

The Governors of New Jersey, North Dakota, and Washington.

The Governors of Wisconsin, Guam, and California.

The Governors of Colorado, Delaware, and Rhode Island.

The Governors of Illinois, Oregon, and Iowa.

The Governors of Idaho, Maryland, and Utah.

The Governors of Minnesota, Arizona, and Nebraska.

The Governors of New Hampshire, Oklahoma, and New Mexico.

The Governors of Vermont, West Virginia, and American Samoa.

The Governor of the Virgin Islands. There they are—40 of them.

What did they say?

Quick approval of the pending bill.

That is what they suggested to the Senate of the United States.

I believe that this telegram should be made a part of the RECORD, and I ask unanimous consent that the telegram be printed in the RECORD as a part of my remarks.

There being no objection, the telegram was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

GOVERNORS' CONFERENCE—BIPARTISAN STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLE
CLEVELAND, OHIO,
June 10, 1964.

Senator EVERETT DIRKSEN,
Senate Office Building,
Washington, D.C.:

We, the 40 undersigned Governors of the United States of America, record our conviction that the prompt enactment of civil rights legislation by the Congress of the United States is urgently in the national interest and that the civil rights legislation now pending before the Senate of the United States should be voted upon and approved, and that copy of this statement of principle be transmitted to the President of the United States and to each Member of the Senate of the United States.

Gov. William A. Egan, Alaska; Gov. James A. Rhodes, Ohio; Gov. John Dempsey, Connecticut; Gov. William W. Scranton, Pennsylvania; Gov. John A. Burns, Hawaii; Gov. John Anderson, Jr., Kansas; Gov. Matthew E. Welsh, Indiana; Gov. Archie Gubbrud, South Dakota; Gov. Edward T. Breathitt, Kentucky; Gov. Clifford P. Hansen, Wyoming; Gov. Endicott Peabody, Massachusetts; Gov. John H. Reed, Maine; and Gov. John M. Dalton, Missouri; Gov. Grant Sawyer, Nevada; Gov. George Romney, Michigan; Gov. Richard J. Hughes, New Jersey; Gov. William L. Guy, North Dakota; Gov. Albert D. Rosellini, Washington; Gov. John W. Reynolds, Wisconsin; Gov. Manuel Flores Leon Guerrero, Guam; Gov. Edmund G. Brown, California; Gov. John A. Love, Colorado; Gov. Elbert N. Carvel, Delaware; Gov. John H. Chafee, Rhode Island; Gov. Otto Kerner, Illinois; Gov. Mark O. Hatfield, Oregon; Gov. Harold E. Hughes, Iowa; Gov. Robert E. Smylie, Idaho; Gov. J. Millard Tawes, Maryland; Gov. George D. Clyde, Utah; Gov. Karl F. Rolvaag, Minnesota; Gov. Paul Fannin, Arizona; Gov. Frank B. Morrison, Nebraska; Gov. John W. King, New Hampshire; Gov. Henry Bellmon, Oklahoma; Gov. Jack M. Campbell, New Mexico; Gov. Philip H. Hoff, Vermont; Gov. William W. Barron, West Virginia; Gov. H. Rex Lee, American Samoa; Gov. Ralph M. Palewonsky, Virgin Islands.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, in line with the sentiment offered by the poet, "Any man's death diminishes me, because I am involved in mankind," so every denial of freedom, every denial of equal opportunity for a livelihood, for an education, for a right to participate in representative government diminishes me.

There is the moral basis for our case. It has been long and tedious; but the mills will continue to grind, and, whatever we do here tonight as we stand on the threshold of a historic rollecall, those mills will not stop grinding.

So, Mr. President, I commend this bill to the Senate, and in its wisdom I trust that in bountiful measure it will prevail.

I close by expressing once more my gratitude to the distinguished majority leader for the tolerance that he has shown all through this long period of nearly 100 days.

But standing on the pinnacle of this night, looking back, looking around, looking forward, as an anniversary occasion requires, this is "the year that was," and it will be so recorded by the bone pickers who somehow put together all the items that portray man's journey through time that is history. I am prepared for the vote.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bill having been read the third time, the question is, Shall it pass? The yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.

The result was announced—yeas 73, nays 27, as follows:

[No. 436 Leg.]
YEAS—73

Alken	Gruening	Morse
Allott	Hart	Morton
Anderson	Hartke	Moss
Bartlett	Hayden	Mundt
Bayh	Hruska	Muskie
Beall	Humphrey	Nelson
Bennett	Inouye	Neuberger
Bible	Jackson	Pastore
Boggs	Javits	Pearson
Brewster	Jordan, Idaho	Pell
Burdick	Keating	Prouty
Cannon	Kennedy	Proxmire
Carlson	Kuchel	Randolph
Case	Lausche	Ribicoff
Church	Long, Mo.	Saltonstall
Clark	Magnuson	Scott
Cooper	Mansfield	Smith
Curtis	McCarthy	Symington
Dirksen	McGee	Williams, N.J.
Dodd	McGovern	Williams, Del.
Dominick	McIntyre	Yarborough
Douglas	McNamara	Young, N. Dak.
Edmondson	Metcalf	Young, Ohio
Engle	Miller	
Fong	Monroney	

NAYS—27

Byrd, Va.	Hickenlooper	Russell
Byrd, W. Va.	Hill	Simpson
Cotton	Holland	Smathers
Eastland	Johnston	Sparkman
Ellender	Jordan, N.C.	Stennis
Ervin	Long, La.	Talmadge
Fulbright	McClellan	Thurmond
Goldwater	Mechem	Tower
Gore	Robertson	Walters

So the bill (H.R. 7152) was passed. [Applause in the galleries.]

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The guests in the galleries will refrain from conversation and comment. The Senate will be in order.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed.

Mr. MANSFIELD. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill as amended by the Senate be printed.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM—ORDER FOR ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, I should like to query the majority leader with regard to the schedule for next week. I would like to know whether the Senate will adjourn until Monday.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, in view of the circumstances, there will not be the usual Saturday session.

I ask unanimous consent that at the conclusion of business today, the Senate stand in adjournment until 12 noon, on Monday next.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, for the information of the Senate, in response to the question asked by the distinguished minority leader, it is anticipated that on Monday the Senate will start consideration of the Interior appropriation bill, to be followed, although not necessarily in this order, by the Treasury and Post Office appropriation bill, the atomic energy authorization bill, the National Aeronautics and Space authorization bill.

I would also, for the information of the Senate, state that after consulting with the distinguished minority leader—and I would hope with the concurrence of the Senate—we would be allowed to pass a number of unobjected-to items on the calendar. They are items which have been cleared. We would like to do it this evening.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Illinois is recognized.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON FOOD MARKETING

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair lays before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives, amending the joint resolution (S.J. Res. 71) to establish a National Commission of Food Marketing to study the food industry from the producer to the consumer, which was, to strike out all after the resolving clause and insert:

That there is hereby established a bipartisan National Commission on Food Marketing (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission").

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMISSION.—
(a) The Commission shall be composed of fifteen members including (1) five Members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate; (2) five Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and (3) five members to be appointed by the President from outside the Federal Government.

(b) Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers and shall be filled in the same manner as the original position.