GZ modifier

"Item or service expected to be denied as not reasonable and necessary." (No signed ABN on file.)				
Description	When to use the GZ modifier	Examples of its use	What happens if you use the GZ modifier?	What happens if you don't use the GZ modifier?
Item or service expected to be denied	When you think a service will be denied because it	When you would have given an	The claim will be reviewed by Medicare like any other claim and	You never need to use the GZ modifier when you
as not reasonable and necessary* and an	does not meet Medicare program standards for	ABN to a patient but could not	may or may not be denied. The carrier will NOT use the presence of	expect Medicare to pay.
advance beneficiary	medically necessary care	because of an	the GZ modifier to influence its	You are always free to elect not to use a GZ modifier.
notice (ABN) was not signed by the	and you did not obtain a signed ABN from the	emergency care situation, e.g., in	determination of Medicare coverage and payment of the service.	
beneficiary.	beneficiary.	an EMTALA covered situation	If Medicare pays the claim, the GZ	The claim will be reviewed by Medicare like any other
These are the so-called "medical	When you gave an ABN to a patient who refused	in an emergency room, or in an	modifier is irrelevant.	claim and may or may not be denied.
necessity" denials.	to sign the ABN and you, nevertheless, did furnish	ambulance transport.	If the claim is denied, the beneficiary generally will not be liable to pay you	NOTE: The GZ modifier is
* The GZ modifier also	the services, use a GZ	·	for the service. However, even	provided for physicians and
may be used with assigned and	modifier on <u>unassigned</u> claims for all physicians'	When a patient was not personally	though the beneficiary is found not liable, if you are also found not liable	suppliers that wish to submit a claim to Medicare,
unassigned claims for	services and DMEPOS;	present at your	with respect to an unassigned claim,	that know that an ABN
DMEPOS where one	and also on <u>assigned</u>	premises and	or an assigned claim denied for one	should have been signed
of the following Part B	claims for which one of	could not be	of the DMEPOS technical denial	but was not, and that do not
"technical denials" may apply:	the DMEPOS technical denials is expected.	reached to timely sign an ABN, e.g.,	reasons specified, you may be allowed to collect from the	want <u>any</u> risk of allegation of fraud or abuse for
Prohibited	derilate to expected.	before a specimen	beneficiary.	claiming services that are
telephone	If you wish to indicate to	is tested.	·	not medically necessary.
solicitation,	the carrier that one of the		Medicare may or may not hold you	By notifying Medicare, by
 no supplier number, 	above situations exists, in your opinion, then you	When you realize too late, only after	liable depending whether you knew that payment would be denied when	the GZ modifier, that you expect Medicare will not
failure to obtain an	may elect to include the	furnishing a	you furnished the service. In cases	cover the service, you can
advance	GZ modifier on your	service, that you	where you gave an ABN to the	greatly reduce the risk of a
determination of	claim.	should have given	patient, or attempted to, but could not	mistaken allegation of fraud
coverage.		the patient an	obtain a beneficiary signature, most	or abuse.
		ABN.	likely Medicare will hold you liable.	