National Electronic Data Interchange Transaction Set Implementation Guide

Health Care Claim Payment/Advice

835

ASC X12N 835 (004010X091)

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1 Purpose and Business Overview

1.1 Document Purpose

For the health care industry to achieve the potential administrative cost savings with Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), standards have been developed and need to be implemented consistently by all organizations. To facilitate a smooth transition into the EDI environment, uniform implementation is critical.

The purpose of this implementation guide is to provide standardized data requirements and content for all users of ANSI ASC X12.85, Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835). This implementation guide provides a detailed explanation of the transaction set by defining data content, identifying valid code tables, and specifying values that are applicable for electronic claims payment. The intention of the developers of the 835 is represented in this guide.

This implementation guide is designed to assist those who send and/or receive Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) and/or payments in the 835 format.

Health care providers receiving the 835 include, but are not limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, laboratories, physicians, dentists, and allied professional groups. Organizations sending the 835 include insurance companies, Third Party Administrators (TPAs), service corporations, state and federal agencies and their contractors, plan purchasers, and any other entities that process health care reimbursements. Other business partners affiliated with the 835 include Depository Financial Institutions (DFIs), billing services, consulting services, vendors of systems, software and EDI translators, EDI network intermediaries such as Automated Clearing Houses, value-added networks, and telecommunication services.

1.1.1 | Trading Partner Agreements

It is appropriate and prudent for payers to have trading partner agreements that go with the standard Implementation Guides. This is because there are 2 levels of scrutiny that all electronic transactions must go through.

First is standards compliance. These requirements MUST be completely described in the Implementation Guides for the standards, and NOT modified by specific trading partners.

Second is the specific processing, or adjudication, of the transactions in each trading partner's individual system. Since this will vary from site to site (e.g., payer to payer), additional documentation which gives information regarding the processing, or adjudication, will prove helpful to each site's trading partners (e.g., providers), and will simplify implementation.

It is important that these trading partner agreements NOT:

- Modify the definition, condition, or use of a data element or segment in the standard Implementation Guide
- Add any additional data elements or segments to this Implementation Guide
- Utilize any code or data values which are not valid in this Implementation Guide

• Change the meaning or intent of this Implementation Guide

These types of companion documents should exist solely for the purpose of clarification, and should not be required for acceptance of a transaction as valid.

1.1.2 HIPAA Role in Implementation Guides

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-191 - known as HIPAA) includes provisions for Administrative Simplification, which require the Secretary of Department of Health and Human Services to adopt standards to support the electronic exchange of administrative and financial health care transactions primarily between health care providers and plans. HIPAA directs the Secretary to adopt standards for transactions to enable health information to be exchanged electronically and to adopt specifications for implementing each standard.

Detailed Implementation Guides for each standard must be available at the time of the adoption of HIPAA standards so that health plans, providers, clearing-houses, and software vendors can ready their information systems and application software for compliance with the standards. Consistent usage of the standards, including loops, segments, data elements, etc., across all guides is mandatory to support the Secretary's commitment to standardization.

This Implementation Guide has been developed for use as a HIPAA Implementation Guide for Health Claims Payment Advice. Should the Secretary adopt the X12N 835 Health Care Claims Payment Advice transaction as an industry standard, this Implementation Guide describes the consistent industry usage called for by HIPAA. If adopted under HIPAA, the X12N 835 Health Care Claims Payment Advice transaction cannot be implemented except as described in this Implementation Guide.

1.2 Transaction Limitations

Receiving trading partners may have system limitations regarding the size of the transmission they can receive. Some submitters may have the capability and the desire to transmit enormous 835 transactions with thousands of claims contained in them. The developers of this implementation guide recommend that trading partners limit the size of the transaction (ST-SE envelope) to a maximum of 10,000 CLP segments. There is no recommended limit to the number of ST-SE transactions within a GS-GE or ISA-IEA. Willing trading partners can agree to set limits higher. Note -When payment is via an electronic funds transfer and the remittance information is moved through the banking system, other size limitations due to limits within the banking network may further limit the size of the 835 transaction.

1.3 Version and Release

This implementation guide is based on the October 1997 ASC X12 standards, referred to as Version 4, Release 1, Sub-release 0 (004010). The previous guide is based upon Version 3, Release 7, Sub-release 0 (003070) of the 835 and is dated June 1997.

1.4 Business Use and Definition

The 835 is intended to meet the particular needs of the health care industry for the payment of claims and transfer of remittance information. The 835 can be used to make a payment, send an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) remittance advice, or make a payment and send an EOB remittance advice from a health care payer to a health care provider, either directly or through a DFI.

1.5 Information Flows

Figure 1, Information Flow, illustrates the flow of information from payer to payee directly or through their Depository Financial Institutions.

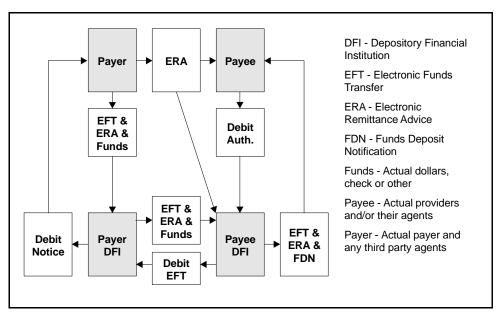


Figure 1. Information Flow

2 Data Overview

2.1 Overall Data Architecture

NOTE

See Appendix A, ASC X12 Nomenclature, to review the transaction set structure, including descriptions of segments, data elements, levels, and loops.

2.1.1 Payment

NOTE

In all instances, "payee" refers to the actual providers and/or their agents. Likewise, "payer" refers not only to the actual payer but to any third party agent as well.

The 835 contains information about the payee, the payer, the amount, and any identifying information of the payment. In addition, the 835 can authorize a payee to have a DFI take funds **from** the payer's account and **transfer** those funds to the payee's account.

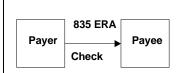
The 835 can authorize a DFI to move funds. In this mode, the 835 is sent to the payer's DFI. The 835 includes information about the payer's account; the payee's DFI, account, and timing; and the method and amount of the funds transfer. This process is known as an "Electronic Funds Transfer" (EFT). The result of an EFT is that funds are deposited directly into the payee's account. The remittance information may or may not have been transmitted to and through the banking network.

One 835 transaction set reflects a single payment device. In other words, one 835 corresponds to one check or one EFT payment. Multiple claims can be referenced within one 835.

2.1.2 Flows (Dollars and Data)

With the various capabilities inherent in the 835, many ways exist to combine the Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) and the actual payment (\$). Figures 2 through 6 illustrate several methods.

2.1.2.1 | ERA with Payment by Check



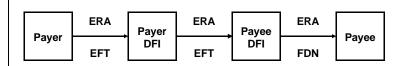
- Payer sends \$ via check through the mail.
 - Payer sends ERA directly to the Payee.
 - Payee deposits the check and reconciles the ERA. (Reassociation of dollars and data is necessary.)

NOTE

See 2.2.3, Reassociation of Dollars and Data, for a description of reassociation.

Figure 2. ERA with Payment by Check

2.1.2.2 | ERA and EFT through DFI

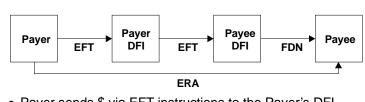


- Payer sends \$ and ERA in an 835 to the Payer's DFI.
 - Payer's DFI sends \$ and ERA to Payee's DFI.
 - Payee's DFI notifies Payee of the \$ via FDN (Funds Deposit Notification) and delivers the ERA.

(Reassociation of dollars and data is not necessary.)

Figure 3. ERA and EFT through DFI

2.1.2.3 | ERA with Payment by Separate EFT



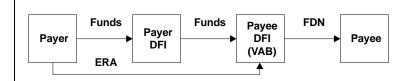
- Payer sends \$ via EFT instructions to the Payer's DFI.
 - Payer sends ERA directly to Payee.
 - Payer's DFI sends \$ to Payee's DFI.
 - Payee's DFI notifies Payee of \$.
 - Payee reconciles ERA with \$.
 (Reassociation of dollars and data is necessary.)

NOTE

See 2.2.3, Reassociation of Dollars and Data, for a description of reassociation.

Figure 4. ERA with Payment by Separate EFT

2.1.2.4 ERA and Payment Delivered Separately but Processed by a Value-Added Bank (VAB)



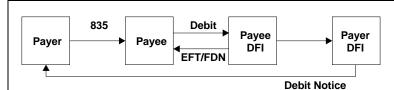
- Payer sends \$ as appropriate for EFT or check to Payee's DFI.
 - Payer sends ERA to Payee's DFI.
 - Payee's DFI reconciles ERA and \$ and notifies Payee.
 (Reassociation of dollars and data is performed by the VAB.)

NOTE

See 2.2.3, Reassociation of Dollars and Data, for a description of reassociation.

Figure 5. ERA and Payment Separate, Processed by VAB

2.1.2.5 | ERA with Debit EFT



- Payer sends 835 with ERA and debit authorization to Payee.
 - Payee instructs DFI to take funds from the Payer's DFI.
 - Payee's DFI gets funds from Payer's DFI and notifies Payee. (Reassociation of dollars and data is necessary.)

NOTES

A debit EFT transaction is not explained in this guide. Should any Payer decide to support the Debit EFT, detailed instructions must be obtained from the applicable DFIs and provided to the affected providers.

See 2.2.3, Reassociation of Dollars and Data, for a description of reassociation.

Figure 6. ERA with Debit EFT

2.1.3 | Electronic Funds Transfer

Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), as it was previously defined, is the electronic mechanism that payers use to instruct one DFI to move money from one account to another account at the same or at another DFI. The information required for the funds transfer is communicated electronically. Many formats are available for the actual data in the electronic message, and different formats apply at each stage. The formats can be proprietary to a particular institution, standard Automated Clearing House (ACH) formats, or ASC X12 transaction sets (820 or 835). See matrix 1, Data Formats, for the data formats that apply at each stage.

Stage (credit transaction)	Proprietary	ACH	ASC X12
Payer to Payer's DFI	Yes	Yes	Yes
Payer's DFI to Payee's DFI	No	Yes (note)	No
Payee's DFI to Payee	Yes	Yes	Yes
Stage (debit transaction)			
Payee to Payee's DFI	Yes	Yes	Yes
Payee's DFI to Payer's DFI	No	Yes (note)	No
Payer's DFI to Payer	Yes	Yes	Yes

NOTE

An 835 moves from one DFI to another DFI encapsulated within an ACH transaction when the DFIs use the ACH network.

Matrix 1. Data Formats

NOTE

See Appendix A, ASC X12 Nomenclature, to review the transaction set structure, including segment descriptions, data elements, levels, and loops.

Specific EFT formats can carry varying degrees of remittance information through the banking industry's ACH. When the remittance information accompanying the EFT goes through the ACH, the payee receives direct information about the reason for the payment. When the remittance information is not conveyed with the dollar information, a way to reassociate the dollars and the remittance data is needed. A unique number related to the specific funds transfer is used for identification when the 835 is used as the remittance carrier. This unique number is the trace number contained in the 835 in the Reassociation Key Segment, TRN. The trace number must be conveyed in the EFT request, and eventually the number is delivered to the payee with notification of the payment. When sending the TRN in an 835 with the EFT, the Cash Concentration/Disbursement plus Addenda (CCD+) ACH format is specified in the Financial Segment, BPR, using the code value CCP in BPR05. Then the TRN is transferred within the CCD+ as an addenda record and passed to the payee. It is prudent for any payer to contact their DFI to work out details for initiating an EFT. For federal agencies paying through the Department of the Treasury, the Department of the Treasury is their DFI.

2.1.4 Remittance

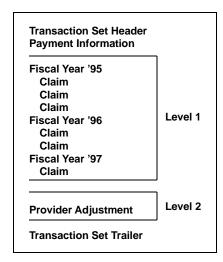


Figure 7. Remittance Information Levels

As a remittance advice, the 835 provides detailed payment information relative to a health care claim(s) and, if applicable, describes why the total original charges have not been paid in full. This remittance information is provided as "justification" for the payment, as well as input to the payee's patient accounting system/accounts receivable (A/R) and general ledger applications. The remittance information consists of two separate levels. See figure 7. Remittance Information Levels. Level one consists of claim and service information "packaged" within the Detail Loop, Table 2. The loop may occur multiple times to provide a logical grouping of the claim and service information. For instance, Medicare Part A Insti-

tutional 835 transactions provide claims data organized within Detail Loops, based upon the bill type and provider fiscal year. Appropriate to this claims grouping, the Detail Loop provides subtotal and non-financial information specific to Medicare Part A in the Provider Summary Statistics Segment, TS3, and the Provider Supplemental Statistics Segment, TS2.

Level two consists of remittance information that is not specific to the claim(s) and service(s) contained in level one. This remittance information is contained in the Provider Adjustment Segment, PLB. The PLB segment provides for reporting increases or reductions to the amount remitted in conjunction with reference numbers for further identification.

Example

A payer carrier notifies a provider by letter to refund \$100 in overpayments within 30 days or have the amount deducted from a future payment. A financial control number is included on the letter for identification purposes. The provider does not remit the amount; therefore, a deduction is made. The \$100 is deducted from a payment and reported in an 835 by referencing the financial control number and the amount in PLB.

When the 835 does not contain remittance information, Table 2 and the PLB are omitted.

The 835 must be balanced whenever remittance information is included in an 835 transaction. For a balanced 835, the total payment must agree with the remittance information detailing that payment. The remittance information must also reflect an internal numeric consistency. See 2.2.1, Balancing, for complete details.

2.2 Data Use by Business Use

The 835 is divided into three levels, or tables. See 3, Transaction Set, for a description of the format presented in figure 8, 835 Transaction Set Listing.

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
010	ST	Transaction Set Header	R	1	
020	BPR	Financial Information	R	1	
	Table	2 - Detail			
POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
		LOOP ID - 2000 HEADER NUMBER			>1
003	LX	Header Number	s	1	
005	TS3	Provider Summary Information	S	1	
007	TS2	Provider Supplemental Summary Information	S	1	
		LOOP ID - 2100 CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION			>1
010	CLP	Claim Payment Information	R	1	
020	CAS	Claims Adjustment	S	99	
•••					
	Table	3 - Summary			
POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
010	PLB	Provider Adjustment	S	>1	
020	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	R	1	

Figure 8. 835 Transaction Set Listing

- The Header level, Table 1, contains general payment information, such as amount, payee, payer, trace number, and payment method.
- The Detail level, Table 2, contains the Explanation of Benefits (EOB) information related to adjudicated claims and services.
- The Summary level, Table 3, contains the Provider Level Adjustment Segment, PLB, which provides information related to adjustments to the payment amount not specific to Table 2 claims. These adjustments can either increase or decrease the actual payment with respect to the Table 2 claim charges.

Although the remittance information in Tables 2 and 3 are not always provided, the intention of this business use of the 835 is for payers to provide some claim or provider-specific information along with the payment information.

When dollars and data are delivered separately, an 835 with no Table 2 or PLB information can initiate a financial transaction.

NOTE

The 835 is used to transmit payment and data needed for the posting by a provider subsequent to the adjudication of a claim. Non-adjudicated claim information should be carried in the ASC X12 Health Care Claim Status Notification Transaction Set (277).

2.2.1 | Balancing

The amounts reported in the 835, if present, *MUST* balance at three different levels — the service line, the claim, and the transaction. Adjustments within the 835, through use of the Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segments, CAS, or Provider Adjustment Segments, PLB, *DECREASE* the payment when the adjustment amount is *POSITIVE*, and *INCREASE* the payment when the adjustment amount is *NEGATIVE*. See 2.2.4, Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segment Theory, for more details.

2.2.1.1 | Service Line Balancing

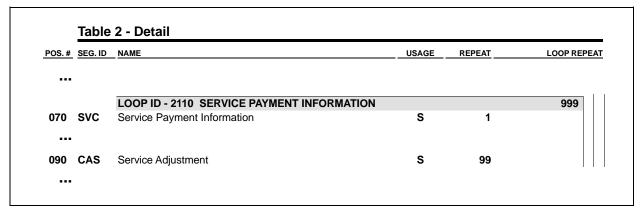


Figure 9. Service Line Balancing Segments

Although the service payment information is optional, it is *REQUIRED* for all professional claims or anytime payment adjustments are related to specific line items from the original submitted claim. When used, the submitted service charge minus the sum of all monetary adjustments must equal the amount paid for this service line.

Amount 1 - Amount 2 = Amount 3

where

Amount 1 — transmitted in the Service Payment Information Segment, SVC02 — is the submitted charge for this service.

Amount 2 — transmitted in the Service Adjustment Segment, the sum of CAS03, 06, 09, 12, 15, and 18 — is the monetary adjustment amount applied to this service.

Amount 3 — transmitted in the Service Payment Information Segment, SVC03 — is the paid amount for this service.

NOTES

- Adjustments within CAS DECREASE the payment when the adjustment amount is POSITIVE, and INCREASE the payment when the adjustment amount is NEGATIVE.
- Providing service detail is critical for business, especially when professional or fee-based services are involved.
- If any service detail is reported in the claim payment, all services for the claim payment should be reported.

2.2.1.2 Claim Balancing

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
•••					
		LOOP ID - 2100 CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION			>1
010	CLP	Claim Payment Information	R	1	
020	CAS	Claim Adjustment	S	99	
•••					
		LOOP ID - 2110 SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION			999
070	SVC	Service Payment Information	S	1	
•••					
090	CAS	Service Adjustment	S	99	

Figure 10. Claim Balancing Segments

Balancing must occur within each Claim Payment loop so that the submitted charges for the claim minus the sum of all monetary adjustments equals the claim paid amount.

When the Service Payment Information loop is not present, the following formula applies:

Amount 4 - Amount 5 = Amount 6

where.

Amount 4 — transmitted in the Claim Payment Segment, CLP03 — is the total submitted charge for the claim.

Amount 5 — transmitted in the Claim Adjustment Segment, the sum of CAS03, 06, 09, 12, 15, and 18 — is the monetary adjustment amount applied to this claim.

Amount 6 — transmitted in the Claim Payment Segment, CLP04 — is the paid amount for this claim.

When the Service Payment Information loop is present, the following formula applies:

Amount 7 - Amount 8 = Amount 9

where,

Amount 7 — transmitted in the Claim Payment Segment, CLP03 — is the total submitted charge for the claim.

Amount 8 — transmitted in the Claim Adjustment Segment and/or Service Adjustment Segment, the sum of CAS03, 06, 09, 12, 15, and 18 — is the monetary adjustment amount applied to this claim.

Amount 9 — transmitted in the Claim Payment Segment, CLP04 — is the paid amount for this claim.

NOTES

Adjustments within the Claim Adjustment or Service Adjustment Segments **DECREASE** the payment when the adjustment amount is **POSITIVE** and **INCREASE** the payment when the adjustment amount is **NEGATIVE**.

The difference between balancing with or without the Service Payment Information Loop is the inclusion or exclusion of the Claim Adjustment or Service Adjustment monetary amounts.

When the Service Payment Information loop is present, adjustments are reported in either the Claim Adjustment or the Service Adjustment Segments but not in both. For example, if a \$100 deductible adjustment is taken at the service level, do not repeat that deductible at the claim level. It is preferred that the adjustment be shown at the service level when possible.

When specific service detail is presented, the claim level balancing includes balancing the total claim charge (CLP03) to the sum of the related service charges (SVC02). Service lines that are not finalized should be adjusted with a CAS segment using a Claim Adjustment Group code (CAS01) of 'OA' (Other Adjustment), a Claim Adjustment Reason code (CAS02) of 133 (This service is suspended pending further review) and the full dollar amount for the service in CAS03. When finalized, the claim must be reported using the instructions found in the Reversal and Correction section. See 2.2.11, Definition of a Claim, for variations related to claim splitting situations.

2.2.1.3 Transaction Balancing

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
•••					
020	BPR	Financial Information	R	1	
	Table	2 - Detail			
POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
		LOOP ID - 2100 CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION			>1
010	CLP	Claim Payment Information	R	1	
	Table	3 - Summary			
POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEA
	PLB	Provider Adjustment	s	>1	·

Figure 11. Transaction Balancing Segments

Within the transaction, the sum of all claim payments minus the sum of all provider level adjustments equals the total payment amount.

Amount 10 - Amount 11 = Amount 12

where:

Amount 10 — the sum of all CLP04 amounts transmitted in the Claim Payment Segment — is the total of all claim amounts included in this transaction set.

Amount 11 — the sum of PLB04, 06, 08, 10, 12, and 14 transmitted in the Provider Adjustments Segment — is the provider level adjustment made to the claim payment.

Amount 12 — transmitted in the Financial Information Segment, BPR02 — is the total payment amount of this claim payment.

NOTE

A **POSITIVE** amount in PLB indicates a **DECREASE** in the payment amount. A **NEGATIVE** amount in PLB indicates an **INCREASE** in the payment amount.

2.2.2 Remittance Tracking

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEAT
040	TRN	Reassociation Trace Number	R	1	

Figure 12. Remittance Tracking Segment

The Reassociation Key Segment, TRN, contains a trace number for the transaction set. Trace Number, TRN02, which is used to reassociate payments and remittances sent separately, should be a unique number.

- For check payments, TRN02 is the check number.
- For Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) payments, TRN02 is the unique number assigned by the payer to identify this EFT.
- For non-payment transactions, TRN02 is a unique number generated by the transaction set originator as that 835's identification number (e.g., a control number plus a suffix).

In addition, TRN03 is the payer's identification number. TRN03 allows the payee to avoid matching problems in case multiple payers use the same number in TRN02.

2.2.3 Reassociation of Dollars and Data

The 835 is capable of sending health care claim payment remittance data with or without the dollars represented by the data. It is important to facilitate reassociation when the remittance data is sent separately from the monetary amounts. Reassociation requires that both remittance and monetary data contain information that allows a system to match the items received. The provider should have a

method to ensure that payment and remittance advice are reconciled in the patient accounting/accounts receivable system.

Two key pieces of information facilitate reassociation — the trace number in the Reassociation Key Segment, TRN02, and the Company ID Number, TRN03. The trace number in conjunction with the company ID number provides a unique number that identifies the transaction.

The two ways of sending payment for health care remittance data are check or Automated Clearing House (ACH). In the case of a payment received by check, the check number is the trace number in TRN02, and the company ID number is in TRN03. When the check is processed, the check number and account information is captured. A table could be required to cross reference the account information from the check to the company ID number received in TRN03. This information should be gathered when the transaction is implemented with the payer.

When sending a separate ACH payment, the CCD+ ACH format is used. Using this method, the Reassociation Key Segment in its entirety is contained in the ACH Addenda Record.

For complete details on reassociation and ACH file formats, contact either your local Value Added Bank (VAB) or the National Automated Clearing House Association at (703) 742-9190.

2.2.4 Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segment Theory

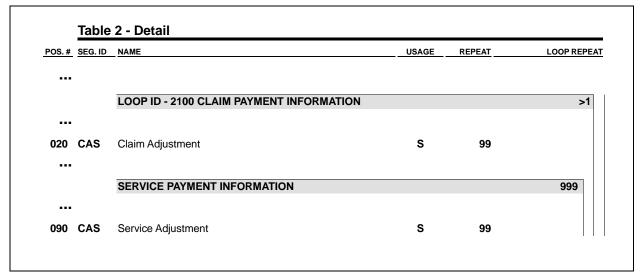


Figure 13. Claim and Service Adjustment Segments

The Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segments provide the reasons, amounts, and quantities of any adjustments that the payer made either to the original submitted charge or to the units related to the claim or service(s). The summation of the adjustments at the claim and service levels is the total adjustment for the entire claim. Service level adjustments are not repeated at the claim level.

A standardized list of claim adjustment reason codes is used in the Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segments. See Appendix C, External Code Sources, for the list of codes. These codes provide the "explanation" for the positive or negative financial adjustments specific to particular claims or services that are referenced in the transmitted 835. Other financial adjustments can be expressed in the Provider Adjustments Segment; however, the claim adjustment reason code list is not used for provider level adjustments.

To facilitate and expedite reason code maintenance, the list was established external to the ASC X12 standards. The Blue Cross Blue Shield Association created a committee of payer and provider representatives to maintain the list. As with any external code list, maintenance requests should be addressed to the responsible entity. Send maintenance requests in writing to the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association or submit online via www.wpc-edi.com (preferred).

The Claim Adjustment Group Code, CAS01, categorizes the adjustment reason codes that are contained in a particular CAS. The Claim Adjustment Group Codes are evaluated according to the following order:

- Is the amount adjusted in this segment the patient's responsibility?
 Use code PR Patient Responsibility.
- 2. Is the amount adjusted not the patient's responsibility under any circumstances due to either a contractual obligation between the provider and the payer or a regulatory requirement?

Use code CO - Contractual Obligation.

An example of a contractual obligation might be a Participating Provider Agreement.

- 3. In the payer's opinion, is the amount in this segment not the responsibility of the patient, without a supporting contract between the provider and the payer?
 - Use code PI Payer Initiated.
- 4. Is this claim the reversal of a previously reported claim or claim payment, indicated by Claim Status Code = 22, Reversal of Previous Payment? Use code CR Correction and Reversals.
- 5. If no other category is appropriate, do the following: Use code **OA Other Adjustment**.

Avoid the Other Adjustment Group Code (OA) for financial adjustments, except when doing predetermination of benefits.

Only use the Claim Adjustment Segment if needed.

At either position — the claim level or the service level — each CAS can report up to six different adjustments related to a particular Claim Adjustment Group. This can be seen by noting the re-occurrence of the Claim Adjustment Reason, Monetary Amount, and Quantity data elements, referred to as "an adjustment trio," in the CAS. There is no direct correlation between any particular kind of adjustment and a specific adjustment data element trio. For example, a co-insurance adjustment does not belong at any specific position in the segment. The assumption is that no adjustment trio is used if no meaningful data is included. For efficiency, the first significant adjustment is placed at the first trio — CAS02, 03, and 04.

2.2.4.1 Institutional-Specific Use

Within the institutional environment, certain circumstances require special handling. Although it is customary in the non-institutional and outpatient environment to provide adjustments and full service line detail with the remittance advice, this situation is unusual for inpatient claims. There are circumstances when there is a need to provide service-specific adjustments, but it is not desirable to provide all service information. When working with room rate adjustments, administrative days, or non-covered days, it may be appropriate to provide these adjustments at the claim level and not provide service level detail. Claim Adjustment Reason Code 78, Non-covered Days/Room Charge Adjustment, is used in the claim level Claim Adjustment Segment to report an adjustment in the room rate or in the number of days covered. The associated adjustment amount provides the total dollar adjustment related to reductions in the number of covered days and the per day rate. The associated adjustment quantity is used to report the actual number of non-covered days.

2.2.5 Data Relationship with Other Transactions (837, 277, NCPDP 3.2)

A one-for-one relationship does not exist among the Health Care Claim Transaction Set (837), the Health Care Claim Status Notification Transaction Set (277), and the 835. One 835 transaction set can account for claims submitted using multiple 837 transactions. The Claim Submitter's Identifier reported in the claim within the 837 is returned in the 835 transaction for tracking purposes. The Claim Submitter's Identifier is located in the 837 in CLM01. In the 835, the Claim Submitter's Identifier, for example, a patient control number, is in CLP01.

The 277's primary use is to convey status information on non-adjudicated claims; the 835 is used to transmit data needed for posting subsequent to the adjudication of a claim. The 277 also can account for claims already paid by an 835. In this case, a one-for-one relationship does not exist between the transactions.

The Claim Submitter's Identifier, reported in the claim within the 837 always is returned in the 835 and frequently is returned in the 277 transaction for tracking purposes. When used in the 277, the Claim Submitter's Identifier is located in TRN02.

There is also a Prescription Drug Claim Transaction (NCPDP 3.2). (NCPDP is the acronym for National Council for Prescription Drug Programs.) Similar to the 837 transaction, a one-for-one relationship does not exist between the NCPDP 3.2 and the 835. One 835 transaction can account for claims submitted using multiple NCPDP 3.2 transactions. The Claim Submitter's Identifier is located in the NCPDP 3.2 Claim Information Section, field 402-D2, Prescription Number.

2.2.6 Procedure Code Bundling and Unbundling

Procedure code bundling or unbundling occurs when a **payer** believes that the actual services performed and reported for a claim payment can be represented by a different group of procedure codes. Grouping usually results in a lower payment from the payer. Bundling occurs when two or more reported procedures are going to be paid under only one procedure code. Unbundling occurs when one submitted procedure code is to be paid and reported back as two or more procedure codes.

When bundling or unbundling occurs, the information must be reported back to the payee accurately to facilitate automatic entry into a patient accounting/accounts receivable system. In the interest of standardization, payers are to report bundling or unbundling in a consistent manner.

When bundling, report all of the originally submitted procedures in the remittance advice. Report all procedures as paying on the changed (bundled) procedure code, and reference the original submitted code in SVC06. The bundled service line must be adjusted up by an amount equal to the sum of the other line charges. This is reported as a CAS segment with a group code OA (Other Adjustments) and a reason code of 94 (Processed in Excess of Charges) with a negative dollar amount. From that point, apply all normal CAS adjustments to derive the reimbursement amount. Report the other procedure or procedures as originally submitted, with an adjudicated code of the bundled procedure code and a Claim Adjustment Reason Code of 97 (payment is included in the allowance for the basic service) and an adjustment amount equal to the submitted charge. The Adjustment Group is either CO (Contractual Obligation) or PI (Payer Initiated) depending on the provider/payer relationship.

NOTE

The following examples illustrate bundling and unbundling within a PPO environment. Some segment use may vary from payer type to payer type.

Bundling Example

This is an example of a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) claim. This example leaves out the date and other segments not necessary to bundling.

- The provider submits procedure code "A" and "B" for \$100.00 each to his or her PPO as primary coverage. The procedures were performed on the same date of service.
- The PPO's adjudication system screens the submitted procedures and notes that procedure "C" covers the services rendered by the provider on that single date of service.
- The PPO's maximum allowed amount for procedure "C" is \$120.00.
- The patient's co-insurance amount for procedure "C" is \$20.00.
- The patient has not met the \$50.00 deductible.

```
CLP*123456789*1*200*50*70*12~

CAS*PR*1*50~

SVC*HC:C*100*100**1*HC:A~

CAS*OA*94*-100~

CAS*CO*45*80~

CAS*PR*2*20~

SVC*HC:C*100*0**1*HC:B~

CAS*CO*97*100~
```

When unbundling, report the original service as the first of the new services with the original submitted charge in SVC02. Use subsequent SVC loops for the other new services. For these other services, report the submitted charge as zero dollars (\$0.00). As in bundling, CAS is used to increase the submitted charge from \$0.00 to the allowed amount for each procedure. Report the original procedure

code in all of the SVC loops in SVC06. Balancing must be maintained for all service lines.

Unbundling Example

- The same PPO provider submits a claim for one service.
- The service code is "A" with a claim submitted charge and service charge of \$200.00.
- The payer unbundles this into 2 services "B" and "C" each with an allowed amount of \$60.00.
- There is no deductible or co-insurance amount.

Only segments specific to unbundling are included in the example. Adjustment reason code 45, "charges exceed your contracted/legislated fee arrangement," is used for each service.

```
CLP*123456789*1*200*120*0*12~

SVC*HC:B*200*60**1*HC:A~

CAS*CO*45*140~

SVC*HC:C*0*60**1*HC:A~

CAS*CO*94*-60~
```

Partial Unbundling

Partial unbundling may occur when a bundled panel of services, such as a lab panel or a surgical panel, is billed under a single HCPCS assigned to that panel, and a denial or reduction is made related to only one or some of the services in that panel. For example, two lab panels may include the same lab test. The full amount would be payable for the first panel, but a lesser amount may be due for the second panel due to the overlap.

Rather than totally unbundle the panels to be able to report detail on individual services within the panel, it is possible to do a partial unbundling to highlight only the individual service being adjusted. If this is done, however, you must report the regular allowed and payable amounts for the panel, then use a negative payment with the single adjusted service to offset for that reduction and to link that individual service to the HCPCS for the affected panel. The allowed amount for the single unbundled adjusted service in the panel must be reported as 0 when there is partial unbundling.

Partial Unbundling Example (Two lab panels billed and one test repeated in each):

```
CLP*123456789*1*72*66*0*12~

SVC*HC:80049*42*42~

SVC*HC:80054*30*30~

SVC*HC:82435*0*-6**1*HC:80054~

CAS*CO*18*6~
```

2.2.7 Predetermination of Benefits

Tables 2 and 3 in the 835 also may contain information about future remittances that are to be paid when specified services are completed. The future payment is expressed as an adjustment in one of the CAS segments. Use a Claim Adjustment Group code of OA, "other adjustment," and a Claim Adjustment Reason Code of 101, "predetermination, anticipated payment upon completion of services." A predetermination must balance within a transaction set in the same way that claim payments must balance. Because the payment amount is actually zero now, adjustments must be adequate to reduce the claim balance to zero.

A predetermination is identified by code value 25, "predetermination pricing only — no payment," in CLP02. Effectively, a predetermination is informational only and can be contained in an 835 that pays other claims.

Adjustment	Amount	Claim Adjustment Reason Code		
Deductible	\$50.00	Code 1		
Coinsurance	\$200.00	Code 2		
Exceeded the fee schedule	\$200.00	Code 45		

Matrix 2. Example Adjustments

Example

A provider submits a claim for predetermination of benefits to the PPO for a total claim charge amount of \$1000.00. The payer determines that, if the claim is to be paid, the adjustments shown in matrix 2, Example Adjustments, are to be applied.

The projected payment amount is then \$550.

CLP*1234567890*25*1000*0*250*12*9012345678~ CAS*PR*1*50**2*200~ CAS*CO*45*200~ CAS*OA*101*550~

2.2.8 Reversals and Corrections

When a claim is paid in error, the method for correcting it is to reverse the original claim payment and resend the corrected data. This helps the providers control the accuracy and integrity of their receivable systems.

NOTE

Handling reversals internal to the 835 may cause system changes that need to be addressed as part of the implementation plan.

Example

In the original Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) payment, the reported charges were as follows in matrix 3, Reported Charges:

Submitted charges	\$100.00
Adjustments	
Disallowed amount	\$20.00
Coinsurance	\$16.00
Deductible	\$24.00
Payment amount	\$40.00

Matrix 3. Reported Charges

Original Payment

CLP*1234567890*1*100*40*40*12~ CAS*PR*1*24**2*16~ CAS*CO*45*20~

The payer found an error in the original claim adjudication that requires a correction. In this case, the disallowed amount should have been \$40.00 instead of the original \$20.00. The co-insurance amount should have been \$12.00 instead of \$16.00, and the deductible amount did remain the same.

Reversal Method

Reverse the original payment, restoring the patient accounting system to the preposting balance for this patient. Then, the payer sends the corrected claim payment to the provider for posting to the account.

It is anticipated that the provider has the ability to post these reversals electronically, without any human intervention.

Reversing the original claim payment is accomplished with code 22, "reversal of previous payment", in CLP02; code CR, "corrections and reversals", in CAS01; and appropriate adjustments. All original charge, payment, and adjustment amounts are negated.

CLP*1234567890*22*-100*-40**12~ CAS*CR*1*-24**2*-16**45*-20~

NOTE

The reversal does not contain any patient responsibility amount in CLP or a patient responsibility-specific CAS segment.

The corrected claim payment is provided as if it were the original payment.

CLP*1234567890*1*100*24*36*12~ CAS*PR*1*24**2*12~ CAS*CO*45*40~

NOTES

- Caution, while the claim paid amount (CLP04) for this claim can be zero or less, the reversal method included in 2.2.8, Reversals and Corrections, must not cause the total payment for this 835 (BPR02) to become negative.
- The example does not provide service line detail. If the service line detail had been on the original payment, then the reversal should apply the same reversal logic to the claim and service lines.

2.2.9 Interest and Prompt Payment Discounts

Payer-provider level interest and prompt payment discounts refer to adjustments that specific payer and provider contractual agreements or regulations require. Convey these types of financial adjustments in the Provider Adjustment Segment. Such adjustments are financially independent from the formula for determining benefit payments on behalf of the beneficiary receiving care. Consequently, providers must be able to post these types of adjustments to the general ledger rather than to the patient's account receivable. Additionally, providers must

be able to examine the claim-specific information to validate the payer's adjudication calculation.

Convey claim-specific information in the Supplemental Claim Information Segment, AMT. Use code I, for "Interest," or use D8, "discount amount," for a prompt payment discount, in AMT01.

The nature of the financial adjustments conveyed in the Provider Adjustment Segment is identified in PLB03, Composite Adjustment Identifier. The payments can either increase — reported as a negative number — or decrease — reported as a positive number — the payment. The code values used for interest and prompt pay discounts within the PLB03 composite are as follows:

• L6 - Interest Owed

Refers to interest adjustments made as part of the contractual agreement for handling claim obligations beyond the timelines established

• 90 - Early Payment Discount

Refers to a prompt payment discount or the amount that is allowed for quickly paying a claim according to the terms of the contractual agreement

NOTE

Managed care contracts also can show similar types of adjustments within the Provider Adjustment Segment. See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for the appropriate managed care references.

Summary

- Use the Provider Adjustment Segment for interest and prompt pay discounts to reflect payer-provider agreements.
- Supplemental Claim or Service Amounts in the AMT segments do not influence balancing the Claim or Service Payment loops or balancing the 835 for benefit payments made on behalf of the patient.
- To reference Interest and prompt payment discounts use codes L6, "interest," and 90, "early payment discount," in PLB03.
- If any interest responsibility and/or prompt pay discounts are extended to the
 patient, report the data in the Claim Adjustment Segment, which impacts
 CLP04, Claim Payment Amount. Do not report the data in the AMT and PLB
 segments.

Example

- Acme Insurance and Dr. Doe have an agreement whereby Acme pays Dr. Doe a 5% annual percentage rate (.0137% per day) of the claim payment for any claim that is not remitted or denied within 30 days, for each day over 20 days.
- Melvin Jones (patient) has covered charges of \$10,000, submitted electronically to Acme on November 10, 1994.
- Acme processes the claim and determines that benefits payable are \$9,000 with a patient deductible of \$1,000.
- Payment is remitted on January 24, 1995. The amount paid includes interest due for 55 days.
- The interest amount is \$67.81.

Interest information is provided in the Supplemental Claim Information Amounts Segment. The Provider Adjustment Segment is used to report provider level financial adjustment detail to be used within the balancing routine.

NOTE

For demonstration purposes, the payment adjustment "interest" is used in PLB03-1, and the PLB03-2 is the payer's "received date." Example — PLB*(assigned by payer)*951201*16:-67.81~.

CLP*2528278*1*10000*9000*1000**951910002~ CAS*PR*1*1000~ NM1*QC*1*Jones*Melvin~ AMT*I*67.81~ PLB*(assigned by payer)*19951201*L6:-67.81~

2.2.10 Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments

The 835 is used to provide financial notification of capitation payments from a Managed Care Organization (MCO) to a capitated care provider. The 835 does not contain the capitation details or membership roster. Use an associated Eligibility and Benefits Notification Transaction Set (271) to communicate these details. Capitation payments may be included with claims payment information in a single 835 or they may be passed alone. In either case, the existing balancing process for the 835 applies.

Capitation payments and adjustments are reported in the Provider Adjustment Segment. Individual amounts are reported in PLB04, 06, 08, 10, 12, and 14.

NOTE

A **POSITIVE** amount reduces payment. A **NEGATIVE** amount increases payment.

PLB03, 05, 07, 09, 11, and 13 are used to provide the Adjustment Reason Code and the reference number associated with the payments and adjustments. In the case of a capitation payment related to a member list provided in a 271 transaction, the reference number from the Reassociation Key Segment identifying the 271 is provided as a PLB reference number for the appropriate dollar amount.

For identification and explanation purposes, use the following codes in Position 1 of the Composite Adjustment Identifier in the PLB segment.

• BN - Bonus

Bonus Payment is an additional payment made to a primary care physician or other capitated provider at a set time agreed upon by both parties, usually to recognize performance above usual standards. The bonus payment may be based upon utilization parameters, quality measurements, membership services performed, or other factors.

CT - Capitation Payment

Capitation Payment is a set dollar amount paid to the primary care physician or other capitated provider selected by the member for the provision of services agreed upon by the provider and the MCO. The dollar amount may be based upon a member's age, sex, specific plan under which the member is enrolled, benefit limitations, or other predetermined factors. The payment is made at periodic set times generally defined in the contractual arrangement between the provider and the MCO.

• FC - Fund Allocation

Fund Allocation is a methodology used to distribute payments made to the primary care or other capitated provider from funds designated for allocation. Funds may be prepaid amounts where deductions are withdrawn over a set period as services are provided.

• IP - Incentive Premium Payments

Incentive Premium Payments are additional payments made to a capitated provider to acknowledge high quality services or to provide additional services that are not routinely considered as capitated services by the MCO. This payment also may be used as a financial incentive to sign new providers to the managed care network.

• CR - Capitation Interest

Interest payments represent a percentage payment in excess of the usual amount, paid to the capitated provider as a result of a late payment by the MCO or as a result of funds previously withheld.

• AM - Applied to Borrowers Account

Loan Repayment is a repayment to the MCO of monies previously paid to the capitated provider for purchasing equipment. The repayment amount is deducted from the usual periodic payment that the provider would otherwise receive from the MCO.

• L3 - Penalty

A Penalty is a deduction made in the financial payment to the capitated provider as a result of non-fulfillment of a requirement stipulated in the contractual agreement between the provider and the MCO. Generally, the actual sum forfeited is defined in the agreement.

• RA - Retro-Activity Adjustment

Retro-activity payments, adjustments, and notification are given to the capitated provider for an enrolled member who had selected or changed a capitation provider for a time period before the current payment period. This adjustment usually occurs because of late notification from an employer and/or member after the set cutoff time for a capitation payment/notification. This adjustment may result in a payment deduction to the provider in circumstances where the member disenrolled or was terminated from coverage under the MCO during a previous payment period.

• TL - Third Party Liability

Third Party Liability indicates that another entity is liable for the payment of health care expenses. The capitation payment may be reduced for the reported time period as a result of the payment from the other responsible party.

E3 - Withholding

Withholding is a set dollar amount or percentage of the capitation payment deducted per the contractual agreement between the provider and the MCO. This amount may be returned to the provider at a later date, usually as a result of meeting specific performance requirements defined in the agreement.

2.2.11 Definition of a Claim

A claim submitted to a payer may, due to a payer's adjudication system requirement(s), have service line(s) separated from the original claim. The commonly used term for this process is 'splitting the claim'. Each portion of a claim that has been split has a separate claim control number, assigned by the payer and the sum of the service line(s) charge submitted on each split claim becomes the split claim total charge.

An example of this type of processing is a multi-line claim that contains a service line which requires further information to finalize. By splitting the pending service line to a separate claim, the payer can then adjudicate the remainder of the claim/service lines submitted. Once the split claim is finalized, the adjudication information for the split claim will be returned to the provider.

To assist the provider in reconciling their patient accounts, the payer must retain and return basic original claim information in each of the adjudicated claims. The original Claim Submitter's Identifier (CLM01) must be returned on all split claims in CLP01. The providers original submitted line item control number from the claim must be returned in the REF segment, position 2110. If the original claim did not contain a specific line item control number for the service lines, the line item sequence number (LX01) from the original claim should be used in the 835 REF segment instead.

3 Transaction Set

NOTE

See Appendix A, ASC X12 Nomenclature, to review the transaction set structure, including descriptions of segments, data elements, levels, and loops.

3.1 Presentation Examples

The ASC X12 standards are generic. For example, multiple trading communities use the same PER segment to specify administrative communication contacts. Each community decides which elements to use and which code values in those elements are applicable. This implementation guide uses a format that depicts both the generalized standard and the trading community-specific implementation.

The transaction set detail is comprised of two main sections with subsections within the main sections.

Transaction Set Listing

Implementation

Standard

Segment Detail

Implementation

Standard

Diagram

Element Summary

The examples in figures 14 through 19 define the presentation of the transaction set which follows.

The following pages provide illustrations, in the same order they appear in this implementation guide, to describe the format.

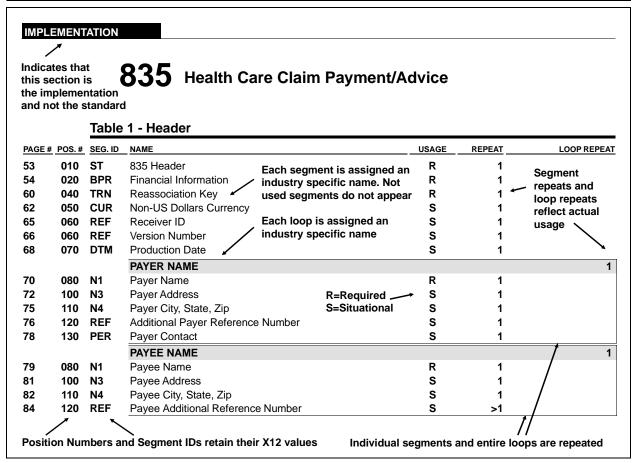


Figure 14. Transaction Set Key — Implementation

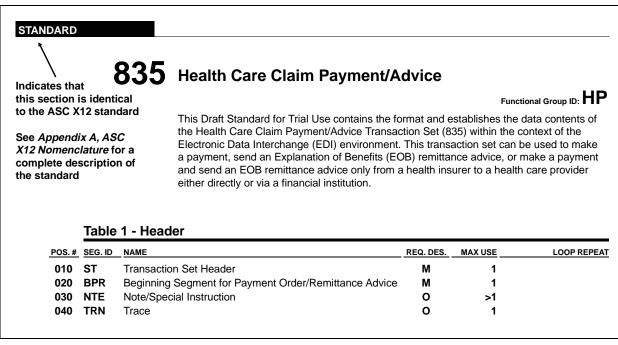


Figure 15. Transaction Set Key — Standard

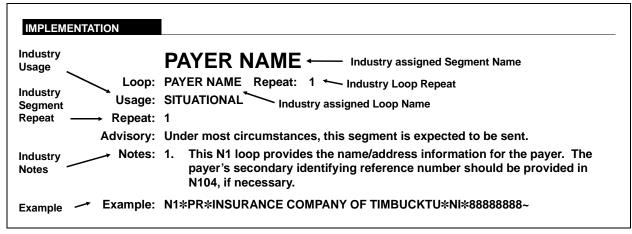


Figure 16. Segment Key — Implementation

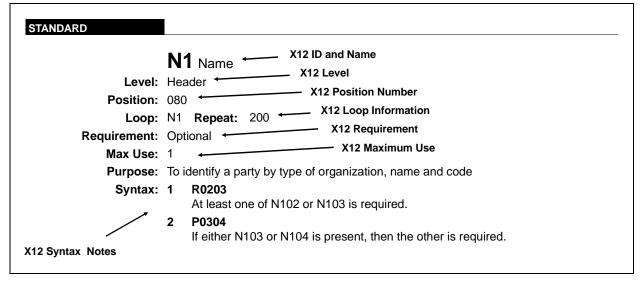


Figure 17. Segment Key — Standard

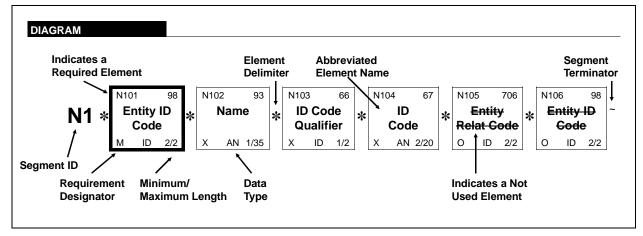
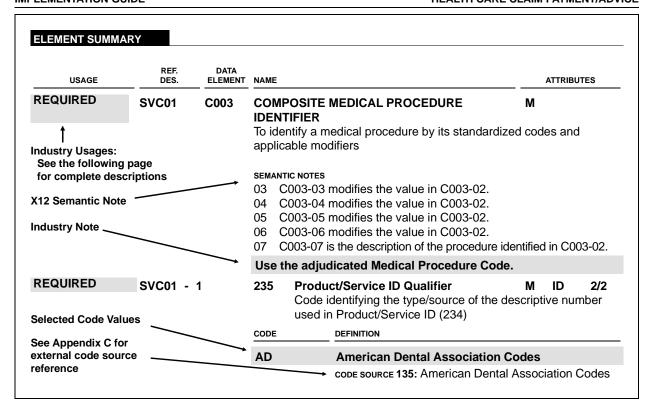


Figure 18. Segment Key — Diagram



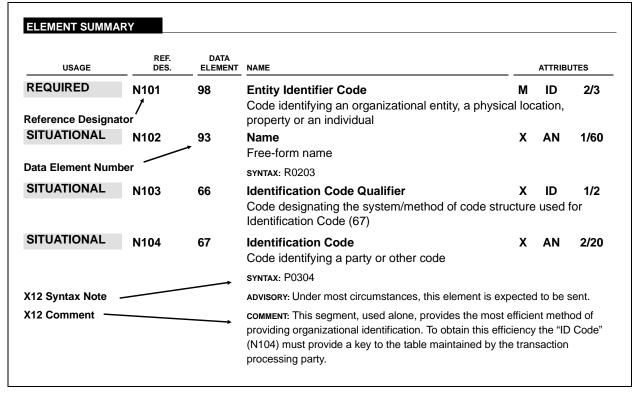


Figure 19. Segment Key — Element Summary

Industry Usages:

Required This item must be used to be compliant with this implementation

guide.

Not Used This item should not be used when complying with this

implementation guide.

Situational The use of this item varies, depending on data content and busi-

ness context. The defining rule is generally documented in a syntax or usage note attached to the item.* The item should be used whenever the situation defined in the note is true; otherwise, the

item should not be used.

* NOTE

If no rule appears in the notes, the item should be sent if the data

is available to the sender.

Loop Usages:

Loop usage within ASC X12 transactions and their implementation guides can be confusing. Care must be used to read the loop requirements in terms of the context or location within the transaction. The usage designator of a loop's beginning segment indicates the usage of the loop. Segments within a loop cannot be sent without the beginning segment of that loop.

If the first segment is Required, the loop must occur at least once unless it is nested in a loop that is not being used. A note on the Required first segment of a nested loop will indicate dependency on the higher level loop.

If the first segment is Situational, there will be a Segment Note addressing use of the loop. Any required segments in loops beginning with a Situational segment only occur when the loop is used. Similarly, nested loops only occur when the higher level loop is used.

835 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice

Table 1 - Header

PAGE#	POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEAT	
43	010	ST	Transaction Set Header	1			
44	020	BPR	Financial Information	R	1		
52	040	TRN	Reassociation Trace Number	R	1		
54	050	CUR	Foreign Currency Information	s	1		
57	060	REF	Receiver Identification	s	1		
58	060	REF	Version Identification	s	1		
60	070	DTM	Production Date	s	1		
			LOOP ID - 1000A PAYER IDENTIFICATION			1	
62	080	N1	Payer Identification	R	1		
64	100	N3	Payer Address	R	1		
65	110	N4	Payer City, State, ZIP Code	R	1		
67	120	REF	Additional Payer Identification	S	4		
69	130	PER	Payer Contact Information	S	1		
			LOOP ID - 1000B PAYEE IDENTIFICATION			1	
72	080	N1	Payee Identification	R	1		
74	100	N3	Payee Address	s	1		
75	110	N4	Payee City, State, ZIP Code	s	1		
77	120	REF	Payee Additional Identification	s	>1		

Table 2 - Detail

PAGE#	POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEAT
			LOOP ID - 2000 HEADER NUMBER			>1
79	003	LX	Header Number	S	1	
80	005	TS3	Provider Summary Information	S	1	
85	007	TS2	Provider Supplemental Summary Information	S	1	
			LOOP ID - 2100 CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION			>1
89	010	CLP	Claim Payment Information	R	1	
95	020	CAS	Claim Adjustment	S	99	
102	030	NM1	Patient Name	R	1	
105	030	NM1	Insured Name	S	1	
108	030	NM1	Corrected Patient/Insured Name	S	1	
111	030	NM1	Service Provider Name	S	1	
114	030	NM1	Crossover Carrier Name	S	1	
116	030	NM1	Corrected Priority Payer Name	S	2	
118	033	MIA	Inpatient Adjudication Information	S	1	
123	035	MOA	Outpatient Adjudication Information	S	1	
126	040	REF	Other Claim Related Identification	S	5	
128	040	REF	Rendering Provider Identification	S	10	
130	050	DTM	Claim Date	S	4	
132	060	PER	Claim Contact Information	S	3	
135	062	AMT	Claim Supplemental Information	S	14	

137	064 QTY		Claim Supplemental Information Quantity	s	15	
			LOOP ID - 2110 SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION			999
139	070	SVC	Service Payment Information	S	1	
146	080	DTM	Service Date	S	3	
148	090	CAS	Service Adjustment	S	99	
154	100	REF	Service Identification	S	7	
156	100	REF	Rendering Provider Information	S	10	
158	110	AMT	Service Supplemental Amount	S	12	
160	120	QTY	Service Supplemental Quantity	S	6	
162	130	LQ	Health Care Remark Codes	S	99	

Table 3 - Summary

PAGE#	POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	USAGE	REPEAT	LOOP REPEAT
164	010	PLB	Provider Adjustment	S	>1	
173	020	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	R	1	

835 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice

Functional Group ID: **HP**

This Draft Standard for Trial Use contains the format and establishes the data contents of the Health Care Claim Payment/Advice Transaction Set (835) for use within the context of the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) environment. This transaction set can be used to make a payment, send an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) remittance advice, or make a payment and send an EOB remittance advice only from a health insurer to a health care provider either directly or via a financial institution.

Table 1 - Header

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	REQ. DES.	MAX USE	LOOP REPEAT
010	ST	Transaction Set Header	М	1	
020	BPR	Beginning Segment for Payment Order/Remittance Advice	M	1	
030	NTE	Note/Special Instruction	0	>1	
040	TRN	Trace	0	1	
050	CUR	Currency	0	1	
060	REF	Reference Identification	0	>1	
070	DTM	Date/Time Reference	0	>1	
		LOOP ID - 1000			200
080	N1	Name	0	1	
090	N2	Additional Name Information	0	>1	
100	N3	Address Information	0	>1	
110	N4	Geographic Location	0	1	
120	REF	Reference Identification	0	>1	
130	PER	Administrative Communications Contact	0	>1	
140	RDM	Remittance Delivery Method	0	1	
150	DTM	Date/Time Reference	0	1	

Table 2 - Detail

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	REQ. DES.	MAX USE	LOOP REPEAT
		LOOP ID - 2000			>1
003	LX	Assigned Number	0	1	
005	TS3	Transaction Statistics	0	1	
007	TS2	Transaction Supplemental Statistics	0	1	
		LOOP ID - 2100			>1
010	CLP	Claim Level Data	M	1	
020	CAS	Claims Adjustment	0	99	
030	NM1	Individual or Organizational Name	M	9	
033	MIA	Medicare Inpatient Adjudication	0	1	
035	MOA	Medicare Outpatient Adjudication	0	1	
040	REF	Reference Identification	0	99	
050	DTM	Date/Time Reference	0	9	
060	PER	Administrative Communications Contact	0	3	
062	AMT	Monetary Amount	0	20	

064	QTY	Quantity	Ο	20	
		LOOP ID - 2110			999
070	SVC	Service Information	0	1	
080	DTM	Date/Time Reference	0	9	
090	CAS	Claims Adjustment	0	99	
100	REF	Reference Identification	0	99	
110	AMT	Monetary Amount	0	20	
120	QTY	Quantity	0	20	
130	LQ	Industry Code	0	99	

Table 2 - Detail

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	REQ. DES.	MAX USE	LOOP REPEAT
010	PLB	Provider Level Adjustment	0	>1	
020	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	M	1	

NOTES:

1/040 The TRN segment is used to uniquely identify a claim payment and advice.

1/050 The CUR segment does not initiate a foreign exchange transaction.

1/080 The N1 loop allows for name/address information for the payer and payee which would be utilized to address remittance(s) for delivery.

2/003 The LX segment is used to provide a looping structure and logical grouping of claim payment information.

2/020 The CAS segment is used to reflect changes to amounts within Table 2.

2/080 The DTM segment in the SVC loop is to be used to express dates and date ranges specifically related to the service identified in the SVC segment.

2/090 The CAS segment is used to reflect changes to amounts within Table 2.

TRANSACTION SET HEADER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: ST*835*1234~

STANDARD

ST Transaction Set Header

329

ΑN

Level: Header

Position: 010

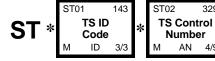
Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the start of a transaction set and to assign a control number

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUT	res
REQUIRED	ST01	143	Transaction Set Identifier Code Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set		M	ID	3/3
			the interchange	SEMANTIC: The transaction set identifier (ST01) used by the transthe interchange partners to select the appropriate transaction selects the Invoice Transaction Set).			
			The only valid value within this transaction set for ST01 is 835.				
			CODE DEFINITION				
			835	Health Care Claim Payment/Advice	•		
REQUIRED	ST02	329	Transaction Set Control Number Identifying control number that must be unique within the functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction			AN tion set	4/9
			identical. This research. Star from there. The	on Set Control Numbers in ST02 and sunique number also aids in error rent with a number, for example 0001, and is number must be unique within a sige, but it can be repeated in other grown.	solu and i spec	tion ncreme ific gro	ent

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes:

1. Use the BPR to address a single payment to a single payee. A payee may represent a single provider, a provider group, or multiple providers in a chain. The BPR contains mandatory information, even when it is not being used to move funds electronically.

Example: BPR*C*150000*C*ACH*CTX*01*99999992*DA*123456*1512345678*

199999999*01*999988880*DA*98765*19960901~

STANDARD

BPR Beginning Segment for Payment Order/Remittance Advice

Level: Header

Position: 020

Loop:

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the beginning of a Payment Order/Remittance Advice Transaction

Set and total payment amount, or to enable related transfer of funds and/or

information from payer to payee to occur

Syntax: 1. P0607

If either BPR06 or BPR07 is present, then the other is required.

2. C0809

If BPR08 is present, then BPR09 is required.

3. P1213

If either BPR12 or BPR13 is present, then the other is required.

4. C1415

If BPR14 is present, then BPR15 is required.

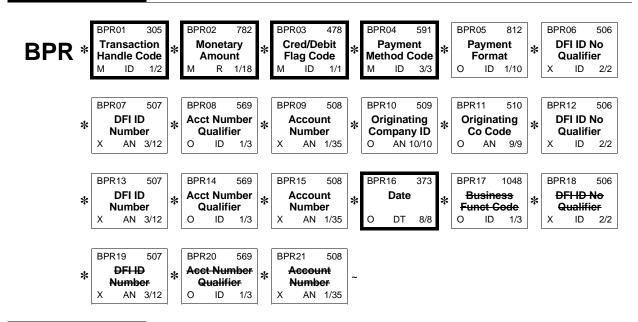
5. P1819

If either BPR18 or BPR19 is present, then the other is required.

6. C2021

If BPR20 is present, then BPR21 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	ITES
REQUIRED	BPR01	305		Handling Code ng the action to be taken by all parties	M	ID	1/2
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			С	Payment Accompanies Remittance Use this code to instruct your third to move both funds and remittance through the banking system.	d par	ty prod	
			D	Make Payment Only Use this code to instruct your third to move only funds through the batto ignore any remittance information.	nkin		
			Н	Notification Only Use this code to pass information reference to payment. Usually this pass predetermination of benefits a payer to a provider.	code	e is us	ed to
			ı	Remittance Information Only Use this code to indicate to the pa remittance detail is moving separa payment.	-		
			P	Prenotification of Future Transfers This code is used only by the paye system to initially validate account beginning an EFT relationship. Co additional information.	er and t nun	nbers I	before

			U Split Payment and Remittance Use this code to instruct the third party processor to split the payment and remittance detail, and send each on a separate path.				
			X	Handling Party's Option to Split Pa Remittance Use this code to instruct the third	-		ssor to
				move the payment and remittance together or separately, based upor requests or capabilities.			er
REQUIRED	BPR02	782	Monetary Amo		M	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Total	Actual Provider Payment Amount			
			SEMANTIC: BPR02	specifies the payment amount.			
			payment amoincluding deci	r the total payment amount for this a unt for this 835 cannot exceed eleve imals (999999999.99). Although the va t be issued for less than zero dollar	en cha alue d	aracter	s,
REQUIRED	BPR03	478	Credit/Debit F Code indicating v	lag Code whether amount is a credit or debit	M	ID	1/1
			INDUSTRY: Credi t	t or Debit Flag Code			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			С	Credit			
			Use this code to indicate a credit to the provaccount and a debit to the payer's account, by the payer. In the case of an EFT, no addit action is required of the provider. Also use tweether when a check is issued for the payment.				itiated nal
			D	Debit			
				NOT ADVISED			
				Use this code to indicate a debit to account and a credit to the provide initiated by the provider at the inst payer. Contact your VAB for informations. The rest of this segment document assumes that a credit provider.	er's a ruction nationent a	ccount on of the n about and	t, he it debit
REQUIRED	BPR04	591	Payment Meth Code identifying	nod Code the method for the movement of payment i	M nstruc	ID tions	3/3
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			ACH	Automated Clearing House (ACH)			
				Use this code to move money elective ACH, or to notify the provider transfer was requested. When this information in BPR05 through BPF included.	hat a	n ACH	ed,

ВОР	Financial Institution Option
	Use this code to indicate that the third party processor will choose the method of payment based upon end point requests or capabilities.
СНК	Check
	Use this code to indicate that a check has been issued for payment.
FWT	Federal Reserve Funds/Wire Transfer - Nonrepetitive
	Use this code to indicate that the funds were sent through the wire system.
NON	Non-Payment Data
	Use this code when the Transaction Handling Code (BPR01) is H, indicating that this is information only and no dollars are to be moved.

SITUATIONAL

BPR05 812

Payment Format Code

O ID 1/10

Code identifying the payment format to be used

When BPR04 is ACH, the recommended code values for BPR05 are CCP and CTX. When BPR04 is any other code, this data element should not be used.

CODE	DEFINITION
CCP	Cash Concentration/Disbursement plus Addenda (CCD+) (ACH)
	Use the CCD+ format to move money and up to 80 characters of data, enough to reassociate dollars and data when the dollars are sent through the ACH and the data is sent on a separate path. The addenda should contain a copy of the TRN segment.
СТХ	Corporate Trade Exchange (CTX) (ACH) Use the CTX format to move dollars and data through the ACH. The CTX format can contain up to 9,,999 addenda records of 80 characters each. The CTX encapsulates the complete 835 and all envelope segments.

SITUATIONAL	BPR06	506	(DFI) ID Numb Code identifying Institution (DFI)	the type of identification number of Depository Financial			
			INDUSTRY: Depos Qualifier	sitory Financial Institution (DFI) Identification Number			
			syntax: P0607				
			SEMANTIC: When using this transaction set to initiate a payment, all or some of BPR06 through BPR16 may be required, depending on the conventions of the specific financial channel being used.				
			_	gh BPR09 relate to the originating financial institution actor's account (payer).			
			This element i	is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			01	ABA Transit Routing Number Including Check Digits (9 digits)			
				ABA is a unique number identifying every bank in the United States.			
				CODE SOURCE 4: ABA Routing Number			
			04	Canadian Bank Branch and Institution Number			
				cope source 91: Canadian Financial Institution Branch and Institution Number			
SITUATIONAL	BPR07	507	(DFI) Identifica Depository Finan	ation Number X AN 3/12 ncial Institution (DFI) identification number			
			INDUSTRY: Send	er DFI Identifier			
			SYNTAX: P0607				
			CODE SOURCE 60:	(DFI) Identification Number			
			Use this number for the identifying number of the financial institution sending the transaction into the ACH network.				
			This element i	is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.			
SITUATIONAL	BPR08	569	Account Num Code indicating t	ber Qualifier O ID 1/3 the type of account			
			SYNTAX: C0809				
			SEMANTIC: BPR08 asset.	B is a code identifying the type of bank account or other financial			
			Use this code	to identify the type of account in BPR09.			
			This element i	is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			DA	Demand Deposit			

SITUATIONAL BPR09	508	Account Number Account number assigned	X AN 1/35
		INDUSTRY: Sender Bank Account Number	
		syntax: C0809	
		SEMANTIC: BPR09 is the account of the company of account may be debited or credited depending on	
		Use this number for the originator's accofinancial institution.	unt number at his or her
		This element is required when BPR04 is A	ACH, BOP or FWT.
SITUATIONAL BPR10	509	Originating Company Identifier A unique identifier designating the company initial instructions. The first character is one-digit ANSI i (ICD) followed by the nine-digit identification numl employer identification number (EIN), data universor a user assigned number; the ICD for an EIN is number is 9	dentification code designation ber which may be an IRS sal numbering system (DUNS),
		INDUSTRY: Payer Identifier	
		BPR10 must be the Federal Tax ID Number When BPR10 is used, it must be identical	
		This element is required when BPR04 is A	ACH, BOP or FWT.
SITUATIONAL BPR11	510	Originating Company Supplemental Code A code defined between the originating company financial institution (ODFI) that uniquely identifies transfer instructions	and the originating depository
		Use this code to further identify the payer used, this code must be identical to TRNO	
		This element is required when BPR10 is uniformation is necessary for the payee to payment.	
SITUATIONAL BPR12	506	(DFI) ID Number Qualifier Code identifying the type of identification number Institution (DFI)	X ID 2/2 of Depository Financial
		ואסטstry: Depository Financial Institution (ו Qualifier	DFI) Identification Number
		SYNTAX: P1213	
		SEMANTIC: BPR12 and BPR13 relate to the receivin (RDFI).	ng depository financial institution
		BPR12 through BPR15 relate to the receivand the receiver's account.	ving financial institution
		This element is required when BPR04 is A	ACH, BOP or FWT.
		CODE DEFINITION	
		01 ABA Transit Routing Num (9 digits)	ber Including Check Digits
		ABA is a unique number in the United States.	dentifying every bank in
		CODE SOURCE 4: ABA Routing No	umber
		04 Canadian Bank Branch an	d Institution Number

CODE SOURCE 91: Canadian Financial Institution Branch and Institution Number

SITUATIONAL BPR13 507 AN (DFI) Identification Number X 3/12

Depository Financial Institution (DFI) identification number

INDUSTRY: Receiver or Provider Bank ID Number

CODE SOURCE 60: (DFI) Identification Number

Use this number for the identifying number of the financial institution receiving the transaction from the ACH network.

This element is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.

SITUATIONAL BPR14 569 **Account Number Qualifier** ID 1/3

Code indicating the type of account

SYNTAX: C1415

SEMANTIC: BPR14 is a code identifying the type of bank account or other financial

asset.

Use this code to identify the type of account in BPR15.

This element is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.

CODE DEFINITION DA **Demand Deposit** SG Savings

SITUATIONAL BPR15 508 **Account Number** X AN 1/35

Account number assigned

INDUSTRY: Receiver or Provider Account Number

SYNTAX: C1415

SEMANTIC: BPR15 is the account number of the receiving company to be debited

or credited with the payment order.

Use this number for the receiver's account number at the financial institution.

This element is required when BPR04 is ACH, BOP or FWT.

REQUIRED BPR16 373 DT 8/8

Date expressed as CCYYMMDD

INDUSTRY: Check Issue or EFT Effective Date

SEMANTIC: BPR16 is the date the originating company intends for the transaction to be settled (i.e., Payment Effective Date).

Use this code for the effective entry date. If BPR04 is ACH, this code is the date that the money moves from the payer and is available to the payee. If BPR04 is CHK, this code is the check issuance date. If BPR04 is FWT, this code is the date that the payer anticipates the money to move. As long as the effective date is a business day, this is the settlement date. If BPR04 is 'NON', enter

the date of the 835.

NOT USED BPR17 1048 **Business Function Code** 0 ID 1/3 **NOT USED BPR18** 506 (DFI) ID Number Qualifier Χ ID 2/2 **NOT USED BPR19** 507 (DFI) Identification Number X AN 3/12

004010X091 • 835 • BPR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

NOT USEDBPR20569Account Number QualifierO ID 1/3NOT USEDBPR21508Account NumberX AN 1/35

REASSOCIATION TRACE NUMBER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. This segment's purpose is to uniquely identify this transaction set

and to aid in reassociating payments and remittances that have been

separated.

Example: TRN*1*12345*1512345678*199999999~

STANDARD

TRN Trace

Level: Header

Position: 040

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To uniquely identify a transaction to an application

Set Notes: 1. The TRN segment is used to uniquely identify a claim payment and advice.

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	JTES
REQUIRED	TRN01	481	Trace Type Code Code identifying which transaction is being referenced		M	ID	1/2
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1	Current Transaction Trace Number	ers		

REQUIRED TRN02 127

Reference Identification

M AN 1/30

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

INDUSTRY: Check or EFT Trace Number

SEMANTIC: TRN02 provides unique identification for the transaction.

This number must be unique within the sender/receiver relationship. The number is assigned by the sender. For example, if a payment is made by check, this number should be the check number.

There may be a number of uses for the trace number. If payment and remittance detail are separated, this number is used to reassociate data to dollars. See 2.2.3, Reassociation of Data and Dollars.

REQUIRED

TRN03 509

Originating Company Identifier

O AN 10/10

A unique identifier designating the company initiating the funds transfer instructions. The first character is one-digit ANSI identification code designation (ICD) followed by the nine-digit identification number which may be an IRS employer identification number (EIN), data universal numbering system (DUNS), or a user assigned number; the ICD for an EIN is 1, DUNS is 3, user assigned number is 9

INDUSTRY: Payer Identifier

SEMANTIC: TRN03 identifies an organization.

TRN03 must contain the Federal Tax ID Number, preceded by a "1." When BPR10 is used, it must be identical to TRN03.

SITUATIONAL

TRN04 127

Reference Identification

AN 1/30

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

INDUSTRY: Originating Company Supplemental Code

SEMANTIC: TRN04 identifies a further subdivision within the organization.

If both TRN04 and BPR11 are used, they must be identical.

This element is required when information beyond the Originating Company Identifier in TRN03 is necessary for the payee to identify the source of the payment.

FOREIGN CURRENCY INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

 Use the CUR segment in the 835 to specify the currency and exchange rate, if applicable, when the payment is not being made in United States dollars or when the payment is made in a currency different from that in the original claim.

Example: CUR*PR*CAN*1.2~

STANDARD

CUR Currency

Level: Header

Position: 050

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify the currency (dollars, pounds, francs, etc.) used in a transaction

Set Notes: 1. The CUR segment does not initiate a foreign exchange transaction.

Syntax: 1. C0807

If CUR08 is present, then CUR07 is required.

2. C0907

If CUR09 is present, then CUR07 is required.

3. L101112

If CUR10 is present, then at least one of CUR11 or CUR12 are required.

4. C1110

If CUR11 is present, then CUR10 is required.

5. C1210

If CUR12 is present, then CUR10 is required.

6. L131415

If CUR13 is present, then at least one of CUR14 or CUR15 are required.

7. C1413

If CUR14 is present, then CUR13 is required.

8. C1513

If CUR15 is present, then CUR13 is required.

9. L161718

If CUR16 is present, then at least one of CUR17 or CUR18 are required.

10. C1716

If CUR17 is present, then CUR16 is required.

11. C1816

If CUR18 is present, then CUR16 is required.

12. L192021

If CUR19 is present, then at least one of CUR20 or CUR21 are required.

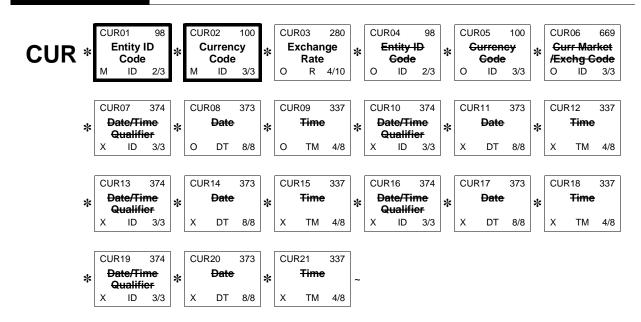
13. C2019

If CUR20 is present, then CUR19 is required.

14. C2119

If CUR21 is present, then CUR19 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUT	res
REQUIRED	CUR01	98	Entity Identifier Code Code identifying an organizational entity, a physical location, individual		M i, prop	ID erty or a	2/3 an
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			PR	Payer			
				REQUIRED			
REQUIRED	CUR02	100	Currency Cod Code (Standard	le ISO) for country in whose currency the cha	M rges a	ID re speci	3/3 fied
			CODE SOURCE 5: (Countries, Currencies and Funds			
SITUATIONAL	CUR03	280	Exchange Rate Value to be used one currency to a	O t mone	R etary val	4/10 ue from	
			the currency s For instance, dollars and pa	ent when the currency for payment is specified in the original claims subm when the claims were submitted in the aid in Canadian dollars, present the rs to Canadian dollars here.	nitted Unite	for pa d State	yment. es (US)
NOT USED	CUR04	98	Entity Identifie	er Code	0	ID	2/3
NOT USED	CUR05	100	Currency Cod	le	0	ID	3/3

NOT USED	CUR06	669	Currency Market/Exchange Code	0	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR07	374	Date/Time Qualifier	X	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR08	373	Date	0	DT	8/8
NOT USED	CUR09	337	Time	0	TM	4/8
NOT USED	CUR10	374	Date/Time Qualifier	X	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR11	373	Date	X	DT	8/8
NOT USED	CUR12	337	Time	X	TM	4/8
NOT USED	CUR13	374	Date/Time Qualifier	X	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR14	373	Date	X	DT	8/8
NOT USED	CUR15	337	Time	X	TM	4/8
NOT USED	CUR16	374	Date/Time Qualifier	X	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR17	373	Date	X	DT	8/8
NOT USED	CUR18	337	Time	X	TM	4/8
NOT USED	CUR19	374	Date/Time Qualifier	X	ID	3/3
NOT USED	CUR20	373	Date	X	DT	8/8
NOT USED	CUR21	337	Time	X	TM	4/8

RECEIVER IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use this segment only when the receiver of the transaction is other

than the payee (e.g., Clearing House or billing service ID).

Example: REF*EV*1235678~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Header

Position: 060

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

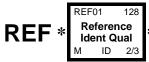
Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier Code qualifying the Reference Identification		M	ID	2/3
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EV	Receiver Identification Number			
REQUIRED	REF02	127		ntification nation as defined for a particular Transactio de Identification Qualifier	X n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Recei	ver Identifier			
			ALIAS: Receiver	Identification			
			SYNTAX: R0203				
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE I	DENTIFIER	0		

VERSION IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- 1. Use this Reference Number Segment to report the version number of the adjudication system that generated the claim payments in this transaction. Update this reference number whenever a change in the version or release number affects the 835. (This is not the ANSI ASCX12 version number as reported in the GS segment.)
- 2. Provide the version number when this information is required by the PAYER in order to resolve customer service questions from the

Example: REF*F2*FS3.21~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Header

Position: 060

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

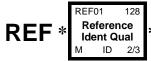
Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify identifying information

1. R0203 Syntax:

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	JTES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference lo Code qualifying	М	ID	2/3	
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			F2	Version Code - Local			
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Id	lentification	х	AN	1/30

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

INDUSTRY: Version Identification Code

SYNTAX: R0203

004010X091 • 835 • REF VERSION IDENTIFICATION

NOT USED REF03 352 Description X AN 1/80

NOT USED REF04 C040 REFERENCE IDENTIFIER O

PRODUCTION DATE

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Advisory: Under most circumstances, this segment is expected to be sent.

Notes: 1. The production date must be supplied when the cutoff date of the

adjudication system is different from the date of the 835.

Example: DTM*405*19960317~

STANDARD

DTM Date/Time Reference

Level: Header

Position: 070

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify pertinent dates and times

Syntax: 1. R020305

At least one of DTM02, DTM03 or DTM05 is required.

2. C0403

If DTM04 is present, then DTM03 is required.

3. P0506

If either DTM05 or DTM06 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM













ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	DTM01	374	Date/Time Qualifier	М	ID	3/3
			Code specifying type of date or time, or both date and time			

INDUSTRY: Date Time Qualifier

CODE	DEFINITION
405	Production Use this code for the end date for the adjudication production cycle for claims included in this 835.

ASC	X12N •	INSURANCE	SUBCOMMITTEE
IMPI	EMENT	ATION GUIDE	=

004010X091 • 835 • DTM PRODUCTION DATE

IMPLEMENTATION	GOIDE			FR	JUUCI	ION DATE
REQUIRED	DTM02	373	Date Date expressed as CCYYMMDD	X	DT	8/8
			INDUSTRY: Production Date			
			syntax: R020305			
NOT USED	DTM03	337	Time	Х	TM	4/8
NOT USED	DTM04	623	Time Code	0	ID	2/2
NOT USED	DTM05	1250	Date Time Period Format Qualifier	X	ID	2/3
NOT USED	DTM06	1251	Date Time Period	Х	AN	1/35

98

ID 2/3

IMPLEMENTATION

PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 1000A — PAYER IDENTIFICATION Repeat: 1

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use this N1 loop to provide the name/address information for the

payer. The payer's secondary identifying reference number should be

provided in N104, if necessary.

Example: N1*PR*INSURANCE COMPANY OF TIMBUCKTU*XV*88888888~

STANDARD

N1 Name

Level: Header

Position: 080

Loop: 1000 Repeat: 200

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To identify a party by type of organization, name, and code

Set Notes: 1. The N1 loop allows for name/address information for the payer and payee

which would be utilized to address remittance(s) for delivery.

Syntax: 1. R0203

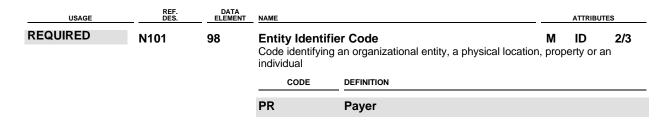
At least one of N102 or N103 is required.

If either N103 or N104 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY



SITUATIONAL	N102	93	Name Free-form name)	X	AN	1/60
			INDUSTRY: Paye	r Name			
			SYNTAX : R0203				
			Required if th	ne National PlanID is not trans	smitted in N	104.	
SITUATIONAL	N103	66		Code Qualifier ng the system/method of code struc	X cture used for I	ID dentifica	1/2 ation
			syntax: R0203,	P0304			
			ADVISORY: Under	most circumstances, this element	is expected to	be sent	
			Required if th	ne National PlanID is not trans	smitted in N	104.	
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			\/\ /	Health Core Financing Adm			.
			xv	Health Care Financing Adn PlanID Required if the National Plan Otherwise, one of the other used.	anID is mand	dated f	or use.
			XV	PlanID Required if the National Plan Otherwise, one of the othe	anID is mand r listed code	dated f es may	or use. be
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification	PlanID Required if the National Pla Otherwise, one of the other used. CODE SOURCE 540: Health Care F National PlanID	anID is mand r listed code	dated f es may	or use. be
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification	PlanID Required if the National Planic Otherwise, one of the other used. code source 540: Health Care F National PlanID Code g a party or other code	anID is mand r listed code Financing Admi	dated f es may nistratio	or use. be
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification Code identifying	PlanID Required if the National Planic Otherwise, one of the other used. code source 540: Health Care F National PlanID Code g a party or other code	anID is mand r listed code Financing Admi	dated f es may nistratio	or use. be
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification Code identifying INDUSTRY: Paye SYNTAX: P0304	PlanID Required if the National Planic Otherwise, one of the other used. code source 540: Health Care F National PlanID Code g a party or other code	anID is mand r listed code Financing Admi X	dated fes may nistratio	or use. be
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification Code identifying INDUSTRY: Paye SYNTAX: P0304 ADVISORY: Under COMMENT: This s providing organi	PlanID Required if the National Planic Otherwise, one of the other used. code source 540: Health Care F National PlanID Code g a party or other code r Identifier	anID is mander listed code Financing Admi X is expected to most efficiency the	dated fes may nistratio AN be sent nethod @ "ID Co	or use. be 1 2/80
SITUATIONAL	N104	67	Identification Code identifying INDUSTRY: Paye SYNTAX: P0304 ADVISORY: Under COMMENT: This s providing organi (N104) must proparty.	PlanID Required if the National PlanID Otherwise, one of the otherwise. code source 540: Health Care Finational PlanID Code graparty or other code r Identifier Timost circumstances, this element egment, used alone, provides the lizational identification. To obtain the	anID is mand ir listed code inancing Admi X is expected to most efficient n is efficiency the by the transac	hated for may nistration AN be sent nethod of the "ID Cotton profite the pro	or use. be 1 2/80
SITUATIONAL NOT USED	N104	67	Identification Code identifying INDUSTRY: Paye SYNTAX: P0304 ADVISORY: Under COMMENT: This s providing organi (N104) must proparty.	PlanID Required if the National Planic Otherwise, one of the other used. code Source 540: Health Care Finational PlanID Code graparty or other code r Identifier most circumstances, this element regment, used alone, provides the relational identification. To obtain the ovide a key to the table maintained me National PlanID is not trans	anID is mand ir listed code inancing Admi X is expected to most efficient n is efficiency the by the transac	hated for may nistration AN be sent nethod of the "ID Cotton profite the pro	or use. be 1 2/80

PAYER ADDRESS

Loop: 1000A — PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: N3*100 MAIN STREET~

STANDARD

N3 Address Information

Level: Header

Position: 100

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify the location of the named party

166

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	N301	166	Address Information Address information	M	AN	1/55
			INDUSTRY: Payer Address Line			
SITUATIONAL	N302	166	Address Information Address information	0	AN	1/55
			INDUSTRY: Payer Address Line			
			Required if a second address line exists.			

PAYER CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE

Loop: 1000A — PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: N4*KANSAS CITY*MO*64108~

STANDARD

N4 Geographic Location

Level: Header

Position: 110

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

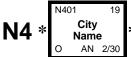
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify the geographic place of the named party

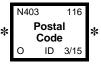
Syntax: 1. C0605

If N406 is present, then N405 is required.

DIAGRAM













ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	N401	19	City Name Free-form text for city name	0	AN	2/30
			INDUSTRY: Payer City Name			
			COMMENT: A combination of either N401 through N404, or N4 adequate to specify a location.	.05 ar	nd N406	may be
REQUIRED	N402	156	State or Province Code Code (Standard State/Province) as defined by appropriate g	O lovern	ID nment a	2/2 gency
			INDUSTRY: Payer State Code			
			COMMENT: N402 is required only if city name (N401) is in the	U.S. o	or Cana	da.
			CODE SOURCE 22: States and Outlying Areas of the U.S.			
REQUIRED	N403	116	Postal Code Code defining international postal zone code excluding punc (zip code for United States)	O ctuatio	ID on and b	3/15 blanks
			INDUSTRY: Payer Postal Zone or ZIP Code			
			CODE SOURCE 51: ZIP Code			
NOT USED	N404	26	Country Code	0	ID	2/3

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NOT USED	N405	309	Location Qualifier	X	ID	1/2
NOT USED	N406	310	Location Identifier	0	AN	1/30

ADDITIONAL PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 1000A — PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 4

Advisory: Under most circumstances, this segment is not sent.

Notes: 1. Use this REF segment whenever additional payer identification

numbers are required. The ID numbers available in the TRN and N1

segments should be used before using the REF segment.

Example: REF*2U*98765~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Header

Position: 120

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

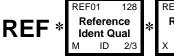
Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		A	ATTRIBUT	TES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier Code qualifying the Reference Identification	N	1	ID	2/3

CODE	DEFINITION
2U	Payer Identification Number
	For Medicare carriers or intermediaries, use this number for the Medicare carrier or intermediary ID number. For Blue Cross and Blue Shield Plans, use this number for the Blue Cross Blue Shield association plan code.

			EO	Submitter Identification Number This should be considered require transaction sender is not the paye by an identifier other than those al	ed required when the the payer or is identified				
			HI	Health Industry Number (HIN)					
		CODE SOURCE 121: Health Industry		CODE SOURCE 121: Health Industry Identific	ation	Number			
			NF	National Association of Insurance Com (NAIC) Code		missio	ners		
				ADVISED					
				CODE SOURCE 245: National Association of Commissioners (NAIC) Code	Insur	ance			
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Ide	ntification nation as defined for a particular Transactio	X n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 ecified		
			by the Reference	e Identification Qualifier		·			
			INDUSTRY: Additi	ional Payer Identifier					
			SYNTAX: R0203						
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80		
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE	IDENTIFIER	0				

PAYER CONTACT INFORMATION

Loop: 1000A — PAYER IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- 1. This should be used anytime the PAYEE can not be reasonably expected to know how to contact the Payer about this remittance advice.
- 2. When the communication number represents a telephone number in the United States and other countries using the North American Dialing Plan (for voice, data, fax, etc.), the communication number should always include the area code and phone number using the format AAABBBCCCC. Where AAA is the area code, BBB is the telephone number prefix, and CCCC is the telephone number (e.g. (534)224-2525 would be represented as 5342242525). The extension, when applicable, should be included in the communication number immediately after the telephone number.
- 3. By definition of the standard, if PER03 is used, PER04 is required.

Example: PER*CX*JOHN WAYNE*TE*3035551212~

STANDARD

PER Administrative Communications Contact

Level: Header

Position: 130

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: >1

Purpose: To identify a person or office to whom administrative communications should be

directed

Syntax: 1. P0304

If either PER03 or PER04 is present, then the other is required.

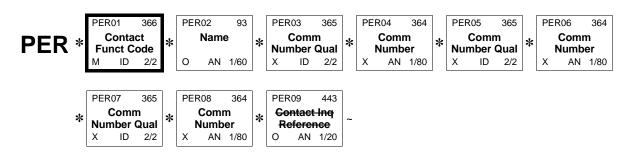
2. P0506

If either PER05 or PER06 is present, then the other is required.

3. P0708

If either PER07 or PER08 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	PER01	366	Contact Func Code identifying	tion Code the major duty or responsibility of the perso	M on or g	ID group na	2/2 amed
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			СХ	Payers Claim Office			
SITUATIONAL	PER02	93	Name Free-form name		0	AN	1/60
			INDUSTRY: Paye I	r Contact Name			
			entifying an individual or other conta mation related to this transaction.	act p	oint to		
			Use this data element when the name of the individual to contact is not already defined or is different than the name within the prior name segment (e.g. N1 or NM1).				
SITUATIONAL	PER03	365		on Number Qualifier the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2
			SYNTAX: P0304				
			Required if a	contact communications number is	to be	transı	nitted.
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EM	Electronic Mail			
			FX	Facsimile			
			TE	Telephone			
SITUATIONAL	PER04	364	Communication Complete communication Complete communication	on Number unications number including country or area	X a code	AN e when	1/80
			INDUSTRY: Paye I	Contact Communication Number			
			SYNTAX: P0304				
			Required if a	contact communications number is	to be	transı	mitted.

SITUATIONAL	ITUATIONAL PER05 365			on Number Qualifier the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2
			SYNTAX: P0506	•			
			Required if a	contact communications number i	s to be	transn	nitted.
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EM	Electronic Mail			
			EX	Telephone Extension			
				When used, the value following t extension for the preceding com contact number.			е
			FX	Facsimile			
			TE	Telephone			
SITUATIONAL	PER06	364	Communicati Complete comm applicable	ion Number nunications number including country or a	X rea code	AN e when	1/80
			INDUSTRY: Paye	r Contact Communication Number			
			SYNTAX: P0506				
			Required if a	contact communications number i	s to be	transn	nitted.
SITUATIONAL	PER07	365		on Number Qualifier the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2
			SYNTAX: P0708				
				e only to provide the extension for ons contact number.	the pre	evious	
			Required to c	convey a second communications	contac	t numb	er.
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EX	Telephone Extension			
SITUATIONAL	PER08	364	Communicati Complete comm applicable	ion Number nunications number including country or a	X rea code	AN e when	1/80
			INDUSTRY: Paye	r Contact Communication Number			
			SYNTAX : P0708				
				e only to provide the extension for ons contact number.	the pre	evious	
			Required to c	convey a second communications	contac	t numb	er.

PAYEE IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 1000B — PAYEE IDENTIFICATION Repeat: 1

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use this N1 loop to provide the name/address information of the

payee. The identifying reference number should be provided in N104.

Example: N1*PE*CYBILS MENTAL HOSPITAL*XX*12345678~

STANDARD

N1 Name

Level: Header

Position: 080

Loop: 1000 Repeat: 200

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To identify a party by type of organization, name, and code

Set Notes: 1. The N1 loop allows for name/address information for the payer and payee

which would be utilized to address remittance(s) for delivery.

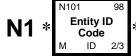
Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of N102 or N103 is required.

2. P0304

If either N103 or N104 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM





PE









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	N101	98	Entity Identifier Code Code identifying an organizational entity, a physical location, individual			ID erty or a	2/3 n
			CODE	DEFINITION			

Payee

IMPLEMENTATION	DUIDE			P	ATEE	IDENTI	-ICATION
SITUATIONAL	N102	93	Name Free-form name		X	AN	1/60
			INDUSTRY: Paye	e Name			
			SYNTAX: R0203				
			Required whe Identifier.	n N104 does not contain the Nation	nal Pro	ovider	
REQUIRED	N103	66		Code Qualifier g the system/method of code structure us P0304	X ed for I	ID dentifica	1/2 ation
			Required whe Identifier.	n N104 does not contain the Nation	nal Pro	ovider	
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			FI	Federal Taxpayer's Identification			
				For individual providers as payed to represent the Social Security N			umber
			XX	Health Care Financing Administrative Provider Identifier Required value if the National Promandated for use. Otherwise, one codes may be used.	vider	· ID is	
REQUIRED	N104	67	Identification Code identifying	Code a party or other code	X	AN	2/80
			INDUSTRY: Paye	e Identification Code			
			SYNTAX : P0304				
			providing organiz	egment, used alone, provides the most eff zational identification. To obtain this efficie vide a key to the table maintained by the t	ncy the	e "ID Co	de"
NOT USED	N105	706	Entity Relatio	nship Code	0	ID	2/2
NOT USED	N106	98	Entity Identific	er Code	0	ID	2/3

PAYEE ADDRESS

Loop: 1000B — PAYEE IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use of this segment is at the discretion of the payer for situations

where the sender needs to communicate the payee address to a transaction receiver (for example, a VAB or a Clearinghouse).

Example: N3*Suite 200*1000 Main Street~

STANDARD

N3 Address Information

Level: Header

Position: 100

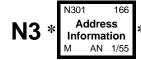
Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify the location of the named party

DIAGRAM





ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBL	ITES
REQUIRED	N301	166	Address Information Address information	M	AN	1/55
			INDUSTRY: Payee Address Line			
SITUATIONAL	N302	166	Address Information Address information	0	AN	1/55
			INDUSTRY: Payee Address Line			
			Required if a second address line exists.			

PAYEE CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE

Loop: 1000B — PAYEE IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Using this segment is at the discretion of the payer contingent on the

business needs of the payee (receiver).

Example: N4*Beverly Hills*CA*90210~

STANDARD

N4 Geographic Location

Level: Header

Position: 110

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

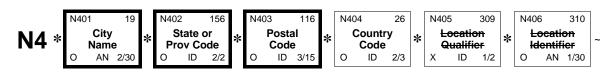
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify the geographic place of the named party

Syntax: 1. C0605

If N406 is present, then N405 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME					
REQUIRED	N401	19	City Name Free-form text for city name	0	AN	2/30		
			INDUSTRY: Payee City Name					
			COMMENT: A combination of either N401 through N404, or Neadequate to specify a location.	405 a	nd N406	6 may be		
REQUIRED	N402	156	State or Province Code Code (Standard State/Province) as defined by appropriate of	O gover	ID nment a	2/2 gency		
			INDUSTRY: Payee State Code					
			COMMENT: N402 is required only if city name (N401) is in the	U.S.	or Cana	ıda.		
			CODE SOURCE 22: States and Outlying Areas of the U.S.					

REQUIRED	N403	116	Postal Code Code defining international postal zone code excluding pr (zip code for United States)	O unctuati	ID on and I	3/15 olanks
			INDUSTRY: Payee Postal Zone or ZIP Code			
			CODE SOURCE 51: ZIP Code			
SITUATIONAL	N404	26	Country Code Code identifying the country	0	ID	2/3
			CODE SOURCE 5: Countries, Currencies and Funds			
			Required if country is other than USA.			
NOT USED	N405	309	Location Qualifier	х	ID	1/2
NOT USED	N406	310	Location Identifier	0	AN	1/30

PAYEE ADDITIONAL IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 1000B — PAYEE IDENTIFICATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: >1

Notes: 1. Use this REF segment only when more than one identification number

is required to identify the payee. Always use the ID number available

in the N1 segment before using the REF segment.

Example: REF*PQ*12345678~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Header

Position: 120

Loop: 1000

Requirement: Optional

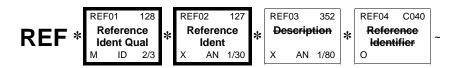
Max Use: >1

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBUTES			
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier Code qualifying the Reference Identification	М	ID	2/3		
			CODE DEFINITION					

CODE	DEFINITION
0B	State License Number
1A	Blue Cross Provider Number NOT ADVISED
1B	Blue Shield Provider Number NOT ADVISED
1C	Medicare Provider Number NOT ADVISED

			1D	Medicaid Provider Number NOT ADVISED			
			1E	Dentist License Number NOT ADVISED			
			1F	Anesthesia License Number NOT ADVISED			
			1G	Provider UPIN Number			
			1H	CHAMPUS Identification Number NOT ADVISED			
			D3	National Association of Boards of	Phar	macy N	lumber
				CODE SOURCE 307: National Association of Number	Board	ds of Pha	armacy
			G2	Provider Commercial Number			
				NOT ADVISED			
			N5	Provider Plan Network Identification	n Nu	ımber	
			PQ	Payee Identification			
			TJ	Federal Taxpayer's Identification No. This information should be in the No. unless the National Provider ID was For individual providers as payees to represent the Social Security No.	N1 se s use s, use	egment ed in N e this n	103/04.
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Ide Reference inform by the Reference	ntification nation as defined for a particular Transactio e Identification Qualifier	X n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 ecified
			INDUSTRY: Addit i	ional Payee Identifier			
			SYNTAX : R0203				
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE I	IDENTIFIER	0		

HEADER NUMBER

Loop: 2000 — HEADER NUMBER Repeat: >1

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- The LX segment is required whenever any information in the LX loop is included in the transaction. In the event that claim/service information must be sorted, the LX segment must precede each series of claim level and service level segments.
- 2. Any Table 2 data must commence with an LX segment. Multiple sorts are accomplished through multiple LX loops.
- 3. For Medicare Part A, write/read the LX segment once for each provider's fiscal period end year and month/type of bill summary break in the file (TTYYMM in LX01). For Medicare Part B, write/read the LX segment once for unassigned claims using the value of "zero" and once for assigned claims using the value of "one".

Example: LX*1~

Example: LX*961011~

STANDARD

LX Assigned Number

Level: Detail Position: 003

Loop: 2000 Repeat: >1

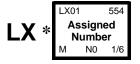
Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To reference a line number in a transaction set

 Set Notes:
 The LX segment is used to provide a looping structure and logical grouping of claim payment information.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	LX01	554	Assigned Number Number assigned for differentiation within a transaction set	M	N0	1/6

PROVIDER SUMMARY INFORMATION

Loop: 2000 — HEADER NUMBER

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- 1. Payers and payees outside the Medicare Part A community may need to use this segment to identify provider subsidiaries whose remittance information is contained in the 835 transactions transmitted to a single provider entity (i.e., the corporate office of a hospital chain). For this purpose, TS301 identifies the subsidiary provider. The remaining mandatory elements (TS302 through 05) must be valid with appropriate data, as defined by the TS3 segment. Only Medicare Part A should use the data elements in TS306-24. Each total is for that provider for this type of bill for this fiscal period.
- 2. When available, use the National Provider ID in TS301.
- 3. All situational quantities and amounts in this segment are required when the value of the item is different than zero.

Example: TS3*123456*11*19961031*10*130957.66~

STANDARD

TS3 Transaction Statistics

Level: Detail

Position: 005

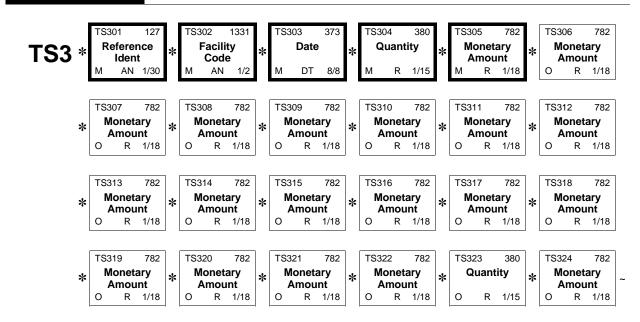
Loop: 2000

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To supply provider-level control information

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBL	ITES
REQUIRED	TS301	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction by the Reference Identification Qualifier	M n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Provider Identifier			
			SEMANTIC: TS301 is the provider number.			
			Use this number for the provider number.			
REQUIRED	TS302	1331	Facility Code Value Code identifying the type of facility where services were perf second positions of the Uniform Bill Type code or the Place the Electronic Media Claims National Standard Format			
			INDUSTRY: Facility Type Code			
REQUIRED	TS303	373	Date Date expressed as CCYYMMDD	М	DT	8/8
			INDUSTRY: Fiscal Period Date			
			$\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{SEMANTIC}}}\xspace$ TS303 is the last day of the provider's fiscal year.			
		Use this date for the last day of the provider's fisc of the provider's fiscal year is not known, use Dec current year.	-			
REQUIRED	TS304	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	M	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Total Claim Count			
			SEMANTIC: TS304 is the total number of claims.			
			Use this number for the total number of claims.			

REQUIRED	TS305	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	М	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Claim Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS305 is the total of reported charges.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total reported claims.	charg	es for	all			
SITUATIONAL	TS306	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Covered Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS306 is the total of covered charges.						
			-	Use this monetary amount for the total covered charges. This is submitted charges less the non-covered charges.					
SITUATIONAL	TS307	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Noncovered Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS307 is the total of noncovered charges.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total of non-co	overed	l char	ges.			
SITUATIONAL	TS308	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Denied Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS308 is the total of denied charges.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total of denied	d char	ges.				
SITUATIONAL	TS309	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Provider Payment Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS309 is the total provider payment.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total provider provider payment amount includes the total of a amount can be less than zero.						
SITUATIONAL	TS310	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Interest Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS310 is the total amount of interest paid.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total amount of	of inte	rest pa	aid.			
SITUATIONAL	TS311	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Contractual Adjustment Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS311 is the total contractual adjustment.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total contract	ual ad	justme	ent.			

SITUATIONAL	TS312	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Gramm-Rudman Reduction Amou	nt					
			SEMANTIC: TS312 is the total Gramm-Rudman Reduction.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total Gramm-F	Rudma	ın adjı	ustment.			
SITUATIONAL	TS313	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total MSP Payer Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS313 is the total Medicare Secondary Payer (Namount.	/ISP) pr	imary p	oayer			
			Use this monetary amount for the total MSP prin	nary p	ayer a	mount.			
SITUATIONAL	TS314	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Blood Deductible Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS314 is the total blood deductible amount in do	ollars.					
			Use this monetary amount for the total blood deductible amount in dollars.						
SITUATIONAL	TS315	315 782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Non-Lab Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS315 is the summary of non-lab charges.						
			Use this monetary amount for the sum of non-la	b char	ges.				
SITUATIONAL	TS316	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Coinsurance Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS316 is the total coinsurance amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total co-insurance amount.						
SITUATIONAL	TS317	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total HCPCS Reported Charge Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS317 is the Health Care Financing Administrat Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) reported charges.	ion Con	nmon				
			Use this monetary amount for the total of HCPC	S repo	rted c	harges.			
SITUATIONAL	TS318	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total HCPCS Payable Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS318 is the total Health Care Financing Admin Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) payable amount.	istratior	n Comr	non			
			Use this monetary amount for the total HCPCS p	ayabl	e amo	unt.			

SITUATIONAL	TS319	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Deductible Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS319 is the total deductible amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total cash de	ductibl	e.				
SITUATIONAL	TS320	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Professional Component Amount	·					
			SEMANTIC: TS320 is the total professional component amo	ount.					
	TS321 782		Use this monetary amount for the total professional component amount. The professional component amount must also be reported in the CAS segment with a Claim Adjustment Reason Code value of 89.						
SITUATIONAL	TS321	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
		INDUSTRY: Total MSP Patient Liability Met Amount	i						
			SEMANTIC: TS321 is the total Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) pa	atient lia	ability met			
		Use this monetary amount for the total MSP paramount.	ient lia	bility	met				
SITUATIONAL	TS322	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Patient Reimbursement Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS322 is the total patient reimbursment.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total patient	eimbu	rseme	nt.			
SITUATIONAL	TS323	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15			
			INDUSTRY: Total PIP Claim Count						
			SEMANTIC: TS323 is the total periodic interim payment (PI	²) numb	er of cla	aims.			
			Use this number for the total PIP number of claims.						
SITUATIONAL	TS324	324 782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total PIP Adjustment Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS324 is total periodic interim payment (PIP) adjustment						
			Use the monetary amount for the payment amount for PIP claims.						

PROVIDER SUPPLEMENTAL SUMMARY INFORMATION

Loop: 2000 — HEADER NUMBER

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- Use the TS2 segment only after a TS3 segment. This segment provides summary information specific to an iteration of the LX loop (Table 2). This segment is expected to be used only for Medicare Part A claims.
- 2. All situational quantities and amounts in this segment are required when the value of the item is different than zero. Each total is for that provider for this type of bill for this fiscal period.

Example: TS2*59786*55375.77~

STANDARD

TS2 Transaction Supplemental Statistics

Level: Detail Position: 007

Loop: 2000

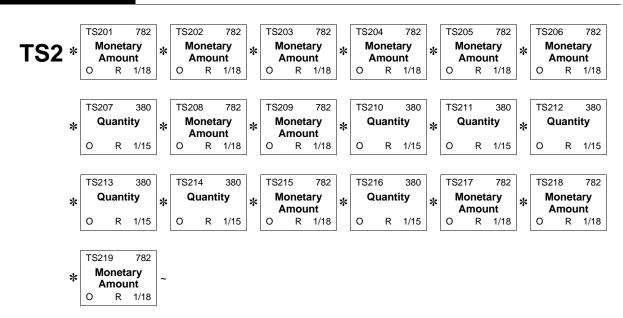
Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To provide supplemental summary control information by provider fiscal year

and bill type

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	TES			
SITUATIONAL TS201 78	TS201 782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18				
			INDUSTRY: Total DRG Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS201 is the total diagnosis related group (DRG)	amour	nt.				
			Use this monetary amount for the total DRG amount	ınt.					
			For Medicare, this includes: operating federal-spe operating hospital-specific amount, operating Ind Education amount, and operating Disproportional amount. It does not include any operating outlier	irect te Sha	Medica are Ho	al			
SITUATIONAL	TS202 782	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
		INDUSTRY: Total Federal Specific Amount							
		SEMANTIC: TS202 is the total federal specific amount.							
			Use this monetary amount for the total federal-specific amount						
SITUATIONAL	TS203 782	TS203 782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Total Hospital Specific Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS203 is the total hospital specific amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total hospital-s	pecifi	c amo	unt.			
SITUATIONAL	TS204 782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18				
			INDUSTRY: Total Disproportionate Share Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS204 is the total disproportionate share amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total disproport amount.	ionat	e shar	e			
SITUATIONAL	TS205	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			ındustry: Total Capital Amount						
			SEMANTIC: TS205 is the total capital amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the total capital am	ount.					
			For Medicare, this includes: capital federal-specfi hospital federal-specfic amount, hold harmless at Medical Education amount, Disproportionate Sha amount, and the exception amount. It does not incoutlier amount.	noun re Ho	t, Indii spital				

SITUATIONAL	TS206	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Total Indirect Medical Education Amount	t		
			SEMANTIC: TS206 is the total indirect medical education amount	ount.		
			Use this monetary amount for the total indirect namount.	nedica	al edu	cation
SITUATIONAL	TS207	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Total Outlier Day Count			
			SEMANTIC: TS207 is the total number of outlier days.			
			Use this number for the total number of outlier d	ays.		
SITUATIONAL	TS208	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Total Day Outlier Amount			
			SEMANTIC: TS208 is the total day outlier amount.			
			Use this monetary amount for the total day outlied	er amo	ount.	
SITUATIONAL	TS209	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Total Cost Outlier Amount			
			SEMANTIC: TS209 is the total cost outlier amount.			
			Use this monetary amount for the total cost outli	er am	ount.	
SITUATIONAL	TS210	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Average DRG Length of Stay			
			SEMANTIC: TS210 is the diagnosis related group (DRG) ave	rage le	ngth of	stay.
			Use this number for the DRG average length of s	tay.		
SITUATIONAL	TS211	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Total Discharge Count			
			SEMANTIC: TS211 is the total number of discharges.			
			Use this number for the total number of discharg	jes.		
			For Medicare, this is the discharge count produc SOFTWARE.	ed by	PPS	PRICER
SITUATIONAL	TS212	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Total Cost Report Day Count			
			SEMANTIC: TS212 is the total number of cost report days.			
			Use this number for the total number of cost rep	ort da	ys.	

SITUATIONAL	TS213	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15		
			INDUSTRY: Total Covered Day Count					
			SEMANTIC: TS213 is the total number of covered days.					
			Use this number for the total number of covered	l dave				
CITUATIONAL				-				
SITUATIONAL	TS214	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15		
			INDUSTRY: Total Noncovered Day Count					
			SEMANTIC: TS214 is total number of non-covered days.					
			Use this number for the total number of non-cov	ered o	days.			
SITUATIONAL	TS215	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18		
			INDUSTRY: Total MSP Pass-Through Amount					
			SEMANTIC: TS215 is the total Medicare Secondary Payer (Management Calculated for a non-Medicare payer.	/ISP) ра	ass- thro	ough		
		200	Use this amount for is the total MSP pass throug calculated for a non-Medicare payer.	gh am	ount			
SITUATIONAL	TS216	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15		
			INDUSTRY: Average DRG weight					
			SEMANTIC: TS216 is the average diagnosis-related group (I	DRG) w	eight.			
			Use this number for the average DRG weight.					
SITUATIONAL	TS217	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18		
			INDUSTRY: Total PPS Capital FSP DRG Amount					
			SEMANTIC: TS217 is the total prospective payment system specific portion, diagnosis-related group (DRG) amount.	(PPS) c	apital, t	ederal-		
			Use this monetary amount for the total PPS capital, federal-specific portion DRG amount.					
SITUATIONAL	TS218	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18		
			INDUSTRY: Total PPS Capital HSP DRG Amount					
			SEMANTIC: TS218 is the total prospective payment system specific portion, diagnosis-related group (DRG) amount.	(PPS) c	apital, l	nospital-		
			Use this monetary amount for the total PPS cap specific portion DRG amount.	ital, ho	spital	-		
SITUATIONAL	TS219	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18		
			INDUSTRY: Total PPS DSH DRG Amount					
			SEMANTIC: TS219 is the total prospective payment system share, hospital diagnosis-related group (DRG) amount.	(PPS) c	lispropo	ortionate		
			Use this monetary amount for the total PPS disphospital DRG amount.	ropor	tionate	e share,		

CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION Repeat: >1

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: CLP*7722337*1*211366.97*138018.4**12*119932404007801~

STANDARD

CLP Claim Level Data

Level: Detail

Position: 010

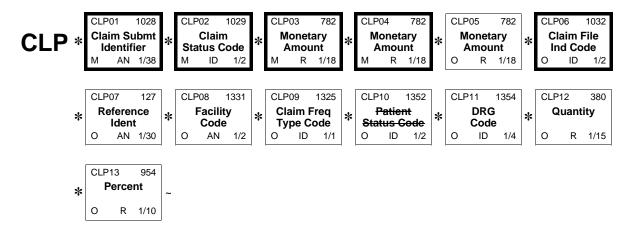
Loop: 2100 Repeat: >1

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To supply information common to all services of a claim

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	CLP01	1028	Claim Submitter's Identifier	М	AN	1/38

Identifier used to track a claim from creation by the health care provider through payment

INDUSTRY: Patient Control Number

Use this number for the patient control number assigned by the provider. If the patient control number is not present on the incoming claim, enter zero. The value in CLP01 must be identical to any value received as a Claim Submitter's Identifier on the original claim (CLM01 of the ANSI ASC X12 837, if applicable). This data element is the primary key for posting the remittance information into the provider's database.

REQUIRED CLP02 1029 Claim Status Code M ID 1/2

Code identifying the status of an entire claim as assigned by the payor, claim review organization or repricing organization

review organization	on or repricing organization
CODE	DEFINITION
1	Processed as Primary
2	Processed as Secondary
3	Processed as Tertiary
4	Denied
5	Pended NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
10	Received, but not in process NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
13	Suspended NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
15	Suspended - investigation with field NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
16	Suspended - return with material NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
17	Suspended - review pending NOT ADVISED Claims with this status should be reported in the Claim Status (277) transaction when the payer implements it.
19	Processed as Primary, Forwarded to Additional Payer(s)
20	Processed as Secondary, Forwarded to Additional Payer(s)

-										
			21	Processed as Tertiary, Forwarde Payer(s)	d to Ad	ddition	nal			
			22	Reversal of Previous Payment						
			23 Not Our Claim, Forwarded to Additional Payer(s)							
			25 Predetermination Pricing Only - No Payment							
			27	Reviewed						
				NOT ADVISED						
				Claims with this status should be Claim Status (277) transaction wimplements it.	_					
REQUIRED	CLP03	782	Monetary Am Monetary amou		M	R	1/18			
		INDUSTRY: Total	Claim Charge Amount							
			SEMANTIC: CLP03	3 is the amount of submitted charges this	claim.					
				ancing, in this implementation gui This amount does not include inter		additio	onal			
				etary amount for the submitted characters are to the care or less, but the value in	_					
REQUIRED	CLP04	CLP04 782	Monetary Am Monetary amou		M	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Claim	n Payment Amount						
			SEMANTIC: CLP04	4 is the amount paid this claim.						
				ancing, in this implementation gui This amount does not include inter		additio	onal			
				etary amount for the amount paid tes, but the value in BPR02 may not						
SITUATIONAL	CLP05	782	Monetary Am Monetary amoun		0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Patie	nt Responsibility Amount						
			ADVISORY: Under	most circumstances, this element is expe	cted to	be sent	t.			
			SEMANTIC: CLP0	5 is the patient responsibility amount.						
			in CAS segme	LP05 should have supporting adjuents at the CLP or SVC loop level was roup (CAS01) code of PR (Patient	vith a C	Claim				
			responsibility as deductible This amount	etary amount for the payer's stater amount for this claim, which can non-covered services, co-pay, an must be entered if it is greater thar at 2.2.9, Interest and Prompt Paym	include d co-ir n zero.	such surar See 2	items ice. .2.1,			

For Medicare, this must be reported by carriers but is not used by

additional information.

intermediaries.

REQUIRED CLP06

1032

Claim Filing Indicator Code Code identifying type of claim

ID 0 1/2

For many providers to electronically post the 835 remittance data to their patient accounting systems without human intervention, a unique, provider-specific insurance plan code is needed. This code allows the provider to separately identify and manage the different product lines or contractual arrangements between the payer and the provider. Because most payers maintain the same Originating Company Identifier in the TRN03/BPR10 for all product lines or contractual relationships, the CLP06 is used by the provider as a table pointer in combination with the TRN03/BPR10 to identify the unique, provider-specific insurance plan code needed to post the payment without human intervention. The value should mirror the value received in the original claim (2-005 SBR09 of the 837), if applicable, or provide the value as assigned or edited by the payer.

	CODE	DEFINITION
12		Preferred Provider Organization (PPO)
		Use this code for Blue Cross/Blue Shield par arrangements.
13		Point of Service (POS)
14		Exclusive Provider Organization (EPO)
15		Indemnity Insurance
		Use this code for Blue Cross/Blue Shield non-par arrangements.
16		Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) Medicare Risk
AM		Automobile Medical
СН		Champus
DS		Disability
НМ		Health Maintenance Organization
LM		Liability Medical
MA		Medicare Part A
MB		Medicare Part B
MC		Medicaid
OF		Other Federal Program Use this code for the Black Lung Program.
TV		Title V
VA		Veteran Administration Plan
wc		Workers' Compensation Health Claim

SITUATIONAL	CLP07	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier	
			INDUSTRY: Payer Claim Control Number	
			ADVISORY: Under most circumstances, this element is expected to be sent.	
			SEMANTIC: CLP07 is the payer's internal control number.	
				Use this number for the payer's internal control number. This number must apply to the entire claim. Report service variations at the SVC loop.
			This must be provided whenever the PAYER assigns an internal claim number and desires this reference from the provider as a part of any customer service contact or appeal process.	
SITUATIONAL	CLP08	1331	Facility Code Value Code identifying the type of facility where services were performed; the first and second positions of the Uniform Bill Type code or the Place of Service code from the Electronic Media Claims National Standard Format	
			INDUSTRY: Facility Type Code	
			State the facility code here when the submitted code has been modified through adjudication. This code is expected to be from the same code list as that identified in the original claim.	
			This number was received in CLM05-1 of the 837 claim.	
SITUATIONAL	CLP09	1325	Claim Frequency Type Code Code specifying the frequency of the claim; this is the third position of the Uniform Billing Claim Form Bill Type	
			INDUSTRY: Claim Frequency Code	
			CODE SOURCE 235: Claim Frequency Type Code	
			This data element is specific to institutional claims and is required when it was received on the original claim. This does not apply to other types of claims.	
			This number was received in CLM05-2 of the 837 claim.	
NOT USED	CLP10	1352	Patient Status Code O ID 1/2	
SITUATIONAL	CLP11	1354	Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) Code O ID 1/4 Code indicating a patient's diagnosis group based on a patient's illness, diseases, and medical problems	
			CODE SOURCE 229: Diagnosis Related Group Number (DRG)	
			This data element is specific to institutional claims and is required when adjudication considers the DRG. This does not apply to other types of claims.	
SITUATIONAL	CLP12	380	Quantity O R 1/15 Numeric value of quantity	
			INDUSTRY: Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) Weight	
			SEMANTIC: CLP12 is the diagnosis-related group (DRG) weight.	
			This data element is specific to institutional claims and is required when adjudication considers the DRG. This does not apply to other types of claims.	
			Use this number for the DRG Weight.	

SITUATIONAL CLP13 954 Percent O R 1/10

Percentage expressed as a decimal INDUSTRY: Discharge Fraction

SEMANTIC: CLP13 is the discharge fraction.

This data element is specific to institutional claims and is required when considered in the adjudication process. This does not apply to other types of claims.

Use this number for the discharge fraction.

CLAIM ADJUSTMENT

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 99

Notes:

- 1. Payers must use this CAS segment to report claim level adjustments that cause the amount paid to differ from the amount originally charged. See 2.2.1, Balancing, and 2.2.4, Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segment Theory, for additional information.
- 2. See the SVC segment note #2 for details about per diem adjustments.
- 3. A single CAS segment contains six repetitions of the "adjustment trio" composed of adjustment reason code, adjustment amount, and adjustment quantity. These six adjustment trios are used to report up to six adjustments related to a particular Claim Adjustment Group Code (CAS01). The first adjustment is reported in the first adjustment trio (CAS02-CAS04). If there is a second non-zero adjustment, it is reported in the second adjustment trio (CAS05-CAS07), and so on through the sixth adjustment trio (CAS17-CAS19).

Example: CAS*PR*1*793~

STANDARD

CAS Claims Adjustment

Level: Detail

Position: 020

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 99

Purpose: To supply adjustment reason codes and amounts as needed for an entire claim

or for a particular service within the claim being paid

Set Notes: 1. The CAS segment is used to reflect changes to amounts within Table 2.

Syntax: 1. L050607

If CAS05 is present, then at least one of CAS06 or CAS07 are required.

2. C0605

If CAS06 is present, then CAS05 is required.

3. C0705

If CAS07 is present, then CAS05 is required.

4. L080910

If CAS08 is present, then at least one of CAS09 or CAS10 are required.

5. C0908

If CAS09 is present, then CAS08 is required.

6. C1008

If CAS10 is present, then CAS08 is required.

7. L111213

If CAS11 is present, then at least one of CAS12 or CAS13 are required.

8. C1211

If CAS12 is present, then CAS11 is required.

9. C1311

If CAS13 is present, then CAS11 is required.

10. L141516

If CAS14 is present, then at least one of CAS15 or CAS16 are required.

11. C1514

If CAS15 is present, then CAS14 is required.

12. C1614

If CAS16 is present, then CAS14 is required.

13. L171819

If CAS17 is present, then at least one of CAS18 or CAS19 are required.

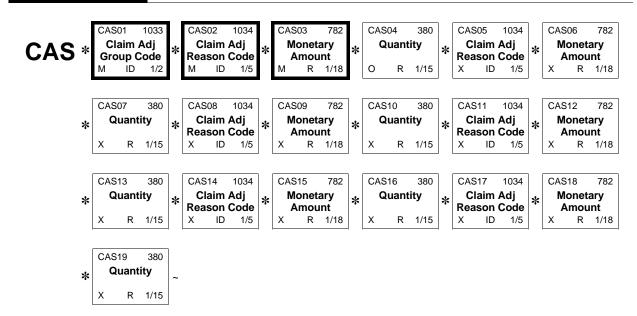
14. C1817

If CAS18 is present, then CAS17 is required.

15. C1917

If CAS19 is present, then CAS17 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	JTES	
REQUIRED	CAS01	CAS01 1033		ment Group Code the general category of payment adjustmer	M nt	ID	1/2	
			for their application PI, CR, OA. Segment Theorem	group codes in CAS01 based on the cability to a set of one or more adjuste 2.2.4, Claim Adjustment and Serviory, for additional information. (Note adjustments must be reported in th	stments: PR, CO, ice Adjustment e: This does not			
			CODE	DEFINITION				
			СО	Contractual Obligations Use this code when a joint payer/p	-			
				agreement or a regulatory requirer an adjustment.	nent	resuit	ea in	
			CR	Correction and Reversals				
				Use this code for corrections and representations and representations. Use when CLP02=2. Previous Payment.				
			OA Other adjustments					
			PI	Payor Initiated Reductions				
				Use this code when, in the opinion adjustment is not the responsibility but there is no supporting contract provider and the payer (i.e., medical professional review organization as	y of the betreal rev	he par ween t view o	tient, he r	
			PR	Patient Responsibility				
REQUIRED	CAS02	1034		nent Reason Code the detailed reason the adjustment was ma	M de	ID	1/5	
			INDUSTRY: Adjus	stment Reason Code				
			CODE SOURCE 139	: Claim Adjustment Reason Code				
REQUIRED	CAS03	782	Monetary Amount		М	R	1/18	
			INDUSTRY: Adjus	stment Amount				
				3 is the amount of adjustment.				
			COMMENT: When should be zero.	the submitted charges are paid in full, the vi	alue f	or CAS	03	
			amount increa	etary amount for the adjustment amo ases the payment, and a positive am contained in CLP04.				

SITUATIONAL	ITUATIONAL CAS04 380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity)	R	1/15	
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			SEMANTIC: CAS04 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			A positive value decreases the paid units of service number increases the paid units.	, ar	nd a ne	egative
			This element may be used only when the units of seadjusted.	ervi	ce are	being
SITUATIONAL	CAS05	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	X	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code			
			syntax: L050607, C0605, C0705			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	gro	up ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS06	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount			
			syntax: L050607, C0605			
			SEMANTIC: CAS06 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	gro	up ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS07	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	K	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			syntax: L050607, C0705			
			SEMANTIC: CAS07 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS08	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	X	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code			
			SYNTAX: L080910, C0908, C1008			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	gro	up ide	entified

SITUATIONAL	CAS09	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount			
			syntax: L080910, C0908			
			SEMANTIC: CAS09 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within thin CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS10	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			SYNTAX: L080910, C1008			
			SEMANTIC: CAS10 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within thin CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS11	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was ma	X de	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code			
			syntax: L111213, C1211, C1311			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within thin CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS12	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount			
			syntax: L111213, C1211			
			SEMANTIC: CAS12 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within thin CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS13	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			syntax: L111213, C1311			
			SEMANTIC: CAS13 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within thin CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified

SITUATIONAL	CAS14	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code X Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code		
			SYNTAX: L141516, C1514, C1614		
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the grin CAS01.	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS15	782	Monetary Amount X Monetary amount	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount		
			syntax: L141516, C1514		
			SEMANTIC: CAS15 is the amount of the adjustment.		
			See CAS03.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the grin CAS01.	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	ATIONAL CAS16 380	CAS16 380	Quantity X Numeric value of quantity	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity		
			syntax: L141516, C1614		
			SEMANTIC: CAS16 is the units of service being adjusted.		
			See CAS04.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the grin CAS01.	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS17	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code X Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code		
			SYNTAX: L171819, C1817, C1917		
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the grin CAS01.	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS18	782	Monetary Amount X Monetary amount	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount		
			syntax: L171819, C1817		
			SEMANTIC: CAS18 is the amount of the adjustment.		
			See CAS03.		
		Used when additional adjustments apply within the grin CAS01.	oup id	entified	

SITUATIONAL CAS19 380 Quantity X R 1/15

Numeric value of quantity

INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity

SYNTAX: L171819, C1917

SEMANTIC: CAS19 is the units of service being adjusted.

See CAS04.

Used when additional adjustments apply within the group identified

in CAS01.

PATIENT NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Provide the patient's identification number in NM109.

Example: NM1*QC*1*SHEPHARD*SAM*O***HN*66666666A~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail Position: 030

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

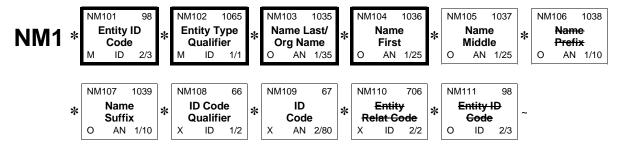
Syntax: 1. P0809

If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUTES		
REQUIRED	NM101	98	Entity Identi Code identifyin individual	fier Code ng an organizational entity, a physical location	M n, prop	ID perty or	2/3 an	
			CODE	DEFINITION				
			QC	Patient				

IMPLEMENTATION	JUIDE					PAHE	NI NAW		
REQUIRED NM102		1065	Entity Type Qualifier Code qualifying the type of entity SEMANTIC: NM102 qualifies NM103. CODE DEFINITION		M	ID	1/1		
			1	Person					
REQUIRED	REQUIRED NM103		Name Last o	r Organization Name name or organizational name	0	AN	1/35		
			INDUSTRY: Pati e	ent Last Name					
REQUIRED	NM104	1036	Name First Individual first r	name	0	AN	1/25		
			INDUSTRY: Patie	ent First Name					
SITUATIONAL NM105 1037		1037	Name Middle Individual middle name or initial		0	AN	1/25		
			INDUSTRY: Patie	ent Middle Name					
			If this data element is used and contains only one character, it is assumed to represent the middle initial.						
			The middle name or initial is required when the individual has a middle name or initial and it is known.						
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10		
SITUATIONAL NM107		1039	Name Suffix Suffix to individ	lual name	0	AN	1/10		
			INDUSTRY: Patient Name Suffix						
			ADVISORY: Unde	er most circumstances, this element	is not sent.				
			necessary fo	nould be reported whenever the or identification of the individu senior are covered under the s	al, for insta	nce wh	en a		
SITUATIONAL	NM108	NM108 66		n Code Qualifier ng the system/method of code struc	X ture used for	ID dentifica	1/2 ation		
			SYNTAX : P0809						
			ADVISORY: Unde	er most circumstances, this element	is expected to	be sent			
	Required if the patient identifier is known or was health care claim.						the		
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			34	Social Security Number					
			HN	Health Insurance Claim (HIGADVISED	C) Number				
			II	United States National Indi	vidual Ident	ifier			
				This code is not part of the Use this code if mandated it					
			MI	Member Identification Num	ber				

Medicaid Recipient Identification Number

MR

SITUATIONAL	NM109	67	Identification Code Code identifying a party or other code	X	AN	2/80		
			INDUSTRY: Patient Identifier					
			syntax: P0809					
			ADVISORY: Under most circumstances, this element is expected to be					
			Required if the patient identifier is known or health care claim.	was repo	rted or	the		
NOT USED	NM110	706	Entity Relationship Code	X	ID	2/2		
NOT USED	NM111	98	Entity Identifier Code	0	ID	2/3		

INSURED NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

 Use this NM1 segment to identify the insured or subscriber whenever the insured or subscriber is different from the patient. Any necessary identification number should be provided in NM109.

2. In the case of Medicare and Medicaid, the insured patient is always the subscriber and this segment should not be used.

Example: NM1*IL*1*SHEPARD*JESSICA***HN*999887777A~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail Position: 030 Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

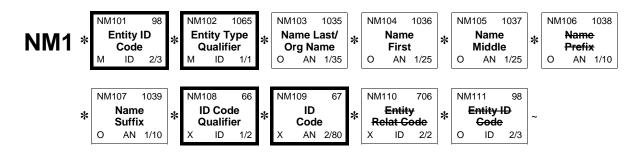
Syntax: 1. P0809

If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUTES		
REQUIRED	NM101	98	Entity Identifie	er Code an organizational entity, a physical location,	M prop	ID erty or ar	2/3	
			CODE	DEFINITION			_	
			IL	Insured or Subscriber				
REQUIRED	NM102	1065	Entity Type Qu Code qualifying t		M	ID	1/1	
			SEMANTIC: NM102	2 qualifies NM103.				
			CODE	DEFINITION				
			1	Person				
			2	Non-Person Entity				
SITUATIONAL	NM103	1035	Name Last or Individual last na	Organization Name me or organizational name	0	AN	1/35	
			INDUSTRY: Subsc	criber Last Name				
SITUATIONAL	NM104	1036	Name First Individual first na	me	0	AN	1/25	
			INDUSTRY: Subsc	criber First Name				
			Required whe	n the subscriber is a person (NM102	=1).			
SITUATIONAL	NM105	1037	Name Middle Individual middle	name or initial	0	AN	1/25	
			INDUSTRY: Subsc	criber Middle Name				
				ment is used and contains only one present the middle initial.	char	acter, it	is	
			The Middle name or initial is required when the indiv middle name or initial.					
			Required if the information is	e subscriber is a person (NM102=1) a known.	and t	he		
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10	
SITUATIONAL	NM107	1039	Name Suffix Suffix to individua	al name	0	AN	1/10	
			INDUSTRY: Subsc	criber Name Suffix				
			ADVISORY: Under I	most circumstances, this element is not sen	t.			
			The Suffix should be reported whenever this information is necessary for identification of the individual, for instance when a Junior and Senior are covered under the same subscriber.					
	Required if the subscriber is a person (NM102=1) and the information is known.							

REQUIRED	NM108	66		a Code Qualifier ng the system/method of code structure	X used for I	ID dentifica	1/2 ation
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			34	Social Security Number			
			HN	Health Insurance Claim (HIC) N	lumber		
			MI	Member Identification Number			
				Use this number for the payer's insured.	s ID num	nber fo	r the
REQUIRED	EQUIRED NM109 67		Identification Code identifying	Code g a party or other code	X	AN	2/80
			INDUSTRY: Subs	scriber Identifier			
			SYNTAX: P0809				
NOT USED	NM110	706	Entity Relation	onship Code	X	ID	2/2
NOT USED	NM111	98	Entity Identif	ier Code	0	ID	2/3

CORRECTED PATIENT/INSURED NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use this NM1 segment to provide corrected information about the

patient or insured. Because the patient is always the insured for Medicare and Medicaid, this segment always provides corrected patient information for Medicare and Medicaid. For other carriers, this

will always be the corrected insured information.

Example: NM1*74*1*SHEPARD*SAMUEL*O***C*6666666A~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail

Position: 030

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

Syntax: 1. P0809

If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM











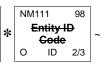












ELEMENT SUMMARY

REQUIRED

NM101

98

Entity Identifier Code
Code identifying an organizational entity, a physical location, property or an individual

CODE
DEFINITION

74

Corrected Insured

REQUIRED	NM102	1065	Entity Type (Code qualifying	Qualifier g the type of entity	М	ID	1/1
			SEMANTIC: NM1	02 qualifies NM103.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1	Person			
			2	Non-Person Entity			
SITUATIONAL	NM103	1035		r Organization Name name or organizational name	0	AN	1/35
			INDUSTRY: Cori	ected Patient or Insured Last Nan	ne		
			Required wh	en corrected information for the I	nsured i	s avail	able.
SITUATIONAL	NM104	1036	Name First Individual first r	name	0	AN	1/25
			INDUSTRY: Cori	ected Patient or Insured First Nar	ne		
			Required wh	en corrected information for the I	nsured i	s avail	able.
			This elemen	t may only be used when NM102 i	s 1 (pers	son).	
SITUATIONAL	NM105	1037	Name Middle Individual midd	e le name or initial	0	AN	1/25
			INDUSTRY: Cori	ected Patient or Insured Middle N	lame		
				lement is used and contains only represent the middle initial.	one cha	racter,	it is
			Required wh	en corrected information for the I	nsured i	s avail	able.
			This elemen	t may only be used when NM102 i	s 1 (pers	son).	
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10
SITUATIONAL	NM107	1039	Name Suffix Suffix to individ	ual name	0	AN	1/10
			INDUSTRY: Cori	ected Patient or Insured Name Su	ıffix		
			ADVISORY: Unde	r most circumstances, this element is no	ot sent.		
			Required wh	en corrected information for the I	nsured i	s avail	able.
			This elemen	t may only be used when NM102 i	s 1 (pers	son).	
SITUATIONAL	NM108	66		n Code Qualifier ng the system/method of code structure	X used for I	ID dentifica	1/2 ation
			SYNTAX: P0809				
			Required wh	en a value is reported in NM109.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			С	Insured's Changed Unique Ide	ntificatio	n Num	ber

SITUATIONAL	NM109	67	Identification Code Code identifying a party or other code	X	AN	2/80		
			INDUSTRY: Corrected Insured Identification Indicato	r				
			syntax: P0809					
			Required when corrected information for the Insured is available.					
NOT USED	NM110	706	Entity Relationship Code	Х	ID	2/2		
NOT USED	NM111	98	Entity Identifier Code	0	ID	2/3		

SERVICE PROVIDER NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes:

- 1. Use this NM1 segment to provide information about the rendering provider. Any reference number should be provided in NM109. This segment is required when the rendering provider is different from the Payee.
- 2. This information is provided to facilitate identification of the claim within a payee's system. Other providers related to the claim but not directly related to the payment are not supported and are not necessary for claim identification.

Example: NM1*82*2*****XX*12345678~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail **Position:** 030

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

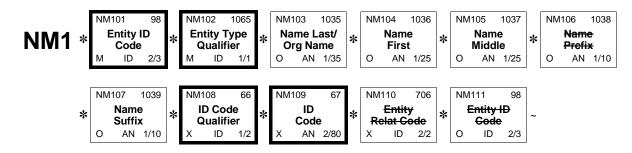
Syntax: 1. P0809

If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUTE	s
REQUIRED	NM101	98	Entity Identifi Code identifying individual	ier Code g an organizational entity, a physical location,	M prop	ID erty or ar	2/3
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			82	Rendering Provider			
REQUIRED	NM102	1065	Entity Type Q Code qualifying	Qualifier the type of entity	M	ID	1/1
			SEMANTIC: NM10	2 qualifies NM103.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1	Person			
			2	Non-Person Entity			
SITUATIONAL	NM103	1035		Organization Name ame or organizational name	0	AN	1/35
			INDUSTRY: Rend	lering Provider Last or Organization N	Vame	9	
			Required who	en needed to confirm the identifier in	NM1	09.	
SITUATIONAL	NM104	1036	Name First Individual first na	ame	0	AN	1/25
			INDUSTRY: Rend	lering Provider First Name			
			If NM102 is a	"2" this element is not used.			
			Used when N	M102=1 and the information is known	۱.		
SITUATIONAL	NM105	1037	Name Middle Individual middle	e name or initial	0	AN	1/25
			INDUSTRY: Rend	lering Provider Middle Name			
			If NM102 is a	"2" this element is not used.			
				ement is used and contains only one epresent the middle initial.	char	acter, it	is
			The Middle name	ame or initial is required when the inc or initial.	livid	ual has	а
			Used when N	M102=1 and the information is known	۱.		
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10
SITUATIONAL	NM107	1039	Name Suffix Suffix to individu	ual name	0	AN	1/10
			INDUSTRY: Rend	lering Provider Name Suffix			
			ADVISORY: Under	most circumstances, this element is not sen	t.		
			necessary for	ould be reported whenever this inform r identification of the individual, for in enior are covered under the same sub	star	ce whe	n a

REQUIRED	NM108	66		Code Qualifier g the system/method of code structure use	X d for le	ID dentifica	1/2 tion
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			BD	Blue Cross Provider Number			
			BS	Blue Shield Provider Number			
			FI	Federal Taxpayer's Identification I			
				For individual providers as payees to represent the Social Security N			umber
			МС	Medicaid Provider Number			
			PC	Provider Commercial Number			
			SL	State License Number			
			UP	Unique Physician Identification Nu	ımbe	r (UPIN	i)
			XX	Health Care Financing Administra Provider Identifier Required value if the National Pro mandated for use. Otherwise, one codes may be used. ADVISED	vider	ID is	
REQUIRED	NM109	67	Identification Code identifying	Code a party or other code	X	AN	2/80
			INDUSTRY: Rend	ering Provider Identifier			
			SYNTAX : P0809				
NOT USED	NM110	706	Entity Relatio	nship Code	X	ID	2/2
NOT USED	NM111	98	Entity Identific	er Code	0	ID	2/3

CROSSOVER CARRIER NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use this NM1 segment to provide information about the crossover

carrier. Provide any reference numbers in NM109. The crossover carrier is defined as any payer to which the claim is transferred for

further payment after being finalized by the current payer.

Example: NM1*TT*2*ACME INSURANCE****XV*123456789~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail

Position: 030

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

Syntax: 1. P0809

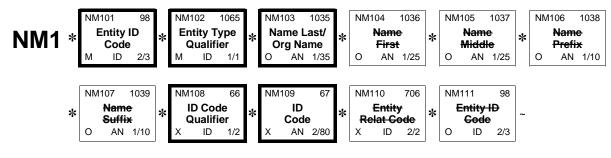
If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

DATA

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	DES.	ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	JTES
REQUIRED	NM101	98	Entity Identi Code identifyir individual	fier Code ng an organizational entity, a physical location,	M , prop	ID perty or	2/3 an
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			TT	Transfer To			

REQUIRED	NM102	1065	Entity Type C	Qualifier the type of entity	M	ID	1/1
			. , ,	02 qualifies NM103. DEFINITION			
			2	Non-Person Entity			
REQUIRED	NM103	1035	Name Last o	r Organization Name ame or organizational name	0	AN	1/35
			INDUSTRY: Coo l	dination of Benefits Carrier Nar	ne		
			Name of the	crossover carrier associated wi	th this cla	im.	
NOT USED	NM104	1036	Name First		0	AN	1/25
NOT USED	NM105	1037	Name Middle)	0	AN	1/25
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10
NOT USED	NM107	1039	Name Suffix		0	AN	1/10
REQUIRED NM108		66		Code Qualifier ng the system/method of code structur	X re used for	ID Identifica	1/2 ation
			SYNTAX: P0809				
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			AD	Blue Cross Blue Shield Asso	ciation Pl	an Cod	le
			FI	Federal Taxpayer's Identification	tion Numl	ber	
			NI	National Association of Insur (NAIC) Identification ADVISED	ance Con	nmissio	oners
			PI	Payor Identification			
			PP	Pharmacy Processor Number	•		
			XV	Health Care Financing Admin PlanID Required if the National Plant Otherwise, one of the other li used. ADVISED	ID is man	dated f	or use
				code source 540: Health Care Fina	ncing Admi	nistratio	n
REQUIRED	NIMAGO	07	Islam (1815) at	National PlanID	v		0/00
ILLOUNED	NM109	67	Identification Code identifying	a Code g a party or other code	Х	AN	2/80
			INDUSTRY: Cool	dination of Benefits Carrier Ide	ntifier		
			SYNTAX : P0809				
NOT USED	NM110	706	Entity Relation	onship Code	X	ID	2/2
NOT USED	NM111	98	Entity Identif		0	ID	2/3

CORRECTED PRIORITY PAYER NAME

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 2

Notes: 1. This segment is required when the current payer believes that another

payer has priority for making a payment. Provide any reference

numbers in NM109. Use of this segment identifies the priority payer. It

is not necessary to use the Crossover Carrier NM1 segment in

addition to this segment.

Example: NM1*PR*2*ACME INSURANCE****XV*123456789~

STANDARD

NM1 Individual or Organizational Name

Level: Detail

Position: 030

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To supply the full name of an individual or organizational entity

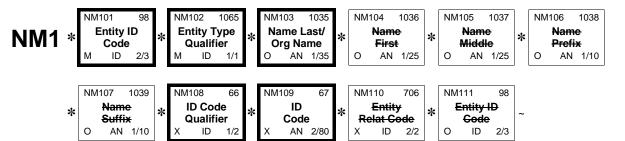
Syntax: 1. P0809

If either NM108 or NM109 is present, then the other is required.

2. C1110

If NM111 is present, then NM110 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	NM101	98	Entity Identification Code identifyin individual	fier Code g an organizational entity, a physical location	M , prop	ID perty or a	2/3 an
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			PR	Payer			

IMPLEMENTATION	GOIDE				ED PRIORI		
REQUIRED	NM102	1065	Entity Type Code qualifying	ualifier the type of entity	М	ID	1/1
			SEMANTIC: NM10	2 qualifies NM103.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			2	Non-Person Entity			
REQUIRED	NM103	1035		Organization Name ame or organizational name	0	AN	1/35
			INDUSTRY: Corre	ected Priority Payer Name			
NOT USED	NM104	1036	Name First		0	AN	1/25
NOT USED	NM105	1037	Name Middle		0	AN	1/25
NOT USED	NM106	1038	Name Prefix		0	AN	1/10
NOT USED	NM107	1039	Name Suffix		0	AN	1/10
REQUIRED	NM108	66	Code designatir Code (67)	Code Qualifier g the system/method of code structu	X re used for I	ID dentifica	1/2 ation
			SYNTAX: P0809				
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			AD	Blue Cross Blue Shield Asso	ciation Pla	an Coc	le
			FI	Federal Taxpayer's Identifica	tion Numb	oer	
			NI	National Association of Insur (NAIC) Identification ADVISED	rance Com	nmissi	oners
			PI	Payor Identification			
			PP	Pharmacy Processor Number	r		
			xv	Health Care Financing Admir PlanID Required if the National Plan Otherwise, one of the other li used. ADVISED	ID is mand	dated f	or use
				code source 540: Health Care Fina	ancing Admi	nistratio	n
					ancing Admi	nistratio	n
REQUIRED	NM109	67	Identification Code identifying	code source 540 : Health Care Fina National PlanID	ancing Admi	nistratio	
REQUIRED	NM109	67	Code identifying	code source 540 : Health Care Fina National PlanID Code	х	AN	
REQUIRED	NM109	67	Code identifying	code source 540: Health Care Fina National PlanID Code a party or other code	х	AN	
REQUIRED NOT USED	NM109 NM110	67 706	Code identifying	code source 540: Health Care Fina National PlanID Code a party or other code acted Priority Payer Identification	х	AN	2/80 2/2

117 **MAY 2000**

INPATIENT ADJUDICATION INFORMATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. This segment should be generated by Medicare intermediaries.

2. Either MIA or MOA will appear, but not both.

- 3. This segment should not be used for covered days or lifetime reserve days. Use the Supplemental Claim Information Quantities Segment in the Claim Payment Loop.
- 4. All situational quantities and amounts in this segment are required when the value of the item is different than zero.
- 5. Payers and Payees outside of Medicare community may need to use this segment.

Example: MIA*0***138018.4~

STANDARD

MIA Medicare Inpatient Adjudication

Level: Detail Position: 033

Loop: 2100

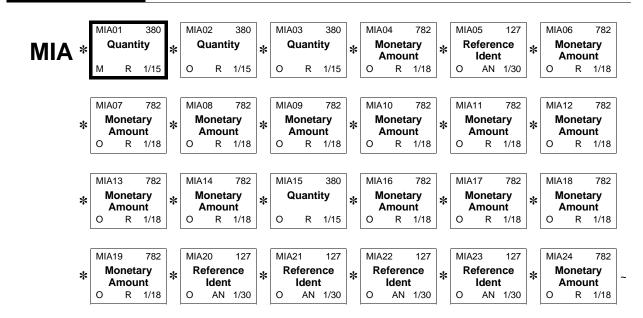
Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To provide claim-level data related to the adjudication of Medicare inpatient

claims

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	res			
REQUIRED	MIA01	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	M	R	1/15			
			INDUSTRY: Covered Days or Visits Count						
			SEMANTIC: MIA01 is the covered days.						
			Implementers of this guideline always transmit the See the QTY segment at the claim level for covere count.						
SITUATIONAL	MIA02	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15			
			INDUSTRY: PPS Operating Outlier Amount						
			SEMANTIC: MIA02 is the lifetime reserve days.						
			Use this to report PPS Operating Outlier.						
			Additional payment for excessive cost incurred by provider.						
SITUATIONAL	MIA03	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15			
			INDUSTRY: Lifetime Psychiatric Days Count						
			SEMANTIC: MIA03 is the lifetime psychiatric days.						
			Use this number for the lifetime psychiatric days.						

SITUATIONAL	MIA04	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim DRG Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA04 is the Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) an	nount.		
			Use this monetary amount for the DRG amount.			
SITUATIONAL	MIA05	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transact by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ion Set	AN or as s	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MIA05 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Co	de Sou	ırce 411	
			Used when a Remittance Remark Code applies t	o this	claim	
SITUATIONAL	MIA06	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim Disproportionate Share Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA06 is the disproportionate share amount.			
			Use this monetary amount for the disproportion	ate sh	are an	nount.
SITUATIONAL	MIA07	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim MSP Pass-through Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA07 is the Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP)	pass-th	nrough	amount.
			Use this monetary amount for the MSP pass thro	ough a	amoun	t.
SITUATIONAL	MIA08	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim PPS Capital Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA08 is the total Prospective Payment System	(PPS)	capital	amount.
			Use this monetary amount for the total PPS capi	tal an	ount.	
SITUATIONAL	MIA09	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Capital FSP DRG Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA09 is the Prospective Payment System (PPS specific portion, Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) amount.	S) capita	al, fede	ral
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS capital, for portion DRG amount.	ederal	-speci	fic
SITUATIONAL	MIA10	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Capital HSP DRG Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA10 is the Prospective Payment System (PPS specific portion, Diagnosis Related Group (DRG), amount.		al, hosp	ital
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS capital, h portion DRG amount.	ospita	al-spec	ific

SITUATIONAL	MIA11	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Capital DSH DRG Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA11 is the Prospective Payment System (PPS disaproportionate share, hospital Diagnosis Related Group			nt.
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS capital, di share, hospital DRG amount.	sprop	ortion	ate
SITUATIONAL	MIA12	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Old Capital Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA12 is the old capital amount.			
			Use this monetary amount for the old capital amount	ount.		
SITUATIONAL	MIA13	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Capital IME amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA13 is the Prospective Payment System (PPS medical education claim amount.) capita	al indire	ect
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS capital inceducation claim amount.	direct	medic	al
SITUATIONAL	MIA14	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Operating Hospital Specific DRG AI	nount	!	
			SEMANTIC: MIA14 is hospital specifc Diagnosis Related Gro	up (DR	G) Amo	ount.
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS (operating DRG amount.	g)/hos	pital-s	specific
SITUATIONAL	MIA15	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	0	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Cost Report Day Count			
			SEMANTIC: MIA15 is the cost report days.			
			Use this number for the cost report days.			
SITUATIONAL	MIA16	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Operating Federal Specific DRG Am	ount		
			SEMANTIC: MIA16 is the federal specific Diagnosis Related 0	Group ((DRG) a	amount.
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS (operating DRG amount.	g)/fede	eral-sp	ecific
SITUATIONAL	MIA17	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim PPS Capital Outlier Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA17 is the Prospective Payment System (PPS amount.) Capit	al Outli	er
			Use this monetary amount for the PPS capital ou amount excludes the operating outlier amount, we the AMT segment.			

SITUATIONAL					_	
SHUATIONAL	MIA18	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim Indirect Teaching Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA18 is the indirect teaching amount.			
			Use this monetary amount for the indirect teach	ing an	nount.	
SITUATIONAL	MIA19	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			ındustry: Nonpayable Professional Component A	mount	•	
			SEMANTIC: MIA19 is the professional component amount b	lled but	not pay	/able.
			Use this monetary amount for the professional obilled but not payable.	ompo	nent a	mount
SITUATIONAL	MIA20	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transact by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ion Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MIA20 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Co	de Sou	ırce 411	
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply	to this	s claim	١.
SITUATIONAL	MIA21	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transact by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ion Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MIA21 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Co	de Sou	rce 411	
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply	to this	s claim	١.
SITUATIONAL	MIA22	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transact by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ion Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MIA22 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Co	de Sou	rce 411	
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply	to this	s claim	١.
SITUATIONAL	MIA23	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transact by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ion Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MIA23 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Co	de Sou	ırce 411	
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply	to this	s claim).
SITUATIONAL	MIA24	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: PPS-Capital Exception Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MIA24 is the capital exception amount.			

OUTPATIENT ADJUDICATION INFORMATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. This segment should be generated by Medicare carriers or

Intermediaries.

2. Either MIA or MOA will appear, but not both.

3. All situational quantities and amounts in this segment are required when the value of the item is different than zero.

4. Payers and payees outside of Medicare community may need to use this segment.

Example: MOA***MA01~

STANDARD

MOA Medicare Outpatient Adjudication

Level: Detail

Position: 035

Loop: 2100

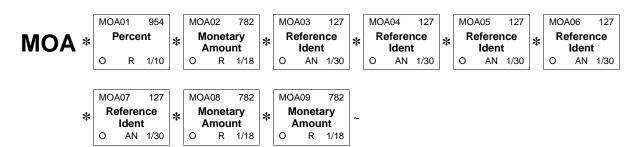
Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To convey claim-level data related to the adjudication of Medicare claims not

related to an inpatient setting

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBL	JTES
SITUATIONAL	MOA01	954	Percent Percentage expressed as a decimal	0	R	1/10
			INDUSTRY: Reimbursement Rate			
			SEMANTIC: MOA01 is the reimbursement rate.			
			Use this number for the reimbursement rate.			
			This does not apply to claims processed by Medic	are	Carrie	rs.
SITUATIONAL	MOA02	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Claim HCPCS Payable Amount			
			SEMANTIC: MOA02 is the claim Health Care Financing Admin Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) payable amount.	istrati	ion Com	nmon
			Use this monetary amount for the HCPCS payable	am	ount.	
			This does not apply to claims processed by Medic	are	Carrie	rs.
SITUATIONAL	MOA03	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MOA03 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Cod	le Sc	urce 41	1.
			Used when a Remittance Remark Code applies to	this	claim.	
SITUATIONAL	MOA04	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MOA04 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Cod	de So	urce 41	1.
			See MOA03.			
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply to	thi:	s claim).
SITUATIONAL	MOA05	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 pecified
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code			
			SEMANTIC: MOA05 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Cod	le Sc	urce 41	1.
			See MOA03.			
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply to	thi:	s claim) .

SITUATIONAL	MOA06	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier INDUSTRY: Remark Code						
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code						
			SEMANTIC: MOA06 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Cod	le Sou	ırce 411				
			See MOA03.						
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply to	this	claim.				
SITUATIONAL	MOA07	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transactior by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 ecified			
			INDUSTRY: Remark Code						
			SEMANTIC: MOA07 is the Remittance Remark Code. See Cod	le Sou	ırce 411				
			See MOA03.						
			Used when additional remittance remarks apply to	this	claim.	•			
SITUATIONAL	MOA08	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Claim ESRD Payment Amount						
			SEMANTIC: MOA08 is the End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) p	ayme	nt amou	unt.			
			Use this monetary amount for the ESRD payment	amo	unt.				
			This does not apply to claims processed by Medicare Carriers.						
SITUATIONAL	MOA09	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	0	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Nonpayable Professional Component Amo	ount					
			SEMANTIC: MOA09 is the professional component amount bill	ed bu	t not pay	yable.			
			Use this monetary amount for the professional component amount billed but not payable.						
			This does not apply to claims processed by Medic	are (Carrier	s.			

OTHER CLAIM RELATED IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 5

Notes: 1. Use this REF segment for reference numbers specific to the claim

identified in the CLP segment. This is used to provide additional

information used in the process of adjudicating this claim.

Example: REF*EA*666123~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Detail Position: 040

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

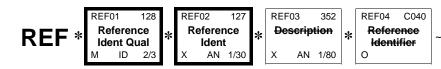
Max Use: 99

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ΓES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier Code qualifying the Reference Identification		M	ID	2/3
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1L	Group or Policy Number			
			1W	Member Identification Number			
			9A	Repriced Claim Reference Number	•		
			9C	Adjusted Repriced Claim Reference	e Nu	mber	
			A6	Employee Identification Number			

126 MAY 2000

Authorization Number

Class of Contract Code

BB

CE

			EA	Medical Record Identification Num	ber		
			F8	Original Reference Number			
			G1	Prior Authorization Number			
			G3	Predetermination of Benefits Identification Numb			
			IG	Insurance Policy Number			
			SY	Social Security Number			
REQUIRED	REF02	127		entification nation as defined for a particular Transactio e Identification Qualifier	X n Set	AN or as sp	1/30 ecified
			INDUSTRY: Other	Claim Related Identifier			
			SYNTAX : R0203				
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE	IDENTIFIER	0		

RENDERING PROVIDER IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 10

Notes: 1. This REF segment should be used to provide reference numbers that

are not already identified in NM1 segments within the CLP loop. The NM1 segment should always contain the primary reference number. This segment should only be used when additional reference numbers

were submitted on the original claim.

Example: REF*1C*12345678~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Detail

Position: 040

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

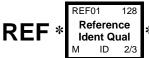
Max Use: 99

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM





1C

1D

1G





Medicare Provider Number

Medicaid Provider Number

Provider UPIN Number

ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Ide Code qualifying t	M	ID	2/3	
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1A	Blue Cross Provider Number			
			1B	Blue Shield Provider Number			

			1H	CHAMPUS Identification Number			
			D3	National Association of Boards of	Phar	macy	Number
				CODE SOURCE 307: National Association of Boards Number		ds of Ph	armacy
			G2	Provider Commercial Number			
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Identification X AN 1. Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specify the Reference Identification Qualifier				
			INDUSTRY: Rend	ering Provider Secondary Identifier			
			SYNTAX: R0203				
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE	IDENTIFIER	0		

CLAIM DATE

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 4

Notes:

- Dates must be provided at the claim level (2-050-DTM), the service line level (2-080-DTM), or both. Dates at the claim level apply to the entire claim, including all service lines. Dates at the service line level apply only to the service line where they appear.
- 2. When claim dates are not provided, service dates are required for every service line.
- 3. When claim dates are provided, service dates are not required, but they may be used to "override" the claim dates for individual service lines.

Example: DTM*233*19960916~

STANDARD

DTM Date/Time Reference

Level: Detail Position: 050

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To specify pertinent dates and times

Syntax: 1. R020305

At least one of DTM02, DTM03 or DTM05 is required.

2. C0403

If DTM04 is present, then DTM03 is required.

3. P0506

If either DTM05 or DTM06 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM













ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	DTM01	374	Date/Time Qua	alifier type of date or time, or both date and time	M	ID	3/3
			INDUSTRY: Date	Time Qualifier			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			036	Expiration			
				Use this code to convey the expira coverage.	tion	date of	
			050	Received			
				Use this code to convey the date the received by the payer.	nat tl	ne clain	n was
			232	Claim Statement Period Start			
				t date is conveyed ment period end be the same as the should be			
				considered required when service leve not provided in the remittance advice.			
			233	Claim Statement Period End			
				If a claim statement period end dat without a claim statement period statement date is assumed to be different date but not conveyed at the payer the note on code 232.	od end date is conveyed nt period start date, then the be different from the end		en the end
REQUIRED	DTM02	373	Date Date expressed a	as CCYYMMDD	X	DT	8/8
			INDUSTRY: Claim	Date			
			SYNTAX: R020305	5			
NOT USED	DTM03	337	Time		X	TM	4/8
NOT USED	DTM04	623	Time Code		0	ID	2/2
NOT USED	DTM05	1250	Date Time Per	iod Format Qualifier	X	ID	2/3
NOT USED	DTM06	1251	Date Time Per	iod	X	AN	1/35

CLAIM CONTACT INFORMATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 3

Notes: 1. This segment should only be used when there is a claim specific

communications contact instruction.

2. When the communication number represents a telephone number in the United States and other countries using the North American Dialing Plan (for voice, data, fax, etc.), the communication number should always include the area code and phone number using the format AAABBBCCCC. Where AAA is the area code, BBB is the telephone number prefix, and CCCC is the telephone number (e.g. (534)224-2525 would be represented as 5342242525). The extension, when applicable, should be included in the communication number immediately after the telephone number.

3. By definition of the standard, if PER03 is used, PER04 is required.

Example: PER*CX**TE*8005551212~

STANDARD

PER Administrative Communications Contact

Level: Detail

Position: 060

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 3

Purpose: To identify a person or office to whom administrative communications should be

directed

1. P0304 Syntax:

If either PER03 or PER04 is present, then the other is required.

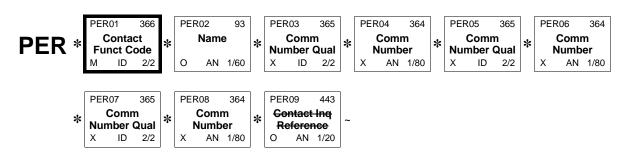
2. P0506

If either PER05 or PER06 is present, then the other is required.

3. P0708

If either PER07 or PER08 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	ITES		
REQUIRED	PER01	366	, ,	the major duty or responsibility of the person	M on or g	I D group na	2/2 amed		
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			СХ	Payers Claim Office					
SITUATIONAL	PER02	93	Name Free-form name		0	AN	1/60		
			INDUSTRY: Claim	Contact Name					
			not already de	element when the name of the indivi fined or is different than the name v t (e.g. N1 or NM1).					
SITUATIONAL	PER03	365		on Number Qualifier the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2		
			SYNTAX: P0304						
			Required if a c	contact communications number is	to be	trans	mitted.		
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			EM	Electronic Mail					
			FX	Facsimile					
			TE	Telephone					
SITUATIONAL	PER04	364	Communication Complete communication Complete communication	on Number unications number including country or area	X a code	AN e when	1/80		
			INDUSTRY: Claim	Contact Communications Number					
			SYNTAX: P0304						
			Required if a contact communications number is to be transmitted.						

SITUATIONAL	PER05	365		ion Number Qualifier g the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2
			SYNTAX: P0506				
			Required if a	contact communications number is	s to be	e transr	nitted.
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EM	Electronic Mail			
			EX	Telephone Extension			
				When used, the value following t extension for the preceding com contact number.			ie
			FX	Facsimile			
			TE	Telephone			
SITUATIONAL	PER06	364	Communicat Complete commapplicable	ion Number nunications number including country or ar	X ea cod	AN e when	1/80
			INDUSTRY: Clain	m Contact Communications Number	r		
			SYNTAX : P0506				
			Required if a	contact communications number is	s to be	e transr	nitted.
SITUATIONAL	PER07	365	Code identifying	ion Number Qualifier g the type of communication number	X	ID	2/2
			SYNTAX: P0708				
				e only to provide the extension for took to the contact number.	ine pro	evious	
			Required to d	convey a second communications of	ontac	t numb	er.
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			EX	Telephone Extension			
SITUATIONAL	PER08	364	Communicat Complete commapplicable	ion Number nunications number including country or ar	X ea cod	AN e when	1/80
			INDUSTRY: Com	munication Number Extension			
			SYNTAX : P0708				
				e only to provide the extension for took ions contact number.	the pro	evious	
			Required to d	convey a second communications of	ontac	t numb	er.
NOT USED	PER09	443	Contact Inqu	iry Reference	0	AN	1/20
				•	-		

CLAIM SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 14

Notes: 1. Use this segment to convey information only. It is not part of the

financial balancing of the 835.

2. Use this segment only when the value of specific amounts identified

in the AMT01 qualifier are Non-zero.

Example: AMT*T*49~

STANDARD

AMT Monetary Amount

Level: Detail

Position: 062

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 20

Purpose: To indicate the total monetary amount

DIAGRAM







ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME				ATTRIBU	TES	
REQUIRED	AMT01	522	Amount Qualifier Code Code to qualify amount		M	ID	1/3		
			CODE	DEFINITION					

CODE	DEFINITION
AU	Coverage Amount Use this monetary amount to report the total covered charges.
D8	Discount Amount Prompt Pay Discount Amount
DY	Per Day Limit
F5	Patient Amount Paid Use this monetary amount for the amount the patient has already paid.

		I	Interest							
			NL	Negative Ledger Balance Used only by Medicare Part A and	Medi	care Pa	art B.			
			Т	Тах						
			T2	Total Claim Before Taxes						
			ZK	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pays Category 1	ment	Manda	te -			
			ZL	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pays Category 2	ment	Manda	te -			
		ZM	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 3							
			ZN	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 4						
			ZO	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 5						
			ZZ	Mutually Defined NOT ADVISED						
				Use this number for the operations outlier amount. (Used exclusively A.)						
REQUIRED	AMT02	782	Monetary Amo		M	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Claim	Supplemental Information Amount						
NOT USED	AMT03	478	Credit/Debit F	lag Code	0	ID	1/1			

CLAIM SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION QUANTITY

Loop: 2100 — CLAIM PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 15

Notes: 1. Use this segment to convey information only. It is not part of the

financial balancing of the 835.

2. Use this segment only when the value of specific quantities identified

in the QTY01 qualifier are Non-zero.

Example: QTY*ZK*3~

STANDARD

QTY Quantity

Level: Detail

Position: 064

Loop: 2100

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 20

Purpose: To specify quantity information

Syntax: 1. R0204

At least one of QTY02 or QTY04 is required.

2. E0204

Only one of QTY02 or QTY04 may be present.

DIAGRAM







ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	QTY01	673	Quantity Qual Code specifying	M	ID	2/2	
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			CA	Covered - Actual			
			CD	Co-insured - Actual			
			LA	Life-time Reserve - Actual			
			LE	Life-time Reserve - Estimated			

QTY02

QTY03

QTY04

REQUIRED

NOT USED

NOT USED

	NA	Number of Non-covered Days							
	NE	Non-Covered - Estimated							
	NR	Not Replaced Blood Units							
	OU	Outlier Days							
	PS	Prescription							
	VS	Visits							
	ZK	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pa Category 1	ıymen	t Mand	ate -				
	ZL	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pa Category 2	ıymen	t Mand	ate -				
	ZM	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pa Category 3	iymen	t Mand	ate -				
	ZN	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pa Category 4	ıymen	t Mand	ate -				
	ZO	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pa Category 5	iymen	t Mand	ate -				
380	Quantity Numeric value	of quantity	X	R	1/15				
		m Supplemental Information Quant	ity						
		syntax: R0204, E0204							
C001	COMPOSITE	COMPOSITE UNIT OF MEASURE O							
61	Free-Form N	Free-Form Message							

SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION Repeat: 999

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Advisory: Under most circumstances, this segment is expected to be sent.

Notes:

- Although the SVC loop is optional, there are times when it should be considered mandatory. Whenever the actual payment has been reduced due to service line specific adjustments, the SVC loop is necessary in order to understand the remittance information. This situation is particularly applicable to professional and fee-based services.
- 2. An exception to note 1 occurs with institutional claims when the room per diem is the only service line adjustment. In this instance, a claim level CAS adjustment to the per diem is appropriate (i.e., CAS*CO*78*25~).
- 3. See 2.2.6, Procedure Code Bundling and Unbundling, for important SVC segment usage information.

Example: SVC*HC:99214*100*80~

STANDARD

SVC Service Information

Level: Detail Position: 070

Loop: 2110 Repeat: 999

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To supply payment and control information to a provider for a particular service

DIAGRAM



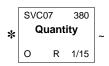












ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUTES	
REQUIRED	SVC01		COMPOSITE MEDICAL PROCEDURE M IDENTIFIER To identify a medical procedure by its standardized codes and applicable modifiers				
			Use the adjudicated Medical Procedure Code.				
			This c	ode is a	composite data structure.		
REQUIRED	EQUIRED SVC01 - 1		235	Code id Product	ct/Service ID Qualifier lentifying the type/source of the descriptive lentifying ID (234) Y: Product or Service ID Qualifier	M ID 2/2 number used in	
					alue in SVC01-01 qualifies the values -03, SVC01-04, SVC01-05, and SVC0		
			С	ODE	DEFINITION		
			AD		American Dental Association Code	es	
					CODE SOURCE 135: American Dental Assoc	iation Codes	
			ER		Jurisdiction Specific Procedure an	d Supply Codes	
					This is specific to Workman's Com	pensation Claims.	
			НС		Health Care Financing Administrat Procedural Coding System (HCPC)		
					Because the CPT codes of the Ame Association are also level 1 HCPCS reported under the code HC.		
					CODE SOURCE 130: Health Care Financing A	Administration	
			ID		International Classification of Dise Modification (ICD-9-CM) - Procedur		
					CODE SOURCE 131: International Classificat Clinical Mod (ICD-9-CM) Procedure	ion of Diseases	
			IV		Home Infusion EDI Coalition (HIEC Code) Product/Service	
					CODE SOURCE 513: Home Infusion EDI Coa Product/Service Code List	lition (HIEC)	
			N1		National Drug Code in 4-4-2 Forma	t	
					CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by	Format	
			N2		National Drug Code in 5-3-2 Forma		
					CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by		
			N3		National Drug Code in 5-4-1 Forma		
			NIA		CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by		
			N4		National Drug Code in 5-4-2 Forma CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by		
			ND			i oillat	
			ND		National Drug Code (NDC) code source 134: National Drug Code		
					CODE SOURCE 134. INGUIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDIDID		

	NU	National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) UB92 Codes					
		CODE SOURCE 132: National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Codes					
	RB	National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) UB82 Codes					
		CODE SOURCE 132: National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Codes					
	ZZ	Mutually Defined					
		This is used to convey the Health Insurance Prospective Payment System (HIPPS) Skilled Nursing Facility Rate Code. This code list is available from: Division of Institutional Care Health Care Financing Administration S1-03-06 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21244-1850					
REQUIRED SVC01 - 2	234	Product/Service ID M AN 1/48 Identifying number for a product or service					
		INDUSTRY: Procedure Code					
SITUATIONAL SVC01 - 3	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners					
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.					
SITUATIONAL SVC01 - 4	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners					
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.					
SITUATIONAL SVC01 - 5 1:	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners					
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.					
SITUATIONAL SVC01 - 6		Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners					
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.					
SITUATIONAL SVC01 - 7	352	Description O AN 1/80 A free-form description to clarify the related data elements and their content					
		INDUSTRY: Procedure Code Description					
		ADVISORY: Under most circumstances, this component is not sent					
		Avoid using the description to make it easier for the computer to process the information provided.					

Used only when a description was received for the service on the original claim, and the adjudicated code is the submitted code.

REQUIRED SVC02 782 1/18 **Monetary Amount** М R

Monetary amount

INDUSTRY: Line Item Charge Amount

SEMANTIC: SVC02 is the submitted service charge.

Use this monetary amount for the submitted service charge amount.

REQUIRED SVC03 782 **Monetary Amount** R 1/18

Monetary amount

INDUSTRY: Line Item Provider Payment Amount

SEMANTIC: SVC03 is the amount paid this service.

Use this number for the service amount paid. The value in SVC03 should equal the value in SVC02 minus all monetary amounts in the subsequent CAS segments of this loop. See 2.2.1, Balancing, for

additional information.

SITUATIONAL SVC04 234 **Product/Service ID** ΑN 1/48

Identifying number for a product or service

INDUSTRY: National Uniform Billing Committee Revenue Code

SEMANTIC: SVC04 is the National Uniform Billing Committee Revenue Code.

Use the National Uniform Billing Committee Revenue Code.

Required when an NUBC revenue code was considered during adjudication in addition to a procedure code already identified in SVC01. If the original claim and adjudication only referenced an NUBC revenue code, that is supplied in SVC01 and this element is

not used.

SITUATIONAL SVC05 380 0 R 1/15 Quantity

Numeric value of quantity

INDUSTRY: Units of Service Paid Count

SEMANTIC: SVC05 is the paid units of service.

Use this number for the paid units of service. If not present, the

value is assumed to be one.

SITUATIONAL SVC06 C003 **COMPOSITE MEDICAL PROCEDURE** 0

IDENTIFIER

To identify a medical procedure by its standardized codes and applicable

modifiers

This is REQUIRED when the adjudicated procedure code provided in SVC01 is different from the submitted procedure code from the original claim. This is NOT USED when the submitted code is the

same as the code on SVC01.

This code is a composite data structure.

М

REQUIRED SVC06 - 1

235 Product/Service ID Qualifier

ID 2/2

Code identifying the type/source of the descriptive number used in Product/Service ID (234)

INDUSTRY: Product or Service ID Qualifier

The value in SVC06-01 qualifies the values in SVC06-02, SVC06-03, SVC06-04, SVC06-05, and SVC06-06.

	222	
_	CODE	DEFINITION
AD		American Dental Association Codes
		CODE SOURCE 135: American Dental Association Codes
ER		Jurisdiction Specific Procedure and Supply Codes
		This is specific to Workman's Compensation Claims.
НС		Health Care Financing Administration Common Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) Codes
		Because the CPT codes of the American Medical Association are also level 1 HCPCS codes, they are reported under the code HC.
		CODE SOURCE 130: Health Care Financing Administration Common Procedural Coding System
ID		International Classification of Diseases Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) - Procedure
		CODE SOURCE 131: International Classification of Diseases Clinical Mod (ICD-9-CM) Procedure
IV		Home Infusion EDI Coalition (HIEC) Product/Service Code
		CODE SOURCE 513: Home Infusion EDI Coalition (HIEC) Product/Service Code List
N1		National Drug Code in 4-4-2 Format
		CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by Format
N2		National Drug Code in 5-3-2 Format
		CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by Format
N3		National Drug Code in 5-4-1 Format
		CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by Format
N4		National Drug Code in 5-4-2 Format
		CODE SOURCE 240: National Drug Code by Format
ND		National Drug Code (NDC)
		CODE SOURCE 134: National Drug Code
NU		National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) UB92 Codes
		CODE SOURCE 132: National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Codes
RB		National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) UB82 Codes
		CODE SOURCE 132: National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Codes

		ZZ	Mutually Defined This is used to convey the Health Insurance Prospective Payment System (HIPPS) Skilled Nursing Facility Rate Code. This code list is available from: Division of Institutional Care Health Care Financing Administration S1-03-06 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21244-1850
REQUIRED	SVC06 - 2	234	Product/Service ID Identifying number for a product or service M AN 1/48
			INDUSTRY: Procedure Code
SITUATIONAL	SITUATIONAL SVC06 - 3 1	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners
			Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.
SITUATIONAL	SITUATIONAL SVC06 - 4	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.	
SITUATIONAL	SVC06 - 5	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners
		Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.	
SITUATIONAL	TUATIONAL SVC06 - 6 13	1339	Procedure Modifier O AN 2/2 This identifies special circumstances related to the performance of the service, as defined by trading partners
			Required when procedure code modifiers apply to this service.
SITUATIONAL	SVC06 - 7	352	Description O AN 1/80 A free-form description to clarify the related data elements and their content
			INDUSTRY: Procedure Code Description
			ADVISORY: Under most circumstances, this component is not sent
			Avoid using the description to make it easier for the computer to process the information provided.
			Required when a description was received for the service on the original claim.

SITUATIONAL SVC07 380 Quantity O R 1/15

Numeric value of quantity

INDUSTRY: Original Units of Service Count

SEMANTIC: SVC07 is the original submitted units of service.

This is REQUIRED when the paid units of service provided in SVC05 is different from the submitted units of service from the original claim. This is NOT USED when the submitted units is the same as the value in SVC05.

SERVICE DATE

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 3

Notes:

- Dates must be provided at the claim level (2-050-DTM), the service line level (2-080-DTM), or both. Dates at the claim level apply to the entire claim, including all service lines. Dates at the service line level apply only to the service line where they appear.
- 2. When claim dates are not provided, service dates are required for every service line.
- When claim dates are provided, service dates are not required, but they may be used to "override" the claim dates for individual service lines.
- 4. For Medicare service, this segment is required (for Part A, use "through date" if no service date is present).

Example: DTM*472*19961031~

STANDARD

DTM Date/Time Reference

Level: Detail Position: 080

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 9

Purpose: To specify pertinent dates and times

Set Notes: 1. The DTM segment in the SVC loop is to be used to express dates and date

ranges specifically related to the service identified in the SVC segment.

ranges specifically related to the service identified in the 5vC segment

Syntax: 1. R020305

At least one of DTM02, DTM03 or DTM05 is required.

2. C0403

If DTM04 is present, then DTM03 is required.

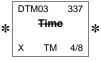
3. P0506

If either DTM05 or DTM06 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM













ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	DTM01	374	Date/Time Qua	alifier type of date or time, or both date and time	M	ID	3/3
			INDUSTRY: Date	Time Qualifier			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			150	Service Period Start			
				Use this code only for reporting the multi-day services.	e beg	ginning	of
			151	Service Period End			
				Use this code only for reporting the services.	e end	d of mu	lti-day
			472	Service			
				ADVISED			
				Use this code to indicate a single of	lay s	ervice.	
REQUIRED	DTM02	373	Date Date expressed	as CCYYMMDD	X	DT	8/8
			INDUSTRY: Service	ce Date			
			SYNTAX: R020305	5			
NOT USED	DTM03	337	Time		X	TM	4/8
NOT USED	DTM04	623	Time Code		0	ID	2/2
NOT USED	DTM05	1250	Date Time Per	iod Format Qualifier	X	ID	2/3
NOT USED	DTM06	1251	Date Time Per	riod	X	AN	1/35

SERVICE ADJUSTMENT

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 99

Notes:

- 1. This CAS segment is optional and is intended to reflect reductions in payment due to adjustments particular to a specific service in the claim. An example of this level of CAS is the reduction for the part of the service charge that exceeds the usual and customary charge for the service. See 2.2.1, Balancing, and 2.2.4, Claim Adjustment and Service Adjustment Segment Theory, for additional information.
- 2. A single CAS segment contains six repetitions of the "adjustment trio" composed of adjustment reason code, adjustment amount, and adjustment quantity. These six adjustment trios are used to report up to six adjustments related to a particular Claim Adjustment Group Code (CAS01). The first adjustment is reported in the first adjustment trio (CAS02-CAS04). If there is a second non-zero adjustment, it is reported in the second adjustment trio (CAS05-CAS07), and so on through the sixth adjustment trio (CAS17-CAS19).

Example: CAS*CO*A2*20~

STANDARD

CAS Claims Adjustment

Level: Detail Position: 090

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 99

Purpose: To supply adjustment reason codes and amounts as needed for an entire claim

or for a particular service within the claim being paid

Set Notes: 1. The CAS segment is used to reflect changes to amounts within Table 2.

Syntax: 1. L050607

If CAS05 is present, then at least one of CAS06 or CAS07 are required.

2. C0605

If CAS06 is present, then CAS05 is required.

3. C0705

If CAS07 is present, then CAS05 is required.

4. L080910

If CAS08 is present, then at least one of CAS09 or CAS10 are required.

5. C0908

If CAS09 is present, then CAS08 is required.

6. C1008

If CAS10 is present, then CAS08 is required.

7. L111213

If CAS11 is present, then at least one of CAS12 or CAS13 are required.

8. C1211

If CAS12 is present, then CAS11 is required.

9. C1311

If CAS13 is present, then CAS11 is required.

10. L141516

If CAS14 is present, then at least one of CAS15 or CAS16 are required.

11. C1514

If CAS15 is present, then CAS14 is required.

12. C1614

If CAS16 is present, then CAS14 is required.

13. L171819

If CAS17 is present, then at least one of CAS18 or CAS19 are required.

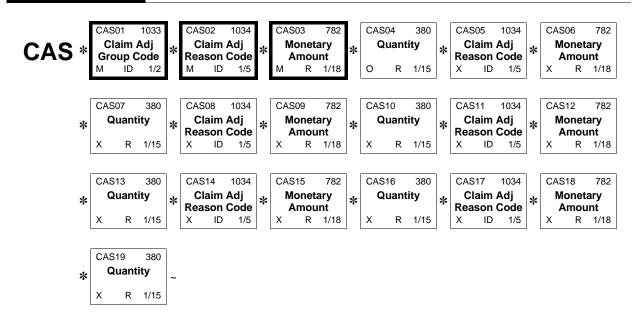
14. C1817

If CAS18 is present, then CAS17 is required.

15. C1917

If CAS19 is present, then CAS17 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBL	JTES		
REQUIRED	CAS01	1033		ment Group Code g the general category of payment adjustme	M nt	ID	1/2		
			for their appli PI, CR, OA. S Segment The	group codes in CAS01 based on the icability to a set of one or more adjuste 2.2.4, Claim Adjustment and Servery, for additional information. (Note adjustments must be reported in the	stmei ice A e: Thi	nts: Pl djustr s does	R, CO, nent		
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			СО	Contractual Obligations					
				Use this code when a joint payer/p or a regulatory requirement has re adjustment.					
			CR	Correction and Reversals					
				Use this code for corrections and reversals to PRIOR claims. Use when CLP02=22.					
			OA	A Other adjustments					
			PI	Payor Initiated Reductions					
				Use this code when, in the opinior adjustment is not the responsibilit but no supporting contract exists provider and the payer.	y of t	he pa	tient,		
			PR	Patient Responsibility					
REQUIRED	CAS02	1034		ment Reason Code g the detailed reason the adjustment was ma	M ade	ID	1/5		
			INDUSTRY: Adju s	stment Reason Code					
			CODE SOURCE 139	9: Claim Adjustment Reason Code					
REQUIRED	CAS03	782	Monetary Am Monetary amou		M	R	1/18		
			-	stment Amount					
				3 is the amount of adjustment.					
			COMMENT: When the submitted charges are paid in full, the value for CAS03 should be zero.						
			amount incre	etary amount for the adjustment ameases the payment, and a positive amecontained in SVC03 and CLP04.					
SITUATIONAL	CAS04	380	Quantity Numeric value of	of quantity	0	R	1/15		
			INDUSTRY: Adjus	stment Quantity					
			SEMANTIC: CAS04 is the units of service being adjusted.						
			This element may be used only when the units of service are being adjusted. A positive number decreases paid units, and a negative value increases paid units.						

SITUATIONAL	CAS05	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code X Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code		
			syntax: L050607, C0605, C0705		
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code		
			See CAS02.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the g in CAS01.	roup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS06	782	Monetary Amount X Monetary amount	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount		
			syntax: L050607, C0605		
			SEMANTIC: CAS06 is the amount of the adjustment.		
			See CAS03.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the g in CAS01.	roup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS07	380	Quantity X Numeric value of quantity	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity		
			SYNTAX: L050607, C0705		
			SEMANTIC: CAS07 is the units of service being adjusted.		
			See CAS04.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the g in CAS01.	roup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS08	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code X Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code		
			SYNTAX: L080910, C0908, C1008		
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code		
			See CAS02.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the g in CAS01.	roup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS09	782	Monetary Amount X Monetary amount	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount		
			SYNTAX: L080910, C0908		
			SEMANTIC: CAS09 is the amount of the adjustment.		
			See CAS03.		
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the g in CAS01.	roup id	entified

SITUATIONAL	CAS10	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			SYNTAX: L080910, C1008			
			SEMANTIC: CAS10 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS11	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	X de	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code			
			SYNTAX: L111213, C1211, C1311			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			See CAS02.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS12	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
		INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount				
		SYNTAX: L111213, C1211				
			SEMANTIC: CAS12 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS13	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			syntax: L111213, C1311			
			SEMANTIC: CAS13 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS14	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was made	X de	ID	1/5
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code			
			syntax: L141516, C1514, C1614			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			See CAS02.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within the in CAS01.	e gro	oup ide	entified

SITUATIONAL	CAS15	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount			
			SYNTAX: L141516, C1514			
			SEMANTIC: CAS15 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within t in CAS01.	he gr	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS16	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			syntax: L141516, C1614			
			SEMANTIC: CAS16 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within t in CAS01.	he gr	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	TUATIONAL CAS17 1	1034	Claim Adjustment Reason Code Code identifying the detailed reason the adjustment was m	X ade	ID	1/5
		INDUSTRY: Adjustment Reason Code				
			SYNTAX: L171819, C1817, C1917			
			CODE SOURCE 139: Claim Adjustment Reason Code			
			See CAS02.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within t in CAS01.	he gr	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS18	782	Monetary Amount Monetary amount	X	R	1/18
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Amount			
			syntax: L171819, C1817			
			SEMANTIC: CAS18 is the amount of the adjustment.			
			See CAS03.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within t in CAS01.	he gr	oup id	entified
SITUATIONAL	CAS19	380	Quantity Numeric value of quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Adjustment Quantity			
			SYNTAX: L171819, C1917			
			SEMANTIC: CAS19 is the units of service being adjusted.			
			See CAS04.			
			Used when additional adjustments apply within t in CAS01.	he gr	oup id	entified

SERVICE IDENTIFICATION

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 7

Notes: 1. Use this REF segment for reference numbers specific to the service

identified by the SVC segment. This is used to provide additional

information used in the process of adjudicating this service.

Example: REF*RB*100~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Detail Position: 100

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

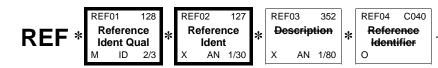
Max Use: 99

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBUTE	ES
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier	М	ID	2/3
			Code qualifying the Reference Identification			

CODE	DEFINITION
18	Ambulatory Patient Group (APG) Number
6R	Provider Control Number
	This is the Line Item Control Number submitted in the 837, which is utilized by the provider for tracking purposes, if submitted on the claim this must be returned on remittance advice.
ВВ	Authorization Number
E9	Attachment Code

			G1	Prior Authorization Number				
			G3	Predetermination of Benefits Iden	tifica	tion Nu	ımber	
			LU	Location Number				
			RB	Rate code number				
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Identification X AN Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as s by the Reference Identification Qualifier				1/30 specified	
			INDUSTRY: Provi	der Identifier				
			SYNTAX : R0203					
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80	
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE	IDENTIFIER	0			

RENDERING PROVIDER INFORMATION

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 10

Notes: 1. l

 Use this REF segment for reference numbers specific to the service identified by the SVC segment. The provider-related reference number at this level should be the rendering provider number, but only if the provider number is specific to this particular service line.

Example: REF*HPI*12345678~

STANDARD

REF Reference Identification

Level: Detail

Position: 100

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 99

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Syntax: 1. R0203

At least one of REF02 or REF03 is required.

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	ITES	
REQUIRED	REF01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier Code qualifying the Reference Identification	М	ID	2/3	

CODE	DEFINITION
1A	Blue Cross Provider Number
1B	Blue Shield Provider Number
1C	Medicare Provider Number
1D	Medicaid Provider Number
1G	Provider UPIN Number
1H	CHAMPUS Identification Number

			1J	Facility ID Number				
			HPI	Health Care Financing Administrate Provider Identifier	ion N	Nationa	al	
				CODE SOURCE 537: Health Care Financing Administration National Provider Identifier				
			SY	Social Security Number				
			TJ	Federal Taxpayer's Identification N	lumb	er		
REQUIRED	REF02	127	Reference Identification X AN Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as sp by the Reference Identification Qualifier					
			INDUSTRY: Rende	ering Provider Identifier				
			SYNTAX : R0203					
NOT USED	REF03	352	Description		X	AN	1/80	
NOT USED	REF04	C040	REFERENCE	IDENTIFIER	0			

SERVICE SUPPLEMENTAL AMOUNT

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 12

Notes: 1. This segment is used to convey information only. It is not part of the

financial balancing of the 835. Use this segment only when the value of specific amounts identified in the AMT01 qualifier are Non-zero.

Example: AMT*B6*425~

STANDARD

AMT Monetary Amount

Level: Detail Position: 110

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 20

Purpose: To indicate the total monetary amount

DIAGRAM







ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED AMT01 522		522		Amount Qualifier Code Code to qualify amount			1/3
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			B6	Allowed - Actual			
			DY	Per Day Limit NOT ADVISED Medicare uses this to report the pramount, where applicable.	ovid	er per	diem
			КН	Deduction Amount Late Filing Reduction			
			NE	Net Billed NOT ADVISED			
			Т	Tax			

			T2	Total Claim Before Taxes Use this monetary amount for the service charge before taxes.						
			ZK	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Paye Category 1	ment	Manda	te -			
		ZL	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 2							
			ZM	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 3						
			ZN	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payment Mandate - Category 4						
			ZO	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Paye Category 5	ment	Manda	te -			
REQUIRED	AMT02	782	Monetary Amo		M	R	1/18			
			INDUSTRY: Service	ce Supplemental Amount						
NOT USED	AMT03	478	Credit/Debit F	lag Code	0	ID	1/1			

SERVICE SUPPLEMENTAL QUANTITY

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 6

Notes: 1. Use this segment to convey information only. It is not part of the

financial balancing of the 835.

2. Use this segment only when the value of specific quantities identified

in the QTY01 qualifier are Non-zero.

Example: QTY*ZL*3.75~

STANDARD

QTY Quantity

Level: Detail

Position: 120

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 20

Purpose: To specify quantity information

1. R0204 Syntax:

At least one of QTY02 or QTY04 is required.

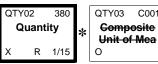
2. E0204

Only one of QTY02 or QTY04 may be present.

C001

DIAGRAM







ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	QTY01	673		Quantity Qualifier Code specifying the type of quantity			2/2
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			NE Non-Covered - Estimated Use this code for actual line item			overed	d visits.
			ZK Federal Medicare or Medicaid P Category 1		ment	Manda	ate -
			ZL	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Paye Category 2	ment	Manda	ate -

		ZM	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Pay Category 3	ment	Manda	ite -	
			ZN	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payn Category 4		Manda	ite -
			70	Fodovel Medicare or Medicaid Day		Manda	.4.
			ZO	Federal Medicare or Medicaid Payl Category 5	ment	wanda	ite -
REQUIRED	071/00					_	
REQUIRED	QTY02	380	Quantity Numeric value o	f quantity	X	R	1/15
			INDUSTRY: Servi	ce Supplemental Quantity Count			
			SYNTAX: R0204,	E0204			
NOT USED	QTY03	C001	COMPOSITE	UNIT OF MEASURE	0		
NOT USED	QTY04	61	Free-Form Me	essage	X	AN	1/30
				9-	- •		., 50

HEALTH CARE REMARK CODES

Loop: 2110 — SERVICE PAYMENT INFORMATION

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 99

Notes: 1. Use this segment to provide informational remarks only. This segment

has no impact on the actual payment. Changes in claim payment

amounts are provided in the CAS segments.

Example: LQ*HE*12345~

STANDARD

LQ Industry Code

Level: Detail Position: 130

Loop: 2110

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 99

Purpose: Code to transmit standard industry codes

Syntax: 1. C0102

If LQ01 is present, then LQ02 is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	LQ01	1270	Code List Qualifier Code Code identifying a specific industry code list			ID	1/3
			SYNTAX: C0102				
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			HE	Claim Payment Remark Codes			
				CODE SOURCE 411: Remittance Remark Co	odes		

RX **National Council for Prescription Drug Programs** Reject/Payment Codes CODE SOURCE 530: National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Reject/Payment Codes

REQUIRED Industry CodeCode indicating a code from a specific industry code list LQ02 1271 X AN 1/30

INDUSTRY: Remark Code

SYNTAX: C0102

PROVIDER ADJUSTMENT

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: >1

Notes:

1. Use the PLB segment to allow adjustments that are NOT specific to a particular claim or service to the amount of the actual payment. These adjustments can either decrease the payment (a positive number) or increase the payment (a negative number). Some examples of PLB adjustments are a loan repayment or a capitation payment. Multiple adjustments can be placed in one PLB segment, grouped by the provider identified in PLB01 and the period identified in PLB02. Although the PLB reference numbers are not standardized, refer to 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, and 2.2.9, Interest and Prompt Payment Discounts, as well as to the HCFA Medicare Part A and B instructions for code suggestions and usage quidelines.

Example: PLB*123456*19960930*CV:9876514*-1.27~

STANDARD

PLB Provider Level Adjustment

Level: Summary

Position: 010

Loop: ____

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: >1

Purpose: To convey provider level adjustment information for debit or credit transactions

such as, accelerated payments, cost report settlements for a fiscal year and

timeliness report penalties unrelated to a specific claim or service

Syntax: 1. P0506

If either PLB05 or PLB06 is present, then the other is required.

2. P0708

If either PLB07 or PLB08 is present, then the other is required.

3. P0910

If either PLB09 or PLB10 is present, then the other is required.

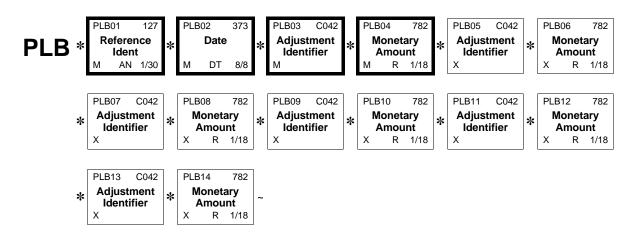
4. P1112

If either PLB11 or PLB12 is present, then the other is required.

5. P1314

If either PLB13 or PLB14 is present, then the other is required.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	TES			
REQUIRED	PLB01	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction by the Reference Identification Qualifier	M on Set	AN or as sp	1/30 ecified			
			INDUSTRY: Provider Identifier						
			SEMANTIC: PLB01 is the provider number assigned by the pa	yer.					
			Use this number for the provider identifier as ass	igne	d by the	e payer.			
REQUIRED	PLB02 373	373	Date Date expressed as CCYYMMDD	M	DT	8/8			
			INDUSTRY: Fiscal Period Date						
			SEMANTIC: PLB02 is the last day of the provider's fiscal year.						
			Use this date for the last day of the provider's fiscal year. If the end of the provider's fiscal year is not known by the payer, use December 31st of the current year.						
REQUIRED	PLB03	C042	ADJUSTMENT IDENTIFIER To provide the category and identifying reference information	M on for a	an adjus	tment			
			This code is a composite data structure. The composite reason and identifying information for the adjamount in PLB04.	•					
REQUIRED	PLB03 - 1		426 Adjustment Reason Code Code indicating reason for debit or credit memo or invoice, debit or credit memo, or payment	M adjus	ID stment to	2/2			
			CODE DEFINITION						
			50 Late Charge						
			Use this code for the Late Claim F Medicare Late Cost Report Penalty identifies the Medicare Late Cost I with a code value of LR.	/. PL	B03-2				

51 Interest Penalty Charge Use this code for the interest assessment for late filling. Medicare Part A provides code "IP" in PLB03-2.

72 Authorized Return

This monetary amount is the provider refund adjustment. This adjustment acknowledges a refund received from a provider for previous overpayment. PLB03-2 should always contain an identifying reference number when the value isused. PLB04 should contain a negative value. This adjustment should always be offset by some other PLB adjustment referring to the original refund request or reason. For balancing purposes, the amount related to this adjustment reason code must be directly offset. Medicare A will provide code "PR" in PLB03-2.

90 Early Payment Allowance

AM Applied to Borrower's Account

See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information. Use this monetary amount for the loan repayment amount.

AP Acceleration of Benefits

Use this code to reflect accelerated payment amounts or withholdings. Withholding or payment identification is indicated by the sign of the amount in PLB04. A positive value represents a withholding. A negative value represents a payment. Medicare Part A will provide code "AP" for accelerated payment amounts and code "AW" for accelerated payment withholdings in PLB03-2.

B2 Rebate

Use this code for the refund adjustment. Medicare Part A will provide code "RF" in PLB03-2.

B3 Recovery Allowance

This code is used by Medicare to represent the check received from the provider for overpayments generated by payments from other payers. This code differs from the provider refund adjustment identified with code 72. Part A or Part B trust fund for Medicare use is identified in PLB03-2. "RA" is used for Medicare A. "RB" is used for Medicare Part B. PLB04 should contain a NEGATIVE value. This adjustment should always be offset by some other PLB adjustment referring to the original refund request or reason. For balancing purposes, the amount related to this adjustment reason code must be directly offset.

BD	Bad Debt Adjustment Use this code for the bad debt passthrough. Medicare Part A will provide code "BD" in PLB03-2.
BN	Bonus See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information.
C5	Temporary Allowance This is the tentative adjustment. Medicare Part A will provide code "TS" in PLB03-2.
CR	Capitation Interest See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information.
CS	Adjustment Provide supporting identification information in PLB03-2. Medicare Part A will provide code "CA" for Manual Claim Adjustment, "AA" for Receivable Today. Medicare Part A and Part B will provide code "RI" for Reissued Check Amount in PLB03-2.
СТ	Capitation Payment See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information.
CV	Capital Passthru Medicare Part A will provide code "CP" in PLB03-2.
CW	Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist Passthru Medicare Part A will provide code "CR" in PLB03-2.
DM	Direct Medical Education Passthru Medicare Part A will provide code "DM" in PLB03-2.
E3	Withholding See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information. Medicare Part A will provide code "CW" in PLB03-2.
FB	Forwarding Balance Use this monetary amount for the balance forward. A negative value in PLB04 represents a balance moving forward to a future payment advice. A positive value represents a balance being applied from a previous payment advice. A reference number should be supplied in PLB03-2 for tracking purposes. Medicare Part A will provide code "BF" for negative values and "CO" for positive values in PLB03-2.

FC	Fund Allocation See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information. The specific fund should be identified in PLB03-2.
GO	Graduate Medical Education Passthru Medicare Part A will provide code "GM" in PLB03-2.
IP	Incentive Premium Payment See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information.
IR	Internal Revenue Service Withholding
IS	Interim Settlement Use this number for the interim rate lump sum adjustment. Medicare Part A will provide code "IR" in PLB03-2.
J1	Nonreimbursable Use this to offset claim or service level data that reflects what could be paid if not for demonstration program or other limitation that prevents issuance of payment.
L3	Penalty Use this number for the capitation-related penalty, penalty withholding, or penalty release adjustment. Withholding or release is identified by the sign in PLB04. See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information. Medicare Part A will provide code "PW" for Penalty Withhold, "RS" for Penalty Release, and "SW" for Settlement Withhold Amount in PLB03-2.
L6	Interest Owed Use this monetary amount for the interest paid on claims in this 835. Support the amounts related to this adjustment by 2-062 AMT amounts, where AMT01 is "I. "Medicare Part A will provide code "IN" in PLB03-2.
LE	Levy IRS Levy

LS	Lump Sum Use this for a disproportionate share adjustment, indirect medical education passthrough, non-physician passthrough, passthrough lump sum adjustment, or other passthrough amount. The specific type of lump sum adjustment must be identified in PLB03-2. Medicare Part A will provide code "DS" for Dispropiortinate Share Adjustment, "IM" for Indirect Medical Education Passthrough, "NP" for Non-physician Passthrough, "PS" for Passthrough Lump Sum, and "PO" for Other Passthrough in PLB03-2.
OA	Organ Acquisition Passthru Medicare Part A will provide code "KA" in PLB03-2.
ОВ	Offset for Affiliated Providers Part A or Part B trust fund identification for the source of the offset is in PLB03-2. Use "OA" for the Part A trust fund and "OB" for the Part B trust fund in PLB03-2.
PI	Periodic Interim Payment Use this monetary amount for the PIP lump sum, PIP payment, or adjustment after PIP. The sign of the amount in PLB04 determines whether this is a payment (negative) or adjustment (positive). Medicare Part A will provide code "PL" for PIP Lump Sum, "PP" for PIP Payment, and "PA" for Adjustment After PIP in PLB03-2.
PL	Payment Final Use this number for the final settlement. Medicare Part A will provide code "FS" in PLB03-2.
RA	Retro-activity Adjustment See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments and Adjustments, for additional information. Medicare Part A will provide code "TR" in PLB03-2.
RE	Return on Equity Medicare Part A will provide code "RE" in PLB03-2.
SL	Student Loan Repayment
TL	Third Party Liability See 2.2.10, Capitation and Related Payments or Adjustments, for additional information.
WO	Overpayment Recovery Use this for the recovery of previous overpayment. An identifying number should be provided in PLB03- 2. See the notes on codes 72 and B3 for additional information about balancing against a provider refund. Medicare Part A will provide code "OR" in PLB03-2.

		WU	Unspecified Recovery
		WO	Use this for the outside recovery adjustment.
			Medicare Part A will provide code "OS" in PLB03-2.
		ZZ	Mutually Defined
			NOT ADVISED
			Use this to report hemophilia clotting factor supplement amount until data maintenance
			approved by ASC X12.
SITUATIONAL	PLB03 - 2	Ref	ference Identification O AN 1/30 ference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as excified by the Reference Identification Qualifier
		IND	ustry: Provider Adjustment Identifier
		Me	edicare intermediaries must enter the applicable Medicare
			de (see Medicare A notes in PLB03-1) in positions 1-2, the nancial Control Number or other pertinent identifier in sitions 3-19, and the patient's Health Insurance Claim umber (HIC) in positions 20-30 when the adjustment is
			ated to a previously processed claim.
			n-Medicare payers report any internally assigned erence identifier for the related adjustment.
REQUIRED	PLB04 782	Monotony	Amount M R 1/18
	PLB04 762	Monetary A Monetary am	
		INDUSTRY: Pr	ovider Adjustment Amount
		SEMANTIC: PL	B04 is the adjustment amount.
			nonetary amount for the adjustment amount for the adjustment reason.
SITUATIONAL	PLB05 C042	ADJUSTM	ENT IDENTIFIER X
			ne category and identifying reference information for an adjustment
		See PLB03	3 for details.
		Used wher	n additional adjustments apply.
REQUIRED	PLB05 - 1	Cod	ijustment Reason Code M ID 2/2 de indicating reason for debit or credit memo or adjustment to pice, debit or credit memo, or payment
SITUATIONAL	PLB05 - 2	Ref	ference Identification O AN 1/30 ference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as excified by the Reference Identification Qualifier
		INDU	ustry: Provider Adjustment Identifier
SITUATIONAL	PLB06 782	Monetary and	
		INDUSTRY: Pr	ovider Adjustment Amount
		SYNTAX: P050	06
		SEMANTIC: PL	B06 is the adjustment amount.
		Use this m	nonetary amount for the adjustment amount for the
			adjustment reason.

SITUATIONAL	PLB07	C042		STMENT IDENTIFIER X vide the category and identifying reference information for an adjustment							
			See P	See PLB03 for details.							
			Used	Used when additional adjustments apply.							
REQUIRED	PLB07 - 1		426	Adjustment Reason Code M ID 2/2 Code indicating reason for debit or credit memo or adjustment to invoice, debit or credit memo, or payment							
SITUATIONAL	PLB07 - 2	!	127	Reference Identification O AN 1/30 Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier							
				INDUSTRY: Provider Adjustment Identifier							
SITUATIONAL	PLB08	782		tary Amount X R 1/18 ary amount							
			INDUSTR	xy: Provider Adjustment Amount							
			SYNTAX:	: P0708							
			SEMANT	nc: PLB08 is the adjustment amount.							
				nis monetary amount for the adjustment amount for the ding adjustment reason.							
SITUATIONAL	PLB09	C042		STMENT IDENTIFIER X vide the category and identifying reference information for an adjustment							
			See P	LB03 for details.							
			Used v	when additional adjustments apply.							
REQUIRED	PLB09 - 1		426	Adjustment Reason Code M ID 2/2 Code indicating reason for debit or credit memo or adjustment to invoice, debit or credit memo, or payment							
SITUATIONAL	PLB09 - 2	!	127	Reference Identification O AN 1/30 Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier							
				INDUSTRY: Provider Adjustment Identifier							
SITUATIONAL	PLB10	782		tary Amount X R 1/18 ary amount							
			INDUSTR	ry: Provider Adjustment Amount							
			SYNTAX:	: P0910							
			SEMANT	c: PLB10 is the adjustment amount.							
				nis monetary amount for the adjustment amount for the ding adjustment reason.							
SITUATIONAL	PLB11	C042		STMENT IDENTIFIER vide the category and identifying reference information for an adjustment							
			See P	LB03 for details.							
			Used	when additional adjustments apply.							
REQUIRED	PLB11 - 1		426	Adjustment Reason Code M ID 2/2 Code indicating reason for debit or credit memo or adjustment to invoice, debit or credit memo, or payment							

SITUATIONAL	PLB11 - 2	2	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular To specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ransa	AN ction Se	1/30 et or as			
				INDUSTRY: Provider Adjustment Identifier						
SITUATIONAL	PLB12	782		tary Amount ary amount	X	R	1/18			
			INDUSTI	RY: Provider Adjustment Amount						
			SYNTAX	: P1112						
			SEMANT	ric: PLB12 is the adjustment amount.						
			Use this monetary amount for the adjustment amount for the preceding adjustment reason.							
SITUATIONAL	PLB13	C042		STMENT IDENTIFIER vide the category and identifying reference informatio	X n for a	an adjus	stment			
			See P	LB03 for details.						
			Used	when additional adjustments apply.						
REQUIRED	PLB13 - 1	1	426	Adjustment Reason Code Code indicating reason for debit or credit memo or invoice, debit or credit memo, or payment	M adjus	ID stment to	2/2			
SITUATIONAL	PLB13 - 2	2	127	Reference Identification Reference information as defined for a particular To specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier	O ransa	AN ction Se	1/30 et or as			
				INDUSTRY: Provider Adjustment Identifier						
SITUATIONAL	PLB14	782		tary Amount ary amount	X	R	1/18			
			INDUST	RY: Provider Adjustment Amount						
			SYNTAX: P1314							
			SEMANTIC: PLB14 is the adjustment amount.							
				nis monetary amount for the adjustment amo ding adjustment reason.	ount	for the				

TRANSACTION SET TRAILER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: SE*45*1234~

STANDARD

SE Transaction Set Trailer

Level: Summary

Position: 020

Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the end of the transaction set and provide the count of the

transmitted segments (including the beginning (ST) and ending (SE) segments)

DIAGRAM





ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBL	ITES				
REQUIRED	SE01	96	Number of Included Segments Total number of segments included in a transaction set inclusegments	M Iding	N0 ST and	1/10 SE				
			INDUSTRY: Transaction Segment Count							
REQUIRED	SE02	329	Transaction Set Control Number Identifying control number that must be unique within the tra functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction		AN ion set	4/9				
			The Transaction Set Control Numbers in ST02 and identical. The originator assigns the Transaction S Number, which must be unique within a functional This unique number also aids in error resolution or	Set C I gro	ontrol up (G					

4 EDI Transmission Examples for Different Business Uses

4.1 Business Scenario 1

Dollars and data are being sent together through the banking system to pay Medicare Part A institutional claims.

This scenario depicts the use of the ANSI ASC X12 835 in a governmental institutional environment. The electronic transmission of funds request and the remittance detail are contained within this single 835. In this scenario, one or more Depository Financial Institutions is involved in transferring information from the sender to the receiver.

4.1.1 Assumptions

The following assumptions pertain to scenario one:

- The dollars move using the ACH network from the Bank of Payorea, ABA# 999999992, account number 123456 to the Bank of No Return, ABA# 999988880, checking account number 98765. The money moves on September 13, 1996.
- The Insurance Company of Timbucktu, Federal tax ID # 512345678 and Medicare Intermediary ID# 999, is paying Cybil Mental Hospital, National Provider Number 6543210903. This is for one inpatient and one outpatient claim.
- For the inpatient claim, the patient's name is Sam O. Shepard. The Health Insurance Claim Number is 666-66-6666A. The Claim Submitter's Identifier is 666123. The date of the hospitalization was August 16, 1996 to August 24, 1996. Total charges reported are \$211,366.97. Paid amount is \$138,018.40. There is no patient responsibility. Contractual adjustment is \$73,348.57. No service line detail is provided.
- For the outpatient claim, the patient's name is Liz E. Borden, Health Insurance Claim Number 996-66-9999B. The Claim Submitter's Identifier is 777777. The date of service is May 12, 1996. Total charges reported are \$15,000. Paid amount is \$11,980.33. Contractual adjustment is \$3,019.67. There is no service line information.
- There is a Capital Pass Through Amount (CV) payment to the provider for \$1.27.

4.1.2 Transmission

ST*835*1234~

BPR*C*150000*C*ACH*CTX*01*999999992*DA*123456 *1512345678**01*999988880*DA*98765*19960913~

TRN*1*12345*1512345678~

DTM*405*19960916~

N1*PR*INSURANCE COMPANY OF TIMBUCKTU~ N3*1 MAIN STREET~ N4*TIMBUCKTU*AK*89111~ REF*2U*999~ N1*PE*CYBIL MENTAL HOSPITAL*XX*6543210903~ LX*961211~ TS3*6543210903*11*19961231*1*211366.97*138018.4*** 138018.4**73348.57~ TS2*2178.45*1919.71**56.82*197.69*4.23~ CLP*666123*1*211366.97*138018.4**MA*1999999444444* 11*1~ CAS*CO*A2*73348.57~ NM1*QC*1*SHEPARD*SAM*O***HN*66666666A~ MIA*0***138018.4~ DTM*232*19960816~ DTM*233*19960824~ QTY*CA*8~ LX*961213~ TS3*6543210909*13*19961231*1*15000*15000** *11980.33**3019.67~ CLP*77777*1*15000*11980.33**MB*1999999444445*13* 1~ CAS*CO*A2*3019.67~ NM1*QC*1*BORDEN*LIZ*E***HN*996669999B~ MOA***MA02~ DTM*232*19960512~ PLB*6543210903*19961231*CV:CP*-1.27~

176 MAY 2000

SE*28*1234~

4.2 | Business Scenario 2

Dollars and data are sent separately. Scenario 2 depicts the use of the 835 in a managed care environment. The funds are moved separately from the remittance detail. In this scenario, the funds are sent by EFT to the provider's account, and the remittance data is transmitted directly to the provider.

4.2.1 Assumptions

The following assumptions pertain to scenario two:

- The dollars move from the Hudson River Bank, ABA# 888999777, account number 24681012 to the Amazon Bank, ABA# 111333555, checking account number 144444 using the ACH network. The money moves on March 16, 1996.
- The insurance company, Rushmore Life, Federal tax ID # 935665544, is paying ACME Medical Center, Federal tax ID # 777667755, a total of \$945.00. Rushmore Life and ACME Medical Center have an agreement that a certain portion of their payments will be withheld for future use as specified in their managed medical contract.
- The first patient's name is William Budd, patient number 5554555444 and member ID # 33344555510. Total reported charges are \$800.00. Amount paid is \$450.00. Patient responsibility is \$300.00. Contractual adjustment (for withhold amount) is \$50.00. The service code for the procedure performed is CPT code 99211. The service start date is March 1, 1996. The service end date is March 4, 1996.
- The second patient's name is Susan Settle, patient number 8765432112 and member ID # 44455666610. Total reported charges are \$1200.00. Amount paid is \$495.00. Patient responsibility is \$600.00. Contractual adjustment is \$50.00. Contractual adjustment (for withhold amount) was \$55.00. The procedure code for the service performed is CPT code 93555. The service start date is March 10, 1996. The service end date is March 12, 1996.

4.2.2 Transmission

```
ST*835*112233~
```

BPR*I*945*C*ACH*CCP*01*888999777*DA*24681012 *1935665544**01*111333555*DA*144444*19960316~

TRN*1*71700666555*1935665544~

DTM*405*19960314~

N1*PR*RUSHMORE LIFE~

N3*10 SOUTH AVENUE~

N4*RAPID CITY*SD*55111~

N1*PE*ACME MEDICAL CENTER*FI*777667755~

LX*1~

CLP*5554555444*1*800*450*300*12*94060555410000~

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CAS*CO*A2*50~

NM1*QC*1*BUDD*WILLIAM****MI*33344555510~

SVC*HC:99211*800*500~

DTM*150*19960301~

DTM*151*19960304~

CAS*PR*1*300~

CLP*8765432112*1*1200*495*600*12*9407779923000~

CAS*CO*A2*55~

NM1*QC*1*SETTLE*SUSAN****MI*44455666610~

SVC*HC:93555*1200*550~

DTM*150*19960310~

DTM*151*19960312~

CAS*PR*1*600~

CAS*CO*45*50~

SE*25*112233~

A | ASC X12 Nomenclature

A.1 Interchange and Application Control Structures

A.1.1 Interchange Control Structure

The transmission of data proceeds according to very strict format rules to ensure the integrity and maintain the efficiency of the interchange. Each business grouping of data is called a transaction set. For instance, a group of benefit enrollments sent from a sponsor to a payer is considered a transaction set.

Each transaction set contains groups of logically related data in units called segments. For instance, the N4 segment used in the transaction set conveys the city, state, ZIP Code, and other geographic information. A transaction set contains multiple segments, so the addresses of the different parties, for example, can be conveyed from one computer to the other. An analogy would be that the transaction set is like a freight train; the segments are like the train's cars; and each segment can contain several data elements the same as a train car can hold multiple crates.

The sequence of the elements within one segment is specified by the ASC X12 standard as well as the sequence of segments in the transaction set. In a more conventional computing environment, the segments would be equivalent to records, and the elements equivalent to fields.

Similar transaction sets, called "functional groups," can

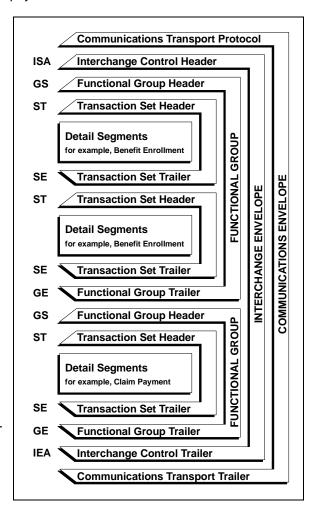


Figure A1. Transmission Control Schematic

be sent together within a transmission. Each functional group is prefaced by a group start segment; and a functional group is terminated by a group end segment. One or more functional groups are prefaced by an interchange header and followed by an interchange trailer. Figure A1, Transmission Control Schematic, illustrates this interchange control.

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The interchange header and trailer segments envelop one or more functional groups or interchange-related control segments and perform the following functions:

- 1. Define the data element separators and the data segment terminator.
- 2. Identify the sender and receiver.
- **3.** Provide control information for the interchange.
- **4.** Allow for authorization and security information.

A.1.2 Application Control Structure Definitions and Concepts

A.1.2.1 | Basic Structure

A data element corresponds to a data field in data processing terminology. The data element is the smallest named item in the ASC X12 standard. A data segment corresponds to a record in data processing terminology. The data segment begins with a segment ID and contains related data elements. A control segment has the same structure as a data segment; the distinction is in the use. The data segment is used primarily to convey user information, but the control segment is used primarily to convey control information and to group data segments.

A.1.2.2 Basic Character Set

The section that follows is designed to have representation in the common character code schemes of EBCDIC, ASCII, and CCITT International Alphabet 5. The ASC X12 standards are graphic-character-oriented; therefore, common character encoding schemes other than those specified herein may be used as long as a common mapping is available. Because the graphic characters have an implied mapping across character code schemes, those bit patterns are not provided here.

The basic character set of this standard, shown in figure A2, Basic Character Set, includes those selected from the uppercase letters, digits, space, and special characters as specified below.

AZ	09	!	"	&	,	()	*	+
,	-		1	:	;	?	=	" " (space)	

Figure A2. Basic Character Set

A.1.2.3 Extended Character Set

An extended character set may be used by negotiation between the two parties and includes the lowercase letters and other special characters as specified in figure A3, Extended Character Set.

az	%	ı	@	[]	I	~
}	١	_	٧	۸	#	\$	

Figure A3. Extended Character Set

Note that the extended characters include several character codes that have multiple graphical representations for a specific bit pattern. The complete list appears

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in other standards such as CCITT S.5. Use of the USA graphics for these codes presents no problem unless data is exchanged with an international partner. Other problems, such as the translation of item descriptions from English to French, arise when exchanging data with an international partner, but minimizing the use of codes with multiple graphics eliminates one of the more obvious problems

A.1.2.4 | Control Characters

Two control character groups are specified; they have only restricted usage. The common notation for these groups is also provided, together with the character coding in three common alphabets. In the matrix A1, Base Control Set, the column IA5 represents CCITT V.3 International Alphabet 5.

A.1.2.5 Base Control Set

The base control set includes those characters that will not have a disruptive effect on most communication protocols. These are represented by:

NOTATION	NAME	EBCDIC	ASCII	IA5
BEL	bell	2F	07	07
HT	horizontal tab	05	09	09
LF	line feed	25	0A	0A
VT	vertical tab	0B	0B	0B
FF	form feed	0C	0C	0C
CR	carriage return	0D	0D	0D
FS	file separator	1C	1C	1C
GS	group separator	1D	1D	1D
RS	record separator	1E	1E	1E
US	unit separator	1F	1F	1F
NL	new line	15	·	

Matrix A1. Base Control Set

The Group Separator (GS) may be an exception in this set because it is used in the 3780 communications protocol to indicate blank space compression.

A.1.2.6 | Extended Control Set

The extended control set includes those that may have an effect on a transmission system. These are shown in matrix A2, Extended Control Set.

NOTATION	NAME	EBCDIC	ASCII	<u>IA5</u>
SOH	start of header	01	01	01
STX	start of text	02	02	02
ETX	end of text	03	03	03
EOT	end of transmission	37	04	04
ENQ	enquiry	2D	05	05
ACK	acknowledge	2E	06	06
DC1	device control 1	11	11	11
DC2	device control 2	12	12	12
DC3	device control 3	13	13	13
DC4	device control 4	3C	14	14
NAK	negative acknowledge	3D	15	15
SYN	synchronous idle	32	16	16
ETB	end of block	26	17	17

Matrix A2. Extended Control Set

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A.1.2.7 Delimiters

A delimiter is a character used to separate two data elements (or subelements) or to terminate a segment. The delimiters are an integral part of the data.

Delimiters are specified in the interchange header segment, ISA. The ISA segment is a 105 byte fixed length record. The data element separator is byte number 4; the component element separator is byte number 105; and the segment terminator is the byte that immediately follows the component element separator.

Once specified in the interchange header, the delimiters are not to be used in a data element value elsewhere in the interchange. For consistency, this implementation guide uses the delimiters shown in matrix A3, Delimiters, in all examples of EDI transmissions.

CHARACTER	NAME	DELIMITER
*	Asterisk	Data Element Separator
:	Colon	Subelement Separator
~	Tilde	Segment Terminator

Matrix A3. Delimiters

The delimiters above are for illustration purposes only and are not specific recommendations or requirements. Users of this implementation guide should be aware that an application system may use some valid delimiter characters within the application data. Occurrences of delimiter characters in transmitted data within a data element can result in errors in translation programs. The existence of asterisks (*) within transmitted application data is a known issue that can affect translation software.

A.1.3 Business Transaction Structure Definitions and Concepts

The ASC X12 standards define commonly used business transactions (such as a health care claim) in a formal structure called "transaction sets." A transaction set is composed of a transaction set header control segment, one or more data segments, and a transaction set trailer control segment. Each segment is composed of the following:

- · A unique segment ID
- One or more logically related data elements each preceded by a data element separator
- A segment terminator

A.1.3.1 Data Element

The data element is the smallest named unit of information in the ASC X12 standard. Data elements are identified as either simple or component. A data element that occurs as an ordinally positioned member of a composite data structure is identified as a component data element. A data element that occurs in a segment outside the defined boundaries of a composite data structure is identified as a simple data element. The distinction between simple and component data elements is strictly a matter of context because a data element can be used in either capacity.

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Data elements are assigned a unique reference number. Each data element has a name, description, type, minimum length, and maximum length. For ID type data elements, this guide provides the applicable ASC X12 code values and their descriptions or references where the valid code list can be obtained.

Each data element is assigned a minimum and maximum length. The length of the data element value is the number of character positions used except as noted for numeric, decimal, and binary elements.

The data element types shown in matrix A4, Data Element Types, appear in this implementation guide.

SYMBOL	TYPE
Nn	Numeric
R	Decimal
ID	Identifier
AN	String
DT	Date
TM	Time
В	Binary

Matrix A4. Data Element Types

A.1.3.1.1 Numeric

A numeric data element is represented by one or more digits with an optional leading sign representing a value in the normal base of 10. The value of a numeric data element includes an implied decimal point. It is used when the position of the decimal point within the data is permanently fixed and is not to be transmitted with the data.

This set of guides denotes the number of implied decimal positions. The representation for this data element type is "Nn" where N indicates that it is numeric and n indicates the number of decimal positions to the right of the implied decimal point.

If n is 0, it need not appear in the specification; N is equivalent to N0. For negative values, the leading minus sign (-) is used. Absence of a sign indicates a positive value. The plus sign (+) should not be transmitted.

EXAMPLE

A transmitted value of 1234, when specified as numeric type N2, represents a value of 12.34.

Leading zeros should be suppressed unless necessary to satisfy a minimum length requirement. The length of a numeric type data element does not include the optional sign.

A.1.3.1.2 Decimal

A decimal data element may contain an explicit decimal point and is used for numeric values that have a varying number of decimal positions. This data element type is represented as "R."

The decimal point always appears in the character stream if the decimal point is at any place other than the right end. If the value is an integer (decimal point at the right end) the decimal point should be omitted. For negative values, the leading minus sign (-) is used. Absence of a sign indicates a positive value. The plus sign (+) should not be transmitted.

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Leading zeros should be suppressed unless necessary to satisfy a minimum length requirement. Trailing zeros following the decimal point should be suppressed unless necessary to indicate precision. The use of triad separators (for example, the commas in 1,000,000) is expressly prohibited. The length of a decimal type data element does not include the optional leading sign or decimal point.

FXAMPIF

A transmitted value of 12.34 represents a decimal value of 12.34.

A.1.3.1.3 Identifier

An identifier data element always contains a value from a predefined list of codes that is maintained by the ASC X12 Committee or some other body recognized by the Committee. Trailing spaces should be suppressed unless they are necessary to satisfy a minimum length. An identifier is always left justified. The representation for this data element type is "ID."

A.1.3.1.4 String

A string data element is a sequence of any characters from the basic or extended character sets. The significant characters shall be left justified. Leading spaces, when they occur, are presumed to be significant characters. Trailing spaces should be suppressed unless they are necessary to satisfy a minimum length. The representation for this data element type is "AN."

A.1.3.1.5 Date

A date data element is used to express the standard date in either YYMMDD or CCYYMMDD format in which CC is the first two digits of the calendar year, YY is the last two digits of the calendar year, MM is the month (01 to 12), and DD is the day in the month (01 to 31). The representation for this data element type is "DT." Users of this guide should note that all dates within transactions are 8-character dates (millennium compliant) in the format CCYYMMDD. The only date data element that is in format YYMMDD is the Interchange Date data element in the ISA segment, and also used in the TA1 Interchange Acknowledgment, where the century can be readily interpolated because of the nature of an interchange header.

A.1.3.1.6 | Time

A time data element is used to express the ISO standard time HHMMSSd..d format in which HH is the hour for a 24 hour clock (00 to 23), MM is the minute (00 to 59), SS is the second (00 to 59) and d..d is decimal seconds. The representation for this data element type is "TM." The length of the data element determines the format of the transmitted time.

EXAMPLE

Transmitted data elements of four characters denote HHMM. Transmitted data elements of six characters denote HHMMSS.

A.1.3.2 | Composite Data Structure

The composite data structure is an intermediate unit of information in a segment. Composite data structures are composed of one or more logically related simple data elements, each, except the last, followed by a sub-element separator. The final data element is followed by the next data element separator or the segment terminator. Each simple data element within a composite is called a component.

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Each composite data structure has a unique four-character identifier, a name, and a purpose. The identifier serves as a label for the composite. A composite data structure can be further defined through the use of syntax notes, semantic notes, and comments. Each component within the composite is further characterized by a reference designator and a condition designator. The reference designators and the condition designators are described below.

A.1.3.3 Data Segment

The data segment is an intermediate unit of information in a transaction set. In the data stream, a data segment consists of a segment identifier, one or more composite data structures or simple data elements each preceded by a data element separator and succeeded by a segment terminator.

Each data segment has a unique two- or three-character identifier, a name, and a purpose. The identifier serves as a label for the data segment. A segment can be further defined through the use of syntax notes, semantic notes, and comments. Each simple data element or composite data structure within the segment is further characterized by a reference designator and a condition designator.

A.1.3.4 | Syntax Notes

Syntax notes describe relational conditions among two or more data segment units within the same segment, or among two or more component data elements within the same composite data structure. For a complete description of the relational conditions, See A.1.3.8, Condition Designator.

A.1.3.5 | Semantic Notes

Simple data elements or composite data structures may be referenced by a semantic note within a particular segment. A semantic note provides important additional information regarding the intended meaning of a designated data element, particularly a generic type, in the context of its use within a specific data segment. Semantic notes may also define a relational condition among data elements in a segment based on the presence of a specific value (or one of a set of values) in one of the data elements.

A.1.3.6 Comments

A segment comment provides additional information regarding the intended use of the segment.

A.1.3.7 Reference Designator

Each simple data element or composite data structure in a segment is provided a structured code that indicates the segment in which it is used and the sequential position within the segment. The code is composed of the segment identifier followed by a two-digit number that defines the position of the simple data element or composite data structure in that segment.

For purposes of creating reference designators, the composite data structure is viewed as the hierarchical equal of the simple data element. Each component data element in a composite data structure is identified by a suffix appended to the reference designator for the composite data structure of which it is a member.

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This suffix is a two-digit number, prefixed with a hyphen, that defines the position of the component data element in the composite data structure.

EXAMPLE

- The first simple element of the CLP segment would be identified as CLP01.
- The first position in the SVC segment is occupied by a composite data structure that contains seven component data elements, the reference designator for the second component data element would be SVC01-02.

A.1.3.8 Condition Designator

DESIGNATOR

DESCRIPTION

This section provides information about X12 standard conditions designators. It is provided so that users will have information about the general standard. Implementation guides may impose other conditions designators. See implementation guide section 3.1 Presentation Examples for detailed information about the implementation guide Industry Usage requirements for compliant implementation.

Data element conditions are of three types: mandatory, optional, and relational. They define the circumstances under which a data element may be required to be present or not present in a particular segment.

	DESCRIPTION							
M- Mandatory	The designation of mandatory is absolute in the sense that there is no dependency on other data elements. This designation may apply to either simple data elements or composite data structures. If the designation applies to a composite data structure, then at least one value of a component data element in that composite data structure shall be included in the data segment. The designation of optional means that there is no requirement for a simple data element or composite data structure to be present in the segment. The presence of a value for a simple data element or the presence of value for any of the component data elements of a composite data structure is at the option of the sender.							
O- Optional								
X- Relational	the same data segme elements (presence i conditions are specifi	may exist among two or more simple data elements within the presence or absence of one of those data means a data element must not be empty). Relational field by a condition code (see table below) and the reference fected data elements. A data element may be subject to conal condition.						
	The definitions for each of the condition codes used within syntax notes are detailed below:							
	CONDITION CODE	DEFINITION						
	P- Paired or							
	Multiple	If any element specified in the relational condition is present, then all of the elements specified must be present.						
	R- Required	At least one of the elements specified in the condition must be present.						
	E- Exclusion	Not more than one of the elements specified in the condition may be present.						
		condition may be present.						

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Conditional

If the first element specified in the condition is present, then at least one of the remaining elements must be present. However, any or all of the elements not specified as the first element in the condition may appear without requiring that the first element be present. The order of the elements in the condition does not have to be the same as the order of the data elements in the data segment.

Table A5. Condition Designator

A.1.3.9 Absence of Data

Any simple data element that is indicated as mandatory must not be empty if the segment is used. At least one component data element of a composite data structure that is indicated as mandatory must not be empty if the segment is used. Optional simple data elements and/or composite data structures and their preceding data element separators that are not needed should be omitted if they occur at the end of a segment. If they do not occur at the end of the segment, the simple data element values and/or composite data structure values may be omitted. Their absence is indicated by the occurrence of their preceding data element separators, in order to maintain the element's or structure's position as defined in the data segment.

Likewise, when additional information is not necessary within a composite, the composite may be terminated by providing the appropriate data element separator or segment terminator.

A.1.3.10 | Control Segments

A control segment has the same structure as a data segment, but it is used for transferring control information rather than application information.

A.1.3.10.1 Loop Control Segments

Loop control segments are used only to delineate bounded loops. Delineation of the loop shall consist of the loop header (LS segment) and the loop trailer (LE segment). The loop header defines the start of a structure that must contain one or more iterations of a loop of data segments and provides the loop identifier for this loop. The loop trailer defines the end of the structure. The LS segment appears only before the first occurrence of the loop, and the LE segment appears only after the last occurrence of the loop. Unbounded looping structures do not use loop control segments.

A.1.3.10.2 Transaction Set Control Segments

The transaction set is delineated by the transaction set header (ST segment) and the transaction set trailer (SE segment). The transaction set header identifies the start and identifier of the transaction set. The transaction set trailer identifies the end of the transaction set and provides a count of the data segments, which includes the ST and SE segments.

A.1.3.10.3 Functional Group Control Segments

The functional group is delineated by the functional group header (GS segment) and the functional group trailer (GE segment). The functional group header starts and identifies one or more related transaction sets and provides a control number

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and application identification information. The functional group trailer defines the end of the functional group of related transaction sets and provides a count of contained transaction sets.

A.1.3.10.4 Relations among Control Segments

The control segment of this standard must have a nested relationship as is shown and annotated in this subsection. The letters preceding the control segment name are the segment identifier for that control segment. The indentation of segment identifiers shown below indicates the subordination among control segments.

- **GS** Functional Group Header, starts a group of related transaction sets.
 - **ST** Transaction Set Header, starts a transaction set.
 - **LS** Loop Header, starts a bounded loop of data segments but is not part of the loop.
 - LS Loop Header, starts an inner, nested, bounded loop.
 - **LE** Loop Trailer, ends an inner, nested bounded loop.
 - **LE** Loop Trailer, ends a bounded loop of data segments but is not part of the loop.
 - **SE** Transaction Set Trailer, ends a transaction set.
- **GE** Functional Group Trailer, ends a group of related transaction sets.

More than one ST/SE pair, each representing a transaction set, may be used within one functional group. Also more than one LS/LE pair, each representing a bounded loop, may be used within one transaction set.

A.1.3.11 Transaction Set

The transaction set is the smallest meaningful set of information exchanged between trading partners. The transaction set consists of a transaction set header segment, one or more data segments in a specified order, and a transaction set trailer segment. See figure A1, Transmission Control Schematic.

A.1.3.11.1 Transaction Set Header and Trailer

A transaction set identifier uniquely identifies a transaction set. This identifier is the first data element of the Transaction Set Header Segment (ST). A user assigned transaction set control number in the header must match the control number in the Trailer Segment (SE) for any given transaction set. The value for the number of included segments in the SE segment is the total number of segments in the transaction set, including the ST and SE segments.

A.1.3.11.2 Data Segment Groups

The data segments in a transaction set may be repeated as individual data segments or as unbounded or bounded loops.

A.1.3.11.3 Repeated Occurrences of Single Data Segments

When a single data segment is allowed to be repeated, it may have a specified maximum number of occurrences defined at each specified position within a given transaction set standard. Alternatively, a segment may be allowed to repeat

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an unlimited number of times. The notation for an unlimited number of repetitions is ">1."

A.1.3.11.4 Loops of Data Segments

Loops are groups of semantically related segments. Data segment loops may be unbounded or bounded.

A.1.3.11.4.1 Unbounded Loops

To establish the iteration of a loop, the first data segment in the loop must appear once and only once in each iteration. Loops may have a specified maximum number of repetitions. Alternatively, the loop may be specified as having an unlimited number of iterations. The notation for an unlimited number of repetitions is ">1."

A specified sequence of segments is in the loop. Loops themselves are optional or mandatory. The requirement designator of the beginning segment of a loop indicates whether at least one occurrence of the loop is required. Each appearance of the beginning segment defines an occurrence of the loop.

The requirement designator of any segment within the loop after the beginning segment applies to that segment for each occurrence of the loop. If there is a mandatory requirement designator for any data segment within the loop after the beginning segment, that data segment is mandatory for each occurrence of the loop. If the loop is optional, the mandatory segment only occurs if the loop occurs.

A.1.3.11.4.2 Bounded Loops

The characteristics of unbounded loops described previously also apply to bounded loops. In addition, bounded loops require a Loop Start Segment (LS) to appear before the first occurrence and a Loop End Segment (LE) to appear after the last occurrence of the loop. If the loop does not occur, the LS and LE segments are suppressed.

A.1.3.11.5 Data Segments in a Transaction Set

When data segments are combined to form a transaction set, three characteristics are applied to each data segment: a requirement designator, a position in the transaction set, and a maximum occurrence.

A.1.3.11.6 Data Segment Requirement Designators

A data segment, or loop, has one of the following requirement designators for health care and insurance transaction sets, indicating its appearance in the data stream of a transmission. These requirement designators are represented by a single character code.

DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION
M- Mandatory	This data segment must be included in the transaction set. (Note that a data segment may be mandatory in a loop of data segments, but the loop itself is optional if the beginning segment of the loop is designated as optional.)
O- Optional	The presence of this data segment is the option of the sending party.

A.1.3.11.7 Data Segment Position

The ordinal positions of the segments in a transaction set are explicitly specified for that transaction. Subject to the flexibility provided by the optional requirement designators of the segments, this positioning must be maintained.

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A.1.3.11.8 Data Segment Occurrence

A data segment may have a maximum occurrence of one, a finite number greater than one, or an unlimited number indicated by ">1."

A.1.3.12 | Functional Group

A functional group is a group of similar transaction sets that is bounded by a functional group header segment and a functional group trailer segment. The functional identifier defines the group of transactions that may be included within the functional group. The value for the functional group control number in the header and trailer control segments must be identical for any given group. The value for the number of included transaction sets is the total number of transaction sets in the group. See figure A1, Transmission Control Schematic.

A.1.4 | Envelopes and Control Structures

A.1.4.1 Interchange Control Structures

Typically, the term "interchange" connotes the ISA/IEA envelope that is transmitted between trading/business partners. Interchange control is achieved through several "control" components. The interchange control number is contained in data element ISA13 of the ISA segment. The identical control number must also occur in data element 02 of the IEA segment. Most commercial translation software products will verify that these two fields are identical. In most translation software products, if these fields are different the interchange will be "suspended" in error.

There are many other features of the ISA segment that are used for control measures. For instance, the ISA segment contains data elements such as authorization information, security information, sender identification, and receiver identification that can be used for control purposes. These data elements are agreed upon by the trading partners prior to transmission and are contained in the written trading partner agreement. The interchange date and time data elements as well as the interchange control number within the ISA segment are used for debugging purposes when there is a problem with the transmission or the interchange.

Data Element ISA12, Interchange Control Version Number, indicates the version of the ISA/IEA envelope. The ISA12 does not indicate the version of the transaction set that is being transmitted but rather the envelope that encapsulates the transaction. An Interchange Acknowledgment can be denoted through data element ISA14. The acknowledgment that would be sent in reply to a "yes" condition in data element ISA14 would be the TA1 segment. Data element ISA15, Test Indicator, is used between trading partners to indicate that the transmission is in a "test" or "production" mode. This becomes significant when the production phase of the project is to commence. Data element ISA16, Subelement Separator, is used by the translator for interpretation of composite data elements.

The ending component of the interchange or ISA/IEA envelope is the IEA segment. Data element IEA01 indicates the number of functional groups that are included within the interchange. In most commercial translation software products, an aggregate count of functional groups is kept while interpreting the interchange. This count is then verified with data element IEA01. If there is a discrep-

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ancy, in most commercial products, the interchange is suspended. The other data element in the IEA segment is IEA02 which is referenced above.

See the Appendix B, EDI Control Directory, for a complete detailing of the interchange control header and trailer.

A.1.4.2 Functional Groups

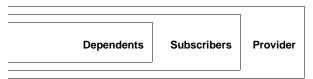
Control structures within the functional group envelope include the functional identifier code in GS01. The Functional Identifier Code is used by the commercial translation software during interpretation of the interchange to determine the different transaction sets that may be included within the functional group. If an inappropriate transaction set is contained within the functional group, most commercial translation software will suspend the functional group within the interchange. The Application Sender's Code in GS02 can be used to identify the sending unit of the transmission. The Application Receiver's Code in GS03 can be used to identify the receiving unit of the transmission. For health care, this unit identification can be used to differentiate between managed care, indemnity, and Medicare. The functional group contains a creation date (GS04) and creation time (GS05) for the functional group. The Group Control Number is contained in GS06. These data elements (GS04, GS05, AND GS06) can be used for debugaina purposes durina problem resolution, GS08. Version/Release/Industry Identifier Code is the version/release/sub-release of the transaction sets being transmitted in this functional group. Appendix B provides guidance for the value for this data element. The GS08 does not represent the version of the interchange (ISA/IEA) envelope but rather the version/release/sub-release of the transaction sets that are encompassed within the GS/GE envelope.

The Functional Group Control Number in GS06 must be identical to data element 02 of the GE segment. Data element GE01 indicates the number of transaction sets within the functional group. In most commercial translation software products, an aggregate count of the transaction sets is kept while interpreting the functional group. This count is then verified with data element GE01.

See the Appendix B, EDI Control Directory, for a complete detailing of the functional group header and trailer.

A.1.4.3 | HL Structures

The HL segment is used in several X12 transaction sets to identify levels of detail information using a hierarchical structure, such as relating dependents to a subscriber. Hierarchical levels may differ from guide to guide. The following diagram, from transaction set 837, illustrates a typical hierarchy.



Each provider can bill for one or more subscribers, each subscriber can have one or more dependents and the subscriber and the dependents can make one or more claims. Each guide states what levels are available, the level's requirement, a repeat value, and whether that level has subordinate levels within a transmission.

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A.1.5 | Acknowledgments

A.1.5.1 Interchange Acknowledgment, TA1

The Interchange or TA1 Acknowledgment is a means of replying to an interchange or transmission that has been sent. The TA1 verifies the envelopes only. Transaction set-specific verification is accomplished through use of the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set, 997. See A.1.5.2, Functional Acknowledgment, 997, for more details. The TA1 is a single segment and is unique in the sense that this single segment is transmitted without the GS/GE envelope structures. A TA1 can be included in an interchange with other functional groups and transactions.

Encompassed in the TA1 are the interchange control number, interchange date and time, interchange acknowledgment code, and the interchange note code. The interchange control number, interchange date and time are identical to those that were present in the transmitted interchange from the sending trading partner. This provides the capability to associate the TA1 with the transmitted interchange. TA104, Interchange Acknowledgment Code, indicates the status of the interchange control structure. This data element stipulates whether the transmitted interchange was accepted with no errors, accepted with errors, or rejected because of errors. TA105, Interchange Note Code, is a numerical code that indicates the error found while processing the interchange control structure. Values for this data element indicate whether the error occurred at the interchange or functional group envelope.

The TA1 segment provides the capability for the receiving trading partner to notify the sending trading partner of problems that were encountered in the interchange control structure.

Due to the uniqueness of the TA1, implementation should be predicated upon the ability for the sending and receiving trading partners commercial translators to accommodate the uniqueness of the TA1. Unless named as mandatory in the Federal Rules implementing HIPAA, use of the TA1, although urged by the authors, is not mandated.

See the Appendix B, EDI Control Directory, for a complete detailing of the TA1 segment.

A.1.5.2 Functional Acknowledgment, 997

The Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set, 997, has been designed to allow trading partners to establish a comprehensive control function as a part of their business exchange process. This acknowledgment process facilitates control of EDI. There is a one-to-one correspondence between a 997 and a functional group. Segments within the 997 can identify the acceptance or rejection of the functional group, transaction sets or segments. Data elements in error can also be identified. There are many EDI implementations that have incorporated the acknowledgment process in all of their electronic communications. Typically, the 997 is used as a functional acknowledgment to a previously transmitted functional group. Many commercially available translators can automatically generate this transaction set through internal parameter settings. Additionally translators will automatically reconcile received acknowledgments to functional groups that have been sent. The benefit to this process is that the sending trading partner

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can determine if the receiving trading partner has received ASC X12 transaction sets through reports that can be generated by the translation software to identify transmissions that have not been acknowledged.

As stated previously the 997 is a transaction set and thus is encapsulated within the interchange control structure (envelopes) for transmission.

As with any information flow, an acknowledgment process is essential. If an "automatic" acknowledgment process is desired between trading partners then it is recommended that the 997 be used. Unless named as mandatory in the Federal Rules implementing HIPAA, use of the 997, although urged by the authors, is not mandated.

See Appendix B, EDI Control Directory, for a complete detailing of transaction set 997.

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A.16

B | EDI Control Directory

B.1 Control Segments

- ISA Interchange Control Header Segment
- IEA
 Interchange Control Trailer Segment
- **GS**Functional Group Header Segment
- **GE**Functional Group Trailer Segment
- TA1
 Interchange Acknowledgment Segment

B.2 Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set, 997

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INTERCHANGE CONTROL HEADER

Notes

1. The ISA is a fixed record length segment and all positions within each of the data elements must be filled. The first element separator defines the element separator to be used through the entire interchange. The segment terminator used after the ISA defines the segment terminator to be used throughout the entire interchange. Spaces in the example are represented by "." for clarity.

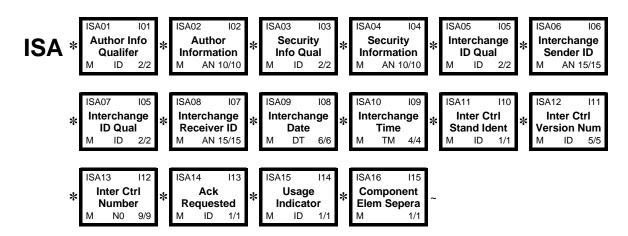
Example: ISA* 00* 01* SECRET....* ZZ* SUBMITTERS.ID..* ZZ*
RECEIVERS.ID...* 930602* 1253* U* 00401* 000000905* 1* T* :~

STANDARD

ISA Interchange Control Header

Purpose: To start and identify an interchange of zero or more functional groups and interchange-related control segments

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME	ATTRIBUTES
REQUIRED	ISA01	I 01	,	Information Qualifier M ID 2/2 the type of information in the Authorization Information
			CODE	DEFINITION
			00	No Authorization Information Present (No Meaningful Information in I02)
				ADVISED UNLESS SECURITY REQUIREMENTS MANDATE USE OF ADDITIONAL IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.
			03	Additional Data Identification
REQUIRED	ISA02	102	Authorization Information used	Information M AN 10/10 d for additional identification or authorization of the interchange

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Authorization Information Qualifier (I01)

sender or the data in the interchange; the type of information is set by the

REQUIRED	ISA03	103		ormation Qualifier M ID 2/2 by the type of information in the Security Information
			CODE	DEFINITION
			00	No Security Information Present (No Meaningful Information in I04)
				ADVISED UNLESS SECURITY REQUIREMENTS MANDATE USE OF PASSWORD DATA.
			01	Password
REQUIRED	ISA04	104		r identifying the security information about the interchange sender he interchange; the type of information is set by the Security
REQUIRED	ISA05	105		ID Qualifier M ID 2/2 signate the system/method of code structure used to designate the iver ID element being qualified
			This ID quali	ifies the Sender in ISA06.
			CODE	DEFINITION
			01	Duns (Dun & Bradstreet)
			14	Duns Plus Suffix
			20	Health Industry Number (HIN)
				CODE SOURCE 121: Health Industry Identification Number
			27	Carrier Identification Number as assigned by Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA)
			28	Fiscal Intermediary Identification Number as assigned by Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA)
			29	Medicare Provider and Supplier Identification Number as assigned by Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA)
			30	U.S. Federal Tax Identification Number
			33	National Association of Insurance Commissioners Company Code (NAIC)
			ZZ	Mutually Defined
REQUIRED	ISA06	106		Sender ID M AN 15/15 ode published by the sender for other parties to use as the receiver a to them; the sender always codes this value in the sender ID
REQUIRED	ISA07	105		ID Qualifier M ID 2/2 signate the system/method of code structure used to designate the iver ID element being qualified
			This ID quali	fies the Receiver in ISA08.
			CODE	DEFINITION
			01	Duns (Dun & Bradstreet)

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			14	Duns Plus Suffix	
			20	Health Industry Number (HIN)	
				CODE SOURCE 121: Health Industry Identifica	tion Number
			27	Carrier Identification Number as assigned Care Financing Administration (HCFA)	ed by Health
			28	Fiscal Intermediary Identification Number assigned by Health Care Financing Adm (HCFA)	
			29	Medicare Provider and Supplier Identific Number as assigned by Health Care Fin- Administration (HCFA)	
			30	U.S. Federal Tax Identification Number	
			33	National Association of Insurance Comr Company Code (NAIC)	nissioners
			ZZ	Mutually Defined	
REQUIRED	ISA08	107	by the sender as	Receiver ID M de published by the receiver of the data; When ser is their sending ID, thus other parties sending to the id to route data to them	
REQUIRED	ISA09	108	Interchange D Date of the interc		DT 6/6
			The date form	nat is YYMMDD.	
REQUIRED	ISA10	109	Interchange T Time of the inter		TM 4/4
			The time form	nat is HHMM.	
REQUIRED	ISA11	l10	Code to identify	Control Standards Identifier M the agency responsible for the control standard us enclosed by the interchange header and trailer	ID 1/1 sed by the
			CODE	DEFINITION	
			U	U.S. EDI Community of ASC X12, TDCC,	and UCS
REQUIRED	ISA12	I 11		Control Version Number M nber covers the interchange control segments	ID 5/5
			CODE	DEFINITION	
			00401	Draft Standards for Trial Use Approved Publication by ASC X12 Procedures Revenuesh October 1997	
REQUIRED	ISA13	l12		Control Number M er assigned by the interchange sender	N0 9/9
				ge Control Number, ISA13, must be ident terchange Trailer IEA02.	ical to the

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REQUIRED	ISA14	I13	Acknowledgment Requested M ID 1/1 Code sent by the sender to request an interchange acknowledgment (TA1)				
			See Section A	1.1.5.1 for interchange acknowledgment information.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			0	No Acknowledgment Requested			
			1	Interchange Acknowledgment Requested			
REQUIRED	ISA15	I14	Usage Indicate Code to indicate production or info	whether data enclosed by this interchange envelope is test,			
			P	Production Data			
			T	Test Data			
REQUIRED	ISA16	I15	Type is not appli data element; the elements within	lement Separator M 1/1 cable; the component element separator is a delimiter and not a is field provides the delimiter used to separate component data a composite data structure; this value must be different than the parator and the segment terminator			

B.6 MAY 2000

INTERCHANGE CONTROL TRAILER

Example: IEA*1*00000905~

STANDARD

IEA Interchange Control Trailer

Purpose: To define the end of an interchange of zero or more functional groups and

interchange-related control segments

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	IEA01	I 16	Number of Included Functional Groups A count of the number of functional groups included in an	M intercha	N0 ange	1/5
REQUIRED	IEA02	l12	Interchange Control Number A control number assigned by the interchange sender	M	N0	9/9

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FUNCTIONAL GROUP HEADER

Example: GS*HP*SENDER CODE*RECEIVER

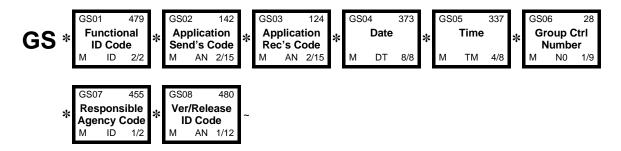
CODE*19940331*0802*1*X*004010X091~

STANDARD

GS Functional Group Header

Purpose: To indicate the beginning of a functional group and to provide control information

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	GS01	479	Functional Identifier Code Code identifying a group of application related transaction CODE DEFINITION	M sets	ID	2/2
			HP Health Care Claim Payment/Advice	e (83	5)	
REQUIRED	GS02	142	Application Sender's Code Code identifying party sending transmission; codes agreed	M to by	AN trading p	2/15 partners
			Use this code to identify the unit sending the infe	ormat	ion.	
REQUIRED	GS03	124	Application Receiver's Code Code identifying party receiving transmission. Codes agree	M ed to b	AN y trading	2/15 partners
			Use this code to identify the unit receiving the in	forma	ation.	
REQUIRED	GS04	373	Date Date expressed as CCYYMMDD	M	DT	8/8
			SEMANTIC: GS04 is the group date.			
			Use this date for the functional group creation d	ate.		
REQUIRED	GS05	GS05 337	Time Time expressed in 24-hour clock time as follows: HHMM, of HHMMSSD, or HHMMSSDD, where H = hours (00-23), M integer seconds (00-59) and DD = decimal seconds; decime expressed as follows: D = tenths (0-9) and DD = hundredth	= minu al sec	ites (00- onds are	59), S =
			SEMANTIC: GS05 is the group time.			
			Use this time for the creation time. The recomme HHMM.	nded	format	tis

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REQUIRED	GS06	28	Group Contro Assigned number	ol Number M N0 1/9 er originated and maintained by the sender
				ata interchange control number GS06 in this header must be same data element in the associated functional group trailer,
REQUIRED	GS07	455	Responsible A Code used in co standard	Agency Code M ID 1/2 onjunction with Data Element 480 to identify the issuer of the
			CODE	DEFINITION
			X	Accredited Standards Committee X12
REQUIRED	GS08	480	Code indicating standard being usegment is X, the are the release a industry or trade	the version, release, subrelease, and industry identifier of the EDI used, including the GS and GE segments; if code in DE455 in GS in DE 480 positions 1-3 are the version number; positions 4-6 and subrelease, level of the version; and positions 7-12 are the association identifiers (optionally assigned by user); if code in agment is T, then other formats are allowed
			CODE	DEFINITION
			004010X091	Draft Standards Approved for Publication by ASC X12 Procedures Review Board through October 1997, as published in this implementation guide.

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FUNCTIONAL GROUP TRAILER

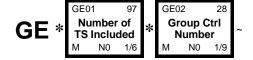
Example: GE*1*1~

STANDARD

GE Functional Group Trailer

Purpose: To indicate the end of a functional group and to provide control information

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	JTES
REQUIRED	GE01	97	Number of Transaction Sets Included Total number of transaction sets included in the functional grup (transmission) group terminated by the trailer containing this			-
REQUIRED	GE02	28	Group Control Number Assigned number originated and maintained by the sender	M	N0	1/9
			SEMANTIC: The data interchange control number GE02 in this identical to the same data element in the associated function GS06.			

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INTERCHANGE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Notes:

- 1. All fields must contain data.
- 2. This segment acknowledges the reception of an X12 interchange header and trailer from a previous interchange. If the header/trailer pair was received correctly, the TA1 reflects a valid interchange, regardless of the validity of the contents of the data included inside the header/trailer envelope.
- 3. See Section A.1.5.1 for interchange acknowledgment information.
- 4. Use of TA1 is subject to trading partner agreement and is neither mandated or prohibited in this Appendix.

Example: TA1*000000905*940101*0100*A*000~

STANDARD

TA1 Interchange Acknowledgment

Purpose: To report the status of processing a received interchange header and trailer or the non-delivery by a network provider

DIAGRAM











ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBUT	ES
REQUIRED	TA101	l12	Interchange Control Number A control number assigned by the interchange sender	M	N0	9/9
			This number uniquely identifies the interchange of it is assigned by the sender. Together with the seidentifies the interchange data to the receiver. It is the sender, receiver, and all third parties be able to audit trail of interchanges using this number.	nder s sug	ID it un gested	iquely that
			In the TA1, this should be the interchange control original interchange that this TA1 is acknowledge		nber of t	the
REQUIRED	TA102	108	Interchange Date Date of the interchange	M	DT	6/6
			This is the date of the original interchange being a (YYMMDD)	ackn	owledg	ed.
REQUIRED	TA103	109	Interchange Time Time of the interchange	M	TM	4/4
			This is the time of the original interchange being a (HHMM)	ackn	owledg	ed.

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CONTROL SEGMEN	10			IMPLEMENTATION GOIDE
REQUIRED	TA104	I17	This indicates the	cknowledgment Code M ID 1/1 e status of the receipt of the interchange control structure
			CODE	DEFINITION
			Α	The Transmitted Interchange Control Structure Header and Trailer Have Been Received and Have No Errors.
			E	The Transmitted Interchange Control Structure Header and Trailer Have Been Received and Are Accepted But Errors Are Noted. This Means the Sender Must Not Resend This Data.
			R	The Transmitted Interchange Control Structure Header and Trailer are Rejected Because of Errors.
REQUIRED	TA105	I18	Interchange N This numeric cod structure	ote Code M ID 3/3 le indicates the error found processing the interchange control
			CODE	DEFINITION
			000	No error
			001	The Interchange Control Number in the Header and Trailer Do Not Match. The Value From the Header is Used in the Acknowledgment.
			002	This Standard as Noted in the Control Standards Identifier is Not Supported.
			003	This Version of the Controls is Not Supported
			004	The Segment Terminator is Invalid
			005	Invalid Interchange ID Qualifier for Sender
			006	Invalid Interchange Sender ID
			007	Invalid Interchange ID Qualifier for Receiver
			008	Invalid Interchange Receiver ID
			009	Unknown Interchange Receiver ID
			010	Invalid Authorization Information Qualifier Value
			011	Invalid Authorization Information Value
			012	Invalid Security Information Qualifier Value
			013	Invalid Security Information Value
			014	Invalid Interchange Date Value
			015	Invalid Interchange Time Value
			016	Invalid Interchange Standards Identifier Value
			017	Invalid Interchange Version ID Value
			018	Invalid Interchange Control Number Value

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019	Invalid Acknowledgment Requested Value
020	Invalid Test Indicator Value
021	Invalid Number of Included Groups Value
022	Invalid Control Structure
023	Improper (Premature) End-of-File (Transmission)
024	Invalid Interchange Content (e.g., Invalid GS Segment)
025	Duplicate Interchange Control Number
026	Invalid Data Element Separator
027	Invalid Component Element Separator
028	Invalid Delivery Date in Deferred Delivery Request
029	Invalid Delivery Time in Deferred Delivery Request
030	Invalid Delivery Time Code in Deferred Delivery Request
031	Invalid Grade of Service Code

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997

Functional Acknowledgment

Functional Group ID: **FA**

This Draft Standard for Trial Use contains the format and establishes the data contents of the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set (997) for use within the context of an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) environment. The transaction set can be used to define the control structures for a set of acknowledgments to indicate the results of the syntactical analysis of the electronically encoded documents. The encoded documents are the transaction sets, which are grouped in functional groups, used in defining transactions for business data interchange. This standard does not cover the semantic meaning of the information encoded in the transaction sets.

Table 1 - Header

POS.#	SEG. ID	NAME	REQ. DES.	MAX USE	LOOP REPEAT
010	ST	Transaction Set Header	M	1	_
020	AK1	Functional Group Response Header	M	1	
		LOOP ID - AK2			999999
030	AK2	Transaction Set Response Header	0	1	
		LOOP ID - AK2/AK3			999999
040	AK3	Data Segment Note	0	1	
050	AK4	Data Element Note	0	99	
060	AK5	Transaction Set Response Trailer	М	1	
070	AK9	Functional Group Response Trailer	М	1	
080	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	M	1	

NOTES:

1/010 These acknowledgments shall not be acknowledged, thereby preventing an endless cycle of acknowledgments of acknowledgments. Nor shall a Functional Acknowledgment be sent to report errors in a previous Functional Acknowledgment.

1/010 The Functional Group Header Segment (GS) is used to start the envelope for the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Sets. In preparing the functional group of acknowledgments, the application sender's code and the application receiver's code, taken from the functional group being acknowledged, are exchanged; therefore, one acknowledgment functional group responds to only those functional groups from one application receiver's code to one application sender's code.

1/010 There is only one Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set per acknowledged functional group.

1/020 AK1 is used to respond to the functional group header and to start the acknowledgement for a functional group. There shall be one AK1 segment for the functional group that is being acknowledged.

1/030 AK2 is used to start the acknowledgement of a transaction set within the received functional group. The AK2 segments shall appear in the same order as the transaction sets in the functional group that has been received and is being acknowledged.

1/040 The data segments of this standard are used to report the results of the syntactical analysis of the functional groups of transaction sets; they report the extent to which the syntax complies with the standards for transaction sets and functional groups. They do not report on the semantic meaning of the transaction sets (for example, on the ability of the receiver to comply with the request of the sender).

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TRANSACTION SET HEADER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Use of the 997 transaction is subject to trading partner agreement or

accepted usage and is neither mandated nor prohibited in this

Appendix.

Example: ST*997*1234~

STANDARD

ST Transaction Set Header

Level: Header

Position: 010

Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

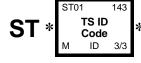
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the start of a transaction set and to assign a control number

Set Notes:

- These acknowledgments shall not be acknowledged, thereby preventing an endless cycle of acknowledgments of acknowledgments. Nor shall a Functional Acknowledgment be sent to report errors in a previous Functional Acknowledgment.
- 2. The Functional Group Header Segment (GS) is used to start the envelope for the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Sets. In preparing the functional group of acknowledgments, the application sender's code and the application receiver's code, taken from the functional group being acknowledged, are exchanged; therefore, one acknowledgment functional group responds to only those functional groups from one application receiver's code to one application sender's code.
- **3.** There is only one Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set per acknowledged functional group.

DIAGRAM





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ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES		
REQUIRED	ST01	143	Transaction So Code uniquely ide	M	ID	3/3			
			SEMANTIC: The transaction set identifier (ST01) used by the translation routines the interchange partners to select the appropriate transaction set definition (e.g. 810 selects the Invoice Transaction Set).						
			CODE DEFINITION						
			997						
REQUIRED	ST02	329	Identifying contro	et Control Number Il number that must be unique within the tra assigned by the originator for a transaction		AN ion set	4/9		
			identical. The unique within	on Set Control Numbers in ST02 and number is assigned by the originate a functional group (GS-GE). The number research. For example, start with from there.	or and	d must	be ids in		
			Use the corresponding value in SE02 for this transaction set.						

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FUNCTIONAL GROUP RESPONSE HEADER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: AK1*HP*1~

STANDARD

AK1 Functional Group Response Header

Level: Header

Position: 020

Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

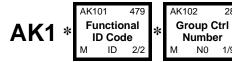
Purpose: To start acknowledgment of a functional group

Set Notes: 1. AK1 is used to respond to the functional group header and to start the

acknowledgement for a functional group. There shall be one AK1 segment

for the functional group that is being acknowledged.

DIAGRAM



ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	ITES		
REQUIRED	AK101	479		Functional Identifier Code Code identifying a group of application related transaction s					
				EMANTIC: AK101 is the functional ID found in the GS segment (GS01) in the unctional group being acknowledged.					
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			HP	Health Care Claim Payment/Advice	e (83	5)			
REQUIRED	AK102	28	Group Control Assigned numbe	Number roriginated and maintained by the sender	M	N0	1/9		
			SEMANTIC: AK102 is the functional group control number found in the GS seg						

in the functional group being acknowledged.

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TRANSACTION SET RESPONSE HEADER

Loop: AK2 — TRANSACTION SET RESPONSE HEADER Repeat: 999999

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Required when communicating information about a transaction set

within the functional group identified in AK1.

Example: AK2*835*00000905~

STANDARD

AK2 Transaction Set Response Header

Level: Header Position: 030

Loop: AK2 Repeat: 999999

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To start acknowledgment of a single transaction set

Set Notes: 1. AK2 is used to start the acknowledgement of a transaction set within the

received functional group. The AK2 segments shall appear in the same order as the transaction sets in the functional group that has been received

SEMANTIC: AK202 is the transaction set control number found in the ST segment in

and is being acknowledged.

DIAGRAM





ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES		
REQUIRED	AK201	143		Transaction Set Identifier Code Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set					
				MANTIC: AK201 is the transaction set ID found in the ST segment (ST01) in the ansaction set being acknowledged.					
			CODE	DEFINITION					
			835	Health Care Claim Payment/Advic	е				
REQUIRED	AK202	329	Identifying contr	Set Control Number rol number that must be unique within the trop assigned by the originator for a transaction		AN tion set	4/9		

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the transaction set being acknowledged.

DATA SEGMENT NOTE

Loop: AK2/AK3 — DATA SEGMENT NOTE Repeat: 999999

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 1

Notes: 1. Used when there are errors to report in a transaction.

Example: AK3*NM1*37*2010BB*7~

STANDARD

AK3 Data Segment Note

Level: Header

Position: 040

Loop: AK2/AK3 Repeat: 999999

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To report errors in a data segment and identify the location of the data segment

Set Notes:

1. The data segments of this standard are used to report the results of the syntactical analysis of the functional groups of transaction sets; they report the extent to which the syntax complies with the standards for transaction sets and functional groups. They do not report on the semantic meaning of the transaction sets (for example, on the ability of the receiver to comply with the request of the sender).

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DATA DES. ELEMENT NAME		NAME	ATTRIBUTES				
REQUIRED	AK301	721	Segment ID Code Code defining the segment ID of the data segment in error (SNumber 77) CODE SOURCE 77: X12 Directories	M See A	ID appendix	2/3 : A -		
			This is the 2 or 3 characters which occur at the be segment.	ginni	ing of a	a		
REQUIRED	AK302	719	Segment Position in Transaction Set The numerical count position of this data segment from the set: the transaction set header is count position 1	M start o	N0 f the tra	1/6 nsaction		
			This is a data count, not a segment position in the standard					

B.20

description.

SITUATIONAL AK303 447 **Loop Identifier Code** 0 ΑN

The loop ID number given on the transaction set diagram is the value for this data element in segments LS and LE

Use this code to identify a loop within the transaction set that is bounded by the related LS and LE segments (corresponding LS and LE segments must have the same value for loop identifier). (Note: The loop ID number given on the transaction set diagram is recommended as the value for this data element in the segments LS and LE.)

SITUATIONAL AK304 720 **Segment Syntax Error Code**

1/3

Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a segment

This code is required if an error exists.

	CODE	DEFINITION
1		Unrecognized segment ID
2		Unexpected segment
3		Mandatory segment missing
4		Loop Occurs Over Maximum Times
5		Segment Exceeds Maximum Use
6		Segment Not in Defined Transaction Set
7		Segment Not in Proper Sequence
8		Segment Has Data Element Errors

B.21 MAY 2000

DATA ELEMENT NOTE

Loop: AK2/AK3 — DATA SEGMENT NOTE

Usage: SITUATIONAL

Repeat: 99

Notes: 1. Used when there are errors to report in a data element or composite

data structure.

Example: AK4*1*98*7~

STANDARD

AK4 Data Element Note

Level: Header **Position:** 050

Loop: AK2/AK3

Requirement: Optional

Max Use: 99

Purpose: To report errors in a data element or composite data structure and identify the

location of the data element

DIAGRAM









ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME			ATTRIBU	TES
REQUIRED	AK401	C030	Code in position compor starts w	ION IN SEGMENT Idicating the relative position of a simple data element of a composite data structure combined with the relative that a element within the composite data structure with 1 for the simple data element or composite data significant to the segment ID	lative position of the e, in error; the count		
REQUIRED	AK401 - 1		722	Element Position in Segment This is used to indicate the relative position of a sin the relative position of a composite data structure we position of the component within the composite dat in the data segment the count starts with 1 for the sor composite data structure immediately following the count of the composite data structure immediately following the count of the count starts with 1 for the sor composite data structure immediately following the count of the cou	rith th a stru imple	e relativ icture, in e data el	re n error; ement
SITUATIONAL	AK401 - 2	2	1528	Component Data Element Position in Composite To identify the component data element position withat is in error	O thin th	N0 ne comp	1/2 posite
					a eleme termin	ent and ed.	

B.22

IIII ELIILITATION	COIDL			DATA ELEMENT NO					
SITUATIONAL	AK402	725		Reference Number O N0 1/4 per used to locate the data element in the Data Element Dictional					
			advisory: Under	most circumstances, this element is expected to be sent.					
			CODE SOURCE 77:	X12 Directories					
				ment Reference Number for this data element is 725. all reference numbers are found with the segment in this guide.					
REQUIRED	AK403	723		Data Element Syntax Error Code M ID 1/3 Code indicating the error found after syntax edits of a data element CODE DEFINITION					
			1	Mandatory data element missing					
		2	2 Conditional required data element missing.						
			3	Too many data elements.					
			4	Data element too short.					
			5	Data element too long.					
			6	Invalid character in data element.					
			7	Invalid code value.					
			8	Invalid Date					
			9	Invalid Time					
			10	Exclusion Condition Violated					
SITUATIONAL	AK404	724	Copy of Bad I This is a copy of	Data Element O AN 1/99 f the data element in error					
				case shall a value be used for AK404 that would generate a g., an invalid character.					

Used to provide copy of erroneous data to the original submitter, but this is not used if the error reported in an invalid character.

B.23 MAY 2000

IMPLEMENTATION

TRANSACTION SET RESPONSE TRAILER

Loop: AK2/AK3 — DATA SEGMENT NOTE

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: AK5*E*5~

STANDARD

AK5 Transaction Set Response Trailer

Level: Header

Position: 060

Loop: AK2

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To acknowledge acceptance or rejection and report errors in a transaction set

DIAGRAM

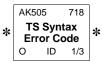




717







1/1

ELEMENT SUMMARY

REF. DATA
USAGE DES. <u>Element</u> <u>Name</u> <u>attributes</u>

transaction set

REQUIRED AK501

Transaction Set Acknowledgment Code M ID Code indicating accept or reject condition based on the syntax editing of the

CODE	DEFINITION
Α	Accepted ADVISED
E	Accepted But Errors Were Noted
M	Rejected, Message Authentication Code (MAC) Failed
R	Rejected ADVISED
W	Rejected, Assurance Failed Validity Tests
X	Rejected, Content After Decryption Could Not Be Analyzed

B.24 MAY 2000

SITUATIONAL	AK502	718	18 Transaction Set Syntax Error Code Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction.				
				equired if an error exists.			
			CODE	DEFINITION			
			1	Transaction Set Not Supported			
			2	Transaction Set Trailer Missing			
			3	Transaction Set Control Number in Header and Trailer Do Not Match			
			4	Number of Included Segments Does Not Match Actual Count			
			5	One or More Segments in Error			
			6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Identifier			
			7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Control Number			
			8	Authentication Key Name Unknown			
			9	Encryption Key Name Unknown			
			10	Requested Service (Authentication or Encrypted) Not Available			
			11	Unknown Security Recipient			
			12	Incorrect Message Length (Encryption Only)			
			13	Message Authentication Code Failed			
			15	Unknown Security Originator			
			16	Syntax Error in Decrypted Text			
			17	Security Not Supported			
			23	Transaction Set Control Number Not Unique within the Functional Group			
			24	S3E Security End Segment Missing for S3S Security Start Segment			
			25	S3S Security Start Segment Missing for S3E Security End Segment			
			26	S4E Security End Segment Missing for S4S Security Start Segment			
			27	S4S Security Start Segment Missing for S4E Security End Segment			
SITUATIONAL	AK503	718		Set Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction set			
			Use the same	codes indicated in AK502.			

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SITUATIONAL	AK504 71	718	Transaction Set Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction set
			Use the same codes indicated in AK502.
SITUATIONAL	AK505	718	Transaction Set Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction set
			Use the same codes indicated in AK502.
SITUATIONAL	AK506	718	Transaction Set Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction set
			Use the same codes indicated in AK502.

B.26 MAY 2000

IMPLEMENTATION

FUNCTIONAL GROUP RESPONSE TRAILER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: AK9*A*1*1*1~

STANDARD

AK9 Functional Group Response Trailer

Level: Header

Position: 070

Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To acknowledge acceptance or rejection of a functional group and report the

number of included transaction sets from the original trailer, the accepted sets,

and the received sets in this functional group

DIAGRAM









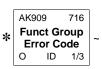








715



ELEMENT SUMMARY

REF. DATA
USAGE DES. ELEMENT NAME ATTRIBUTES

REQUIRED AK901

Functional Group Acknowledge Code

M ID 1/1 syntax editing of the

Code indicating accept or reject condition based on the syntax editing of the functional group

COMMENT: If AK901 contains the value "A" or "E", then the transmitted functional group is accepted.

CODE	DEFINITION
A	Accepted ADVISED
E	Accepted, But Errors Were Noted.
M	Rejected, Message Authentication Code (MAC) Failed

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			Р	Partially Accepted, At Least One Transaction Set Was Rejected ADVISED				
	R		Rejected ADVISED					
			W	Rejected, Assurance Failed Validity Tests				
			X	Rejected, Content After Decryption Could Not Be Analyzed				
REQUIRED AK902	AK902	902 97	Total number of	ansaction Sets Included transaction sets included in the functional group terminated by the trailer containing this			1/6 ange	
			This is the val	ue in the original GE01.				
REQUIRED	AK903	123		ceived Transaction Sets action Sets received	M	N0	1/6	
REQUIRED	AK904	2		cepted Transaction Sets oted Transaction Sets in a Functional Group	M	N0	1/6	
SITUATIONAL	AK905	716		oup Syntax Error Code error found based on the syntax editing of th ailer	O le fun	ID ctional gr	1/3 roup	

This code is required if an error exists.

CODE	DEFINITION
1	Functional Group Not Supported
2	Functional Group Version Not Supported
3	Functional Group Trailer Missing
4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree
5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count
6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax
10	Authentication Key Name Unknown
11	Encryption Key Name Unknown
12	Requested Service (Authentication or Encryption) Not Available
13	Unknown Security Recipient
14	Unknown Security Originator
15	Syntax Error in Decrypted Text
16	Security Not Supported
17	Incorrect Message Length (Encryption Only)
18	Message Authentication Code Failed

B.28 MAY 2000

			23	S3E Security End Segment Missing for S3S Security Start Segment	
			24	S3S Security Start Segment Missing for S3E End Segment	
			25	S4E Security End Segment Missing for S4S Security Start Segment	
			26	S4S Security Start Segment Missing for S4E Security End Segment	
SITUATIONAL	SITUATIONAL AK906	716	Functional Group Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of the functional group header and/or trailer		
			Use the same	codes indicated in AK905.	
SITUATIONAL	ATIONAL AK907	716		error Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 error found based on the syntax editing of the functional group ailer	
			Use the same	codes indicated in AK905.	
SITUATIONAL	UATIONAL AK908	716		roup Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 error found based on the syntax editing of the functional group ailer	
			Use the same	codes indicated in AK905.	
SITUATIONAL	AK909	716		roup Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3 error found based on the syntax editing of the functional group ailer	
			Use the same	codes indicated in AK905.	

MAY 2000 B.29

IMPLEMENTATION

TRANSACTION SET TRAILER

Usage: REQUIRED

Repeat: 1

Example: SE*27*1234~

STANDARD

SE Transaction Set Trailer

Level: Header

Position: 080

Loop: ____

Requirement: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the end of the transaction set and provide the count of the

transmitted segments (including the beginning (ST) and ending (SE) segments)

DIAGRAM





ELEMENT SUMMARY

USAGE	REF. DES.	DATA ELEMENT	NAME		ATTRIBU	ITES
REQUIRED	SE01	96	Number of Included Segments Total number of segments included in a transaction set included segments		N0 ST and	1/10 SE
REQUIRED	SE02	329	Transaction Set Control Number Identifying control number that must be unique within the transfunctional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set.		AN tion set	4/9
			The Transaction Set Control Numbers in ST02 and	I SE	02 mus	st be

identical. The number is assigned by the originator and must be unique within a functional group (GS-GE). The number also aids in error resolution research. For example, start with the number 0001 and increment from there.

B.30

C | External Code Sources

4 ABA Routing Number

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

66/13, 506/01, 647/806, 20

SOURCE

Key to American Bankers Association Routing Numbers

AVAILABLE FROM

Rank McNally & Company P. O. Box 7600 Chicago, IL 60680

ABSTRACT

Contains the Federal Reserve Routing Codes. The first four digits identify the Federal Reserve District, the next four the institution, and the last is a check digit.

5 Countries, Currencies and Funds

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/CH, 26, 100

SOURCE

Codes for Representation of Names of Countries, ISO 3166-(Latest Release)
Codes for Representation of Currencies and Funds, ISO 4217-(Latest Release)

AVAILABLE FROM

American National Standards Institute 11 West 42nd Street, 13th Floor New York, NY 10036

ABSTRACT

This international standard provides a two-letter alphabetic code for representing the names of countries, dependencies, and other areas of special geopolitical interest for purposes of international exchange and general directions for the maintenance of the code. The standard is intended for use in any application requiring expression of entitles in coded form. Most currencies are those of the geopolitical entities that are listed in ISO 3166, Codes for the Representation of Names of Countries. The code may be a three-character alphabetic or three-digit numeric. The two leftmost characters of the alphabetic code identify the currency authority to which the code is assigned (using the two character alphabetic code from ISO 3166, if applicable). The rightmost character is a mnemonic derived from the name of the major currency unit or fund. For currencies not associated with a single geographic entity, a specially-allocated two-character alphabetic code, in the range XA to XZ identifies the currency authority. The rightmost character is derived from the name of the geographic area concerned, and is mnemonic to the extent possible. The numeric codes are identical to those assigned to the geographic entities listed in ISO 3166. The range 950-998 is reserved for identification of funds and currencies not associated with a single entity listed in ISO 3166.

MAY 2000 C.1

22 States and Outlying Areas of the U.S.

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

66/SJ, 771/009, 235/A5, 156

SOURCE

National Zip Code and Post Office Directory

AVAILABLE FROM

U.S. Postal Service National Information Data Center P.O. Box 2977 Washington, DC 20013

ABSTRACT

Provides names, abbreviations, and codes for the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas of the U.S. The entities listed are considered to be the first order divisions of the U.S.

Microfiche available from NTIS (same as address above).

The Canadian Post Office lists the following as "official" codes for Canadian Provinces:

AB - Alberta

BC - British Columbia

MB - Manitoba

NB - New Brunswick

NF - Newfoundland

NS - Nova Scotia

NT - North West Territories

ON - Ontario

PE - Prince Edward Island

PQ - Quebec

SK - Saskatchewan

YT - Yukon

51 | ZIP Code

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

66/16, 309/PQ, 309/PR, 309/PS, 771/010, 116

SOURCE

National ZIP Code and Post Office Directory, Publication 65

The USPS Domestic Mail Manual

AVAILABLE FROM

U.S Postal Service Washington, DC 20260

New Orders

Superintendent of Documents

P.O. Box 371954

Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954

C.2 MAY 2000

ABSTRACT

The ZIP Code is a geographic identifier of areas within the United States and its territories for purposes of expediting mail distribution by the U.S. Postal Service. It is five or nine numeric digits. The ZIP Code structure divides the U.S. into ten large groups of states. The leftmost digit identifies one of these groups. The next two digits identify a smaller geographic area within the large group. The two rightmost digits identify a local delivery area. In the nine-digit ZIP Code, the four digits that follow the hyphen further subdivide the delivery area. The two leftmost digits identify a sector which may consist of several large buildings, blocks or groups of streets. The rightmost digits divide the sector into segments such as a street, a block, a floor of a building, or a cluster of mailboxes.

The USPS Domestics Mail Manual includes information on the use of the new 11-digit zip code.

60 (DFI) Identification Number

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

507

SOURCE

- a) Thompson Bank Directory: American Bankers Association (ABA) Routing Numbers
- b) New York Clearinghouse Association: Clearinghouse Interbank Payment System (CHIPS) Participant Numbers
- c) Canadian Payments Association Directory: Canadian Bank Transit Numbers
- d) ISO/S.W.I.F.T. Bank Identifier Code Directory: ISO Bank Identifier Codes

AVAILABLE FROM

- a) Thompson Financial Publishing P.O. Box 65 Skokie, IL 60076-0065
- b) New York Clearinghouse Association 450 West 33rd Street New York, New York 10001
- c) Bowne of Toronto60 Gervais DriveToronto, OntarioCanada M3C 1Z3
- d) S.W.I.F.T. SC Avenue Adele 1 B-1310 La Hulpe Belguim

ABSTRACT

Assigned alphanumeric codes identifying depository financial institution.

MAY 2000 C.3

77 X12 Directories

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

721, 725

SOURCE

X12.3 Data Element Dictionary X12.22 Segment Directory

AVAILABLE FROM

Data Interchange Standards Association, Inc. (DISA) Suite 200 1800 Diagonal Road Alexandria, VA 22314-2852

ABSTRACT

The data element dictionary contains the format and descriptions of data elements used to construct X12 segments. It also contains code lists associated with these data elements. The segment directory contains the format and definitions of the data segments used to construct X12 transaction sets.

91 Canadian Financial Institution Branch and Institution Number

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

128/04, 506/04, 66/CF, 647/806

SOURCE

Canadian Payments Association (CPA) Financial Institution Directories

Volume 1 - Banks

Volume 2 - Credit Unions and Caisses Populaires

Volume 3 - Trust Companies, Loan Companies and other Deposit-taking Institutions

AVAILABLE FROM

Bowne of Canada, Ltd. 60 Gervais Drive Toronto, Ontario M3C 1Z3 Canada

ABSTRACT

Contains the Canadian financial institutions transit and branch numbers. The first four digits represent the financial institution ID.

C.4 MAY 2000

121 Health Industry Identification Number

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

128/HI, 66/21, I05/20, 1270/HI

SOURCE

Health Industry Number Database

AVAILABLE FROM

Health Industry Business Communications Council 5110 North 40th Street Phoenix, AZ 85018

ABSTRACT

The HIN is a coding system, developed and administered by the Health Industry Business Communications Council, that assigns a unique code number to hospitals and other provider organizations - the customers of health industry manufacturers and distributors.

130 Health Care Financing Administration Common Procedural Coding System

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/HC, 1270/BO, 1270/BP

SOURCE

Health Care Finance Administration Common Procedural Coding System

AVAILABLE FROM

www.hcfa.gov/medicare/hcpcs.htm
Health Care Financing Administration
Center for Health Plans and Providers
CCPP/DCPC
C5-08-27
7500 Security Boulevard
Baltimore. MD 21244-1850

ABSTRACT

HCPCS is Health Care Finance Administration's (HFCA) coding scheme to group procedures performed for payment to providers.

131 International Classification of Diseases Clinical Mod (ICD-9-CM) Procedure

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/ID, 235/DX, 1270/BF, 1270/BJ, 1270/BK, 1270/BN, 1270/BQ, 1270/BR, 1270/SD, 1270/TD, 1270/DD, 128/ICD

SOURCE

International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clincal Modification (ICD-9-CM)

AVAILABLE FROM

U.S. National Center for Health Statistics Commission of Professional and Hospital Activities

MAY 2000 C.5

1968 Green Road Ann Arbor, MI 48105

ABSTRACT

The International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, describes the classification of morbidity and mortality information for statistical purposes and for the indexing of hospital records by disease and operations.

132 National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Codes

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/RB, 235/NU, 1270/BE, 1270/BG, 1270/BH, 1270/BI

SOURCE

National Uniform Billing Data Element Specifications

AVAILABLE FROM

National Uniform Billing Committee American Hospital Association 840 Lake Shore Drive Chicago, IL 60697

ABSTRACT

Revenue codes are a classification of hospital charges in a standard grouping that is controlled by the National Uniform Billing Committee. Place of service codes specify the type of location where a service is provided.

134 National Drug Code

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/ND, 1270/NDC

SOURCE

Blue Book, Price Alert, National Drug Data File

AVAILABLE FROM

First Databank, The Hearst Corporation 1111 Bayhill Drive San Bruno, CA 94066

ABSTRACT

The National Drug Code is a coding convention established by the Food and Drug Administration to identify the labeler, product number, and package sizes of FDA-approved prescription drugs. There are over 170,000 National Drug Codes on file.

C.6

135 American Dental Association Codes

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/AD, 1270/JO, 1270/JP

SOURCE

Current Dental Terminology (CDT) Manual

AVAILABLE FROM

Salable Materials American Dental Association 211 East Chicago Avenue Chicago, IL 60611-2678

ABSTRACT

The CDT contains the American Dental Association's codes for dental procedures and nomenclature and is the nationally accepted set of numeric codes and descriptive terms for reporting dental treatments.

139 Claim Adjustment Reason Code

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

1034

SOURCE

National Health Care Claim Payment/Advice Committee Bulletins

AVAILABLE FROM

www.wpc-edi.com Washington Publishing Company PMB 161 5284 Randolph Road Rockville, MD 20852-2116

ABSTRACT

Bulletins describe standard codes and messages that detail the reason why an adjustment was made to a health care claim payment by the payer.

229 Diagnosis Related Group Number (DRG)

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

1270/DR, 1354

SOURCE

Federal Register and Health Insurance Manual 15 (HIM 15)

AVAILABLE FROM

Superintendant of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20402

ABSTRACT

A patient classification scheme that clusters patients into categories on the basis of patient's illness, diseases, and medical problems.

MAY 2000 C. /

235 | Claim Frequency Type Code

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

1325

SOURCE

National Uniform Billing Data Element Specifications Type of Bill Position 3

AVAILABLE FROM

National Uniform Billing Committee American Hospitial Association 840 Lake Shore Drive Chicago, IL 60697

ABSTRACT

A variety of codes explaining the frequency of the bill submission.

240 National Drug Code by Format

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/N1, 235/N2, 235/N3, 235/N4, 1270/NDC, 235/N5, 235/N6

SOURCE

Drug Establishment Registration and Listing Instruction Booklet

AVAILABLE FROM

Federal Drug Listing Branch HFN-315 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

ABSTRACT

Publication includes manufacturing and labeling information as well as drug packaging sizes.

245 National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Code

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

128/NF

SOURCE

National Association of Insurance Commissioners Company Code List Manual

AVAILABLE FROM

National Association of Insurance Commission Publications Department 12th Street, Suite 1100 Kansas City, MO 64105-1925

ABSTRACT

Codes that uniquely identify each insurance company.

C.8

307 National Association of Boards of Pharmacy Number

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

128/D3

SOURCE

National Association of Boards of Pharmacy Database and Listings

AVAILABLE FROM

National Council for Prescription Drug Programs 4201 North 24th Street, Suite 365 Phoenix, AZ 85016

ABSTRACT

A unique number assigned in the U.S. and its territories to individual clinic, hospital, chain, and independent pharmacy locations that conduct business at retail by billing third-party drug benefit payers. The National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) maintains this database under contract from the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy. The National Association of Boards of Pharmacy is a seven-digit numeric number with the following format SSNNNNC, where SS=NCPDP assigned state code number, NNNN=NCPDP assigned pharmacy location number, and C=check digit calculated by algorithm from previous six digits.

411 Remittance Remark Codes

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

1270/HE, 1271

SOURCE

Medicare Part A Specification for the ASC X12 835 (7/1/94)

or

Medicare Part B Specification for the ASC X12 835 (7/1/94)

or

National Standard Format Electronic Remittance Advice (Version 001.04)

AVAILABLE FROM

Washington Publishing Company

http://www.wpc-edi.com

or

Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA)

http://www.hcfa.gov/medicare/edi/edi.htm

ABSTRACT

These codes represent non-financial information critical to understanding the adjudication of a health insurance claim.

MAY 2000 C.9

513 Home Infusion EDI Coalition (HIEC) Product/Service Code List

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

235/IV

SOURCE

Home Infusion EDI Coalition (HIEC) Coding System

AVAILABLE FROM

Home Infusion EDI Coalition — affiliated with National Home Infusion Association 205 Daingerfield Road

Alexandria, Virginia 22314 Telephone: 703-549-3740 FAX: 703-683-1484

ABSTRACT

This list contains codes identifying home infusion therapy products/services.

National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Reject/Payment Codes

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

1270/RX, 1271

SOURCE

National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Data Dictionary

AVAILABLE FROM

NCPDP

4201 North 24th Street

Suite 365

Phoenix, AZ 85016

ABSTRACT

A listing of NCPDPs payment and reject reason codes, the explanation of the code, and the field number in error (if rejected).

537 Health Care Financing Administration National Provider Identifier

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

128/HPI

SOURCE

National Provider System

AVAILABLE FROM

Health Care Financing Administration

Office of Information Services

Security and Standards Group

Director, Division of Health Care Information Systems

7500 Security Boulevard

Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

C.10

ABSTRACT

The Health Care Financing Administration is developing the National Provider Identifiers, which is proposed as the standard unique identifier for each health care provider under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.

540 Health Care Financing Administration National PlanID

SIMPLE DATA ELEMENT/CODE REFERENCES

66/XV

SOURCE

PlanID Database

AVAILABLE FROM

Health Care Financing Administration Center for Beneficiary Services Administration Group Division of Membership Operations S1-05-06 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

ABSTRACT

The Health care Financing Administration is developing the PlanID, which will be proposed as the standard unique identifier for each health plan under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.

MAY 2000 C.11

C.12 MAY 2000

D Change Summary

D.1 Change Summary

This is the ASC X12N implementation guide for the 835. The following substantive changes have occurred since the previous guide, which was based upon Version 3070 of the 835:

- 1 All DTM segments changes to facilitate millennium changes. All DTM05 and DTM06 element usage changed to NOT USED. These changes affect 3.1, Presentation Examples, for the DTM at Table 1, position 070, and Table 2, positions 050 and 080.
- 2 Provider Summary TS301 comment changed to read "USE the National Provider ID when available". Theses changes affects 3.1, Presentation Examples, for TS3 segment at Table 2, position 005.
- 3 Support of code 9A (Re-priced Claim Reference Number) and 9C (Adjusted Re-priced Claim Reference Number) was added to the REF segment in 3.1, Presentation Examples, REF segment at Table 2, position 040.
- 4 All segment examples in 3.1, Presentation Examples, and the scenarios in 4.1, and 4.2 were updated to reflect all other modifications.
- 5 Support of Code "RB" Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) Rate was added to REF segment in 3.1, Presentation Examples, REF segment 2, position 100 Service Identification.
- 6 Alternate Reversal removed from 2.2.8 Reversals and Corrections.
- 7 Removed 2.3 Data Transaction Set Model with Usage Matrix.
- 8 Section 1.2 Transaction Limitations added.
- **9** Section 1.1.1 Trading Partner Agreements added.
- 10 Section 1.1.2 HIPAA Role in Implementation Guides added.
- 11 Section 2.2.11 Definition of a Claim added.
- **12** Partial Unbundling Example added.

MAY 2000 D.1

D.2 Change Detail

Section 1.1

Add Section 1.1.1 Trading Partner Agreements.

Add Section 1.1.2 HIPAA Role in Implementation Guides.

Section 1.2

Update the version and Release to 004010. Add Section 1.2 Transaction Limitations

Section 2.2

Changed sub-element separator in examples to ":". Changed dates in examples to be millennium compliant. Add Section 2.2.11 Definition of a Claim

Section 2.2.8

Removed Alternate Reversal Method

Section 2.3

Removed section.

Section 3.1

Table 1

Position 020 – Segment BPR (Financial Information) Changed example.

Position 070 – Segment DTM (Production Date)

Changed example.

Changed usage of DTM05 to NOT USED.

Changed usage of DTM06 to NOT USED.

Position 070 - Production Date

Changed usage of DTM02 to REQUIRED

Position 080 — Segment N1 (Payer Identification)

Changed comments for N103 Code "XV".

Position 080 — Payee Identification

Changed note 1.

Position 100 — Payee Address

Changed note 1.

Changed segment usage to SITUATIONAL

Added N302 comment.

Position 110 — Payee City, State, ZIP Code

Changed note 1.

Changed segment usage to SITUATIONAL

Change N401 usage to REQUIRED

Change N402 usage to REQUIRED

Change N403 usage to REQUIRED

Position 120 — Additional Payer Identification

Removed notes 2.

Position 130 — Payer Contact Information

Added PER03 comment.

D.2

Table 2

Position 003 – Segment LX (Header Number)

Changed example.

Position 005 – Segment TS3 (Provider Summary Information)

Changed TS301 element note.

Position 010 — Claim Payment Information

Changed usage of CLP06 to REQUIRED.

Deleted CLP06 Advisory.

Changed CLP06 note.

Deleted CLP06 note 2.

Changed usage of CLP10 to NOT USED.

Position 020 — Claim Adjustment

Changed note 3.

Position 030 — Patient Name

Changed usage of NM106 NOT USED

Position 030 — Insured Name

Changed note 1.

Added note 2.

Position 030 — Crossover Carrier Name

Changed Example.

Added NM103 comment.

Position 030 – Segment NM1 (Service Provider Name)

Changed example.

Position 030 – Segment NM1 (Crossover Carrier Name)

Changed example.

Position 030 – Segment NM1 (Corrected Priority Payer Name)

Changed example.

Position 033 — Inpatient Adjudication Information

Changed note 1.

Added note 5.

Position 035 — Outpatient Adjudication Information

Changed note 1.

Added note 4.

Position 040 – Segment REF (Other Claim Related Identification)

Added note to code CE in REF01.

Added code 9A, 9C in REF01.

Position 040 - Segment REF (Other Claim Related Identification)

Added support of codes (1W,A6,I6,SY) to REF01

Position 040 — Other Claim Related Identification

Now supports REF01 codes 1L, 9A, 9C, BB, CE, EA, F8, G1 and G3.

Changed note 1.

Position 040 — Rendering Provider Identification

Added Position 040 Rendering Provider Identification

Added codes 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1G, 1H, D3 and G2 to REF01.

Added note 1.

Added example.

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Position 050 – Segment DTM (Claim Date)

Changed example.

Changed usage of DTM05 to NOT USED.

Changed usage of DTM06 to NOT USED.

Position 080 – Segment DTM (Dates of Service)

Changed example.

Changed usage of DTM05 to NOT USED.

Changed usage of DTM06 to NOT USED.

Position 090 — Service Adjustment

Changed note 2

Position 100 — Service Identification

Now supports REF01 codes 1S, 6R, BB, E9, G1, G3, LU.

Changed example.

Changed note 1.

Added code "RB" to REF01.

Position 100 — Rendering Provider Identification

Added Position 100 Rendering Provider Identification

Added codes 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1G, 1H, 1J, HPI, SY, TJ to REF01.

Added note 1.

Added example.

Position 100 – Segment REF (Service Identification)

Changed example.

Position 110 — Service Supplemental Amount

Removed codes "1A" and "A9" from AMT01.

Position 130 – Segment LQ (Health Care Remark Codes)

Changed note.

Table 3

Position 010 0 Segment PLB (Provider Adjustment)

Changed example.

Section 4.1.2

Updated the transmission examples.

Section 4.2.2

Updated the transmission examples.

Appendix C

Changed Code List 411 address.

Changed Code List 507 address.

Changed Code List 508 address.

Changed Code List 537 address.

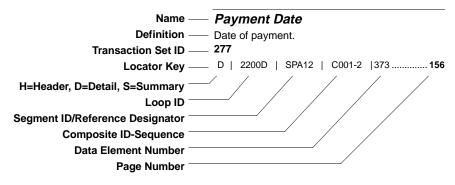
Changed Code List 537 abstract.

Changed Code List 540 abstract.

D.4 MAY 2000

E Data Element Name Index

This appendix contains an alphabetic listing of data elements used in this implementation guide. Consult the Data Element Dictionary for the complete list. Data element names in normal type are generic ASC X12 names. Italic type indicates a health care industry defined name.



Accou	ınt Number Q	uali	fier	
Code in	dicating the type	of acc	ount	
H	BPR08			48
Ηİ	BPR14	-	569	50
Additi	onal Payee Id	lenti	fier	
Addition	al unique identifie	er des	ignating the	
payee.	ar arrigae raerranc		.99	
payou.				

|127.....**78**

Additional Payer Identifier
Additional unique identifier designating the
payer.

H | 1000A | REF02 | - |127......68

Adjustment Amount

H | 1000B | REF02 |

Adjustment amount for the associated reason code

97 98
98
99
99
100
100
150
151
151
152
153
153

Adjustment Quantity

Numeric quantity associated with the related reason code for coordination of benefits.

98	380	-	CAS04	2100	DΙ
98	380	-	CAS07	2100	DΙ
99	380	-	CAS10	2100	DΙ
99	380	-	CAS13	2100	DΙ
100	380	-	CAS16	2100	DΙ
101	380	-	CAS19	2100	DΙ

D	2110	CAS04	-	380 150
DΪ	2110	CAS07	-	380 151
D	2110	CAS10	-	380 152
D	2110	CAS13	-	380 152
D	2110	CAS16	-	380 153
DΙ	2110	CAS19	-	380 153

Adjustment Reason Code

Code that indicates the reason for the adjustment.

2100	CAS02		-	1034 97
2100	CAS05		-	1034 98
2100	CAS08		-	1034 98
2100	CAS11		-	1034 99
2100	CAS14		-	1034 100
2100	CAS17		-	1034 100
2110	CAS02		-	1034 150
2110	CAS05		-	1034 151
2110	CAS08		-	1034 151
2110	CAS11		-	1034 152
2110	CAS14		-	1034 152
2110	CAS17		-	1034 153
	PLB03		C042-1	426 165
	PLB05		C042-1	426 170
	PLB07		C042-1	426 171
	PLB09		C042-1	426 171
	PLB11		C042-1	426 171
	PLB13		C042-1	426 172
	2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2110 2110 2110 2110 2110	2100 CAS05 2100 CAS08 2100 CAS11 2100 CAS14 2100 CAS17 2110 CAS02 2110 CAS05 2110 CAS08 2110 CAS11 2110 CAS11 2110 CAS14 2110 CAS17 PLB03 PLB05 PLB07 PLB09 PLB11	2100 CAS05 2100 CAS08 2100 CAS11 2100 CAS14 2100 CAS14 2110 CAS02 2110 CAS05 2110 CAS08 2110 CAS08 2110 CAS11 2110 CAS14 2110 CAS17 PLB03 PLB05 PLB07 PLB09	2100 CAS05 - 2100 CAS08 - 2100 CAS11 - 2100 CAS14 - 2100 CAS17 - 2110 CAS02 - 2110 CAS05 - 2110 CAS08 - 2110 CAS11 - 2110 CAS14 - 2110 CAS17 - PLB03 C042-1 PLB07 C042-1 PLB09 C042-1 PLB01 C042-1

Amount Qualifier Code

Assigned Number

Number assigned for differentiation within a transaction set.

D | 2000 | LX01 | - |554**79**

MAY 2000 E.1

Average length of stay for DRGs for this provider for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period, for this interchange transmission. D 2000 TS210 - 380
Fiscal period, for this interchange transmission. D 2000 TS210 - 380
Average DRG weight for DRGs for this provider for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period, for this interchange transmission. D 2000 TS216 - 380
Average DRG weight for DRGs for this provider for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period, for this interchange transmission. D 2000 TS216 - 380
Average DRG weight for DRGs for this provider for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period, for this interchange transmission. D 2000 TS216 - 38088 Claim Frequency Code Check Issue or EFT Effective Date Date the check was issued or the electronic funds transfer (EFT) effective date. H BPR16 - 373
Check Issue or EFT Effective Date Date the check was issued or the electronic funds transfer (EFT) effective date. H BPR16 - 373
Check Issue or EFT Effective Date Date the check was issued or the electronic funds transfer (EFT) effective date. H BPR16 - 373
Check or EFT Trace Number Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 127
Date the check was issued or the electronic funds transfer (EFT) effective date. H BPR16 - 37350 Check or EFT Trace Number Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 12753
Claim HCPCS Payable Amount Sum of payable line item amounts for HCPCs codes billed on this claim. Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 12753 Claim HCPCS Payable Amount Sum of payable line item amounts for HCPCs codes billed on this claim. D 2100 MOA02 - 782
Check or EFT Trace Number Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 127
Check or EFT Trace Number Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 12753
Check or EFT Trace Number Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 127
Check number or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) number that is unique within the sender/receiver relationship. H TRN02 - 127
H TRN02 - 12753 Claim Indirect Teaching Amount
Total of operating and capital indirect teaching
Claim Adjustment Group Code amounts for this claim. D 2100 MIA18 - 782
Code identifying the general category of
payment adjustment
D 2100 CAS01 - 1033
Claim Contact Interim cost pass-though amount used to determine Medicare Secondary Payer liability. D 2100 MIA07 - 782
Communications Number
Complete claim contact communications number, including country or area code when
applicable. Total Prospective Payment System (PPS)
D 2100 PER04 - 364
Claim Contact Name
Name of the payer's contact person associated Claim PPS Capital Outlier
with the claim. Amount
D 2100 PER02 - 93
or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding
Total Prospective Payment System capital day
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA17 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA17 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA17 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA17 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA04 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA04 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System capital day or cost outlier payable for this claim, excluding operating outlier amount. D 2100 MIA04 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System operating and capital amounts for this claim. D 2100 MIA04 - 782
Claim DRG Amount Total of Prospective Payment System operating and capital amounts for this claim. D 2100 MIA04 - 782

E.2 MAY 2000

Claim Supplemental	Corrected Patient or Insured
Information Amount	First Name
Amount of supplemental information values associated with the claim.	Corrected first name of the patient or insured. D 2100 NM104 - 1036109
D 2100 AMT02 - 782 136	
	Corrected Patient or Insured
Claim Supplemental	Last Name
Information Quantity	Corrected last name of the patient or insured.
Numeric value of the quantity of supplemental	D 2100 NM103 - 1035 109
information associated with the claim. D 2100 QTY02 -	
D 2100 Q1102 - 300136	Corrected Patient or Insured
	Middle Name
Code List Qualifier Code	Corrected middle name of the patient or insured.
Code identifying a specific industry code list. D 2110 LQ01 - 1270 162	D 2100 NM105 - 1037109
On the state of the Name Land	Corrected Patient or Insured
Communication Number	Name Suffix
Extension	Corrected suffix for the name of the patient or
Extension for the previous communications number.	insured.
D 2100 PER08 - 364	D 2100 NM107 - 1039 109
	Corrected Priority Payer
Communication Number	Identification Number
Qualifier	Number assigned by the payer to identify the
Code identifying the type of communication	corrected priority payer name.
number H 1000A PER03 - 365 70	D 2100 NM109 - 67117
H 1000A PER05 - 365	
H 1000A PER07 - 365	Corrected Priority Payer Name
D 2100 PER03 - 365	Name of the corrected priority payer.
D 2100 PER07 - 365 134	D 2100 NM103 - 1035117
Contact Function Code	Cost Report Day Count
Code identifying the major duty or responsibility	The number of days that may be claimed as
of the person or group named.	Medicare patient days on a cost report. D 2100 MIA15 - 380
H 1000A PER01 - 366	D 2100 MIA15 - 360121
Coordination of Benefits	Country Code
Carrier Identifier	Code indicating the geographic location. H 1000B N404 - 26
Number assigned by the payer to identify the coordination of benefits carrier.	
D 2100 NM109 - 67115	Covered Days or Visits Count
	Number of days or visits covered by the primary
Coordination of Benefits	payer or days/visits that would have been
Carrier Name	covered had Medicare been primary. D 2100 MIA01 - 380119
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Name of the crossover carrier associated with the claim.	One dit on Debit Flore Code
D 2100 NM103 - 1035115	Credit or Debit Flag Code
	Code indicating whether amount is a credit or debit
Corrected Insured	debit H
Identification Indicator	
	Currency Code
Indicator used to identify an insured's identification number which was incorrectly	Currency Code
submitted and subsequently changed.	Code for country in whose currency the charges are specified.
D 2100 NM109 - 67 110	H CUR02 - 100 55

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Date Time Qualifier

Code specifying the type of date or time or both date and time.

H		DTM01	-	374	60
DΙ	2100	DTM01	-	374	131
DΙ	2110	DTM01	-	374	147

Depository Financial Institution (DFI) Identification Number Qualifier

Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) Code

Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) Weight

Discharge Fraction

The number of days billed are divided by the Average Length of Stay.

D | 2100 | CLP13 | - |954 94

Entity Identifier Code

Code identifying an organizational entity, a physical location, property or an individual

		CURUI		96 33
H	1000A	N101	-	98 62
H	1000B	N101		98 72
DΙ	2100	NM101	-	98 102
DΙ	2100	NM101	-	98 106
DΙ	2100	NM101	-	98 108
DΙ	2100	NM101	-	98112
DΙ	2100	NM101	-	98114
DΙ	2100	NM101	- 1	98116

Entity Type Qualifier

Code qualifying the type of entity

D	2100	NM102	-	1065 103
D	2100	NM102	-	1065 106
D	2100	NM102	-	1065 109
D	2100	NM102	-	1065112
D	2100	NM102	-	1065 115
D	2100	NM102	-	1065 117

Exchange Rate

Value to be used as a multiplier conversion factor to convert monetary value from one currency to another.

H | CUR03 | - |280 55

Facility Type Code

Code identifying the type of facility where services were performed; the first and second positions of the Uniform Bill Type code or the Place of Service code from the Electronic Media Claims National Standard Format.

D	2000	TS302	-	1331 81
DΙ	2100	CLP08	-	1331 93

Fiscal Period Date

Last day of provider's fiscal year through date of the bill.

DΙ	2000	TS303	-	373 81
S		PLB02	j -	373 165

Identification Code Qualifier

Code designating the system/method of code structure used for Identification Code (67)

н	1000A	N103	-	- 16	66 63
Ηİ	1000B	N103	j -	į	66 73
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66 103
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66 107
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66 109
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66 113
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66 115
DΙ	2100	NM108	-	[6	66117

Lifetime Psychiatric Days Count

Number of lifetime psychiatric days used for this claim.

D	2100	I MIA03	l -	380	.119
_	2100	14117 100	I	000	

Line Item Charge Amount

Charges related to this service.

D	2110	SVC02	 782 <i>*</i>	142

Line Item Provider Payment Amount

The actual amount paid to the provider for this service line.

D	2110	SVC03	-	782 142
---	------	-------	---	----------------

National Uniform Billing Committee Revenue Code

Code values from the National Uniform Billing Committee Revenue Codes.

D	2110	I SVC04	-	1234	142

Nonpayable Professional Component Amount

Professional fees billed but not payable by payer.

D	2100	MIA19	-	782	122
DΙ	2100	MOA09	-	782	125

Old Capital Amount

The amount for old capital for this claim.

D | 2100 | MIA12 | - | 782 121

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Original Units of Service Count	PPS-Operating Hospital
Original units of service that were submitted by the provider (in days or units).	Specific DRG Amount
D 2110 SVC07 - 380145	Sum of hospital specific operating portion of DRG amount for this claim as output by PPS-PRICER.
Originating Company	D 2100 MIA14 - 782
Supplemental Code	
Number identifying a further subdivision within	Patient Control Number
the entity originating the transaction. H BPR11 - 510	Patient's unique alpha-numeric identification number for this claim assigned by the provider to facilitate retrieval of individual case records and posting of payment.
Other Claim Related Identifier	D 2100 CLP01 - 1028
Code identifying other claim related reference	
numbers.	Patient First Name
D 2100 REF02 - 127127	The first name of the individual to whom the services were provided. D 2100 NM104 - 1036
PPS Operating Outlier Amount	
Prospective Payment System addition to payment rate as excessive costs incurred.	Patient Identifier
D 2100 MIA02 - 380119	Patient identification code
	D 2100 NM109 - 67 104
PPS-Capital DSH DRG Amount	
PPS-capital disproportionate share amount for	Patient Last Name
this claim as output by PPS-PRICER. D 2100 MIA11 - 782	The last name of the individual to whom the services were provided.
7.02	D 2100 NM103 - 1035 103
PPS-Capital Exception Amount	
A per discharge payment exception paid to the	Patient Middle Name
hospital. It is a flat-rate add-on to the PPS payment.	The middle name of the individual to whom the services were provided.
D 2100 MIA24 - 782 122	D 2100 NM105 - 1037 103
PPS-Capital FSP DRG Amount	Patient Name Suffix
PPS-capital federal portion for this claim as	Suffix to the name of the individual to whom the
output by PPS-PRICER. D 2100 MIA09 - 782 120	services were provided. D 2100 NM107 - 1039
7 2100 1111/100 1102	B 2100 110107 11033100
PPS-Capital HSP DRG Amount	Patient Responsibility Amount
Hospital-Specific portion for PPS-capital for this claim as output by PPS-PRICER.	The amount determined to be the patient's responsibility for payment
D 2100 MIA10 - 782 120	D 2100 CLP05 - 782 91
PPS-Capital IME amount	Payee Address Line
PPS-capital indirect medical expenses for this	Payee's claim mailing address for this particular
claim as output by PPS-PRICER. D 2100 MIA13 - 782 121	payee organization identification and claim
D 2100 WIA13 - /02121	office. H 1000B N301 - 166
PPS-Operating Federal Specific	H 1000B N302 - 166
DRG Amount	Parea City Nama
Sum of federal operating portion of the DRG	Payee City Name
amount this claim as output by PPS-PRICER. D 2100 MIA16 - 782121	Name of the city of the payee's claim mailing address for this particular payee ID and claim office.
	Office: H 1000B N401 - 19 75

MAY 2000 E.5

Payee Identification Code Payer Identifier Code identifying the entity to whom payment Number identifying the payer organization. | BPR10 | -|509 49 will be directed. H | 1000B | N104 | - |67......**73** TRN03 | |509 53 H | 1000A | N104 | 67 63 Payee Name **Payer Name** Name identifying the payee organization to whom payment is directed. Name identifying the payer organization. H | 1000A | N102 | - |93......63 H | 1000B | N102 | Payer Postal Zone or ZIP Code Payee Postal Zone or ZIP Code The ZIP Code of the Payer's claim mailing Zip code of the payee's claim mailing address address for this particular payer organization for this particular payee organization identification and claim office. identification and claim office. H | 1000A | N403 | | 116..... 65 H | 1000B | N403 | | 116...... 76 **Payer State Code Payee State Code** State postal code of the pavee's claim mailing State Postal Code of the Payer's claim mailing address for this particular payee organization address for this particular payor organization identification and claim office. identification and claim office. H | 1000B | N402 | 1156 75 H | 1000A | N402 | | 156 **65 Payer Address Line Payment Format Code** Address line of the Payer's claim mailing Type of format chosen to send payment address for this particular payer organization | BPR05 | -|812 **47** identification and claim office. H | 1000A | N301 | -| 166 **64** H | 1000A | N302 | | 166 **64 Payment Method Code** Code identifying the method for the movement of payment instructions. **Payer City Name** I BPR04 I 1591 **46** ΗΙ The City Name of the Payer's claim mailing address for this particular payer ID and claim **Procedure Code** office. H | 1000A | N401 | - |19......65 Code identifying the procedure, product or service. D | 2110 | SVC01 | C003-2 | 234 141 **Payer Claim Control Number** D | 2110 | SVC06 | C003-2 | 234 144 A number assigned by the payer to identify a claim. The number is usually referred to as an Internal Control Number (ICN), Claim Control **Procedure Code Description** Number (CCN) or a Document Control Number Description clarifying the Product/Service Procedure Code and related data elements. D | 2100 | CLP07 | - |127......93 D | 2110 | SVC01 | C003-7 | 352 141 2110 | SVC06 | C003-7 | 352 144 **Payer Contact Communication** Number **Procedure Modifier** This identifies special circumstances related to Complete payer contact communications number, including country or area code when the performance of the service. 2110 | SVC01 | C003-3 | 1339 141 DI applicable. SVC01 | H | 1000A | PER04 | D 2110 C003-4 | 1339 141 1000A | PER06 | 364 71 2110 SVC01 C003-5 | 1339 141 D 2110 SVC01 i C003-6 | 1339 141 DΙ H | 1000A | PER08 | | 364 71 SVC06 | C003-3 | 1339 144 2110 DI D 2110 SVC06 | C003-4 | 1339 144 2110 L SVC06 | C003-5 | 1339 144 **Payer Contact Name** 2110 | SVC06 | C003-6 | 1339 144 Name identifying the payer organization's contact person. H | 1000A | PER02 | - |93......**70**

E.6 MAY 2000

Product or Service ID Qualifier

Code identifying the type/source of the descriptive number used in Product/Service ID (234).

D	2110	SVC01	C003-1	235 140
D	2110	SVC06	C003-1	235 143

Production Date

End date for the adjudication production cycle for the claims in the transmission.

```
H | DTM02 | - |373.....61
```

Provider Adjustment Amount

Provider adjustment amount. The adjustment amount is to the total provider payment and is not related to a specific claim or service.

S	PLB04	-	782 170)
S	PLB06	-	782 170)
S	PLB08	-	782 171	
S	PLB10	-	782 171	
S	PLB12	-	782 172	2
S	PLB14	-	782 172	2

Provider Adjustment Identifier

Unique identifying number for the provider adjustment.

S	PLB03 C042-2	127 170
S	PLB05 C042-2	127 170
S	PLB07 C042-2	127 171
S	PLB09 C042-2	127 171
S	PLB11 C042-2	127 172
S	PLB13 C042-2	127 172

Provider Identifier

Number assigned by the payer, regulatory authority, or other authorized body or agency to identify the provider.

DΙ	2000	TS301	-	127 81
DΙ	2110	REF02	-	127 155
S		PLB01	-	127 165

Quantity Qualifier

Code specifying the type of quantity

DΙ	2100	QTY01	-	673 1	137
D	2110	QTY01	-	673 1	60

Receiver Identifier

Number identifying the organization receiving the payment.

ΗI	I REF02 I	- l127	57

Receiver or Provider Account Number

The receiver's/provider's Bank Account Number into which payment has been or will be deposited according to the previously identified receiving depository financial institution.

```
H | BPR15 | - |508......50
```

Receiver or Provider Bank ID Number

The American Banking Association Identification Number used to identify the receiving depository financial institution or provider's bank within the Federal Reserve System when an EFT is being sent.

ΗI	BPR13	-	507	50

Reference Identification Qualifier

Code qualifying the reference identification

5/	128	-	REF01			Н
58	128	-	REF01			Н
67	128	-	REF01		1000A	Н
77	128	-	REF01		1000B	Н
126	128	-	REF01		2100	D
128	128	-	REF01		2100	D
154	128	-	REF01		2110	D
156	128	-	REF01	-1	2110	D

Reimbursement Rate

Rate used when payment is based upon a percentage of applicable charges.

D	2100	MOA01	-	954	124
---	------	-------	---	-----	-----

Remark Code

Code indicating a code from a specific industry code list, such as the Health Care Claim Status Code list.

2100	MIA05		-	127 120
2100	MIA20		-	127 122
2100	MIA21		-	127 122
2100	MIA22		-	127 122
2100	MIA23		-	127 122
2100	MOA03		-	127 124
2100	MOA04		-	127 124
2100	MOA05		-	127 124
2100	MOA06		-	127 125
2100	MOA07		-	127 125
2110	LQ02		-	1271 163
	2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2100 2100	2100 MIA20 2100 MIA21 2100 MIA22 2100 MIA23 2100 MOA03 2100 MOA04 2100 MOA05 2100 MOA06 2100 MOA07	2100 MIA20 2100 MIA21 2100 MIA22 2100 MIA23 2100 MOA03 2100 MOA04 2100 MOA06 2100 MOA06 2100 MOA07	2100 MIA20 - 2100 MIA21 - 2100 MIA22 - 2100 MIA23 - 2100 MOA03 - 2100 MOA04 - 2100 MOA05 - 2100 MOA06 - 2100 MOA07 -

Rendering Provider First Name

The first name of the provider who performed the service.

_					
ט	2100	NM104	-	1036	.112

Rendering Provider Identifier

The identifier assigned by the Payor to the provider who performed the service.

D	2100	NM109	-	67113
DΙ	2110	I REF02 I	-	127 157

Rendering Provider Last or Organization Name

The last name or organization of the provider who performed the service

```
D | 2100 | NM103 | - |1035......112
```

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Rendering Provider Middle	Subscriber Last Name
Name	The surname of the insured individual or
Middle name of the provider who has provided the services to the patient.	subscriber to the coverage D 2100 NM103 - 1035106
D 2100 NM105 - 1037112	
	Subscriber Middle Name
Rendering Provider Name	The middle name of the subscriber to the
Suffix	indicated coverage or policy. D 2100 NM105 - 1037
Name suffix of the provider who has provided the services to the patient.	
D 2100 NM107 - 1039112	Subscriber Name Suffix
	Suffix of the insured individual or subscriber to
Rendering Provider Secondary	the coverage. D 2100 NM107 - 1039106
Additional identifier for the provider providing	
care to the patient.	Total Actual Provider Payment
D 2100 REF02 - 127129	Amount
	The actual payment to the provider for this
Sender Bank Account Number	batch, transaction, or summary. H
The sender's bank account number at the Originating Depository Financial Institution.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
H BPR09 - 50849	Total Blood Deductible Amount
	Sum of blood deductible fields for this provider
Sender DFI Identifier	for this type of bill summary for this fiscal period.
The Depository Financial Institution (DFI) identification number of the originator of the	D 2000 TS314 - 782 83
transaction.	Total Capital Amount
H BPR07 - 50748	Sum of claim Prospective Payment System
	capital amount fields for this provider for this
Service Date	type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. D 2000 TS205 - 782
Date of service, such as the start date of the service, the end date of the service, or the	
single day date of the service. D 2110 DTM02 -	Total Claim Charge Amount
5 2110 511W02 -	The sum of all charges included within this claim.
Service Supplemental Amount	D 2000 TS305 - 782
Additional amount or charge associated with the	D 2100 CLP03 - 782 91
service. D 2110 AMT02 - 782	
D 2110 7441102	Total Claim Count
Comics Complemental Countity	Total number of claims in this transaction. D 2000 TS304 - 380
Service Supplemental Quantity	
Count Ougstitus of additional items associated with	Total Cainquirance Amount
Quantity of additional items associated with service.	Total Coinsurance Amount
D 2110 QTY02 - 380161	Amount deducted from this transaction, by the payers, from the allowed amount to meet the co-insurance provisions.
Subscriber First Name	D 2000 TS316 - 782 83
The first name of the insured individual or	
subscriber to the coverage	Total Contractual Adjustment
D 2100 NM104 - 1036106	Amount
	Total of contractual adjustments for this provider.
Subscriber Identifier	D 2000 TS311 - 782 82
Insured's or subscriber's unique identification	
number assigned by a payer. D 2100 NM109 - 67 107	

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Total Cost Outlier Amount Total Federal Specific Amount Total of federal-specific DRG amount fields for Sum of outlier amount fields from each claim for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this provider, for this fiscal period. this fiscal period. D | 2000 | TS202 | -| 782 **86** D | 2000 | TS209 | - | 782 **87 Total Gramm-Rudman Total Cost Report Day Count Reduction Amount** Sum of cost report days fields for this provider, Total of Gramm-Rudman reduction fields for this for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. provider, for this type of bill summary, for this D | 2000 | TS212 | - |380......87 fiscal period or for this batch. D | 2000 | TS312 | | 782 **83 Total Covered Charge Amount Total HCPCS Payable Amount** Total covered charges for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. Sum of claim HCPCS payable amount fields for D | 2000 | TS306 | - |782......82 this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. D | 2000 | TS318 | - | 782 **83 Total Covered Day Count** Sum of covered days fields for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. **Total HCPCS Reported Charge** D | 2000 | TS213 | - |380 88 Amount Sum of reported charge fields for the line items billed by this provider, for this type of bill **Total DRG Amount** summary, for this fiscal period. Total of claim level DRG amount fields for this D | 2000 | TS317 | - | 782 83 provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. D | 2000 | TS201 | - |782......**86 Total Hospital Specific Amount** Total hospital-specific DRG amount fields for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for **Total Day Outlier Amount** this fiscal period. Sum of outlier amount and claim Prospective D | 2000 | TS203 | - | 782 86 Payment System capital outlier amount for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. **Total Indirect Medical** D | 2000 | TS208 | - |782......**87 Education Amount** Total of indirect teaching amount fields for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this **Total Deductible Amount** fiscal period. Sum of cash deductible fields for this provider, D | 2000 | TS206 | -| 782 **87** for this batch or for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. D | 2000 | TS319 | - |782......84 **Total Interest Amount** Total of interest included fields for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period **Total Denied Charge Amount** or for this batch. Total denied charges for this transaction. D | 2000 | TS310 | - |782......82 D | 2000 | TS308 | - |782 82 **Total MSP Pass-Through Total Discharge Count** Amount Sum of discharges for this provider for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period. Sum of claim Medicare Secondary Payer pass-through amount fields for this provider for this type of bill summary for this fiscal period for this transmission. **Total Disproportionate Share** D | 2000 | TS215 | - |782 88 Amount Sum of disproportionate share amount fields for **Total MSP Patient Liability Met** this provider, for this type of bill summary, for

Amount

Sum of Medicare secondary payer patient liability met by patients for Medicare secondary payer for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.

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D | 2000 | TS204 | - | 782 **86**

this fiscal period.

D 2000 TS321 - 782 84	Total PPS DSH DRG Amount
	Sum of Prospective Payment System
Total MSP Payer Amount	disproportionate share of DRG amount fields for
Sum of Medicare secondary payer(s) amounts	this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.
for this provider, for this type of bill summary for	D 2000 TS219 - 782 88
this fiscal period. D 2000 TS313 - 782	
D 2000 10010	Total Patient Reimbursement
	Amount
Total Non-Lab Charge Amount	Total of patient refund amount fields for this
Total covered charges minus sum of amounts for revenue codes 300-319.	provider for this type of bill summary, for this
D 2000 TS315 - 782 83	fiscal period.
	D 2000 TS322 - 782 84
Total Noncovered Charge	Total Businessian al Community
Amount	Total Professional Component
This is the sum of non-covered charges for this	Amount
file, transaction, or loop.	Sum of professional component fields for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this
D 2000 TS307 - 782 82	fiscal period.
	D 2000 TS320 - 782 84
Total Noncovered Day Count	
Sum of non-covered days fields for this	Total Provider Payment Amount
provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.	Total payment made to the provider for this
D 2000 TS214 - 38088	transaction. D 2000 TS309 - 782
	D 2000 10009 - 1702
Total Outlier Day Count	Trace Type Code
Sum of outlier days for this provider, for this	Code identifying the type of reassociation which
type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.	needs to be performed.
D 2000 TS207 - 380 87	H TRN01 - 48152
Total DID Adinates and Amount	
Total PIP Adjustment Amount	Transaction Handling Code
Total value of Period Interim Payment adjustment for this provider, for this type of bill	This code designates whether and how the
summary, for this fiscal period.	money and remittance information will be processed.
D 2000 TS324 - 782 84	H BPR01 - 30545
Total PIP Claim Count	Transaction Segment Count
Total number of Periodic Interim Payment	A tally of all segments between the ST and the
claims for this provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.	SE segments including the ST and SE
D 2000 TS323 - 380 84	segments. S
	0
Total PPS Capital FSP DRG	Transaction Set Control
Amount	Number
Sum of Prospective Payment System-capital	The unique identification number within a
federal specific DRG amount fields for this	transaction set.
provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.	H ST02 - 32943
D 2000 TS217 - 782	S SE02 - 329173
	Transaction Cat Identification Calls
Total PPS Capital HSP DRG	Transaction Set Identifier Code
Amount	Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set. H ST01 - 143
Sum of Prospective Payment System-capital	
hospital specific DRG amount fields for this	Unite of Convine Dail Count
provider, for this type of bill summary, for this fiscal period.	Units of Service Paid Count
D 2000 TS218 - 78288	Number of the paid units of service. D 2110 SVC05 - 380142

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Version Identification Code
Revision level of a particular format, program, technique or algorithm H REF02 - 12758
technique or algorithm H REF02 - 12758

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