GAO

United States General Accounting Office Briefing Report to the Chairman, Committee on the Budget, U.S. Senate

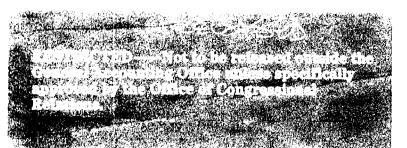
February 1991

STATE DEPARTMENT

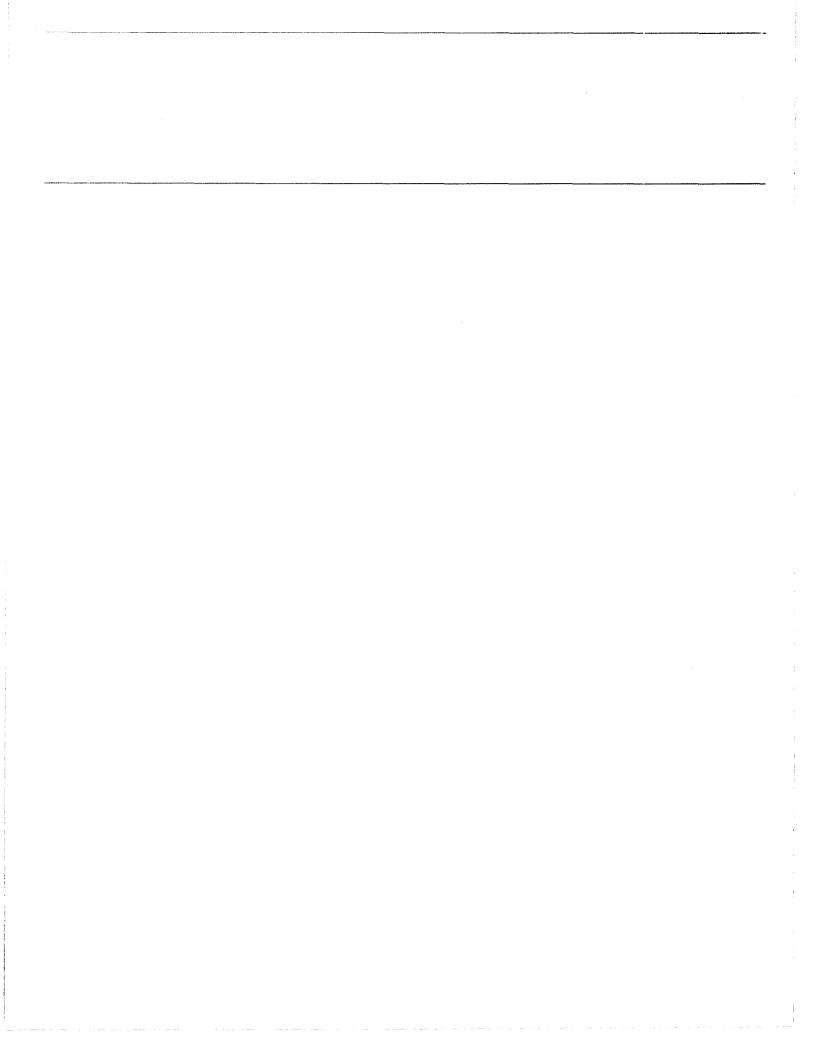
Status of the Diplomatic Security Construction Program







GAO/NSIAD-91-143BR



GAO	United States General Accountin Washington, D.C. 2					
		National Security and International Affairs Division				
	B-242888					
	February 20, 199	1				
	The Honorable Jir Chairman, Comm United States Sen	ittee on the Budget				
	Dear Mr. Chairma	n:				
	implementation o agreed with your addressed progra dixes I through II projects that the I program after rec provide you anoth management and	ar request, we examined the Department of State's f its Diplomatic Security Construction Program. As staff during our briefing on December 18, 1990, we m funding, project status, and planning issues. Appen- l provide a summary on the status of construction Department of State initially planned to include in the eiving congressional authorization in 1986. We plan to her report on the program at a later date, addressing construction security problems that have contributed a and cost increases.				
Results in Brief		eates that limited progress has been made in program 57 projects the Department of State planned to include				
	one was out for co • 16 were either un tion, or in site acq	d been completed, five were under construction, and onstruction contract bid as of November 1990; der design, out for architectural and engineering selec- uisition status; and deferred, or cancelled.				
	which is responsi Diplomatic Securi 5-year program p the program or w	nent's Office of Foreign Buildings Operations (FBO), ole for program implementation, does not identify the ty Construction Program as a separate program in its an, nor does it indicate whether it plans to complete hat the costs will be. FBO's operations plan also does security threats at overseas posts affect future con- s.				
Background	assigned to overse subject to terroris	and continuing into the 1980s, U.S. personnel eas embassies and other facilities became increasingly t bombings, kidnappings, and other acts of violence. In areat, the Secretary of State convened the Advisory				
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	Panel on Overseas Security. The panel recommended report that the State Department begin a substantial gram to physically protect U.S. personnel and reduce nical penetration of U.S. diplomatic facilities. The pa priorities for construction needed to be carefully est number of criteria, including threat levels, existing b and locations, and comparative costs.	l construction pro- e the threat of tech- anel concluded that ablished based on a
	In its initial plans, the State Department believed that gram could be accomplished within 7 years from the its fiscal year 1986 security supplemental budget real Department estimated that acquisition, development costs would total nearly \$3 billion. Taking into consis- property sales proceeds, \$2.65 billion in authorization Most of the funding was requested for 70 capital com- security improvement projects at 6 posts, and 2 land	e date of funding. In quest, the State t, and construction deration anticipated on was requested. astruction projects,
	The Diplomatic Security Construction Program was a authorized under the Omnibus Diplomatic Security a Act of 1986 (P.L. 99-399), Congress authorized \$2.1 execution, but the authorization was not project spec estimated that 57 new office building and other capi accomplished under the program authorization. Three 1990, appropriated funds available for program imp \$1.01 billion.	und Antiterrorism billion for program cific. In 1987, FBO tal projects could be ough fiscal year
Program Funding	Table 1 provides key authorization, appropriation, a for the Diplomatic Security Construction Program.	nd obligation data
Table 1: Status of Authorizations,		
Appropriations, and Obligations (as of Sept. 30, 1990)	Dollars in millions	A
	Status of funds	Amoun \$2,112
	Authorized Appropriated	1,013
	Obligated	539
	Unobligated	474
	Unused program authorization	1,189
·	 ^aFBO data indicates that \$687 million was appropriated under the diplomat authorization, and \$326 million was appropriated or reprogrammed under th regular biennial authorization. ^bFBO calculation based on the original program authorization, less (1) \$687 under the authorization and (2) the expiration of authority for \$236 million in 	ic security construction he Department of State's ' million in funds appropriated

	FBO officials believe that their overall efforts to implement more projects have been hindered by the lack of appropriations. They noted that most of the funding was provided in the initial stages of program implementa- tion. For example, FBO data indicates that \$889 million in appropriations was provided prior to fiscal year 1988. However, the unobligated bal- ance of \$474 million in appropriations at the end of fiscal year 1990 indicates that significant problems were encountered in project manage- ment and implementation when funding was available. FBO data indicate that as of September 30, 1990, 11 projects funded through construction had unobligated balances exceeding \$10 million.
Project Status	The State Department's fiscal year 1986 supplemental budget request included estimates for project costs but did not include an implementa- tion schedule indicating when individual projects could be completed. Beginning in 1988, FBO established initial baseline target completion dates for projects that had received funding.
	Of the original 57 projects, 24 had received funding through construc- tion as of September 30, 1990. Our analysis indicates that (1) over one- half of the projects' schedules had been delayed more than 1 year and (2) in many cases, project delays directly contributed to actual or esti- mated cost increases. Our comparison of the initial project cost estimates contained in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental budget request and FBO's working estimates as of November 1990 indicates that cost increases have averaged about 21 percent. Costs for some of the completed projects, which typically had received substantial funding prior to the supplemental, were consistent with initial estimates in the supple- mental. However, many of the projects experiencing significant increases in projected costs have not reached the construction phase. For example:
	 The cost estimate for the new office building under design for La Paz, Bolivia, was \$63.3 million as of November 1990, compared to its original cost estimate of \$39.3 million. The cost estimate for the new office building under design for Bogota, Colombia, was \$77.4 million as of November 1990, compared to its ini- tial planned cost of \$57.6 million.
·	Reasons for delays and cost increases have varied by project and have included inaccurate cost and post requirements estimates in the fiscal year 1986 security supplemental budget request, problems in acquiring sites, changes in project design, revised post requirements, changes in

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security requirements, and contractor performance problems. Some of the identifiable security factors contributing to delays and cost increases have included (1) upgraded construction site security requirements and (2) the addition of secure logistics and transit procedures for the shipment and storage of construction equipment and material. Also, FBO estimates that inflationary costs of project delays have averaged 6 percent annually. FBO data also indicates that in some countries, host country policies have interfered with FBO's efforts to implement projects. One example cited by FBO includes problems in acquiring or negotiating lease terms in Korea, Sudan, Morocco, and Qatar. In Bulgaria, a change in government has made it necessary to find a new building site. Some difficulties in importing certain types of construction material have been experienced in Jordan and Yemen. Two projects, site acquisition in Kuwait and a new office building under construction in Amman, Jordan, have been suspended due to the war in the Middle East. FBO's December 1990, 5-year program plan identifies \$552.9 million in **FBO** Planning Issues estimated obligations for its capital program in fiscal years 1992-96. The plan indicates an urgent and continuing need to improve the security and physical integrity of overseas posts. However, the FBO plan does not identify the Diplomatic Security Construction Program as a separate program, nor does it indicate if it will be completed or what the costs will be. The plan also does not (1) identify the criteria used to establish priorities for project funding or (2) indicate how security threats affect priorities. There is no obvious correlation between the project funding priorities in the plan and security threats at individual posts. FBO officials said that although the plan does not contain written criteria for establishing project priorities, their basis for establishing priorities included a combination of the security threat, the practicality of successfully executing a project in a given situation, and current building conditions and the need for replacement or renovation. They agreed that the program had lost its identity for planning and accountability purposes, and in the future, they plan to charge all funding for new office buildings to the unused diplomatic security construction authorization. As requested, we did not obtain written agency comments on this report. Unless you publicly announce its contents earlier, no further distribution of this report will be made until 30 days from its issue date. At that

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time, copies will be sent to the Secretary of State and appropriate congressional committees. We will also make copies available to others on request.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please call me at (202) 275-4128. Major contributors to this report are listed in appendix V.

Sincerely yours,

Joseph E. Killey

Joseph E. Kelley Director, Security and International Relations Issues

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Abbreviations

FBO Office of Foreign	Buildings Operations
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AID Agency for International Development

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Completed Projects

Table I.1: Office Building Chancery Project in Dhaka, Bangladesh	Dollars in millions		
	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Completed		مەرىپى
	Cost estimate	\$20.1	\$20.1
	Gross square footage	75,000	82,000
	Number of personnel	202	202
	Construction completion date	April 1988ª	October 1988
Project History and Current Status	was able to make up for son ical unrest caused disruption	chis project was initially slow because the contract eginning operations on site. Although the contract of up for some of the lost time, severe weather and p d disruptions in work. A contract claim for delays of tled at a cost of \$1.86 million. Major milestones for	
	202 days was settled at a co completed project included a 1983, award of the construct in 1988. Other issues that en cerns about working conditi contractor management, and system. Funding prior to the \$12.8 million.	award of the design contr tion contract in March 19 merged during construction lons at the construction si d difficulties in procuring	act in December 86, and completior on involved con- te, the adequacy of a fire alarm
Table I.2: Office Building Chancery			
Project in Georgetown, Guyana	Dollars in millions		

ne lizi office building officiety			
ject in Georgetown, Guyana	Dollars in millions		
	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Completed		
	Cost estimate	\$17.4	\$18.2
	Gross square footage	40,000	40,000
	Number of personnel	71	52
	Construction completion date	February 1990ª	November 1990

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status	Planning for the new office 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea project was \$11.3 million. Co tors, including (1) the contra (2) unforeseen problems with Guyana, (3) late delivery of logistics and transit procedu equipment.	ar 1986 supplemental, the onstruction was delayed o actor's lack of supervisory th supply of construction materials, and (4) introdu	e funding for the due to several fac- y continuity, materials in action of secure
Table I.3: Office Building Chancery Project in Manama, Bahrain	Dellaro in milliono		
roject in manana, banan	Dollars in millions Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Completed	·	
	Cost estimate	\$16.5	\$27.2
	Gross square footage	43,000	60,000
	Number of personnel	86	111
	Construction completion date ^a The construction completion date was	May 1989 ^a not established in the fiscal year 198	July 1990 6 supplemental baseline.
о 0		not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily
Project History and Current Status Table 1.4: Office Building Chancery	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalir struction manager, the incre due to design changes and th	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalir struction manager, the incre	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro he addition of new securit	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalin struction manager, the incre due to design changes and the Dollars in millions Scope	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalir struction manager, the incre due to design changes and the Dollars in millions	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro he addition of new securit Fiscal year 1986	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early e Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily cy requirements.
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalin struction manager, the incre due to design changes and the Dollars in millions Scope	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro he addition of new securit Fiscal year 1986	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early e Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily cy requirements.
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yes had received funding totalir struction manager, the incre due to design changes and the Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Completed	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro he addition of new securit Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early e Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily cy requirements. Current
Current Status	^a The construction completion date was Plans for the new office buil 1980s. Prior to the fiscal yea had received funding totalir struction manager, the incre due to design changes and the Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Completed Cost estimate	not established in the fiscal year 198 Iding in Manama date bac ar 1986 supplemental, the ng \$14.3 million. Accordin ease in the cost of this pro he addition of new securit Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline \$35.1	6 supplemental baseline. k to the early e Manama project g to an FBO con- ject was primarily cy requirements. Current \$33.2

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Project History and Current Status	The chancery compound in Mogadishu was completed in 1989. The fiscal year 1986 supplemental mistakenly gave the total project scope as 27,000 gross square feet instead of 110,000 gross square feet. Delays in implementation have been attributed by FBO to design changes to meet the latest security standards and port delays resulting from actions taken by the Somali government. Funding prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental totaled \$14.3 million.			
Table I.5: Embassy Compound Project in				
Muscat, Oman	Dollars in millions			
	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current	
	Phase: Completed			
	Cost estimate	\$33.3	\$33.5	
	Gross square footage	99,000	99,000	
	Number of personnel	68	58	
	Construction completion date	June 1988ª	May 1989	
	^a The construction completion date was	not established in the fiscal year 198	6 supplemental.	
Current Status	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require uted to project delays.	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction	1980s. Funds pro- ed \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi-	
Project History and Current Status Table I.6: Office Building Chancery Project in Sanaa, Yemen	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction ements after the contract o	1980s. Funds pro- ed \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi-	
Current Status Table I.6: Office Building Chancery	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require uted to project delays.	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction	1980s. Funds pro- ed \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi-	
Current Status	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security required uted to project delays.	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction ements after the contract of Fiscal year 1986	1980s. Funds pro- led \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi- commenced contrib	
Current Status	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require uted to project delays.	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction ements after the contract of Fiscal year 1986	1980s. Funds pro- led \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi- commenced contrib	
Current Status Table I.6: Office Building Chancery	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require uted to project delays. Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Completed	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total vith new security requirer d to delays in construction ments after the contract of Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	1980s. Funds pro- led \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi- commenced contrib	
Current Status Table I.6: Office Building Chancery	Plans for the project in Mus vided prior to the fiscal yea Design changes associated v reconfigurations contributed tion of new security require uted to project delays. Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Completed Cost estimate	cat date back to the early r 1986 supplemental total with new security requirer d to delays in construction ements after the contract of Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline \$31.2	1980s. Funds pro- led \$31 million. ments and office n. Also, the addi- commenced contrib- Current \$37.6	

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

In 1990, the chancery project was completed and occupied by the post. Construction delays occurred primarily due to the political situation in the region. Cost increases have been attributed by FBO to added secure logistics and transit security requirements, the use of cleared American contractors, post recommendations for the contractor to ship material by air because of unique import regulations imposed by the Yemeni government, and the use of cleared American laborers to install all finished technical security systems. Funding provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental totaled \$22.2 million.

Table I.7: Chancery Annex Project in Tegucigalpa, Honduras

Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Completed		
Cost estimate	\$17.4	\$19.6
Gross square footage	66,000	66,000
Number of personnel	194	194
Construction completion date	January 1990 ^a	May 1990

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

The Tegucigalpa annex was originally designed primarily for the Agency for International Development (AID). AID subsequently was granted a collocation waiver by the State Department allowing it to stay in a separate leased facility. The annex will now be occupied by consular, budget and finance, medical, U.S. Information Service, community liaison office, and other mission elements. The cost of reconfiguring the building to accommodate outlying mission elements was approximately \$750,000. Funding prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental was \$11.4 million.

Projects Under Construction **Table I.8: Embassy Compound Project in** Amman, Jordan **Dollars** in millions Fiscal year 1986 Scope supplemental baseline Current Phase: Under construction (suspended) Cost estimate \$47.3 \$48.4 71.000 213.163 Gross square footage Number of personnel 205 274 November 1989^a Construction completion date March 1991 (suspended) ^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline. The original project design called for constructing a chancery, ambas-**Project History and** sador's residence, and Marine security guard post in Amman. However, **Current Status** the figure of 71,000 gross square feet in the supplemental was in error and understated actual requirements. Factors that slowed construction were design revisions and addition of secure logistics and transit procedures. Funding totaled \$48.8 million as of November 1990. Funding prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental totaled \$19.9 million. As of January 1991, the Amman construction project was suspended due to the war in the Middle East. **Table I.9: Office Building Annex Project** in Djibouti, Djibouti **Dollars** in millions Fiscal year 1986 Scope supplemental baseline Current **Phase: Under construction** \$6.8 Cost estimate \$2.6 Gross square footage 14,908 5,800 36 36 Number of personnel Construction completion date October 1991^a October 1992

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

An office building annex is no longer planned for Djibouti because of escalating costs and the competing priorities of other projects. The current project includes building a new perimeter wall, public access control, a new post communication center and renovation of the existing center for administrative facilities. Funding totaled \$5.8 million as of November 1990, including \$1.8 million provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Table I.10: Office Building Chancery Project in Nicosia, Cyprus

Project History and

Current Status

Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Under construction		
Cost estimate	\$18.7	\$30.2
Gross square footage	46,000	90,209
Number of personnel	65	65
Construction completion date	March 1990 ^a	January 1992

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

The scope and size for this new office building changed significantly during the design phase. FBO documents indicate that initial FBO plans for the project did not include square footage estimates for the ambassador's residence or a service annex. FBO documents state that cost increases have been due to a number of reasons, including (1) increases in gross square footage requirements; (2) a change in architects; (3) revised site security requirements not in effect during the design period; (4) additional expenses for construction, project supervision, and furniture and furnishings; and (5) operations and maintenance start-up costs. The funding level for this project was \$29.1 million as of November 1990, including \$12.3 million provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Table I.11: Office Building ChanceryProject in Pretoria, South Africa

Dollars in millions			
Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current	
Phase: Under construction			
Cost estimate	\$34.1	\$51.5	
Gross square footage	65,000	103,000	
Number of personnel	130	175	
Construction completion date	June 1991ª	January 1992	

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Project History and Current Status FBO initiated the project design in 1985 and planned for the project to be completed by June 1988. However, redesigns became necessary because of post staff increases and additional security requirements due to an elevation in threat level. Redesign efforts delayed the initiation of construction until January 1990, and costs have increased because of the increased building size, new security requirements, and inflation due to construction delays. Also, significant delays occurred during the initial stages of construction. For example, not all of the contractor's management personnel had obtained the necessary security clearances. Those personnel were denied site access. FBO documents indicate that the contractor's compliance with the security provisions of the construction contract had been an initial problem at this site.

Funding for the project totaled \$51.8 million as of November 1990, including \$837,000 provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Table I.12: Office Building ChanceryProject in Santiago, Chile

Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Under construction		
Cost estimate	\$50.7	\$51.3
Gross square footage	100,000	122,700
Number of personnel	185	176
Construction completion date	December 1991 ^a	October 1992

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

In April 1990, the construction contract was awarded for this project. In October 1990, contractor deficiencies were formally noted by FBO. Deficiencies included the contractor's failure to (1) submit an acceptable construction schedule, (2) maintain adequate progress, and (3) provide temporary facilities and a secure site. During the design phase, project milestones slipped due primarily to a security-related design modification. Although delays were incurred, the savings are expected to be substantial because of implementation of the modified design during construction. Another major design change was the conversion of "atrium" space to regular office space, increasing the gross square footage by over 22,000. Funding for the project was \$50.9 million as of November 1990, including \$6.1 million provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Project Under Construction Bid

Table I.13: Office Building Chancery Project in Caracas, Venezuela

Dollars in millions	Fiscal year 1986	
Scope	supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Under construction contr	act bid	
Cost estimate	\$48.5	\$53.8
Gross square footage	90,000	96,500
Number of personnel	192	240
Construction completion date	April 1992ª	August 1993

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

The new office building in Caracas was envisioned as a replacement for the current chancery and chancery annex, which do not meet security requirements. The primary reasons for the delay and the projected cost increase include (1) difficulty in agreeing on a site that met both post diplomatic needs and security requirements and (2) discovery after purchase of the site that the foundation rock was of poor quality. Cost increases have been attributed to increased site work, additional post space requirements, additional secure logistics and transit procedures, and inflation. The funding level was \$46.5 million as of November 1990,

including \$24.2 million provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental. According to an FBO program manager, the construction contract was awarded on January 23, 1991.

Overview of Projects Under Design, Architectural and Engineering Selection, or Site Acquisition

Table II.1: Office Building Chancery			
Project in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates	Dollars in millions		
Emirates	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Site acquisition/ archited		······································
	Cost estimate	\$29.1	\$43.6
	Gross square footage	30,000	57,100
	Number of personnel	59	66
	Construction completion date	Unknown	January 1999
Project History and Current Status	The project planned for Abu quarters for Marine security due to site acquisition issues at Abu Dhabi's diplomatic e	y guards. Project delays h s. In 1978, the host govern nclave for a new U.S. emb	ave largely been ament offered a sid
	However, due to new securi the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990.	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co ct as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more vali- actual site visit to
Table II.2: Chancery Compound Project in Algiers, Algeria	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co ct as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more vali- actual site visit to
	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990.	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co ct as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more vali- actual site visit to
• • •	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990.	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co et as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a project totaled \$1 million Fiscal year 1986	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more vali- actual site visit to a sof November
	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990.	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co et as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a project totaled \$1 million Fiscal year 1986	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more vali- actual site visit to a sof November
• • •	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990.	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co et as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a project totaled \$1 million Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more val actual site visit to a as of November Current
• • •	the State Department in 198 new site, contingent on the a Arab Emirates at the Intern land-lease agreement has sin Projected cost increases for to differences in the method cials characterized the origi supplemental for this project estimates were subsequently Abu Dhabi. Funding for the 1990. Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Design Cost estimate	36. In 1987, the host gover acquisition of a diplomatic ational Center in Washing nce been signed for the pla the project were attribute lologies used for estimatir nal square footage and co et as being "conceptual." I y developed based on an a project totaled \$1 million Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline \$39.3	rnment offered a c site by the Unite gton, D.C. A site anned U.S. facility ed by FBO officials ng costs. FBO offi- st estimates in the New and more val actual site visit to a as of November Current

Project History and Current Status The project planned for Algiers involves a new office building and staff housing. The project was initiated with a feasibility study in 1985, and a design contract was signed in 1989. FBO officials attributed the increases in projected costs to (1) inflation estimated to equal 20 to 25 percent a year in Algeria and (2) programming changes to accommodate an increased post population. They believe that limited project funding has contributed to the schedule delays. Funding for the project totaled \$2.2 million as of November 1990, including \$1.6 million provided prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

Table II.3: Office Building Chancery Project in Bangkok, Thailand

Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Design		
Cost estimate	\$61.2	\$80.6
Gross square footage	389,000	146,000
Number of personnel	777	343
Construction completion date 1995	May 1993 ^a	September 1995

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

FBO's plans for a new office building in Bangkok have changed signifi-**Project History and** cantly since the fiscal year 1986 supplemental budget request. The **Current Status** budget request was based on statistical planning criteria and the assumption that the existing embassy would be demolished. However, subsequent FBO reviews of actual conditions in Bangkok indicated that (1) the costs to build a new facility for 777 personnel would be much higher than originally proposed and (2) portions of the existing embassy could be saved. FBO's current plans are to build a smaller new office building for 343 desk personnel on a separate site near the existing embassy and to renovate a portion of the existing embassy for other post needs. FBO is considering a tunnel to connect both facilities, to be constructed under Wireless Road, a major street in Bangkok. Cost estimates were not available for the proposed tunnel as of November 1990. FBO's current cost estimates for the new office building and renovation of the existing embassy are \$69 million and \$11.6 million, respectively. Funding for the Bangkok project totaled \$39.8 million as of November 1990.

Table II.4: Office Building Chancery Project in Bogota, Colombia

Dollars in millions				
Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current		
Phase: Architectural and engine	ering selection			
Cost estimate	\$57.6	\$77.4		
Gross square footage	85,000	124,242		
Number of personnel	261	331		
Construction completion date	January 1993 ^a	October 1994		

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

Project History and Current Status

FBO's plans to build a new office building in Bogota have been delayed due primarily to disagreements between the State Department and the post over site selection. Efforts to locate and purchase a site, which began in 1987, were not completed until 1990. Efforts to locate a site became protracted because the site initially selected by the State Department generated opposition from the post because it was not readily accessible to host government offices. Projected cost increases are due primarily to (1) the inflationary costs of delays in site selection; (2) an increased facility size to accommodate revised post requirements; (3) additional requirements for secure logistics procedures, post communication center equipment, and operation and maintenance; and (4) additional costs for utility infrastructure and poor geotechnical site soil conditions. Funding for the new office building totaled \$57.5 million as of November 1990. Because the project will not be completed for several years, a \$4.4 million secure annex was constructed at the existing embassy to relieve overcrowding.

Appendix II Overview of Projects Under Design, Architectural and Engineering Selection, or Site Acquisition

Table II.5: Office Building Chancery Project in Budapest, Hungary

Dollars	in	millions	
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Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current	
Phase: Site acquisition/ archit	ectural & engineering s	election	
Cost estimate	\$51.9	\$56.1 19.9	Chancery Annex
Gross square footage	68,000	46,070 69,000	Chancery Annex
Number of personnel	102	40 97	Chancery Annex
Construction completion date	Unknown	Unknown February 1995	Chancery Annex

Project History and Current Status

Plans to implement the new office building project in Budapest have been hampered by site acquisition problems. However, FBO officials expect to have access to all properties for the project by March 1992. Building plans in Budapest have been significantly altered since the fiscal year 1986 supplemental request and now include (1) a new office building project for 40 desk personnel and (2) an annex to the existing embassy for 97 desk personnel, principally foreign service nationals and U.S. personnel engaged in public activities. Both projects are also in the architectural and engineering procurement phase. Cost estimates for both projects totaled \$76 million as of November 1990. Funding for both projects totaled \$5.5 million as of November 1990.

Table II.6: New Office Building Project in Cairo, Egypt

Dollars in millions Fiscal year 1986 Scope supplemental baseline Current **Phase: Design** Cost estimate \$54.6 \$53.4 Gross square footage 220,000 129,500 Number of personnel 1,064 343 Construction completion date June 1992^a March 1994

^aThe FBO construction baseline schedule was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

	Appendix II Overview of Projects Under Design Architectural and Engineering Sele Site Acquisition		
Project History and	The original objective of the security for all embassy en		
Current Status	pound. To meet this objective several of the existing embassy buildings, which did not meet security requirements, were to and employees were to be moved to the new office building. A to an FBO program manager, in 1987, it was decided that the p area in the basement of the existing embassy could also be co and renovated into office space. As a result, many of the emp would have moved to the new office building could work in th vated basement facilities, thereby reducing the new office building size. Later, the project was expanded to include a new ambas idence. According to an FBO program manager, the decision an design of the new ambassador's residence delayed the project was \$47.1 million as of November 1990.		were to be razed, hilding. According hat the parking so be converted the employees who rork in the reno- office building's v ambassador's res- cision and the
Table II.7: Office Building Chancery Project in Doha, Qatar	Dollars in millions		
•	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Design		
	Cost estimate	\$17.6	\$21.2
	Gross square footage	20,000	25,000
	Number of personnel Construction completion date	26 September 1991ª	21 March 1996
	^a The construction completion date wa		
Project History and Current Status	According to FBO officials, the mid-1980s. Design effo because the Doha project w embassy program. The spe ment's effort to reduce the of personnel at smaller pos were subsequently put on I person and cost per person a smaller project. Funding including \$10.5 million pro supplemental.	erts, however, were put on l vas selected for the State D ecial embassy program is part scope of diplomatic activit sts. Redesign efforts began hold because of the high sq ratios. A redesign is current totaled \$18.9 million as of	hold in 1987 Department's special art of the Depart- ties and the number again in 1989 but puare footage per ontly underway for November 1990,

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 Appendix II Overview of Projects Under Design, Architectural and Engineering Selection, or Site Acquisition

Table II.8: Office Building Compound Project in Istanbul, Turkey

Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current
Phase: Site acquisition		
Cost estimate	\$46	\$56.7
Gross square footage	86,000	88,370
Number of personnel	156	146
Construction completion date	May 1993 ^a	Unknown

^aThe construction completion date was not established in the fiscal year 1986 supplemental.

The project planned for Istanbul has been delayed due to difficulties **Project History and** encountered during site acquisition. A Turkish city official has required **Current Status** that the selected site be sold at open auction, causing a delay in completing the purchase. The projected construction completion date is now unknown because of continuing site acquisition problems. The design firm is under a suspension-of-work order while awaiting clarification of the land acquisition problems. Increases in the cost estimate have occurred because initial budgeted costs did not include the design costs for furnishings, communication and security equipment, additional site requirements, and inflation. Funding for the project was \$34.9 million as of November 1990. Funding prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental was \$1.3 million. **Table II.9: Office Building Chancery** Project in Kampala, Uganda Dollars in millions Fiscal year 1986

Scope	supplemental baseline	Current	
Phase: Site acquisition			
Cost estimate	\$28.9	\$14	
Gross square footage	20,000	11,000	
Number of personnel	40	25	
Construction completion date	Unknown	Unknown	

Project History and Current Status

A pre-engineered office building is planned for Kampala. A site has been selected; however, problems exist in obtaining title to the property because of host country restrictions on ownership of land. The current baseline data is conceptual because FBO has not yet visited the site for a

	detailed program plan. FBO p line figures may vary as a re September 1990.		- 0/	
Table II.10: Office Building Chancery				
Project in Khartoum, Sudan	Dollars in millions			
	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	e Current	
	Phase: Site acquisition/ design			
	Cost estimate	\$36.4	\$52.2	
	Gross square footage	66,000	69,292	
	Number of personnel	138	158	
	Construction completion date	March 1993 ^a	Unknown	
Project History and Current Status	Construction implementation because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but n have not been concluded on t	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f	ctober 1986. A anese governmen for the land. The	
Current Status	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f red primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develops ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill	october 1986. A anese governmen for the land. The requent govern- ed primarily from enance responsi- security and com- ment needs to ds, and connect of the project totale	
ů v	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i have not been concluded on a negotiations have been delay ment changes. The projected (1) inflation; (2) the addition bility and furniture and furn munication requirements; an install sewer and water servi site power and telephone line \$35.6 million as of November	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f red primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develops ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill	october 1986. A anese governmen for the land. The requent govern- ed primarily from enance responsi- security and com- ment needs to ds, and connect of the project totale	
Current Status Table II.11: Office Building Chancery	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i have not been concluded on a negotiations have been delay ment changes. The projected (1) inflation; (2) the addition bility and furniture and furn munication requirements; an install sewer and water servi site power and telephone line \$35.6 million as of November fiscal year 1986 supplementa	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f red primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develops ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill	october 1986. A anese governmen for the land. The requent govern- ed primarily from enance responsi- security and com ment needs to ds, and connect of the project total	
Current Status	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i have not been concluded on a negotiations have been delay ment changes. The projected (1) inflation; (2) the addition bility and furniture and furn munication requirements; an install sewer and water servi site power and telephone line \$35.6 million as of November fiscal year 1986 supplementa	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f red primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develop ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill al. Fiscal year 1986	A conserved and a conserved primarily from the land. The frequent governed primarily from the constraint of the project total constraint and connect of the project total constraint to the pr	
Current Status	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i have not been concluded on a negotiations have been delay ment changes. The projected (1) inflation; (2) the addition bility and furniture and furn munication requirements; an install sewer and water servi site power and telephone line \$35.6 million as of November fiscal year 1986 supplementa	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement f red primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develop ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill al. Fiscal year 1986	A conserved and a conserved primarily from the land. The frequent governed primarily from the constraint of the project total constraint and connect of the project total constraint to the pr	
Current Status	because FBO has not been abl site has been identified, but i have not been concluded on a negotiations have been delay ment changes. The projected (1) inflation; (2) the addition bility and furniture and furn munication requirements; an install sewer and water servi site power and telephone line \$35.6 million as of November fiscal year 1986 supplements Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Design	e to procure a site since O negotiations with the Suda the lease hold agreement for ed primarily because of f cost increase has stemme of operations and mainter ishings requirements; (3) d (4) unforeseen develops ice, construct off-site road es to the site. Funding for r 1990, including \$2.4 mill al. Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current	

^aThe construction completion date was not established in fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline.

June 1991ª

1

Construction completion date

June 1994

Project History and Current Status	Efforts to build a new office purchase of a site. Delays ir in the early 1980s due to a l Paz. In 1985, design work re because the building design requirements for new office quently purchased adjacent ject, FBO awarded a design/k suspended in May 1990 bec posal for construction. New ered. Additional estimated of attributed by FBO officials to increased size of the facility design. Funding for this pro 1990, including \$24.4 millio supplemental.	n planning and designing to lack of funding and the po- esumed but was subseque s did not meet Department e buildings. Additional pro- to the existing site, and to build contract in 1989. The ause of the contractor's en- contract proposals are no costs for the La Paz project o the inflationary costs of 7, and security-related addi- pject totaled \$53.3 million	the project occurred olitical climate in La antly delayed at of State set-back operty was subse- to expedite the pro- e contract was accessive cost pro- ow being consid- ct have been delays, the ditions to the as of November
Table II.12: Office Building Chancery Project in Lima, Peru	Dollars in millions	Fiscal year 1986	
	Scope	supplemental baseline	Current
	Phase: Design		
	Cost estimate	\$68.8	\$61.7
	Gross square footage	120,000	143,570
	Number of personnel	225	322
	Construction completion date	June 1992ª	January 1994
	^a The construction completion date was	not established in the fiscal year 198	36 supplemental.
Project History and Current Status	According to FBO officials, t mentation milestones becau delays. Initial planning for t negotiations occurred betwee physical security modification increased as a result of the rent political, economic, and off-site power generator pla FBO was able to reduce the p \$61.6 million by purchasing lion as of November 1990.	se of site acquisition prob this project began in early een the design firm and FF ion. The number of desk p Department of State's res d social conditions in Peru ant and feeder will need to projected costs from \$68.6	olems and design 7 1987. Prolonged 30 to implement a personnel has ponse to the cur- 1. Furthermore, an 5 be constructed. 5 million to

Appendix II Overview of Projects Under Design, Architectural and Engineering Selection, or Site Acquisition

Table II.13: Office Building Chancery Project in Panama City, Panama				
r nject in Fanania Oity, Fanania	Dollars in millions Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baselin	e Current	
	Phase: Site acquisition			
	Cost estimate	\$65.2	Unknown	
	Gross square footage	150,000	Unknown	
	Number of personnel	377	Unknown	
	Construction completion date	Unknown	1995	
Project History and Current Status	Due to higher priorities, plan were deferred by FBO in the renewed priority with the er underway.	late 1980s. However, the	project received	
Table II.14: Office Building Chancery				
Project in Seoul, Korea	Dollars in millions Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current	
	Phase: Site acquisition			
	Cost estimate	\$50.1	\$83.8	
	Gross square footage	223,000	254,200	
	Number of personnel	435	406	
	Construction completion date	June 1993ª	January 1993	
Project History and Current Status	^a The construction completion date was r FBO's efforts to implement th been delayed since 1983 due Korean government over site status of U.S. rights to other	ne new office building pro e to (1) drawn out negotiat e acquisition and (2) the r	ject in Korea ha tions with the related unresolve	
	ments, the Korean governme States to continue occupancy Site negotiations for the new resulted in a site agreement could necessitate replacement reational facilities and affec the property rights issue is o	y of fee simple and lease h y office building, which be in 1990. Because loss of p nt of significant office, res t new chancery requirement	nold properties. egan in 1983, property rights sidential, and re- ents, resolution of accessfully imple	

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Project in Sofia, Bulgaria	Dollars in millions					
		Dollars in millions				
	Scope	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseline	Current			
	Phase: Site acquisition/ architectural & engineering selection					
	Cost estimate	\$38	\$46.1			
	Gross square footage	27,000	43,647			
	Number of personnel	53	46			
	Construction completion date	Unknown	March 1996			
Project History and Current Status	Dollars in millions Fiscal year 1986		lected; however, Bulgarian govern select an architec increase in			
Table II.16: Chancery Compound Project in Tunis, Tunisia	ments for the post. The proje 1990. Dollars in millions Scope	ect had not been funded a Fiscal year 1986	s of November			
	ments for the post. The proje 1990. Dollars in millions Scope	ect had not been funded a Fiscal year 1986	s of November			
	ments for the post. The proje 1990. Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Site acquisition	ect had not been funded a Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseli	s of November			
	ments for the post. The proje 1990. Dollars in millions Scope Phase: Site acquisition Cost estimate	Fiscal year 1986 supplemental baseli \$33.3	s of November ne Current \$50.8			

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Appendix II Overview of Projects Under Design, Architectural and Engineering Selection, or Site Acquisition

is due to the exclusion of foreign service nationals in the general services office and Peace Corps personnel. Funding for the project was \$32.6 million as of November 1990. Funding prior to the fiscal year 1986 supplemental was \$3.1 million.

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Appendix III

Location of Projects Cancelled, Deferred, or on Hold

For several reasons, including competing priorities and changed conditions, FBO has cancelled, deferred, or put on hold 28 of the original 57 projects planned for the Diplomatic Security Construction Program. The following is a list of the locations where projects were cancelled, deferred, or on hold as of November 1990.

Ankara, Turkey Antananarivo, Madagascar Athens, Greece Berlin, Germany Bern, Switzerland Bombay, India Brussels, Belgium Capetown, South Africa Copenhagen, Denmark Geneva, Switzerland The Hague, Netherlands Izmir, Turkey Jakarta, Indonesia Johannesburg, South Africa Kingston, Jamaica Kinshasa, Zaire Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Kuwait, Kuwait London, England Madrid, Spain Moscow, USSR¹ Prague, Czechoslovakia Quito, Ecuador Rabat, Morocco Rangoon, Burma Valletta, Malta Vienna, Austria Zagreb, Yugoslavia

¹According to FBO documents, the project in Moscow was originally requested as a technical security improvement project and funds appropriated were applied to the ongoing new office building project, which was on hold as of November 1990. Improvements to the existing office building have been made through reprogrammed funds.

Appendix IV Objectives, Scope, and Methodology

At the request of the Chairman of the Senate Budget Committee, we reviewed the Department of State's implementation of the Diplomatic Security Construction Program. This initial report responds to the request, which addresses program funding and project status issues.

To determine project status and identify program funding and planning issues, we interviewed Department of State officials responsible for the program and reviewed pertinent documents on program activities. We conducted our review at FBO headquarters in Washington, D.C., and at project sites in Nicosia, Cyprus; Pretoria, South Africa; and Georgetown, Guyana. We analyzed key program documents, including the fiscal year 1986 security supplemental estimates and FBO's long-range operations plan. We did not verify the accuracy of FBO data used in this report.

We conducted our review from July 1990 to January 1991 in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

As requested, we did not obtain written agency comments on a draft of this report.

Appendix V Major Contributors to This Report

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