

Appendix E (1): How Victims' Information is Misused¹ Three-Year Trends

Calendar Years 2001 through 2003

Credit Card Fraud

	CY 2001	CY 2002	CY 2003
Theft Subtype	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
New Accounts	26.1%	24.4%	19.2%
Existing Accounts	10.2%	12.2%	12.0%
Unspecified	5.6%	5.4%	1.4%
Total	42%	42%	33%

Phone or Utilities Fraud

	CY 2001	CY 2002	CY 2003
Theft Subtype	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
Wireless - New	9.7%	10.5%	10.4%
Telephone - New	5.3%	5.2%	5.6%
Utilities - New	2.5%	3.0%	3.8%
Unauthorized Charges to Existing Accounts	0.5%	0.7%	0.6%
Unspecified	2.3%	2.2%	0.8%
Total	20%	22%	21%

Bank Fraud (Includes fraud involving checking and savings accounts and electronic fund transfers.)

	CY 2001	CY 2002	CY 2003
Theft Subtype	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
Existing Accounts	6.2%	8.1%	8.2%
Electronic Fund Transfer	1.9%	3.1%	4.8%
New Accounts	2.7%	3.7%	3.8%
Unspecified	2.3%	2.0%	0.5%
Total	13%	17%	17%

Employment-Related Fraud

	CY 2001	CY 2002	CY 2003
Theft Subtype	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
Employment-Related Fraud	8.9%	9.3%	11.1%

Government Documents or Benefits Fraud

	CY 2001	CY 2002	CY 2003
Theft Subtype	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
Fraudulent Tax Return	1.9%	1.9%	3.7%
Driver's License Issued / Forged	2.8%	3.0%	2.3%
Government Benefits Applied For / Received	0.4%	0.8%	1.3%
Social Security Card Issued / Forged	0.7%	1.7%	0.4%
Other Government Documents Issued / Forged	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%
Unspecified	0.2%	0.1%	< 0.1%
Total	6%	8%	8%

¹Percentages are based on the total number of complaints in the Identity Theft Data Clearinghouse for each calendar year: CY 2001 = 86,212; CY 2002 = 161,836; CY 2003 = 214,905. Note that percentages total to more than 100 in each year because some victims report experiencing more than one type of identity theft: 20% in CY 2001; 22% in CY 2002; and 19% in CY 2003.