

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use Fluzone® Intradermal Quadrivalent safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent.

Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent (Influenza Vaccine)
Suspension for Intradermal Injection
2016-2017 Formula
Initial US Approval (Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent): 2014

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is a vaccine indicated for active immunization for the prevention of influenza disease caused by influenza A subtype viruses and type B viruses contained in the vaccine. (1)

Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is approved for use in persons 18 through 64 years of age. (1)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

- **For intradermal use only** (2)
A single 0.1 mL dose for intradermal injection in adults 18 through 64 years of age. (2.1)

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

Suspension for injection in a prefilled microinjection system, 0.1 mL. (3)

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) to any component of the vaccine, including egg protein, or after previous dose of any influenza vaccine. (4)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- If Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) has occurred within 6 weeks following previous influenza vaccination, the decision to give Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent should be based on careful consideration of the potential benefits and risks. (5.1)

ADVERSE REACTIONS

- In adults 18 through 64 years of age, the most common ($\geq 10\%$) injection-site reactions were pain (53.3%), pruritus (52.1%), erythema (36.7%), swelling (19.5%), and induration (17.0%); the most common solicited systemic adverse reactions were myalgia (34.1%), headache (33.1%), malaise (27.7%), and shivering (12.1%). (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Sanofi Pasteur Inc., at 1-800-822-2463 (1-800-VACCINE) or Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) at 1-800-822-7967 or www.vaers.hhs.gov.

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

- Safety and effectiveness of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent have not been established in pregnant women. (8.1)
- Pregnancy: Pregnancy registry available. Call Sanofi Pasteur Inc. at 1-800-822-2463. (8.1)

See **17 FOR PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION** and **FDA - approved patient labeling**.

Issue date: XXXX XXXX

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1 **FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION:**

2 **1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

3 Fluzone® Intradermal Quadrivalent is indicated for active immunization for the prevention of
4 influenza disease caused by influenza A subtype viruses and type B viruses contained in the
5 vaccine.

6

7 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is approved for use in persons 18 through 64 years of age.

8

9 **2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

- 10 • **For intradermal use only**

11 **2.1 Dose and Schedule**

12 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent should be administered as a single 0.1 mL injection by the
13 intradermal route in adults 18 through 64 years of age.

14

15 **2.2 Administration**

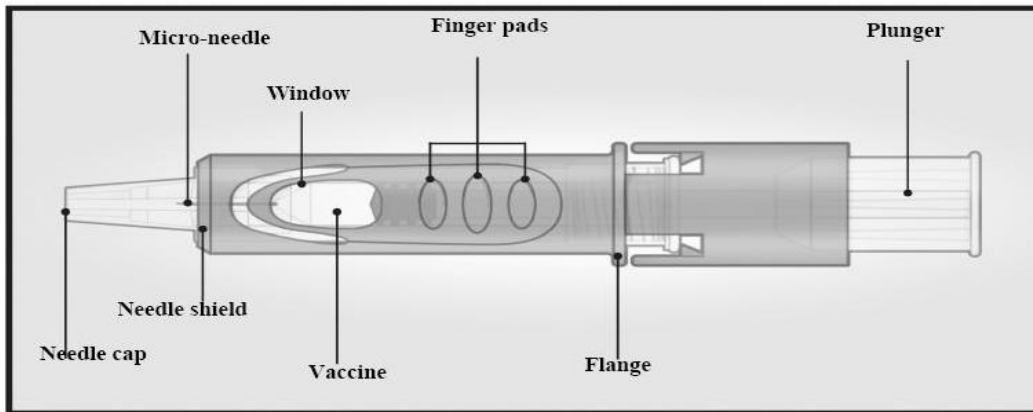
16 Inspect Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent visually for particulate matter and/or discoloration prior
17 to administration. If either of these conditions exist, the vaccine should not be administered.

18

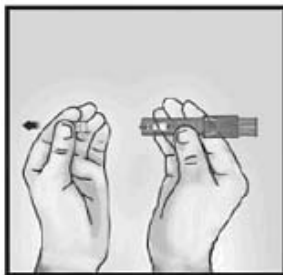
19 The preferred site of injection is the skin in the region of the deltoid. Note: A potential way to
20 make vaccination more efficient is to have the patient place the hand of the arm being immunized
21 on his/her hip, so the arm bends at the elbow. This can help create a more accessible angle to the
22 skin in the deltoid region.

23

- 1 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent should not be combined through reconstitution or mixed with
2 any other vaccine.
3



- 4
5 **1. Gently shake the device and remove needle cap**
6 To prepare for vaccination, gently shake the device and remove needle cap before administering
7 the vaccine.



- 8
9
10 **2. Position the device in your hand between the thumb and middle finger, keeping the**
11 **index finger free**

- 1 Hold the device by placing the thumb and middle finger on the finger pads above device
- 2 window. Keep the index finger free.



- 3
- 4

5 **3. Gently pierce the skin over the deltoid region**

- 6 Using light pressure, gently pierce the skin perpendicular to the deltoid region.



- 7
- 8

9 **4. Press the plunger to inject the vaccine**

- 10 Using index finger, gently press the plunger to inject the vaccine. Do not aspirate. When the
- 11 plunger stops, vaccination is complete. Note: Excessive pressure on the plunger may prematurely
- 12 activate the needle shield on the patient's arm. Because the vaccine is injected into the skin, a
- 13 wheal (superficial bump) and/or redness may be visible at the injection site.



1

2

3 **5. Activate the needle shield and dispose**

4 Remove the needle from the skin. Direct the needle away from you and others. Push very firmly
5 with the thumb on the plunger to activate the needle shield. You will hear a click when the
6 shield extends to cover the needle. Dispose the device in an appropriate container.



7

8

9 **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

10 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is a suspension for injection.

11

12 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is supplied in a single-dose prefilled microinjection system, 0.1
13 mL, for adults 18 through 64 years of age.

14

15

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

Do not administer Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent to anyone with a history of a severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) to any component of the vaccine [see *Description (11)*], including egg protein, or to a previous dose of any influenza vaccine.

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Guillain-Barré Syndrome

If Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) has occurred within 6 weeks following previous influenza vaccination, the decision to give Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent should be based on careful consideration of the potential benefits and risks. The 1976 swine influenza vaccine was associated with an elevated risk of GBS. Evidence for a causal relation of GBS with other influenza vaccines is inconclusive; if an excess risk exists, it is probably slightly more than 1 additional case per 1 million persons vaccinated (See references 1 and 2).

5.2 Preventing and Managing Allergic Reactions

Appropriate medical treatment and supervision must be available to manage possible anaphylactic reactions following administration of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent.

5.3 Altered Immunocompetence

If Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is administered to immunocompromised persons, including those receiving immunosuppressive therapy, the expected immune response may not be obtained.

5.4 Limitations of Vaccine Effectiveness

Vaccination with Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent may not protect all recipients.

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

In adults 18 through 64 years of age, the most common ($\geq 10\%$) injection-site reactions were pain (53.3%), pruritus (52.1%), erythema (36.7%), swelling (19.5%), and induration (17.0%); the most common solicited systemic adverse reactions were myalgia (34.1%), headache (33.1%), malaise (27.7%), and shivering (12.1%).

6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse event rates observed in the clinical trial(s) of a vaccine cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trial(s) of another vaccine, and may not reflect the rates observed in practice.

Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent in Adults 18 Through 64 Years of Age

Study 1 (NCT01712984, see <http://clinicaltrials.gov>) was a randomized, double-blind, active-controlled, multi-center safety and immunogenicity study conducted in the US. In this study, adults 18 through 64 years of age received a single injection of either Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent or one of two formulations of a comparator trivalent influenza vaccine by the intradermal route (TIV-ID1 or TIV-ID2). Each of the trivalent formulations contained an influenza type B virus that corresponded to one of the two type B viruses in Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent (a type B virus of the Victoria lineage or a type B virus of the Yamagata lineage).

The safety analysis set, comprised of all participants who received a study vaccine, included 3355 recipients. Among participants in the three vaccine groups combined, 61.3% were female, 84.9% White, 11.9% Black, 1.1% Asian, and 2.1% were of other racial/ethnic groups. [Table 1](#) summarizes solicited injection-site and systemic adverse reactions reported within 7 days post-vaccination via diary cards. Participants were monitored for unsolicited adverse events for 28

1 days after vaccination and serious adverse events (SAEs) for 6 months after vaccination.

2 **Table 1: Study 1^a: Percentage of Solicited Injection-site and Systemic Adverse Reactions**
 3 **Within 7 Days After Vaccination in Adults 18 Through 64 Years of Age (Safety Analysis**
 4 **Set)^b**

	Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent (N ^c =1649-1656)			TIV-ID1 ^c (B Yamagata) (N ^c =819-820)			TIV-ID2 ^d (B Victoria) (N ^c =836-838)		
	Any (%)	Grade 2 ^f (%)	Grade 3 ^g (%)	Any (%)	Grade 2 ^f (%)	Grade 3 ^g (%)	Any (%)	Grade 2 ^f (%)	Grade 3 ^g (%)
Injection-site adverse reactions									
Pain	53.3	9.7	1.4	48.2	7.9	1.2	50.1	7.5	1.4
Pruritis	52.1	9.4	2.8	45.4	9.0	1.8	44.6	7.5	2.3
Erythema	36.7	10.9	0.4	34.0	9.8	0.1	32.1	6.3	0.4
Swelling	19.5	4.8	0.1	14.8	3.9	0.0	14.7	2.0	0.0
Induration	17.0	2.8	<0.1	13.5	1.8	0.0	11.2	2.2	0.0
Ecchymosis	2.6	0.4	0.0	1.8	0.4	0.0	1.8	0.1	0.0
Systemic adverse reactions									
Myalgia	34.1	8.1	2.6	29.0	8.2	1.5	31.1	7.4	2.5
Headache	33.1	9.1	3.2	31.3	9.6	2.4	33.2	8.9	1.8
Malaise	27.7	9.2	3.0	26.3	6.6	1.8	30.4	8.4	2.5
Shivering	12.1	2.0	1.4	10.4	2.2	0.6	11.2	3.3	1.6
Fever (≥100.4°F)^h	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.0

5 ^aNCT01712984

6 ^bThe safety analysis set includes all persons who received study vaccine

7 ^cTIV-ID1: 2012-2013 Fluzone Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011
 8 (H3N2), and B/Texas/6/2011 (Yamagata lineage), licensed

9 ^dTIV-ID2: Investigational Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2),
 10 and B/Brisbane/60/2008 (Victoria lineage), non-licensed

11 ^eN is the number of vaccinated participants with available data for the events listed

^fGrade 2 - Injection-site pain and injection-site pruritus: Some interference with activity; Injection-site erythema, Injection-site swelling, Injection-site induration, and Injection-site ecchymosis: ≥ 51 to ≤ 100 mm; Fever: $\geq 101.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $\leq 102.0^{\circ}\text{F}$; Myalgia, Headache, Malaise, and Shivering: Some interference with activity

^gGrade 3 - Injection-site pain and injection-site pruritus: Significant – prevents daily activity; Injection-site erythema, Injection-site swelling, Injection-site induration, and Injection-site ecchymosis: > 100 mm; Fever: $\geq 102.1^{\circ}\text{F}$; Myalgia, Headache, Malaise, and Shivering: Significant – prevents daily activity

^hFever measured by any route

Unsolicited non-serious adverse events were reported in 382 (22.8%) recipients in the Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent group, 169 (20.2%) recipients in the TIV-ID1 group, and 212 (25.1%) recipients in the TIV-ID2 group. The most commonly reported unsolicited non-serious adverse events were cough, headache, and oropharyngeal pain. During the 28 days following vaccination, a total of 6 (0.4%) recipients in the Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent group, 2 (0.2%) recipients in the TIV-ID1 group, and 3 (0.4%) recipients in the TIV-ID2 group experienced at least one SAE; no deaths occurred. Throughout the study period (6 months post-vaccination), a total of 20 (1.2%) recipients in the Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent group, 14 (1.7%) recipients in the TIV-ID1 group, and 11 (1.3%) recipients in the TIV-ID2 group experienced at least one SAE. One death (177 days post-vaccination due to acute coronary myocardial infarction) occurred in the Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent group. This death was considered not related to the study vaccine by the Investigator.

Fluzone Intradermal (Trivalent Influenza Vaccine) in Adults 18 Through 64 Years of Age

The safety experience with Fluzone Intradermal (trivalent influenza vaccine) is relevant to Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent because both vaccines are manufactured using the same process and have overlapping compositions. In a study of adults 18 through 64 years of age (NCT00772109), safety was evaluated in 2855 Fluzone Intradermal recipients compared to 1421

1 Fluzone (trivalent influenza vaccine) recipients. Rates of solicited injection-site reactions and
2 systemic adverse events in adults are shown in [Table 2](#).

3 **Table 2: Frequency of Solicited Injection-Site Reactions and Systemic Adverse Events**
4 **Within 7 Days After Vaccine Injection, Adults 18 Through 64 Years of Age**

	Fluzone Intradermal (N ^a =2798-2802) Percentage			Fluzone (N ^a =1392-1394) Percentage		
	Any	Grade 2 ^b	Grade 3 ^c	Any	Grade 2 ^b	Grade 3 ^c
Injection-Site Erythema	76.4	28.8	13.0	13.2	2.1	0.9
Injection-Site Induration	58.4	13.0	3.4	10.0	2.3	0.5
Injection-Site Swelling	56.8	13.4	5.4	8.4	2.1	0.9
Injection-Site Pain	51.0	4.4	0.6	53.7	5.8	0.8
Injection-Site Pruritus	46.9	4.1	1.1	9.3	0.4	0.0
Injection-Site Ecchymosis	9.3	1.4	0.4	6.2	1.1	0.4
Headache	31.2	6.4	1.5	30.3	6.5	1.6
Myalgia	26.5	4.6	1.5	30.8	5.5	1.4
Malaise	23.3	5.5	2.2	22.2	5.5	1.8
Shivering	7.3	1.5	0.7	6.2	1.1	0.6
Fever^d (≥99.5°F)	3.9	0.6	0.1	2.6	0.4	0.2

5 ^a N is the number of vaccinated subjects with available data for the events listed

6 ^b Grade 2 - Injection-site erythema, Injection-site induration, Injection-site swelling, and Injection-site ecchymosis:
7 ≥2.5 cm to <5 cm; Injection-site pain and Injection-site pruritus: sufficiently discomforting to interfere with normal
8 behavior or activities; Fever: >100.4°F to ≤102.2°F; Headache, Myalgia, Malaise, and Shivering: interferes with
9 daily activities

10 ^c Grade 3 - Injection-site erythema, Injection-site induration, Injection-site swelling, and Injection-site ecchymosis: ≥5
11 cm; Injection-site pain: incapacitating, unable to perform usual activities; Injection-site pruritus: incapacitating,
12 unable to perform usual activities, may have/or required medical care or absenteeism; Fever: >102.2°F; Headache,
13 Myalgia, Malaise, and Shivering: prevents daily activities

14 ^d Fever - The percentage of temperature measurements that were taken by oral or axillary routes, or not recorded were
15 99.9%, <0.1%, and 0.1%, respectively, for Fluzone Intradermal; and 99.6%, 0.0%, and 0.4%, respectively, for
16 Fluzone

18 6.2 Post-Marketing Experience

19 The following events have been spontaneously reported during the post-approval use of the
20 trivalent formulation of Fluzone. Because these events are reported voluntarily from a population

1 of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal
2 relationship to vaccine exposure. Adverse events were included based on one or more of the
3 following factors: severity, frequency of reporting, or strength of evidence for a causal
4 relationship to Fluzone.

5

- 6 • *Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders*: Thrombocytopenia, lymphadenopathy
- 7 • *Immune System Disorders*: Anaphylaxis, other allergic/hypersensitivity reactions (including
8 urticaria, angioedema)
- 9 • *Eye disorders*: Ocular hyperemia
- 10 • *Nervous System Disorders*: Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS), convulsions, febrile
11 convulsions, myelitis (including encephalomyelitis and transverse myelitis), facial palsy
12 (Bell's palsy), optic neuritis/neuropathy, brachial neuritis, syncope (shortly after vaccination),
13 dizziness, paresthesia
- 14 • *Vascular Disorders*: Vasculitis, vasodilation/flushing
- 15 • *Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders*: Dyspnea, pharyngitis, rhinitis, cough,
16 wheezing, throat tightness
- 17 • *Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders*: Stevens-Johnson syndrome
- 18 • *General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions*: Pruritus, asthenia/fatigue, pain in
19 extremities, chest pain
- 20 • *Gastrointestinal Disorders*: Vomiting

21

22 **8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS**

23 **8.1 Pregnancy**

1 *Pregnancy Category B*: The developmental and reproductive toxicity study performed with the
2 trivalent formulation of Fluzone Intradermal is relevant to Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent
3 because both vaccines share the same manufacturing process and route of administration. The
4 study, in which the trivalent formulation of Fluzone Intradermal (27 mcg) was administered to
5 female rabbits at a dose approximately 20 times the human dose (on a mg/kg basis), revealed no
6 evidence of impaired female fertility or harm to the fetus. There are, however, no adequate and
7 well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always
8 predictive of human response, Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent should be used during pregnancy
9 only if clearly needed.

10

11 Sanofi Pasteur Inc. is maintaining a prospective pregnancy exposure registry to collect data on
12 pregnancy outcomes and newborn health status following vaccination with Fluzone Intradermal
13 Quadrivalent during pregnancy. Healthcare providers are encouraged to enroll women who
14 receive Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent during pregnancy in Sanofi Pasteur Inc.'s vaccination
15 pregnancy registry by calling 1-800-822-2463.

16

17 **8.3 Nursing Mothers**

18 It is not known whether Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is excreted in human milk. Because
19 many drugs are excreted in human milk, the decision to give Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent to
20 a nursing woman should be based on careful consideration of the potential benefits and risks.

21

22 **8.4 Pediatric Use**

23 Safety and effectiveness of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent in persons <18 years of age have
24 not been established. In a clinical trial, 97 infants and toddlers 6 months through 35 months of age

1 and 160 children 3 years through 8 years of age were enrolled to receive two injections of the
2 trivalent formulation of Fluzone Intradermal. Infants and children in a control group received two
3 injections of Fluzone. Fluzone Intradermal was associated with increased local reactogenicity
4 relative to Fluzone. The size of the study was not adequate to reliably evaluate serious adverse
5 events or the immune response elicited by Fluzone Intradermal relative to Fluzone.

6 7 **8.5 Geriatric Use**

8 Safety and effectiveness of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent in persons 65 years of age and older
9 have not been established.

10 11 **11 DESCRIPTION**

12 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent (Influenza Vaccine) for intradermal injection is an inactivated
13 influenza vaccine, prepared from influenza viruses propagated in embryonated chicken eggs. The
14 virus-containing allantoic fluid is harvested and inactivated with formaldehyde. Influenza virus is
15 concentrated and purified in a linear sucrose density gradient solution using a continuous flow
16 centrifuge. The virus is then chemically disrupted using a non-ionic surfactant, octylphenol
17 ethoxylate (Triton® X-100), producing a “split virus”. The split virus is further purified and then
18 suspended in sodium phosphate-buffered isotonic sodium chloride solution. The Fluzone
19 Intradermal Quadrivalent process uses an additional concentration factor after the ultrafiltration
20 step in order to obtain a higher hemagglutinin (HA) antigen concentration. Antigens from the four
21 strains included in the vaccine are produced separately and then combined to make the
22 quadrivalent formulation.

1 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent suspension for injection is clear and slightly opalescent in
2 color.

3

4 Neither antibiotics nor preservative are used in the manufacture of Fluzone Intradermal
5 Quadrivalent.

6

7 The Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent microinjection system is not made with natural rubber
8 latex.

9

10 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is standardized according to United States Public Health
11 Service requirements and is formulated to contain the following four influenza strains
12 recommended for the 2016-2017 influenza season: A/California/07/2009 X-179A (H1N1),
13 A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 X-263B(H3N2), B/Phuket/3073/2013 (B Yamagata lineage), and
14 B/Brisbane/60/2008 (B Victoria lineage). The amounts of HA and other ingredients per dose of
15 vaccine are listed in [Table 3](#).

16 **Table 3: Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent Ingredients**

Ingredient	Quantity per 0.1 mL Dose
Active Substance: Split influenza virus, inactivated strains^a:	36 mcg HA total
A (H1N1)	9 mcg HA
A (H3N2)	9 mcg HA
B/(Victoria lineage)	9 mcg HA
B/(Yamagata lineage)	9 mcg HA

Other:	
Sodium phosphate-buffered isotonic sodium chloride solution	QS ^b to appropriate volume
Formaldehyde	≤20 mcg
Octylphenol ethoxylate	≤55 mcg

1 ^aper United States Public Health Service (USPHS) requirement

2 ^bQuantity Sufficient

3

4 **12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY**

5 **12.1 Mechanism of Action**

6 Influenza illness and its complications follow infection with influenza viruses. Global surveillance
7 of influenza identifies yearly antigenic variants. Since 1977, antigenic variants of influenza A
8 (H1N1 and H3N2) viruses and influenza B viruses have been in global circulation. Since 2001,
9 two distinct lineages of influenza B (Victoria and Yamagata lineages) have co-circulated
10 worldwide. Protection from influenza virus infection has not been correlated with a specific level
11 of hemagglutination inhibition (HAI) antibody titer post-vaccination. However, in some human
12 studies, antibody titers $\geq 1:40$ have been associated with protection from influenza illness in up to
13 50% of subjects (See references 3 and 4).

14

15 Antibodies against one influenza virus type or subtype confer limited or no protection against
16 another. Furthermore, antibodies to one antigenic variant of influenza virus might not protect
17 against a new antigenic variant of the same type or subtype. Frequent development of antigenic
18 variants through antigenic drift is the virologic basis for seasonal epidemics and the reason for the
19 usual change of one or more new strains in each year's influenza vaccine. Therefore, influenza
20 vaccines are standardized to contain the hemagglutinins of influenza virus strains, representing the
21 influenza viruses likely to be circulating in the US during the influenza season.

1

2 Annual vaccination with the current vaccine is recommended because immunity during the year
3 after vaccination declines, and because circulating strains of influenza virus change from year to
4 year.

5 **13 NON-CLINICAL TOXICOLOGY**

6 **13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility**

7 Fluzone Quadrivalent has not been evaluated for carcinogenic or mutagenic potential. A
8 reproductive study of female rabbits vaccinated with Fluzone Quadrivalent was performed and
9 revealed no evidence of impaired female fertility [see *Pregnancy* (8.1)].

10

11 **14 CLINICAL STUDIES**

12 **14.1 Immunogenicity of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent in Adults 18 through** 13 **64 Years of Age**

14 In Study 1 (NCT01712984), study participants were randomized to receive one dose of Fluzone
15 Intradermal Quadrivalent, TIV-ID1, or TIV-ID2. Of the 2249 participants randomized to provide
16 blood samples for immunogenicity analyses, 2113 adults 18 through 64 years of age were
17 included in the per-protocol analysis set. The distribution of demographics was similar to that of
18 the safety analysis set [see *Clinical Trials Experience* (6.1)].

19

20 HAI antibody geometric mean titers (GMTs) and seroconversion rates 28 days following
21 vaccination with Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent were non-inferior to those following each
22 TIV-ID for all four strains, based on pre-specified criteria (see [Table 4](#) and [Table 5](#)).

23 **Table 4: Study 1^a: Non-inferiority of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent Relative to TIV-ID**
24 **for Each Strain by HAI Antibody GMTs at 28 Days Post-Vaccination, Adults 18 Through 64**

1 **Years of Age (Per-protocol Analysis Set)^b**

Antigen Strain	Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent		Pooled TIV-ID ^c				GMT Ratio (95% CI) ^d
	M ^c	GMT	M ^c		GMT		
A (H1N1)	1041	589	1072		680		0.87 (0.78; 0.97)
A (H3N2)	1041	368	1071		430		0.86 (0.77; 0.96)
	Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent		TIV-ID1 ^f (B Yamagata)		TIV-ID2 ^g (B Victoria)		GMT Ratio (95% CI) ^d
	M ^c	GMT	M ^c	GMT	M ^c	GMT	
B/Texas/6/2011 (B Yamagata)	1041	105	539	93.5	533	(54.0) ^h	1.13 (1.02; 1.25)
B/Brisbane/60/2008 (B Victoria)	1041	136	538	(66.7) ⁱ	533	130	1.05 (0.94; 1.16)

2 ^aNCT01712984

3 ^bPer-protocol analysis set included all persons who underwent serologic testing and had no study protocol deviations

4 ^cPooled TIV-ID group includes participants vaccinated with either TIV-ID1 or TIV-ID2

5 ^dNon-inferiority was demonstrated if the lower limit of the 2-sided 95% CI of the ratio of GMTs (Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent divided by pooled TIV-ID for the A strains, or the TIV-ID containing the corresponding B strain) was

7 >2/3

8 ^eM is the number of participants in the per-protocol analysis set with available data for the considered endpoint

9 ^fTIV-ID1: 2012-2013 Fluzone Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), and B/Texas/6/2011 (Yamagata lineage), licensed

11 ^gTIV-ID2: Investigational Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), and B/Brisbane/60/2008 (Victoria lineage), non-licensed

13 ^hTIV-ID2 did not contain B/Texas/6/2011

14 ⁱTIV-ID1 did not contain B/Brisbane/60/2008

15 **Table 5: Study 1^a: Non-inferiority of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent Relative to TIV-ID**
 16 **for Each Strain by Seroconversion Rates at 28 Days Post-Vaccination, Adults 18 Through**
 17 **64 Years of Age (Per-protocol Analysis Set)^b**

Antigen Strain	Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent		Pooled TIV-ID ^c		Difference of Seroconversion Rates (95% CI) ^f
	M ^d	Sero-conversion ^e (%)	M ^d	Seroconversion ^e (%)	
A (H1N1)	1041	57.6	1072	60.4	-2.72 (-6.90; 1.47)
A (H3N2)	1040	58.5	1071	59.8	-1.30 (-5.48; 2.89)

	Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent		TIV-ID1 ^g (B Yamagata)		TIV-ID2 ^h (B Victoria)		Difference of Seroconversion Rates (95% CI) ^f
	M ^d	Sero-conversion ^e (%)	M ^d	Sero-conversion ^e (%)	M ^d	Sero-conversion ^e (%)	
B/Texas/6/2011 (B Yamagata)	1041	55.7	539	46.9	533	(24.6) ⁱ	8.78 (3.58; 13.9)
B/Brisbane/60/2008 (B Victoria)	1041	50.4	538	(22.1) ^j	533	44.1	6.34 (1.13; 11.5)

1 ^aNCT01712984

2 ^bPer-protocol analysis set included all persons who underwent serologic testing and had no study protocol deviations

3 ^cPooled TIV group includes participants vaccinated with either TIV-ID1 or TIV-ID2

4 ^dM is the number of participants in the per-protocol analysis set with available data for the considered endpoint

5 ^eSeroconversion: Paired samples with pre-vaccination HAI titer <1:10 and post-vaccination titer ≥1:40 or a minimum
6 4-fold increase for participants with pre-vaccination titer ≥1:10

7 ^fNon-inferiority was demonstrated if the lower limit of the 2-sided 95% CI of the difference in seroconversion rates
8 (Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent minus pooled TIV-ID for the A strains, or the TIV-ID containing the
9 corresponding B strain) was >-10%

10 ^gTIV-ID1: 2012-2013 Fluzone Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011
11 (H3N2), and B/Texas/6/2011 (Yamagata lineage), licensed

12 ^hTIV-ID2: Investigational Intradermal TIV containing A/California/7/2009 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2),
13 and B/Brisbane/60/2008 (Victoria lineage), non-licensed

14 ⁱTIV-ID2 did not contain B/Texas/6/2011

15 ^jTIV-ID1 did not contain B/Brisbane/60/2008

1 **15 REFERENCES**

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16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

16.1 How Supplied

Single-dose prefilled microinjection system, 0.1 mL (NDC 49281-710-48) (not made with natural rubber latex). Supplied as package of 10 (NDC 49281-710-40).

16.2 Storage and Handling

Store Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent refrigerated at 2° to 8°C (35° to 46°F). DO NOT FREEZE. Discard if vaccine has been frozen.

Do not use after the expiration date shown on the label.

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

See FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Information). Inform the vaccine recipient or guardian:

- Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent contains killed viruses and cannot cause influenza.
- Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent stimulates the immune system to protect against influenza, but does not prevent other respiratory infections.
- Annual influenza vaccination is recommended.
- Because the vaccine is injected into the skin, patients may experience visible reactions at the injection site, such as a wheal (superficial bump), redness, and swelling. Patients may also experience pain, itching, and induration at the injection site.
- Report adverse reactions to their healthcare provider and/or to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) at 1-800-822-7967 or <http://vaers.hhs.gov>.

- 1 • Sanofi Pasteur Inc. is maintaining a prospective pregnancy exposure registry to collect data on
2 pregnancy outcomes and newborn health status following vaccination with Fluzone
3 Intradermal Quadrivalent during pregnancy. Women who receive Fluzone Intradermal
4 Quadrivalent during pregnancy are encouraged to contact Sanofi Pasteur Inc. directly or have
5 their healthcare provider contact Sanofi Pasteur Inc. at 1-800-822-2463.

6

7 Fluzone is a registered trademark of Sanofi Pasteur Inc.

8

9 Manufactured by:

10 **Sanofi Pasteur Inc.**

11 Swiftwater PA 18370 USA

12

SANOFI PASTEUR 

1 **Patient Information Sheet**
2 **Fluzone® Intradermal Quadrivalent**
3 **Influenza Vaccine**
4

5 Please read this information sheet before getting Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine. This
6 summary is not intended to take the place of talking with your healthcare provider. If you have
7 questions or would like more information, please talk with your healthcare provider.

8
9 **What is Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine?**

10 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent is a vaccine that helps protect against influenza illness (flu).
11 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine is for people who are 18 through 64 years of age.
12 Vaccination with Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine may not protect all people who
13 receive the vaccine.

14
15 **Who should not get Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine?**

16 You should not get Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine if you:

- 17 • ever had a severe allergic reaction to eggs or egg products.
18 • ever had a severe allergic reaction after getting any flu vaccine.
19 • are younger than 18 years of age.
20 • are 65 years of age or older.

21
22 Tell your healthcare provider if you have or have had:

- 23 • Guillain-Barré syndrome (severe muscle weakness) after getting a flu vaccine.
24 • problems with your immune system as the immune response may be diminished.

25
26 **How is the Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine given?**

27 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine is a shot given into the skin of the arm.
28

29 **What are the possible side effects of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine?**

30 The most common side effects of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine are:

- 1 • pain, redness, swelling, hardness, and itching where you got the shot
- 2 • muscle ache
- 3 • tiredness
- 4 • headache
- 5 • shivering

6 Once the vaccine has been given, a bump may be visible where you got the shot. These are not all
7 of the possible side effects of Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine. You can ask your
8 healthcare provider for a list of other side effects that is available to healthcare professionals.

9

10 Call your healthcare provider for advice about any side effects that concern you. You may report
11 side effects to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) at 1-800-822-7967 or
12 <http://vaers.hhs.gov>.

13 Sanofi Pasteur Inc. is collecting information on pregnancy outcomes and the health of newborns
14 following vaccination with Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine during pregnancy. Women
15 who receive Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine during pregnancy are encouraged to
16 contact Sanofi Pasteur Inc. directly or have their healthcare provider contact Sanofi Pasteur Inc. at
17 1-800-822-2463.

18

19 **What are the ingredients in Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine?**

20 Fluzone Intradermal Quadrivalent vaccine contains 4 killed flu virus strains.
21 Inactive ingredients include formaldehyde and octylphenol ethoxylate.

22

23

24 Manufactured by:

25 **Sanofi Pasteur Inc.**

26 Swiftwater, PA 18370 USA

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