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AMERICAN TIME USE SURVEY — 2013 RESULTS

On an average day in 2013, employed adults living in households with no children under age 18 engaged in leisure activities for 4.5 hours, about an hour more than employed adults living with a child under age 6, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Nearly everyone age 15 and over (95 percent) engaged in some sort of leisure activity, such as watching TV, socializing, or exercising.

These and other results from the American Time Use Survey (ATUS) were released today. These data include the average amount of time per day in 2013 that individuals worked, did household activities, and engaged in leisure and sports activities. Additionally, measures of the average time per day spent providing childcare—both as a primary (or main) activity and while doing other things—for the combined years 2009-13 are provided. For a further description of ATUS data and methodology, see the Technical Note.

Working (by Employed Persons) in 2013

- Employed persons worked an average of 7.6 hours on the days they worked. More hours were worked, on average, on weekdays than on weekend days—7.9 hours compared with 5.5 hours. (See table 4.)
- On the days they worked, employed men worked 53 minutes more than employed women. This difference partly reflects women's greater likelihood of working part time. However, even among full-time workers (those usually working 35 hours or more per week), men worked longer than women—8.3 hours compared with 7.7 hours. (See table 4.)
- Many more people worked on weekdays than on weekend days: 83 percent of employed persons worked on an average weekday, compared with 34 percent on an average weekend day. (See table 4.)
- On the days they worked, 83 percent of employed persons did some or all of their work at their workplace and 23 percent did some or all of their work at home. They spent more time working at the workplace than at home—7.9 hours compared with 3.0 hours. (See table 6.)
- Multiple jobholders were more likely to work on an average day than were single jobholders—77 percent compared with 67 percent. (For a definition of average day, see the Technical Note.) Multiple jobholders also were more likely to work at home than were single jobholders—31 percent compared with 22 percent. (See table 6.)

- Self-employed workers were nearly three times more likely than wage and salary workers to have done some work at home on days worked—56 percent compared with 20 percent. Self-employed workers also were more likely to work on weekend days than were wage and salary workers—43 percent compared with 31 percent. (See tables 5 and 7.)
- On the days they worked, 36 percent of employed people age 25 and over with a bachelor's degree or higher did some work at home, compared with only 7 percent of those with less than a high school diploma. (See table 6.)

Household Activities in 2013

- On an average day, 83 percent of women and 65 percent of men spent some time doing household activities such as housework, cooking, lawn care, or financial and other household management. (See table 1.)
- On the days they did household activities, women spent an average of 2.6 hours on such activities, while men spent 2.1 hours. (See table 1.)
- On an average day, 19 percent of men did housework—such as cleaning or doing laundry—compared with 49 percent of women. Forty-two percent of men did food preparation or cleanup, compared with 68 percent of women. (See table 1.)

Leisure Activities in 2013

- On an average day, nearly everyone age 15 and over (95 percent) engaged in some sort of leisure activity, such as watching TV, socializing, or exercising. Of those who engaged in leisure activities, men spent more time in these activities (5.9 hours) than did women (5.2 hours). (See table 1.)
- Watching TV was the leisure activity that occupied the most time (2.8 hours per day), accounting for more than half of leisure time, on average, for those age 15 and over. Socializing, such as visiting with friends or attending or hosting social events, was the next most common leisure activity, accounting for 43 minutes per day. (See table 1.)
- Men were more likely than women to participate in sports, exercise, or recreation on any given day—21 percent compared with 16 percent. On the days that they participated, men also spent more time in these activities than did women—1.9 hours compared with 1.3 hours. (See table 1.)
- On an average day, adults age 75 and over spent 7.5 hours engaged in leisure activities—more than any other age group; 25- to 34-year-olds spent 4.3 hours and 35- to 44-year-olds spent 4.1 hours engaged in leisure and sports activities—less than other age groups. (See table 11.)
- Time spent reading for personal interest and playing games or using a computer for leisure varied greatly by age. Individuals age 75 and over averaged 1.0 hour of reading per weekend day and 20 minutes playing games or using a computer for leisure. Conversely, individuals ages 15 to 19 read for an average of 4 minutes per weekend day and spent 52 minutes playing games or using a computer for leisure. (See table 11.)

- Employed adults living in households with no children under age 18 engaged in leisure activities for 4.5 hours per day, about an hour more than employed adults living with a child under age 6. (See table 8.)

Care of Household Children for the period 2009-13

- Adults living in households with children under age 6 spent an average of 2.0 hours per day providing primary childcare to household children. Adults living in households where the youngest child was between the ages of 6 and 17 spent less than half as much time providing primary childcare to household children—47 minutes per day. Primary childcare is childcare that is done as a main activity, such as physical care of children and reading to or talking with children. (See table 9.)
- On an average day, among adults living in households with children under age 6, women spent 1.0 hour providing physical care (such as bathing or feeding a child) to household children; by contrast, men spent 26 minutes providing physical care. (See table 9.)
- Adults living in households with at least one child under age 6 spent an average of 5.4 hours per day providing secondary childcare—that is, they had at least one child in their care while doing activities other than primary childcare. Secondary childcare provided by adults living in households with children under age 6 was most commonly provided while doing leisure activities (2.1 hours) or household activities (1.3 hours). (See table 10.)
- Adults living in households with children under age 6 spent more time providing primary childcare on an average weekday (2.1 hours) than on an average weekend day (1.8 hours). However, they spent less time providing secondary childcare on weekdays than on weekend days—4.5 hours compared with 7.4 hours. (See tables 9 and 10.)

Additional Data

ATUS 2013 data files are available for users to do their own tabulations and analyses. In accordance with BLS and Census Bureau policies that protect survey respondents' privacy, identifying information was removed from the data files. The 2013 data files are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/tus/data.htm.

Partial Federal Government Shutdown

Some agencies of the federal government—including the Bureau of Labor Statistics—were shut down or operating at reduced staffing levels from October 1, 2013, through October 16, 2013.

All American Time Use Survey (ATUS) operations were suspended from October 1 through October 16. No call attempts were made and no interviews were completed during the shutdown. Because ATUS interviews are conducted every day and collect time diaries about "yesterday"—that is, the day prior to the interview day—there are no ATUS data for September 30 through October 15. Data collection resumed on October 17.

The shutdown primarily affected ATUS data for the fourth quarter of 2013, as nearly all of the missing time diaries were in this period. ATUS estimates included in this news release have been weighted such that the time diaries for October 16 through December 30 represent all days in the quarter, including those missing because of the shutdown. For information on the ATUS weights, please see the Technical Note.

It is possible that ATUS estimates for 2013 or for the fourth quarter of 2013 could have been affected by the loss of data due to the shutdown. If people's time use in early October 2013 differed from their time use in the remainder of the year, ATUS estimates would fail to account for this difference. For example, people who were affected by the shutdown may have modified how they spent their time, but the estimates would not capture this. Any seasonal differences in activities between these periods could also affect the estimates, although ATUS data historically have exhibited minimal seasonality. It is not possible to quantify the effect of the shutdown on the ATUS estimates.

Additional information is available at www.bls.gov/tus/october2013shutdown.htm.

Technical Note

The estimates in this release are based on annual average data from the American Time Use Survey (ATUS). The ATUS, which is conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), is a continuous survey about how individuals age 15 and over spend their time.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Survey methodology

Data collection for the ATUS began in January 2003. Sample cases for the survey are selected monthly, and interviews are conducted continuously throughout the year. In 2013, approximately 11,400 individuals were interviewed. Estimates are released annually.

ATUS sample households are chosen from the households that completed their eighth (final) interview for the Current Population Survey (CPS), the nation's monthly household labor force survey. ATUS sample households are selected to ensure that estimates will be nationally representative.

One individual age 15 or over is randomly chosen from each sampled household. This "designated person" is interviewed by telephone once about his or her activities on the day before the interview—the "diary day."

All ATUS interviews are conducted using Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing. Procedures are in place to collect information from the small number of households that did not provide a telephone number during the CPS interview.

ATUS designated persons are preassigned a day of the week about which to report. Preassignment is designed to reduce variability in response rates across the week and to allow oversampling of weekend days so that accurate weekend day measures can be developed. Interviews occur on the day following the assigned day. For example, a person assigned to report about a Monday would be contacted on the following Tuesday. Ten percent of designated persons are assigned to report about each of the five weekdays. Twenty-five percent are assigned to report about each weekend day. Households are called for up to 8 consecutive weeks (for example, 8 Tuesdays) in order to secure an interview.

About the questionnaire

In the time diary portion of the ATUS interview, survey respondents sequentially report activities they did between 4 a.m. on the day before the interview ("yesterday") until 4 a.m. on the day of the interview. For each activity, respondents are asked how long the activity lasted. For activities other than personal care activities (such as sleeping and grooming), interviewers also ask respondents where they were and who was in the room with them (if at home) or who accompanied them (if away from home). If respondents report doing more than one activity at a time, they are asked to identify which one was the "main" (primary) activity. If none can be identified, then the interviewer records the first

activity mentioned. After completing the time diary, interviewers ask respondents additional questions to clearly identify work, volunteering, and secondary childcare activities. Secondary childcare is defined as having a child under age 13 in one's care while doing other activities. Questions to identify eldercare providers and activities done as eldercare were added to the survey in 2011.

In addition, the ATUS includes an update of the household composition from the last CPS interview (2 to 5 months prior to the ATUS interview) and the employment status of the respondent and his or her spouse or unmarried partner. For respondents who became employed or changed jobs between the last CPS interview and the ATUS interview, information also is collected on industry, occupation, class of worker, and earnings. For those who are unemployed or on layoff, CPS questions on job search activities are asked. Those who report being on layoff are asked if or when they expect to be recalled to work. Finally, a question about current school enrollment status is asked of all respondents ages 15 to 49.

After completing the interview, primary activity descriptions are assigned a single 6-digit code using the ATUS Coding Lexicon. The 3-tier coding system consists of 17 major activity categories, each with multiple second- and third-tier subcategories. These coding lexicon categories are then combined into composite categories for publication, such as in this news release. Descriptions of categories shown in this release can be found in the Major activity category definitions section of this Technical Note. The ATUS Coding Lexicon can be accessed at www.bls.gov/tus/lexicons.htm.

Concepts and definitions

Average day. The average day measure reflects an average distribution across all persons in the reference population and all days of the week. Average day measures for the entire population provide a mechanism for seeing the overall distribution of time allocation for society as a whole. The ATUS collects data about daily activities from all segments of the population age 15 and over, including persons who are employed and not employed. Activity profiles differ based upon age, employment status, gender, and other characteristics. On an average day in 2013, persons in the United States age 15 and over did work and work-related activities for 3.5 hours, slept 8.7 hours, spent 5.3 hours doing leisure and sports activities, and spent 1.8 hours doing household activities. The remaining 4.7 hours were spent doing a variety of other activities, including eating and drinking, attending school, and shopping. (See table 1.) By comparison, an average weekday for persons employed full time on days that they worked included 9.2 hours doing work and work-related activities, 7.8 hours sleeping, 2.8 hours doing leisure and sports activities, and 0.9 hour doing household activities. The remaining 3.3 hours were spent in other activities, such as those described above. (These estimates include related travel time.)

Many activities typically are not done on a daily basis, and some activities only are done by a subset of the population. For example, only 42 percent of all persons age 15 years and over worked on an average day in 2013 because some were not employed and those who were employed did not work every day. (See table 1.)

Average hours per day. The average number of hours spent in a 24-hour day (between 4 a.m. on the diary day and 4 a.m. on the interview day) doing a specified activity.

- *Average hours per day, population.* The average number of hours per day is computed using all responses from a given population, including those of respondents who did not do a particular activity on their diary day. These estimates reflect how many population members engaged in an activity and the amount of time they spent doing it.
- *Average hours per day, persons who did the activity.* The average number of hours per day is computed using only responses from those who engaged in a particular activity on their diary day.

Diary day. The diary day is the day about which the respondent reports. For example, the diary day of a respondent interviewed on Tuesday is Monday.

Earnings

- *Usual weekly earnings.* Estimates represent the earnings of full-time wage and salary workers with one job only (both incorporated and unincorporated self-employed are excluded), before taxes and other deductions. They include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. Usual weekly earnings are only updated in ATUS for about a third of employed respondents—if the respondent changed jobs or employment status between the CPS and ATUS interviews or if the CPS weekly earnings value was imputed. This means that the earnings information could be out of date because the CPS interview was done 2 to 5 months prior to the ATUS interview. Respondents are asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, annually, or other) and how much they usually earn in the reported time period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.
- *Weekly earnings ranges.* The ranges used represent approximately 25 percent of full-time wage and salary workers (both incorporated and unincorporated self-employed are excluded) who

held only one job. For example, 25 percent of full-time wage and salary workers with one job only had weekly earnings of \$520 or less. These dollar values vary from year to year.

Employment status

- *Employed.* All persons who, at any time during the 7 days prior to the interview:
 - 1) Did any work at all as paid employees; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or usually worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family-operated enterprise; or
 - 2) Were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, vacation, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, maternity or paternity leave, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.
- *Employed full time.* Full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more per week at all jobs combined.
- *Employed part time.* Part-time workers are those who usually worked fewer than 35 hours per week at all jobs combined.
- *Not employed.* Persons are not employed if they do not meet the conditions for employment. The not employed include those classified as unemployed as well as those classified as not in the labor force (using CPS definitions).

The numbers of employed and not employed persons in this report do not correspond to published totals from the CPS for several reasons. First, the reference population for the ATUS is age 15 years and over, whereas it is age 16 years and over for the CPS. Second, ATUS data are collected continuously, the employment reference period being the 7 days prior to the interview. By contrast, CPS data are usually collected during the week including the 19th of the month and refer to employment during the week containing the 12th of the month. Finally, the CPS accepts answers from household members about other household members whereas such proxy responses are not allowed in the ATUS. One consequence of the difference in proxy reporting is that a significantly higher proportion of teenagers report employment in the ATUS than in the CPS. While the information on employment from the ATUS is useful for assessing work in the context of other daily activities, the employment data are not intended for analysis of current employment trends. Compared with the CPS and other estimates of employment, the ATUS estimates are based on a much smaller sample and are only available with a

substantial lag since ATUS data and estimates are published during the year following data collection.

Household children. Household children are children under age 18 residing in the household of the ATUS respondent. The children may be related to the respondent (such as his or her own children, grandchildren, nieces or nephews, or siblings) or not related (such as foster children or children of roommates).

Primary activity. A primary activity is the main activity a respondent was doing at a specified time. With the exception of secondary childcare in table 10, the estimates presented in this release reflect time spent in primary activities only.

Secondary activities. A secondary (or simultaneous) activity is an activity done at the same time as a primary activity. With the exception of the care of children under age 13, information on secondary activities is not systematically collected in the ATUS.

Secondary childcare. Secondary childcare is care for children under age 13 that is done while doing an activity other than primary childcare, such as cooking dinner. Secondary childcare estimates are derived by summing the durations of activities during which respondents had a household child or their own nonhousehold child under age 13 in their care while doing activities other than primary childcare. It is restricted to times the respondent was awake. Secondary childcare time for household children is further restricted to the time between when the first household child under age 13 woke up and the last household child under age 13 went to bed. If respondents report providing both primary and secondary care at the same time, the time is attributed to primary care only.

Weekday, weekend, and holiday estimates. Estimates for weekdays are an average of reports about Monday through Friday. Estimates for weekend days and holidays are an average of reports about Saturdays, Sundays, and the following holidays: New Year's Day, Easter, Memorial Day, the Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. Data were not collected about New Year's Day in 2012, Christmas Day in 2011, and the Fourth of July in 2010.

Major activity category definitions

The following definitions describe the activity categories shown in this report. All major time-use categories in tables 1-12 include related travel time and waiting time. For example, time spent "driving to the stadium" and time spent "waiting to get into the stadium to play ball" are included in Leisure and sports.

Personal care activities. Personal care activities include sleeping, grooming (such as bathing or dressing), health-related self-care, and personal or private activities. Receiving unpaid personal care from others (for example,

"my sister put polish on my nails") also is captured in this category. In general, respondents are not asked who they were with or where they were for personal care activities, as such information can be sensitive.

Eating and drinking. All time spent eating or drinking (except eating and drinking done as part of a work or volunteer activity), whether alone, with others, at home, at a place of purchase, or somewhere else, is classified here.

Household activities. Household activities are those done by persons to maintain their households. These include housework; cooking; lawn and garden care; pet care; vehicle maintenance and repair; home maintenance, repair, decoration, and renovation; and household management and organizational activities (such as filling out paperwork or planning a party). Food preparation, whether or not reported as done specifically for another household member, is always classified as a household activity unless it was done as a volunteer, work, or income-generating activity. For example, "making breakfast for my son" is coded as a household activity, not as childcare.

Purchasing goods and services. This category includes purchases of consumer goods, professional and personal care services, household services, and government services. Consumer purchases include most purchases and rentals of consumer goods, regardless of the mode or place of purchase or rental (in person, via telephone, over the Internet, at home, or in a store). Gasoline, grocery, other food purchases, and all other shopping are further broken out in subcategories.

Time spent obtaining, receiving, and purchasing professional and personal care services provided by someone else also is classified in this category. Professional services include childcare, financial services and banking, legal services, medical and adult care services, real estate services, and veterinary services. Personal care services include day spas, hair salons and barbershops, nail salons, and tanning salons. Activities classified here include time spent paying, meeting with, or talking to service providers, as well as time spent receiving the service or waiting to receive the service.

Time spent arranging for and purchasing household services provided by someone else also is classified here. Household services include housecleaning; cooking; lawn care and landscaping; pet care; tailoring, laundering, and dry cleaning; vehicle maintenance and repairs; and home repairs, maintenance, and construction.

This category also captures the time spent obtaining government services—such as applying for food stamps—and purchasing government-required licenses or paying fines or fees.

Caring for and helping household members. Time spent doing activities to care for or help any child (under age 18) or adult in the household, regardless of relationship to the respondent or the physical or mental health status of the person being helped, is classified here. Caring for and helping activities for household children and adults are coded separately in subcategories.

Primary childcare activities include time spent providing physical care; playing with children; reading to children; assistance with homework; attending children's events; taking care of children's health needs; and dropping off, picking up, and waiting for children. Passive childcare done as a primary activity (such as "keeping an eye on my son while he swam in the pool") also is included. A child's presence during the activity is not enough in itself to classify the activity as childcare. For example, "watching television with my child" is coded as a leisure activity, not as childcare.

Secondary childcare occurs when persons have a child under age 13 "in their care" while doing activities other than primary childcare. For a complete definition, see the Concepts and definitions section of this Technical Note.

Caring for and helping household members also includes a range of activities done to benefit adult members of households, such as providing physical and medical care or obtaining medical services. Doing something as a favor for or helping another household adult does not automatically result in classification as a helping activity. For example, a report of "helping my spouse cook dinner" is considered a household activity (food preparation), not a helping activity, because cooking dinner benefits the household as a whole. By contrast, doing paperwork for another person usually benefits the individual, so a report of "filling out an insurance application for my spouse" is considered a helping activity.

Caring for and helping nonhousehold members. Caring for and helping nonhousehold members includes activities persons do to care for or help those—either children (under age 18) or adults—who do not live with them. When done for or through an organization, time spent helping nonhousehold members is classified as volunteering, rather than as helping nonhousehold members. Care of nonhousehold children, even when done as a favor or helping activity for another adult, is always classified as caring for and helping nonhousehold children, not as helping another adult.

Working and work-related activities. This category includes time spent working, doing activities as part of one's job, engaging in income-generating activities (not as part of one's job), and job search activities. "Working" includes hours spent doing the specific tasks required of one's main or other job, regardless of location or time of day. "Work-related activities" include activities that are not obviously work but are done as part of one's job, such as having a business lunch or playing golf with clients. "Other income-generating activities" are those done "on the side" or under informal arrangement and are not part of a regular job. Such activities might include selling homemade crafts, babysitting, maintaining a rental property, or having a yard sale, and are those that persons "are paid for or will be paid for."

Travel time related to working and work-related activities includes time spent traveling to and from work, as well as time spent traveling for work-related, income-generating, and job search activities.

Educational activities. Educational activities include taking classes (including Internet and other distance-learning courses) for a degree as well as for personal interest; doing research and homework; and taking care of administrative tasks related to education, such as registering for classes or obtaining a school ID. For high school students, before- and after-school extracurricular activities (except sports) also are classified as educational activities. Educational activities do not include time spent for classes or training received as part of a job. Time spent helping others with their education-related activities is classified in the Caring for and helping categories.

Organizational, civic, and religious activities. This category captures time spent volunteering for or through an organization, performing civic obligations, and participating in religious and spiritual activities. Civic obligations include government-required duties, such as serving jury duty or appearing in court, and activities that assist or influence government processes, such as voting or attending town hall meetings. Religious activities include those normally associated with membership in or identification with specific religions or denominations, such as attending religious services; participating in choirs, youth groups, orchestras, or unpaid teaching (unless identified as volunteer activities); and engaging in personal religious practices, such as praying.

Leisure and sports. The leisure and sports category includes sports, exercise, and recreation; socializing and communicating; and other leisure activities. Sports, exercise, and recreation activities include participating in—as well as attending or watching—sports, exercise, and recreational activities. Recreational activities are leisure activities that are active in nature, such as yard games like croquet or horseshoes. Socializing and communicating includes face-to-face social communication and hosting or attending social functions. Leisure activities include watching television; reading; relaxing or thinking; playing computer, board, or card games; using a computer or the Internet for personal interest; playing or listening to music; and other activities, such as attending arts, cultural, and entertainment events.

Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail. This category captures telephone communication and handling household or personal mail or e-mail. This category also includes texting and Internet voice and video calling. Telephone and Internet purchases are classified in Purchasing goods and services. Telephone calls, mail, or e-mail identified as related to work or volunteering are classified as work or volunteering.

Other activities, not elsewhere classified. This residual category includes security procedures related to traveling, traveling not associated with a specific activity category, ambiguous activities that could not be coded, and missing activities. Missing activities result when respondents did not remember what they did for a period of time, or when they considered an activity too private or personal to report.

Processing and estimation

After ATUS data are collected, they go through an editing and imputation procedure. Responses to CPS questions that are re-asked in the ATUS go through the regular CPS edit and imputation procedures. Some item nonresponses for questions unique to the ATUS (such as where an activity took place or how much time was spent doing secondary childcare) also are imputed. Missing activities and missing values for who was present during an activity are never imputed.

ATUS records are weighted quarterly to reduce bias in the estimates due to differences in sampling and response rates across subpopulations and days of the week. Specifically, the data are weighted to ensure the following:

- Weekdays represent about 5/7 of the weighted data, and weekend days represent about 2/7 of the weighted data for the population as a whole. The actual proportions depend on the number of weekdays and weekend days in a given quarter.
- The sum of the weights is equal to the number of person-days in the quarter for the population as a whole and for selected subpopulations.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the ATUS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values they represent. The component of this difference that occurs because samples differ by chance is known as sampling error, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate.

Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error

can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times, an estimate made from each sample, and a suitable estimate of its standard error calculated for each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

The ATUS data also are affected by nonsampling error, which is the average difference between population and sample values for samples generated by a given process. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all persons in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data. Errors also could occur if non-response is correlated with time use.

Publication requirements

Estimates of average hours per day and participation rates are not published unless there are a minimum number of respondents representing the given population. Additional publication criteria are applied that include the number of respondents who reported doing a specified activity and the standard error or coefficient of variation for the estimate. Estimates that are considered "close to zero" or that round to 0.00, are published as approximately zero or "~0." For a detailed description of the statistical reliability criteria necessary for publication, please contact ATUS staff at ATUSinfo@bls.gov.

Table 1. Time spent in primary activities¹ and percent of the civilian population engaging in each activity, averages per day by sex, 2013 annual averages

Activity	Average hours per day, civilian population			Average percent engaged in the activity per day			Average hours per day for persons who engaged in the activity		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	24.00	–	–	–	–	–	–
Personal care activities	9.54	9.31	9.76	100.0	99.9	100.0	9.55	9.31	9.76
Sleeping	8.74	8.65	8.82	99.9	99.9	99.9	8.75	8.66	8.82
Eating and drinking	1.23	1.26	1.20	96.4	96.5	96.2	1.27	1.31	1.24
Household activities	1.78	1.34	2.19	74.5	65.1	83.4	2.39	2.06	2.63
Housework .....	.57	.25	.87	34.4	19.4	48.5	1.67	1.30	1.80
Food preparation and cleanup .....	.57	.33	.80	55.3	41.7	68.1	1.03	.80	1.17
Lawn and garden care .....	.18	.25	.12	9.3	11.3	7.4	1.98	2.26	1.60
Household management .....	.13	.10	.16	17.2	14.2	20.1	.75	.73	.77
Purchasing goods and services .....	.75	.63	.86	42.9	38.7	46.8	1.74	1.62	1.83
Consumer goods purchases .....	.37	.29	.45	39.2	35.1	43.1	.94	.81	1.04
Professional and personal care services .....	.08	.06	.10	7.4	5.9	8.8	1.11	1.07	1.13
Caring for and helping household members .....	.53	.36	.69	25.5	20.5	30.3	2.07	1.75	2.28
Caring for and helping household children .....	.41	.27	.54	20.9	16.2	25.3	1.96	1.68	2.13
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.19	.17	.22	11.5	10.0	12.9	1.68	1.69	1.68
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.06	.07	.06	7.2	7.0	7.4	.87	.94	.81
Working and work-related activities	3.46	4.20	2.77	43.2	49.7	37.2	8.01	8.45	7.46
Working	3.14	3.80	2.52	41.5	47.8	35.7	7.55	7.95	7.06
Educational activities .....	.48	.47	.48	8.0	7.6	8.3	5.98	6.25	5.74
Attending class .....	.26	.27	.25	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.10	5.35	4.88
Homework and research .....	.18	.17	.19	5.8	5.7	5.9	3.09	2.95	3.22
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.32	.29	.36	14.0	11.3	16.5	2.31	2.52	2.17
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.14	.12	.17	9.1	7.3	10.8	1.58	1.64	1.55
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.14	.13	.15	6.1	5.1	7.1	2.31	2.62	2.11
Leisure and sports	5.26	5.61	4.94	95.3	95.1	95.4	5.52	5.89	5.17
Socializing and communicating .....	.72	.65	.78	36.8	34.0	39.5	1.95	1.92	1.97
Watching television	2.77	2.98	2.57	79.4	80.4	78.5	3.49	3.71	3.27
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.30	.40	.20	18.6	21.0	16.3	1.60	1.90	1.25
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.15	.10	.19	20.4	15.2	25.3	.72	.64	.77
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.31	.27	.35	17.5	15.5	19.5	1.77	1.77	1.78

¹ A primary activity refers to an individual's main activity. Other activities done simultaneously are not included.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

– Not applicable.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 2. Time spent in primary activities¹ and percent of the civilian population engaging in each activity, averages per day on weekdays and weekends, 2013 annual averages

Activity	Average hours per day, civilian population		Average percent engaged in the activity per day		Average hours per day for persons who engaged in the activity	
	Weekdays	Weekends and holidays	Weekdays	Weekends and holidays	Weekdays	Weekends and holidays
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	–	–	–	–
Personal care activities	9.30	10.11	100.0	100.0	9.30	10.11
Sleeping	8.48	9.34	99.9	100.0	8.49	9.34
Eating and drinking	1.17	1.37	96.9	95.2	1.20	1.44
Household activities	1.65	2.09	74.2	75.3	2.22	2.77
Housework .....	.54	.65	33.9	35.5	1.60	1.82
Food preparation and cleanup .....	.55	.63	56.0	53.7	.98	1.18
Lawn and garden care .....	.15	.25	8.7	10.7	1.77	2.38
Household management .....	.12	.15	17.0	17.8	.73	.82
Purchasing goods and services .....	.70	.84	42.6	43.7	1.66	1.93
Consumer goods purchases .....	.31	.50	38.0	42.2	.83	1.17
Professional and personal care services .....	.10	.03	9.0	3.8	1.15	.86
Caring for and helping household members .....	.56	.46	27.0	22.2	2.08	2.07
Caring for and helping household children .....	.43	.37	22.3	17.5	1.90	2.12
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.18	.22	10.9	12.9	1.68	1.68
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.05	.08	6.5	8.9	.85	.92
Working and work-related activities	4.41	1.27	52.2	22.6	8.46	5.63
Working	4.01	1.14	50.6	20.7	7.92	5.48
Educational activities .....	.60	.18	9.2	5.2	6.59	3.50
Attending class .....	.37	.01	7.1	.3	5.16	2.55
Homework and research .....	.19	.16	6.3	4.8	2.99	3.38
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.22	.56	11.5	19.9	1.94	2.79
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.07	.31	6.4	15.5	1.17	1.98
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.12	.18	5.8	6.8	2.11	2.71
Leisure and sports	4.74	6.46	94.7	96.7	5.01	6.68
Socializing and communicating .....	.54	1.12	34.6	41.9	1.57	2.68
Watching television	2.57	3.24	79.2	79.8	3.24	4.05
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.27	.36	19.0	17.5	1.42	2.04
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.16	.13	21.9	17.1	.71	.75
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.31	.32	17.9	16.8	1.73	1.88

¹ A primary activity refers to an individual's main activity. Other activities done simultaneously are not included.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

– Not applicable.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 3. Time spent in primary activities ¹ for the civilian population by age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, and educational attainment, 2013 annual averages

Characteristic	Average hours per day spent in primary activities ²											
	Personal care activities	Eating and drinking	Household activities	Purchasing goods and services	Caring for and helping household members	Caring for and helping non-household members	Working and work-related activities	Educational activities	Organizational, civic, and religious activities	Leisure and sports	Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail	Other activities, not elsewhere classified
Total, 15 years and over	9.54	1.23	1.78	0.75	0.53	0.19	3.46	0.48	0.32	5.26	0.15	0.31
15 to 19 years	10.49	1.04	.75	.50	.15	.18	1.05	3.41	.28	5.61	.20	.34
20 to 24 years	9.91	1.21	.94	.64	.40	.18	3.66	1.06	.21	5.22	.10	.47
25 to 34 years	9.39	1.21	1.53	.76	1.04	.14	4.65	.41	.21	4.30	.09	.27
35 to 44 years	9.27	1.16	1.85	.76	1.15	.13	4.82	.09	.27	4.12	.10	.26
45 to 54 years	9.33	1.16	1.97	.76	.47	.22	4.66	.06	.33	4.65	.13	.27
55 to 64 years	9.32	1.26	2.14	.78	.19	.24	3.62	.01	.30	5.70	.17	.29
65 to 74 years	9.37	1.41	2.45	.82	.13	.34	1.15	.02	.56	7.13	.24	.37
75 years and over	10.13	1.46	2.24	.87	.06	.13	.39	~0	.60	7.48	.26	.35
Men, 15 years and over	9.31	1.26	1.34	.63	.36	.17	4.20	.47	.29	5.61	.10	.27
15 to 19 years	10.47	1.00	.75	.44	.12	.11	1.13	3.09	.25	6.19	.14	(³)
20 to 24 years	9.48	1.22	.66	.44	.10	.17	4.42	1.13	.20	5.63	.08	(³)
25 to 34 years	9.07	1.27	1.08	.64	.54	.13	5.55	(³)	.18	4.84	.06	.16
35 to 44 years	8.97	1.23	1.33	.66	.88	.17	5.88	.05	.24	4.33	.05	.21
45 to 54 years	9.09	1.19	1.45	.64	.38	.19	5.37	.05	.29	4.98	.08	.28
55 to 64 years	9.21	1.27	1.69	.65	.14	.14	4.34	~0	.22	5.89	.13	.30
65 to 74 years	9.22	1.48	2.08	.71	.12	.31	1.49	~0	.60	7.57	.14	.28
75 years and over	9.91	1.56	1.56	.82	.07	.12	.79	(³)	.54	8.13	.18	.31
Women, 15 years and over	9.76	1.20	2.19	.86	.69	.22	2.77	.48	.36	4.94	.19	.35
15 to 19 years	10.52	1.08	.75	.56	.19	.25	.96	3.74	.30	5.01	.27	.38
20 to 24 years	10.35	1.20	1.23	.83	.69	.19	2.91	.98	.22	4.82	.11	(³)
25 to 34 years	9.71	1.16	1.97	.88	1.53	.15	3.76	.34	.23	3.77	.12	.37
35 to 44 years	9.57	1.10	2.35	.87	1.41	.09	3.80	.14	.30	3.92	.14	.32
45 to 54 years	9.56	1.13	2.47	.88	.54	.25	3.98	.06	.37	4.33	.18	.26
55 to 64 years	9.41	1.25	2.55	.90	.23	.33	2.95	~0	.37	5.52	.20	.28
65 to 74 years	9.51	1.35	2.77	.92	.13	.37	.86	~0	.53	6.75	.33	.45
75 years and over	10.29	1.40	2.71	.91	.06	.13	.11	~0	.64	7.03	.32	.38
White, 15 years and over	9.48	1.26	1.85	.76	.53	.20	3.51	.45	.30	5.21	.15	.30
Men	9.26	1.30	1.40	.63	.37	.18	4.30	.47	.26	5.47	.10	.25
Women	9.69	1.23	2.28	.88	.68	.22	2.75	.43	.34	4.95	.19	.35

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Time spent in primary activities ¹ for the civilian population by age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, and educational attainment, 2013 annual averages — Continued

Characteristic	Average hours per day spent in primary activities ²											
	Personal care activities	Eating and drinking	Household activities	Purchasing goods and services	Caring for and helping household members	Caring for and helping non-household members	Working and work-related activities	Educational activities	Organizational, civic, and religious activities	Leisure and sports	Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail	Other activities, not elsewhere classified
Black or African American, 15 years and over	9.93	0.91	1.28	0.67	0.43	0.19	3.08	0.48	0.47	6.00	0.15	0.41
Men	9.52	.95	.90	.59	.20	.14	3.32	.47	.51	6.87	.08	(³)
Women	10.27	.88	1.60	.74	.62	.23	2.89	.50	.43	5.26	.21	.38
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 15 years and over	9.94	1.19	1.80	.73	.67	.13	3.48	.69	.30	4.61	.11	.35
Men	9.76	1.16	1.13	.62	.45	.10	4.59	.53	.32	4.90	.09	.34
Women	10.12	1.22	2.46	.84	.89	.16	2.36	.85	.28	4.32	.13	.36
Marital status and sex:												
Married, spouse present	9.29	1.31	2.07	.78	.74	.17	3.88	.07	.37	4.89	.13	.29
Men	9.08	1.33	1.53	.66	.55	.15	4.81	.07	.34	5.17	.08	.23
Women	9.50	1.29	2.63	.90	.95	.19	2.93	.08	.41	4.61	.17	.34
Other marital statuses	9.81	1.14	1.46	.71	.30	.22	3.02	.91	.27	5.65	.17	.33
Men	9.57	1.18	1.12	.59	.14	.19	3.48	.95	.23	6.12	.12	.32
Women	10.02	1.10	1.76	.81	.44	.25	2.62	.87	.31	5.25	.21	.35
Educational attainment, 25 years and over:												
Less than a high school diploma	9.88	1.11	2.17	.57	.57	.18	2.46	~0	.35	6.29	.08	.34
High school graduates, no college	9.54	1.19	2.15	.77	.44	.23	3.24	.04	.30	5.69	.14	.26
Some college or associate degree	9.39	1.19	1.91	.81	.61	.20	3.78	.23	.31	5.10	.15	.31
Bachelor's degree and higher	9.15	1.39	1.79	.84	.69	.17	4.40	.14	.40	4.57	.18	.29

¹ A primary activity refers to an individual's main activity. Other activities done simultaneously are not included.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

³ Estimate is suppressed because it does not meet the American Time Use Survey publication standards.

~0 Estimate is approximately zero.

NOTE: Unless otherwise specified, data refer to persons 15 years and over. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

Table 4. Employed persons working ¹ and time spent working on days worked by full- and part-time status and sex, jobholding status, educational attainment, and day of week, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Total employed	Employed persons who worked on an average day			Employed persons who worked on an average weekday			Employed persons who worked on an average Saturday, Sunday, and holiday		
		Number	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number ²	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number ³	Percent of employed	Average hours of work
Full- and part-time status and sex										
Total, 15 years and over ⁴	151,665	103,157	68.0	7.58	125,773	82.9	7.94	51,300	33.8	5.50
Full-time workers	116,607	83,784	71.9	8.09	102,863	88.2	8.50	39,920	34.2	5.68
Part-time workers	35,059	19,374	55.3	5.34	22,889	65.3	5.43	11,384	32.5	4.90
Men ⁴	80,456	57,341	71.3	7.97	69,079	85.9	8.39	30,169	37.5	5.77
Full-time workers	68,059	50,212	73.8	8.34	60,608	89.1	8.77	25,889	38.0	5.96
Part-time workers	12,397	7,129	57.5	5.42	8,426	68.0	5.60	4,296	34.7	4.66
Women ⁴	71,210	45,816	64.3	7.08	56,679	79.6	7.40	21,172	29.7	5.13
Full-time workers	48,548	33,572	69.2	7.73	42,248	87.0	8.11	14,104	29.1	5.17
Part-time workers	22,662	12,244	54.0	5.29	14,470	63.8	5.34	7,076	31.2	5.06
Jobholding status										
Single jobholders	138,445	92,930	67.1	7.55	114,192	82.5	7.91	44,155	31.9	5.38
Multiple jobholders	13,220	10,227	77.4	7.82	11,582	87.6	8.24	7,135	54.0	6.25
Educational attainment, 25 years and over										
Less than a high school diploma	9,022	6,195	68.7	7.96	7,486	83.0	8.08	2,962	32.8	7.23
High school graduates, no college	35,259	24,087	68.3	7.78	29,519	83.7	8.00	11,478	32.6	6.51
Some college or associate degree	32,784	22,468	68.5	7.79	27,560	84.1	8.09	10,696	32.6	5.97
Bachelor's degree and higher	52,980	37,545	70.9	7.44	46,430	87.6	8.03	18,000	34.0	4.11

¹ Includes work at main and other job(s), and excludes travel related to work.

² Number was derived by multiplying the "Total employed" by the percent of employed persons who worked on an average weekday.

³ Number was derived by multiplying the "Total employed" by the percent of employed persons who worked on an average Saturday, Sunday, and holiday.

⁴ Includes workers whose hours vary.

NOTE: Unless otherwise specified, data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 5. Employed persons working ¹ on main job and time spent working on days worked by class of worker, occupation, earnings, and day of week, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Total employed	Employed persons who worked on an average day			Employed persons who worked on an average weekday			Employed persons who worked on an average Saturday, Sunday, and holiday		
		Number	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number ²	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number ³	Percent of employed	Average hours of work
Class of worker (main job only)										
Wage and salary workers	141,046	94,531	67.0	7.60	116,442	82.6	7.96	43,888	31.1	5.46
Self-employed workers ⁴	10,460	6,825	65.3	6.22	7,925	75.8	6.59	4,515	43.2	4.85
Occupation (main job only) ⁵										
Management, business, and financial operations	26,096	19,336	74.1	7.56	23,323	89.4	8.06	8,622	33.0	3.93
Professional and related	35,644	23,709	66.5	7.27	30,086	84.4	7.78	10,598	29.7	4.27
Service	26,441	15,783	59.7	7.00	18,349	69.4	7.15	10,151	38.4	6.37
Sales and related	13,239	8,780	66.3	7.35	9,936	75.1	7.91	6,174	46.6	5.35
Office and administrative support	19,939	13,393	67.2	7.44	17,347	87.0	7.60	4,365	21.9	6.08
Farming, fishing, and forestry	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	8.46	(⁷)	(⁷)	8.79	(⁷)	(⁷)	5.87
Construction and extraction	5,816	3,479	59.8	8.42	4,903	84.3	8.54	808	13.9	7.03
Installation, maintenance, and repair	5,551	3,888	70.0	8.14	4,932	88.8	8.38	(⁷)	(⁷)	6.70
Production	8,934	6,202	69.4	8.31	7,344	82.2	8.39	2,723	30.5	7.60
Transportation and material moving	8,242	5,402	65.5	8.09	6,607	80.2	8.45	2,732	33.1	6.15
Earnings of full-time wage and salary workers (single jobholders only) ⁶										
\$0 - \$520	24,483	17,196	70.2	7.93	20,778	84.9	8.07	8,414	34.4	7.02
\$521 - \$850	24,139	16,133	66.8	8.16	20,972	86.9	8.40	5,664	23.5	6.28
\$851 - \$1,340	24,288	16,810	69.2	8.27	21,006	86.5	8.69	7,219	29.7	5.48
\$1,341 and higher	24,250	17,921	73.9	8.02	22,051	90.9	8.66	7,930	32.7	3.77

¹ Includes work at main job only and excludes travel related to work.

² Number was derived by multiplying the "Total employed" by the percent of employed persons who worked on an average weekday.

³ Number was derived by multiplying the "Total employed" by the percent of employed persons who worked on an average Saturday, Sunday, and holiday.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated. Self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated are classified as wage and salary workers.

⁵ These values were generated using the 2010 Census occupational classification system which was introduced with the 2011 estimates. Estimates are not strictly comparable to those from earlier years.

⁶ These values are based on usual weekly earnings. The earnings data are limited to wage and salary workers (both incorporated and unincorporated self-employed workers are excluded). Each earnings range represents approximately 25 percent of full-time wage and salary workers who held only one job.

⁷ Estimate is suppressed because it does not meet the American Time Use Survey publication standards.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 6. Employed persons working ¹ at home and at their workplace and time spent working at each location by full- and part-time status and sex, jobholding status, and educational attainment, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Total employed	Employed persons who worked on an average day			Employed persons who worked at their workplace on an average day ²			Employed persons who worked at home on an average day ^{2, 3}		
		Number	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number	Percent of those who worked	Average hours of work at workplace	Number	Percent of those who worked	Average hours of work at home
Full- and part-time status and sex										
Total, 15 years and over ⁴	151,665	103,157	68.0	7.58	85,643	83.0	7.85	23,630	22.9	2.99
Full-time workers	116,607	83,784	71.9	8.09	71,235	85.0	8.28	18,164	21.7	3.15
Part-time workers	35,059	19,374	55.3	5.34	14,409	74.4	5.76	5,466	28.2	2.44
Men ⁴	80,456	57,341	71.3	7.97	48,060	83.8	8.19	13,179	23.0	3.16
Full-time workers	68,059	50,212	73.8	8.34	42,674	85.0	8.49	11,040	22.0	3.27
Part-time workers	12,397	7,129	57.5	5.42	5,386	75.5	5.77	2,139	30.0	2.57
Women ⁴	71,210	45,816	64.3	7.08	37,584	82.0	7.42	10,451	22.8	2.78
Full-time workers	48,548	33,572	69.2	7.73	28,561	85.1	7.95	7,124	21.2	2.98
Part-time workers	22,662	12,244	54.0	5.29	9,023	73.7	5.75	3,326	27.2	2.35
Jobholding status										
Single jobholders	138,445	92,930	67.1	7.55	77,593	83.5	7.84	20,434	22.0	2.96
Multiple jobholders	13,220	10,227	77.4	7.82	8,050	78.7	7.94	3,196	31.2	3.18
Educational attainment, 25 years and over										
Less than a high school diploma	9,022	6,195	68.7	7.96	5,787	93.4	7.97	437	7.1	3.35
High school graduates, no college	35,259	24,087	68.3	7.78	20,518	85.2	8.00	4,103	17.0	3.98
Some college or associate degree	32,784	22,468	68.5	7.79	18,874	84.0	8.06	4,241	18.9	3.10
Bachelor's degree and higher	52,980	37,545	70.9	7.44	28,529	76.0	7.90	13,605	36.2	2.77

¹ Includes work at main and other job(s) and at locations other than home or workplace. Excludes travel related to work.

² Individuals may have worked at more than one location.

³ "Working at home" includes any time persons did work at home and is not restricted to persons whose usual workplace is their home.

⁴ Includes workers whose hours vary.

NOTE: Unless otherwise specified, data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 7. Employed persons working on main job ¹ at home and at their workplace and time spent working at each location by class of worker, occupation, and earnings, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	Total employed	Employed persons who worked on an average day			Employed persons who worked at their workplace on an average day ²			Employed persons who worked at home on an average day ^{2, 3}		
		Number	Percent of employed	Average hours of work	Number	Percent of those who worked	Average hours of work at workplace	Number	Percent of those who worked	Average hours of work at home
Class of worker (main job only)										
Wage and salary workers	141,046	94,531	67.0	7.60	80,757	85.4	7.89	18,643	19.7	2.75
Self-employed workers ⁴	10,460	6,825	65.3	6.22	3,535	51.8	6.15	3,810	55.8	4.12
Occupation (main job only) ⁵										
Management, business, and financial operations	26,096	19,336	74.1	7.56	14,389	74.4	8.10	6,782	35.1	3.54
Professional and related	35,644	23,709	66.5	7.27	18,504	78.0	7.66	8,259	34.8	2.43
Service	26,441	15,783	59.7	7.00	13,731	87.0	7.22	1,740	11.0	2.93
Sales and related	13,239	8,780	66.3	7.35	7,300	83.1	7.79	1,880	21.4	2.86
Office and administrative support	19,939	13,393	67.2	7.44	12,075	90.2	7.63	1,482	11.1	2.81
Farming, fishing, and forestry	(⁷)	(⁷)	(⁷)	8.46	(⁷)	(⁷)	9.44	(⁷)	(⁷)	5.86
Construction and extraction	5,816	3,479	59.8	8.42	3,204	92.1	8.47	592	17.0	(⁷)
Installation, maintenance, and repair	5,551	3,888	70.0	8.14	3,470	89.3	8.38	574	14.8	2.66
Production	8,934	6,202	69.4	8.31	5,858	94.4	8.30	487	7.9	5.24
Transportation and material moving	8,242	5,402	65.5	8.09	4,697	86.9	8.09	336	6.2	(⁷)
Earnings of full-time wage and salary workers (single jobholders only) ⁶										
\$0 - \$520	24,483	17,196	70.2	7.93	16,113	93.7	8.00	1,268	7.4	3.16
\$521 - \$850	24,139	16,133	66.8	8.16	14,806	91.8	8.26	1,941	12.0	1.76
\$851 - \$1,340	24,288	16,810	69.2	8.27	14,835	88.2	8.56	3,253	19.4	2.12
\$1,341 and higher	24,250	17,921	73.9	8.02	14,119	78.8	8.47	5,679	31.7	2.97

¹ Includes work at main job only and at locations other than home or workplace. Excludes travel related to work.

² Individuals may have worked at more than one location.

³ "Working at home" includes any time persons did work at home and is not restricted to persons whose usual workplace is their home.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated. Self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated are classified as wage and salary workers.

⁵ These values were generated using the 2010 Census occupational classification system which was introduced with the 2011 estimates. Estimates are not strictly comparable to those from earlier years.

⁶ These values are based on usual weekly earnings. The earnings data are limited to wage and salary workers (both incorporated and unincorporated self-employed workers are excluded). Each earnings range represents approximately 25 percent of full-time wage and salary workers who held only one job.

⁷ Estimate is suppressed because it does not meet the American Time Use Survey publication standards.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 15 years and over.

Table 8. Time spent in primary activities¹ for the civilian population 18 years and over by employment status, presence and age of youngest household child, and sex, 2013 annual averages

Total

Activity	Average hours per day spent in primary activities											
	Household child under 18									No household children under 18		
	Total			Youngest household child under 6			Youngest household child 6 to 17					
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Personal care activities	9.36	9.04	9.64	9.31	8.81	9.73	9.40	9.22	9.56	9.57	9.34	9.79
Sleeping	8.60	8.40	8.78	8.60	8.19	8.93	8.61	8.56	8.65	8.75	8.69	8.81
Eating and drinking	1.16	1.21	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.13	1.17	1.23	1.11	1.28	1.30	1.25
Household activities	1.85	1.26	2.36	1.81	1.19	2.32	1.88	1.31	2.39	1.84	1.45	2.23
Housework .....	.68	.27	1.04	.68	.25	1.03	.68	.28	1.04	.55	.25	.84
Food preparation and cleanup .....	.70	.39	.97	.74	.43	1.00	.67	.36	.95	.54	.32	.75
Lawn and garden care .....	.12	.18	.07	.10	.15	.05	.13	.19	.08	.23	.31	.16
Household management .....	.10	.08	.11	.10	.07	.12	.10	.09	.11	.15	.12	.19
Purchasing goods and services .....	.73	.62	.83	.71	.63	.78	.75	.61	.88	.78	.65	.90
Consumer goods purchases .....	.37	.28	.46	.38	.31	.45	.37	.25	.47	.38	.29	.46
Professional and personal care services .....	.06	.06	.07	.06	.06	.05	.07	.05	.09	.09	.07	.12
Caring for and helping household members	1.42	.99	1.79	2.06	1.45	2.57	.91	.64	1.15	.07	.05	.09
Caring for and helping household children	1.19	.82	1.50	1.84	1.29	2.28	.68	.46	.87	—	—	—
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.12	.11	.13	.07	.09	.06	.16	.13	.18	.24	.20	.27
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.05	.05	.04	.02	.03	.02	.06	.06	.06	.08	.08	.07
Working and work-related activities	4.20	5.48	3.11	4.19	5.97	2.71	4.22	5.11	3.43	3.32	3.86	2.78
Working	3.82	4.99	2.81	3.82	5.46	2.47	3.82	4.64	3.09	3.00	3.48	2.53
Educational activities .....	.25	.20	.29	.15	.05	.24	.33	.32	.34	.25	.30	.19
Attending class .....	.11	.10	.12	.07	~0	.12	.14	.17	.11	.08	.12	.05
Homework and research .....	.12	.08	.15	.07	.04	.09	.16	.11	.20	.14	.16	.13
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.31	.28	.33	.27	.31	.23	.34	.27	.41	.33	.29	.37
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.13	.13	.13	.14	.16	.11	.13	.11	.15	.15	.12	.19
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.13	.11	.15	.10	.11	.09	.16	.12	.20	.14	.14	.15
Leisure and sports	4.17	4.49	3.91	3.87	4.04	3.74	4.41	4.83	4.04	5.85	6.16	5.56
Socializing and communicating .....	.71	.68	.73	.70	.65	.75	.72	.71	.72	.72	.63	.80
Watching television	2.17	2.35	2.01	2.06	2.16	1.97	2.25	2.50	2.03	3.17	3.39	2.97
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.25	.32	.19	.23	.30	.18	.26	.33	.19	.29	.39	.19
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.11	.07	.14	.08	.07	.09	.13	.08	.17	.17	.11	.23
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.31	.24	.36	.31	.21	.39	.30	.26	.34	.31	.28	.34

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Time spent in primary activities¹ for the civilian population 18 years and over by employment status, presence and age of youngest household child, and sex, 2013 annual averages — Continued

Employed

Activity	Average hours per day spent in primary activities											
	Household child under 18									No household children under 18		
	Total			Youngest household child under 6			Youngest household child 6 to 17					
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Personal care activities	9.10	8.88	9.36	8.99	8.71	9.36	9.19	9.02	9.36	9.27	9.06	9.50
Sleeping	8.33	8.24	8.42	8.26	8.10	8.47	8.38	8.36	8.40	8.46	8.41	8.52
Eating and drinking	1.17	1.23	1.11	1.16	1.19	1.12	1.18	1.27	1.10	1.28	1.31	1.24
Household activities	1.56	1.21	1.96	1.45	1.15	1.84	1.65	1.26	2.05	1.47	1.19	1.79
Housework .....	.50	.23	.80	.45	.23	.74	.53	.23	.83	.43	.21	.67
Food preparation and cleanup .....	.59	.38	.84	.59	.40	.84	.59	.35	.84	.42	.27	.58
Lawn and garden care .....	.11	.16	.06	.09	.14	.03	.13	.18	.08	.17	.23	.09
Household management .....	.09	.08	.11	.10	.08	.12	.09	.08	.11	.12	.10	.14
Purchasing goods and services .....	.72	.62	.83	.71	.63	.81	.73	.61	.85	.72	.61	.86
Consumer goods purchases .....	.37	.29	.47	.37	.31	.46	.37	.27	.48	.36	.28	.46
Professional and personal care services .....	.05	.04	.06	.05	.06	.05	.05	.03	.06	.07	.06	.08
Caring for and helping household members	1.19	.95	1.46	1.71	1.38	2.14	.81	.59	1.02	.05	.04	.07
Caring for and helping household children .....	.98	.80	1.19	1.51	1.23	1.87	.59	.43	.75	—	—	—
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.09	.08	.10	.06	.07	.05	.10	.08	.12	.21	.23	.20
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.03	.03	.03	.03	.03	.02	.04	.03	.05	.07	.09	.05
Working and work-related activities	5.64	6.43	4.76	5.82	6.66	4.73	5.51	6.24	4.78	5.73	6.16	5.24
Working	5.19	5.91	4.38	5.35	6.11	4.37	5.07	5.75	4.38	5.25	5.63	4.82
Educational activities .....	.14	.08	.20	.07	.03	.14	.18	.12	.24	.15	.16	.14
Attending class .....	.05	.04	.07	.04	~0	(⁴)	.06	(⁴)	.07	.03	.03	.03
Homework and research .....	.07	.04	.11	.03	~0	.05	.11	.06	.15	.11	.12	.10
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.28	.27	.30	.26	.31	.19	.30	.23	.36	.23	.19	.27
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.12	.13	.11	.13	.16	.09	.12	.11	.13	.11	.10	.13
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.12	.10	.14	.10	.11	.08	.14	.09	.18	.09	.07	.10
Leisure and sports	3.73	3.97	3.46	3.44	3.61	3.21	3.95	4.27	3.63	4.53	4.77	4.25
Socializing and communicating .....	.67	.65	.68	.66	.63	.69	.68	.68	.67	.69	.61	.78
Watching television	1.85	2.03	1.64	1.71	1.86	1.51	1.95	2.17	1.73	2.30	2.48	2.10
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.25	.30	.19	.24	.30	.17	.25	.30	.20	.29	.37	.19
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.09	.06	.14	.08	.06	.10	.11	.05	.16	.12	.08	.16
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.28	.23	.33	.26	.20	.33	.30	.26	.33	.24	.21	.28

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Time spent in primary activities¹ for the civilian population 18 years and over by employment status, presence and age of youngest household child, and sex, 2013 annual averages — Continued

Not employed

Activity	Average hours per day spent in primary activities											
	Household child under 18									No household children under 18		
	Total			Youngest household child under 6			Youngest household child 6 to 17					
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Personal care activities	10.07	9.88	10.14	10.09	9.55	10.21	10.04	10.04	10.05	9.97	9.79	10.10
Sleeping	9.36	9.25	9.40	9.41	8.85	9.53	9.32	9.43	9.25	9.13	9.14	9.13
Eating and drinking	1.13	1.10	1.13	1.14	1.12	1.14	1.12	1.10	1.13	1.28	1.30	1.27
Household activities	2.64	1.53	3.07	2.69	1.51	2.95	2.60	1.54	3.21	2.34	1.86	2.72
Housework	1.18	.45	1.46	1.23	.40	1.41	1.14	.48	1.52	.71	.32	1.03
Food preparation and cleanup	1.00	.45	1.21	1.09	.60	1.20	.92	.37	1.23	.70	.41	.93
Lawn and garden care .....	.13	.25	.08	.12	(⁴)	.09	.14	.23	.08	.32	.43	.23
Household management .....	.11	.08	.11	.10	(⁴)	.11	.11	.10	.12	.20	.15	.24
Purchasing goods and services .....	.78	.61	.84	.73	.65	.75	.82	.60	.95	.85	.72	.95
Consumer goods purchases .....	.38	.24	.44	.41	(⁴)	.43	.36	.20	.45	.39	.32	.45
Professional and personal care services .....	.10	.13	.09	.06	(⁴)	.05	.14	.14	.14	.13	.09	.16
Caring for and helping household members	2.04	1.19	2.37	2.92	1.98	3.13	1.22	.83	1.45	.09	.07	.11
Caring for and helping household children	1.75	.94	2.06	2.63	1.78	2.82	.93	.56	1.15	—	—	—
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.21	.29	.19	.09	.21	.07	.33	(⁴)	(⁴)	.26	.17	.34
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.08	.13	.06	.02	(⁴)	.02	.13	.18	.11	.08	.06	.10
Working and work-related activities ³ .....	.27	.53	.17	.24	(⁴)	.13	.29	.43	.21	.11	.17	.07
Working ³	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	~0	(⁴)	.02	~0	~0
Educational activities .....	.57	(⁴)	.46	.34	(⁴)	.36	.78	(⁴)	.58	.38	.54	.25
Attending class .....	.27	(⁴)	.20	.15	(⁴)	.18	.37	(⁴)	.21	.15	(⁴)	.07
Homework and research .....	.24	.32	.21	.15	(⁴)	.13	.32	(⁴)	.31	.19	.23	.16
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.38	.37	.39	.28	.27	.29	.48	.41	.51	.47	.44	.50
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.17	.15	.17	.15	.18	.15	.18	.14	.20	.21	.15	.25
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.17	.18	.17	.10	(⁴)	.10	.24	.22	.26	.22	.25	.19
Leisure and sports	5.39	7.20	4.70	4.94	7.28	4.42	5.81	7.16	5.03	7.61	8.39	6.99
Socializing and communicating .....	.83	.83	.83	.82	.84	.81	.84	.83	.84	.76	.68	.82
Watching television	3.04	4.05	2.65	2.91	4.41	2.58	3.17	3.89	2.75	4.33	4.84	3.93
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.25	.45	.18	.21	(⁴)	.19	.29	.49	.18	.29	.42	.19
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.14	.16	.13	.10	.13	.09	.18	.18	.18	.23	.15	.30
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.38	.28	.42	.43	(⁴)	.46	.33	.28	.36	.40	.39	.41

¹ A primary activity refers to an individual's main activity. Other activities done simultaneously are not included.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

³ Estimates include a small amount of work time done by persons who do not meet the American Time Use Survey definition for employed.

⁴ Estimate is suppressed because it does not meet the American Time Use Survey publication standards.

~0 Estimate is approximately zero.

— Not applicable.

Table 9. Time spent caring for household children under 18 by sex of adult¹ and age of youngest child by day of week, average for the combined years 2009-13

Childcare activities	Average hours per day spent caring for household children								
	Total			Weekdays			Weekends and holidays		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Persons in households with children under 18 years, total:									
Caring for household children as a primary activity	1.34	0.91	1.70	1.42	0.91	1.86	1.14	0.91	1.34
Physical care .....	.42	.23	.59	.45	.24	.63	.36	.21	.48
Education-related activities .....	.11	.07	.14	.14	.08	.19	.04	.03	.05
Reading to/with children .....	.03	.02	.04	.04	.03	.05	.03	.02	.04
Talking to/with children .....	.05	.03	.06	.05	.03	.07	.03	.02	.05
Playing/doing hobbies with children .....	.30	.27	.34	.28	.23	.32	.36	.35	.36
Looking after children .....	.08	.07	.09	.07	.05	.09	.10	.10	.10
Attending children's events .....	.06	.05	.07	.05	.03	.06	.09	.08	.09
Travel related to care of household children .....	.17	.12	.22	.21	.14	.27	.09	.07	.10
Other childcare activities .....	.11	.06	.15	.13	.08	.18	.05	.03	.07
Persons in households with youngest child 6 to 17 years:									
Caring for household children as a primary activity .....	.79	.54	1.02	.86	.56	1.14	.62	.50	.73
Physical care .....	.14	.07	.20	.16	.09	.23	.09	.05	.13
Education-related activities .....	.12	.08	.17	.16	.09	.21	.05	.03	.06
Reading to/with children .....	.01	.01	.02	.01	.01	.02	.01	.01	.02
Talking to/with children .....	.06	.03	.08	.07	.04	.09	.04	.02	.05
Playing/doing hobbies with children .....	.07	.08	.06	.06	.07	.05	.10	.12	.09
Looking after children .....	.05	.04	.06	.05	.03	.06	.06	.05	.07
Attending children's events .....	.08	.06	.09	.06	.05	.07	.12	.10	.14
Travel related to care of household children .....	.16	.11	.20	.19	.13	.25	.09	.08	.10
Other childcare activities .....	.09	.05	.13	.11	.06	.16	.05	.04	.07
Persons in households with youngest child under 6 years:									
Caring for household children as a primary activity	2.00	1.39	2.49	2.10	1.37	2.68	1.76	1.41	2.05
Physical care .....	.76	.43	1.03	.80	.44	1.09	.67	.40	.89
Education-related activities .....	.09	.05	.12	.12	.07	.16	.03	.02	.04
Reading to/with children .....	.06	.04	.07	.06	.05	.08	.05	.04	.06
Talking to/with children .....	.03	.02	.05	.04	.02	.05	.03	.01	.04
Playing/doing hobbies with children .....	.59	.51	.65	.55	.45	.64	.67	.65	.68
Looking after children .....	.12	.10	.13	.10	.08	.12	.14	.15	.14
Attending children's events .....	.03	.03	.04	.03	.02	.04	.04	.05	.04
Travel related to care of household children .....	.19	.13	.24	.23	.15	.30	.08	.07	.10
Other childcare activities .....	.13	.08	.17	.16	.10	.21	.05	.03	.06

¹ Persons 18 years and over living in households with children under 18, whether or not they provided childcare.

Table 10. Time spent providing secondary childcare for household children under 13 by sex of adult¹ and age of youngest child by day of week, average for the combined years 2009-13

Childcare activities ²	Average hours per day spent caring for household children ³								
	Total			Weekdays			Weekends and holidays		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Persons in households with children under 13 years, total	5.11	4.13	5.93	4.16	3.05	5.08	7.34	6.64	7.93
Caring for household children as a secondary activity in conjunction with:									
Personal care activities .....	.25	.16	.33	.22	.14	.29	.33	.22	.42
Household activities	1.17	.67	1.59	.99	.47	1.43	1.58	1.14	1.96
Purchasing goods and services .....	.35	.27	.42	.27	.18	.35	.53	.48	.58
Working and work-related activities .....	.19	.18	.20	.21	.19	.23	.14	.15	.13
Eating and drinking .....	.65	.58	.71	.53	.45	.60	.93	.88	.97
Leisure and sports	2.06	1.94	2.16	1.59	1.40	1.75	3.16	3.20	3.12
Other activities .....	.44	.33	.53	.34	.23	.43	.67	.58	.76
Persons in households with youngest child 6 to 12 years, total	4.74	3.99	5.40	3.68	2.96	4.32	7.22	6.43	7.92
Caring for household children as a secondary activity in conjunction with:									
Personal care activities .....	.23	.16	.30	.20	.14	.25	.30	.20	.39
Household activities	1.04	.64	1.39	.81	.44	1.14	1.58	1.11	1.99
Purchasing goods and services .....	.29	.23	.34	.20	.14	.25	.49	.42	.54
Working and work-related activities .....	.21	.20	.21	.23	.22	.23	.16	.17	.15
Eating and drinking .....	.58	.52	.64	.46	.40	.51	.87	.80	.94
Leisure and sports	1.97	1.94	2.00	1.49	1.43	1.55	3.10	3.14	3.07
Other activities .....	.42	.31	.51	.29	.19	.38	.72	.58	.83
Persons in households with youngest child under 6 years, total	5.38	4.23	6.30	4.50	3.11	5.59	7.43	6.79	7.94
Caring for household children as a secondary activity in conjunction with:									
Personal care activities .....	.27	.17	.35	.23	.14	.31	.34	.23	.44
Household activities	1.26	.70	1.72	1.13	.49	1.62	1.59	1.16	1.93
Purchasing goods and services .....	.39	.30	.47	.32	.20	.41	.56	.52	.60
Working and work-related activities .....	.18	.16	.19	.20	.17	.23	.12	.13	.11
Eating and drinking .....	.70	.63	.76	.59	.49	.66	.97	.94	.99
Leisure and sports	2.12	1.94	2.27	1.66	1.37	1.89	3.20	3.24	3.16
Other activities .....	.45	.35	.53	.37	.25	.46	.64	.57	.70

¹ Persons 18 years and over living in households with children under 13 years, whether or not they provided childcare.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

³ Secondary childcare time is defined as time one has a child under 13 years "in his or her care" while doing something else as a main activity; information on secondary childcare is not collected for children over 12 years. Estimates include a small amount of care provided to own, nonhousehold children.

Table 11. Time spent in leisure and sports activities for the civilian population by selected characteristics, 2013 annual averages

Characteristic	Average hours per day spent in leisure and sports activities																
	Total, all leisure and sports activities			Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation		Socializing and communicating		Watching TV		Reading		Relaxing/ thinking		Playing games and computer use for leisure		Other leisure and sports activities, including travel ¹	
	Total, all days	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays	Week-days	Week-ends and holidays
Sex																	
Men	5.61	4.98	7.07	0.35	0.51	0.50	1.02	2.69	3.67	0.25	0.27	0.32	0.30	0.51	0.62	0.36	0.68
Women	4.94	4.52	5.89	.20	.22	.59	1.22	2.45	2.84	.37	.40	.28	.28	.32	.36	.30	.58
Age																	
Total, 15 years and over	5.26	4.74	6.46	.27	.36	.54	1.12	2.57	3.24	.32	.34	.30	.29	.41	.48	.33	.63
15 to 19 years	5.61	5.12	6.78	.65	.76	.69	1.19	1.92	2.76	.15	.07	.13	.18	.88	.87	.70	.96
20 to 24 years	5.22	4.75	6.38	.47	.38	.74	1.26	2.05	2.49	(³)	.17	.27	.38	.62	.93	.35	.77
25 to 34 years	4.30	3.68	5.72	.24	.34	.57	1.21	1.89	2.72	.10	.13	.22	.18	.38	.48	.27	.66
35 to 44 years	4.12	3.41	5.73	.17	.38	.50	1.04	1.93	2.95	.14	.19	.20	.23	.25	.35	.22	.60
45 to 54 years	4.65	4.11	5.92	.19	.28	.44	1.13	2.46	3.14	.20	.25	.29	.26	.26	.31	.28	.55
55 to 64 years	5.70	5.17	6.88	.22	.37	.47	1.12	3.10	3.57	.41	.44	.35	.37	.32	.39	.29	.62
65 to 74 years	7.13	6.78	7.93	.25	.27	.55	1.03	3.92	4.51	.74	.73	.37	.29	.52	.55	.44	.54
75 years and over	7.48	7.35	7.76	.21	.16	.55	.99	4.15	4.19	.93	1.03	.74	.62	.42	.34	.36	.43
Race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity																	
White	5.21	4.66	6.47	.26	.38	.54	1.17	2.47	3.14	.35	.37	.28	.28	.41	.47	.34	.65
Black or African American	6.00	5.55	7.03	.25	.23	.62	1.05	3.42	4.25	.13	.18	.48	.35	.35	.41	.31	.57
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4.61	4.19	5.61	.31	.29	.61	1.17	2.17	2.86	.14	.08	.27	.36	.39	.31	.29	.54
Employment status																	
Employed	4.21	3.53	5.79	.24	.38	.47	1.16	1.83	2.73	.20	.24	.22	.26	.31	.36	.26	.66
Full-time workers	4.02	3.24	5.80	.23	.38	.42	1.14	1.70	2.82	.17	.23	.21	.26	.27	.31	.24	.65
Part-time workers	4.87	4.47	5.77	.30	.36	.64	1.21	2.26	2.42	.27	.29	.25	.27	.42	.55	.32	.66
Not employed	6.87	6.61	7.50	.31	.33	.65	1.07	3.70	4.02	.50	.48	.43	.34	.57	.66	.44	.59
Earnings of full-time wage and salary workers (single jobholders only) ²																	
\$0 - \$520	4.23	3.64	5.68	.20	.30	.43	.95	1.82	3.15	.23	.14	.27	.36	.39	.31	.30	.46
\$521 - \$850	4.32	3.46	6.18	.26	.30	.48	1.27	1.88	3.13	.13	.18	.23	.35	.25	.30	.23	.65
\$851 - \$1,340	4.04	3.21	5.94	.17	.44	.48	1.18	1.70	2.83	.16	.21	.20	.18	.27	.34	.23	.77
\$1,341 and higher	3.82	2.90	6.07	.30	.50	.33	1.37	1.47	2.61	.20	.38	.12	.16	.24	.30	.24	.75

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Time spent in leisure and sports activities for the civilian population by selected characteristics, 2013 annual averages — Continued

Characteristic	Average hours per day spent in leisure and sports activities																
	Total, all leisure and sports activities			Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation		Socializing and communicating		Watching TV		Reading		Relaxing/ thinking		Playing games and computer use for leisure		Other leisure and sports activities, including travel ¹	
	Total, all days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days	Week-days	Week-ends and holi-days
Presence and age of children																	
No household children under 18	5.84	5.33	7.00	0.29	0.36	0.55	1.13	2.93	3.57	0.42	0.45	0.33	0.30	0.48	0.55	0.34	0.64
Household children under 18	4.27	3.72	5.53	.25	.36	.54	1.11	1.94	2.67	.14	.15	.24	.27	.29	.37	.31	.61
Children 13 to 17 years, none younger	4.81	4.29	6.01	.28	.37	.64	1.17	2.07	2.82	.18	.20	.23	.35	.44	.52	.45	.59
Children 6 to 12 years, none younger	4.32	3.61	6.00	.22	.44	.47	1.14	1.91	2.86	.17	.16	.25	.30	.26	.36	.33	.76
Youngest child under 6 years	3.93	3.49	4.90	.25	.29	.54	1.05	1.90	2.45	.09	.11	.25	.20	.24	.30	.22	.50
Marital status and sex																	
Married, spouse present	4.89	4.38	6.09	.23	.33	.47	1.11	2.47	3.12	.35	.35	.28	.28	.30	.35	.28	.55
Men	5.17	4.56	6.59	.25	.45	.42	1.00	2.64	3.59	.31	.32	.32	.28	.32	.38	.30	.58
Women	4.61	4.20	5.57	.20	.21	.52	1.21	2.30	2.65	.39	.38	.24	.28	.28	.32	.26	.52
Other marital statuses	5.65	5.13	6.85	.32	.38	.62	1.14	2.67	3.36	.28	.33	.32	.30	.53	.62	.39	.72
Men	6.12	5.46	7.62	.48	.58	.58	1.04	2.75	3.76	.18	.22	.31	.32	.73	.90	.43	.81
Women	5.25	4.84	6.20	.19	.22	.65	1.22	2.60	3.02	.36	.42	.33	.28	.36	.39	.35	.64
Educational attainment, 25 years and over																	
Less than a high school diploma	6.29	6.06	6.85	.16	.30	.64	1.04	3.77	4.10	.20	.18	.80	.54	.21	.22	.28	.48
High school graduates, no college	5.69	5.22	6.79	.14	.27	.50	1.07	3.31	3.91	.30	.27	.38	.35	.36	.37	.23	.55
Some college or associate degree	5.10	4.56	6.34	.20	.25	.51	1.09	2.56	3.40	.30	.37	.23	.28	.42	.44	.35	.52
Bachelor's degree and higher	4.57	3.88	6.08	.30	.41	.47	1.16	1.86	2.64	.44	.54	.18	.19	.31	.45	.31	.69

¹ Includes other leisure and sports activities, not elsewhere classified, and travel related to leisure and sports activities.

² These values are based on usual weekly earnings. The earnings data are limited to wage and salary workers (both incorporated and unincorporated self-employed workers are excluded). Each earnings range represents approximately 25 percent of full-time wage and salary workers who held only one job.

³ Estimate is suppressed because it does not meet the American Time Use Survey publication standards.

NOTE: Unless otherwise specified, data refer to persons 15 years and over. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

Table 12. Average hours per day spent in primary activities¹ for the civilian population, 2013 quarterly and annual averages

(Not seasonally adjusted)

Activity	2013				
	Quarterly averages				Annual average
	I	II	III	IV	
Total, all activities ²	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Personal care activities	9.59	9.48	9.62	9.48	9.54
Sleeping	8.78	8.67	8.81	8.69	8.74
Eating and drinking	1.20	1.25	1.22	1.23	1.23
Household activities	1.65	1.79	1.86	1.81	1.78
Housework .....	.60	.56	.56	.57	.57
Food preparation and cleanup .....	.57	.51	.58	.62	.57
Lawn and garden care .....	.07	.30	.25	.12	.18
Household management .....	.13	.12	.12	.15	.13
Purchasing goods and services .....	.74	.70	.76	.78	.75
Consumer goods purchases .....	.36	.34	.36	.41	.37
Professional and personal care services .....	.09	.07	.10	.07	.08
Caring for and helping household members .....	.57	.56	.51	.47	.53
Caring for and helping household children .....	.44	.41	.41	.37	.41
Caring for and helping nonhousehold members .....	.18	.23	.19	.18	.19
Caring for and helping nonhousehold adults .....	.05	.08	.07	.06	.06
Working and work-related activities	3.64	3.57	3.37	3.28	3.46
Working	3.29	3.24	3.05	2.97	3.14
Educational activities .....	.56	.46	.30	.58	.48
Attending class .....	.28	.27	.14	.34	.26
Homework and research .....	.24	.16	.12	.21	.18
Organizational, civic, and religious activities .....	.33	.34	.30	.32	.32
Religious and spiritual activities .....	.17	.15	.12	.14	.14
Volunteering (organizational and civic activities) .....	.13	.15	.15	.14	.14
Leisure and sports	5.19	5.23	5.30	5.31	5.26
Socializing and communicating .....	.64	.72	.77	.74	.72
Watching television	2.90	2.77	2.60	2.81	2.77
Participating in sports, exercise, and recreation .....	.22	.34	.35	.27	.30
Telephone calls, mail, and e-mail .....	.14	.15	.15	.14	.15
Other activities, not elsewhere classified .....	.20	.23	.41	.40	.31

¹ A primary activity refers to an individual's main activity. Other activities done simultaneously are not included.

² All major activity categories include related travel time. See Technical Note for activity category definitions.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 15 years and over.