

require greater efforts to solve, but I believe that it is in the very nature of this country to act swiftly and fairly to end this grave injustice and to assure a climate of freedom that will judge each man, woman, and child on his or her merit, blind to the hallmarks of color, accent, or ethnic origin.

Although we pass this bill—and it must be passed—we must still concern ourselves with the less obvious problems of discrimination. We must work together in every city, every community, every neighborhood to give reality to our principles and strength to our goals. I am sure that all Americans will react to this challenge and that it will be met with maturity and with the wisdom of shared experiences and common goals.

The CHAIRMAN. The question now recurs on the committee substitute, as amended.

The committee substitute was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. Under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. Keogh, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 7152) to enforce the constitutional right to vote, to confer jurisdiction upon the district courts of the United States to provide injunctive relief against discrimination in public accommodations, to authorize the Attorney General to institute suits to protect constitutional rights in education, to establish a Community Relations Service, to extend for 4 years the Commission on Civil Rights, to prevent discrimination in federally assisted programs, to establish a Commission on Equal Employment Opportunity, and for other purposes, pursuant to House Resolution 616, he reported the bill back to the House with sundry amendments adopted by the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the amendment. Under the terms of House Resolution 616 a separate vote may be demanded on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a separate vote on the amendment that was offered by the gentleman from Virginia [Mr. SMITH] having to do with adding the word "sex" to the bill, and also the amendment offered by the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. ASHBROOK] dealing with the subject of atheism.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the first amendment on which a separate vote has been demanded.

The Clerk read as follows:

On page 68, line 23, after the word "religion," insert the word "sex."

On page 69, line 10, after the word "religion," insert the word "sex."

On page 69, line 17, after the word "religion," insert the word "sex."

On page 70, line 1, after the word "religion," insert the word "sex."

On page 71, line 5, after the word "religion," insert the word "sex."

The SPEAKER. The question is on the amendment.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were refused.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment on which a separate vote is demanded.

The Clerk read as follows:

On page 70, line 10, after the word "enterprise" insert a new section:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to refuse to hire and employ any person because of said person's atheistic practices and beliefs."

The SPEAKER. The question is on the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the Committee substitute as amended.

The Committee substitute as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

Mr. CRAMER. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to recommit the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. CRAMER. I am, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. CRAMER of Florida moves to recommit the bill, H.R. 7152, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the motion to recommit.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The motion to recommit was rejected.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 290, nays 130, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 32]

YEAS—290

Abele	Bray	Corman
Adair	Bromwell	Cunningham
Addabbo	Brooks	Curtin
Albert	Broomfield	Curtis
Anderson	Brotzman	Daddario
Andrews,	Brown, Calif.	Dague
N. Dak.	Brown, Ohio	Daniels
Arends	Bruce	Dawson
Ashley	Buckley	Delaney
Aspinall	Burke	Dent
Auchincloss	Burkhalter	Denton
Avery	Burton	Derounian
Ayres	Byrne, Pa.	Derwinski
Baldwin	Byrnes, Wis.	Devine
Barrett	Cahill	Diggs
Barry	Cameron	Dingell
Bass	Cannon	Dole
Bates	Carey	Donohue
Becker	Cederberg	Dulski
Bell	Celler	Duncan
Bennett, Mich.	Chamberlain	Dwyer
Betts	Chenoweth	Edmondson
Blatnik	Clancy	Edwards
Boland	Clark	Ellsworth
Bolling	Clausen,	Fallon
Bolton,	Don H.	Farbstein
Frances P.	Cleveland	Feighan
Bolton,	Cobelan	Findley
Oliver P.	Collier	Finnegan
Bow	Conte	Fino
Brademas	Corbett	Flood

Fogarty	McDade	Rogers, Colo.
Ford	McDowell	Rooney, N.Y.
Fraser	McFall	Rooney, Pa.
Frelinghuysen	McIntire	Roosevelt
Friedel	McLoskey	Rosenthal
Fulton, Pa.	Macdonald	Rostenkowski
Fulton, Tenn.	MacGregor	Roudebush
Gallagher	Madden	Roush
Garmatz	Mailiard	Roybal
Gialmo	Martin, Mass.	Rumsfeld
Gilbert	Martin, Nebr.	Ryan, Mich.
Gill	Mathias	Ryan, N.Y.
Glenn	Matsunaga	St. George
Gonzalez	May	St. Germain
Goodell	Michel	St. Onge
Gooding	Miller, Calif.	Saylor
Grabowski	Miller, N.Y.	Schadeberg
Gray	Milliken	Schenck
Green, Oreg.	Minish	Schneebeil
Griffin	Minshall	Schweiker
Griffiths	Monagan	Schwengel
Grover	Montoya	Secret
Gubser	Moore	Senner
Hagen, Calif.	Moorhead	Sheppard
Halleck	Morgan	Shriver
Halpern	Morris	Sibal
Hanna	Morse	Sickles
Hansen	Morton	Sisk
Harding	Mosher	Skubitz
Harsha	Moss	Slack
Harvey, Ind.	Multer	Smith, Iowa
Harvey, Mich.	Murphy, Ill.	Springer
Hawkins	Murphy, N.Y.	Staebler
Hays	Nedzi	Stafford
Healey	Nelsen	Stagers
Hechler	Nix	Steed
Hoeven	Norblad	Stinson
Hollifield	O'Brien, N.Y.	Stratton
Holland	O'Hara, Ill.	Sullivan
Horton	O'Hara, Mich.	Taft
Hosmer	Olsen, Mont.	Talcott
Ichord	Olson, Minn.	Teague, Calif.
Joelson	O'Neill	Thomas
Johnson, Calif.	Osmer	Thompson, N.J.
Johnson, Pa.	Ostertag	Thomson, Wis.
Johnson, Wis.	Patten	Toll
Karsten	Pepper	Tollefson
Karth	Perkins	Tupper
Kastenmeier	Philbin	Udall
Keith	Pickle	Ullman
Kelly	Pike	Van Deerlin
Keogh	Pillion	Vanik
King, Calif.	Pirnie	Wallhauser
King, N.Y.	Powell	Weaver
Kirwan	Price	Westland
Kluczynski	Pucinski	Whalley
Kunkel	Quie	Wharton
Kyl	Randall	White
Laird	Reid, Ill.	Widnall
Langen	Reid, N.Y.	Wilson, Bob
Latta	Reifel	Wilson,
Leggett	Reuss	Charles H.
Libonati	Rhodes, Pa.	Wilson, Ind.
Lindsay	Rich	Wylder
Lloyd	Riehlman	Younger
Long, Md.	Rivers, Alaska	Zablocki
McClory	Robison	
McCulloch	Rodino	

NAYS—130

Abbutt	Foreman	Lennon
Abernethy	Forrester	Lesinski
Alger	Fountain	Lipscomb
Andrews, Ala.	Fuqua	Long, La.
Ashbrook	Gary	McMillan
Ashmores	Gathings	Mahon
Baring	Gibbons	Marsh
Battin	Grant	Martin, Calif.
Beckworth	Gross	Matthews
Beermann	Gurney	Meador
Beicher	Hagan, Ga.	Mills
Bennett, Fla.	Haley	Morrison
Berry	Hall	Murray
Boggs	Hardy	Natcher
Bonner	Harris	Passman
Brock	Harrison	Patman
Broyhill, N.C.	Hébert	Picher
Broyhill, Va.	Hemphill	Poage
Burleson	Henderson	Poff
Casey	Herlong	Pool
Chelf	Huddleston	Purcell
Clawson, Del.	Hull	Quillen
Colmer	Hutchinson	Rains
Cooley	Jarman	Rhodes, Ariz.
Cramer	Jennings	Rivers, S.C.
Davis, Ga.	Jensen	Roberts, Ala.
Dorn	Johansen	Roberts, Tex.
Dowdy	Jonas	Rogers, Fla.
Downing	Jones, Ala.	Rogers, Tex.
Elliott	Jones, Mo.	Scott
Everett	Kilburn	Seiden
Evins	Kilgore	Short
Fascell	Knox	Sikes
Fisher	Kornegay	Smith, Calif.
Flynt	Landrum	Smith, Va.

Snyder	Utt	Wickersham
Stephens	Van Pelt	Williams
Stubblefield	Vinson	Willis
Taylor	Waggoner	Winstead
Teague, Tex.	Watson	Wright
Thompson, La.	Watts	Wyman
Trimble	Weltner	Young
Tuck	Whitener	
Tuten	Whitten	
NOT VOTING—11		
Davis, Tenn.	Lankford	Shipley
Hoffman	O'Brien, Ill.	Siler
Horan	O'Konski	Thompson, Tex.
Kee	Pelly	

So the bill was passed.
The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:
Mr. Shipley with Mr. Hoffman.
Mrs. Kee with Mr. Horan.

Until further notice:
Mr. O'Brien of Illinois for, with Mr. Siler against.
Mr. Pelly for, with Mr. Davis of Tennessee against.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title was amended so as to read:
A bill to enforce the constitutional right to vote, to confer jurisdiction upon the district courts of the United States to provide injunctive relief against discrimination in public accommodations, to authorize the Attorney General to institute suits to protect constitutional rights in public facilities and public education, to extend the Commission on Civil Rights, to prevent discrimination in federally assisted programs, to establish a Commission on Equal Employment Opportunity, and for other purposes.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I want to express my gratitude for this, shall I say ovation; I deeply appreciate the kindness and courtesy of all the ladies and gentlemen who participated in this cause. It did warm the cockles of my heart. I want to state that the result would not have been the way it was were it not for the wholehearted support and most earnest and dedicated cooperation of my distinguished colleague and counterpart on the Judiciary Committee, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. McCULLOCH].

Mr. McCULLOCH. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, seldom, if ever, has anyone had the help and cooperation of able, devoted and sincere people as we have had during the debate and passage of this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, it has been indeed a pleasure for me to work with the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary many long, difficult, trying days, and nights too, if you please. However, the result has more than justified all those difficult times.

Mr. Speaker, I am really deeply appreciative of this help and assistance from everyone of my colleagues, both the majority and the minority. Mr. Speaker, I am sure that in the 16-odd years that I have been a Member of the House no committee has ever had a more able, more effective, more devoted staff than has the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank them, too.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, also I must express my admiration for those in the minority, and state that they have

been most dignified and most statesmanlike in their defeat. A tribute is due them even in their defeat.

GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND
REMARKS

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to extend their remarks in the RECORD on the bill just passed.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

TRIBUTE TO CHAIRMAN OF THE
COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Mr. McCULLOCH. Mr. Speaker, I should like to, not only for myself, but I am sure for the chairman, if he has not already done so, say a word for the fair, able, and judicious manner in which the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole presided over these deliberations for so many days. No one has done a better job.

I WOULD HAVE VOTED "AYE"

Mr. TUPPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. O'Konski] may extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Maine?

There was no objection.

Mr. O'Konski. Mr. Speaker, due to illness in the family, I regret I could not be here to vote on the civil rights bill. I tried to get a live pair but could not get anyone to do so. If I were present to vote, I would have voted "aye" on the civil rights bill.

IMPRESSED BY THE DIGNITY OF
THE CONGRESS

Mr. TUPPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from California [Mr. TALCOTT] may extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Maine?

There was no objection.

Mr. TALCOTT. Mr. Speaker, although I disagreed with the opponents of this bill on most points, I was most favorably impressed with the gentility and dignity with which they comported themselves during the long, strenuous debate. Their conduct was a credit to the Congress of the United States. The image and stature of the House of Representatives was enhanced by them in defeat.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Sundry messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the House by Mr. Ratchford, one of his secretaries, who also informed the House that on the following

dates the President approved and signed bills and a joint resolution of the House of the following titles:

On January 31, 1964:

H.J. Res. 779. Joint resolution to amend the joint resolution of January 28, 1948, relating to membership and participation by the United States in the South Pacific Commission, so as to authorize certain appropriations thereunder for the fiscal years 1965 and 1966.

On February 5, 1964:

H.R. 1959. An act to authorize the transportation of privately owned motor vehicles of Government employees assigned to duty in Alaska, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3368. An act to authorize the Administrator of General Services to convey by quitclaim deed a parcel of land to the Lexington Park Volunteer Fire Department, Inc., and

H.R. 4801. An act to amend subsection 506 (d) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, regarding certification of facts based upon transferred records.

On February 7, 1964:

H.R. 5377. An act to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act in order to correct an inequity in the application of such act to the Architect of the Capitol and the employees of the Architect of the Capitol, and for other purposes.

HEALTH MESSAGE FROM THE
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED
STATES (H. DOC. NO. 224)

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

The American people are not satisfied with better than average health. As a Nation, they want, they need, and they can afford the best of health: not just for those of comfortable means but for all our citizens, old and young, rich and poor.

In America there is no need and no room for second-class health services. There is no need and no room for denying to any of our people the wonders of modern medicine. There is no need and no room for elderly people to suffer the personal economic disaster to which major illness all too commonly exposes them.

In seeking health improvements, we build on the past. For in the conquest of ill health our record is already a proud one: American medical research continues to score remarkable advances. We have mastered most of the major contagious diseases. Our life expectancy is increasing steadily. The overall quality of our physicians, dentists, and other health workers, of our professional schools, and of our hospitals and laboratories is unexcelled. Basic health protection is becoming more and more broadly ilable.

Federal programs have played a major role in these advances: Federal expenditures in the fiscal 1965 budget for health and health-related programs total \$5.4 billion—about double the amount of 8 years ago. Federal participation and stimulus are partly responsible for the fact that last year—in 1963—the Nation's