

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION Washington, D.C. 20585 Form Approved OMB No. 1905-0175 Expiration Date: 11/30/05

ANNUAL REPORT OF NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION FORM EIA-176 INSTRUCTIONS

PURPOSE

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," is designed to collect data on natural, synthetic, and other supplemental gas supplies, disposition, and certain revenues by State. The data appear in the EIA publications, *Monthly Energy Review*, *Natural Gas Annual*, and *Natural Gas Monthly*.

REPORTING REQUIREMENT

Report must be completed by:

- (1) Interstate natural gas pipeline companies,
- (2) Intrastate natural gas pipeline companies,
- (3) Natural gas distribution companies,
- (4) Underground natural gas storage operators,
- (5) Synthetic natural gas plant operators,

(6) Field, well, or processing plant operators that deliver natural gas directly to consumers (including their own industrial facilities) other than for lease or plant use or processing,

(7) Field, well, or processing plant operators that transport gas to, across, or from a State border through field or gathering facilities, (8) Liouafied natural act (1NG) storage constants

(8) Liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage operators.

A separate report must be completed for each State in which your company is engaged in one or more of the following activities:

- Gas (natural, commingled natural and supplemental gas, or LNG) was transported utilizing respondent-operated facilities other than field or gathering lines,
- (2) Gas was transported to, from, or across a State border utilizing respondent-operated field or gathering lines,
- (3) Gas was delivered directly to consumers utilizing respondent operated facilities other than field, well, or plant operators delivering solely for lease and plant use or processing,
- (4) Gas was stored in respondent-operated underground storage reservoirs, or LNG storage facilities, and/or
- (5) Synthetic natural gas was produced in respondent-operated facilities.

This report is mandatory. A separate report should be filed by, or for, each company subsidiary or affiliate meeting the filing requirements that operated separate systems within a State. However, approval to report on a consolidated basis for a State may be granted upon request to the EIA at the address shown below.

A State, for the purpose of this report, includes adjacent offshore Federal Domain areas.

HOW TO REPORT

Instructions on where to report via mail, fax, or email are printed on Form EIA-176.

AVAILABILITY OF ELECTRONIC FORM AND ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION

Copies in portable document format (PDF) and spreadsheet format (XLS) are available on EIA's website at:

www.eia.doe.gov/oil gas/natural gas/survey forms/nat sur vey forms.html

You may also access the materials by following these steps:

- · Go to EIA's website at www.eia.doe.gov
- Click on the By Fuel category near the center of the page
- Click on the *Natural Gas* category (This takes you to EIA's natural gas information page)
- Click on the Survey Forms tab on the left side of the page
- Select the materials you want.

Files must be saved to your personal computer. Data cannot be entered interactively on the web site.

You may file electronically using Electronic Filing System (EFS) for Form EIA-176 that can be installed on a personal computer (PC). If you have any questions, please contact the Electronic Data Collection Staff on (202) 586-9659.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete only those Sections and data elements applicable to your operations. Leave all other spaces blank. No data are to be entered in the shaded areas or spaces.

All information is to be reported on a calendar year basis.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Check the box if report is a revised report. If the report is an original, leave this space blank.

SECTION I: RESPONDENT IDENTIFICATION

Please check mailing information for accuracy and check the box, if you are reporting a change in address or contact information.

EIA ID Number: Enter the 10-digit identification number from upper left of mailing information. Companies operating in more than one State should note that a unique number has been assigned for operations in each State. In the event an identification number has not been assigned, leave the space blank and a number will be assigned by the EIA.

Company Name: Verify the company name and make corrections if necessary.

Operations in (State): Enter the name of State covered by the report. A separate report must be submitted for each State for which your company is required to file.

List the affiliates or subsidiaries for which data are included in this report: Please identify which entities of your company are included in the data provided on this report. And, if you are including data for more than one identification number, please provide the identification number for the other entities.

SECTION II: TYPE OF OPERATIONS (Check all that apply)

Check all of the boxes that describe your company's overall gas operations. This information will be used to provide aggregates of the data collected in the survey by type of company.

SECTION IV: NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS SUPPLY FOR THE REPORT STATE

Report the total volumes of natural and supplemental gas physically produced or received and taken into company-operated storage, company-operated transportation or company-operated distribution facilities located in the report State. Volumes are to be reported on a physical possession basis regardless of ownership.

1.0 If you are a producer, report production within the report State of

1.1 Natural gas: Report gross production, after lease separation, (including royalty and overriding royalty interest) taken directly into your system at the wellhead, field or tailgate of a processing plant, whether produced from wells operated by your company or by others.

1.2 Synthetic natural gas (SNG): Report the volume of synthetic natural gas produced in the plant or plants operated by your company. Synthetic natural gas, also referred to as substitute natural gas, is a manufactured product, chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of coal or petroleum hydrocarbons which may easily be substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline quality natural gas.

2.0 If you are a storage operator, report operations within the report State: Report the total volume of underground storage withdrawals (2.1), liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage withdrawals (2.2), and above ground storage withdrawals (2.3).

3.0 If you are an interstate pipeline company or other company receiving physical custody at State lines or U.S. borders, report receipts: Report the name of the company, the adjacent State or Country from which the gas was received, and the volume of gas received at the State line or U.S. border. For liquefied natural gas (LNG) received by ship, rail, barge, or truck, consider the receiving terminal as a point on the State line or U.S. border, report the name of the State or Country from which the LNG was shipped, and describe the transaction by footnote on Section VII.

4.0 If you are a distributor, report receipts at city gates within the report State: Report gas volumes received at the city gate for delivery to end-use customers.

5.0 Report any other receipts of natural gas within the report State: Report the volume of other receipts within the report State if the gas was delivered to a point on your company's system and not previously reported in questions 1.0 through 4.0 above. Include volumes of both natural gas and synthetic natural gas.

6.0 Supplemental gaseous fuel supplies (Specify type): Report sources of supplemental gas supply received or introduced into your system and the volume(s) of each. Supplemental gas includes any gaseous substance introduced into or commingled with natural gas that increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inerts added for Btu stabilization.

SECTION V: LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS (LNG) STORAGE INVENTORY

8.0 Inventory of LNG (gaseous equivalent) in storage as of December 31 of report year. Report inventory of LNG (gaseous equivalent) in storage as of December 31 of the report year.

SECTION VI: NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL GAS DISPOSITION FOR THE REPORT STATE

Report in Section VI, the total volumes of and where indicated, the revenue (including taxes) from natural and supplemental gas delivered, used, and stored in company-operated facilities, or otherwise disposed of within the State or delivered to bordering States or to foreign countries.

The type of disposition (consumed, delivered, stored, transported, etc.) is to be determined based upon the physical possession of the gas within your company-operated production, transportation, storage, or distribution facilities at the point of disposition.

Revenue information is to be reported only for sales delivered directly to the buyer from your system and is to include any and all demand charges, commodity charges, surcharges, or other charges (including taxes) included in the price to the buyer, whether or not billing and/or payment occurred during the report year. Revenues reported for sales are to be gross revenues (including taxes). Please indicate by footnote if taxes are not included in revenue figures. All revenue values are to be rounded to the nearest whole number of dollars.

The average number of consumers during the year, for the purpose of this report, is the sum of the number of consumers attached to your system at the end of each month divided by twelve.

Each dwelling, building, plant, establishment, or location is to be counted as a separate consumer, for the purpose of this report, whether or not centrally billed and whether or not provided with more than one type of service, e.g., firm and interruptible service.

Consumers should be classified by category in accordance with the definitions provided below. Multiple-use or combination consumers such as apartment buildings with commercial establishments, retail stores with attached dwellings, or industrial plants with on-site office space or buildings served from a common meter are to be classified based upon the predominate volumetric usage. If certain categories, e.g., residential and commercial, are carried on a combined basis in your accounts, please provide your best estimate of the information for each category separately. If you have no reasonable basis for estimates, enter the information under the category you believe received the largest total volume of gas and describe in a footnote in Section VII.

Deliveries directly to end-use consumers are to be reported based upon the following definitions:

Residential: An energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, and cooking.

The residential sector includes mobile homes and apartment buildings and excludes institutional living quarters.

Commercial: An energy-consuming sector that consists of serviceproviding facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations, such as religious, social, or fraternal groups. The commercial sector includes institutional living quarters.

Industrial: An energy-consuming sector that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. The industrial sector encompasses the following types of activity: manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fisheries; mining; and construction. Overall energy use in this sector is largely for process heat and powering machinery, with lesser amounts used for facility heating. Natural gas is also used as raw material inputs to manufactured products.

Electric power: An energy-consuming sector that consists of all utility and nonutility facilities and equipment used to generate, transmit, and/or distribute electricity.

Vehicle fuel: Natural gas, either compressed (CNG) or liquefied (LNG) consumed by motor vehicles.

Other (not included in above categories) Specify type: Specify the category of end-use customer to which you deliver natural gas directly.

9.0 Heat content of gas delivered to consumers (Btu/cf): The average heat (Btu) content computed by summing the total Btu delivered each month (volume delivered directly to consumers multiplied by average Btu content per unit volume) and dividing by the total volume delivered directly to consumers during the year. The average Btu content for each month should be that used for billing purposes where billing was on a therm (100,000 Btu) or decatherm (1,000,000 Btu) basis. If billing was on a volumetric basis and your company did not measure the Btu content, contact your supplier for the information. If the Btu content was not measured at any point, enter a "U" for Unknown.

10.0 Deliveries of natural gas that you own to end-use consumers within the report State: Report the average number of consumers served directly from your facilities during the year, the volumes sold and delivered to such consumers, and the revenues received. Include deliveries directly to your company-owned industrial or electric power facilities.

11.0 Deliveries of natural gas that you do not own to end-use consumers within the report State: Report the average number of consumers served directly from your facilities and volumes delivered to those consumers for each end-use consumer category.

12.0 Natural gas consumed in your operations: Report the volume of gas consumed as fuel in your company's pipeline compressor use (12.1), new pipeline fill (12.2), pipeline distribution use (12.3), and other (Specify type) (12.4) within the report State.

13.0 If you are a storage operator, report operations within report State: Report the total volume added to underground storage injections (including new fields) (13.1), liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage additions (13.2), and above ground storage additions (13.3) operated by your company within the report State. Specify the type and volume of the other storage facilities.

14.0 If you are an interstate pipeline company or other company moving gas across or to State lines or U.S. borders, report volumes transported: Report the name of the company, the adjacent State or Country to which the gas was delivered, and the volume of gas delivered at the State line or U.S. border. For liquefied natural gas sales shipped by ship, truck, rail, or barge,

consider the loading terminal a point on the State line or U.S. border. Report the name of the State or Country to which the LNG was delivered, and describe the transaction by footnote in Section VII.

15.0 If you are a producer, report lease use: Report total volume of gas used in your company's well, field, and/or lease operations.

16.0 Returned to oil and/or gas reservoirs, used for repressuring, reinjection (Reported by producers only): Report the volume of gas delivered directly from your system to oil or gas fields located within the report State for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and/or cycling operations.

17.0 Losses from leaks, migration, damage, and/or accidents within report State: Report losses from leaks, migration, damage, and/or accidents within report State. Volume may represent your best estimate.

18.0 Other disposition within report State (not included above): Report any disposition of gas not included in lines 10.1 through 17.0. Report disposition to distribution companies (18.1), other pipelines, (18.2), storage operators (18.3), and other (Specify type) (18.4) in within the report State. Please provide estimates of the volume involved, if not measured. If insufficient space is provided, continue on Section VII.

20.0 Difference between Supply (+) **or Disposition** (-) (Section **IV line 7.0 and Section VI line 19.0**): A positive entry indicates supply in excess of accounted for disposition and a negative entry (denoted by a minus sign preceding the entry) indicates accounted for disposition in excess of supply reported.

SECTION VII: FOOTNOTES

The Section VII footnotes sheet is to be used, if needed, to provide explanatory notes for data reported on Sections I through VI. The footnotes will become a permanent part of the computer data file and thereby serve as an integral part of your report.

DEFINITIONS

Consumer - Any individually-metered dwelling, building, establishment, or location using natural gas, synthetic natural gas, and/or mixtures of natural and supplemental gas for feedstock or as fuel for any purpose other than in oil or gas lease operations; natural gas treating or processing plants; or pipeline, distribution, or storage compressors.

Decatherm - Ten therms or 1,000,000 Btu.

Delivered - The physical transfer of natural, synthetic, and/or supplemental gas from facilities operated by the responding company to facilities operated by others or to consumers.

Disposition - The removal of natural, synthetic, and/or supplemental gas, or any components or gaseous mixtures contained therein, from the responding company's facilities within the report State by any means or for any purpose including the transportation of such gas out of the report State.

Gatherer - A company primarily engaged in the gathering of natural gas from well or field lines for delivery, for a fee, to a natural gas processing plant or central point. Gathering companies may also provide compression, dehydration, and/or treating services.

Lease Operations - Any well, lease, or field operations related to the exploration for or production of natural gas prior to delivery for processing or transportation out of the field. Gas used in lease operations includes usage such as drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, field compressors, and net used for gas lift.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) - Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° Fahrenheit at atmospheric pressure.

Mcf - 1,000 cubic feet.

Natural Gas - A mixture of hydrocarbon compounds, the primary one being methane.

Operator - The company responsible for the management and dayto-day operations of natural gas production, gathering, treating, processing, transportation, storage, distribution facilities, and/or a synthetic natural gas plant.

Pipeline - A continuous pipe conduit, complete with such equipment as valves, compressor stations, communication systems, and meters for transporting natural and/or supplemental gas from one point to another, usually from a point on or beyond the producing field or processing plant to another pipeline or to points of utilization. Also refers to a company operating such facilities.

Producer - A company engaged in the production and sale of natural gas from gas or oil wells with delivery generally at a point at or near the wellhead, the field, or the tailgate of a gas processing plant. For the purpose of company classification, a company primarily engaged in the exploration for, development of, and/or production of oil and/or natural gas.

Received - Gas physically transferred into the responding company's transportation, storage, and/or distribution facilities.

Supplemental Gas - Any gaseous substance introduced into or commingled with natural gas that increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inerts added for Btu stabilization.

Supply - Natural, synthetic, and supplemental gas produced within, introduced into, and/or received into facilities operated by the responding company within the report State for disposition during the report year.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG) (Also referred to as substitute natural gas) - A manufactured product, chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons that may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline-quality natural gas.

Underground Storage - The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

PROVISIONS FOR CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

Information reported on Form EIA-176 will not be treated as confidential and may be publicly released in identifiable form. In addition to the use of the information by EIA for statistical purposes, the information may be used for any nonstatistical purposes such as administrative, regulatory, law enforcement, or adjudicatory purposes.

SANCTIONS

The timely submission of Form EIA-176 by those required to report is mandatory under Section 13(b) of the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (FEA ACT) (Public Law 93 275), as amended. Failure to respond may result in a civil penalty of not more than \$2,750 each day for each violation, or a fine of not more than \$5,000 each day for each willful violation. The government may bring a civil action to prohibit reporting violations, which may result in a temporary restraining order or a preliminary or permanent injunction without bond. In such civil action, the court may also issue mandatory injunction commanding any person to comply with these reporting requirements.

FILING FORMS WITH FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND ESTIMATED REPORTING BURDEN

Respondents are not required to file or reply to any Federal collection of information unless it has a valid OMB control number. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 10 hours per response, including the time of reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Energy Information Administration, Statistics and Methods Group, EI-70, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20585; and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.