TENNESSEE VALLEY AYTHORITY


During the second quarter TVA announced the addition of new peaking capacity, which will allow TVA to continue offering competitively priced, dependable electricity. By June 2002, we will add 680 megawatts of peaking capacity by bringing eight additional combustion turbines on-line. This is in addition to our previously announced plans to add eight combustion turbines this summer, providing 600 megawatts of peaking capacity.

TVA's net income for the six months ending March 31 was $\$ 112$ million, an improvement of $\$ 146$ million from the net loss of $\$ 34$ million for the same period last year. These favorable results are attributable to a 2.7 percent increase in energy sales over the same period last year reflecting demand growth within the Tennessee Valley region, coupled with a $\$ 59$ million increase in pension income.

Everything we do at TVA to improve reliability and lower prices is directly related to our commitment to customer satisfaction. TVA demonstrated its commitment to meet the changing needs of its customers in an increasingly competitive marketplace. In April, we initiated a new "Wholesale Energy-to-Market" program for distributors of TVA power. Also in April, TVA began selling "green power" generated from solar, wind and landfill gas sources through Green Power Switch ${ }^{\text {sm }}$, one of three clean energy technologies nationwide to earn national accreditation.

TVA is firmly dedicated to supporting and enhancing the economic prosperity of the Tennessee Valley region. We will remain actively engaged in the national restructuring debate to promote legislation that is fair to all consumers and that fosters reliability, universal access, environmental stewardship, and economic development.


Craven Crowell
Chairman

| Financial Highlights (millions) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Six Months Ended March 31 |  | 2000 |  | 1999 |
| Operating revenues | \$ | 3,141 |  | 3,042 |
| Operating expenses |  | $(2,168)$ |  | $(2,398)$ |
| Operating income |  | 973 |  | 644 |
| Other income (expense), net |  | 5 |  | (1) |
| Interest expense |  | (866) |  | (894) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle |  | - |  | 217 |
| Net income (loss) |  | 112 |  | (34) |

Sales of Electricity (millions - kWh)

| Six Months Ended March 31 | 2000 |  | 1999 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Municipalities and cooperatives | 58,801 |  | 57,314 |
| Industries directly served | 11,870 |  | 12,058 |
| Federal agencies and other utilities | 6,027 |  | 5,320 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total sales of electricity |  |  |  |

## Operating Revenues

Operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2000, were $\$ 1,613$ million compared with $\$ 1,559$ million for the same period last year. Fiscal year-to-date operating revenues were $\$ 3,141$ million compared with $\$ 3,042$ million for the same period last year. The $\$ 99$ million increase was primarily due to an increase in energy sales of approximately 2 billion kWh (or 2.7 percent) reflecting demand growth within the Valley region.

## Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased $\$ 26$ million from $\$ 1,080$ million for the three months ended March 31, 1999 to $\$ 1,106$ million for the same period of fiscal year 2000. Operating expenses for the six months ended March 31, 2000 were $\$ 2,168$ million compared with $\$ 2,398$ million for the same period lastyear. The \$230 million decrease was primarily due to a one-time $\$ 217$ million charge for the acceleration of the amortization of regulatory assets in December 1998 (see 1999 Accounting Changes below).

## Interest Expense

Net interest expense declined $\$ 14$ million and $\$ 28$ million for the three months and six months ended March 31, 2000, respectively, compared with the same periods of fiscal year 1999. These reductions reflect lower average interest rates and a lower level of total outstanding debt during the first six months of fiscal year 2000 compared with the same period of 1999.

## 1999 Accounting Changes

Results of operations for the six months ended March 31, 1999 reflect a one-time gain of $\$ 217$ million related to a change in accounting for pension costs, as well as a $\$ 217$ million change related to accelerated amortization of certain regulatory assets.

## Capital Resources

In December 1999, TVA redeemed all of its 1989 Series G Power Bonds due November 15, 2029 by issuing approximately $\$ 2$ billion in short-term notes and anticipates refinancing these notes as long-term debt as opportunities arise. During the second quarter, TVA refinanced a portion of the short-term notes by issuing $\$ 250$ million in Quarterly Income-Tiered Securities ("QUINTS"). The QUINTS consist of five different securities with maturities ranging from five to 30 years.

| ASSETS | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 31 \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } 30 \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (MILLIONS) |  |  |  |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2 | \$ | 103 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 518 |  | 730 |
| Inventories at average cost and other |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel |  | 167 |  | 178 |
| Other |  | 305 |  | 307 |
| Total current assets |  | 992 |  | 1,318 |
| Property, plant, and equipment |  |  |  |  |
| Completed plant |  | 29,717 |  | 29,569 |
| Less accumulated depreciation |  | $(9,199)$ |  | $(8,762)$ |
| Net completed plant |  | 20,518 |  | 20,807 |
| Construction in progress |  | 973 |  | 730 |
| Deferred nuclear generating units |  | 6,323 |  | 6,320 |
| Nuclear fuel and capital leases |  | 566 |  | 560 |
| Total property, plant, and equipment |  | 28,380 |  | 28,417 |
| Investment funds |  | 855 |  | 731 |
| Deferred charges and other assets |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and other long-temm receivables |  | 129 |  | 122 |
| Debt issue and reacquisition costs |  | 1,349 |  | 1,188 |
| Other deferred charges |  | 1,484 |  | 1,610 |
| Total deferred charges and other assets |  | 2,962 |  | 2,920 |
| Total assets | \$ | 33,189 | \$ | 33,386 |
| LIABILITIES AND PROPRIETARY CAPITAL |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 379 | \$ | 493 |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 191 |  | 178 |
| Accrued interest |  | 360 |  | 464 |
| Short-term debt |  | 3,490 |  | 982 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt |  | 1,250 |  | 1,000 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 5,670 |  | 3,117 |
| Other liabilities |  | 2,264 |  | 2,156 |
| Long-term debt |  |  |  |  |
| Public bonds-senior |  | 20,379 |  | 23,294 |
| Public bonds-subordinated |  | 1,100 |  | 1,100 |
| Unamortized discount and other |  | (519) |  | (491) |
| Total long-term debt |  | 20,960 |  | 23,903 |
| Proprietary capital |  |  |  |  |
| Appropriation investment |  | 538 |  | 548 |
| Retained earnings |  | 3,757 |  | 3,662 |
| Total proprietary capital |  | 4,295 |  | 4,210 |
| Total liabilities and proprietary capital | \$ | 33,189 | \$ | 33,386 |

20001999 (MILLIONS)

1999
2000
(Millions)

## Operating revenues

Sales of electricity
Municipalities and cooperatives
Industries directly served
Federal agencies and other utilities
Other revenue
Total operating revenues
Operating expenses
Fuel and purchased power
Operating and maintenance
Depreciation and amortization
Tax-equivalents
Accelerated amortization

## Total operating expenses

## Operating income

Other income (expense), net
Income before interest expense and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle

Interest expense
Interes
Amortization of debt discount, issue, and reacquisition costs, net
Allowance for funds used during construction
Net interest expense
Cumulative effect of change in accounting
principle
Net Income (loss)

Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

## Cash flows from operating activities

Net income (loss)
Net items not requining cash
Other changes, net
Net cash provided by operations
Cash flows from investing activities
Construction expenditures
Allowance for funds used during construction
Other, net
Net cash used in investing activities
Cash flows from financing activities
Borrowings, net
Other
Net cash used in financing activities
Net change in cash and
cash equivalents

Total TVA Generation
billions of kwh


Total Electric Revenue
millions of dollars


Average Revenue
cents per kwh


[^0]
[^0]:    - 

    Fiscal Year 1999

