A. ORDER OF HEARING

OVERVIEW:

The hearing begins with the ALJ's opening of the record, continues with the parties' presentation of their cases, and ends with the ALJ's closing of the record.

OBJECTIVE:

To provide a concise list of the different stages of a hearing.

STAGES OF A HEARING:

- a. ALJ opens the record and makes opening remarks.
- b. Appearances by the parties on the record.
- c. Preliminary matters considered if not ruled upon at pre-hearing conference:
 - Motion for sequestration of witnesses;
 - Motion to introduce or admit formal documents;
 - Motion to amend complaint;
 - Motion to amend answer;
 - Motions for sanctions or continuance when Respondent has not complied with subpoena;
- If a subpoena has been complied with, the Trial Attorney may want to note that on the record.
 - Motion for admission of stipulations, joint exhibits or GC exhibits to which there will be no objection; and
 - Discussion of appropriateness of bench decision.
- d. Opening statements by the parties.
- e. GC's case-in-chief consists of:
 - Direct examination of GC's witnesses;
 - Introduction of GC's exhibits;
 - Cross-examination of GC's witnesses (Furnishing of witness' statements to Respondent's counsel, if requested); and
 - Re-direct of GC witnesses.
- f. Respondent's case-in-chief consists of:

- Direct examination of Respondent's witnesses;
- Introduction of Respondent's exhibits;
- Cross-examination of Respondent's witnesses (Furnishing of witness' statements by Respondent's counsel to the Trial Attorney, if requested); and
- Redirect examination of Respondent's witnesses.
- g. Rebuttal Evidence.
- h. Closing Argument (optional).
- i. Closing of Record by ALJ which includes:
 - Setting time for the filing of briefs;
 - Remarks by ALJ regarding matters to be addressed in briefs; and
 - Format of briefs.

Preliminary Matters Order of Hearing

RESERVED