE ELIMI-14 NATION OF CHILD LABOR.—Of the amounts author-15 ized to be appropriated under subsection (a), 16 \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000 is authorized to 17 be appropriated only for a United States contribu-18 tion to the International Labor Organization for the 19 activities of the International Program on the Elimi-20 nation of Child Labor.

(4) ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES.—Of
the amounts authorized to be appropriated under
subsection (a), \$240,000 for the fiscal year 2000 is
authorized to be appropriated only for a United
States contribution to the Organization of American

1 States for the Office of the Special Rapporteur for 2 Freedom of Expression in the Western Hemisphere 3 to conduct investigations, including field visits, to es-4 tablish a network of nongovernmental organizations, and to hold hemispheric conferences, of which 5 6 \$6,000 for each fiscal year is authorized to be ap-7 propriated only for the investigation and dissemina-8 tion of information on violations of freedom of ex-9 pression by the Government of Cuba. 10 (5) UNICEF.—Of the amounts authorized to 11 be appropriated under subsection (a), \$110,000,000 12 for the fiscal year 2000 is authorized to be appro-13 priated only for a United States contribution to 14 UNICEF. 15 (c) RESTRICTIONS ON UNITED STATES VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT 16

17 PROGRAM.—

18 (1) LIMITATION.—Of the amounts made avail-19 able under subsection (a) for the fiscal year 2000 for 20 United States voluntary contributions to the United 21 Nations Development Program an amount equal to 22 the amount the United Nations Development Pro-23 gram will spend in Burma during each fiscal year 24 shall be withheld unless during such fiscal year the 25 Secretary of State submits to the appropriate con-

1	gressional committees the certification described in
2	paragraph (2).
3	(2) CERTIFICATION.—The certification referred
4	to in paragraph (1) is a certification by the Sec-
5	retary of State that all programs and activities of
6	the United Nations Development Program (including
7	United Nations Development Program—Adminis-
8	tered Funds) in Burma—
9	(A) are focused on eliminating human suf-
10	fering and addressing the needs of the poor;
11	(B) are undertaken only through inter-
12	national or private voluntary organizations that
13	have been deemed independent of the State
14	Peace and Development Council (SPDC) (for-
15	merly known as the State Law and Order Res-
16	toration Council (SLORC), after consultation
17	with the leadership of the National League for
18	Democracy and the leadership of the National
19	Coalition Government of the Union of Burma;
20	(C) provide no financial, political, or mili-
21	tary benefit to the SPDC; and
22	(D) are carried out only after consultation
23	with the leadership of the National League for
24	Democracy and the leadership of the National
25	Coalition Government of the Union of Burma.

1 (d) Contributions to United Nations Popu-2 Lation Fund.—

3 (1) LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNT OF CONTRIBU4 TION.—Of the amounts made available under sub5 section (a), not more than \$25,000,000 for fiscal
6 year 2000 shall be available for the United Nations
7 Population Fund (hereinafter in this subsection re8 ferred to as the "UNFPA").

9 (2) PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS IN
10 CHINA.—None of the funds made available under
11 subsection (a) may be made available for the
12 UNFPA for a country program in the People's Re13 public of China.

(3) CONDITIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF
FUNDS.—Amounts made available under subsection
(a) for fiscal year 2000 for the UNFPA may not be
made available to UNFPA unless—

18 (A) the UNFPA maintains amounts made
19 available to the UNFPA under this section in
20 an account separate from other accounts of the
21 UNFPA;

(B) the UNFPA does not commingle
amounts made available to the UNFPA under
this section with other sums; and

25 (C) the UNFPA does not fund abortions.

1 (4) REPORT TO CONGRESS AND WITHHOLDING 2 OF FUNDS.—

(A) Not later than February 15, 2000, the
Secretary of State shall submit a report to the
appropriate congressional committees indicating
the amount of funds that the United Nations
Population Fund is budgeting for the year in
which the report is submitted for a country program in the People's Republic of China.

10 (B) If a report under subparagraph (A) in-11 dicates that the United Nations Population 12 Fund plans to spend funds for a country pro-13 gram in the People's Republic of China in the 14 year covered by the report, then the amount of 15 such funds that the UNFPA plans to spend in 16 the People's Republic of China shall be de-17 ducted from the funds made available to the 18 UNFPA after March 1 for obligation for the re-19 mainder of the fiscal year in which the report 20 is submitted.

(e) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts authorized
to be appropriated under subsection (a) are authorized to
remain available until expended.

2 Section 404 of The Asia Foundation Act (title IV of
3 Public Law 98–164) is amended to read as follows:

4 "SEC. 404. There are authorized to be appropriated
5 to the Secretary of State \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year
6 2000 for grants to The Asia Foundation pursuant to this
7 title.".

# 8 CHAPTER 2—BROADCASTING BOARD OF 9 GOVERNORS

# 10 SEC. 121. INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING.

11 The following amounts are authorized to be appro-12 priated for the Broadcasting Board of Governors to carry 13 out certain international broadcasting activities under the 14 United States International Broadcasting Act of 1994, the 15 Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act, and the Television 16 Broadcasting to Cuba Act, and for other purposes author-17 ized by law:

18 (1) INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING OPER-19 ATIONS.—

20 (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA21 TIONS.—For "International Broadcasting Oper22 ations", such sums as may be necessary for the
23 fiscal year 2000.

24 (B) ALLOCATION.—Of the amounts au25 thorized to be appropriated under subparagraph
26 (A), the Broadcasting Board of Governors shall

1	seek to ensure that the amounts made available
2	for broadcasting to nations whose people do not
3	fully enjoy freedom of expression do not decline
4	in proportion to the amounts made available for
5	broadcasting to other nations.
6	(2) Broadcasting capital improvements.—
7	For "Broadcasting Capital Improvements", such
8	sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year 2000.
9	(3) RADIO FREE ASIA.—For "Radio Free
10	Asia'', \$30,000,000 for the fiscal year 2000.
11	(4) Broadcasting to cuba.—
12	(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
13	TIONS.—For "Broadcasting to Cuba", such
14	sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year
15	2000.
16	(B) LIMITATION.—Of the amounts author-
17	ized to be appropriated under subparagraph
18	(A), \$712,000 for the fiscal year 2000 is au-
19	thorized to be appropriated only for the Office
20	of Cuba Broadcasting to develop and implement
21	new technology and enhance current methods to
22	strengthen and improve the transmission capa-
23	bilities of Radio Marti and TV Marti.

# 1 TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF 2 STATE AUTHORITIES AND AC 3 TIVITIES 4 CHAPTER 1—AUTHORITIES AND 5 ACTIVITIES

# 6 SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO LEASE AIRCRAFT TO RESPOND TO 7 A TERRORIST ATTACK ABROAD.

8 Subject to the availability of appropriations, in the 9 event of an emergency which involves a terrorist attack 10 abroad, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice is authorized to lease 11 commercial aircraft to transport equipment and personnel 12 in response to such attack if there have been reasonable 13 14 efforts to obtain appropriate Department of Defense aircraft and such aircraft are unavailable. The leasing au-15 thority under this section shall include authority to pro-16 vide indemnification insurance or guarantees, if necessary 17 18 and appropriate.

# 19 SEC. 202. REPORT ON CUBAN DRUG TRAFFICKING.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an unclassified report (with a classified
annex) on the extent of international drug trafficking

from, through, or over Cuba. Each report shall include the
 following:

3	(1) Information concerning the extent to which
4	the Cuban Government or any official, employee, or
5	entity of the Government of Cuba has engaged in,
6	facilitated, or condoned such trafficking.
7	(2) The extent to which the appropriate agen-
8	cies of the United States Government have inves-
9	tigated and prosecuted such activities of the Cuban
10	Government or any official, employee, or entity of
11	the Government of Cuba.
12	(3) A determination of whether the Government
13	of Cuba should be included in the list of nations con-
14	sidered to be major drug trafficking countries.
15	SEC. 203. REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE HAGUE CON-
16	VENTION ON INTERNATIONAL CHILD ABDUC-
17	TION.
18	Section 2803(a) of the Foreign Affairs Reform and
19	Restructuring Act of 1998 (as enacted by division G of
20	the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental
21	Appropriations Act, 1999; Public Law 105–277) is
22	amended—
23	(1) by striking "1999," and inserting "2000,";
24	(2) in paragraph (2) by striking "abducted."

and inserting "abducted, are being wrongfully re-

1	tained in violation of United States court orders, or
2	which have failed to comply with any of their obliga-
3	tions under such convention with respect to applica-
4	tions for the return of children, access to children,
5	or both, submitted by United States citizens or law-
6	ful residents.";
7	(3) in paragraph (3)—
8	(A) by striking "children" and inserting
9	"children, access to children, or both,"; and
10	(B) by inserting "or lawful residents" after
11	"citizens"; and
12	(4) by inserting after paragraph $(5)$ the fol-
13	lowing new paragraph:
14	"(6) A list of the countries which are Parties to
15	the Convention, but in which due to the absence of
16	a prompt and effective method for enforcement of
17	civil court orders, the absence of a doctrine of com-
18	ity, or other factors, there is a substantial possibility
19	that an order of return or access under a Hague
20	Convention proceeding, or a United States custody,
21	access, or visitation order, will not be promptly en-
22	forced.".

# 1 SEC. 204. ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE REPORTS.

2 (a) POST LANGUAGE COMPETENCE.—Section 304(c)
3 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3944(c))
4 is repealed.

5 (b) SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH.—Section 574
6 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related
7 Programs Appropriations Act, 1996 (Public Law 104–
8 107) is repealed.

9 (c) REDUNDANT REPORTS ON CERTAIN WEAPONS.—
10 (1) Section 308 of the Chemical and Biological
11 Weapons and Warfare Elimination Act of 1991
12 (Public Law 102–182) is repealed.

(2) Section 585 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1997 (Public Law 104–208), is repealed.
(d) SITUATION IN IRAQ.—Section 3 of Public Law
102–1 is amended by striking "60 days" and inserting "6
months".

# 19 SEC. 205. CONTINUATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) REPORTS ON CLAIMS BY UNITED STATES FIRMS
AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF SAUDI ARABIA.—Section
2801(b) of the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring
Act of 1998 (as enacted by division G of the Omnibus
Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999; Public Law 105–277) is amended—

26 (1) by striking "the earlier of—";

(2) by striking paragraph (1); and

1

2 (3) by striking the designation for paragraph3 (2) and adjusting the tabulation.

4 (b) REPORTS ON DETERMINATIONS UNDER TITLE IV OF THE LIBERTAD ACT.—Section 2802(a) of the For-5 eign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (as 6 7 enacted by division G of the Omnibus Consolidated and 8 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999; Pub-9 lic Law 105–277) is amended by striking "during the period ending September 30, 1999," and inserting a comma. 10 11 (c) Relations With Vietnam.—Section 2805 of 12 the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 13 1998 (as enacted by division G of the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 14 15 1999; Public Law 105–277) is amended by striking "during the period ending September 30, 1999,". 16

17 (d) Reports on Ballistic Missile Cooperation WITH RUSSIA.—Section 2705(d) of the Foreign Affairs 18 Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (as enacted by di-19 vision G of the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency 20 21 Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999; Public Law 105– 22 277) is amended by striking "and January 1, 2000," and inserting "January 1, 2000, January 1, 2001, and Janu-23 ary 1, 2002,". 24

3 (a) NEGOTIATIONS.—The Secretary of State shall attempt to achieve the foreign policy goal of an international 4 5 arms sales code of conduct with all Wassenaar Arrangement countries. The Secretary of State shall take the nec-6 7 essary steps to begin negotiations with all Wassenaar Ar-8 rangement countries within 120 days after the date of the 9 enactment of this Act. The purpose of such negotiations 10 shall be to conclude an agreement on restricting or prohib-11 iting arms transfers to countries that do not meet the criteria under subsection (b). 12

13 (b) CRITERIA.—The criteria referred to in subsection14 (a) are as follows:

15 (1) PROMOTING DEMOCRACY.—Such
16 government—

17 (A) was chosen by and permits free and18 fair elections;

(B) promotes civilian control of the military and security forces and has civilian institutions controlling the policy, operation, and
spending of all law enforcement and security institutions, as well as the armed forces;

24 (C) promotes the rule of law, equality be-25 fore the law, and respect for individual and mi-

1	nority rights, including freedom to speak, pub-
2	lish, associate, and organize; and
3	(D) promotes the strengthening of polit-
4	ical, legislative, and civil institutions of democ-
5	racy, as well as autonomous institutions to
6	monitor the conduct of public officials and to
7	combat corruption.
8	(2) Respects human rights.—Such
9	government—
10	(A) does not engage in gross violations of
11	internationally recognized human rights,
12	including—
13	(i) extrajudicial or arbitrary execu-
14	tions;
15	(ii) disappearances;
16	(iii) torture or severe mistreatment;
17	(iv) prolonged arbitrary imprisonment;
18	(v) systematic official discrimination
19	on the basis of race, ethnicity, religion,
20	gender, national origin, or political affili-
21	ation; and
22	(vi) grave breaches of international
23	laws of war or equivalent violations of the
24	laws of war in internal conflicts;

1	(B) vigorously investigates, disciplines, and
2	prosecutes those responsible for gross violations
3	of internationally recognized human rights;
4	(C) permits access on a regular basis to
5	political prisoners by international humani-
6	tarian organizations such as the International
7	Committee of the Red Cross;
8	(D) promotes the independence of the judi-
9	ciary and other official bodies that oversee the
10	protection of human rights;
11	(E) does not impede the free functioning of
12	domestic and international human rights orga-
13	nizations; and
14	(F) provides access on a regular basis to
15	humanitarian organizations in situations of con-
16	flict or famine.
17	(3) Not engaged in certain acts of armed
18	AGGRESSION.—Such government is not currently en-
19	gaged in acts of armed aggression in violation of
20	international law.
21	(4) Full participation in united nations
22	REGISTER OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS.—Such govern-
23	ment is fully participating in the United Nations
24	Register of Conventional Arms.
25	(c) Reports.—

34

1 (1) Report of the secretary of state.— 2 Not later than 6 months after the commencement of 3 negotiations under subsection (a), and not later than 4 the end of every 6-month period thereafter until an 5 agreement described in subsection (a) is concluded, 6 the Secretary of State shall report to the appropriate 7 congressional committees on the progress of such ne-8 gotiations.

9 (2) HUMAN RIGHTS REPORT.—In the report re-10 quired by sections 116(d) and 502B of the Foreign 11 Assistance Act of 1961, the Secretary of State shall 12 describe the extent to which the practices of each 13 country evaluated meet the criteria of subsection (b). 14 (d) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the 15 term "Wassenaar Arrangement countries" means those participating in the Wassenaar Arrangement on Export 16 Controls for Conventional Arms and Dual Use Goods and 17 18 Technologies, done at Vienna on July 11–12, 1996.

# 19 SEC. 207. HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY FELLOWSHIPS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the
Department of State a program which shall be known as
the "Human Rights and Democracy Fellowship Program". The program shall be administered by the Secretary with the assistance of the Assistant Secretary for
Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor. The program shall

provide for the employment of not less than 6 and not 1 2 more than 12 fellows in the Bureau of Democracy, Human 3 Rights, and Labor. Fellowships shall be for an initial 1 4 year period which may be extended for a total of not more 5 than 3 years. Fellowships shall be available to individuals 6 who have expertise in human rights policy, human rights 7 law, or related subjects and who are not permanent em-8 ployees of the United States Government.

9 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—There are
10 authorized to be appropriated for the Human Rights and
11 Democracy Fellowship Program under subsection (a)
12 \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2000.

# 13 SEC. 208. JOINT FUNDS UNDER AGREEMENTS FOR CO14 OPERATION IN ENVIRONMENTAL, SCI15 ENTIFIC, CULTURAL AND RELATED AREAS.

16 Amounts made available to the Department of State 17 for participation in joint funds under agreements for cooperation in environmental, scientific, cultural and related 18 19 areas prior to fiscal year 1996 which, pursuant to express 20 terms of such international agreements, were deposited in 21 interest-bearing accounts prior to disbursement may earn 22 interest, and interest accrued to such accounts may be 23 used and retained without return to the Treasury of the 24 United States and without further appropriation by Con-25 gress. The Department of State shall take action to ensure

the complete and timely disbursement of appropriations
 and associated interest within joint funds covered by this
 section and final disposition of such agreements.

#### 4 SEC. 209. REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL EXTRADITION.

5 Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall prepare and 6 7 submit to the Congress a report concerning international 8 extradition. The report shall review all extradition treaties 9 and agreements to which the United States is signatory; identify those countries that have become "safe havens" 10 for individuals fleeing the American justice system; iden-11 tify the factors which contribute to the international extra-12 13 dition problem, particularly laws in foreign countries which prohibit the extradition to another country of cer-14 15 tain classes of persons; and propose appropriate legislative and diplomatic solutions to such problem, including, where 16 17 appropriate, the renegotiation of extradition treaties.

#### 18 SEC. 210. EFFECTIVE REGULATION OF SATELLITE EXPORT

19

#### ACTIVITIES.

20 (a) LICENSING REGIME.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State
shall establish a regulatory regime for the licensing
for export of commercial satellites, satellite technologies, their components, and systems which shall
include expedited approval, as appropriate, of the li-

1	censing for export by United States companies of
2	commercial satellites, satellite technologies, their
3	components, and systems, to NATO allies, major
4	non-NATO allies, and other friendly countries, but
5	not to the Peoples Republic of China.
6	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—For proposed exports to
7	those nations which meet the requirements of para-
8	graph (1) above, the regime should include expedited
9	processing of requests for export authorizations
10	that—
11	(A) are time-critical, including a transfer
12	or exchange of information relating to a sat-
13	ellite failure or anomaly in-flight or on-orbit;
14	(B) are required to submit bids to procure-
15	ments offered by foreign persons;
16	(C) relate to the re-export of unimproved
17	materials, products, or data; or
18	(D) are required to obtain launch and on-
19	orbit insurance.
20	(b) FINANCIAL AND PERSONNEL RESOURCES.—Of
21	the funds authorized to be appropriated in section
22	101(1)(A), \$11,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated
23	for the Office of Defense Trade Controls for fiscal year
24	2000, to enable that office to carry out its responsibilities.

(c) IMPROVEMENT AND ASSESSMENT.—The Sec retary shall, not later than 6 months after the date of the
 enactment of this Act, submit to the Congress a plan for—

4 (1) continuously gathering industry and public
5 suggestions for potential improvements in the State
6 Department's export control regime for commercial
7 satellites; and

8 (2) arranging for the conduct and submission to 9 Congress, not later than 15 months after the date 10 of the enactment of this Act, an independent review 11 of the export control regime for commercial satellites 12 as to its effectiveness at promoting national security 13 and economic competitiveness.

#### 14 SEC. 211. REPORT CONCERNING ATTACK IN CAMBODIA.

15 Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 6 months thereafter until the 16 investigation referred to in this section is completed, the 17 Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney Gen-18 19 eral, shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional 20 committees, in classified and unclassified form, containing 21 the most current information on the investigation into the 22 March 30, 1997, grenade attack in Cambodia, including 23 a discussion of communication between the United States 24 Embassy in Phnom Penh and Washington.

#### 1 SEC. 212. GENDER RELATED PERSECUTION TASK FORCE.

2 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—The Sec-3 retary of State, in consultation with other Federal agen-4 cies, shall establish a task force with the goal of deter-5 mining eligibility guidelines for women seeking refugee 6 status overseas due to gender-related persecution (includ-7 ing but not limited to domestic and workplace violence and 8 female genital mutilation).

9 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 10 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall 11 prepare and submit to the Congress a report outlining the 12 guidelines determined by the task force under subsection 13 (a).

#### 14 SEC. 213. REPORT CONCERNING THE DIPLOMATIC INITIA-

# 15 TIVES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER 16 INTERESTED PARTIES IN THE FEDERAL RE17 PUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA.

18 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment 19 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report 20 to the appropriate congressional committees assessing the diplomatic initiatives of the United States and other inter-21 22 ested parties in the period leading up to and during the 23 war in Kosovo. The report shall be written by an inde-24 pendent panel of experts (from the National Academy of Sciences). The report shall give particular consideration 25 26 to the Rambouilliet negotiations, diplomatic initiatives un-**HR 2415 PCS** 

dertaken by representatives of Russia, Cyprus, Finland,
 United States congressional members, other United States
 citizens, and other parties. The report analysis will evalu ate the role of diplomacy in ending the war and compare
 the final agreement with various proposed agreements dat ing from before the commencement of the bombing cam paign.

# 8 SEC. 214. REPORT CONCERNING PROLIFERATION OF 9 SMALL ARMS.

10 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-11 ment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to 12 the appropriate congressional committees a report 13 containing—

14 (1) an assessment of whether the global trade
15 in small arms poses any proliferation problems
16 including—

17 (A) estimates of the numbers and sources
18 of licit and illicit small arms and light arms in
19 circulation and their origins;

20 (B) the challenges associated with moni-21 toring small arms; and

(C) the political, economic, and security dimensions of this issue, and the threats posed,
if any, by these weapons to United States interests, including national security interests;

(2) an assessment of whether the export of
 small arms of the type sold commercially in the
 United States should be considered a foreign policy
 or proliferation issue;

5 (3) a description and analysis of the adequacy 6 of current Department of State activities to monitor 7 and, to the extent possible ensure adequate control 8 of, both the licit and illicit manufacture, transfer, 9 and proliferation of small arms and light weapons, 10 including efforts to survey and assess this matter 11 with respect to Africa and to survey and assess the 12 scope and scale of the issue, including stockpile secu-13 rity and destruction of excess inventory, in NATO 14 and Partnership for Peace countries;

(4) a description of the impact of the reorganization of the Department of State made by the
Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of
1998 on the transfer of functions relating to monitoring, licensing, analysis, and policy on small arms
and light weapons, including—

(A) the integration of and the functions relating to small arms and light weapons of the
United States Arms Control and Disarmament
Agency with those of the Department of State;

1	(B) the functions of the Bureau of Arms
2	Control, the Bureau of Nonproliferation, the
3	Bureau of Political-Military Affairs, the Bureau
4	of International Narcotics and Law Enforce-
5	ment, regional bureaus, and any other relevant
6	bureau or office of the Department of State, in-
7	cluding the allocation of personnel and funds,
8	as they pertain to small arms and light weap-
9	ons;
10	(C) the functions of the regional bureaus
11	of the Department of State in providing infor-
12	mation and policy coordination in bilateral and
13	multilateral settings on small arms and light
14	weapons;
15	(D) the functions of the Under Secretary
16	of State for Arms Control and International Se-
17	curity pertaining to small arms and light weap-
18	ons; and
19	(E) the functions of the scientific and pol-
20	icy advisory board on arms control, non-
21	proliferation, and disarmament pertaining to
22	small arms and light weapons; and
23	(5) an assessment of whether foreign govern-
24	ments are enforcing their own laws concerning small
25	arms and light weapons import and sale, including

commitments under the Inter-American Convention
 Against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking
 in Firearms, Ammunition, Explosives, and Other
 Related Materials or other relevant international
 agreements.

# 6 CHAPTER 2—CONSULAR AND RELATED 7 ACTIVITIES

## 8 SEC. 251. DEATHS AND ESTATES OF UNITED STATES CITI9 ZENS ABROAD.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 1709 of the Revised Statutes
(22 U.S.C. 4195) is repealed.

(b) AMENDMENT TO STATE DEPARTMENT BASIC AUTHORITIES ACT OF 1956.—The State Department Basic
Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by inserting after section 43 the following new sections:

16 "SEC. 43A. NOTIFICATION OF NEXT OF KIN; REPORTS OF17 DEATH.

18 "Pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary of19 State may prescribe—

"(1) When a United States citizen or national
dies abroad, a consular officer shall endeavor to notify, or assist the Secretary of State in notifying, the
next of kin or legal guardian as soon as possible;
provided, that in the case of death of Peace Corps
Volunteers, members of the Armed Forces, their de-

pendents, or Department of Defense civilian employ ees, the consular officer shall assist the Peace Corps
 or the appropriate military authorities in making
 such notifications.

5 "(2) The consular officer may, for any United
6 States citizen who dies abroad, (A) in the case of a
7 finding by appropriate local authorities, issue a re8 port of death or of presumptive death, or (B) in the
9 absence of a finding by appropriate local authorities,
10 issue a report of presumptive death.

#### 11 "SEC. 43B. CONSERVATION AND DISPOSITION OF ESTATES.

12 "(a) Conservation of Estates Abroad.—

"(1) AUTHORITY TO ACT AS CONSERVATOR.—
Pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary of
State may prescribe, when a United States citizen or
national dies abroad, a consular officer shall act as
the provisional conservator of the decedent's estate
and, subject to paragraphs (3) and (4), shall—

19 "(A) take possession of the personal effects20 within his jurisdiction;

21 "(B) inventory and appraise the personal
22 effects, sign the inventory, and annex thereto a
23 certificate as to the accuracy of the inventory
24 and appraised value of each article;

1	"(C) when appropriate, collect the debts
2	due to the decedent in the officer's jurisdiction
3	and pay from the estate the obligations owed
4	there by the decedent;
5	"(D) sell or dispose of, as appropriate, all
6	perishable items of property;
7	"(E) sell, after reasonable public notice
8	and notice to such next of kin as can be
9	ascertained with reasonable diligence, such ad-
10	ditional items of property as necessary to pro-
11	vide funds sufficient to pay the decedent's debts
12	and property taxes in the country of death, fu-
13	neral expenses, and other expenses incident to
14	the disposition of the estate;
15	"(F) at the end of 1 year from the date of
16	death (or after such additional period as may
17	be required for final settlement of the estate),
18	if no claimant shall have appeared, sell or dis-
19	pose of the residue of the personal estate, ex-
20	cept as provided in subparagraph (G) below, in
21	the same manner as United States Government-
22	owned foreign excess property;
23	"(G) transmit to the United States, to the
24	Secretary of State, the proceeds of any sales
25	along with any financial instruments (including

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1	bonds, shares of stock, and notes of indebted-
2	ness), jewelry, heirlooms, and other articles of
3	obvious sentimental value, to be held in trust
4	for the legal claimant; and
5	"(H) in the event that the decedent's es-
6	tate includes an interest in real property located
7	within the jurisdiction of the officer and such
8	interest does not devolve by the applicable laws
9	of intestate succession or otherwise, provide for
10	title to the property to be conveyed to the Gov-
11	ernment of the United States unless the Sec-
12	retary declines to accept such conveyance.
13	"(2) Authority to act as administrator.—
14	The Secretary of State may expressly authorize the
15	officer to act as administrator of the estate in excep-
16	tional circumstances, pursuant to such regulations
17	as the Secretary may prescribe. The officer shall not
18	otherwise act in such capacity.
19	"(3) Exceptions.—
20	"(A) The function provided for in this sec-
21	tion shall not be performed to the extent that
22	the decedent has left or there is otherwise ap-
23	pointed, in the country where the death oc-
24	curred or where the decedent was domiciled, a
25	legal representative, partner in trade, or trustee

1 appointed to take care of his personal estate. If 2 the decedent's legal representative shall appear 3 at any time prior to transmission of the estate 4 to the Secretary and demand the proceeds and effects being held by the officer, the officer 5 6 shall deliver them to the representative after 7 having collected any prescribed fee for the serv-8 ices rendered pursuant to this section.

9 "(B) Nothing in this section shall affect 10 the authority of military commanders under 11 title 10 of the United States Code with respect 12 to persons or property under military command 13 or jurisdiction or the authority of the Peace 14 Corps with respect to Peace Corps Volunteers 15 or their property.

"(4) CONDITIONS.—The functions provided for
in this section shall be performed only when authorized by treaty provisions or permitted by the laws or
authorities of the country wherein the death occurs,
or the decedent is domiciled, or if such functions are
permitted by established usage.

22 "(b) DISPOSITION OF ESTATES BY THE SECRETARY
23 OF STATE.—

24 "(1) PERSONAL ESTATES.—

1 "(A) After receipt of personal estates pur-2 suant to subsection (a), the Secretary, pursuant 3 to such regulations as the Secretary may pre-4 scribe for the conservation of such estates, may 5 seek payment of all outstanding debts to the es-6 tate as they become due, may receive any bal-7 ances due on such estates, may endorse all 8 checks, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and 9 other instruments of indebtedness payable to 10 the estate for the benefit thereof, and may take 11 such other action as is reasonably necessary for 12 the conservation of the estate.

13 "(B) If by the end of the fifth full fiscal 14 year after receipt of the personal estate pursu-15 ant to subsection (a), no legal claimant for such 16 estate has appeared, title to the estate shall 17 pass to the Secretary who shall dispose of the 18 estate in the same manner as surplus United 19 States Government-owned property or by such 20 means as may be appropriate in light of the na-21 ture and value of the property involved. The ex-22 penses of sales shall be paid from the estate, 23 and any lawful claim received thereafter shall 24 be payable to the extent of the value of the net

1	proceeds of the estate as a refund from the ap-
2	propriate Treasury account.
3	"(C) The net cash estate after disposition
4	as provided in subparagraph (B) shall be remit-
5	ted to the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
6	"(2) Real property.—Pursuant to such regu-
7	lations as the Secretary may prescribe—
8	"(A) in the event that real property is con-
9	veyed to the Government of the United States
10	pursuant to subsection $(a)(1)(H)$ and is not
11	needed by the Department of State, such prop-
12	erty shall be considered foreign excess property
13	under title IV of the Federal Property and Ad-
14	ministrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C.
15	511 et seq.); and
16	"(B) in the event that the Department
17	needs such property, the Secretary shall treat
18	such property as if it were an unconditional gift
19	accepted on behalf of the Department of State
20	pursuant to section 25 of this Act and section
21	9(a)(3) of the Foreign Service Buildings Act of
22	1926, as amended.
23	"(c) Losses in Connection With the Conserva-
24	TION OF ESTATES.—

"(1) AUTHORITY.—Pursuant to such regula-1 2 tions as the Secretary of State may prescribe, the 3 Secretary is authorized to compensate the estate of 4 any United States citizen, who has died overseas, for 5 property, the conservation of which has been under-6 taken under either section 43 or subsection (a) of this section, and that has been lost, stolen, or de-7 8 stroyed while in the custody of officers or employees 9 of the Department of State. Any such compensation 10 shall be in lieu of personal liability of officers or em-11 ployees of the Department of State. Officers and 12 employees of the Department of State may be liable 13 in appropriate cases to the Department of State to 14 the extent of any compensation provided pursuant to 15 this subsection.

16 "(2) LIABILITY.—The liability of officers or
17 employees of the Department of State to the Depart18 ment for payments made pursuant to paragraph (a)
19 of this section shall be determined pursuant to the
20 Department's procedures for determining account21 ability for United States Government property.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect 6 months after enactment of
this Act or upon the effective date of any regulations promulgated hereunder, whichever is sooner.

52

#### 1 SEC. 252. DUTIES OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.

2 Section 43 of the State Department Basic Authorities
3 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2715) is amended—

- 4 (1) by inserting "(a) AUTHORITY.—" before
  5 "In";
- 6 (2) by striking "disposition of personal effects."
  7 in the last sentence and inserting "disposition of
  8 personal estates pursuant to section 43B of this
  9 Act."; and
- 10 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-11 section:

12 "(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section and 13 sections 43A and 43B of this Act, the term 'consular offi-14 cer' includes any United States citizen employee of the De-15 partment of State who is designated by the Secretary of 16 State to perform consular services pursuant to such regu-17 lations as the Secretary may prescribe.".

#### 18 SEC. 253. MACHINE READABLE VISAS.

19 Section 140(a) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza20 tion Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (8 U.S.C. 1351
21 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3) by amending the first sentence to read as follows: "For each of the fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002, any amount collected under paragraph (1) that exceeds \$316,715,000 for fiscal year 2000, \$338,885,000 for fiscal year 2001,

and \$362,607,000 for fiscal year 2002 may be made
 available only if a notification is submitted to Con gress in accordance with the procedures applicable to
 reprogramming notifications under section 34 of the
 State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.";
 and

7 (2) by striking paragraphs (4) and (5).

#### 8 SEC. 254. PROCESSING OF VISA APPLICATIONS.

9 (a) POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the Department 10 of State to process immigrant visa applications of immediate relatives of United States citizens and nonimmigrant 11 k–1 visa applications of fiances of United States citizens 12 13 within 30 days of the receipt of all necessary documents from the applicant and the Immigration and Naturaliza-14 15 tion Service. In the case of a visa application where the sponsor of such applicant is a relative other than an imme-16 17 diate relative, it should be the policy of the Department of State to process such an application within 60 days of 18 19 the receipt of all necessary documents from the applicant 20and the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

(b) REPORTS.—For each of the fiscal years 2000 and
2001, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an annual report on the
extent to which the Department of State is meeting the
policy standards under subsection (a). Each report shall

be based on a survey of the 22 consular posts which ac-1 2 count for approximately 72 percent of immigrant visas 3 issued and, in addition, the consular posts in Guatemala 4 City, Nicosia, Caracas, Naples, and Jakarta. Each report 5 should include data on the average time for processing each category of visa application under subsection (a), a 6 7 list of the embassies and consular posts which do not meet 8 the policy standards under subsection (a), the amount of 9 funds collected for processing of visa applications, the 10 costs of processing such visa applications, and the steps being taken by the Department of State to achieve such 11 policy standards. 12

(c) TASK FORCE.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with other Federal agencies, shall establish a
joint task force with the goal of reducing the overall processing time for visa applications.

### 17 SEC. 255. REPEAL OF OUTDATED PROVISION ON PASSPORT 18 FEES.

19 Section 4 of the Passport Act of June 4, 1920 (2220 U.S.C. 216, 41 Stat. 751) is repealed.

#### 21 SEC. 256. FEES RELATING TO AFFIDAVITS OF SUPPORT.

(a) AUTHORITY FOR FEE FOR PREPARATION ASSISTANCE.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of State
is authorized to charge a fee for services provided by the
Department of State to an individual for assistance in the

preparation and filing of an affidavit of support pursuant
 to section 213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act
 (8 U.S.C. 1183A) to ensure that the affidavit is properly
 completed before consideration of the affidavit and an im migrant visa application by a consular officer.

6 (b) LIMITATION.—An individual may be charged a
7 fee under this section only once, regardless of the number
8 of separate affidavits of support and visa applications for
9 which services are provided.

10 (c) TREATMENT OF FEES.—Fees collected under the authority of subsection (a) shall be deposited as an offset-11 12 ting collection to any Department of State appropriation, 13 to recover the costs of providing affidavit preparation services under subsection (a). Such fees shall remain available 14 15 for obligation until expended. Fees collected shall be available only to such extent and in such amounts as are pro-16 vided in advance in an appropriation Act. 17

18 SEC. 257. REPORT ON TERRORIST ACTIVITY IN WHICH
19 UNITED STATES CITIZENS WERE KILLED AND
20 RELATED MATTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the
date of the enactment of this Act, and every 6 months
thereafter, the Secretary of State shall prepare and submit
a report, with a classified annex as necessary, to the appropriate congressional committees regarding terrorist at-

1	tacks in Israel, in territory administered by Israel, and
2	in territory administered by the Palestinian Authority.
3	(b) CONTENTS.—Each report under subsection (a)
4	shall contain the following information:
5	(1) A list of formal commitments the Pales-
6	tinian Authority has made to combat terrorism.
7	(2) A list of terrorist attacks, occurring between
8	September 13, 1993 and the date of the report,
9	against United States citizens in Israel, in territory
10	administered by Israel, or in territory administered
11	by the Palestinian Authority, including—
12	(A) a list of all citizens of the United
13	States killed or injured in such attacks;
14	(B) the date of each attack and the total
15	number of people killed or injured in each at-
16	tack;
17	(C) the person or group claiming responsi-
18	bility for the attack and where such person or
19	group has found refuge or support;
20	(D) a list of suspects implicated in each at-
21	tack and the nationality of each suspect, includ-
22	ing information on—
23	(i) which suspects are in the custody
24	of the Palestinian Authority and which
25	suspects are in the custody of Israel;

1	(ii) which suspects are still at large in
2	areas controlled by the Palestinian Author-
3	ity or Israel; and
4	(iii) the whereabouts (or suspected
5	whereabouts) of suspects implicated in
6	each attack.
7	(3) Of the suspects implicated in the attacks
8	described in paragraph (2) and detained by Pales-
9	tinian or Israeli authorities, information on—
10	(A) the date each suspect was incarcer-
11	ated;
12	(B) whether any suspects have been re-
13	leased, the date of such release, and whether
14	any released suspect was implicated in subse-
15	quent acts of terrorism; and
16	(C) the status of each case pending against
17	a suspect, including information on whether the
18	suspect has been indicted, prosecuted, or con-
19	victed by the Palestinian Authority or Israel.
20	(4) The policy of the Department of State with
21	respect to offering rewards for information on ter-
22	rorist suspects, including any information on wheth-
23	er a reward has been posted for suspects involved in
24	terrorist attacks listed in the report.

1 (5) A list of each request by the United States 2 for assistance in investigating terrorist attacks listed 3 in the report, a list of each request by the United 4 States for the transfer of terrorist suspects from the Palestinian Authority and Israel since September 5 6 13, 1993, and the response to each request from the 7 Palestinian Authority and Israel. 8 (6) A description of efforts made by United 9 States officials since September 13, 1993, to bring 10 to justice perpetrators of terrorist acts against 11 United States citizens as listed in the report. 12 (7) A list of any terrorist suspects in each such 13 case who are members of Palestinian police or secu-14 rity forces, the Palestine Liberation Organization, or 15 any Palestinian governing body. 16 (c) CONSULTATION WITH OTHER DEPARTMENTS.— 17 In preparing each report required by this section, the Secretary of State shall consult and coordinate with all other 18 Government officials who have information necessary to 19 complete the report. Nothing contained in this section 20 21 shall require the disclosure, on a classified or unclassified 22 basis, of information that would jeopardize sensitive 23 sources and methods or other vital national security inter-24 ests or jeopardize ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings. 25

(d) INITIAL REPORT.—The initial report filed under
 this section shall cover the period between September 13,
 1993, and the date of the report.

4 (e) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—
5 For purposes of this section, the term "appropriate con6 gressional committee" means the Committee on Foreign
7 Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Inter8 national Relations of the House of Representatives.

9 SEC. 258. DENIAL OF PASSPORTS TO NONCUSTODIAL PAR10 ENTS SUBJECT TO STATE ARREST WARRANTS
11 IN CASES OF NONPAYMENT OF CHILD SUP12 PORT.

13 The Secretary of State is authorized to refuse a passport or revoke, restrict, or limit a passport in any case 14 15 in which the Secretary of State determines, or is informed by competent authority, that the applicant or passport 16 17 holder is a noncustodial parent who is the subject of an outstanding State warrant of arrest for nonpayment of 18 child support, where the amount in controversy is not less 19 20 than \$2,500.

21 SEC. 259. ISSUANCE OF PASSPORTS FOR THE FIRST TIME
22 TO CHILDREN UNDER AGE 14.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary

1	of State shall issue regulations providing that before
2	a child under the age of 14 years is issued a pass-
3	port for the first time, the requirements under para-
4	graph (2) shall apply under penalty of perjury.
5	(2) Requirements.—
6	(A) Both parents, or the child's legal
7	guardian, must execute the application and pro-
8	vide documentary evidence demonstrating that
9	they are the parents or guardian; or
10	(B) the person executing the application
11	must provide documentary evidence that such
10	
12	person—
12 13	(i) has sole custody of the child;
	*
13	(i) has sole custody of the child;
13 14	<ul><li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li><li>(ii) has the consent of the other par-</li></ul>
13 14 15	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> <li>(iii) is in loco parentis and has the</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> <li>(iii) is in loco parentis and has the consent of both parents, of a parent with</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> <li>(iii) is in loco parentis and has the consent of both parents, of a parent with sole custody over the child, or of the child's</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> <li>(iii) is in loco parentis and has the consent of both parents, of a parent with sole custody over the child, or of the child's legal guardian, to the issuance of the pass-</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(i) has sole custody of the child;</li> <li>(ii) has the consent of the other parent to the issuance of the passport; or</li> <li>(iii) is in loco parentis and has the consent of both parents, of a parent with sole custody over the child, or of the child's legal guardian, to the issuance of the passport.</li> </ul>

 $24 \quad {\rm of \ the \ child.}$ 

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#### UNTARY RETURN OF REFUGEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds made available 4 5 by this Act or by section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(c)) shall be 6 7 available to effect the involuntary return by the United 8 States of any person to a country in which the person has 9 a well-founded fear of persecution on account of race, reli-10 gion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion, except on grounds recognized as pre-11 12 cluding protection as a refugee under the United Nations 13 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees of July 28, 1951, and the Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees 14 15 of January 31, 1967, subject to the reservations contained in the United States Senate Resolution of Ratification. 16

17 (b) MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.—None of the funds made available by this Act or by section 2(c)18 of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22) 19 20 U.S.C. 2601(c)) shall be available to effect the involuntary 21 return of any person to any country unless the Secretary 22 of State first notifies the appropriate congressional com-23 mittees, except that in the case of an emergency involving 24 a threat to human life the Secretary of State shall notify the appropriate congressional committees as soon as prac ticable.

3 (c) INVOLUNTARY RETURN DEFINED.—As used in 4 this section, the term "to effect the involuntary return" 5 means to require, by means of physical force or circumstances amounting to a threat thereof, a person to re-6 7 turn to a country against the person's will, regardless of 8 whether the person is physically present in the United 9 States and regardless of whether the United States acts 10 directly or through an agent.

#### 11 SEC. 272. HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTS.

12 Section 502B(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 13 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(b)) is amended by inserting after 14 the fourth sentence the following: "Each report under this 15 section shall describe the extent to which each country has 16 extended protection to refugees, including the provision of 17 first asylum and resettlement.".

#### 18 SEC. 273. GUIDELINES FOR REFUGEE PROCESSING POSTS.

(a) GUIDELINES FOR ADDRESSING HOSTILE BI20 ASES.—Section 602(c) of the International Religious
21 Freedom Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–292; 112 Stat.
22 2812) is amended by inserting "and of the Department
23 of State" after "Service".

(b) GUIDELINES FOR OVERSEAS REFUGEE PROC 2 ESSING.—Section 602(c) of such Act is further amended
 3 by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

4 "(3) Not later than 120 days after the date of 5 the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-6 tion Act, Fiscal Year 2000, the Secretary of State 7 (after consultation with the Attorney General) shall 8 issue guidelines to ensure that persons with potential 9 biases against any refugee applicant, including per-10 sons employed by, or otherwise subject to influence 11 by, governments known to be involved in persecution 12 on account of religion, race, nationality, membership 13 in a particular social group, or political opinion, 14 shall not in any way be used in processing deter-15 minations of refugee status, including interpretation 16 of conversations or examination of documents pre-17 sented by such applicants.".

#### 18 SEC. 274. VIETNAMESE REFUGEES.

19 No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act 20 may be made available to support a larger number of per-21 sonnel assigned to United States diplomatic or consular 22 posts in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam than the num-23 ber assigned to such posts on March 22, 1999, unless not 24 less than 60 days prior to any obligation or expenditure of such funds the Secretary of State submits a certifi cation to the appropriate congressional committees that—

3 (1) all United States refugee programs in Viet-4 nam, as well as programs to provide visas for 5 Amerasians and for immediate relatives of refugees 6 and asylees, are supervised by a Refugee Counselor 7 or Refugee Coordinator who has a proven record of 8 sensitivity to the problems of refugees and other vic-9 tims of human rights violations and who reports di-10 rectly to the Ambassador or the Consul General at 11 the United States Consulate in Saigon and receives 12 policy guidance from the Assistant Secretary of 13 State for the bureau with principal responsibility for 14 refugees;

15 (2) a program has been established in which all 16 former United States Government employees who 17 were adjudicated through a Vietnamese government 18 interpreter and whose applications for refugee status 19 were denied will be re-interviewed by Immigration 20 and Naturalization Service (INS) Asylum Officers 21 reporting directly to INS headquarters in Wash-22 ington, D.C., and receiving specialized training and 23 written guidance from the INS Asylum Division and 24 Office of General Counsel;

1 (3) members of the Montagnard ethnic minority 2 groups who fought alongside United States forces 3 prior to 1975, and who later served 3 years or more 4 in prisons or re-education camps, will not be dis-5 qualified from eligibility for resettlement in the 6 United States as refugees on the sole ground that 7 they continued to fight the Communists after 1975 8 and therefore did not begin their prison or re-edu-9 cation sentences until several years later;

10 (4) allied combat veterans whose 3-year re-edu-11 cation or prison sentences began before April 30, 12 1975, because they were serving in parts of the 13 country that fell to the Communists before Saigon, 14 and who are otherwise eligible for resettlement as 15 refugees in the United States, are not disqualified 16 on the sole ground of the date their re-education or 17 prison sentences began;

18 (5) persons who were eligible for the Orderly 19 Departure Program (ODP), but who missed the ap-20 plication deadline announced and imposed in 1994 21 because they were still in detention, in internal exile 22 in a remote and inaccessible location, unable to af-23 ford bribes demanded by corrupt local officials for 24 documentation and permission to attend refugee 25 interviews, or for other reasons beyond their control,

will be considered for interviews on a case-by-case
basis, and that such case-by-case consideration is
subject to clear written guidance and administrative
review to ensure that persons who missed the deadline for reasons beyond their control will not be denied consideration on the merits;

(6) widows of allied combat veterans who died
in re-education camps, including those who did not
apply before the 1994 deadline solely because they
lacked documentary evidence from the Communist
authorities to prove the death and/or marriage, and
who are otherwise eligible for ODP will have their
cases considered on the merits;

14 (7) unmarried sons and daughters of persons 15 eligible for United States programs, including per-16 sons described in section 2244 of the Foreign Af-17 fairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (en-18 acted as Division G of the Omnibus Consolidated 19 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for 20 Fiscal Year 1999, Public Law 105–277) will not be 21 disqualified from accompanying or following to join 22 their parents on the sole ground that they have not 23 been continuously listed on the household registra-24 tion issued to their parents by the government of the 25 Socialist Republic of Vietnam;

1 (8) returnees from refugee camps outside Viet-2 nam who met the criteria for the Resettlement Op-3 portunities for Vietnamese Returnees (ROVR) pro-4 gram, in that they either signed up for repatriation 5 or were actually repatriated between October 1, 6 1995, and June 30, 1996, but did not fill out a 7 ROVR application before their repatriation, will be 8 given the opportunity to fill out an application in 9 Vietnam and will have their cases considered on the 10 merits;

11 (9) returnees whose special circumstances de-12 nied them any meaningful opportunity to apply for 13 ROVR in the camps, such as those who were not of-14 fered applications because they were in hospitals or 15 were being held in detention centers within certain 16 camps, or who were erroneously told by camp ad-17 ministrators or Vietnamese government officials that 18 they were ineligible for the program, will be given an 19 opportunity to apply in Vietnam and will have their 20 cases considered on the merits, even if their repatri-21 ation took place after June 30, 1996;

(10) a program has been established to identify,
interview, and resettle persons who have experienced
recent persecution or credible threats of persecution
because of political, religious, or human rights activi-

1	ties in Vietnam, subject to clear written standards to
2	ensure that such persons will have access to the pro-
3	gram whether or not they are included in a ROVR
4	or ODP interview category and whether or not their
5	cases are referred by an international organization;
6	(11) written guidance with respect to applica-
7	tions for reconsideration has been issued by the Im-
8	migration and Naturalization Service Office of Gen-
9	eral Counsel to ensure that applicants whose cases
10	were denied on grounds described in paragraphs $(2)$
11	through (10), because they were unwilling or unable
12	to describe mistreatment by the Vietnamese govern-
13	ment in the presence of a Vietnamese government
14	interpreter, or for other reasons contrary to the in-
15	terest of justice, will be re-interviewed; and
16	(12) all applicants described in paragraphs $(2)$
17	through (11) will have the assistance of a Joint Vol-
18	untary Agency (JVA) in preparing their cases.

#### TITLE **III—ORGANIZATION** OF 1 THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE; 2 PERSONNEL OF THE DEPART-3 **STATE: FOREIGN** MENT OF 4 SERVICE 5 6 CHAPTER 1—ORGANIZATION OF THE

7 **DEPARTMENT OF STATE** 

8 SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU FOR INTER-9 NATIONAL INFORMATION PROGRAMS AND 10 BUREAU FOR EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL 11 EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.

Section 1 of the State Department Basic Authorities
Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a) is amended by adding at
the end the following new subsection:

15 "(i) ESTABLISHMENT OF CERTAIN BUREAUS, OF16 FICES, AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONAL ENTITIES WITHIN
17 THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

"(1) BUREAU FOR INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION PROGRAMS.—There is established within the
Department of State the Bureau for International
Information Programs which shall assist the Secretary of State in carrying out international information activities formerly carried out by the United
States Information Agency.

1	"(2) BUREAU FOR EDUCATIONAL AND CUL-
2	TURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.—There is established
3	within the Department of State a Bureau for Edu-
4	cational and Cultural Exchange Programs which
5	shall assist the Secretary of State in carrying out
6	educational and cultural exchange programs.".
7	SEC. 302. CORRECTION OF DESIGNATION OF INSPECTOR
8	GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
9	(a) Amendments to Foreign Service Act of
10	1980.—The Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended—
11	(1) in section $105(b)(2)(B)$ by striking "State
12	and the Foreign Service)" and inserting "State)";
13	(2) in section $209(a)(1)$ by striking "State and
14	the Foreign Service," and inserting "State,";
15	(3) in section 603(a) by striking "State and the
16	Foreign Service," and inserting "State,"; and
17	(4) in section $1002(12)(E)$ by striking "and the
18	Foreign Service".
19	(b) Amendments to the Foreign Affairs Re-
20	FORM AND RESTRUCTURING ACT OF 1998.—The Foreign
21	Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (as enacted
22	in division G of the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency
23	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999; Public Law 105–
24	277) is amended—

(1) in section 2208(c) by striking "and the For eign Service"; and

3 (2) in section 1314(e) by striking "and the For4 eign Service".

5 (c) AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 103–236.—Effec-6 tive October 2, 1999, subsections (i) and (j) of section 308 7 of the United States International Broadcasting Act of 8 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6207 (i) and (j)) are amended by striking 9 "Inspector General of the Department of State and the 10 Foreign Service" each place it appears and inserting "In-11 spector General of the Department of State".

12 United STATES INTER-(d) AMENDMENTS TO 13 BROADCASTING ACT 1994.—Section NATIONAL OF 14 304(a)(3)(A) of the United States International Broad-15 casting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6203(a)(3)(A)) is amended by striking "and the Foreign Service". 16

## 17 SEC. 303. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ADVISER TO SEC18 RETARY OF STATE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF POSITION.—Section 1 of the
State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22
U.S.C. 2651a) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

23 "(g) Science and Technology Adviser.—

24 "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the
25 Department of State a Science and Technology Ad-

1	viser (in this paragraph referred to as the 'Adviser').
2	The Adviser shall have substantial experience in the
3	area of science and technology. The Adviser shall re-
4	port to the Secretary of State through the Under
5	Secretary of State for Global Affairs.
6	"(2) DUTIES.—The Adviser shall—
7	"(A) advise the Secretary of State, through
8	the Under Secretary of State for Global Affairs,
9	on international science and technology matters
10	affecting the foreign policy of the United
11	States; and
12	"(B) perform such duties, exercise such
13	powers, and have such rank and status as the
14	Secretary of State shall prescribe.".
15	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after receipt
16	by the Secretary of State of the report by the National
17	Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences
18	with respect to the contributions that science, technology,
19	and health matters can make to the foreign policy of the
20	United States, the Secretary of State, acting through the
21	Under Secretary of State for Global Affairs, shall submit
22	a report to Congress setting forth the Secretary of State's
23	plans for implementation, as appropriate, of the rec-
24	ommendations of the report.

#### 1 CHAPTER 2—PERSONNEL OF THE 2 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

#### 3 SEC. 321. ESTABLISHMENT OF FOREIGN SERVICE STAR.

4 The State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 5 is amended by inserting after section 36 the following new 6 section:

#### 7 "SEC. 36A. THE FOREIGN SERVICE STAR.

"(a) AUTHORITY.—The President may award a deco-8 9 ration called the 'Foreign Service Star' to an individual—

10 "(1) who is killed or injured after August 1, 11 1998;

12 "(2) whose death or injury occurs while the in-13 dividual is a member of the Foreign Service or a ci-14 vilian employee of the Government of the United 15 States—

"(3) whose death or injury occurs while the 16 17 individual-

18 "(A) is employed at, or assigned permanently or temporarily to, an official mission 19 20 overseas; or

"(B) was traveling abroad on official busi-21 22 ness; and

"(4) whose death or injury occurs while per-23 24 forming official duties, while on the premises of a 25 United States mission abroad, or due to such individual's status as an employee of the United States
 Government, and results from any form of assault
 including terrorist or military action, civil unrest, or
 criminal activities directed at facilities of the Gov ernment of the United States.

6 "(b) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall submit rec-7 ommendations for the Foreign Service Star to the Presi-8 dent. The Secretary shall establish criteria and procedures 9 for nominations for the Foreign Service Star pursuant to 10 such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe for 11 awards under this section.

"(c) FUNDING.—Any expenses incident to an award
under this section may be paid out of the applicable current account of the agency with which the individual was
or is employed.

16 "(d) POSTHUMOUS AWARD.—A Foreign Service Star
17 award to an individual who is deceased shall be presented
18 to the individual's next of kin or representative, as des19 ignated by the President.".

#### 20 SEC. 322. UNITED STATES CITIZENS HIRED ABROAD.

Section 408(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
(22 U.S.C. 3968(a)(1)) is amended in the last sentence
by striking "(A)" and all that follows through "(B)".

#### 1 SEC. 323. BORDER EQUALIZATION ADJUSTMENT.

2 Chapter 4 of title I of the Foreign Service Act of
3 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.) is amended by adding the
4 following new section at the end:

#### 5 "SEC. 414. BORDER EQUALIZATION ADJUSTMENT.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—An employee who regularly com-7 mutes from his or her place of residence in the continental 8 United States to an official duty station in Canada or 9 Mexico shall receive a border equalization adjustment 10 equal to the amount of comparability payments under sec-11 tion 5304 of title 5, United States Code, that he or she would receive if assigned to an official duty station within 12 the United States locality pay area closest to the employ-13 14 ee's official duty station.

15 "(b) DEFINITION OF EMPLOYEE.—For purposes of
16 this section, the term 'employee' shall mean a person
17 who—

18 "(1) is an 'employee' as defined under section
19 2105 of title 5, United States Code; and

"(2) is employed by the United States Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, or the International Joint
Commission, except that the term shall not include
members of the Foreign Service as defined by section 103 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (Public

Law 96–465), section 3903 of title 22 of the United
 States Code.

3 "(c) TREATMENT AS BASIC PAY.—An equalization
4 adjustment payable under this section shall be considered
5 basic pay for the same purposes as are comparability pay6 ments under section 5304 of title 5, United States Code,
7 and its implementing regulations.

8 "(d) REGULATIONS.—The agencies referenced in
9 subsection (b)(2) are authorized to promulgate regulations
10 to carry out the purposes of this section.".

#### 11 SEC. 324. TREATMENT OF GRIEVANCE RECORDS.

12 Section 1103(d)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 13 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4133(d)(1)) is amended by adding the following new sentence at the end: "Nothing in this sub-14 15 section shall prevent a grievant from placing a rebuttal to accompany a record of disciplinary action in such griev-16 ant's personnel records nor prevent the Department from 17 including a response to such rebuttal, including docu-18 menting those cases in which the Board has reviewed and 19 upheld the discipline.". 20

## 21 SEC. 325. REPORT CONCERNING FINANCIAL DISADVAN22 TAGES FOR ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECH23 NICAL PERSONNEL.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that administra-tive and technical personnel posted to United States mis-

1 sions abroad who do not have diplomatic status suffer fi-2 nancial disadvantages from their lack of such status.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 4 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall 5 submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees concerning the extent to which administrative and 6 7 technical personnel posted to United States missions 8 abroad who do not have diplomatic status suffer financial 9 disadvantages from their lack of such status, including 10 proposals to alleviate such disadvantages.

#### 11 SEC. 326. EXTENSION OF OVERSEAS HIRING AUTHORITY.

Section 202(a) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
(22 U.S.C. 3922(a)) is amended by inserting at the end
the following new paragraph:

15 "(4) When and to the extent the Secretary of State deems it in the best interests of the United States Govern-16 17 ment, the Secretary of State may authorize the head of any agency or other Government establishment (including 18 19 any establishment in the legislative or judicial branch), to 20appoint pursuant to section 303 individuals hired abroad 21 as members of the Service and to utilize the Foreign Serv-22 ice personnel system under such regulations as the Sec-23 retary of State may prescribe, provided that appointments 24 of United States citizens under this subsection shall be 25 limited to appointments authorized by section 311(a).".

2 Section 5927 of title 5, United States Code, is 3 amended to read as follows: 4 "§ 5927. Advances of pay "(a) Up to three months' pay may be paid in 5 6 advance---7 "(1) to an employee upon the assignment of the 8 employee to a post in a foreign area; ((2) to an employee, other than an employee 9 10 appointed under section 303 of the Foreign Service 11 Act of 1980 (and employed under section 311 of 12 such Act), who— "(A) is a citizen of the United States; 13 "(B) is officially stationed or located out-14 15 side the United States pursuant to Government 16 authorization; and "(C) requires (or has a family member who 17 18 requires) medical treatment outside the United 19 States, in circumstances specified by the Presi-20 dent in regulations; and "(3) to a foreign national employee appointed 21 22 under section 303 of the Foreign Service Act of 23 1980, or a nonfamily member United States citizen 24 appointed under such section 303 (and employed 25 under section 311 of such Act) for service at such 26 nonfamily member's post of residence, who-

SEC. 327. MEDICAL EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE.

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"(A) is located outside the country of em ployment of such foreign national employee or
 nonfamily member (as the case may be) pursu ant to Government authorization; and

5 "(B) requires medical treatment outside 6 the country of employment of such foreign na-7 tional employee or nonfamily member (as the 8 case may be), in circumstances specified by the 9 President in regulations.

"(b) For the purpose of this section, the term 'country of employment', as used with respect to an individual
under subsection (a)(3), means the country (or other area)
outside the United States where such individual is appointed (as described in subsection (a)(3)) by the Government.".

16 SEC. 328. FAMILIES OF DECEASED FOREIGN SERVICE PER17 SONNEL.

18 Section 5922 of title 5, United States Code, is19 amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f)(1) If an employee dies at post in a foreign area,
a transfer allowance under section 5924(2)(B) may be
granted to the spouse or dependents of such employee (or
both) for the purpose of providing for their return to the
United States.

"(2) A transfer allowance under this subsection may
 not be granted with respect to the spouse or a dependent
 of the employee unless, at the time of death, such spouse
 or dependent was residing—

5 "(A) at the employee's post of assignment; or
6 "(B) at a place, outside the United States, for
7 which a separate maintenance allowance was being
8 furnished under section 5924(3).

9 "(3) The President may prescribe any regulations10 necessary to carry out this subsection.".

#### 11 SEC. 329. PARENTAL CHOICE IN EDUCATION.

12 Section 5924(4) of title 5, United States Code, is13 amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A) by striking "between 14 15 that post and the nearest locality where adequate schools are available," and inserting "between that 16 17 post and the school chosen by the employee, not to 18 exceed the total cost to the Government of the de-19 pendent attending an adequate school in the nearest 20 locality where an adequate school is available,"; and 21 (2) by adding after subparagraph (B) the fol-22 lowing new subparagraph:

23 "(C) In those cases in which an adequate
24 school is available at the post of the employee,
25 if the employee chooses to educate the depend-

1	ent at a school away from post, the education
2	allowance which includes board and room, and
3	periodic travel between the post and the school
4	chosen, shall not exceed the total cost to the
5	Government of the dependent attending an ade-
6	quate school at the post of the employee.".
7	SEC. 330. WORKFORCE PLANNING FOR FOREIGN SERVICE
8	PERSONNEL BY FEDERAL AGENCIES.
9	Section 601(c) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
10	(22 U.S.C. 4001(c)) is amended by striking paragraph (4)
11	and inserting the following:
12	"(4) Not later than March 1, 2001, and every 4 years
13	thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit a report
14	to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to
15	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate which
16	shall include the following:
17	"(A) A description of the steps taken and
18	planned in furtherance of—
19	"(i) maximum compatibility among agen-
20	cies utilizing the Foreign Service personnel sys-
21	tem, as provided for in section 203; and
22	"(ii) the development of uniform policies
22	
23	and procedures and consolidated personnel

1 "(B) A workforce plan for the subsequent 5 2 years, including projected personnel needs, by grade 3 and by skill. Each such plan shall include for each 4 category the needs for foreign language proficiency, 5 geographic and functional expertise, and specialist 6 technical skills. Each workforce plan shall specifically account for the training needs of Foreign Serv-7 8 ice personnel and shall delineate an intake program 9 of generalist and specialist Foreign Service per-10 sonnel to meet projected future requirements.

"(5) If there are substantial modifications to any
workforce plan under paragraph (4)(B) during any year
in which a report under paragraph (4) is not required,
a supplemental annual notification shall be submitted in
the same manner as is required under paragraph (4).".
SEC. 331. COMPENSATION FOR SURVIVORS OF TERRORIST

17 ATTACKS OVERSEAS.

18 The Secretary of State shall examine the current ben-19 efit structure for survivors of United States Government 20 employees who are killed while serving at United States 21 diplomatic facilities abroad as a result of terrorist acts. 22 Such a review shall include an examination of whether 23 such benefits are adequate, whether they are fair and equi-24 tably distributed without regard to category of employ-25 ment, and how they compare to benefits available to sur1 vivors of other United States Government employees serv-

2 ing overseas, including noncivilian employees.

### 3 SEC. 332. PRESERVATION OF DIVERSITY IN REORGANIZA4 TION.

5 Section 1613(c) of the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (as enacted by division G of 6 the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental 7 8 Appropriations Act, 1999; Public Law 105-277) is amended in the first sentence by striking "changed." and insert-9 ing "changed, nor shall the relative positions of women 10 and minorities in the administrative structures of the 11 agencies subject to this section be adversely affected as 12 a result of such transfers.". 13

# 14 TITLE IV—UNITED STATES IN15 FORMATIONAL, EDU16 CATIONAL, AND CULTURAL 17 PROGRAMS

18SEC. 401. EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES AND19SCHOLARSHIPS FOR TIBETANS AND BUR-

20 MESE.
21 (a) DESIGNATION OF NGAWANG CHOEPHEL EX22 CHANGE PROGRAMS.—Section 103(a) of the Human
23 Rights, Refugee, and Other Foreign Relations Provisions
24 Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–319) is amended by insert25 ing after the first sentence the following: "Exchange pro-

grams under this subsection shall be known as the
 'Ngawang Choephel Exchange Programs'.".

3 (b) SCHOLARSHIPS FOR TIBETANS AND BURMESE.—
4 Section 103(b)(1) of the Human Rights, Refugee, and
5 Other Foreign Relations Provisions Act of 1996 (Public
6 Law 104–319; 22 U.S.C. 2151 note) is amended by strik7 ing "for the fiscal year 1999" and inserting "for the fiscal
8 year 2000".

9 (c) Scholarships for Preservation of Tibet's 10 CULTURE, LANGUAGE, AND RELIGION.—Section 103(b)(1) of the Human Rights, Refugee, and Other Foreign Rela-11 tions Provisions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–319; 22 12 U.S.C. 2151 note) is further amended by striking "Tibet," 13 and inserting "Tibet (whenever practical giving consider-14 15 ation to individuals who are active in the preservation of Tibet's culture, language, and religion),". 16

#### 17 SEC. 402. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN EDUCATIONAL AND CUL-

#### TURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.

Section 102 of the Human Rights, Refugee, and
Other Foreign Relations Provisions Act of 1996 (22
U.S.C. 2452 note) is amended by striking "Director" and
all that follows through the period and inserting the following: "Secretary of State, with the assistance of the
Under Secretary for Public Diplomacy, shall—

18

countries who the Secretary has reason to believeare committed to freedom and democracy;

5 "(2) consult with human rights and democracy 6 advocates from such countries on the inclusion of 7 participants and grantee organizations for such pro-8 grams;

9 "(3) take all appropriate steps to ensure that
10 inclusion in such programs does not compromise the
11 personal safety of participants; and

12 "(4) select grantee organizations for such pro-13 grams through an open, competitive process in which 14 proposals are solicited from multiple applicants and 15 in which important factors in the selection of a 16 grantee include the relative likelihood that each of 17 the competing applicants would be willing and 18 able—

"(A) to recruit as participants in the program persons described in paragraph (1); and
"(B) in selecting participants who are associated with governments or other institutions
wielding power in countries described in this
section, to recruit those most likely to be open

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1	to an understanding of the principles of free-
2	dom and democracy, and to avoid—
3	"(i) giving such governments inappro-
4	priate influence in the selection process;
5	and
6	"(ii) selecting those who are so firmly
7	committed to the suppression of freedom
8	and democracy that their inclusion could
9	create an appearance that the United
10	States condones such suppression.".
11	SEC. 403. NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS OF GRANTS.
12	Section 705 of the United States Information and
13	Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1477c(b))
14	is amended—
15	(1) by inserting "(a)" after "705."; and
16	(2) by inserting at the end the following new
17	subsection:
18	"(b) For fiscal year 2000 and each subsequent fiscal
19	year, the Secretary of State may not award any grant to
20	carry out the purposes of this Act until 45 days after writ-
21	ten notice has been provided to the Committee on Inter-
22	national Relations of the House of Representatives and
23	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of the
24	intent to award such grant. In determining whether to
25	award a grant the Secretary shall consider any objections

or modifications raised in the course of consultations with
 such committees.".

#### 3 SEC. 404. NATIONAL SECURITY MEASURES.

4 The United States Information and Educational Ex5 change Act of 1948 is amended by adding after section
6 1011 the following new sections:

7 "NATIONAL SECURITY MEASURES

8 "SEC. 1012. In coordination with other appropriate 9 executive branch officials, the Secretary of State shall take 10 all appropriate steps to prevent foreign espionage agents 11 from participating in educational and cultural exchange 12 programs under this Act.

13 "PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

14 "SEC. 1013. The Secretary of State shall take all appropriate steps to ensure that no individual, who is em-15 16 ployed by or attached to an office or department involved with the research, development, or production of missiles 17 or weapons of mass destruction, from a country identified 18 by the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of De-19 fense, the National Security Agency, or the Department 20 of Energy, as a country involved in the proliferation of 21 missiles or weapons of mass destruction is a participant 22 23 in any program of educational or cultural exchange under 24 this Act. Appropriate steps under this section shall include prior consultation with the Federal agencies designated in 25 26 the first sentence with respect to all prospective partici-**HR 2415 PCS** 

1 pants in such programs with respect to whom there is a reasonable basis to believe that such prospective partici-2 3 pant may be employed by or attached to an office or de-4 partment identified under the first sentence.". 5 SEC. 405. DESIGNATION OF NORTH/SOUTH CENTER AS THE 6 DANTE B. FASCELL NORTH-SOUTH CENTER. 7 (a) DESIGNATION.—Section 208 of the Foreign Rela-8 tions Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22) 9 U.S.C. 2075) is amended— 10 (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the 11 following: "(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the 12 13 'Dante B. Fascell North-South Center Act of 1991'."; 14 (2) in subsection (c)— 15 (A) by amending the section heading to read as follows: "DANTE B. FASCELL NORTH-16 17 SOUTH CENTER.—"; and 18 (B) by striking "known as the North/ 19 South Center," and inserting "which shall be 20 known and designated as the Dante B. Fascell 21 North-South Center,"; and 22 (3) in subsection (d) by striking "North/South 23 Center" and inserting "Dante B. Fascell North-24 South Center". 25 (b) REFERENCES.—

(1) CENTER.—Any reference in any other pro vision of law to the educational institution in Florida
 known as the North/South Center shall be deemed
 to be a reference to the "Dante B. Fascell North South Center".

6 (2) SHORT TITLE.—Any reference in any other 7 provision of law to the North/South Center Act of 8 1991 shall be deemed to be a reference to the 9 "Dante B. Fascell North/South Center Act of 10 1991".

#### 11 SEC. 406. ADVISORY COMMISSION ON PUBLIC DIPLOMACY.

Section 1334 of the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (enacted as Division G of the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1999; Public Law 105–277)
is repealed.

#### 17 SEC. 407. INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS.

18 (a) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subsection 19 (b), notwithstanding any other provision of law, the De-20 partment of State may not obligate or expend any funds 21 for a United States Government funded pavilion or other 22 major exhibit at any international exposition or world's 23 fair registered by the Bureau of International Expositions 24 in excess of amounts expressly authorized and appro-25 priated for such purpose.

1 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—

2 (1) The Department of State is authorized to
3 utilize its personnel and resources to carry out its
4 responsibilities—

5 (A) under section 102(a)(3) of the Mutual
6 Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of
7 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(3), to provide for
8 United States participation in international
9 fairs and expositions abroad;

10 (B) under section 105(f) of such Act with 11 respect to encouraging foreign governments, 12 international organizations, and private individ-13 uals, firms, associations, agencies and other 14 groups to participate in international fairs and 15 expositions and to make contributions to be uti-16 lized for United States participation in inter-17 national fairs and expositions; and

18 (C) to encourage private support to the
19 United States Commissioner General for par20 ticipation in international fairs and expositions.

(2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as authorizing the use of funds appropriated
to the Department of State to make payments for—

1	(A) contracts, grants, or other agreements
2	with any other party to carry out the activities
3	described in this subsection; or
4	(B) any legal judgment or the costs of liti-
5	gation brought against the Department of State
6	arising from activities described in this sub-
7	section.
8	(c) REPEAL.—Section 230 of the Foreign Relations
9	Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22
10	U.S.C. 2452 note) is repealed.
11	SEC. 408. ROYAL ULSTER CONSTABULARY.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
13	(b), the Secretary of State shall take all appropriate steps
14	to ensure the following:
15	(1) Members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary
16	(RUC) are not participants in any program of edu-
17	cational or cultural exchange or training through the
18	National Academy Program at Quantico, Virginia,
19	under the auspices of the Department of State or
20	the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Depart-
21	ment of Justice.
22	(2) Items designated as crime control and de-

(2) Items designated as crime control and detection instruments and equipment for purposes of
section 6(n) of the Export Administration Act (50

U.S.C. App. 2405(n)) are not approved for export
 for use by the RUC.

3 (b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply if 4 the President certifies that complete, independent, credible 5 and transparent investigations of the murders of defense attorneys Rosemary Nelson and Patrick Finucane have 6 7 been initiated by the Government of the United Kingdom 8 and that the Government has taken appropriate steps to 9 protect defense attorneys against RUC harassment in Northern Ireland. 10

### TITLE V—INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

13 SEC. 501. PERMANENT AUTHORIZATION FOR RADIO FREE14 ASIA.

(a) REPEAL OF SUNSET PROVISION.—Section 309 of
the United States International Broadcasting Act of 1994
(22 U.S.C. 6208) is amended—

18 (1) by striking subsection (g); and

19 (2) in subsection (d)(2) by striking "Govern20 ment," and all that follows through the period and
21 inserting "Government.".

(b) REPEAL OF FUNDING LIMITATIONS.—Section
309 of the United States International Broadcasting Act
of 1994 is further amended —

(1) in subsection $(d)$ by striking paragraphs $(4)$
and $(5)$ and by redesignating paragraph $(6)$ as para-
graph $(4)$ ; and
(2) in subsection (c)—
(A) in paragraph $(1)(A)$ by striking "the
funding" and all that follows through the semi-
colon and inserting "any funding limitations
under subsection (d);"; and
(B) in paragraph (3) by striking "the
funding" and all that follows through the period
and inserting "any funding limitations under
subsection (d).".
SEC. 502. PRESERVATION OF RFE/RL (RADIO FREE EUROPE/
RADIO LIBERTY).
(a) Repeal of Privatization Policy State-
MENT.—Section 312 of the United States International
Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6211) is repealed.
(b) INCREASE IN LIMITATION ON GRANT
AMOUNTS.—Section 308(c) of the United States Inter-
national Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6207(c))
is amended by striking "\$75,000,000" and inserting
"\$80,000,000".

CASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

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3 Section 304 of the United States International
4 Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6203) is amended
5 by adding at the end the following new subsection:

6 "(g) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.—Notwith-7 standing any other provision of law, the Volunteer Protec-8 tion Act of 1997 shall apply to the members of the Broad-9 casting Board of Governors when acting in their capacities 10 as members of the boards of directors of RFE/RL, Incor-11 porated and Radio Free Asia.".

# 12 TITLE VI—INTERNATIONAL OR13 GANIZATIONS AND COMMIS14 SIONS

#### 15 SEC. 601. INTERPARLIAMENTARY GROUPS.

16 (a) American Delegations to Conferences.— Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever ei-17 ther the House of Representatives or the Senate does not 18 19 appoint its allotment of members as part of the American delegation or group to a conference or assembly of the 20 British-American Interparliamentary Group, the Con-21 ference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), 22 23 the Mexico-United States Interparliamentary Group, the North Atlantic Assembly, or any similar interparliamen-24 tary group of which the United States is a member or 25 26 participates and so notifies the other body of Congress, **HR 2415 PCS** 

the other body may make appointments to complete the 1 membership of the American delegation. Any appointment 2 3 pursuant to this section shall be for the period of such 4 conference or assembly and the body of Congress making 5 such an appointment shall be responsible for the expenses of any member so appointed. Any such appointment shall 6 7 be made in same manner in which other appointments to 8 the delegation by such body of Congress are made.

9 (b) TRANSATLANTIC LEGISLATIVE DIALOGUE.—Sec-10 tion 109(c) of the Department of State Authorization Act, 11 Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (22 U.S.C. 276 note) is 12 amended by striking "United States-European Commu-13 nity Interparliamentary Group" and inserting "Trans-14 atlantic Legislative Dialogue (United States-European 15 Union Interparliamentary Group)".

#### 16 SEC. 602. AUTHORITY TO ASSIST STATE AND LOCAL GOV-17 ERNMENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Commissioner of the U.S. Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission
may provide technical tests, evaluations, information, surveys, or others similar services to State or local governments upon the request of such State or local government
on a reimbursable basis.

24 (b) REIMBURSEMENTS.—Reimbursements shall be25 paid in advance of the goods or services ordered and shall

be for the estimated or actual cost as determined by the 1 U.S. Section of the International Boundary and Water 2 Commission. Proper adjustment of amounts paid in ad-3 4 vance shall be made as agreed to by the U.S. Section of 5 the International Boundary and Water Commission on the basis of the actual cost of goods or services provided. Re-6 imbursements received by the U.S. Section of the Inter-7 8 national Boundary and Water Commission for providing 9 services under this section shall be credited to the appro-10 priation from which the cost of providing the services will be charged. 11

#### 12 SEC. 603. INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COM-13 MISSION.

Section 2(b) of the American-Mexican Chamizal Convention Act of 1964 (Public Law 88–300; 22 U.S.C.
277d–18(b)) is amended by inserting "operations, maintenance, and" after "cost of".

18 SEC. 604. CONCERNING UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEM-

19

#### BLY RESOLUTION ES-10/6.

20 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following21 findings:

(1) In an Emergency Special Session, the
United Nations General Assembly voted on February
9, 1999, to pass Resolution ES-10/6, Illegal Israeli
Actions In Occupied East Jerusalem And The Rest

Of The Occupied Palestinian Territory, to convene
 for the first time in 50 years the parties of the
 Fourth Geneva Convention for the Protection of Ci vilians in Time of War.

5 (2) Such resolution unfairly places full blame
6 for the deterioration of the Middle East Peace Proc7 ess on Israel and dangerously politicizes the Geneva
8 Convention, which was established to deal with crit9 ical humanitarian crises.

10 (3) Such vote is intended to prejudge direct ne11 gotiations, put added and undue pressure on Israel
12 to influence the results of those negotiations, and
13 single out Israel for unprecedented enforcement pro14 ceedings which have never been invoked against gov15 ernments with records of massive violations of the
16 Geneva Convention.

17 (b) CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT OF POLICY.—The18 Congress—

(1) commends the Department of State for the
vote of the United States against United Nations
General Assembly Resolution ES-10/6 affirming
that the text of such resolution politicizes the
Fourth Geneva Convention which was primarily humanitarian in nature; and

1	(2) urges the Department of State to continue
2	its efforts against convening the conference.
3	TITLE VII—GENERAL
4	PROVISIONS
5	SEC. 701. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS CONCERNING SUP-
6	PORT FOR DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS
7	ACTIVISTS IN CUBA.
8	It is the sense of the Congress that—
9	(1) the United States should increase its sup-
10	port to democracy and human rights activists in
11	Cuba, providing assistance with the same intensity
12	and decisiveness with which it supported the pro-de-
13	mocracy movements in Eastern Europe during the
14	Cold War; and
15	(2) the United States should substantially in-
16	crease funding for programs and activities under
17	section 109 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic
18	Solidarity Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6021 et seq.) de-
19	signed to support democracy and human rights ac-
20	tivists and others in Cuba who are committed to
21	peaceful and democratic change on the island.
22	SEC. 702. RELATING TO CYPRUS.

23 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following24 findings:

(1) At the urging of the United States Govern-
ment, the Republic of Cyprus refrained from exer-
cising that country's sovereign right to self-defense,
a right fully recognized by the United States Gov-
ernment and by Article 51 of the Charter of the
United Nations, and canceled the deployment on Cy-
prus of defensive antiaircraft missiles.
(2) In close cooperation with the United States
Government and the Government of Greece, Cyprus
rerouted the missiles to the Greek island of Crete.
(3) This extraordinarily conciliatory and coura-
geous action was taken in the interest of peace.
(4) With this action, the Republic of Cyprus
displayed its full compliance with the recently adopt-
ed United Nations Security Council Resolutions
1217 and 1218 which address the Cyprus issue,
demonstrated its support for President Bill Clinton's
December 22, 1998, commitment to "take all nec-
essary steps to support a sustained effort to imple-
ment United Nations Security Council Resolution
1218", and continued its efforts of the last 25 years
to take substantive steps to reduce tensions and
-
move toward a Cyprus settlement.

25 force, or army and faces one of the world's largest

and most sophisticated military forces, just minutes
 away, in Turkey, as well as an area described by the
 United Nations Secretary General as, "one of the
 most densely militarized areas in the world" in the
 Turkish-occupied area of northern Cyprus.

6 (b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
7 the Congress that—

8 (1) in light of this and other similar extraor-9 dinary actions taken by the Republic of Cyprus, as 10 well as the importance of a Cyprus settlement to 11 American security and other interests, the United 12 States should do all that is possible to bring about 13 commensurate actions by Turkey;

(2) the time has come for the United States to
expect from Turkey actions on the Cyprus issue in
the interest of peace, including steps in conformity
with United States proposals concerning Cyprus and
in compliance with provisions contained in United
Nations Security Council Resolutions 1217 and
1218; and

(3) such an effort would also be in the best interest of the people of Turkey, as well as in the interest of all others involved.

1	SEC. 703. RECOGNITION OF THE MAGEN DAVID ADOM SOCI-
2	ETY IN ISRAEL AS A FULL MEMBER OF THE
3	INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS AND RED CRES-
4	CENT MOVEMENT.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
6	(1) It is the mission of the International Red
7	Cross and Red Crescent Movement to prevent and
8	alleviate human suffering, wherever it may be found,
9	without discrimination.
10	(2) The International Red Cross and Red Cres-
11	cent Movement is a worldwide institution in which
12	all National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
13	have equal status and share equal responsibilities.
14	(3) The state of Israel has ratified the Geneva
15	Conventions which govern the International Red
16	Cross and Red Crescent Movement.
17	(4) The Magen David Adom Society is the na-
18	tional humanitarian society in the state of Israel.
19	(5) The Magen David Adom Society follows all
20	the principles of the International Red Cross and
21	Red Crescent Movement.
22	(6) Since the founding of the Magen David
23	Adom Society in 1930, the American Red Cross has
24	regarded it as a sister national society and close
25	working ties have been established between the two
26	societies.

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1	(7) The Magen David Adom Society is excluded
2	from full membership in the International Con-
3	ference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Move-
4	ment solely because the Society is not an official
5	protective symbol recognized by either the Geneva
6	Conventions governing the International Red Cross
7	and Red Crescent Movement or the Statutes of the
8	International Red Cross and Red Crescent Move-
9	ment.
10	(8) During the past 25 years the American Red
11	Cross has consistently advocated recognition and
12	membership of the Magen David Adom Society in
13	the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Move-
14	ment.
15	(9) The state of Israel has unsuccessfully tried
16	in the past to amend the Geneva Conventions to
17	allow for the emblematic recognition of the Magen
18	David Adom Society.
19	(10) Recognition of the Magen David Adom So-
20	ciety in Israel as a member of the International Red
21	Cross and Red Crescent Movement would help for-
22	tify the spirit of goodwill in the Middle East peace
23	process.
24	(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
25	the Congress that—

1	(1) the President should, at the earliest possible
2	date, enlist the cooperation of all nations that are
3	signatory to the Geneva Conventions to ensure that
4	the recognition of the Magen David Adom Society in
5	Israel as a full member of the International Red
6	Cross and Red Crescent Movement is resolved at the
7	forthcoming 27th International Conference of the
8	Red Cross and Red Crescent; and
9	(2) the President should support a resolution by
10	that Conference requesting the International Com-
11	mittee of the Red Cross to waive on an exceptional
12	basis the 5th condition of recognition in article 4 of
13	its Statutes of the Movement, thus enabling the full
14	participation of the Magen David Adom Society as
15	a member of the International Red Cross and Red
16	Crescent Movement.
17	SEC. 704. ANNUAL REPORTING ON WAR CRIMES, CRIMES
18	AGAINST HUMANITY, AND GENOCIDE.
19	(a) Section 116 of Foreign Assistance Act of
20	1961.—Section 116(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of
21	1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151n(d)) is amended—
22	(1) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the
23	end;
24	(2) in paragraph $(7)$ , by striking the period at

(2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period atthe end and inserting "and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

2 "(8) wherever applicable, consolidated informa3 tion regarding the commission of war crimes, crimes
4 against humanity, and evidence of acts that may
5 constitute genocide.".

6 (b) Section 502B of the Foreign Assistance 7 ACT OF 1961.—Section 502B(b) of the Foreign Assist-8 ance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(b)) is amended by in-9 serting after the first sentence the following: "Wherever 10 applicable, such report shall include consolidated information regarding the commission of war crimes, crimes 11 12 against humanity, and evidence of acts that may constitute genocide.". 13

#### 14 SEC. 705. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS SUPPORTING HUMANI-

### 15TARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE PEOPLE OF16BURMA.

17 It is the sense of the Congress that the United States 18 Government should support humanitarian assistance that 19 is targeted to the people of Burma and does not support 20 the State Peace and Development Council (SPDC) and 21 is only implemented and monitored by international or pri-22 vate voluntary organizations that are independent of the 23 SPDC.

1

#### 1 SEC. 706. RESTRICTIONS ON NUCLEAR COOPERATION WITH

2

#### NORTH KOREA.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any international agreement, no agreement 4 5 for cooperation (as defined in sec. 11 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014 b.)) between the 6 7 United States and North Korea may become effective, no 8 license may be issued for export directly or indirectly to 9 North Korea of any nuclear material, facilities, compo-10 nents, or other goods, services, or technology that would 11 be subject to such agreement, and no approval may be given for the transfer or retransfer directly or indirectly 12 13 to North Korea of any nuclear material, facilities, components, or other goods, services, or technology that would 14 be subject to such agreement, until— 15

- 16 (1) the President determines and reports to the
  17 Committee on International Relations of the House
  18 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign
  19 Relations of the Senate that—
- 20 (A) North Korea has come into full compli21 ance with its safeguards agreement with the
  22 IAEA (INFCIRC/403), and has taken all steps
  23 that have been deemed necessary by the IAEA
  24 in this regard;
- (B) North Korea has permitted the IAEAfull access to all additional sites and all infor-

1	mation (including historical records) deemed
2	necessary by the IAEA to verify the accuracy
3	and completeness of North Korea's initial re-
4	port of May 4, 1992, to the IAEA on all nu-
5	clear sites and material in North Korea;
6	(C) North Korea is in full compliance with
7	its obligations under the Agreed Framework;
8	(D) North Korea is in full compliance with
9	its obligations under the Joint Declaration on
10	Denuclearization;
11	(E) North Korea does not have the capa-
12	bility to enrich uranium, and is not seeking to
13	acquire or develop such capability, or any addi-
14	tional capability to reprocess spent nuclear fuel;
15	(F) North Korea has terminated its nu-
16	clear weapons program, including all efforts to
17	acquire, develop, test, produce, or deploy such
18	weapons; and
19	(G) the transfer to North Korea of key nu-
20	clear components, under the proposed agree-
21	ment for cooperation with North Korea and in
22	accordance with the Agreed Framework, is in
23	the national interest of the United States; and
24	(2) there is enacted a joint resolution stating in
25	substance that the Congress concurs in the deter-

1	mination and report of the President submitted pur-
2	suant to paragraph (1).
3	(b) CONSTRUCTION.—The restrictions contained in
4	subsection (a) shall apply in addition to all other applica-
5	ble procedures, requirements, and restrictions contained in
6	the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 and other laws.
7	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
8	(1) AGREED FRAMEWORK.—The term "Agreed
9	Framework" means the "Agreed Framework Be-
10	tween the United States of America and the Demo-
11	cratic People's Republic of Korea'', signed in Geneva
12	on October 21, 1994, and the Confidential Minute to
13	that Agreement.
14	(2) IAEA.—The term "IAEA" means the
15	International Atomic Energy Agency.
16	(3) NORTH KOREA.—The term "North Korea"
17	means the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.
18	(4) JOINT DECLARATION ON
19	DENUCLEARIZATION.—The term "Joint Declaration
20	on Denuclearization" means the Joint Declaration
21	on the Denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula,
22	signed by the Republic of Korea and the Democratic
23	People's Republic of Korea on January 1, 1992.
24	SEC. 707. SELF-DETERMINATION IN EAST TIMOR.
25	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) On May 5, 1999, the Government of Indo-
2	nesia and the Government of Portugal signed an
3	agreement that provides for a vote on the political
4	status of East Timor to be held on August 8, 1999,
5	under the auspices of the United Nations.
6	(2) On June 22, 1999, the vote was rescheduled
7	for August 21 or 22, 1999, because of concerns that
8	the conditions necessary for a free and fair vote
9	could not be established prior to August 8, 1999.
10	(3) On January 27, 1999, Indonesian President
11	Habibie expressed a willingness to consider inde-
12	pendence for East Timor if a majority of the East
13	Timorese reject autonomy in the August 1999 vote.
14	(4) Under the agreement between the Govern-
15	ments of Indonesia and Portugal, the Government of
16	Indonesia is responsible for ensuring that the Au-
17	gust 1999 vote is carried out in a fair and peaceful
18	way and in an atmosphere free of intimidation, vio-
19	lence, or interference.
20	(5) The inclusion of anti-independence militia
21	members in Indonesian forces that are responsible
22	for establishing security in East Timor violates this
23	agreement because the agreement states that the ab-
24	solute neutrality of the military and police is essen-
25	tial for holding a free and fair vote.

1	(6) The arming of anti-independence militias by
2	members of the Indonesian military for the purpose
3	of sabotaging the August 1999 ballot has resulted in
4	hundreds of civilians killed, injured, or missing in
5	separate attacks by these militias and these militias
6	continue to act without restraint.
7	(7) The United Nations Secretary General has
8	received credible reports of political violence, includ-
9	ing intimidation and killing, by armed anti-independ-
10	ence militias against unarmed pro-independence ci-
11	vilians in East Timor.
12	(8) There have been killings of opponents of
13	independence for East Timor, including civilians and
14	militia members.
15	(9) The killings in East Timor should be fully
16	investigated and the individuals responsible brought
17	to justice.
18	(10) Access to East Timor by international
19	human rights monitors and humanitarian organiza-
20	tions is limited and members of the press have been
21	threatened.
22	(11) The presence of members of the United
23	Nations Assistance Mission in East Timor has al-
24	ready resulted in an improved security environment
25	in the East Timorese capital of Dili.

1	(12) A robust international observer mission
2	and police force throughout East Timor is critical to
3	creating a stable and secure environment necessary
4	for a free and fair vote.
5	(13) The Administration should be commended
6	for its support for the United Nations Assistance
7	Mission in East Timor which will provide monitoring
8	and support for the ballot and include international
9	civilian police, military liaison officers, and election
10	monitors.
11	(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It it the sense of the
12	Congress that—
13	(1) the President and the Secretary of State
14	should immediately intensify their efforts to prevail
15	upon the Indonesian Government and military—
16	(A) to disarm and disband anti-independ-
17	ence militias in East Timor;
18	(B) to grant full access to East Timor by
19	international human rights monitors, humani-
20	tarian organizations, and the press; and
21	(C) to allow Timorese who have been living
22	in exile to return to East Timor to participate
23	in the vote on the political status of East Timor
24	to be held on August 1999 under the auspices
25	of the United Nations; and

1 (2) not later than 21 days after the date of the 2 enactment of this Act, the President should prepare 3 and transmit to the Congress a report that contains 4 a description of the efforts of the Administration, 5 and an assessment of the steps taken by the Indo-6 nesian Government and military, to ensure a stable 7 and secure environment in East Timor for the vote 8 on the political status of East Timor, including an 9 assessment of the steps taken in accordance with 10 subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (1). 11 SEC. 708. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO LINDA 12 SHENWICK. 13 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following 14 findings: 15 (1) Linda Shenwick, an employee of the De-16 partment of State, in the performance of her duties, 17 informed the Congress of waste, fraud, and mis-18 management at the United Nations. 19 (2) Ms. Shenwick is being persecuted by Sec-20 retary of State Madeleine Albright and other State 21 Department officials who have removed her from her 22 current position at the United Nations and withheld 23 her salary. 24 (3) Ms. Shenwick was even blocked from enter-25 ing her office at the United States Mission to the

1	United Nations to retrieve her personal effects un-
2	less accompanied by an armed guard.
3	(b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of
4	the Congress that employees of the Department of State
5	who, in the performance of their duties, inform the Con-
6	gress of pertinent facts concerning their responsibilities,
7	should not as a result be demoted or removed from their
8	current position or from Federal employment.
9	SEC. 709. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING SEWAGE
10	TREATMENT ALONG THE BORDER BETWEEN
11	THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.
12	(a) FINDINGS.—
13	(1) The Congress finds that it must take action
13 14	(1) The Congress finds that it must take action to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage
14	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage
14 15	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi-
14 15 16	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi- nate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego bor-
14 15 16 17	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi- nate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego bor- der region.
14 15 16 17 18	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi- nate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego bor- der region. (2) Congress bases this finding on the following
14 15 16 17 18 19	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi- nate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego bor- der region. (2) Congress bases this finding on the following factors:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to elimi- nate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego bor- der region. (2) Congress bases this finding on the following factors: (A) The San Diego border region is ad-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>to address the comprehensive treatment of sewage emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to eliminate river and ocean pollution in the San Diego border region.</li> <li>(2) Congress bases this finding on the following factors: <ul> <li>(A) The San Diego border region is adversely impacted from cross border raw sewage</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1	(B) The United States and Mexico have
2	agreed pursuant to the Treaty for the Utiliza-
3	tion of Waters of the Colorado and Tijuana
4	Rivers and of the Rio Grande, dated February
5	3, 1944, "to give preferential attention to the
6	solution of all border sanitation problems".
7	(C) The United States and Mexico recog-
8	nize the need for utilization of reclaimed water
9	to supply the growing needs of the City of Ti-
10	juana, Republic of Mexico, and the entire bor-
11	der region.
12	(D) Current legislative authority limits the
13	scope of proposed treatment options in a way
14	that prevents a comprehensive plan to address
15	the volume of cross border raw sewage flows
16	and the effective utilization of reclamation op-
17	portunities.
18	(E) This section encourages action to ad-
19	dress the comprehensive treatment of sewage
20	emanating from the Tijuana River, so as to
21	eliminate river and ocean pollution in the San
22	Diego border region, and to exploit effective
23	reclamation opportunities.

24 (b) Sense of the Congress.—The Congress—

1 (1) encourages the Secretary of State to give 2 the highest priority to the negotiation and execution 3 of a new treaty minute with Mexico, which would 4 augment Minute 283 so as to allow for the siting of 5 sewage treatment facilities in Mexico, to provide for 6 additional treatment capacity, up to 50,000,000 gal-7 lons per day, for the treatment of additional sewage 8 emanating from the Tijuana area, and to provide di-9 rection and authority so that a comprehensive solu-10 tion to this trans-border sanitation problem may be 11 implemented as soon as practicable;

12 (2) encourages the Administrator of the Envi-13 ronmental Protection Agency and the United States 14 section of the International Boundary and Water 15 Commission to enter into an agreement to provide 16 for secondary treatment in Mexico of effluent from 17 International Wastewater Treatment the Plant 18 (IWTP);

(3) encourages the United States section of the
International Boundary and Water Commission to
provide for the development of a privately-funded
Mexican Facility, through the execution of a fee-forservices contract with the owner of such facility, in
order to provide for—

(A) secondary treatment of effluent from 1 2 the IWTP, if found to be necessary, in compli-3 ance with applicable water quality laws of the 4 United States, Mexico, and California; and 5 (B) additional capacity for primary and 6 secondary treatment of up to 50,000,000 gal-7 lons per day, for the purpose of providing addi-8 tional sewage treatment capacity in order to 9 fully address the trans-border sanitation prob-10 lem; 11 (C) provision for any and all approvals 12 from Mexican authorities necessary to facilitate 13 water quality verification and enforcement at 14 the Mexican Facility to be carried out by the 15 International Boundary and Water Commission 16 or other appropriate authority; 17 (D) any terms and conditions deemed nec-18 essary to allow for use in the United States of 19 treated effluent from the Mexican Facility if 20 there is reclaimed water surplus to the needs of 21 users in Mexico; and 22 (E) return transportation of whatever por-23 tion of the treated effluent which cannoted by

reused to the South Bay Ocean Outfall; and

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1	(4) in addition to other terms and conditions
2	considered appropriate by the International Bound-
3	ary and Water Commission, in any fee-for-services
4	contract, encourages the International Boundary
5	and Water Commission to include the following
6	terms and conditions—
7	(A) a term of 30 years;
8	(B) appropriate arrangements for the mon-
9	itoring and verification of compliance with ap-
10	plicable United States, California, and Mexican
11	water quality standards;
12	(C) arrangements for the appropriate dis-
13	position of sludge, produced from the IWTP
14	and the Mexican Facility, at a location or loca-
15	tions in Mexico; and
16	(D) payment of appropriate fees from the
17	International Boundary and Water Commission
18	to the owner of the Mexican Facility for sewage
19	treatment services, with the annual amount
20	payable to be reflective of all costs associated
21	with the development, construction, operation,
22	and financing of the Mexican Facility.

1	SEC. 710. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING COLOM-
2	BIA.
3	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
4	ings:
5	(1) Colombia is a democratic country fighting
6	multiple wars—
7	(A) a war against the Colombian Revolu-
8	tionary Armed Forces (FARC);
9	(B) a war against the National Liberation
10	Army (ELN);
11	(C) a war against the United Self-Defense
12	Forces of Colombia (AUC) and other para-
13	military organizations; and
14	(D) a war against drug lords who traffic in
15	deadly cocaine and heroin.
16	(2) In 1998 alone, 308,000 Colombians were in-
17	ternally displaced in Colombia. Over the last decade,
18	35,000 Colombians have been killed.
19	(3) The operations of the FARC, ELN, AUC,
20	and other extragovernmental forces have profited
21	from, and become increasingly dependent upon, co-
22	operation with the illicit narcotics trade.
23	(4) The FARC and ELN have waged the long-
24	est-running anti-government insurgencies in Latin
25	America and control roughly 60 percent of the coun-

try, including a demilitarized zone ruled by the
 FARC.
 (5) Representatives of the Government of Co lombia and the FARC are scheduled to begin peace
 talks on July 20, 1999.

6 (b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of7 the Congress that—

8 (1) the United States should recognize the cri-9 sis in Colombia and play a more pro-active role in 10 its resolution, including offering U.S. political sup-11 port to help Colombia with the peace process;

(2) all extragovernmental combatant groups, including the FARC, ELN, and AUC, should demonstrate their commitment to peace by ceasing to
engage in violence, kidnapping, and cooperation with
the drug trade; and

17 (3) the United States should mobilize the inter18 national community to pro-actively engage in resolv19 ing the Colombian wars.

20SEC. 711. SENSE OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES21CONCERNING HAITIAN ELECTIONS.

The House of Representatives supports the critically important Haitian parliamentary and local elections scheduled for November 1999 and urges the Department of State to review embassy operations to ensure that the

embassy has sufficient personnel and resources necessary 1 to carry out its important responsibilities during the run-2 3 up to the fall elections. 4 SEC. 712. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS COMMENDING THE 5 PEOPLE OF ISRAEL FOR REAFFIRMING THE 6 DEMOCRATIC IDEALS OF ISRAEL IN ITS 7 **ELECTIONS.** 8 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: 9 10 (1) Since its creation in 1948, Israel has ful-11 filled the dreams of its founders who envisioned a 12 vigorous, open, and stable democracy. 13 (2) The centerpiece of Israeli democracy is its 14 system of competitive and free elections. 15 (3) On May 17, 1999, the Israeli people— 16 Israeli Jews and Israeli Arabs— went to the polls in 17 large numbers in a remarkably peaceful election. 18 (4) This election is only the latest example of 19 Israel's commitment to the democratic ideals of free-20 dom and pluralism, values that it shares with the 21 United States. 22 (b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—The Congress— 23 (1) commends the people of Israel for reaffirm-24 ing, in the May 17, 1999, election, its dedication to 25 democratic ideals;

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1	(2) congratulates Ehud Barak on his election as
2	Prime Minister of Israel; and
3	(3) pledges to work with the President of the
4	United States and the new Government of Israel to
5	strengthen the bonds between the United States and
6	Israel and to advance the cause of peace in the Mid-
7	dle East.
8	SEC. 713. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE SOV-
9	EREIGNTY OF TERRITORIES IN THE AEGEAN
10	SEA.
11	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
12	ings:
13	(1) The maritime borders between Greece and
14	Turkey in the Aegean have been delimited in inter-
15	national law and are regarded as having been
16	agreed, established, and settled.
17	(2) A fundamental principle of international law
18	is that, once agreed, a boundary shall remain stable
19	and predictable.
20	(3) Turkey is claiming sovereignty to numerous
21	islands and islets and unspecified "gray areas" in
22	the Aegean Sea.
23	(4) In Article 15 of the Treaty of Peace with
24	Turkey, and Other Instruments, signed at Lausanne
25	on July 24, 1923, Turkey renounced in favor of

1	Italy all right, title, and interest of Turkey in the 12
2	enumerated island in the Dodecanese region that
3	were occupied at the time of the treaty by Italy, in-
4	cluding the Island of Calimnos, and the islets de-
5	pendent on such islands.
6	(5) The Convention Between Italy and Turkey
7	for the Delimitation of the Territorial Waters Be-
8	tween the Coasts of Anatolia and the Island of
9	Castellorizo, signed at Ankara on January 4, 1932,
10	established the rights of Italy and Turkey in coastal
11	islands, waters, and rocks in the Aegean Sea and de-
12	limited a maritime frontier between the two coun-
13	tries.
14	(6) A protocol dated December 28, 1932, an-
15	nexed to that Convention memorialized an agree-
16	ment on a water boundary between Italy and Turkey
17	which placed the Imia Islets under the sovereignty of
18	Italy.
19	(7) In Article 14 of the 1947 Paris Treaty of
20	Peace with Italy, Italy ceded to Greece the Dodeca-
21	nese Islands under Italy's control, including the Is-
22	land of Calimnos and the adjacent Islets of Imia.
23	(8) By resolution dated February 15, 1996, the
23 24	(8) By resolution dated February 15, 1996, the European Parliament resolved that the water bound-

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1	and the 1932 Convention Between Italy and Turkey,
2	including the protocol annexed to such Convention,
3	are the borders between Greece and Turkey.
4	(9) Greece, as the successor state to Italy under
5	the above-enumerated treaties, conventions, and pro-
6	tocols, acceded to sovereignty under the same trea-
7	ties, conventions, and protocols.
8	(10) Turkish Government claims to territories
9	in the Aegean delimited as Greek sovereign territory
10	under the above-enumerated treaties, conventions,
11	and protocols contravene these same treaties, con-
12	ventions, and treaties.
13	(11) Both Greece and Turkey are members of
14	the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
15	and allies of the United States.
16	(12) It is in the interest of the United States
17	and other nations to have disputes resolved peace-
18	fully.
19	(13) The Eastern Mediterranean region, in
20	which the Aegean Sea is located, is a region of vital
21	strategic importance to the United States.
22	(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
23	the Congress that—
24	(1) the water boundaries established in the
25	Treaty of Lausanne of 1923 and the 1932 Conven-

1	tion Between Italy and Turkey, including the Pro-
2	tocol annexed to such Convention, are the borders
3	between Greece and Turkey in the Aegean Sea; and
4	(2) any party, including Turkey, objecting to
5	these established boundaries should seek redress in
6	the International Court of Justice at The Hague.
7	SEC. 714. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS THAT THE PRESIDENT
8	SHOULD SEEK A PUBLIC RENUNCIATION BY
9	THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA OF ANY
10	USE OF FORCE, OR THREAT TO USE FORCE,
11	AGAINST TAIWAN, AND THAT THE UNITED
12	STATES SHOULD HELP TAIWAN IN CASE OF
13	THREATS OR A MILITARY ATTACK BY THE
13 14	THREATS OR A MILITARY ATTACK BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.
14	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.
14 15	<b>PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.</b> (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
14 15 16	<b>PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.</b> (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:
14 15 16 17	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA. <ul> <li>(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following</li> <li>findings: <ul> <li>(1) In March of 1996, the political leadership</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA. <ul> <li>(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:</li> <li>(1) In March of 1996, the political leadership of the People's Republic of China used provocative</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) In March of 1996, the political leadership of the People's Republic of China used provocative military maneuvers, including missile launch exer-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) In March of 1996, the political leadership of the People's Republic of China used provocative military maneuvers, including missile launch exer- cises in the Taiwan Strait, in an attempt to intimi-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) In March of 1996, the political leadership of the People's Republic of China used provocative military maneuvers, including missile launch exer- cises in the Taiwan Strait, in an attempt to intimi- date the people of Taiwan during their historic, free,

1	(3) The House of Representatives passed a res-
2	olution by a vote of 411–0 in June 1998 urging the
3	President to seek, during his July 1998 summit
4	meeting in Beijing, a public renunciation by the Peo-
5	ple's Republic of China of any use of force, or threat
6	of use of force, against democratic Taiwan.
7	(4) Senior United States executive branch offi-
8	cials have called upon the People's Republic of
9	China to renounce the use of force against Taiwan.
10	(5) The use of force, and the threat to use
11	force, by the People's Republic of China against Tai-
12	wan threatens peace and stability in the region.
13	(6) The Taiwan Relations Act, enacted in 1979,
14	states that "[i]t is the policy of the United States
15	to consider any effort to determine the future
16	of Taiwan by other than peaceful means, including
17	by boycotts or embargoes, a threat to the peace and
18	security of the Western Pacific area and of grave
19	concern to the United States".
20	(7) The Taiwan Relations Act states that it is
21	the policy of the United States to provide Taiwan
22	with arms of a defensive character.
23	(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—
24	(1) The Congress commends the people of Tai-
25	wan for having established a democracy in Taiwan

1	over the past decades and repeatedly reaffirming
2	their dedication to democratic ideals.
3	(2) It is the sense of the Congress that—
4	(A) the President of the United States
5	should seek a public renunciation by the Peo-
6	ple's Republic of China of any use of force, or
7	threat to use force, against Taiwan, especially
8	in Taiwan's March 2000 free Presidential elec-
9	tions; and
10	(B) the United States should help Taiwan
11	defend itself in case of threats or a military at-
12	tack by the People's Republic of China against
13	Taiwan.
14	SEC. 715. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING SUPPORT
15	FOR THE IRAQI DEMOCRATIC OPPOSITION.
16	It is the sense of the Congress that the United States
17	Government should support the holding of a plenary ses-
18	sion of the Iraqi National Assembly in the near future.
19	SEC. 716. KOSOVAR ALBANIAN PRISONERS HELD IN SER-
20	BIA.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
22	findings:
23	(1) At the conclusion of the NATO campaign to
24	halt the Serbian and Yugoslav ethnic cleansing in
25	Kosova, a large, but undetermined number of

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2	Kosova were taken from Kosova before and during
3	the withdrawal of Serbian and Yugoslav police and
4	military forces from Kosova.
5	(2) Serbian Justice Minister Dragoljub
6	Jankovic has admitted that 1,860 prisoners were
7	brought to Serbia from Kosova on June 10, 1999,
8	the day Serbian and Yugoslav police and military
9	forces began their withdrawal from Kosova.
10	(3) International humanitarian organizations,
11	including the International Committee of the Red
12	Cross (ICRC) and Human Rights Watch, have ex-
13	pressed serious concern with the detention of
14	Kosovar Albanians in prisons in Serbia.
15	(4) On June 25, 1999, Serbia released 166 of
16	the detained Kosovar Albanian prisoners to the
17	ICRC.
18	(5) On July 10, 1999, the Parliamentary As-
19	sembly of the Organization for Security and Co-
20	operation in Europe, comprised of parliamentarians
21	from across Europe, the United States and Canada,
22	adopted a resolution calling upon Serbia and Yugo-
23	slavia, in accordance with international humani-
24	tarian law, to grant full, immediate and ongoing

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Kosovar Albanians held in Serbian prisons in

1	Kosova crisis, to ensure the humane treatment of
2	such prisoners, and to arrange for the release of all
3	such prisoners.
4	(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
5	the Congress that—
6	(1) the Serbian and Yugoslav Governments
7	should immediately account for all Kosovar Alba-
8	nians held in their prisons and treat them in accord-
9	ance with all applicable international standards;
10	(2) the ICRC should be given full, immediate,
11	and ongoing access to all Kosovar Albanians held in
12	Serbian and Yugoslav prisons; and
13	(3) all Kosovar Albanians held in Serbian and
14	Yugoslav prisons should be released and returned to
15	Kosova.
16	TITLE VIII—LIMITATION ON
17	PROCUREMENT OUTSIDE THE
18	UNITED STATES
19	SEC. 801. LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OUTSIDE THE
20	UNITED STATES.
21	Funds made available for assistance for fiscal year
22	2000 under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Arms
23	Export Control Act, or any other provision of law de-
24	scribed in this Act for which amounts are authorized to
25	be appropriated for such fiscal years, may be used for pro-

curement outside the United States or less developed
 countries only if—

- 3 (1) such funds are used for the procurement of
  4 commodities or services, or defense articles or de5 fense services, produced in the country in which the
  6 assistance is to be provided, except that this para7 graph only applies if procurement in that country
  8 would cost less than procurement in the United
  9 States or less developed countries;
- 10 (2) the provision of such assistance requires
  11 commodities or services, or defense articles or de12 fense services, of a type that are not produced in,
  13 and available for purchase from, the United States,
  14 less developed countries, or the country in which the
  15 assistance is to be provided;
- 16 (3) the Congress has specifically authorized
  17 procurement outside the United States or less devel18 oped countries; or
- (4) the President determines on a case-by-case
  basis that procurement outside the United States or
  less developed countries would result in the more efficient use of United States foreign assistance resources.

# TITLE IX—GULF WAR VETERANS' IRAQI CLAIMS PROTECTION

#### 3 SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Gulf War Veterans"5 Iraqi Claims Protection Act of 1999".

### 6 SEC. 902. ADJUDICATION OF CLAIMS.

7 (a) CLAIMS AGAINST IRAQ.—The United States 8 Commission is authorized to receive and determine the va-9 lidity and amounts of any claims by nationals of the 10 United States against the Government of Iraq. Such 11 claims must be submitted to the United States Commission within the period specified by such Commission by 12 notice published in the Federal Register. The United 13 14 States Commission shall certify to each claimant the 15 amount determined by the Commission to be payable on the claim under this title. 16

17 (b) DECISION RULES.—In deciding claims under sub18 section (a), the United States Commission shall apply, in
19 the following order—

20 (1) applicable substantive law, including inter-21 national law; and

(2) applicable principles of justice and equity.

(c) PRIORITY CLAIMS.—Before deciding any other
claim against the Government of Iraq, the United States
Commission shall, to the extent practical, decide all pend-

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ing non-commercial claims of active, retired, or reserve
 members of the United States Armed Forces, retired
 former members of the United States Armed Forces, and
 other individuals arising out of Iraq's invasion and occupa tion of Kuwait or out of the 1987 attack on the USS
 Stark.

7 (d) APPLICABILITY OF INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS SET-8 TLEMENT ACT.—To the extent they are not inconsistent 9 with the provisions of this title, the provisions of title I 10 (other than section 902(c)) and title VII of the Inter-11 national Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C. 1621– 12 1627 and 1645–16450) shall apply with respect to claims 13 under this title.

14 SEC. 903. CLAIMS FUNDS.

(a) IRAQ CLAIMS FUND.—The Secretary of the
Treasury is authorized to establish in the Treasury of the
United States a fund (hereafter in this title referred to
as the "Iraq Claims Fund") for payment of claims certified under section 902(a). The Secretary of the Treasury
shall cover into the Iraq Claims Fund such amounts as
are allocated to such fund pursuant to subsection (b).

22 (b) ALLOCATION OF PROCEEDS FROM IRAQI ASSET23 LIQUIDATION.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall allocate
25 funds resulting from the liquidation of assets pursu-

ant to section 904 in the manner the President de termines appropriate between the Iraq Claims Fund
 and such other accounts as are appropriate for the
 payment of claims of the United States Government
 against Iraq, subject to the limitation in paragraph
 (2).

7 (2) LIMITATION.—The amount allocated pursu-8 ant to this subsection for payment of claims of the 9 United States Government against Iraq may not ex-10 ceed the amount which bears the same relation to 11 the amount allocated to the Iraq Claims Fund pur-12 suant to this subsection as the sum of all certified 13 claims of the United States Government against 14 Iraq bears to the sum of all claims certified under 15 section 902(a). As used in this paragraph, the term 16 "certified claims of the United States Government 17 against Iraq" means those claims of the United 18 States Government against Iraq which are deter-19 mined by the Secretary of State to be outside the ju-20 risdiction of the United Nations Commission and 21 which are determined to be valid, and whose amount 22 has been certified, under such procedures as the 23 President may establish.

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#### 1 SEC. 904. AUTHORITY TO VEST IRAQI ASSETS.

2 The President is authorized to vest and liquidate as 3 much of the assets of the Government of Iraq in the United States that have been blocked pursuant to the 4 5 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) as may be necessary to satisfy claims 6 7 under section 902(a), claims of the United States Govern-8 ment against Iraq which are determined by the Secretary 9 of State to be outside the jurisdiction of the United Na-10 tions Commission, and administrative expenses under section 905. 11

# 12 SEC. 905. REIMBURSEMENT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EX-13 PENSES.

(a) DEDUCTION.—In order to reimburse the United
States Government for its expenses in administering this
title, the Secretary of the Treasury shall deduct 1.5 percent of any amount covered into the Iraq Claims Fund
to satisfy claims under this title.

(b) DEDUCTIONS TREATED AS MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.—Amounts deducted pursuant to subsection (a)
shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States
as miscellaneous receipts.

### 23 SEC. 906. PAYMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Commission
shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury each award
made pursuant to section 902. The Secretary of the TreasHR 2415 PCS

ury shall make payment, out of the Iraq Claims Fund,
 in the following order of priority to the extent funds are
 available in such fund:

4 (1) Payment of \$10,000 or the principal
5 amount of the award, whichever is less.

6 (2) For each claim that has priority under sec7 tion 902(c), payment of an additional \$90,000 to8 ward the unpaid balance of the principal amount of
9 the award.

10 (3) Payments from time to time in ratable pro-11 portions on account of the unpaid balance of the 12 principal amounts of all awards according to the 13 proportions which the unpaid balance of such 14 awards bear to the total amount in the Iraq Claims 15 Fund that is available for distribution at the time 16 such payments are made.

17 (4) After payment has been made of the prin18 cipal amounts of all such awards, pro rata payments
19 on account of accrued interest on such awards as
20 bear interest.

(b) UNSATISFIED CLAIMS.—Payment of any award
made pursuant to this title shall not extinguish any
unsatisfied claim, or be construed to have divested any
claimant, or the United States on his or her behalf, of

any rights against the Government of Iraq with respect
 to any unsatisfied claim.

#### 3 SEC. 907. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER RECORDS.

The head of any Executive agency may transfer or otherwise make available to the United States Commission such records and documents relating to claims authorized to be determined under this title as may be required by the United States Commission in carrying out its functions under this title.

# 10SEC. 908. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS; DISPOSITION OF UN-11USED FUNDS.

12 (a) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—Any demand or 13 claim for payment on account of an award that is certified 14 under this title shall be barred on and after the date that 15 is 1 year after the date of publication of the notice re-16 quired by subsection (b).

17 (b) Publication of Notice.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—At the end of the 9-year period specified in paragraph (2), the Secretary of the
Treasury shall publish a notice in the Federal Register detailing the statute of limitations provided for
in subsection (a) and identifying the claim numbers
of, and the names of the claimants holding, unpaid
certified claims.

1 (2) PUBLICATION DATE.—The notice required 2 by paragraph (1) shall be published 9 years after the 3 last date on which the Secretary of the Treasury 4 covers into the Iraq Claims Fund amounts allocated 5 to that fund pursuant to section 903(b). 6 (c) DISPOSITION OF UNUSED FUNDS.— 7 (1) DISPOSITION.—At the end of the 2-year pe-8 riod beginning on the publication date of the notice 9 required by subsection (b), the Secretary of the 10 Treasury shall dispose of all unused funds described 11 in paragraph (2) by depositing in the Treasury of 12 the United States as miscellaneous receipts any such 13 funds that are not used for payments of certified 14 claims under this title. 15 (2) UNUSED FUNDS.—The unused funds re-16 ferred to in paragraph (1) are any remaining bal-17 ance in the Iraq Claims Fund. 18 **SEC. 909. DEFINITIONS.** 19 As used in this title: 20 (1) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive 21 agency" has the meaning given that term by section 22 105 of title 5, United States Code. 23 (2) GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ.—The term "Gov-

24 ernment of Iraq" includes agencies, instrumental-

1	ities, and entities controlled by that government (in-
2	cluding public sector enterprises).
3	(3) UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION.—The term
4	"United Nations Commission" means the United
5	Nations Compensation Commission established pur-
6	suant to United Nations Security Council Resolution
7	687 (1991).
8	(4) UNITED STATES COMMISSION.—The term
9	"United States Commission" means the Foreign
10	Claims Settlement Commission of the United States.
11	<b>DIVISION B—SECURITY</b>
12	ASSISTANCE PROVISIONS
13	SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
14	This division may be cited as the "Security Assist-
15	ance Act of 1999".
16	TITLE XI—TRANSFERS OF
17	EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES
18	SEC. 1101. EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR CENTRAL EU-
19	ROPEAN COUNTRIES.
20	
	Section 105 of Public Law 104–164 (110 Stat. 1427)
21	Section 105 of Public Law 104–164 (110 Stat. 1427) is amended by striking "1996 and 1997" and inserting
21 22	

# 1 SEC. 1102. EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR CERTAIN INDE 2 PENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET 3 UNION.

4 (a) Uses For Which Funds Are Available.— 5 Notwithstanding section 516(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j(e)), during each of the fiscal 6 7 years 2000 and 2001, funds available to the Department 8 of Defense may be expended for crating, packing, han-9 dling, and transportation of excess defense articles transferred under the authority of section 516 of that Act to 10 11 Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, 12 Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

(b) CONTENT OF CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—
14 Each notification required to be submitted under section
15 516(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
16 2321j(f)) with respect to a proposed transfer of a defense
17 article described in subsection (a) shall include an esti18 mate of the amount of funds to be expended under sub19 section (a) with respect to that transfer.

# 20 TITLE XII—FOREIGN MILITARY

## 21 SALES AUTHORITIES

## 22 SEC. 1201. TERMINATION OF FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCED

## 23 TRAINING.

24 Section 617 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
25 (22 U.S.C. 2367) is amended—

1	(1) by inserting in the second sentence "and the
2	Arms Export Control Act" after "under this Act"
3	the first place it appears;
4	(2) by striking "under this Act" the second
5	place it appears; and
6	(3) by inserting in the third sentence "and
7	under the Arms Export Control Act" after "this
8	Act".
9	SEC. 1202. SALES OF EXCESS COAST GUARD PROPERTY.
10	Section $21(a)(1)$ of the Arms Export Control Act (22
11	U.S.C. $2761(a)(1)$ ) is amended in the text above subpara-
12	graph (A) by inserting "and the Coast Guard" after "De-
13	partment of Defense".
13 14	partment of Defense''. SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE
14	SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE
14 15 16	SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES.
14 15 16	SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES. Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22
14 15 16 17	SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES. Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2762(d)) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES. Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2762(d)) is amended— (1) by striking "Procurement contracts" and
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES.</li> <li>Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22</li> <li>U.S.C. 2762(d)) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking "Procurement contracts" and inserting "(1) Procurement contracts"; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES.</li> <li>Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22</li> <li>U.S.C. 2762(d)) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking "Procurement contracts" and inserting "(1) Procurement contracts"; and</li> <li>(2) by adding at the end the following:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 1203. COMPETITIVE PRICING FOR SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES.</li> <li>Section 22(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22</li> <li>U.S.C. 2762(d)) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking "Procurement contracts" and inserting "(1) Procurement contracts"; and</li> <li>(2) by adding at the end the following:</li> <li>"(2) Direct costs associated with meeting additional</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

rates applicable to procurement of like items purchased
 by the Department of Defense for its own use.".

#### **3** SEC. 1204. REPORTING OF OFFSET AGREEMENTS.

4 (a)GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT SALES.—Sec-5 tion 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(b)(1)) is amended in the fourth sentence by striking 6 7 "(if known on the date of transmittal of such certification)" and inserting "and, if known on the date of trans-8 9 mittal of such certification, a description of the offset 10 agreement. Such description may be included in the classified portion of such numbered certification". 11

12 (b) COMMERCIAL SALES.—Section 36(c)(1) of the 13 Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(c)(1)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(if known 14 15 on the date of transmittal of such certification)" and inserting "and, if known on the date of transmittal of such 16 17 certification, a description of the offset agreement. Such description may be included in the classified portion of 18 19 such numbered certification".

## 20 SEC. 1205. NOTIFICATION OF UPGRADES TO DIRECT COM-21 MERCIAL SALES.

22 Section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act (22
23 U.S.C. 2776(c)) is amended by adding at the end the fol24 lowing new paragraph:

1 "(4) The provisions of subsection (b)(5) shall apply to any equipment, article, or service for which a numbered 2 3 certification has been transmitted to Congress pursuant 4 to paragraph (1) in the same manner and to the same 5 extent as that subsection applies to any equipment, article, 6 or service for which a numbered certification has been 7 transmitted to Congress pursuant to subsection (b)(1). 8 For purposes of such application, any reference in sub-9 section (b)(5) to 'a letter of offer' or 'an offer' shall be 10 deemed to be a reference to 'a contract'.".

# 11 SEC. 1206. EXPANDED PROHIBITION ON INCENTIVE PAY12 MENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 39A(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2779a(a)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "or licensed" after "sold"; and(2) by inserting "or export" after "sale".

(b) DEFINITION OF UNITED STATES PERSON.—Section 39A(d)(3)(B)(ii) of the Arms Export Control Act (22
U.S.C. 2779a(d)(3)(B)(ii)) is amended by inserting "or by
an entity described in clause (i)" after "subparagraph
(A)".

# 22 SEC. 1207. ADMINISTRATIVE FEES FOR LEASING OF DE-23 FENSE ARTICLES.

24 Section 61(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22
25 U.S.C. 2796(a)) is amended in paragraph (4) of the first

sentence by inserting after "including reimbursement for
 depreciation of such articles while leased," the following:
 "a fee for the administrative services associated with proc essing such leasing,".

# 5 TITLE XIII—STOCKPILING OF 6 DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR FOR7 EIGN COUNTRIES

# 8 SEC. 1301. ADDITIONS TO UNITED STATES WAR RESERVE 9 STOCKPILES FOR ALLIES.

Paragraph (2) of section 514(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321h(b)(2)) is amended
to read as follows:

"(2)(A) The value of such additions to stockpiles of defense articles in foreign countries shall not
exceed \$340,000,000 for fiscal year 1999 and
\$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2000.

"(B)(i) Of the amount specified in subparagraph (A) for fiscal year 1999, not more than
\$320,000,000 may be made available for stockpiles
in the Republic of Korea and not more than
\$20,000,000 may be made available for stockpiles in
Thailand.

23 "(ii) Of the amount specified in subparagraph
24 (A) for fiscal year 2000, not more than \$40,000,000
25 may be made available for stockpiles in the Republic

1	of Korea and not more than \$20,000,000 may be
2	made available for stockpiles in Thailand.".
3	SEC. 1302. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN OBSOLETE OR SURPLUS
4	DEFENSE ARTICLES IN THE WAR RESERVES
5	STOCKPILE FOR ALLIES.
6	(a) ITEMS IN THE KOREAN STOCKPILE.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 514
8	of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
9	2321h), the President is authorized to transfer to
10	the Republic of Korea, in return for concessions to
11	be negotiated by the Secretary of Defense, with the
12	concurrence of the Secretary of State, any or all of
13	the items described in paragraph (2).
14	(2) COVERED ITEMS.—The items referred to in
15	paragraph (1) are munitions, equipment, and mate-
16	rial such as tanks, trucks, artillery, mortars, general
17	purpose bombs, repair parts, ammunition, barrier
18	material, and ancillary equipment, if such items
19	are—
20	(A) obsolete or surplus items;
21	(B) in the inventory of the Department of
22	Defense;
23	(C) intended for use as reserve stocks for
24	the Republic of Korea; and

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1	(D) as of the date of the enactment of this
2	Act, located in a stockpile in the Republic of
3	Korea.
4	(b) ITEMS IN THE THAILAND STOCKPILE.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 514
6	of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
7	2321h), the President is authorized to transfer to
8	Thailand, in return for concessions to be negotiated
9	by the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of
10	the Secretary of State, any or all of the items in the
11	WRS–T stockpile described in paragraph (2).
12	(2) COVERED ITEMS.—The items referred to in
13	paragraph (1) are munitions, equipment, and mate-
14	rial such as tanks, trucks, artillery, mortars, general
15	purpose bombs, repair parts, ammunition, barrier
16	material, and ancillary equipment, if such items
17	are—
18	(A) obsolete or surplus items;
19	(B) in the inventory of the Department of
20	Defense;
21	(C) intended for use as reserve stocks for
22	Thailand; and
23	(D) as of the date of the enactment of this
24	Act, located in a stockpile in Thailand.

(c) VALUATION OF CONCESSIONS.—The value of con cessions negotiated pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)
 shall be at least equal to the fair market value of the items
 transferred. The concessions may include cash compensa tion, services, waiver of charges otherwise payable by the
 United States, and other items of value.

7 (d) PRIOR NOTIFICATIONS OF PROPOSED TRANS-8 FERS.—Not less 30 days before making a transfer under 9 the authority of this section, the President shall transmit 10 to the chairmen of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on International Rela-11 tions of the House of Representatives a detailed notifica-12 tion of the proposed transfer, which shall include an iden-13 tification of the items to be transferred and the conces-14 15 sions to be received.

16 (e) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—No transfer may
17 be made under the authority of this section more than 3
18 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

## 19 TITLEXIV—INTERNATIONAL20ARMSSALESCODEOFCON-

### 21 **DUCT ACT OF 1999**

### 22 **SEC. 1401. SHORT TITLE.**

23 This title may be cited as the "International Arms24 Sales Code of Conduct Act of 1999".

### 1 SEC. 1402. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

3 (1) The proliferation of conventional arms and
4 conflicts around the globe are multilateral problems.
5 The only way to effectively prevent rogue nations
6 from acquiring conventional weapons is through a
7 multinational "arms sales code of conduct".

8 (2) Approximately 40,000,000 people, over 75 9 percent of whom were civilians, died as a result of 10 civil and international wars fought with conventional 11 weapons during the 45 years of the cold war, dem-12 onstrating that conventional weapons can in fact be 13 weapons of mass destruction.

14 (3) Conflict has actually increased in the post15 cold war era.

(4) It is in the national security and economic
interests of the United States to reduce dramatically
the \$840,000,000,000 that all countries spend on
armed forces every year, \$191,000,000,000 of which
is spent by developing countries, an amount equivalent to 4 times the total bilateral and multilateral
foreign assistance such countries receive every year.

(5) The Congress has the constitutional responsibility to participate with the executive branch in
decisions to provide military assistance and arms
transfers to a foreign government, and in the formu-

lation of a policy designed to reduce dramatically the
 level of international militarization.

3 (6) A decision to provide military assistance 4 and arms transfers to a government that is undemo-5 cratic, does not adequately protect human rights, or 6 is currently engaged in acts of armed aggression 7 should require a higher level of scrutiny than does 8 a decision to provide such assistance and arms 9 transfers to a government to which these conditions 10 do not apply.

### 11 SEC. 1403. INTERNATIONAL ARMS SALES CODE OF CON12 DUCT.

13 (a) NEGOTIATIONS.—The President shall attempt to 14 achieve the foreign policy goal of an international arms 15 sales code of conduct with all Wassenaar Arrangement countries. The President shall take the necessary steps to 16 begin negotiations with all Wassenaar Arrangement coun-17 tries within 120 days after the date of the enactment of 18 this Act. The purpose of these negotiations shall be to con-19 20 clude an agreement on restricting or prohibiting arms 21 transfers to countries that do not meet the following cri-22 teria:

23 (1) PROMOTES DEMOCRACY.—The government
24 of the country—

1	(A) was chosen by and permits free and
2	fair elections;
3	(B) promotes civilian control of the mili-
4	tary and security forces and has civilian institu-
5	tions controlling the policy, operation, and
6	spending of all law enforcement and security in-
7	stitutions, as well as the armed forces;
8	(C) promotes the rule of law, equality be-
9	fore the law, and respect for individual and mi-
10	nority rights, including freedom to speak, pub-
11	lish, associate, and organize; and
12	(D) promotes the strengthening of polit-
13	ical, legislative, and civil institutions of democ-
14	racy, as well as autonomous institutions to
15	monitor the conduct of public officials and to
16	combat corruption.
17	(2) Respects human rights.—The govern-
18	ment of the country—
19	(A) does not engage in gross violations of
20	internationally recognized human rights,
21	including-
22	(i) extra judicial or arbitrary execu-
23	tions;
24	(ii) disappearances;
25	(iii) torture or severe mistreatment;

1	(iv) prolonged arbitrary imprisonment;
2	(v) systematic official discrimination
3	on the basis of race, ethnicity, religion,
4	gender, national origin, or political affili-
5	ation; and
6	(vi) grave breaches of international
7	laws of war or equivalent violations of the
8	laws of war in internal conflicts;
9	(B) vigorously investigates, disciplines, and
10	prosecutes those responsible for gross violations
11	of internationally recognized human rights;
12	(C) permits access on a regular basis to
13	political prisoners by international humani-
14	tarian organizations such as the International
15	Committee of the Red Cross;
16	(D) promotes the independence of the judi-
17	ciary and other official bodies that oversee the
18	protection of human rights;
19	(E) does not impede the free functioning of
20	domestic and international human rights orga-
21	nizations; and
22	(F) provides access on a regular basis to
23	humanitarian organizations in situations of con-
24	flict or famine.

(3) NOT ENGAGED IN CERTAIN ACTS OF ARMED
 AGGRESSION.—The government of the country is not
 currently engaged in acts of armed aggression in
 violation of international law.

5 (4) FULL PARTICIPATION IN UNITED NATIONS
6 REGISTER OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS.—The govern7 ment of the country is fully participating in the
8 United Nations Register of Conventional Arms.

9 (b) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—(1) In the report re-10 quired in sections 116(d) and 502B of the Foreign Assist-11 ance Act of 1961, the Secretary of State shall describe 12 the extent to which the practices of each country evaluated 13 meet the criteria in paragraphs (1) through (4) of sub-14 section (a).

(2) Not later than 6 months after the commencement
of the negotiations under subsection (a), and not later
than the end of every 6-month period thereafter until an
agreement described in subsection (a) is concluded, the
President shall report to the appropriate committees of the
Congress on the progress made during these negotiations.

(c) DEFINITION.—The term "Wassenaar Arrangement countries" means Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark,
Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland,
Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand,

Norway, Poland, Portugal, the Republic of Korea, Roma nia, Russia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tur key, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom.

# 4 TITLE XV—AUTHORITY TO EX5 EMPT INDIA AND PAKISTAN 6 FROM CERTAIN SANCTIONS

#### 7 SEC. 1501. WAIVER AUTHORITY.

8 (a) AUTHORITY.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-10 section (b), the President may waive, with respect to 11 India or Pakistan, the application of any sanction or 12 prohibition (or portion thereof) contained in section 13 101 or 102 of the Arms Export Control Act (22) 14 U.S.C. 2799aa or 2799aa–1), section 620E(e) of the 15 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22)U.S.C. 16 2375(e), or section 2(b)(4) of the Export Import 17 Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(4)).

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—A waiver of the application of a sanction or prohibition (or portion thereof)
under paragraph (1) shall be effective only for a period ending on or before September 30, 2000.

(b) EXCEPTION.—The authority to waive the application of a sanction or prohibition (or portion thereof) under
subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to a sanction

or prohibition contained in subparagraph (B), (C), or (G)
 of section 102(b)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act.

3 (c) NOTIFICATION.—A waiver of the application of a 4 sanction or prohibition (or portion thereof) contained in 5 section 541 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall not become effective until 15 days after notice of such 6 7 waiver has been reported to the congressional committees 8 specified in section 634A(a) of such Act in accordance 9 with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications under that section. 10

#### 11 SEC. 1502. CONSULTATION.

Prior to each exercise of the authority provided in
section 1501, the President shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees.

### 15 SEC. 1503. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.

16 Not later than August 31, 2000, the Secretary of
17 State shall prepare and submit to the appropriate congres18 sional committees a report on economic and national secu19 rity developments in India and Pakistan.

20 SEC. 1504. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES21DEFINED.

In this title, the term "appropriate congressionalcommittees" means—

(1) the Committee on International Relations
 and the Committee on Appropriations of the House
 of Representatives; and

4 (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and
5 the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

# 6 TITLE XVI—TRANSFER OF 7 NAVAL VESSELS TO CERTAIN 8 FOREIGN COUNTRIES

9 SEC. 1601. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER NAVAL VESSELS.

10 (a) DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.—The Secretary of the 11 Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of the 12 Dominican Republic the medium auxiliary floating dry 13 dock AFDM 2. Such transfer shall be on a grant basis 14 under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 15 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).

(b) ECUADOR.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of Ecuador the "OAK
RIDGE" class medium auxiliary repair dry dock
ALAMOGORDO (ARDM 2). Such transfer shall be on a
sales basis under section 21 of the Arms Export Control
Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

(c) EGYPT.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized
to transfer to the Government of Egypt the "NEWPORT"
class tank landing ships BARBOUR COUNTY (LST
1195) and PEORIA (LST 1183). Such transfers shall be

on a sales basis under section 21 of the Arms Export Con trol Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

(d) GREECE.—(1) The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of Greece the
"KNOX" class frigate CONNOLE (FF 1056). Such
transfer shall be on a grant basis under section 516 of
the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).
(2) The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to trans-

9 fer to the Government of Greece the medium auxiliary
10 floating dry dock COMPETENT (AFDM 6). Such trans11 fer shall be on a sales basis under section 21 of the Arms
12 Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

(e) MEXICO.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of Mexico the "NEWPORT" class tank landing ship NEWPORT (LST 1179)
and the "KNOX" class frigate WHIPPLE (FF 1062).
Such transfers shall be on a sales basis under section 21
of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

(f) POLAND.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of Poland the "OLIVER HAZARD PERRY" class guided missile frigate
CLARK (FFG 11). Such transfer shall be on a grant basis
under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
(22 U.S.C. 2321j).

1 (g) TAIWAN.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Taipei Economic and Cultural Rep-2 3 resentative Office in the United States (which is the Tai-4 wan instrumentality designated pursuant to section 10(a)of the Taiwan Relations Act) the "NEWPORT" class 5 tank landing ship SCHENECTADY (LST 1185). Such 6 7 transfer shall be on a sales basis under section 21 of the 8 Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

9 (h) THAILAND.—The Secretary of the Navy is au-10 thorized to transfer to the Government of Thailand the 11 "KNOX" class frigate TRUETT (FF 1095). Such trans-12 fer shall be on a grant basis under section 516 of the For-13 eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).

(i) TURKEY.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Government of Turkey the "OLIVER HAZARD PERRY" class guided missile frigates
FLATLEY (FFG 21) and JOHN A. MOORE (FFG 19).
Such transfers shall be on a sales basis under section 21
of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2761).

## 20 SEC. 1602. INAPPLICABILITY OF AGGREGATE ANNUAL LIMI21 TATION ON VALUE OF TRANSFERRED EXCESS 22 DEFENSE ARTICLES.

The value of a vessel transferred to another country
on a grant basis under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j) pursuant to authority

provided by section 1601 shall not be counted for the pur poses of section 516(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of
 1961 in the aggregate value of excess defense articles
 transferred to countries under that section in any fiscal
 year.

### 6 SEC. 1603. COSTS OF TRANSFERS.

7 Any expense incurred by the United States in connec8 tion with a transfer of a vessel authorized by section 1601
9 shall be charged to the recipient.

### 10 SEC. 1604. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.

11 The authority to transfer vessels under section 160112 shall expire at the end of the 2-year period beginning on13 the date of the enactment of this Act.

### 14 SEC. 1605. REPAIR AND REFURBISHMENT OF VESSELS IN 15 UNITED STATES SHIPYARDS.

The Secretary of the Navy shall require, to the maximum extent possible, as a condition of a transfer of a vessel under section 1601, that the country to which the vessel is transferred have such repair or refurbishment of the vessel as is needed, before the vessel joins the naval forces of that country, performed at a shipyard located in the United States, including a United States Navy shipyard.

1	SEC. 1606. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO TRANS-
2	FER OF NAVAL VESSELS AND AIRCRAFT TO
3	THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.
4	(a) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the
5	Congress that—
6	(1) the President should transfer to the Govern-
7	ment of the Philippines, on a grant basis under sec-
8	tion 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 $$
9	U.S.C. 2321j), the excess defense articles described
10	in subsection (b); and
11	(2) the United States should not oppose the
12	transfer of F–5 aircraft by a third country to the
13	Government of the Philippines.
14	(b) Excess Defense Articles.—The excess de-
15	fense articles described in this subsection are the fol-
16	lowing:
17	(1) UH-1 helicopters, A-4 aircraft, and the
18	"POINT" class Coast Guard cutter POINT
19	EVANS.
20	(2) Amphibious landing craft, naval patrol ves-
21	sels (including patrol vessels of the Coast Guard),
22	and other naval vessels (such as frigates), if such
23	vessels are available.

## TITLE XVII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

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### 3 SEC. 1701. ANNUAL MILITARY ASSISTANCE REPORTS.

4 Section 655(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
5 (22 U.S.C. 2415(b)) is amended to read as follows:

6 "(b) INFORMATION RELATING TO MILITARY ASSIST-ANCE AND MILITARY EXPORTS.—Each such report shall 7 8 show the aggregate dollar value and quantity of defense articles (including excess defense articles), defense serv-9 10 ices, and international military education and training ac-11 tivities authorized by the United States and of such arti-12 cles, services, and activities provided by the United States, 13 excluding any activity that is reportable under title V of 14 the National Security Act of 1947, to each foreign country 15 and international organization. The report shall specify, by category, whether such defense articles— 16

"(1) were furnished by grant under chapter 2
or chapter 5 of part II of this Act or under any
other authority of law or by sale under chapter 2 of
the Arms Export Control Act;

21 "(2) were furnished with the financial assist22 ance of the United States Government, including
23 through loans and guarantees; or

24 "(3) were licensed for export under section 38
25 of the Arms Export Control Act.".

1	SEC. 1702. PUBLICATION OF ARMS SALES CERTIFICATIONS.
2	Section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act $(22)$
3	U.S.C. 2776) is amended in the second subsection (e) (as
4	added by section 155 of Public Law 104–164)—
5	(1) by inserting "in a timely manner" after "to
6	be published"; and
7	(2) by striking "the full unclassified text of"
8	and all that follows and inserting the following: "the
9	full unclassified text of—
10	"(1) each numbered certification submitted pur-
11	suant to subsection (b);
12	"(2) each notification of a proposed commercial
13	sale submitted under subsection (c); and
14	"(3) each notification of a proposed commercial
15	technical assistance or manufacturing licensing
16	agreement submitted under subsection (d).".
17	SEC. 1703. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMER-
18	CIAL EXPORT OF SIGNIFICANT MILITARY
19	EQUIPMENT ON UNITED STATES MUNITIONS
20	LIST.
21	(a) Notification Requirement.—Section 38 of
22	the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778) is amend-
23	ed by adding at the end the following:
24	"(i) As prescribed in regulations issued under this
25	section, a United States person to whom a license has been
26	granted to export an item identified as significant military
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1	equipment on the United States Munitions List shall, not
2	later than 15 days after the item is exported, submit to
3	the Department of State a report containing all shipment
4	information, including a description of the item and the
5	quantity, value, port of exit, and destination of the item.".
6	(b) Quarterly Reports to Congress.—Section
7	36(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
8	2776(a)) is amended—
9	(A) in paragraph (11), by striking "and"
10	at the end;
11	(B) in paragraph (12), by striking "third-
12	party transfers." and inserting "third-party
13	transfers; and"; and
14	(C) by adding after paragraph $(12)$ (but
15	before the last sentence of the subsection), the
16	following:
17	"(13) a report on all exports of significant mili-
18	tary equipment for which information has been pro-
19	vided pursuant to section 38(i).".
20	SEC. 1704. ENFORCEMENT OF ARMS EXPORT CONTROL
21	ACT.
22	The Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et
23	seq.) is amended in sections $38(e)$ , $39A(c)$ , and $40(k)$ by
24	inserting after "except that" each place it appears the fol-
25	lowing: "section $11(c)(2)(B)$ of such Act shall not apply,

and instead, as prescribed in regulations issued under this
 section, the Secretary of State may assess civil penalties
 for violations of this Act and regulations prescribed there under and further may commence a civil action to recover
 such civil penalties, and except further that".

### 6 SEC. 1705. VIOLATIONS RELATING TO MATERIAL SUPPORT 7 TO TERRORISTS.

8 Section 38(g)(1)(A)(iii) of the Arms Export Control 9 Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(g)(1)(A)(iii)) is amended by adding 10 at the end before the comma the following: "or section 11 2339A of such title (relating to providing material support 12 to terrorists)".

## 13 SEC. 1706. AUTHORITY TO CONSENT TO THIRD PARTY 14 TRANSFER OF EX-U.S.S. BOWMAN COUNTY TO 15 USS LST SHIP MEMORIAL, INC.

16 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-17 ings:

(1) It is the long-standing policy of the United
States Government to deny requests for the retransfer of significant military equipment that originated in the United States to private entities.

(2) In very exceptional circumstances, when the
United States public interest would be served by the
proposed retransfer and end-use, such requests may
be favorably considered.

1	(3) Such retransfers to private entities have
2	been authorized in very exceptional circumstances
3	following appropriate demilitarization and receipt of
4	assurances from the private entity that the item to
5	be transferred would be used solely in furtherance of
6	Federal Government contracts or for static museum
7	display.
8	(4) Nothing in this section should be construed
9	as a revision of long-standing policy referred to in
10	paragraph (1).
11	(5) The Government of Greece has requested
12	the consent of the United States Government to the
13	retransfer of HS Rodos (ex-U.S.S. Bowman County
14	(LST 391)) to the USS LST Ship Memorial, Inc.
15	(b) Authority To Consent to Retransfer.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
17	the President may consent to the retransfer by the
18	Government of Greece of HS Rodos (ex-U.S.S. Bow-
19	man County (LST 391)) to the USS LST Ship Me-
20	morial, Inc.
21	(2) CONDITIONS FOR CONSENT.—The President
22	should not exercise the authority under paragraph
23	(1) unless USS LST Memorial, Inc.—
24	(A) utilizes the vessel for public, nonprofit,
25	museum-related purposes;

1	(B) submits a certification with the import
2	application that no firearms frames or receivers,
3	ammunition, or other firearms as defined in
4	section 5845 of the National Firearms Act $(26)$
5	U.S.C. 5845) will be imported with the vessel;
6	and
7	(C) complies with regulatory policy re-
8	quirements related to the facilitation of moni-
9	toring by the Federal Government of, and the
10	mitigation of potential environmental hazards
11	associated with, aging vessels, and has a dem-
12	onstrated financial capability to so comply.
1 4	
12	SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON
13	SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON
13 14	SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN
13 14 15	SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.
13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Agriculture Ex-</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Agriculture Export Relief Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–194; 112 Stat.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Agriculture Export Relief Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–194; 112 Stat.</li> <li>627) is amended—</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Agriculture Export Relief Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–194; 112 Stat.</li> <li>627) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking subsection (d); and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 1707. EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO PROHIBITIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN TRANSFER OR USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Agriculture Export Relief Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–194; 112 Stat.</li> <li>627) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking subsection (d); and</li> <li>(2) by striking the second sentence of sub-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

ment of this Act or September 30, 1999, whichever occurs
 earlier.

## 3 SEC. 1708. CONTINUATION OF THE EXPORT CONTROL REG4 ULATIONS UNDER IEEPA.

5 To the extent that the President exercises the authorities of the International Emergency Economic Pow-6 7 ers Act to carry out the provisions of the Export Adminis-8 tration Act of 1979 in order to continue in full force and 9 effect the export control system maintained by the Export 10 Administration regulations issued under that Act, including regulations issued under section 8 of that Act, the fol-11 lowing shall apply: 12

(1) The penalties for violations of the regulations continued pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act shall be the same as the
penalties for violations under section 11 of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as if that section
were amended—

19 (A) by amending subsection (a) to read as20 follows:

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), whoever knowingly violates or conspires to or attempts
to violate any provision of this Act or any license, order,
or regulation issued under this Act—

1	((1) except in the case of an individual, shall be
2	fined not more than \$500,000 or 5 times the value
3	of any exports involved, whichever is greater; and
4	((2) in the case of an individual, shall be fined
5	not more than \$250,000 or 5 times the value of any
6	exports involved, whichever is greater, or imprisoned
7	not more than 5 years, or both.";
8	(B) in subsection (b)—
9	(i) in paragraphs $(1)(A)$ and $(2)(A)$
10	by striking "five times" and inserting "10
11	times'';
12	(ii) in paragraph $(1)(B)$ by striking
13	"\$250,000" and inserting "\$500,000";
14	and
15	(iii) in paragraph (2)(B) by striking
16	" $$250,000$ , or imprisoned not more than 5
17	years" and inserting "\$500,000, or impris-
18	oned not more than 10 years';
19	(C) in subsection $(c)(1)$ —
20	(i) by striking "\$10,000" and insert-
21	ing "\$250,000"; and
22	(ii) by striking "except that the civil
23	penalty" and all that follows through the
24	end of the paragraph and inserting "except
25	that the civil penalty for a violation of the

2may not exceed \$50,000."; and3(D) in subsection (h)(1), by inserting after4"Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778)"5the following: "section 16 of the Trading with6the enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 16), or, to the extent7the violation involves the export of goods or8technology controlled under this or any other9Act or defense articles or defense services con-10trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, sec-11tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States12Code,".13(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of14the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-15eised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-16suant to the International Emergency Economic17Powers Act.18(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of19the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply20in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant21to the International Emergency Economic Powers22Act.23(4) The continuation of the provisions of the24Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the25International Emergency Economic Powers Act, shall	1	regulations issued pursuant to section 8
<ul> <li>4 "Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778)"</li> <li>5 the following: "section 16 of the Trading with</li> <li>6 the enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 16), or, to the extent</li> <li>7 the violation involves the export of goods or</li> <li>8 technology controlled under this or any other</li> <li>9 Act or defense articles or defense services con-</li> <li>10 trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, sec-</li> <li>11 tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States</li> <li>12 Code,".</li> <li>13 (2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>14 the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>15 cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>16 suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>17 Powers Act.</li> <li>18 (3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>19 the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>20 in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>21 to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>22 Act.</li> <li>23 (4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>24 Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	2	may not exceed \$50,000."; and
<ul> <li>the following: "section 16 of the Trading with</li> <li>the enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 16), or, to the extent</li> <li>the violation involves the export of goods or</li> <li>technology controlled under this or any other</li> <li>Act or defense articles or defense services con-</li> <li>trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, see-</li> <li>tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States</li> <li>Code,".</li> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>eised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> </ul>	3	(D) in subsection $(h)(1)$ , by inserting after
<ul> <li>the enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 16), or, to the extent</li> <li>the violation involves the export of goods or</li> <li>technology controlled under this or any other</li> <li>Act or defense articles or defense services con-</li> <li>trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, see-</li> <li>tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States</li> <li>Code,".</li> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> </ul>	4	"Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778)"
<ul> <li>the violation involves the export of goods or technology controlled under this or any other Act or defense articles or defense services con- trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, see- tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States</li> <li>Code,".</li> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer- cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur- suant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	5	the following: "section 16 of the Trading with
<ul> <li>technology controlled under this or any other</li> <li>Act or defense articles or defense services con-</li> <li>trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, see-</li> <li>tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States</li> <li>Code,".</li> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	6	the enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 16), or, to the extent
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<ul> <li>Code,".</li> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	10	trolled under the Arms Export Control Act, sec-
<ul> <li>(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	11	tion 371 or 1001 of title 18, United States
<ul> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-</li> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	12	Code,".
<ul> <li>cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-</li> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	13	(2) The authorities set forth in section 12(a) of
<ul> <li>suant to the International Emergency Economic</li> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	14	the Export Administration Act of 1979 may be exer-
<ul> <li>Powers Act.</li> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(c) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	15	cised in carrying out the regulations continued pur-
<ul> <li>(3) The provisions of sections 12(e) and 13 of</li> <li>the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply</li> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	16	suant to the International Emergency Economic
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<ul> <li>in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant</li> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	18	(3) The provisions of sections $12(c)$ and $13$ of
<ul> <li>to the International Emergency Economic Powers</li> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	19	the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply
<ul> <li>Act.</li> <li>(4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	20	in carrying out the regulations continued pursuant
<ul> <li>23 (4) The continuation of the provisions of the</li> <li>24 Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the</li> </ul>	21	to the International Emergency Economic Powers
24 Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the	22	Act.
	23	(4) The continuation of the provisions of the
25 International Emergency Economic Powers Act shall	24	Export Administration Regulations pursuant to the
	25	International Emergency Economic Powers Act shall

2 ments of that Act.

Passed the House of Representatives July 21, 1999.

Attest: JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.