27

Tobacco Use

Tobacco Use in Population Groups

27-1	Adult tobacco use
27-1a	Cigarette smoking
27-1b	Spit tobacco
27-1c	Cigars
27-1d	Other products
27-2	Adolescent tobacco use
27-2a	Tobacco products
27-2b	Cigarettes
27-2c	Spit tobacco
27-2d	Cigars
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27-4	Age at first tobacco use
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Cessation and Treatment

27-5	Smoking cessation by adults
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Exposure to Secondhand Smoke

27-9	Exposure to tobacco smoke at home among children
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27-13	Smoke-free indoor air laws				
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Casial	land Franciscomental Channes				
Social	l and Environmental Changes				
27-14	Enforcement of illegal tobacco sales to minors laws				
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27-16	Tobacco advertising and promotion targeting adolescents and young				
	adults				
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27-21a

27-21b

Cigarettes

Spit tobacco

Tobacco Use in Population Groups

27-1. Reduce tobacco use by adults.

27-1a. Cigarette smoking.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

(BRFSS), CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.4 (Tobacco) (also 15.12 and 16.6), age adjusted to

the 2000 standard population.

Leading Health

Indicator

Tobacco Use.

Measure Percent (age adjusted—see Comments).

Baseline 24 (1998).

Numerator Number of adults aged 18 years and older who have

smoked at least 100 cigarettes in lifetime and who now report smoking cigarettes everyday or some

days.

Denominator Number of adults aged 18 years and older.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1998 National Health Interview Survey:

Have you smoked at least 100 cigarettes in your entire life?

[If yes:]

 Do you now smoke cigarettes everyday, some days, or not at all?

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments Persons are considered as using cigarettes if they

report that they smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now report smoking cigarettes

everyday or some days.

Starting in 1992, NHIS has defined current smokers as persons who have smoked at least 100 cigarettes and now smoke either everyday or some days. The 1992 inclusion of intermittent smoking increased the prevalence of smoking by approximately one percent compared with estimates derived from the previous smoking definition.

For State data, 1996 and later questions from the BRFSS are the same as those presented for 1998 NHIS.

Data are age adjusted to the 2000 standard population. Age-adjusted percents are weighted sums of age-specific percents. For a discussion on age adjustment, see Part A, section 5.

This objective is one of the measures used to track the Tobacco Use Leading Health Indicator. See Appendix H for a complete listing.

See Part C for a description of NHIS and BRFSS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-1b. Spit tobacco.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

(BRFSS), CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Measure Percent (age adjusted—see Comments).

Baseline 2.6 (1998).

Numerator Number of adults 18 years and older who report

using snuff or chewing tobacco at least 20 times in their lifetime and now use it everyday or some days.

Denominator Number of adults aged 18 years and older.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1998 National Health Interview Survey:

Have you used snuff such as Skoal, Skoal Bandits, or Copenhagen at least 20 times in your entire life?

[If yes:]

- Do you now use snuff everyday, some days, or not at all?
- Have you ever used chewing tobacco such as Redman, Levi Garrett, or Beechnut at least 20 times in your entire life?

[If yes:]

 Do you now use chewing tobacco everyday, some days, or not at all?

Expected Periodicity

Periodic.

Comments

Persons are classified as using either snuff or chewing tobacco if they answer "yes" to either use of snuff <u>or</u> use of chewing tobacco, <u>and</u> they report using the snuff or chewing tobacco "everyday" or "some days."

For State data, the 1998 BRFSS (Optional Module) contains questions similar, but not identical, to NHIS questions.

Data are age adjusted to the 2000 standard population. Age-adjusted percents are weighted sums of age-specific percents. For a discussion on age adjustment, see Part A, section 5.

See Part C for a description of NHIS and BRFSS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.



27-1c. Cigars.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified—see Comments.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Measure Percent (age adjusted—see Comments).

Baseline 2.5 (1998).

Numerator Number of adults 18 years and older who report

having smoked at least 50 cigars in lifetime and now

smoke cigars everyday or some days.

Denominator

Number of adults aged 18 years and older.

Population Targeted

U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1998 National Health Interview Survey:

> Have you ever smoked cigars?

[If yes:]

- Have you smoked at least 50 cigars in your entire life?
- Do you now smoke cigars everyday, some days, or not at all?

Expected Periodicity

Periodic.

Comments

Persons are classified as smoking cigars if they answer "yes" to smoking 50 cigars in their lifetime, and report smoking cigars "everyday" or "some days."

For State data, questions on cigar smoking for the 2001 BRFSS (Optional Module) are proposed. They are not identical to the NHIS questions.

Data are age adjusted to the 2000 standard population. Age-adjusted percents are weighted sums of age-specific percents. For a discussion on age adjustment, see Part A, section 5.

See Part C for a description of NHIS and BRFSS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.



27-1d. (Developmental) Other products.

Comments

An operational definition could not be specified at the time of publication.

Other products are expected to include pipes, bidis, and possibly other herbal cigarettes. The proposed national data source is the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC, NCHS, and the proposed State data source is the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), CDC, NCCDPHP.

The 1998 NHIS asked the following questions to obtain pipe smoking data: Have you ever smoked pipes? (If yes,) Have you smoked at least 50 pipes in your entire life? Do you now smoke pipes everyday, some days, or not at all?

See Part C for a description of NHIS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-2. Reduce tobacco use by adolescents.

27-2a. Tobacco products (past month).

National Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.9 (Tobacco) (also 13.17) and 4.6 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and Other Drugs) (also

3.20).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 40 (1999).

Numerator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who

report using cigarettes, spit tobacco, or cigars on 1 or

more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

Denominator Number of students in grades 9 through 12.

Population Targeted Students in grades 9 through 12.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance

System:

During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes?

- During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use chewing tobacco or snuff, such as Redman, Levi Garrett, Beechnut, Skoal, Skoal Bandits, or Copenhagen?
- During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke any cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars?

Expected Periodicity

Biennial.

Comments

Students are classified as using tobacco if they report using at least one of the tobacco products on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objectives 3.9 and 4.6 in two ways. For the Healthy People 2000 objectives, the national data source was the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA), SAMHSA, and the targeted age group was 12 to 17 years.

See Part C for a description of YRBSS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.



27-2b. Cigarettes (past month).

National Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 4.6 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and

Other Drugs) (also 3.20).

Leading Health

Indicator

Tobacco Use.

Measure Percent.

Baseline 35 (1999).

Numerator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who

reported having smoked cigarettes on 1 or more of

the 30 days preceding the survey.

Denominator Number of students in grades 9 through 12.

Population Targeted Students in grades 9 through 12.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Survey:

During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes?

Expected Periodicity

Biennial.

Comments

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objective 4.6 in two ways. For the Healthy People 2000 objective, the national data source was the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA), SAMHSA, and the targeted age group was 12 to 17 years.

This objective is one of the measures used to track the Tobacco Use Leading Health Indicator. See Appendix H for a complete listing.

See Part C for a description of YRBSS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-2c. Spit tobacco (past month).

National Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.9 (Tobacco) (also 13.17).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 8 (1999).

Numerator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who

reported having used smokeless (chewing tobacco or snuff) tobacco on 1 or more of the 30 days

preceding the survey.

Denominator Number of students in grades 9 through 12.

Population Targeted Students in grades 9 through 12.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance

System:

During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use chewing tobacco or snuff, such as Redman, Levi Garrett, Beechnut, Skoal, Skoal Bandits, or Copenhagen?

Expected Periodicity Biennial.

Comments This objective differs from Healthy People 2000

objective 3.9 in two ways. For the Healthy People 2000 objective, the national data source was the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA), SAMHSA, and the targeted age group

was 12 to 17 years.

See Part C for a description of YRBSS and Appendix

A for focus area contact information.

*** * ***

27-2d. Cigars (past month).

National Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Measure Percent.

Baseline 18 (1999).

Numerator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who

reported having smoked cigars on 1 or more of the

30 days preceding the survey.

Denominator Number of students in grades 9 through 12.

Population Targeted Students in grades 9 through 12.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance

System:

During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke any cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars?

Expected Periodicity Biennial.

Comments See Part C for a description of YRBSS and Appendix

A for focus area contact information.

27-3. (Developmental) Reduce the initiation of tobacco use among children and adolescents.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication. A proposed data source is the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse

(NHSDA), SAMHSA.

This objective is modified from Healthy People 2000

objective 3.5 (Tobacco).

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-4. Increase the average age of first use of tobacco products by adolescents and young adults.

27-4a. Adolescents aged 12 to 17 years.

National Data Source National Household Survey on Drug Abuse

(NHSDA), SAMHSA.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

4.5 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and Other Drugs)

(also 3.19).

Measure Mean.

Baseline 12 (1997).

Numerator Sum of the ages of first cigarette use of adolescents

aged 12 to 17 years who ever smoked, including those who ever smoked one or two puffs in their

lifetime.

Denominator Number of adolescents aged 12 to 17 years who

ever smoked, including those who ever smoked one

or two puffs in their lifetime.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1997 National Household Survey on Drug

Abuse:

> How old were you the first time you smoked a cigarette, even one or two puffs?

The first time I smoked a cigarette I was _____ years

old.

I have never smoked a cigarette in my life.

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments See Part C for a description of NHSDA and

Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-4b. Young adults aged 18 to 25 years.

National Data Source National Household Survey on Drug Abuse

(NHSDA), SAMHSA.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 4.5 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and

Other Drugs) (also 3.19).

Measure Mean.

Baseline 15 (1997).

Numerator Sum of the ages of first cigarette use of young adults

aged 18 to 25 years who ever smoked, including those who ever smoked one or two puffs in their

lifetime.

Denominator Number of young adults aged 18 to 25 years who

ever smoked cigarettes, including those who ever

smoked one or two puffs in their lifetime.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

See Questions Used To Obtain the National Data

provided with objective 27-4a.

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments This objective differs from Healthy People 2000

objective 4.5, which did not target the age group of

18 to 25 years.

See Part C for a description of NHSDA and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

Cessation and Treatment

27-5. Increase smoking cessation attempts by adult smokers.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.6 (Tobacco).

Measure Percent (age adjusted—see Comments).

Baseline 41 (1998).

Numerator Number of current, everyday cigarette smokers aged

18 years and older who quit smoking for 1 day or longer during the 12 months prior to the interview.

Denominator Number of adults in the survey population aged 18

years and older who are current, everyday cigarette

smokers.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1998 National Health Interview Survey:

Have you smoked at least 100 cigarettes in your entire life?

[If yes:]

 Do you now smoke cigarettes everyday, some days, or not at all?

[If yes:]

During the past 12 months, have you stopped smoking for 1 day or longer BECAUSE YOU WERE TRYING TO QUIT SMOKING?

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments Adults are classified as current smokers if they report

currently smoking cigarettes "everyday" or "some

days."

This objective is measured differently than Healthy People 2000 objective 3.6. For objective 3.6, the question asked, "During the past 12 months, have you quit smoking for 1 day or longer?" Beginning in 1997, the question on quitting smoking was modified by adding "because you were trying to quit smoking," and may affect trends.

Data are age adjusted to the 2000 standard population. Age-adjusted percents are weighted sums of age-specific percents. For a discussion on age adjustment, see Part A, section 5.

See Part C for a description of NHIS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-6. Increase smoking cessation during pregnancy.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.7 (Tobacco).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 14 (1998).

Numerator Number of females aged 18 to 49 years who

reported having a live birth in the past 5 years and smoking at any time during their pregnancy with their last child and who quit smoking in their first trimester

and stayed off cigarettes for the rest of their

pregnancy.

Denominator Number of females aged 18 to 49 years who

reported having a live birth in the past 5 years and smoking at any time during their pregnancy with their

last child.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1998 National Health Interview Survey:

(Has/have) (you/<u>Person</u>) given birth to a liveborn infant in the past 5 years?

[If yes:]

 Were you smoking cigarettes when you became pregnant with your last child?

[If yes:]

 Did you smoke cigarettes at any time during your pregnancy with your last child?

[If yes:]

 Did you quit smoking for 7 days or longer during your pregnancy with your last child?

[If yes:]

- In what month of your pregnancy did you first quit for 7 days or longer?
- Did you start smoking again during that pregnancy or did you stay off cigarettes for the rest of the pregnancy?

Expected Periodicity

Periodic.

Comments

Females classified as smoking during pregnancy and quitting are those who answered "Yes" to smoking at any time during their pregnancy with their last child, "Yes" to quitting smoking for 7 days or longer, reported that the month they quit was the first through the third, and answered "No" to starting smoking again during the pregnancy.

This objective is measured differently than Healthy People 2000 objective 3.7. For objective 3.7, the numerator was the number of females who quit smoking for 7 days or longer during their most recent pregnancy in the past 5 years. Quitting in the first trimester was not measured. Healthy People 2010 objective 27-6 specifies quitting in the first trimester (months 1 through 3), and adds a specific question about smoking cigarettes at any time during pregnancy with the last child.

See Part C for a description of NHIS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

*** * ***

27-7. Increase tobacco use cessation attempts among adolescent smokers.

National Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS),

CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Measure Percent.

Baseline 76 (1999).

Numerator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who ever

smoked at least one cigarette everyday for 30 days

and ever tried to guit smoking cigarettes.

Denominator Number of students in grades 9 through 12 who ever

smoked at least one cigarette everyday for 30 days.

Population Targeted Students in grades 9 through 12.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance

System:

Have you ever tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs?

[If yes:]

During the past 30 days, on how many days
did you amake aircrettee?

did you smoke cigarettes?

0 days 1 or 2 days 3 to 5 days 6 to 9 days 10 to 19 days 20 to 29 days All 30 days

Have you ever tried to quit smoking cigarettes?

Expected Periodicity Biennial.

Comments See Part C for a description of YRBSS and Appendix

A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-8. Increase insurance coverage of evidence-based treatment for nicotine dependency.

27-8a. Managed care organizations.

National Data Source Addressing Tobacco in Managed Care: 1997–98

Health Plan Survey (ATMC), Robert Wood Johnson

Foundation.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.24 (Tobacco).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 75 (1997–98).

Numerator Number of managed care organizations with health

plans that partially or fully covered one or more

smoking cessation interventions.

Denominator Number of managed care organizations.

Population Targeted Managed care organizations.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the Addressing Tobacco in Managed Care: 1997–98 Health Plan Survey:

> Which of the following cessation interventions are available in your plan and which are included in your

plan's formulary?

Nicotine Replacement therapy:

Over-the-counter Prescription

Only w/ enrollment in cessation program

Bupropion (for example, Zyban)

Telephone counseling Face-to-face counseling Classes or group meeting

Self-help materials

[Response categories: mark all that apply:]

Unavailable; Full coverage; Partial coverage; In formulary

Expected Periodicity Periodic.

Comments The ATMC survey will not be repeated. However, the

American Association of Health Plans will be

surveying managed care organizations annually, with selected tobacco-related questions every 2 or 3

years.

This objective is measured by a different data source than Healthy People 2000 objective 3.24, which had no updates to the 1985 baseline during the decade.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-8b. Medicaid programs in States and the District of Columbia.

National Data Source Health Policy Tracking Service, National Conference

of State Legislators.

State Data Source Health Policy Tracking Service, National Conference

of State Legislators.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.24 (Tobacco).

Measure Number.

Baseline 24 (1998).

Numerator Number of Medicaid programs in States and the

District of Columbia that cover smoking cessation

services, including counseling and nicotine

replacement therapies.

Denominator Number of Medicaid programs in States and the

District of Columbia.

Questions Used To

Obtain the National

Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Periodic.

Comments See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-8c. (Developmental) All insurance.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication.

This objective is modified from Healthy People

objective 3.24 (Tobacco).

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke

27-9. Reduce the proportion of children who are regularly exposed to tobacco smoke at home.

National Data Source National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), CDC,

NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.8 (Tobacco).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 27 (1994).

Numerator Number of children aged 6 years and under living in

households where a household resident smoked

inside the home at least 4 days a week.

Denominator Number of households with children aged 6 years

and under.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1994 National Health Interview Survey:

Does ANYONE who lives here smoke cigarettes, cigars, or pipes ANYWHERE INSIDE this home?

On the average, about how many days per week do people who live here smoke ANYWHERE INSIDE this

home?

Expected Periodicity Periodic.

Comments Only households with children aged 6 years and

under are used in the calculation.

The first update for this objective will not be comparable to the baseline. In the 1998 NHIS questionnaire, the wording of the second question in the two-question series was changed to: On the average, about how many DAYS PER WEEK is there smoking ANYWHERE INSIDE this home?

See Part C for a description of NHIS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

« « «

27-10. Reduce the proportion of nonsmokers exposed to environmental tobacco smoke.

National Data Source National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

(NHANES), CDC, NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Leading Health

Indicator

Environmental Quality.

Measure Percent (age adjusted—see Comments).

Baseline 65 (1988–94).

Numerator Number of nonsmokers aged 4 years and older who

had a serum cotinine level above 0.10 ng/mL.

Denominator Number of nonsmokers aged 4 years and older.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1988–94 National Health and Nutrition

Examination Survey:

[For ages 8 years and older:]

How many cigarettes have you smoked in the past 5 days?

How many pipes and how many cigars have you smoked in the past 5 days?

How many containers of chewing tobacco or snuff have you used in the past 5 days? How many pieces of nicotine gum have you chewed in the past 5 days? (Nicotine gum is a sugar-free flavored chewing gum prescribed by a doctor to help people stop smoking or chewing tobacco.)

Expected Periodicity

Annual, beginning with 1999 data.

Comments

Children aged 4 to 7 years are classified as nonsmokers. Children aged 8 years and older are classified as nonsmokers if the responses to all four types of nicotine exposure were "0" or "None." Only responses to the questions asked of persons who participated in the examination component of the survey were used, so that serum levels of cotinine could be available for analysis.

Data are age adjusted to the 2000 standard population. Age-adjusted percents are weighted sums of age-specific percents. For a discussion on age adjustment, see Part A, section 5.

This objective is one of the measures used to track the Environmental Quality Leading Health Indicator. See Appendix H for a complete listing.

See Part C for a description of NHANES and Appendix A for focus area contact information.



27-11. Increase smoke-free and tobacco-free environments in schools, including all school facilities, property, vehicles, and school events.

National Data Source School Health Policies and Programs Study

(SHPPS), CDC, NCCDPHP.

State Data Source School Health Policies and Programs Study

(SHPPS), CDC, NCCDPHP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.10 (Tobacco).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 37 (1994).

Numerator Number of junior high, middle, and senior high

schools that reported that no smoking or no smokeless tobacco use was allowed by students, staff, or visitors on school facilities, property,

vehicles, and school events.

Denominator Number of junior high, middle, and senior high

schools.

Population Targeted Public and private junior high, middle, and senior

high schools.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1994 School Health Policies and Programs Study:

Handcard #1:

School building School grounds School-sponsored events off-campus School vehicles

[Show Handcard #1]

I'm going to ask you a series of questions about student smoking policies. By smoking, I mean all forms of smoking tobacco, including cigarettes, pipes, and cigars. Looking at <u>Handcard #1</u>, are students permitted to smoke in any of these places during regular school hours?

[If yes:]

- Where are students permitted to smoke during regular school hours?
- Are students permitted to smoke in any of these places during <u>non-school hours</u>?

[Show Handcard #1]

I'm going to ask you the same series of questions about <u>student smokeless tobacco use policies</u>. By smokeless tobacco, I mean snuff or chewing tobacco. Looking at <u>Handcard #1</u>, are students permitted to use smokeless tobacco in any of these places during <u>regular school hours</u>?

[If yes:]

- Where are students permitted to use smokeless tobacco during regular school hours?
- Are students permitted to use smokeless tobacco in any of these places during <u>non-school hours</u>?

[Show Handcard #1]

Looking at <u>Handcard #1</u>, are school staff permitted to smoke in any of these places during <u>regular school</u> hours?

[If yes:]

- Where are school staff permitted to smoke during regular school hours?
- Are school staff permitted to smoke in any of these places during <u>non-school hours</u>?

[Show Handcard #1]

Looking at <u>Handcard #1</u>, are school staff permitted to use smokeless tobacco in any of these places during regular school hours?

[If yes:]

- Where are school staff permitted to use smokeless tobacco during regular school hours?
- Are school staff permitted to use smokeless tobacco in any of these places during <u>non-</u> school hours?
- Do your smoking and smokeless tobacco policies apply to <u>visitors</u> at your school?

No

Yes, smoking policies apply Yes, smokeless tobacco policies apply

Expected Periodicity

Periodic.

Comments

SHPPS 2000 tobacco use prevention questions, which will provide the first update for this objective, are different from those used in the 1994 SHPPS. The updated questions, summarized, will include:

- Has this school adopted a policy prohibiting [cigarette smoking/cigar and pipe smoking/smokeless tobacco use] by [students/faculty and staff/school visitors]?
- Does that policy specifically prohibit [cigarette smoking/smokeless tobacco use] by [students/faculty and staff/school visitors]...

In school buildings?
Outside, on school grounds?
In school buses or other vehicles used to transport students?
At off-campus, school-sponsored events?

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.10, which not only tracked school districts providing tobacco-free environments, but also the proportion of school districts providing antismoking education. This objective focuses on smoke- and tobacco-free environments only.

See Part C for a description of SHPPS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-12. Increase the proportion of worksites with formal smoking policies that prohibit smoking or limit it to separately ventilated areas.

National Data Sources 1999 National Worksite Health Promotion Survey (NWHPS), Association for Worksite Health

Promotion (AWHP) and OPHS, ODPHP.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.11 (Tobacco) (also 10.18).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 79 (1998–99).

Numerator Number of nongovernmental worksites with 50 or

more employees that have a formal smoking policy that prohibits or severely restricts smoking at the

worksite or on the job.

Denominator Number of nongovernmental worksites with 50 or

more employees.

Population Targeted Nongovernmental worksites with 50 or more

employees.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1999 National Worksite Health Promotion

Survey:

Does your worksite have a formal smoking policy that

prohibits or severely restricts smoking at the

worksite/on the job?

Expected Periodicity Periodic.

Comments

Data for this objective are not comparable to the data for Healthy People 2000 objective 3.11 from the 1992 National Survey of Worksite Health Promotion Activities. The 1992 questionnaire had a more explicit list of questions to determine the type of formal smoking policy.

The 1999 question was similar to the 1992 question: Does your worksite have a formal smoking policy that prohibits or severely restricts smoking at the workplace? In 1992, if the answer was "yes," the respondent was asked: "How would you describe the rules on smoking at the worksite? Possible responses were: (a) Smoking not allowed anywhere inside/smoke-free environment, (b) Smoking not allowed except in separately ventilated smoking areas, (c) Smoking not allowed except in designated areas without separate ventilation, (d) Smoking allowed everywhere except in a few no smoking areas, (e) Each area decides on its own policy, (f) Smoking permitted everywhere/no rules, (g) Designated areas, ventilation unknown, (h) Other.

See Part C for a description of NWHPS and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-13. Establish laws on smoke-free indoor air that prohibit smoking or limit it to separately ventilated areas in public places and worksites.

27-13a. Private workplaces.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 1 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

comprehensive laws for private workplaces prohibiting smoking or limiting it to separately

ventilated areas.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Not applicable.

Data

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments Every 3 months (March 31, June 30, September 30,

December 31), newly enacted State tobacco-control legislation is downloaded from Lexis-Nexis, an online legal database. CDC, OSH searches two Lexis-Nexis subfiles: the StateTrack System and the Advanced Legislative Services System. The downloads are coded according to variables identified by CDC, OSH, which include the comprehensiveness of the law includes smoking

comprehensiveness of the law, includes smoking areas permitted or required, separately ventilated smoking areas required, and no smoking allowed. In some cases, data on enforcement authority, penalty for violation, and signage required are also collected.

See Part C for a description of the STATE System and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-13b. Public workplaces.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 13 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

comprehensive laws for public workplaces prohibiting smoking or limiting it to separately

ventilated areas.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

tions Used To Not applicable.

Data

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments See Comments provided with objective 27-13a for

more information.

***** * *

27-13c. Restaurants.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 3 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

comprehensive laws for restaurants prohibiting smoking or limiting it to separately ventilated areas.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments See Comments provided with objective 27-13a for

more information.

* * *

27-13d. Public transportation.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 16 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

comprehensive laws for public transportation prohibiting smoking or limiting it to separately

ventilated areas.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Not applicable.

Data

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments For this objective, data on enforcement authority,

penalty for violation, and signage required are not currently included in the STATE System. See Comments provided with objective 27-13a for more

information.

* * *

27-13e. Day care centers.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 22 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

comprehensive laws for day care centers

(commercial or home-based) prohibiting smoking or

limiting it to separately ventilated areas.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To **Obtain the National** Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity

Quarterly.

Comments

Commercial and home-based day care centers are tracked separately; this objective combines them. See Comments provided with objective 27-13a for

more information.

27-13f. Retail stores.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Measure Number.

Baseline 4 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

> comprehensive laws for malls and grocery stores prohibiting smoking or limiting it to separately

ventilated areas.

Not applicable. **Denominator**

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments Retail stores, as a general category, are not tracked.

> Measures are only available for malls and grocery stores. Data on enforcement authority, penalty for violation, and signage required are not currently included in the STATE System for this objective.

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.12, which did not specifically track retail

stores.

See Comments provided with objective 27-13a for more information.

***** * *

27-13g. (Developmental) Tribes.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-13h. (Developmental) Territories.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication.

A proposed data source is Lexis-Nexis, an online legal database. CDC searches two Lexis-Nexis subfiles: the StateTrack system and the Advanced Legislative Services system. As data become available, some U.S. territories may also be tracked.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

Social and Environmental Changes

27-14. Reduce the illegal sales rate to minors through enforcement of laws that prohibit such sales.

27-14a. States and the District of Columbia.

National Data Source State Synar Enforcement Reporting, SAMHSA,

CSAP.

State Data Source State Synar Enforcement Reporting, SAMHSA,

CSAP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.13 (Tobacco).

Measure Number.

Baseline 0 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with a

5 percent or less illegal sales rate to minors in

compliance checks.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments As required by the Synar Amendment, all 50 States

and the District of Columbia submit their baseline sales rates in compliance checks to SAMHSA as part of their annual Substance Abuse Prevention and

Treatment (SAPT) block grant applications.

This objective is defined differently from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.13, which targets States and the District of Columbia that have a 20 percent

or less illegal buy rate among minors.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-14b. Territories.

National Data Source State Synar Enforcement Reporting, SAMHSA,

CSAP.

State Data Source State Synar Enforcement Reporting, SAMHSA,

CSAP.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.13 (Tobacco).

Measure Number.

Baseline 0 (1998).

Numerator Number of U.S. territories with a 5-percent or less

illegal buy rate among minors in compliance checks.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Not applicable.

Data

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments U.S. territories eligible for inclusion are: American

Samoa, Guam, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of Palau, Puerto Rico, and

the Virgin Islands.

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.13, which did not target U.S. territories.

See Comments provided with objective 27-14a for

more information.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-15. Increase the number of States and the District of Columbia that suspend or revoke State retail licenses for violations of laws prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Not applicable.

Measure Number.

Baseline 34 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

minors' access laws with provisions for license suspension and/or revocation for violation.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To

Obtain the National

Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments Every 3 months (March 31, June 30, September 30,

December 31), newly enacted State tobacco-control legislation is downloaded from Lexis-Nexis, an online legal database. CDC, OSH searches two Lexis-Nexis subfiles: the State Track System and the Advanced Legislative Services System. The downloads are coded according to variables identified by CDC, OSH, which include the comprehensiveness of the law, that is, minimum age for legal sale, inclusion of chewing tobacco and/or snuff, enforcement authority, penalty for violation, prohibition of purchase, possession and/or use by minors, etc.

See Part C for a description of the STATE System and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-16. (Developmental) Eliminate tobacco advertising and promotions that influence adolescents and young adults.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication.

Proposed national data sources are the American Legacy Foundation and the National Association of

Attorneys General.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

Adapted from 4.9 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and

***** * *

27-17. Increase adolescents' disapproval of smoking.

27-17a. 8th grade.

Monitoring the Future Study (MTF), NIH, NIDA. **National Data Source**

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective Other Drugs) (also 3.21).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 80 (1998).

Numerator Number of students in the 8th grade who disapprove

or strongly disapprove of people smoking one or

more packs of cigarettes per day.

Denominator Number of students in the 8th grade.

Population Targeted Public and private schools in the coterminous United

States.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1998 Monitoring the Future Study:

Individuals differ in whether or not they disapprove of people doing certain things. Do YOU disapprove of

people doing each of the following:

[Response categories include:]

Smoking one or more packs of cigarettes per day?

Don't disapprove
Disapprove
Strongly disappro

Strongly disapprove Can't say, Drug Unfamiliar

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments This objective differs from Healthy People 2000

objective 4.9, which tracked high school seniors only.

See Part C for a description of the MTF and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

« « «

27-17b. 10th grade.

National Data Source Monitoring the Future Study (MTF), NIH, NIDA.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 4.9 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and

Other Drugs) (also 3.21).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 75 (1998).

Numerator Number of students in the 10th grade who

disapprove or strongly disapprove of people smoking

one or more packs of cigarettes per day.

Denominator Number of students in the 10th grade.

Population Targeted Public and private schools in the coterminous United

States.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data From the 1998 Monitoring the Future Study:

Individuals differ in whether or not they disapprove of people doing certain things. Do YOU disapprove of

people doing each of the following:

[Response categories include:]

Smoking one or more packs of cigarettes per day?

Don't disapprove Disapprove

Strongly disapprove Can't say, drug unfamiliar

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments This objective differs from Healthy People 2000

objective 4.9, which tracked high school seniors only.

See Part C for a description of MTF and Appendix A

for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-17c. 12th grade.

National Data Source Monitoring the Future Study (MTF), NIH, NIDA.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000 4

Objective

4.9 (Substance Abuse: Alcohol and Other Drugs)

(also 3.21).

Measure Percent.

Baseline 69 (1998).

Numerator Number of students in the 12th grade who

disapprove or strongly disapprove of people smoking

one or more packs of cigarettes per day.

Denominator Number of students in the 12th grade.

Population Targeted Public and private schools in the coterminous United

States.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

From the 1998 Monitoring the Future Study:

Individuals differ in whether or not they disapprove of people doing certain things. Do YOU disapprove of people (who are 18 or older) doing each of the following? (Mark one circle for each line.)

[Response categories include:]

Smoking one or more packs of cigarettes per day?

Don't disapprove Disapprove

Strongly disapprove

Expected Periodicity Annual.

Comments Refer to Part for a description of MTF and Appendix

A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-18. (Developmental) Increase the number of Tribes, territories, and States and the District of Columbia with comprehensive, evidence-based tobacco control programs.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication.

A proposed data source is the State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH; for Tribes, a

proposed data source is the IHS.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-19. Eliminate laws that preempt stronger tobacco control laws.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 10.20 (Occupational Safety and

Health) (also 3.25).

Measure Number.

Baseline 30 (1998).

Numerator Number of States and the District of Columbia with

preemptive laws in the areas of clean indoor air,

minors' access, or marketing.

Denominator Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National Data Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments Every 3 months (March 31, June 30, September 30,

December 31), newly enacted State tobacco-control legislation is downloaded from Lexis-Nexis, an online legal database. CDC, OSH searches two Lexis-Nexis subfiles: the StateTrack System and the Advanced Legislative Services System. The downloads are coded according to variables identified by CDC, OSH, which include preemption related to smoke-free indoor air, minors' access, and marketing. As data become available, some U.S.

territories may also be tracked.

This objective differs from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.25, which tracked States and the District of Columbia that had preemptive laws regarding smoke-free indoor air only.

See Part C for a description of the STATE System and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-20. (Developmental) Reduce the toxicity of tobacco products by establishing a regulatory structure to monitor toxicity.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at the

time of publication. A proposed national data source is the Food and Drug Administration.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

* * *

27-21. Increase the average Federal and State tax on tobacco products.

27-21a. Cigarettes.

National Data Source The Tax Burden on Tobacco, The Tobacco

Institute.

State Data Source The Tax Burden on Tobacco. The Tobacco

Institute.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.23 (Tobacco).

Measure Mean.

Baseline \$0.63 (1998).

Numerator Sum of the State excise taxes on the retail price of a

package of 20 cigarettes (full-priced brands) in all

50 States and the District of Columbia.

Denominator All 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Quarterly.

Comments The State Tobacco Activities Tracking and

Evaluation System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH, is proposed as a future data

source for this objective.

This objective is modified from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.23, which tracks tobacco excise tax by

percent of the retail price.

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

***** * *

27-21b. (Developmental) Spit tobacco.

Comments An operational definition could not be specified at

the time of publication.

Federal tax in 1999 was 2.7 cents; 7 States and the District of Columbia did not tax smokeless tobacco

products.

A proposed data source is the State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

This objective is modified from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.23 (Tobacco).

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.



Reference

1. The Tobacco Institute. *The Tax Burden on Tobacco*. Vol. 33. Washington, DC: the Institute, 1998.