RESULTS OF THE 1993 NATIONAL SURVEY OF COLLEGE GRADUATES MODAL STUDY

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INTRODUCTION

This memorandum describes the results of the 1993 National Survey of College Graduates (NSCG) modal study. The modal study compares estimates between the interview mode groups (mail and telephone) of the NSCG. We calculated all estimates using unedited survey data. Only persons having a bachelor's or master's degree at the time of the 1990 census are included in the modal study; persons with PhDs were excluded. The mail group was contacted using two mail phases, a telephone follow-up phase, and a personal visit follow-up phase. The telephone group was contacted using only a telephone phase and personal visit follow-up phase. This study uses data collected through the CATI phase. If there is any interest, it could be extended to include personal-visit data.

MODAL STUDY DESCRIPTION

We conducted the modal study so we could compare estimates from the mail and telephone groups. We compared estimates for twelve characteristics for five occupation groups. The characteristics are degree level, employment status, work activity, working in field, current occupation, past employment, work area, continuing education, spouse's occupation, urban/rural residency, parent's education, and type of employer. These characteristics were broken down by a number of categories, e.g, a category for employment status is employed, full time. The occupation groups are physical scientists, mathematicians and computer scientists, social scientists and psychologists, engineers, and other (nonscientists and non-engineers). A person's occupation group is determined by his or her occupation at the time of the 1990 census. Estimates are the percentages of an occupation group with a given characteristic, e.g., the percentage of engineers whose highest degree is a master's degree.

We obtained the mail and telephone groups in two broad steps. First, we took a sample of all 1990 census long form recipients. This sample made up the overall NSCG sample. We then divided the non-PhD cases into two subsamples, the telephone and mail groups. We assigned 6,250 cases to the telephone group (1,250 from each occupation group) and the remaining 208,393 cases to the mail group. The sample size for the telephone group was the minimum number needed to detect at least a 5 percent difference between mail and telephone group estimates for each occupation group using a two-tailed test with a 10-percent significance level. We assumed simple random sampling, independence between the two subsamples, and an 80 percent response rate for both groups.

Through the telephone phase of the NSCG survey we achieved the following response rates. The mail group had an overall response rate of 68.1 percent: 55.8 percent responded by mail and 29.7 percent of the remaining cases responded in the telephone follow-up. The response rate for the telephone group was 46.7 percent. The number of completed interviews through the CATI phase was 125,066 for the mail group and 2,616 for the telephone group.

ESTIMATION

We used the same estimation procedure for the mail and telephone groups. The estimation procedure inflated data from each sample to the level of the 1990 census. This involved multiplying the inverse of each person's probability of selection by a ratio adjustment factor. A person's probability of

selection is the inverse of the NSCG probability of selection times a subsampling factor determined during the modal group selection. The ratio adjustment controlled the estimates within each sample to census population totals in 20 sex-education-occupation group cells. Persons who became out of scope since the census were excluded from the 1990 census counts.

ANALYSIS

Attachments A through L show tables with the occupation group/characteristic combinations we are interested in. There is one table for each combination plus a total and total scientist and engineer only table for each characteristic, for a total of 84 tables. Each table shows mail and telephone group estimates for each characteristic, the standard error for each estimate (se), the difference between each pair of estimates (diff), the standard error of the difference (se(diff)), the t statistic (t-stat), and whether the estimates are significantly different from each other (result).

Each table also includes the percentage of persons who did not answer the question or gave an invalid response. These percentages are listed in each table's nonresponse row.

The characteristics presented below are in the same order they are presented in the attachments. Attachment numbers are given for each characteristic.

In the statistical tests of the mail and telephone comparisons, we computed variances assuming simple random sampling for the sake of convenience. We believed, at the time the study was conducted, that the design effects for the various characteristics were greater than one, but we did not have their actual values. Since then, we have computed variances and determined design effects. The average design effect for all characteristics is about 1.6. We did not update the tables to reflect the actual design effects because of time limitations.

Because we assumed simple random sampling, we underestimated the actual variances on average by 60 percent. If we used the actual design effects, those differences that are not significant would still remain not significant, but those that are significant may actually be not significant.

Our analysis focused on determining if there were any significant differences between the mail and telephone group estimates. We mention possible causes for some of the more pronounced differences.

With few exceptions, the mail group had significantly higher item nonresponse rates for the characteristics than the telephone group. However most of the questions had low nonresponse rates for both groups, less than 3 percent. For the questions with significant nonresponse, the chance of a serious nonresponse bias should be considered when trying to explain differences between the mail and phone group estimates.

A. Employment Status (Attachments A-1 - A-4)

From Table I-ES, more persons responded as being employed, full time (71.5 vs. 68.3) and unemployed (2.3 vs. 1.4) in the mail group. More persons responded as being employed, part time (12.7 vs. 10.0) and not in the labor force (17.6 vs. 16.1) in the telephone group. A common mode effect associated with phone surveys is the over reporting of socially desirable answers. The percentage of unemployed persons may have been higher for the mail group due to people not wanting to admit to an

interviewer that they were unemployed. This could explain some but not all of the differences in employment rates.

B. Type of Employer (Attachments B-1 - B-7)

There does not appear to be any analytically important differences for type of employer.

C. Current Occupation (Attachments C-1 - C-4)

Persons classified as scientists and engineers in the 1990 census responded as currently working in a non-scientist and non-engineer occupation more often in the telephone group (39.1 vs. 31.5, Table II-CO). Persons reported working in the same SE group more often by mail group than by telephone group for 3 of the 4 SE groups (Tables III-CO - VI-CO). The strongest example of this is for psychologists and social scientists. The mail estimate of the percent of persons who were psychologists or social scientists at the time of the census and were still in the field at the time of the NSCG interview was about 23 percent. The comparable number for the phone group was 7 percent.

These differences could have resulted from the question itself. With over 100 job codes to choose from, mail phase respondents from the mail group had the entire list in front of them, which made it easier for them to fill in the appropriate job code. Telephone respondents were asked a series of questions to determine their occupation first. Then the interviewer assigned an occupation code for each respondent.

D. Working in Field (Attachments D-1 - D-4)

This is the only question studied where the respondent has to decide where he/she fits on a scale. Is his/her job closely related, somewhat related or not related to his/her field of study. Prior modal study research has shown when vaguely defined scales are used phone respondents tend to pick extreme answers and mail respondents tend to spread themselves more evenly across the choices. Whether this is happening on this question is unclear. Somewhat related, the middle category, is selected more often in the mail for four of the five occupation groups, but not all the differences are significant.

E. Work Activity (Attachments E-1 - E-7)

Persons responded more often in the mail group as working primarily in the design of equipment (2.4 vs. 1.4, Table I-WA), employee relations (3.7 vs. 1.6, Table I-WA) and Other (7.7 vs. 5.2, Table I-WA). Persons responded more often in the telephone group as working primarily in quality management (3.3 vs 2.0, Table I-WA) and teaching (20.0 vs. 16.9, Table I-WA). Scientists and engineers responded more often in the telephone group as working primarily in management and administration (15.8 vs. 14.3, Table II-WA).

These differences in the estimates between the mail and telephone groups could be affected by the preciseness of the categories. The more precise the categories the more chance of measurement errors. Persons working in the same areas could be choosing different but similar activities.

Also, the questions were asked slightly different over the telephone than in the mail questionnaire. The mail questionnaire listed all the possible work areas. The next question asked in

which of these areas did you spend the most time. The CATI interviewer asked in which area did you spend the most time and she repeated each area given in the preceding question. Any changes in wording or format can have an impact on the way a question is answered.

Nonresponse for this characteristic is about 3 percent for both groups. This is somewhat higher than for the other characteristics.

F. Work Area (Attachments F-1 - F-4)

Persons responded more often in the telephone group as working in an area 'other' than the areas mentioned (79.0 vs. 71.5, Table I-WArea). This pattern was consistent for total scientists and engineers (63.0 vs. 57.1, Table II-WArea) as well as non-scientists and non-engineers (80.5 vs. 72.8, Table VII-WArea).

A reason for the relatively large difference in 'other' estimates could be that telephone respondents tend to choose the last item from a list. Telephone respondents may choose the last item more often because it is the last item they hear, i.e., it's easiest to remember.

G. Past Employment (Attachments G-1 - G-4)

More persons responded as having the same employer (49.7 vs. 47.4, Table I-PE) and different employer (35.1 vs. 32.3, Table I-PE) 5 years ago in the mail group. Persons responded as being not employed 5 years ago more often in the telephone group (20.3 vs. 15.2, Table I-PE).

The information for this characteristic was gathered by asking two questions. The first question asked sample persons if they were employed 5 years ago. If they answered yes, they were directed to a second question. The second question asked them if they were employed by the same or a different employer. Several times the second question was mistakenly left unanswered. Since we did not have complete information to classify these people in the tables, we tabulated them as nonrespondents. Sample persons were directed to skip the second question if they were not employed 5 years ago.

The overall nonresponse rate was 4.0 percent for the mail group and 7.5 percent for the telephone group. About 97 percent of the telephone group nonrespondents answered yes to the first question but then didn't answer the second question. This figure is 40 percent for the mail group. The upshot of this is that the estimates of persons not employed in the tables are too high since the employed are disproportionately being excluded for omitting information, especially for the telephone group.

Just looking at responses to the first question, the differences between the (Total) group estimates would narrow:

	Mail	Telephone
Employed	85.4%	81.3%
Not employed	14.6%	18.7%

These differences would still be significant, however.

Additionally, this was the only characteristic where nonresponse was consistently higher for the telephone group.

H. Highest Degree (Attachments H-1 - H-4)

More persons responded as having received a master's degree in the mail group than in the telephone group (25.3 vs. 23.9, Table I-DL). In turn, more persons responded as having received a PhD (since the 1990 census) in the telephone group than in the mail group (2.2 vs. 1.1, Table I-DL). Overall, however, there was no significant difference between the two groups in percentage of persons with at least a master's degree.

I. Continuing Education (Attachments I-1 - I-3)

More persons responded as having taken classes since receiving their most recent degree in the phone group (48.5 vs. 45.0, Table I-CE). This difference was due mostly to the difference in non-scientist and non-engineer estimates.

J. Spouse's Occupation (Attachments J-1 - J-4)

More persons said their spouses were working in a scientist or engineer (SE) field overall (46.7 vs. 44.4, Table I-SO) and full-time (30.6 vs. 24.3, Table I-SO) in the phone group. More persons said their spouses were working in an SE field part-time (20.1 vs. 16.1, Table I-SO) in the mail group.

The magnitude of the differences for full-time (6.3 percent) and part-time (4.0 percent) SE employment is due to the large differences in the non-scientists and non-engineers responses. Non-SEs said their spouses were working more often in an SE field full-time (31.1 vs. 24.4, Table VII-SO) in the phone group; they said their spouses were working more often in an SE field part-time (20.6 vs. 16.1, Table VII-SO) in the mail group.

Nonresponse rates were relatively high for the mail group and were consistently higher than nonresponse rates for the phone group. The overall nonresponse rates were 4.3 percent for the mail group and 0.6 percent for the phone group (Table I-SO). Tables II-SO through VII-SO show the other nonresponse rates.

K. Urban/Rural (Attachments K-1 - K-3)

There do not appear to be any analytically important differences for urban/rural residency.

L. Parents' Education (Attachments L-1 - L-7)

There is some evidence that asking about the respondent's parents' level of education on the phone is resulting in an estimate at a higher level than by mail. 20.4 percent of persons from the mail group said their mother had earned a bachelor's degree and 31.4 percent said their father had a bachelor's degree. The comparable numbers for the phone group were 22.5 percent and 34.1 percent.

	Tab	le I-ES: To	otal					
Percentage of	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone				
persons that are:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Employed	81.5%	0.1%	81.0%	0.8%	0.5%	0.8%	0.645	
Full Time	71.5%	0.1%	68.3%	0.9%	3.2%	0.9%	3.482	Diff
Part Time	10.0%	0.1%	12.7%	0.7%	-2.7%	0.7%	4.111	Diff
Unemployed	2.3%	0.04%	1.4%	0.2%	0.9%	0.2%	3.851	Diff
Not in the Labor Force	16.1%	0.1%	17.6%	0.7%	-1.5%	0.8%	1.994	Diff
Non-response	0.5%	0.02%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.801	

Employment Status – Questions A2 & A7

Table II	Table II-ES: Total Scientists and Engineers Only										
Percentage of Scientists and	ail	Telep	hone								
Engineers that are:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Employed	87.0%	0.2%	86.9%	0.7%	0.1%	0.8%	0.133				
Full Time	81.6%	0.2%	80.6%	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	1.136				
Part Time	5.4%	0.1%	6.3%	0.5%	-0.9%	0.5%	1.669	Diff			
Unemployed	2.7%	0.1%	2.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	1.189				
Not in the Labor Force	10.5%	0.2%	10.7%	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	0.290				
Non-response	0.3%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.28%	0.04%	6.680	Diff			

Employment Status – Questions A2 & A7 (cont'd)

Table V-ES: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists	M	ail	Telep	hone						
and Social Scientists that are:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Employed	87.2%	0.7%	89.7%	1.3%	-2.5%	1.5%	1.672	Diff		
Full Time	73.9%	0.9%	72.8%	2.0%	1.1%	2.2%	0.512			
Part Time	13.3%	0.7%	16.9%	1.7%	-3.6%	1.8%	2.016	Diff		
Unemployed	2.5%	0.3%	1.3%	0.5%	1.2%	0.6%	2.043	Diff		
Not in the Labor Force	10.3%	0.6%	9.0%	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%	0.929			
Non-response	0.4%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.859			

Table VI-ES: Engineers										
Mail Telephone										
Percentage of Engineers that are:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Employed	86.0%	0.3%	85.5%	1.5%	0.5%	1.5%	0.331			
Full Time	82.5%	0.3%	81.1%	1.7%	1.4%	1.7%	0.833			
Part Time	3.5%	0.1%	4.4%	0.9%	-0.9%	0.9%	1.025			
Unemployed	2.8%	0.1%	2.7%	0.7%	0.1%	0.7%	0.144			
Not in the Labor Force	11.2%	0.2%	11.8%	1.4%	-0.6%	1.4%	0.433			
Non-response	0.3%	0.04%	0%	0%	0.3%	0.04%	7.051	Diff		

Table VII-ES: Non-scientists and Non-engineers Mail Telephone Percentage of Non-scientists and Non-engineers that are: diff se(diff) estimate estimate t-stat result se se Employed 81.0% 0.1% 80.5% 1.9% 0.5% 1.9% 0.267 Full Time 70.7% 0.1% 67.3% 2.2% 3.4% 2.2% 1.532 Part Time 10.3% 0.1% 13.2% 1.6% -2.9% 1.6% 1.812 Diff Unemployed 2.3% 0.05% 0.5% 1.0% 0.5% 1.863 1.3% Diff 1.8% 0.822 Not in the Labor Force 16.7% 0.1% 18.2% -1.5% 1.8% 0.5% 0.02% 0.4% 0.3% 0.1% 0.3% 0.335 Non-response

Employment Status - Questions A2 & A7 (cont'd)

	Table I-TE: Total										
Percentage of persons	M	ail	Telep	hone							
who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Educational Institution	23.6%	0.1%	25.3%	0.9%	-1.7%	0.9%	1.836	Diff			
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	15.7%	0.1%	16.3%	0.8%	-0.6%	0.8%	0.762				
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	1.1%	0.03%	1.3%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.830				
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	5.0%	0.1%	5.5%	0.5%	-0.5%	0.5%	1.030				
Other	1.8%	0.04%	2.2%	0.3%	-0.4%	0.3%	1.282				
Non-educational Institution	76.4%	0.1%	74.8%	0.9%	1.6%	0.9%	1.730	Diff			
Private Sector	49.6%	0.2%	51.1%	1.1%	-1.5%	1.1%	1.408				
Self-employed	14.0%	0.1%	14.1%	0.7%	-0.1%	0.7%	0.135				
Government, including Military	11.0%	0.1%	9.0%	0.6%	2.0%	0.6%	3.272	Diff			
Other	1.8%	0.04%	0.6%	0.2%	1.2%	0.2%	7.141	Diff			
Non-response	0.7%	0.02%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.1%	8.393	Diff			

Type of Employer – Questions A12 & A13

Table II	-TE: Total	Scientists a	nd Engineer	rs Only				
Percentage of persons	Μ	ail	Telep	hone				
who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Educational Institution	6.8%	0.2%	7.2%	0.6%	-0.4%	0.6%	0.650	
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	1.7%	0.1%	2.0%	0.3%	-0.3%	0.3%	0.903	
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	0.6%	0.05%	0.8%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.949	
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	3.8%	0.1%	3.8%	0.4%	0%	0.5%	0	
Other	0.7%	0.1%	0.6%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.539	
Non-educational Institution	93.3%	0.2%	92.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.969	
Private Sector	67.8%	0.3%	67.2%	1.1%	0.6%	1.1%	0.536	
Self-employed	6.9%	0.2%	6.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.6%	0.854	
Government, including Military	16.5%	0.2%	16.4%	0.9%	0.1%	0.9%	0.113	
Other	2.1%	0.1%	2.7%	0.4%	-0.6%	0.4%	1.564	
Non-response	0.4%	0.04%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	3.611	Diff

	Table III-TI	E: Physica	l Education					
Percentage of Physical Scientists	M	ail	Telep	hone				
who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Educational Institution	13.9%	0.6%	12.9%	1.6%	1.0%	1.7%	0.587	
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	0.7%	0.2%	1.2%	0.5%	-0.5%	0.5%	0.934	
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	0.9%	0.2%	0.7%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.465	
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	11.2%	0.6%	10.5%	1.4%	0.7%	1.6%	0.449	
Other	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	1.560	
Non-educational Institution	86.2%	0.6%	87.2%	1.6%	-1.0%	1.7%	0.589	
Private Sector	50.4%	0.9%	53.7%	2.3%	-3.3%	2.5%	1.307	
Self-employed	6.5%	0.5%	3.7%	0.9%	2.8%	1.0%	2.800	Diff
Government, including Military	28.0%	0.8%	27.1%	2.1%	0.9%	2.3%	0.399	
Other	1.3%	0.2%	2.7%	0.8%	-1.4%	0.8%	1.768	Diff
Non-response	0.3%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.3%	0.1%	2.956	Diff

Table IV-T	E: Mathem	naticians an	d Computer	Scientists				
Percentage of Mathematicians and Computer	М	ail	Telep	hone				
Scientists who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Educational Institution	7.8%	0.4%	9.3%	1.3%	-1.5%	1.3%	1.115	
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	1.4%	0.2%	1.6%	0.6%	-0.2%	0.6%	0.344	
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	1.2%	0.2%	1.5%	0.5%	-0.3%	0.6%	0.534	
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	4.5%	0.3%	5.5%	1.0%	-1.0%	1.1%	0.948	
Other	0.7%	0.1%	0.7%	0.4%	0%	0.4%	0	
Non-educational Institution	92.3%	0.4%	90.8%	1.3%	1.5%	1.3%	1.121	
Private Sector	71.3%	0.6%	70.7%	2.0%	0.6%	2.1%	0.283	
Self-employed	5.7%	0.3%	5.2%	1.0%	0.5%	1.0%	0.481	
Government, including Military	13.3%	0.5%	12.7%	1.5%	0.6%	1.6%	0.386	
Other	2.0%	0.2%	2.2%	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	0.294	
Non-response	0.3%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.3%	0.1%	3.958	Diff

Table V	V-TE: Psych	nologists an	d Social Sci	ientists				
Percentage of Psychologists and Social	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
Scientists who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Educational Institution	17.5%	0.8%	18.2%	1.8%	-0.7%	2.0%	0.355	
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	9.9%	0.6%	9.9%	1.4%	0%	1.5%	0	
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	0.9%	0.2%	0.8%	0.4%	0.1%	0.5%	0.217	
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	4.3%	0.4%	4.1%	0.9%	0.2%	1.0%	0.196	
Other	2.4%	0.3%	3.4%	0.8%	-1.0%	0.9%	1.103	
Non-educational Institution	82.4%	0.8%	81.8%	1.8%	0.6%	2.0%	0.304	
Private Sector	48.2%	1.1%	49.4%	2.3%	-1.2%	2.6%	0.468	
Self-employed	17.4%	0.8%	16.0%	1.7%	1.4%	1.9%	0.740	
Government, including Military	14.3%	0.7%	15.5%	1.7%	-1.2%	1.9%	0.650	
Other	2.5%	0.3%	0.9%	0.4%	1.6%	0.6%	2.902	Diff
Non-response	1.0%	0.2%	0%	0%	1.0%	0.2%	4.772	Diff

	Table VI-TE: Engineers									
	Μ	Mail		ohone						
Percentage of Engineers who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Educational Institution	2.4%	0.1%	2.8%	0.8%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.523			
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	0.3%	0.05%	0.7%	0.4%	-0.4%	0.4%	1.041			
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	0.2%	0.04%	0.6%	0.4%	-0.4%	0.4%	1.126			
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	1.7%	0.1%	1.5%	0.6%	0.2%	0.6%	0.353			
Other	0.2%	0.04%	0%	0%	0.2%	0.04%	5.318	Diff		
Non-educational Institution	97.6%	0.1%	97.2%	0.8%	0.4%	0.8%	0.523			
Private Sector	74.6%	0.4%	72.9%	2.0%	1.7%	2.1%	0.823			
Self-employed	5.2%	0.2%	5.3%	1.0%	-0.1%	1.0%	0.096			
Government, including Military	15.6%	0.3%	15.7%	1.7%	-0.1%	1.7%	0.059			
Other	2.2%	0.1%	3.3%	0.8%	-1.1%	0.8%	1.331			
Non-response	0.3%	0.05%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.478			

Table V	'II-TE: Non	-scientists	and Non-eng	gineers				
Percentage of Non-scientists and Non-	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
engineers who work for:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Educational Institution	25.2%	0.2%	26.9%	2.3%	-1.7%	2.4%	0.724	
Elementary, Middle, Secondary School	17.0%	0.1%	17.6%	2.0%	-0.6%	2.0%	0.297	
2-year College, Junior College, Technical Institute	1.1%	0.04%	1.3%	0.6%	-0.2%	0.6%	0.333	
4-year College, Medical School, University- affiliated Research Institute	5.1%	0.1%	5.7%	1.2%	-0.6%	1.2%	0.489	
Other	2.0%	0.1%	2.3%	0.8%	-0.3%	0.8%	0.378	
Non-educational Institution	74.8%	0.2%	73.1%	2.3%	1.7%	2.4%	0.724	
Private Sector	47.9%	0.2%	49.6%	2.6%	-1.7%	2.7%	0.642	
Self-employed	14.6%	0.1%	14.8%	1.9%	-0.2%	1.9%	0.106	
Government, including Military	10.5%	0.1%	8.3%	1.5%	2.2%	1.5%	1.505	
Other	1.8%	0.05%	0.4%	0.3%	1.4%	0.3%	4.155	Diff
Non-response	0.7%	0.03%	0.1%	0.2%	0.6%	0.2%	3.541	Diff

Table I-CO: Total											
Percentage of persons that are Mail Telephone											
currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Physical Scientists	1.8%	0.04%	1.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	1.155				
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	3.5%	0.1%	4.7%	0.4%	-1.2%	0.5%	2.667	Diff			
Psychologists or Social Scientists	0.7%	0.03%	1.1%	0.2%	-0.4%	0.2%	1.806	Diff			
Engineers	6.7%	0.1%	5.2%	0.5%	1.5%	0.5%	3.160	Diff			
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	87.2%	0.1%	87.5%	0.7%	-0.3%	0.7%	0.425				
Non-response	0.05%	0.01%	0.1%	0.1%	-0.05%	0.07%	0.747				

Current Occupation – Question A15

Table II-CO: Total Scientists and Engineers Only											
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers that Mail Telephone											
are currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Physical Scientists	7.5%	0.2%	7.2%	0.6%	0.3%	0.6%	0.486				
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	11.6%	0.2%	13.0%	0.8%	-1.4%	0.8%	1.750	Diff			
Psychologists or Social Scientists	2.4%	0.1%	1.3%	0.3%	1.1%	0.3%	3.954	Diff			
Engineers	47.0%	0.3%	39.4%	1.1%	7.6%	1.2%	6.507	Diff			
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	31.5%	0.3%	39.1%	1.1%	-7.6%	1.2%	6.548	Diff			
Non-response	0.05%	0.01%	0.1%	0.1%	-0.05%	0.1%	0.675				

Table III-CO: Physical Scientists											
Percentage of Physical Mail Telephone											
Scientists that are currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Physical Scientists	58.2%	0.9%	48.4%	2.4%	9.8%	2.5%	3.881	Diff			
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	1.7%	0.2%	1.4%	0.6%	0.3%	0.6%	0.498				
Psychologists or Social Scientists	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	-0.2%	0.3%	0.648				
Engineers	8.4%	0.5%	5.5%	1.1%	2.9%	1.2%	2.436	Diff			
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	31.5%	0.9%	44.3%	2.3%	-12.8%	2.5%	5.135	Diff			
Non-response	0.04%	0.04%	0%	0%	0.04%	0.04%	1.078	Diff			

Current Occupation – Question A15 (cont'd)

Table IV-CO: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists											
Percentage of Mathematicians and	Ma	ail	Telep	hone							
computer Scientists that are currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Physical Scientists	0.8%	0.1%	1.2%	0.5%	-0.4%	0.5%	0.799				
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	43.7%	0.7%	44.1%	2.2%	-0.4%	2.3%	0.173				
Psychologists or Social Scientists	0.7%	0.1%	1.1%	0.5%	-0.4%	0.5%	0.836				
Engineers	17.3%	0.5%	8.6%	1.2%	8.7%	1.4%	6.424	Diff			
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	37.5%	0.7%	45.0%	2.2%	-7.5%	2.3%	3.239	Diff			
Non-response	0.01%	0.01%	0.2%	0.2%	-0.19%	0.2%	0.953				

Table V-CO: Psychologists and Social Scientists											
Percentage of Psychologists and	s and Mail Telephone										
Social Scientists that are currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Physical Scientists	0.7%	0.2%	0.6%	0.4%	0.1%	0.4%	0.249				
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	2.1%	0.3%	2.7%	0.8%	-0.6%	0.8%	0.735				
Psychologists or Social Scientists	22.9%	0.9%	7.1%	1.2%	15.8%	1.5%	10.588	Diff			
Engineers	2.0%	0.3%	2.2%	0.7%	-0.2%	0.8%	0.268				
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	72.4%	0.4%	87.4%	1.6%	-15.0%	1.8%	8.261	Diff			
Non-response	0.05%	0.04%	0.2%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.299				

Current Occupation – Question A15 (cont'd)

Table VI-CO: Engineers												
Percentage of Engineers that are Mail Telephone												
currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result				
Physical Scientists	0.8%	0.1%	1.6%	0.6%	-0.8%	0.6%	1.384					
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	3.5%	0.2%	4.7%	1.0%	-1.2%	1.0%	1.225					
Psychologists or Social Scientists	0.1%	0.03%	0.2%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.2%	0.486					
Engineers	72.7%	0.4%	68.9%	2.1%	3.8%	2.2%	1.769	Diff				
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	22.9%	0.4%	24.5%	2.0%	-1.6%	2.0%	0.801					
Non-response	0.03%	0.01%	0%	0%	0.03%	0.01%	2.061	Diff				

Table V	Table VII-CO: Non-scientists and Non-engineers											
Percentage of Non-scientists and	Mail Telephone											
Non-engineers that are currently employed as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result				
Physical Scientists	1.2%	0.04%	1.0%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	0.379					
Mathematicians or Computer Scientists	2.8%	0.1%	3.9%	1.0%	-1.1%	1.0%	1.072					
Psychologists or Social Scientists	0.5%	0.03%	1.1%	0.6%	-0.6%	0.6%	1.086					
Engineers	3.3%	0.1%	2.0%	0.7%	1.3%	0.7%	1.748	Diff				
Non-scientists and Non-engineers	92.1%	0.1%	92.0%	1.4%	0.1%	1.4%	0.070					
Non-response	0.05%	0.01%	0.1%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.2%	0.299					

Current Occupation – Question A15 (cont'd)

Table I-WF: Total											
Percentage of persons that are working in	Μ	Mail		Telephone							
their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Closely Related	54.0%	0.2%	54.1%	1.1%	-0.1%	1.1%	0.094				
Somewhat Related	25.9%	0.1%	24.5%	0.9%	1.4%	0.9%	1.527				
Not Related	20.1%	0.1%	21.4%	0.9%	-1.3%	0.9%	1.488				
Non-response	0.7%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.1%	8.393	Diff			

Working in Field – Question A19

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Table II-WF: Total Scientists and Engineers Only											
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers that are	Mail		Telephone								
working in their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Closely Related	57.7%	0.3%	60.4%	1.1%	-2.7%	1.2%	2.312	Diff			
Somewhat Related	30.9%	0.3%	28.9%	1.0%	2.0%	1.1%	1.847	Diff			
Not Related	11.4%	0.2%	10.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.947				
Non-response	0.6%	0.05%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	12.167	Diff			

Table III-WF: Physical Scientists											
Percentage of Physical Scientists that are	M	Mail Teleph		Telephone							
working in their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Closely Related	68.6%	0.9%	71.4%	2.1%	-2.8%	2.3%	1.219				
Somewhat Related	25.1%	0.8%	22.7%	2.0%	2.4%	2.1%	1.126				
Not Related	6.3%	0.5%	5.8%	1.1%	0.5%	1.2%	0.420				
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	4.187	Diff			

Working in Field – Question A19 (cont'd)

Table IV-WF: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists											
Percentage of Mathematicians and	Percentage of Mathematicians and Mail Telephone										
Computer Scientists that are working in their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Closely Related	45.5%	0.7%	48.2%	2.2%	-2.7%	2.3%	1.159				
Somewhat Related	33.4%	0.7%	31.3%	2.1%	2.1%	2.2%	0.970				
Not Related	21.0%	0.6%	20.5%	1.8%	0.5%	1.9%	0.266				
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	5.606	Diff			

Table V-WF: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists and	М	ail	Telep	hone						
in their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Closely Related	65.9%	1.0%	64.9%	2.2%	1.0%	2.4%	0.409			
Somewhat Related	22.7%	0.9%	26.0%	2.0%	-3.3%	2.2%	1.478			
Not Related	11.4%	0.7%	9.1%	1.3%	2.3%	1.5%	1.531			
Non-response	0.3%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.3%	0.1%	2.604	Diff		

Working in Field – Question A19 (cont'd)

Table VI-WF: Engineers										
Percentage of Engineers that are working in	M	ail	Telep	hone						
their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Closely Related	58.5%	0.4%	62.0%	2.2%	-3.5%	2.3%	1.551			
Somewhat Related	32.9%	0.4%	30.0%	2.1%	2.9%	2.1%	1.361			
Not Related	8.7%	0.2%	8.0%	1.2%	0.7%	1.3%	0.555			
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	9.246	Diff		

Table V	Table VII-WF: Non-scientists and Non-engineers										
Percentage of Non-scientists and Non-engineers that are working in their	М	ail	Telep	ohone							
Non-engineers that are working in their field of study:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Closely Related	53.6%	0.2%	53.6%	2.6%	0%	2.6%	0				
Somewhat Related	25.4%	0.2%	24.1%	2.3%	1.3%	2.3%	0.574				
Not Related	20.9%	0.1%	22.4%	2.2%	-1.5%	2.2%	0.679				
Non-response	0.7%	0.03%	0.1%	0.2%	0.6%	0.2%	3.541	Diff			

Working in Field – Question A19 (cont'd)

Table I-WAct: Total									
Percentage of persons whose	M	ail	Telep	hone					
primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	8.6%	0.1%	8.1%	0.6%	0.5%	0.6%	0.855		
Applied Research – B	2.6%	0.1%	3.4%	0.4%	-0.8%	0.4%	2.066	Diff	
Basic Research – C	0.8%	0.03%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	1.205		
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	6.7%	0.1%	7.0%	0.5%	-0.3%	0.6%	0.549		
Development – E	2.0%	0.04%	2.2%	0.3%	-0.2%	0.3%	0.637		
Design of Equipment – F	2.4%	0.05%	1.4%	0.2%	1.0%	0.3%	3.944	Diff	
Employee Relations – G	3.7%	0.1%	1.6%	0.3%	2.1%	0.3%	7.709	Diff	
Management and Admins. – H	16.2%	0.1%	15.4%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	1.034		
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	3.6%	0.1%	4.4%	0.4%	-0.8%	0.4%	1.825	Diff	
Professional Services – J	15.9%	0.1%	15.1%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	1.043		
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	10.9%	0.1%	12.4%	0.7%	-1.5%	0.7%	2.128	Diff	
Quality Management – L	2.0%	0.04%	3.3%	0.4%	-1.3%	0.4%	3.413	Diff	
Teaching – M	16.9%	0.1%	20.0%	0.8%	-3.1%	0.9%	3.624	Diff	
Other - N	7.7%	0.1%	5.2%	0.5%	2.5%	0.5%	5.233	Diff	
Non-response	2.8%	0.1%	3.4%	0.4%	-0.6%	0.4%	1.557		

Work Activity – Question A23a

Table II-	WAct: Tota	l Scientists	and Engine	ers Only				
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	М	ail	Telep	hone				
whose primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	3.0%	0.1%	3.4%	0.4%	-0.4%	0.4%	0.926	
Applied Research – B	9.1%	0.2%	8.2%	0.6%	0.9%	0.7%	1.365	
Basic Research – C	1.8%	0.1%	1.8%	0.3%	0%	0.3%	0	
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	19.4%	0.3%	19.2%	0.9%	0.2%	0.9%	0.212	
Development – E	7.4%	0.2%	8.3%	0.6%	-0.9%	0.7%	1.368	
Design of Equipment – F	13.3%	0.2%	10.0%	0.7%	3.3%	0.7%	4.549	Diff
Employee Relations – G	1.3%	0.1%	1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.796	
Management and Admins. – H	14.3%	0.2%	15.8%	0.8%	-1.5%	0.9%	1.723	Diff
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	2.9%	0.1%	3.0%	0.4%	-0.1%	0.4%	0.245	
Professional Services – J	7.7%	0.2%	8.0%	0.6%	-0.3%	0.7%	0.463	
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	6.1%	0.2%	6.8%	0.6%	-0.7%	0.6%	1.166	
Quality Management – L	3.3%	0.1%	5.5%	0.5%	-2.2%	0.5%	4.089	Diff
Teaching – M	2.2%	0.1%	3.6%	0.4%	-1.4%	0.4%	3.183	Diff
Other - N	8.0%	0.2%	5.6%	0.5%	2.4%	0.6%	4.300	Diff
Non-response	1.4%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%	1.0%	0.2%	6.123	Diff

	Table III-WA	Act: Physic	cal Scientists	3				
Percentage of Physical Scientists whose	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	1.9%	0.3%	1.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.6%	0.817	
Applied Research – B	28.3%	0.8%	26.5%	2.1%	1.8%	2.3%	0.800	
Basic Research – C	7.0%	0.5%	5.4%	1.1%	1.6%	1.2%	1.367	
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	4.4%	0.4%	5.8%	1.1%	-1.4%	1.2%	1.196	
Development – E	7.2%	0.5%	7.7%	1.3%	-0.5%	1.4%	0.370	
Design of Equipment – F	1.3%	0.2%	1.8%	0.6%	-0.5%	0.7%	0.753	
Employee Relations – G	1.2%	0.2%	1.5%	0.6%	-0.3%	0.6%	0.492	
Management and Admins. – H	12.3%	0.6%	15.7%	1.7%	-3.4%	1.8%	1.861	Diff
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	4.3%	0.4%	3.7%	0.9%	0.6%	1.0%	0.618	
Professional Services – J	10.9%	0.6%	9.9%	1.4%	1.0%	1.5%	0.654	
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	2.8%	0.3%	2.5%	0.7%	0.3%	0.8%	0.375	
Quality Management – L	4.2%	0.4%	5.3%	1.1%	-1.1%	1.1%	0.979	
Teaching – M	3.5%	0.3%	4.4%	1.0%	-0.9%	1.0%	0.874	
Other - N	10.8%	0.6%	8.6%	1.3%	2.2%	1.5%	1.520	
Non-response	1.7%	0.2%	1.0%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	1.330	

Table IV-WAct: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians and	M	ail	Telep	hone						
primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	4.8%	0.3%	5.8%	1.0%	-1.0%	1.1%	0.922			
Applied Research – B	5.1%	0.3%	2.9%	0.7%	2.2%	0.8%	2.718	Diff		
Basic Research – C	1.1%	0.1%	0.9%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	0.449			
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	51.9%	0.7%	47.9%	2.2%	4.0%	2.3%	1.712	Diff		
Development – E	3.8%	0.3%	5.2%	1.0%	-1.4%	1.0%	1.364			
Design of Equipment – F	3.5%	0.3%	2.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%	1.042			
Employee Relations – G	1.2%	0.2%	0.9%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	0.670			
Management and Admins. – H	10.9%	0.4%	12.6%	1.5%	-1.7%	1.5%	1.101			
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	1.0%	0.1%	1.1%	0.5%	-0.1%	0.5%	0.206			
Professional Services – J	2.6%	0.2%	3.1%	0.8%	-0.5%	0.8%	0.621			
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	3.6%	0.3%	4.3%	0.9%	-0.7%	0.9%	0.743			
Quality Management – L	2.1%	0.2%	3.0%	0.8%	-0.9%	0.8%	1.143			
Teaching – M	3.4%	0.3%	5.7%	1.0%	-2.3%	1.1%	2.159	Diff		
Other - N	4.9%	0.3%	3.8%	0.9%	1.1%	0.9%	1.215			
Non-response	1.4%	0.2%	0.6%	0.3%	0.8%	0.4%	2.104	Diff		

Table V-	-WAct: Psyc	chologists a	and Social S	cientists				
Percentage of Psychologists	M	ail	Telep	hone				
and Social Scientists whose primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	3.3%	0.4%	3.2%	0.83%	0.1%	0.9%	0.110	
Applied Research – B	5.6%	0.5%	7.3%	1.2%	-1.7%	1.3%	1.291	
Basic Research – C	1.0%	0.2%	2.3%	0.7%	-1.3%	0.7%	1.768	Diff
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	3.0%	0.4%	4.5%	1.0%	-1.5%	1.0%	1.443	
Development – E	1.6%	0.3%	1.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.896	
Design of Equipment – F	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%	1.501	
Employee Relations – G	2.5%	0.3%	2.8%	0.8%	-0.3%	0.8%	0.359	
Management and Admins. – H	11.0%	0.7%	11.4%	1.5%	-0.4%	1.6%	0.245	
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.9%	0.3%	2.947	Diff
Professional Services – J	31.7%	1.0%	35.6%	2.2%	-3.9%	2.5%	1.587	
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	18.1%	0.8%	16.1%	1.7%	2.0%	1.9%	1.047	
Quality Management – L	1.5%	0.3%	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.936	
Teaching – M	3.7%	0.4%	5.5%	1.1%	-1.8%	1.1%	1.574	
Other - N	15.2%	0.8%	8.7%	1.3%	6.5%	1.5%	4.252	Diff
Non-response	1.9%	0.3%	1.1%	0.5%	0.8%	0.6%	1.414	

Table VI-WAct: Engineers									
Percentage of Engineers whose primary	M	ail	Telep	hone					
work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	2.4%	0.1%	2.8%	0.8%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.523		
Applied Research – B	7.1%	0.2%	6.4%	1.1%	0.7%	1.1%	0.614		
Basic Research – C	1.0%	0.1%	1.2%	0.5%	-0.2%	0.5%	0.396		
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	12.9%	0.3%	13.2%	1.5%	-0.3%	1.6%	0.191		
Development – E	10.2%	0.3%	11.4%	1.5%	-1.2%	1.5%	0.814		
Design of Equipment – F	22.9%	0.4%	17.2%	1.7%	5.7%	1.8%	3.237	Diff	
Employee Relations – G	1.2%	0.1%	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	1.6451	Diff	
Management and Admins. – H	16.9%	0.3%	18.1%	1.8%	-1.2%	1.8%	0.671		
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	3.8%	0.2%	4.3%	0.9%	-0.5%	0.9%	0.531		
Professional Services – J	4.0%	0.2%	3.5%	0.8%	0.5%	0.9%	0.584		
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	5.4%	0.2%	6.7%	1.1%	-1.3%	1.2%	1.122		
Quality Management – L	4.0%	0.2%	7.5%	1.2%	-3.5%	1.2%	2.881	Diff	
Teaching – M	1.1%	0.1%	2.1%	0.7%	-1.0%	0.7%	1.513		
Other - N	7.1%	0.2%	4.9%	1.0%	2.2%	1.0%	2.178	Diff	
Non-response	1.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	1.6%	0.1%	15.174	Diff	

Table VI	II-WAct: No	on-scientist	s and Non-e	ngineers				
Percentage of Non-scientists	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
and Non-engineers whose primary work activity is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Acctg., Fnan., Contracts – A	9.1%	0.1%	8.6%	1.5%	0.5%	1.5%	0.332	
Applied Research – B	1.9%	0.1%	2.9%	0.9%	-1.0%	0.9%	1.110	
Basic Research – C	0.7%	0.03%	0.5%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.527	
Comp. Appl., Prg. Sys. Dev. – D	5.6%	0.1%	5.8%	1.3%	-0.2%	1.3%	0.159	
Development – E	1.5%	0.04%	1.6%	0.7%	-0.1%	0.7%	0.148	
Design of Equipment – F	1.4%	0.04%	0.5%	0.4%	0.9%	0.4%	2.365	Diff
Employee Relations – G	3.9%	0.1%	1.7%	0.7%	2.2%	0.7%	3.159	Diff
Management and Admins. – H	16.4%	0.1%	15.3%	1.9%	1.1%	1.9%	0.569	
Produc., Operations, Maint. – I	3.7%	0.1%	4.5%	1.1%	-0.8%	1.1%	0.719	
Professional Services – J	16.7%	0.1%	15.8%	2.0%	0.9%	2.0%	0.459	
Sales, Purchasing, Marketing – K	11.3%	0.1%	12.9%	1.8%	-1.6%	1.8%	0.889	
Quality Management – L	1.9%	0.1%	3.1%	0.9%	-1.2%	0.9%	1.290	
Teaching – M	18.3%	0.1%	21.6%	2.2%	-3.3%	2.2%	1.493	
Other - N	7.7%	0.1%	5.2%	1.2%	2.5%	1.2%	2.094	Diff
Non-response	3.0%	0.1%	3.7%	1.0%	-0.7%	1.00%	0.701	

Table I-WArea: Total										
Percentage of persons	M	ail	Telep	ohone						
that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Energy/Fuel	2.6%	0.1%	2.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.937			
Environment	4.0%	0.1%	3.8%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.490			
Health/Safety	18.6%	0.1%	12.8%	0.7%	5.8%	0.7%	8.109	Diff		
National Defense	3.2%	0.1%	2.1%	0.3%	1.1%	0.3%	3.578	Diff		
Other	71.5%	0.1%	79.0%	0.9%	-7.5%	0.9%	8.613	Diff		
Non-response	1.9%	0.04%	0.1%	0.1%	1.8%	0.1%	22.775	Diff		

Work Area – Question A30

Table II-WArea: Total Scientists and Engineers										
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	M	ail	Telep	hone						
that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Energy/Fuel	8.1%	0.2%	6.6%	0.6%	1.5%	0.6%	2.510	Diff		
Environment	10.5%	0.2%	10.7%	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	0.271			
Health/Safety	11.3%	0.2%	8.7%	0.6%	2.6%	0.7%	3.825	Diff		
National Defense	13.0%	0.2%	11.0%	0.7%	2.0%	0.8%	2.661	Diff		
Other	57.1%	0.3%	63.0%	1.1%	-5.9%	1.2%	5.106	Diff		
Non-response	2.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	1.9%	0.1%	16.494	Diff		

Table III-WArea: Physical Scientists										
Percentage of Physical	М	ail	Telep	hone						
Scientists that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Energy/Fuel	9.3%	0.5%	8.2%	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%	0.785			
Environment	35.4%	0.9%	32.9%	2.2%	2.5%	2.4%	1.048			
Health/Safety	19.6%	0.7%	18.0%	1.8%	1.6%	2.0%	0.818			
National Defense	2.5%	0.3%	3.2%	0.8%	-0.7%	0.9%	0.797			
Other	33.2%	0.9%	37.6%	2.3%	-4.4%	2.5%	1.799	Diff		
Non-response	1.7%	0.2%	0%	0%	1.7%	0.2%	7.087	Diff		

Work Area - Question A30 (cont'd)

Table IV-WArea: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians and	Ma	ail	Telep	ohone						
Computer Scientists that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Energy/Fuel	2.9%	0.2%	3.3%	0.8%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.483			
Environment	2.2%	0.2%	1.4%	0.5%	0.8%	0.6%	1.425			
Health/Safety	6.9%	0.4%	4.6%	0.9%	2.3%	1.0%	2.306	Diff		
National Defense	12.6%	0.5%	10.5%	1.4%	2.1%	1.4%	1.458			
Other	75.5%	0.6%	80.2%	1.8%	-4.7%	1.9%	2.510	Diff		
Non-response	1.6%	0.2%	0%	0%	1.6%	0.2%	9.201	Diff		

Table V-WArea: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists and	М	ail	Telep	hone						
Social Scientists that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Energy/Fuel	2.9%	0.4%	2.6%	0.7%	0.3%	0.8%	0.363			
Environment	3.3%	0.4%	2.3%	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	1.252			
Health/Safety	28.9%	1.0%	22.2%	1.9%	6.7%	2.2%	3.082	Diff		
National Defense	2.0%	0.3%	2.3%	0.7%	-0.3%	0.8%	0.393			
Other	62.8%	1.0%	70.5%	2.1%	-7.7%	2.4%	3.246	Diff		
Non-response	2.0%	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	1.4%	0.5%	3.004	Diff		

Work Area - Question A30 (cont'd)

	Table VI-WArea: Engineers										
Percentage of Engineers	M	ail	Telep	ohone							
that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Energy/Fuel	11.1%	0.3%	8.5%	1.3%	2.6%	1.3%	1.997	Diff			
Environment	9.5%	0.2%	11.4%	1.5%	-1.9%	1.5%	1.290				
Health/Safety	7.4%	0.2%	5.3%	1.0%	2.1%	1.1%	2.005	Diff			
National Defense	18.1%	0.3%	14.9%	1.6%	3.2%	1.7%	1.928	Diff			
Other	53.9%	0.4%	60.0%	2.2%	-6.1%	2.3%	2.678	Diff			
Non-response	2.2%	0.1%	0%	0%	2.2%	0.1%	17.848	Diff			

Table VII-WArea: Non-scientists and Non-engineers									
Percentage of Non-scientists and	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone					
Non-engineers that are working in:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Energy/Fuel	2.1%	0.1%	1.9%	0.7%	0.2%	0.7%	0.277		
Environment	3.4%	0.1%	3.2%	0.9%	0.2%	0.9%	0.215		
Health/Safety	19.3%	0.1%	13.1%	1.8%	6.2%	1.8%	3.466	Diff	
National Defense	2.4%	0.1%	1.3%	0.6%	1.1%	0.6%	1.830	Diff	
Other	72.8%	0.2%	80.5%	2.1%	-7.7%	2.1%	3.666	Diff	
Non-response	1.9%	0.05%	0.1%	0.2%	1.8%	0.2%	10.357	Diff	

Work Area – Question A30 (cont'd)

Table I-PE: Total										
Percentage of persons whose	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone						
employer 5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Same Employer	49.7%	0.1%	47.4%	1.0%	2.3%	1.0%	2.235	Diff		
Different Employer	35.1%	0.1%	32.3%	1.0%	2.8%	1.0%	2.856	Diff		
Not Employed	15.2%	0.1%	20.3%	0.8%	-5.1%	0.8%	6.112	Diff		
Non-response	4.0%	0.1%	7.5%	0.5%	-3.5%	0.5%	6.760	Diff		

Past Employment – Questions B1 & B2

Table II-PE: Total Scientists and Engineers Only										
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers whose	Μ	ail	Telep	hone						
employer 5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Same Employer	53.6%	0.3%	59.6%	1.1%	-6.0%	1.1%	5.313	Diff		
Different Employer	37.8%	0.3%	31.1%	1.0%	6.7%	1.1%	6.240	Diff		
Not Employed	8.6%	0.2%	9.3%	0.7%	-0.7%	0.7%	0.991			
Non-response	2.6%	0.1%	9.5%	0.6%	-6.9%	0.6%	10.898	Diff		

Table III-PE: Physical Scientists									
Percentage of Physical Scientists whose	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone					
employer 5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Same Employer	52.7%	0.9%	62.4%	2.2%	-9.6%	2.4%	4.059	Diff	
Different Employer	36.8%	0.8%	26.6%	2.0%	10.2%	2.2%	4.655	Diff	
Not Employed	10.4%	0.5%	11.0%	1.4%	-0.5%	1.5%	0.348		
Non-response	2.5%	0.3%	10.7%	1.3%	-8.2%	1.4%	6.005	Diff	

Past Employment – Questions B1 & B2 (cont'd)

Table IV-P	Table IV-PE: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians and Computer Scientists whose employer	M	ail	Telep	hone							
Computer Scientists whose employer 5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Same Employer	51.9%	0.7%	59.0%	2.2%	-7.1%	2.3%	3.139	Diff			
Different Employer	41.5%	0.7%	33.3%	2.1%	8.2%	2.2%	3.799	Diff			
Not Employed	6.5%	0.3%	7.7%	1.2%	-1.2%	1.2%	0.951				
Non-response	2.3%	0.2%	6.5%	1.0%	-4.1%	1.1%	3.892	Diff			

Table V-PE: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists and Social Scientists whose employer	М	ail	Telep	hone						
5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Same Employer	45.0%	1.0%	52.9%	2.3%	-7.9%	2.5%	3.136	Diff		
Different Employer	44.5%	1.0%	36.6%	2.2%	7.9%	2.4%	3.252	Diff		
Not Employed	10.5%	0.6%	10.6%	1.4%	-0.1%	1.54%	0.031			
Non-response	3.5%	0.4%	7.1%	1.1%	-3.6%	1.2%	3.067	Diff		

Past Employment – Questions B1 & B2 (cont'd)

Table VI-PE: Engineers										
Percentage of Engineers whose employer	Ma	ail	Telep	ohone						
5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Same Employer	56.2%	0.4%	60.8%	2.2%	-4.6%	2.2%	2.064	Diff		
Different Employer	35.2%	0.4%	29.9%	2.1%	5.3%	2.1%	2.518	Diff		
Not Employed	8.6%	0.2%	9.3%	1.3%	-0.7%	1.3%	0.503			
Non-response	2.5%	0.1%	11.0%	1.3%	-8.5%	1.3%	6.404	Diff		

Table VII-PE: Non-scientists and Non-engineers										
Percentage of Non-scientists and Non-engineers whose employer	Μ	ail	Telep	hone						
5 years ago was:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Same Employer	49.4%	0.2%	46.4%	2.5%	3.0%	2.5%	1.209			
Different Employer	34.9%	0.2%	32.4%	2.3%	2.5%	2.3%	1.042			
Not Employed	15.8%	0.1%	21.2%	2.0%	-5.4%	2.0%	2.670	Diff		
Non-response	4.1%	0.1%	7.3%	1.2%	-3.2%	1.2%	2.606	Diff		

Past Employment – Questions B1 & B2 (cont'd)

Table I-DL: Total										
Percentage of persons with	М	ail	Telep	ohone						
highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
PhDs	1.1%	0.03%	2.2%	0.3%	-1.1%	0.3%	3.810	Diff		
Professional Degree	6.6%	0.1%	6.4%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	0.413			
Master's Degree	25.3%	0.1%	23.9%	0.8%	1.4%	0.8%	1.659	Diff		
Bachelor's Degree	67.0%	0.1%	67.6%	0.9%	-0.6%	0.9%	0.648			
Non-response	0.8%	0.02%	0.3%	0.1%	0.5%	0.1%	4.558	Diff		

Degree Level – Question D6

Table II	Table II-DL: Total Scientists and Engineers Only										
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	Ma	ail	Telep	hone							
with highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
PhDs	1.1%	0.1%	1.5%	0.3%	-0.4%	0.3%	1.489				
Professional Degree	1.2%	0.1%	1.8%	0.3%	-0.6%	0.3%	2.046	Diff			
Master's Degree	31.9%	0.3%	31.0%	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	0.872				
Bachelor's Degree	65.7%	0.3%	65.7%	1.0%	0%	1.1%	0				
Non-response	0.6%	0.04%	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%	3.835	Diff			

	Table III-DL: Physical Scientists										
Percentage of Physical	М	ail	Telep	ohone							
Scientists with highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
PhDs	3.0%	0.3%	2.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.7%	0.680				
Professional Degree	3.1%	0.3%	3.1%	0.7%	0%	0.8%	0				
Master's Degree	31.7%	0.8%	31.7%	2.0%	0%	2.2%	0				
Bachelor's Degree	62.3%	0.8%	62.7%	2.1%	-0.4%	2.3%	0.178				
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.2%	1.710	Diff			

Degree Level – Question D6 (cont'd)

Table IV-D	Table IV-DL: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians	Ma	ail	Telep	ohone							
and Computer Scientists with highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
PhDs	0.5%	0.1%	0.6%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.3%	0.294				
Professional Degree	1.1%	0.1%	1.2%	0.5%	-0.1%	0.5%	0.208				
Master's Degree	30.9%	0.6%	30.2%	1.9%	0.7%	2.0%	0.343				
Bachelor's Degree	67.5%	0.6%	68.0%	2.0%	-0.5%	2.1%	0.241				
Non-response	0.4%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.4%	0.1%	4.831	Diff			

Table V	Table V-DL: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists	М	ail	Telep	ohone							
and Social Scientists with highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
PhDs	3.4%	0.4%	3.7%	0.8%	-0.3%	0.9%	0.331				
Professional Degree	2.6%	0.3%	4.2%	0.9%	-1.6%	0.9%	1.702	Diff			
Master's Degree	54.9%	1.0%	52.1%	2.2%	2.8%	2.4%	1.159				
Bachelor's Degree	39.2%	1.0%	40.0%	2.2%	-0.8%	2.4%	0.338				
Non-response	0.4%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.859				

Degree Level - Question D6 (cont'd)

Table VI-DL: Engineers										
Percentage of Engineers with	M	ail	Telep	hone						
highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
PhDs	0.4%	0.05%	1.2%	0.5%	-0.8%	0.5%	1.726	Diff		
Professional Degree	0.6%	0.1%	1.1%	0.4%	-0.5%	0.5%	1.122			
Master's Degree	27.5%	0.3%	26.6%	1.9%	0.9%	1.9%	0.473			
Bachelor's Degree	71.4%	0.4%	71.0%	1.9%	0.4%	2.0%	0.205			
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	1.256			

Table V	Table VII-DL: Non-scientists and Non-engineers										
Percentage of Non-scientists	М	ail	Telep	ohone							
and Non-engineers with highest degree of:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
PhDs	1.1%	0.03%	2.3%	0.7%	-1.2%	0.7%	1.691	Diff			
Professional Degree	7.0%	0.1%	6.8%	1.2%	0.2%	1.2%	0.168				
Master's Degree	24.8%	0.1%	23.2%	2.0%	1.6%	2.0%	0.800				
Bachelor's Degree	67.1%	0.2%	67.7%	2.2%	-0.6%	2.2%	0.271				
Non-response	0.8%	0.03%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	1.928	Diff			

Degree Level – Question D6 (cont'd)

Table I-CE: Total									
Percentage of persons who have taken	М	ail	Telep	ohone					
finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Have Taken	45.0%	0.1%	48.5%	1.0%	-3.5%	1.0%	3.544	Diff	
Have Not Taken	55.0%	0.1%	51.5%	1.0%	3.5%	1.0%	3.544	Diff	
Non-response	1.4%	0.03%	0.05%	0.04%	1.35%	0.05%	24.847	Diff	

Continuing Education – Question D7

Table II-CE: Total Scientists and Engineers Only									
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers who	М	ail	Telep	ohone					
since finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Have Taken	48.2%	0.3%	47.0%	1.1%	1.2%	1.1%	1.085		
Have Not Taken	51.8%	0.3%	53.0%	1.1%	-1.2%	1.1%	1.085		
Non-response	1.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.9%	0.1%	10.481	Diff	

Table III-CE: Physical Scientists									
Percentage of Physical Scientists who	Μ	ail	Telep	hone					
have taken college or university courses since finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Have Taken	51.7%	0.9%	50.9%	2.2%	0.8%	2.3%	0.344		
Have Not Taken	48.3%	0.9%	49.1%	2.2%	-0.8%	2.3%	0.344		
Non-response	0.9%	0.2%	0%	0%	0.9%	0.2%	5.558	Diff	

Table IV-C	Table IV-CE: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians and Computer	M	ail	Telep	hone							
Scientists who have taken college or university courses since finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Have Taken	49.4%	0.7%	47.6%	2.1%	1.8%	2.2%	0.812				
Have Not Taken	50.6%	0.7%	52.4%	2.1%	-1.8%	2.2%	0.812				
Non-response	0.8%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.8%	0.1%	6.845	Diff			

Continuing Education – Question D7 (cont'd)

Table V	Table V-CE: Psychologists and Social Scientists									
Percentage of Psychologists and Social Scientists	M	ail	Telep	ohone						
since finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Have Taken	43.2%	1.0%	45.0%	2.2%	-1.8%	2.4%	0.746			
Have Not Taken	56.8%	1.0%	55.0%	2.2%	1.8%	2.4%	0.746			
Non-response	1.1%	0.2%	0.9%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	0.431			

Table VI-CE: Engineers									
Percentage of Engineers who have taken	М	ail	Telep	ohone					
finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Have Taken	47.9%	0.4%	46.3%	2.1%	1.6%	2.1%	0.747		
Have Not Taken	52.1%	0.4%	53.7%	2.1%	-1.6%	2.1%	0.747		
Non-response	1.0%	0.1%	0%	0%	1.0%	0.1%	12.917	Diff	

Continuing Education – Question D7 (cont'd)

Table VII-CE: Non-scientists and Non-engineers									
Percentage of Non-scientists and Non-engineers	M	ail	Telep	ohone					
who have taken college or university courses since finishing their most recent degree:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Have Taken	44.8%	0.2%	48.7%	2.4%	-3.9%	2.4%	1.650	Diff	
Have Not Taken	55.2%	0.2%	51.3%	2.4%	3.9%	2.4%	1.650	Diff	
Non-response	1.5%	0.04%	0.1%	0.1%	1.4%	0.1%	12.900	Diff	

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	Table I-SO: Total										
Percentage of persons	М	ail	Telep	hone							
whose spouse works as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Scientist of Engineer, Total	44.4%	0.2%	46.7%	1.1%	-2.3%	1.1%	1.975	Diff			
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	24.3%	0.1%	30.6%	1.0%	-6.3%	1.1%	5.959	Diff			
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	20.1%	0.1%	16.1%	0.8%	4.0%	0.8%	4.788	Diff			
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	6.2%	0.1%	5.0%	0.5%	1.1%	0.5%	2.267	Diff			
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	2.8%	0.1%	2.7%	0.4%	0.1%	0.4%	0.382				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	3.3%	0.1%	2.3%	0.3%	1.0%	0.3%	2.867	Diff			
Working, non-technical	22.2%	0.1%	21.4%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	0.858				
Not Working	27.2%	0.2%	26.9%	1.0%	0.3%	1.0%	0.307				
Non-response	4.3%	0.1%	0.6%	0.2%	3.7%	0.2%	20.075	Diff			

Spouse's Occupation – Questions D13, D14 & D15

Table II	-SO: Total	Scientists a	nd Engineer	rs Only				
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
whose spouse works as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Scientist of Engineer, Total	37.3%	0.3%	40.3%	1.2%	-3.1%	1.3%	2.441	Diff
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	23.2%	0.3%	25.0%	1.1%	-1.7%	1.1%	1.575	
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	14.0%	0.2%	15.3%	0.9%	-1.3%	0.9%	1.434	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	7.7%	0.2%	7.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.923	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	3.6%	0.1%	3.8%	0.5%	-0.2%	0.5%	0.361	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	4.1%	0.1%	3.3%	0.4%	0.8%	0.5%	1.694	Diff
Working, non-technical	20.7%	0.3%	20.5%	1.0%	0.2%	1.0%	0.207	
Not Working	34.4%	0.3%	32.1%	1.2%	2.2%	1.2%	1.872	Diff
Non-response	3.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	2.7%	0.2%	13.586	Diff

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	Table III-SO: Physical Scientists										
Percentage of Physical Scientists	M	ail	Telep	hone							
whose spouse works as:	estimate	se	Estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Scientist of Engineer, Total	43.3%	1.0%	44.7%	2.4%	-1.4%	2.6%	0.512				
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	27.8%	0.9%	31.0%	2.3%	-3.2%	2.5%	1.315				
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	15.6%	0.7%	13.7%	1.7%	1.9%	1.8%	1.013				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	7.8%	0.6%	8.0%	1.3%	-0.2%	1.4%	0.158				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	3.9%	0.4%	3.4%	0.9%	0.5%	1.0%	0.552				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	3.9%	0.4%	4.7%	1.0%	-0.8%	1.1%	0.686				
Working, non-technical	19.9%	0.8%	19.6%	2.0%	0.3%	2.1%	0.145				
Not Working	29.0%	0.9%	27.7%	2.2%	1.3%	2.4%	0.535				
Non-response	3.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	3.3%	0.4%	9.163	Diff			

Spouse's Occupation – Questions D13, D14 & D15 (cont'd)

Table IV-S	O: Mathem	aticians an	d Computer	Scientists				
Percentage of Mathematicians and Computer	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
Scientists whose spouse works as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Scientist of Engineer, Total	44.5%	0.8%	46.3%	2.5%	-2.2%	2.6%	0.841	
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	29.5%	0.7%	29.5%	2.3%	0.0%	2.4%	0.000	
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	15.0%	0.6%	17.2%	1.9%	-2.2%	2.0%	1.118	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	6.8%	0.4%	6.9%	1.3%	-0.1%	1.3%	0.071	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	3.5%	0.3%	3.9%	1.0%	-0.4%	1.0%	0.423	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	3.4%	0.3%	3.0%	0.9%	0.3%	0.9%	0.367	
Working, non-technical	21.2%	0.7%	20.5%	2.0%	0.6%	2.1%	0.294	
Not Working	27.5%	0.7%	25.8%	2.2%	1.7%	2.3%	0.727	
Non-response	3.1%	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	2.5%	0.5%	5.304	Diff

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Table V	Table V-SO: Psychologists and Social Scientists										
Percentage of Psychologists and Social	M	ail	Telep	hone							
Scientists whose spouse works as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Scientist of Engineer, Total	56.4%	1.2%	58.5%	2.6%	-2.1%	2.8%	0.737				
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	33.6%	1.2%	36.0%	2.5%	-2.4%	2.8%	0.852				
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	22.8%	1.0%	22.6%	2.2%	0.3%	2.4%	0.106				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	7.7%	0.7%	7.2%	1.4%	0.4%	1.5%	0.280				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	4.2%	0.5%	4.0%	1.0%	0.1%	1.1%	0.123				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	3.5%	0.4%	3.2%	0.9%	0.3%	1.0%	0.274				
Working, non-technical	16.2%	0.9%	15.6%	1.9%	0.6%	2.1%	0.281				
Not Working	19.7%	1.0%	18.6%	2.0%	1.1%	2.3%	0.482				
Non-response	3.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	2.9%	0.6%	5.159	Diff			

Spouse's Occupation – Questions D13, D14 & D15 (cont'd)

	Table V	/I-SO: Eng	gineers					
Percentage of Engineers whose	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
spouse works as:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
Scientist of Engineer, Total	30.0%	0.4%	33.7%	2.2%	-3.7%	2.2%	1.660	Diff
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	18.2%	0.3%	20.0%	1.9%	-1.8%	1.9%	0.946	
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	11.8%	0.3%	13.7%	1.6%	-1.9%	1.6%	1.183	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	7.9%	0.2%	6.9%	1.2%	1.1%	1.2%	0.895	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	3.4%	0.2%	3.7%	0.9%	-0.3%	0.9%	0.330	
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	4.5%	0.2%	3.1%	0.8%	1.4%	0.8%	1.653	Diff
Working, non-technical	21.5%	0.4%	21.6%	1.9%	-0.1%	2.0%	0.031	
Not Working	40.6%	0.4%	37.9%	2.3%	2.7%	2.3%	1.174	
Non-response	3.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.3%	2.6%	0.3%	7.609	Diff

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Table V	Table VII-SO: Non-scientists and Non-engineers										
Percentage of Non-scientists and	M	ail	Telep	hone							
Non-engineers whose spouse works as:	estimate	Se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result			
Scientist of Engineer, Total	45.0%	0.2%	47.2%	2.8%	-2.2%	2.8%	0.771				
Scientist or Engineer, Full Time	24.4%	0.2%	31.1%	2.6%	-6.7%	2.6%	2.548	Diff			
Scientist or Engineer, Part Time	20.6%	0.2%	16.1%	2.1%	4.5%	2.1%	2.158	Diff			
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Total	6.0%	0.1%	4.9%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	0.972				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Full Time	2.8%	0.1%	2.6%	0.9%	0.2%	0.9%	0.189				
Non-scientist/Non-engineer, Part Time	3.3%	0.1%	2.2%	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%	1.205				
Working, non-technical	22.4%	0.2%	21.5%	2.3%	0.9%	2.3%	0.368				
Not Working	26.5%	0.2%	26.4%	2.5%	0.1%	2.5%	0.057				
Non-response	4.4%	0.1%	0.6%	0.4%	3.8%	0.4%	8.597	Diff			

Spouse's Occupation - Questions D13, D14 & D15 (cont'd)

Table I-U/R: Total									
Percentage of persons who lived	М	ail	Telep	ohone					
prior to the age of 18:	estimate	Se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Lived in Rural Area	33.7%	0.1%	33.7%	0.9%	0%	0.9%	0		
Did Not Live in Rural Area	66.3%	0.1%	66.3%	0.9%	0%	0.9%	0		
Non-response	0.9%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.8%	0.1%	12.946	Diff	

Urban/Rural – Question D22

Table II-U/R: Total Scientists and Engineers									
Percentage of Total Scientists and Engineers who	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone					
prior to the age of 18:	estimate	Se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Lived in Rural Area	32.6%	0.2%	30.3%	1.0%	2.3%	1.0%	2.328	Diff	
Did Not Live in Rural Area	67.4%	0.2%	69.7%	1.0%	-2.3%	1.0%	2.328	Diff	
Non-response	0.8%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%	0.75%	0.05%	15.614	Diff	

Table IIII-U/R: Physical Scientists									
Percentage of Physical Scientists	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone					
who lived in a rural or farming community prior to the age of 18:	estimate	Se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Lived in Rural Area	37.8%	0.8%	36.7%	2.1%	1.1%	2.2%	0.490		
Did Not Live in Rural Area	62.2%	0.8%	63.3%	2.1%	-1.1%	2.2%	0.490		
Non-response	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.7%	0.3%	2.781	Diff	

Table IV-U/R: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists										
Percentage of Mathematicians and Computer	Ma	ail	Telep	hone						
Scientists who lived in a rural or farming community prior to the age of 18:	estimate	Se	Estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Lived in Rural Area	28.0%	0.6%	28.5%	1.9%	-0.5%	2.0%	0.250			
Did Not Live in Rural Area	72.0%	0.6%	71.5%	1.9%	0.5%	2.0%	0.250			
Non-response	0.7%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.7%	0.1%	6.401	Diff		

Urban/Rural – Question D22 (cont'd)

Table V-U/R: Psychologists and Social Scientists									
Percentage of Psychologists and Social	Μ	ail	Telep	ohone					
community prior to the age of 18:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Lived in Rural Area	28.0%	0.9%	29.6%	2.0%	-1.6%	2.2%	0.726		
Did Not Live in Rural Area	72.0%	0.9%	70.4%	2.0%	1.6%	2.2%	0.726		
Non-response	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.7%	0.3%	2.586	Diff	

Table VI-U/R: Engineers									
Percentage of Engineers who lived in a rural or farming community	M	ail	Telep	hone					
prior to the age of 18:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
Lived in Rural Area	34.1%	0.4%	29.7%	1.9%	4.4%	2.0%	2.238	Diff	
Did Not Live in Rural Area	65.9%	0.4%	70.3%	1.9%	-4.4%	2.0%	2.238	Diff	
Non-response	0.7%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.7%	0.1%	10.791	Diff	

Urban/Rural – Question D22 (cont'd)

Table VII-U/R: Non-scientists and Non-engineers										
Percentage of Non-scientists and	М	ail	Telep	ohone						
Non-engineers who lived in a rural or farming community prior to the age of 18:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
Lived in Rural Area	33.8%	0.2%	34.0%	2.2%	-0.2%	2.2%	0.089			
Did Not Live in Rural Area	66.2%	0.2%	66.0%	2.2%	0.2%	2.2%	0.089			
Non-response	0.9%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.8%	0.2%	5.261	Diff		

Table I-PHE: Total – Mother										
Percentage of persons whose	M	ail	Telep	hone						
mother's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	7.1%	0.1%	5.3%	0.4%	1.8%	0.4%	4.054	Diff		
Bachelor's Degree	13.3%	0.1%	17.2%	0.7%	-3.9%	0.7%	5.241	Diff		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	22.1%	0.1%	23.2%	0.8%	-1.1%	0.8%	1.320			
High School Diploma	38.0%	0.1%	36.5%	0.9%	1.5%	1.0%	1.577			
Less than High School Diploma	18.6%	0.1%	15.4%	0.7%	3.2%	0.7%	4.480	Diff		
Don't Know	0.9%	0.03%	2.4%	0.3%	-1.5%	0.3%	4.991	Diff		
Non-response	1.0%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.9%	0.1%	13.320	Diff		

Parent's Highest Education Level – Question D23

	Table II-F	PHE: Total	– Father					
Percentage of persons whose	Ma	ail	Telep	hone				
father's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result
At least some graduate or professional school	15.6%	0.1%	16.3%	0.7%	-0.7%	0.7%	0.959	
Bachelor's Degree	15.8%	0.1%	17.8%	0.7%	-2.0%	0.8%	2.648	Diff
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.4%	0.1%	13.7%	0.7%	4.7%	0.7%	6.899	Diff
High School Diploma	25.5%	0.1%	28.2%	0.9%	-2.7%	0.9%	3.039	Diff
Less than High School Diploma	23.4%	0.1%	22.3%	0.8%	1.1%	0.8%	1.337	
Don't Know	1.3%	0.03%	1.8%	0.3%	-0.5%	0.3%	1.908	Diff
Non-response	0.7%	0.02%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.1%	9.105	Diff

Table III-PHE: Total Scientists and Engineers Only – Mother										
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	M	ail	Telep	hone						
whose mother's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	7.3%	0.1%	7.2%	0.6%	0.1%	0.6%	0.175			
Bachelor's Degree	13.7%	0.2%	15.6%	0.8%	-1.9%	0.8%	2.372	Diff		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	21.6%	0.2%	19.9%	0.9%	1.7%	0.9%	1.920	Diff		
High School Diploma	38.9%	0.3%	41.1%	1.1%	-2.2%	1.1%	2.021	Diff		
Less than High School Diploma	17.7%	0.2%	15.0%	0.8%	2.7%	0.8%	3.401	Diff		
Don't Know	0.9%	0.1%	1.1%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.871			
Non-response	0.7%	0.04%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.1%	7.413	Diff		

Table IV-PHE: Total Scientists and Engineers Only – Father										
Percentage of Scientists and Engineers	М	ail	Telep	hone						
whose father's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	16.0%	0.2%	15.1%	0.8%	0.9%	0.8%	1.134			
Bachelor's Degree	17.8%	0.2%	20.1%	0.9%	-2.3%	0.9%	2.598	Diff		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.3%	0.2%	16.4%	0.8%	1.9%	0.8%	2.311	Diff		
High School Diploma	25.5%	0.2%	27.2%	1.0%	-1.7%	1.0%	1.727	Diff		
Less than High School Diploma	21.3%	0.2%	19.6%	0.9%	1.7%	0.9%	1.930	Diff		
Don't Know	1.0%	0.1%	1.7%	0.3%	-0.7%	0.3%	2.474	Diff		
Non-response	0.5%	0.04%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	2.914	Diff		

Table V-PHE: Physical Scientists – Mother										
Percentage of Physical Scientists whose	M	ail	Telep	hone						
mother's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	8.6%	0.5%	6.7%	1.1%	1.9%	1.2%	1.607			
Bachelor's Degree	14.7%	0.6%	14.8%	1.5%	-0.1%	1.7%	0.061			
Some College, including Associate's Degree	23.2%	0.7%	20.2%	1.7%	3.0%	1.9%	1.597			
High School Diploma	36.8%	0.8%	41.6%	2.1%	-4.8%	2.3%	2.102	Diff		
Less than High School Diploma	15.9%	0.6%	15.8%	1.6%	0.1%	1.7%	0.059			
Don't Know	0.8%	0.2%	0.9%	0.4%	-0.1%	0.4%	0.230			
Non-response	0.9%	0.2%	0%	0%	0.9%	0.2%	5.559	Diff		

Table VI-PHE: Physical Scientists – Father										
Percentage of Physical Scientists whose	M	ail	Telep	ohone						
father's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	18.6%	0.7%	15.1%	1.5%	3.5%	1.7%	2.079	Diff		
Bachelor's Degree	16.7%	0.6%	17.5%	1.6%	-0.8%	1.8%	0.454			
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.6%	0.7%	12.3%	1.4%	6.3%	1.6%	4.020	Diff		
High School Diploma	25.5%	0.7%	32.5%	2.0%	-7.0%	2.2%	3.247	Diff		
Less than High School Diploma	19.6%	0.7%	21.2%	1.8%	-1.6%	1.9%	0.846			
Don't Know	1.0%	0.2%	1.3%	0.5%	-0.3%	0.5%	0.579			
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	4.532	Diff		

Table VII-PHE: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists - Mother										
Percentage of Mathematicians and	Ma	ail	Telep	hone						
highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	8.9%	0.4%	6.9%	1.1%	2.0%	1.1%	1.757	Diff		
Bachelor's Degree	13.8%	0.5%	17.4%	1.6%	-3.6%	1.7%	2.155	Diff		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	22.1%	0.5%	22.9%	1.8%	-0.8%	1.9%	0.429			
High School Diploma	38.7%	0.6%	39.6%	2.1%	-0.9%	2.2%	0.415			
Less than High School Diploma	15.7%	0.5%	12.5%	1.4%	3.2%	1.5%	2.159	Diff		
Don't Know	0.9%	0.1%	0.7%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.534			
Non-response	0.6%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.1%	5.923	Diff		

Table VIII-PHE: Mathematicians and Computer Scientists - Father										
Percentage of Mathematicians and	M	ail	Telep	ohone						
highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result		
At least some graduate or professional school	19.1%	0.5%	17.6%	1.6%	1.5%	1.7%	0.885			
Bachelor's Degree	18.4%	0.5%	22.1%	1.8%	-3.7%	1.8%	2.020	Diff		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.5%	0.5%	18.0%	1.6%	0.5%	1.7%	0.293			
High School Diploma	23.7%	0.6%	24.6%	1.8%	-0.9%	1.9%	0.471			
Less than High School Diploma	19.2%	0.5%	16.3%	1.6%	2.9%	1.7%	1.758	Diff		
Don't Know	1.0%	0.1%	1.3%	0.5%	-0.3%	0.5%	0.603			
Non-response	0.5%	0.1%	0%	0%	0.5%	0.1%	5.404	Diff		

Table IX-PHE: Psychologists and Social Scientists - Mother									
Percentage of Psychologists and	Mail		Telephone						
Social Scientists whose mother's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	9.5%	0.6%	11.0%	1.4%	-1.5%	1.5%	1.001		
Bachelor's Degree	15.9%	0.7%	17.5%	1.7%	-1.6%	1.8%	0.876		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	25.8%	0.9%	21.8%	1.8%	4.0%	2.0%	1.983	Diff	
High School Diploma	33.8%	0.9%	36.8%	2.1%	-3.0%	2.3%	1.290		
Less than High School Diploma	14.6%	0.7%	11.9%	1.4%	2.7%	1.6%	1.697	Diff	
Don't Know	0.3%	0.1%	1.0%	0.4%	-0.7%	0.5%	1.546		
Non-response	0.4%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.859		

Table X-PHE: Psychologists and Social Scientists - Father									
Percentage of Psychologists and	Mail		Telephone						
highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	20.9%	0.8%	21.4%	1.8%	-0.5%	2.0%	0.252		
Bachelor's Degree	18.6%	0.8%	19.8%	1.8%	-1.2%	1.9%	0.625		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.6%	0.8%	16.6%	1.6%	2.0%	1.8%	1.103		
High School Diploma	22.4%	0.8%	22.9%	1.9%	-0.5%	2.0%	0.246		
Less than High School Diploma	18.9%	0.8%	16.8%	1.7%	2.1%	1.8%	1.152		
Don't Know	0.6%	0.2%	2.4%	0.7%	-1.8%	0.7%	2.597	Diff	
Non-response	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.445		

Table XI-PHE: Engineers – Mother									
Percentage of Engineers whose mother's	Mail		Telephone						
highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	5.9%	0.2%	6.6%	1.1%	-0.7%	1.1%	0.657		
Bachelor's Degree	13.0%	0.3%	14.7%	1.5%	-1.7%	1.5%	1.118		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	20.1%	0.3%	18.2%	1.6%	1.9%	1.7%	1.143		
High School Diploma	40.5%	0.4%	42.6%	2.1%	-2.1%	2.1%	0.988		
Less than High School Diploma	19.5%	0.3%	16.5%	1.6%	3.0%	1.6%	1.875	Diff	
Don't Know	1.1%	0.1%	1.4%	0.5%	-0.3%	0.5%	0.596		
Non-response	0.7%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%	0.2%	2.505	Diff	

Table XII-PHE: Engineers – Father									
Percentage of Engineers whose father's	Mail		Telephone						
highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	13.2%	0.3%	12.7%	1.4%	0.5%	1.4%	0.349		
Bachelor's Degree	17.8%	0.3%	20.0%	1.7%	-2.2%	1.7%	1.280		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.1%	0.3%	16.7%	1.6%	1.4%	1.6%	0.871		
High School Diploma	26.8%	0.3%	27.9%	1.9%	-1.1%	1.9%	0.570		
Less than High School Diploma	23.0%	0.3%	21.1%	1.7%	1.9%	1.8%	1.081		
Don't Know	1.1%	0.1%	1.7%	0.5%	-0.6%	0.6%	1.085		
Non-response	0.5%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.367		

Table XIII-PHE: Non-scientists and Non-engineers - Mother									
Percentage of Non-scientists and	Mail		Telephone						
Non-engineers whose mother's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	7.1%	0.1%	5.2%	1.0%	1.9%	1.1%	1.808	Diff	
Bachelor's Degree	13.3%	0.1%	17.4%	1.8%	-4.1%	1.8%	2.287	Diff	
Some College, including Associate's Degree	22.1%	0.1%	23.5%	2.0%	-1.4%	2.0%	0.698		
High School Diploma	37.9%	0.2%	36.1%	2.3%	1.8%	2.3%	0.792		
Less than High School Diploma	18.7%	0.1%	15.4%	1.7%	3.3%	1.7%	1.932	Diff	
Don't Know	0.9%	0.03%	2.5%	0.7%	-1.6%	0.7%	2.170	Diff	
Non-response	1.0%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.9%	0.2%	5.906	Diff	

Table XIV-PHE: Non-scientists and Non-engineers – Father									
Percentage of Non-scientists and	Mail		Telephone						
Non-engineers whose father's highest education level is:	estimate	se	estimate	se	diff	se(diff)	t-stat	result	
At least some graduate or professional school	15.5%	0.1%	16.4%	1.7%	-0.9%	1.8%	0.514		
Bachelor's Degree	15.6%	0.1%	17.6%	1.8%	-2.0%	1.8%	1.111		
Some College, including Associate's Degree	18.4%	0.1%	13.4%	1.6%	5.0%	1.6%	3.101	Diff	
High School Diploma	25.5%	0.1%	28.3%	2.1%	-2.8%	2.1%	1.314		
Less than High School Diploma	23.6%	0.1%	22.5%	2.0%	1.1%	2.0%	0.557		
Don't Know	1.3%	0.04%	1.8%	0.6%	-0.5%	0.6%	0.796		
Non-response	0.7%	0.03%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.2%	3.963	Diff	

REFERENCES

- [1] Memorandum from Waite to Walsh, "Sample Selection Specifications for the 1993 National Survey of College Graduates (NSCG) Revised", June 15, 1993
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- [3] Memorandum from Tom Moore to Linda Hardy (NSF), "Study Plan for the 1993 National Survey of College Graduates Modal Study", May 10, 1993