

**Appendix table 2. Number of workers represented, March 2018**

Occupational group <sup>1</sup>	Civilian <sup>2</sup>	Private industry <sup>2</sup>	State and local governments <sup>2</sup>
All workers	137,310,900	118,068,300	19,242,600
Management, professional, and related	42,783,300	31,749,100	11,034,300
Management, business, and financial	13,068,900	11,447,500	-
Professional and related	29,714,500	20,301,600	9,412,900
Teachers	6,576,300	-	5,088,100
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	4,532,400	-	3,881,300
Registered nurses	3,110,500	-	-
Service	29,942,100	26,034,800	3,907,300
Protective service	3,379,800	1,514,900	1,864,900
Sales and office	32,990,300	30,291,200	2,699,000
Sales and related	12,241,200	12,155,100	-
Office and administrative support	20,749,100	18,136,200	2,613,000
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	11,377,700	10,532,700	845,000
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	5,543,300	5,060,200	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair	5,834,300	5,472,400	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	20,217,500	19,460,600	757,000
Production	9,565,000	9,447,500	-
Transportation and material moving	10,652,500	10,013,100	-

<sup>1</sup> The 2010 Standard Occupational Classification system is used to classify workers.

<sup>2</sup> The numbers of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no estimates for this characteristic are provided in this publication.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.