

2001 COMPUTER SECURITY SURVEY**DUE DATE:**RETURN COMPLETED
FORM TO:**U.S. CENSUS BUREAU**
1201 East 10th Street
Jeffersonville, IN 47132-0001

OR

FAX TO:

1-888-300-5192

For assistance, call

1-800-227-1735

Monday through Friday

8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. EDT

OR

E-mail: css@census.gov*(Please correct any errors in name, address and ZIP Code)*

NOTICE OF CONFIDENTIALITY – Your report to the Census Bureau is **confidential** by law (Title 13, Section 9 of the U.S. Code). It may be seen only by persons sworn to uphold the confidentiality of Census Bureau information and used only for statistical purposes from which no firm may be identified. The law also prohibits the sharing of your data with other agencies, exempts the information you provide from requests made under the Freedom of Information Act, and ensures that your responses are immune from legal process, including copies retained in your files.

Please refer to the enclosed instructions before completing the survey.

SURVEY SCOPE – This survey collects data on the type and frequency of computer security incidents in which a computer was used as the means of committing a crime against the company.

REPORTING ENTITY – Report consolidated figures for DOMESTIC OPERATIONS of this company, including all DIVISIONS, SUBSIDIARIES and LOCATIONS. If this company changed its operational status prior to or during the reporting period, see instructions.

REPORTING PERIOD – The reporting period for this survey is calendar year 2001. If 2001 calendar year figures are not available, please use fiscal year 2001 data.

ESTIMATES are acceptable.

I. COMPUTER SECURITY CONCERNS**1. What are the top three computer security concerns for this company? Mark (X) three.**

101

01 Embezzlement02 Fraud03 Theft of proprietary information04 Denial of service (to Internet connection or e-mail service)05 Vandalism or sabotage (electronic)06 Computer virus07 Other intrusion or breach of computer systems08 Misuse of computers by employees (Internet, e-mail, etc.)09 Unlicensed use or copying (piracy) of digital products – software, music, motion pictures, etc. – developed for resale10 Other – *Specify* _____

II. COMPUTER INFRASTRUCTURE AND SECURITY

2a. In 2001, what types of computer networks did this company use? For this survey, "company" means DOMESTIC OPERATIONS, including all DIVISIONS, SUBSIDIARIES and LOCATIONS. *Mark (X) all that apply.*

201

- 01 Local area network (LAN)
 02 Wide area network (WAN)
 03 Process control network (PCN)
 04 Virtual private network (VPN)
 05 Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)
 06 Wireless network (e.g., 802.11)
 07 Internet
 08 Intranet
 09 Extranet
 10 Stand-alone PCs (not on LAN)
 11 Company has no computers – (Skip to 20, page 8.)
 12 Don't know

b. In 2001, how many servers did this company have?

202 Number

c. In 2001, how many individual PCs and workstations did this company have?

203 Number

d. In 2001, which of the following types of access to its networks did this company support? *Mark (X) all that apply.*

204

- 01 Remote dial-in access
 02 Access to networks through Internet
 03 Wireless access to e-mail
 04 Wireless access to Internet
 05 Wireless access to this company's other networks
 06 Publicly accessible website WITHOUT e-commerce capabilities
 07 Publicly accessible website WITH e-commerce capabilities
 08 Other – Specify
 09 None of the above
 10 Don't know

3a. In 2001, what types of computer system security technology did this company use? *Mark (X) all that apply.*

205

- 01 Anti-virus software
 02 Biometrics
 03 Digital certificates
 04 E-mail logs/filters
 05 System administrative logs
 06 Encryption
 07 Firewall
 08 Intrusion detection system
 09 One-time password generators (smartcards, tokens, keys)
 10 Passwords (changed every 30 or 60 days, etc.)
 11 Other – Specify
 12 None; no computer security
 13 Don't know

3b. In 2001, how much did this company spend on the types of computer system security technology identified in 3a?

ESTIMATES are acceptable.
 EXCLUDE personnel costs.

206

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$		

c. What percentage of this company's total 2001 Information Technology budget did this company spend on the types of computer system security technology identified in 3a?

ESTIMATES are acceptable.

Round to nearest whole percent.

207 %

d. In 2001, was the amount this company spent on the types of computer system security technology identified in 3a more, less or about the same compared to the amount spent in 2000? *Mark (X) only one.*

208

- 01 More
 02 Less
 03 About the same/did not change
 04 Don't know

e. In 2001, what computer security services did this company contract out to a third party? *Mark (X) all that apply.*

209

- 01 Evaluation of vulnerability
 02 Intrusion/penetration testing of computer security
 03 Installation of computer security
 04 System administration of computer security
 05 Other – Specify
 06 None; all computer security was done in-house
 07 Don't know

4a. In 2001, what types of computer security practices did this company have? *Mark (X) all that apply.*

210

- 01 Business continuity program for computer systems
 02 Disaster recovery program for computer systems
 03 Corporate policy on computer security
 04 Regular review of system administrative logs
 05 Periodic computer security audits
 06 Formal computer security audit standards
 07 Training employees in computer security practices
 08 Other – Specify
 09 None of the above
 10 Don't know

b. If this company had a computer system business continuity or disaster recovery program, was it tested, used in an emergency situation and/or updated in 2001? *Mark (X) all that apply.*

211

- 01 Tested
 02 Used in emergency situation
 03 Updated
 04 None of the above
 05 Don't know
 06 Not applicable

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III. TYPES OF COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS

The questions in this section pertain to computer security incidents against this company, where the word "incident" refers to any unauthorized access, intrusion, breach, compromise or use of this company's computer systems.

Computer security incidents may be committed by people either inside or outside the company and include embezzlement, fraud, theft of proprietary information, denial of service, vandalism, sabotage, computer virus, etc.

EXCLUDE incidents of unlicensed use or copying (piracy) of digital products – software, music, motion pictures, etc. – developed by this company for resale. These should be reported in Question 18, page 8.

Please do NOT duplicate information. If an incident can be classified under multiple categories, report it under the FIRST applicable category. For example, if proprietary information was stolen or copied by means of computer fraud, report it under fraud and do NOT include it under theft of proprietary information.

ESTIMATES are acceptable.

5. EMBEZZLEMENT

Embezzlement is the unlawful misappropriation of money or other things of value, BY THE PERSON TO WHOM IT WAS ENTRUSTED (typically an employee), for his/her own use or purpose.

INCLUDE instances in which a computer was used to wrongfully transfer, counterfeit, forge or gain access to money, property, financial documents, insurance policies, deeds, use of rental cars, various services, etc., by the person to whom it was entrusted.

a. Did this company detect any incidents in which a computer was used to commit embezzlement against this company in 2001?

301 Yes → How many incidents were detected? 302 Number
02 No – (If "No," skip to 6.)

b. How many of these incidents were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

303 Number

c. For the incidents in 5a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident?

304 Yes → In how many incidents? 305 Number
02 No
03 Don't know

d. What was the dollar value of money or other things taken by embezzlement in 2001?

ESTIMATES are acceptable.

306

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$		

e. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

INCLUDE the cost of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. If possible, include the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents.

307

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$		

6. FRAUD

Fraud is the intentional misrepresentation of information or identity to deceive others, the unlawful use of credit/debit card or ATM, or the use of electronic means to transmit deceptive information, in order to obtain money or other things of value. Fraud may be committed by someone inside or outside the company.

INCLUDE instances in which a computer was used by someone inside or outside the company in order to defraud this company of money, property, financial documents, insurance policies, deeds, use of rental cars, various services, etc., by means of forgery, misrepresented identity, credit card or wire fraud, etc.

EXCLUDE incidents of embezzlement. Report these in 5.

a. Did this company detect any incidents in which someone inside or outside this company used a computer to commit fraud against this company in 2001?

308 Yes → How many incidents were detected? 309 Number
02 No – (If "No," skip to 7, page 4.)

b. How many of these incidents were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

310 Number

c. For the incidents in 6a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident?

311 Yes → In how many incidents? 312 Number
02 No
03 Don't know

d. What was the dollar value of money or other things taken by fraud in 2001?

ESTIMATES are acceptable.

313

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$		

III. TYPES OF COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS - Continued

6. FRAUD - Continued

e. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable. INCLUDE the cost of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. If possible, include the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents.

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
314 \$			

7. THEFT OF PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

Theft of proprietary information is the illegal obtaining of designs, plans, blueprints, codes, computer programs, formulas, recipes, trade secrets, graphics, copyrighted material, data, forms, files, lists, personal or financial information, etc., usually by electronic copying.

EXCLUDE incidents which resulted in embezzlement or fraud. Report these in 5 or 6, page 3.

EXCLUDE incidents of unlicensed use or copying (piracy) of digital products - software, music, motion pictures, etc. - developed by this company for resale. Report these in 18, page 8.

a. Did this company detect any incidents in which someone inside or outside this company used a computer in order to obtain proprietary information from this company in 2001?

315 316
 01 Yes → How many incidents were detected? _____ Number
 02 No - (If "No," skip to 8.)

b. How many of these incidents were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

317 _____ Number

c. For the incidents in 7a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident?

318 319
 01 Yes → In how many incidents? _____ Number
 02 No
 03 Don't know

d. What was the dollar value of proprietary information taken by theft in 2001? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
320 \$			

e. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

INCLUDE the cost of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. If possible, include the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents.

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
321 \$			

8. DENIAL OF SERVICE

Denial of service is the disruption or degradation of an Internet connection or e-mail service that results in an interruption of the normal flow of information. Denial of service is usually caused by ping attacks, port scanning probes, excessive amounts of incoming data, etc.

INCLUDE incidents in which a virus, worm or Trojan horse was the cause of the denial of service.

a. Did this company detect any incidents of denial of service (a noticeable interruption of its Internet connection or e-mail service) in 2001?

322 323
 01 Yes → How many incidents were detected? _____ Number
 02 No - (If "No," skip to 9, page 5.)

b. In 2001, how many of these incidents of denial of service were caused by a virus, worm or Trojan horse?

324 _____ Number

c. How many of these incidents in 8a were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

325 _____ Number

d. For the incidents in 8a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident?

326 327
 01 Yes → In how many incidents? _____ Number
 02 No
 03 Don't know

e. What was the total duration (in hours) of the incidents of denial of service indicated in 8a?

INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs. 328 _____ Hours

f. How many of these incidents of denial of service resulted in the company taking some action to restore the level of service?

329 _____ Number

g. How much was spent in 2001 to recover from these incidents of denial of service? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

INCLUDE the cost - both internal and external - of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents.

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
330 \$			

h. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

INCLUDE the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc.

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
331 \$			

i. How many of the incidents in 8a resulted in recovery costs or other monetary losses and costs reported above?

332 _____ Number

III. TYPES OF COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS - Continued

9. VANDALISM OR SABOTAGE (ELECTRONIC)

Vandalism or sabotage (electronic) is the deliberate or malicious damage, defacement, destruction or other alteration of electronic files, data, web pages, programs, etc.

INCLUDE incidents of destructive viruses, worms, Trojan horses, etc.

EXCLUDE incidents of alteration which resulted in fraud. Report these in 6, page 3.

a. Did this company detect any incidents in which files, data, web pages or any part of its computer systems were electronically vandalized or sabotaged in 2001?

333 334 Number
 01 Yes → How many incidents were detected?
 02 No - (If "No," skip to 10.)

b. How many of these incidents of vandalism or sabotage were caused by a destructive virus, worm or Trojan horse?

335 Number

c. How many of these incidents in 9a were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

336 Number

d. For the incidents in 9a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident? EXCLUDE incidents in which an employee inadvertently executed a virus.

337 338 Number
 01 Yes → In how many incidents?
 02 No
 03 Don't know

e. How many of these incidents of vandalism or sabotage in 9a resulted in the downtime of this company's servers, routers, switches, individual PCs/workstations or websites? INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs.

339 Number

f. What was the total downtime (in hours) of each of the following due to these acts of vandalism or sabotage? INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs.

1) Downtime of company websites/web servers 340 Hours

2) Downtime of servers, routers or switches
 EXCLUDE downtime of websites/web servers. 341 Hours

3) Downtime of individual PCs/workstations
 EXCLUDE network-wide downtime reported above. 342 Hours

g. How much was spent in 2001 to recover from these incidents of vandalism or sabotage? ESTIMATES are acceptable. INCLUDE the cost - both internal and external - of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents.

343

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

9. VANDALISM OR SABOTAGE (ELECTRONIC) - Continued

h. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable. INCLUDE actual losses such as the value of lost information. INCLUDE the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc.

344

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

i. How many of the incidents in 9a resulted in recovery costs or other monetary losses and costs reported above?

345 Number

10. COMPUTER VIRUS

A computer virus is a hidden fragment of computer code which propagates by inserting itself into or modifying other programs.

INCLUDE viruses, worms, Trojan horses, etc.

EXCLUDE incidents in which viruses caused excessive amounts of incoming data, resulting in denial of service. Report these in 8, page 4.

EXCLUDE incidents of destructive viruses, worms, Trojan horses, etc. Report these in 9.

a. Did this company detect any viruses which infected any part of its computer systems in 2001? EXCLUDE viruses already reported in this survey.

700 701 Number
 01 Yes - How many incidents were detected?
 Count each different virus as one incident.
 02 No - (If "No," skip to 11, page 6.)

b. What was the total number of machines (servers, routers, switches, individual PCs/workstations, etc.) infected by these computer viruses?

702 Number

c. How many of these incidents were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center.

349 Number

d. For the incidents in 10b, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident? EXCLUDE incidents in which an employee inadvertently executed a virus.

350 351 Number
 01 Yes → In how many incidents?
 02 No
 03 Don't know

III. TYPES OF COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS – Continued

10. COMPUTER VIRUS – Continued

e. What was the total downtime (in hours) for each of the following due to these virus infections?

INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs.

1) Downtime of servers, routers or switches 354 Hours

2) Downtime of individual PCs/workstations
EXCLUDE network-wide downtime reported above. 355 Hours

f. What was the total number of person-hours spent by technical support staff to recover from these computer viruses? 703 Hours

g. How much was spent in 2001 to recover from these computer viruses? ESTIMATES are acceptable.
INCLUDE the cost – both internal and external – of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc.
EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents. 356

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

h. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.
INCLUDE actual losses such as the value of lost information. INCLUDE the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. 357

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

i. How many of the incidents in 10b resulted in recovery costs or other monetary losses and costs reported above? 358 Number

11. OTHER COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS

INCLUDE all other intrusions, breaches and compromises of this company's computer systems (such as hacking or sniffing) regardless of whether or not damage or loss were sustained as a result.

EXCLUDE incidents already reported in this survey.

a. Did this company detect any other computer security incidents in 2001? 359 360 Number

01 Yes → How many incidents were detected? Number

02 No – (If "No," skip to 12, page 7.)

11. OTHER COMPUTER SECURITY INCIDENTS – Continued

b. Please briefly describe these computer security incidents.

361

c. How many of these incidents were reported to law enforcement, FedCIRC, ISAC or CERT? INCLUDE incidents reported to local, State or Federal law enforcement, the Federal Computer Incident Response Center, the Information Sharing and Analysis Center or the CERT® Coordination Center. 362 Number

d. For the incidents in 11a, were any of the suspected offenders employed by this company at the time of the incident? 363

01 Yes → In how many incidents? 364 Number

02 No

03 Don't know

e. How many of the other computer security incidents in 11a resulted in the downtime of this company's servers, routers, switches, individual PCs/workstations or websites? INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs. 365 Number

f. What was the total downtime (in hours) of each of the following due to these other computer security incidents? INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs.

1) Downtime of company websites/web servers 366 Hours

2) Downtime of servers, routers or switches
EXCLUDE downtime of websites/web servers. 367 Hours

3) Downtime of individual PCs/workstations
EXCLUDE network-wide downtime reported above. 368 Hours

g. How much was spent in 2001 to recover from these other computer security incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.
INCLUDE the cost – both internal and external – of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc.
EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents. 369

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

h. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to these incidents? ESTIMATES are acceptable.
INCLUDE actual losses such as the value of lost information. INCLUDE the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. 370

	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

i. How many of the incidents in 11a resulted in recovery costs or other monetary losses and costs reported above? 371 Number

IV. SPECIFIC INCIDENT INFORMATION

For Questions 12-15, please report for the single most significant computer security incident for this company in 2001. If there were multiple similar incidents, choose ONE representative incident.

12. For the incidents reported in this survey, in what month did this company's single most significant computer security incident occur? 401 [] Month

13a. Which of this company's computer networks were affected in this particular incident? Mark (X) all that apply.

- 01 [] Local area network (LAN) 10 [] Extranet
02 [] Wide area network (WAN) 11 [] Individual workstation (on LAN)
03 [] Process control network (PCN) 12 [] Stand-alone PC (not on LAN)
04 [] Virtual private network (VPN) 13 [] Other - Specify []
05 [] Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) 14 [] Don't know
06 [] Wireless network (e.g., 802.11) []
07 [] E-mail system
08 [] Internet 15 [] Not applicable
09 [] Intranet

b. Which of the following were used to access this company's networks in this particular incident? Mark (X) all that apply.

- 01 [] Hard-wired communications lines
02 [] Remote dial-in access
03 [] Access to networks through Internet
04 [] Wireless access to e-mail
05 [] Wireless access to Internet
06 [] Wireless access to this company's other networks
07 [] Publicly accessible website WITHOUT e-commerce capabilities
08 [] Publicly accessible website WITH e-commerce capabilities
09 [] Other - Specify []
10 [] None of the above
11 [] Don't know
12 [] Not applicable

c. If this particular incident resulted in any downtime, what was the total duration (in hours) of each of the following? INCLUDE downtime needed for repairs.

- 1) Denial of service (to Internet connection or e-mail services) 404 [] Hours
2) Downtime of company websites/web servers 405 [] Hours
3) Downtime of servers, routers or switches EXCLUDE downtime of websites/web servers. 406 [] Hours
4) Downtime of individual PCs/workstations EXCLUDE network-wide downtime reported above. 407 [] Hours

d. How much was spent in 2001 to recover from this particular incident? ESTIMATES are acceptable.

INCLUDE the cost - both internal and external - of diagnosis, repair and replacement such as labor, hardware, software, etc. EXCLUDE costs associated solely with the prevention of future incidents. 408 \$ [] Mil. [] Thou. [] Dol.

e. In this particular incident, what was the dollar value of money or other things taken or lost (by embezzlement, fraud, theft, vandalism, sabotage, etc.)? ESTIMATES are acceptable. 409 \$ [] Mil. [] Thou. [] Dol.

13f. What other monetary losses and costs were incurred in 2001 due to this incident? ESTIMATES are acceptable. INCLUDE the estimated value of downtime, lost productivity, income from lost sales, labor or fees for legal or investigative work, etc. 410 \$ [] Mil. [] Thou. [] Dol.

g. Which of the following types describes this particular incident? Mark (X) only one.

- 01 [] Embezzlement 06 [] Computer virus
02 [] Fraud 07 [] Other computer security incident - Specify []
03 [] Theft of proprietary information
04 [] Denial of service (to Internet connection or e-mail service) []
05 [] Vandalism or sabotage (electronic) 08 [] Not applicable

14a. To which of the following organizations was this incident reported? Mark (X) all that apply.

- 01 [] Local law enforcement
02 [] State law enforcement
03 [] FBI (Federal Bureau of Investigation)
04 [] FedCIRC (Federal Computer Incident Response Center)
05 [] Other government agency - Specify []
06 [] ISAC (Information Sharing and Analysis Center)
07 [] CERT® Coordination Center
08 [] None of the above

b. If this incident was not reported to any of the organizations listed in 14a, what were the reasons? Mark (X) all that apply.

- 01 [] Negative publicity
02 [] Lower customer/client/investor confidence
03 [] Competitor advantage
04 [] Incident outside jurisdiction of law enforcement
05 [] Reported elsewhere - Specify []
06 [] Did not want data/hardware seized as evidence
07 [] Did not know who to contact
08 [] Did not think to report
09 [] Nothing to be gained/nothing worth pursuing
10 [] Other - Specify []

15. What was the relationship between the suspected offender and this company at the time of this particular incident? Mark (X) only one.

If there were multiple offenders, answer for the one viewed as the principal offender.

- 01 [] Current employee, contractor, temporary worker, etc.
02 [] Former employee, contractor, temporary worker, etc.
03 [] Domestic competitor []
04 [] Foreign competitor - Specify country []
05 [] Foreign hacker - Specify country []
06 [] Hacker (no known association with this company)
07 [] Other - Specify []
08 [] Don't know

V. OTHER TRENDS IN COMPUTER SECURITY

16. In 2001, was the overall number of computer security incidents detected by this company more, less or about the same compared to the number detected in 2000?

Mark (X) only one.

501

- 01 More
- 02 Less
- 03 About the same/did not change
- 04 Don't know

17. In 2001, did this company have a separate insurance policy or rider to cover losses due specifically to computer security breaches?

502

- 01 Yes
- 02 No
- 03 Don't know

18a. In 2001, which of the following types of digital products did this company develop for resale? Mark (X) all that apply.

503

- 01 Software
- 02 Music
- 03 Motion pictures
- 04 Other - Specify _____
- 05 None; company did not produce digital products for resale in 2001 - (If "None," skip to 19a.)

b. In 2001, did this company experience any unlicensed use or copying (piracy) of digital products which it developed for resale?

504

- 01 Yes
- 02 No - (Skip to 19a.)
- 03 Don't know - (Skip to 19a.)

c. What was the estimated revenue lost in 2001 due to this unlicensed use or copying?

505

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$		

VI. COMPANY INFORMATION

19a. In 2001, which of the following Internet services, if any, did this company provide? Mark (X) all that apply.

601

- 01 Internet Service Provider (ISP)
- 02 Web Search Portal
- 03 Internet Publishing
- 04 Internet Broadcasting
- 05 None of the above - (Skip to 20.)

b. In 2001, which of the following Internet services, if any, was the PRIMARY business activity for this company?

Mark (X) only one.

602

- 01 Internet Service Provider (ISP)
- 02 Web Search Portal
- 03 Internet Publishing
- 04 Internet Broadcasting
- 05 None of the above

VI. COMPANY INFORMATION - Continued

20. What were the total sales, receipts and operating revenue for this company in 2001? ESTIMATES

are acceptable.

603

Bil.	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
\$			

21. What was the total number of employees on this company's payroll for the pay period which includes March 12, 2001? Estimates are acceptable.

Count EACH part-time employee as one.

EXCLUDE contractors, leased and temporary employees.

604

	Number
--	--------

22. Does the information reported in this survey cover the calendar year 2001?

605

- 01 Yes
- 02 No - Specify period covered:

FROM	Month	Year	TO	Month	Year
606		/	607		/

23. What was this company's operational status at the end of 2001? Mark (X) only one.

608

- 01 In operation
- 02 Under construction, development or exploration
- 03 Temporary or seasonally inactive
- 04 Ceased operation
- 05 Sold to another operator

Month Year

	/
--	---

Successor company (if sold):

Company Name		
Street address		
City	State	Zip code

CONTACT INFORMATION

Person to contact regarding this report:

Name	
Title	
Telephone number	Extension
()	
Fax number	
()	
E-mail address	

Please make a copy of this form for your records.

Use a separate sheet of paper for any explanations that may be essential in understanding your reported data.