account information for direct deposit payment (account name, number routing number); (3) the gin 5-digit identifying code; (4) the numbers of bales of cotton ginned from the 1999 cotton crop according to the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) and certified as correct by the applicant; and (5) the weight (in pounds) of cotton lint of the reported bales for which payment is requested. The proposed information collection is the application and certification form to be used by cotton gins to request payments under the Cottonseed Payment Program. The information will be used to determine the national payment rate and to compute individual program payment amounts for each applicant.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 1100. Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually. Total Burden Hours: 733.

Agency is requesting an emergency approval by 3/17/00.

Farm Service Agency

Title: Emergency Assistance for Harney County, Oregon—7 CFR 1478. OMB Control Number: 0560–NEW.

Summary of Collection: On November 29, 1999, the President signed H.R. 3194, Pub. L. 106–113 (113 Stat. 1501) (Act), which provides under Section 207 of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture discretionary authority to use not more than \$1,090,000 to provide for losses to producers who suffered flood-related crop and forage during 1999. The program will provide compensation to approximately 40 producers whose land was inaccessible for incapable of crop production, grazing, or having at any time during the 1999 calendar year. The Farm Service Agency (FSA) will collect information using form CCC-454.

Need and Use of the Information: FSA will collect information to determine if: (1) Producers incurred crop, forage, and grazing losses during the 1999 calendar year; (2) producers were under obligation due to a binding lease to make a fair market value rental payment for flooded land for crop year 1999; (3) producers had land that was inaccessible or incapable of crop production, haying, or grazing due to flooding during the 1990 calendar year. The information collected will be

used by the County Committee to determine whether flooding causing loss of production and/or grazing during the 1999 calendar year. If the producer does not provide the information to accurately substantiate that the flooded land has been inaccessible or incapable of crop production, having, or grazing

due to flooding during the 1990 calendar year, the producers will not be able to receive assistance under the program.

Description of Respondents: Farms; Federal Government; State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 40. Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Other (one-time).

Total Burden Hours: 80. Agency is requesting an emergency approval by 3/31/00.

William McAndrew,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 00-7159 Filed 3-22-00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review: **Comment Request**

DOC has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau. Title: Census 2000 Content

Reinterview Survey. Form Number(s): D-1010. Agency Approval Number: None. Type of Request: New collection. Burden: 20,000 hours. Number of Respondents: 30,000. Avg. Hours Per Response: 20 minutes.

Needs and Uses: As part of its plan to evaluate the quality of data collected in the Census 2000, the Census Bureau plans to conduct the Census 2000 Content Reinterview Survey (CRS). The evaluation of the quality of data collected in the Census 2000 is important for both data users and census planners. Data users must have knowledge of the accuracy and reliability of the data in order to make informed decisions about how errors in the data may affect the conclusions they draw from analyzing the data. Census planners require similar information to develop and test methods to improve the overall quality of the data produced in future censuses

The purpose of the CRS is twofold. First, it will be used to estimate response variance for most items on the census long form. To measure response variance, the reinterview will re-ask the same set of questions applying, to the extent possible, similar survey procedures and replicating a similar set of conditions. Secondly, the reinterview will be used to make historical comparisons to previous studies of census content error.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Frequency: One-time. Respondent's Obligation: Mandatory. Legal Authority: Title 13 U.S.C.,

Sections 141 and 193. OMB Desk Officer: Susan Schechter, (202) 395-5103.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Linda Engelmeier DOC Forms Clearance Officer, (202) 482-3272, Department of Commerce, room 5027, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230 (or via the Internet at LEngelme@doc.gov).

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to Susan Schechter, OMB Desk Officer, room 10201, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: March 16, 2000.

Linda Engelmeier,

Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer. [FR Doc. 00-7136 Filed 3-22-00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Export Administration

National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee Request for Public Comments

AGENCY: Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, Bureau of Export Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of request for public comment on the potential market impact of proposed disposal of excess commodities currently held in the National Defense Stockpile.

SUMMARY: This notice is to advise the public that the National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee (cochaired by the Departments of Commerce and State) is seeking public comment on the potential market impact of the Department of Defense proposed revisions to the disposal levels for Columbium Concentrates, Mica (All Forms), Palladium, Sebacic Acid, and Tantalum Minerals under the Fiscal Year 2000 and proposed Fiscal Year 2001 Annual Materials Plans (AMPs). DATES: Comments must be received by April 24, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to Richard V. Meyers, Co-Chair, Stockpile Market Impact Committee, Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, Room 3876, U.S.

Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20230; FAX (202) 482–5650.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard V. Meyers, Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 3634; or Stephen H. Muller, Office of International Energy and Commodity Policy, U.S. Department of State, (202) 647–3423; co-chairs of the National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the authority of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act of 1979, as amended, (50 U.S.C. 98 *et seq.*), the Department of Defense (DOD), as National Defense Stockpile Manager, maintains a stockpile of strategic and critical materials to supply the military, industrial, and essential civilian needs of the United States for national defense.

Section 3314 of the Fiscal Year (FY) 1993 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) (50 U.S.C. 98h7–1) formally established a Market Impact Committee (the Committee) to "advise the National Defense Stockpile Manager on the projected domestic and foreign economic effects of all acquisitions and disposal of materials from the stockpile * * * ". The Committee must also balance market impact concerns with the statutory requirement to protect the Government against avoidable loss.

The Committee is comprised of representatives from the Departments of Commerce, State, Agriculture, Defense, Energy, Interior, Treasury, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and is co-chaired by the Departments of Commerce and State. The FY 1993 NDAA directs the Committee to "consult from time to time with representatives of producers, processors and consumers of the types of materials stored in the stockpile."

The Committee is now considering the DOD proposed revisions to the disposal levels of Columbium Concentrates, Mica (All Forms), Palladium, Sebacic Acid, and Tantalum Minerals in the FY 2000 and proposed FY 2001 AMPs as set forth in Attachment 1 to this Notice. In order for the Committee to obtain sufficient information to prepare its recommendations to DOD on these proposed revisions, the Committee requests that interested parties provide comment on the potential market impact of the proposed revisions.

The quantities of each material listed in Attachment 1 are not sales target disposal quantities. They are only a statement of the proposed maximum disposal quantity of each listed material that may be sold in a particular fiscal year. The quantity of each material that will actually be offered for sale will depend on the market for the material at the time, as well as on the quantity of material approved for disposal by Congress.

The Committee requests that interested parties provide written comments, supporting data and documentation, and any other relevant information on the potential market impact of the sale of these commodities. Although comments in response to this Notice must be received by April 24, 2000, to ensure full consideration by the Committee, interested parties are encouraged to submit additional comments and supporting information at any time thereafter to keep the Committee informed as to the market impact of the sale of these commodities. Public comment is an important element of the Committee's market impact review process.

Public comments received will be made available at the Department of Commerce for public inspection and copying. Information that is national security classified or business confidential will be exempted from public disclosure. Anyone submitting business confidential information should clearly identify the business confidential portion of the submission and also provide a non-confidential submission that can be placed in the public file. Communications from agencies of the United States Government will not be made available for public inspection.

The public record concerning this notice will be maintained in the Bureau of Export Administration's Records Inspection Facility, Room 4525, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone (202) 482–5653. The records in this facility may be inspected and copied in accordance with the regulations published in Part 4 of Title 15 of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 CFR 4.1 *et seq.*).

Information about the inspection and copying of records at the facility may be obtained from Ms. Margaret Cornejo, the Bureau of Export Administration's Freedom of Information Officer, at the above address and telephone number.

Dated: March 20, 2000. **R. Roger Majak,**

Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

Attachment

Material	Units	Current FY 2000 and proposed FY 2001 quantity	Revised FY 2000 and proposed FY 2001 quantity
Columbium Concentrates	LB Cb	FY 2000, 200,000. FY 2001, 250,000.	375,000
Mica (All Forms) Palladium	LB TR Oz	2,260,000 200,000	4,000,000 300,000
Sebacic Acid	LB	400,000	600,000
Tantalum Minerals	LA Ta	200,000	300,000

[FR Doc. 00–7249 Filed 3–22–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–JT–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Heavy Forged Hand Tools From the People's Republic of China; Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews in Accordance with Court Decision

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of amended final results of antidumping duty administrative reviews in accordance with court decision.

SUMMARY: On February 17, 1999, the Court of International Trade (CIT) affirmed the second remand determination of the Department of Commerce (the Department) arising from the administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on heavy forged hand tools (HFHTs) from the People's Republic of China (PRC). See Olympia Industrial, Inc., v. United States, Slip Op. 99–18, 36 F. Supp. 2d 414 (CIT 1999). As there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this segment, we are amending the final results of reviews in this matter and will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to liquidate entries subject to these amended final results.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 23, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Strollo or Maureen Flannery, Antidumping/Countervailing Duty Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–5255 and (202) 482–3020, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 1, 1991, the Department issued antidumping duty orders on HFHTs from the PRC. See Antidumping Duty Orders: Heavy Forged Hand Tools, Finished or Unfinished, With or Without Handles from the People's Republic of China, 56 FR 6622 (February 19, 1991) (Antidumping Duty Orders). On September 22, 1995, the Department published its final results of the second administrative reviews of HFHTs for two PRC exporters, Fujian Machinery and Equipment Import and Export Corporation (FMEC) and Shandong Machinery Import and Export Corporation (SMC). See Heavy Forged Hand Tools from the People's Republic of China; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews, 60 FR 49251 (September 22, 1995) (Final Results).

On April 10, 1997, the CIT issued an order remanding these final results to the Department. See Olympia Indus., Inc. v. United States, Slip Op. 97–44, 1999 Ct. Int'l Trade Lexis 43 (April 10, 1997). The CIT instructed the Department to (1) assess the reliability of PRC trading company data for valuing steel inputs used to produce HFHTs during the period of review (POR) and (2) calculate inland freight expenses based on the longest distance between input suppliers to the factory.

On July 21, 1997, in accordance with the CIT's remand order, the Department filed its final results pursuant to remand. See Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand (July 21, 1997). In considering the Department's remand determination, the CIT sustained Commerce's recalculation of inland freight expenses. The CIT, however, found unreasonable the Department's rejection of the PRC import data without having assessed its reliability. As a result, the CIT again remanded the results so that the Department might consider whether the PRC trading companies' steel input data was the best information available to value the factors of production. Olympia Industrial, Inc. v. United States, Slip Op. 98-49, 7 F. Supp. 2d 997 (CIT 1998).

On August 31, 1998, in accordance with the CIT's second remand order, the Department filed its second final results pursuant to remand. See Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand, Olympia Indus., Inc. v. United States (August 31, 1998). In this redetermination, the Department first examined the pricing data regarding steel inputs imported into the PRC. The Department determined that the prices paid by the trading company for these imported steel inputs were aberrationally low. Therefore, the Department determined that the PRC trading company pricing data were unreliable and, hence, unacceptable for purposes of valuing the steel inputs used to produce the HFHTs. On February 17, 1999, the CIT upheld the Department's second redetermination on remand. Olympia Industrial, Inc. v. United States, 36 F. Supp. 2d 414. Neither party appealed the CIT's decision.

There is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action; therefore,

we are amending our final results of review for the period February 1, 1992 through January 31, 1993. We recalculated margins on each product category for FMEC and SMC. The revised weighted average margins are as follows:

Manufacturer/Exporter	Margin (percent)	
Fujian Machinery & Equipment Import & Export Corp.: Axes/Adzes Bars/Wedges Hammers/Sledges Picks/Mattocks Shandong Machinery Import &	14.23 47.88 27.71 89.70	
Export Corp.: Axes/adzes Bars/Wedges Hammers/Sledges Picks/Mattocks	14.23 33.87 22.44 36.62	

Accordingly, the Department will determine, and the Customs Service will assess, anticumping duites on all entries of subject merchandise from FMEC and SMC in accordance with these amended final results. For assessment purposes, we have calcualted importer-specific duty assessment rates for each class or kind of merchandise based on the ratio of the total amount of anticumping duties calculated for the examined sales furing the POR to the total quantity of sales examined during the POR. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to Customs. The above rate will not affect FMEC or SMC's cash deposit rates currently in effect, which continue to be based on the margins found to exist in the most recent completed review

This notice is published in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1)) and 19 CFR 351.221.

Dated: March 15, 2000.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import

Administration.

[FR Doc. 00–7236 Filed 3–22–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

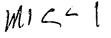
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Export Trade Certificate of Review

ACTION: Notice of application to amend certificate.

SUMMARY: The Office of Export Trading Company Affairs ("OETCA"), International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, has received an application to amend an Export Trade Certificate of Review





Worldwide Purchasing

April 6, 2000

Richard V. Meyers Co-Chair, Stockpile Market Impact Committee Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security Room 3876 U.S. Department of Commerce 14th Street & Constitution Ave. Washington, D.C. 20230

Dear Richard,

I'm writing in response to your department's request for public comment on proposed sales of excess commodities and its potential impact on the market.

As Purchasing Director for General Motors Corporation with global responsibility for procurement and risk management of metals traded on world commodity markets, I have found DLA sales to be conducted in an orderly manner and have not seen any evidence that these activities disrupt the market. Your initiative to solicit bids through Internet auction should be commended for its innovation, efficiency, and market transparency.

Your planned annual sales of 200-300 thousand troy ounces of palladium can be easily absorbed into an 8.5 million troy ounce market. Additionally, you are adding essential supply of a of which the automotive industry is a significant consumer for emissions control systems.

If I can be of further assistance, my office number is 810-986-0557

Sincerely,

0 ١

David Andres Purchasing Director

Worldwide Purchasing . General Motors Corporation . 30400 Mound Road . Warren, Michigan 48090

** TOTAL PAGE.01 **