## News

United States Department of Labor



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## **CONSUMER PRICES IN THE NORTHEAST: SEPTEMBER 2004**

Retail prices in the Northeast region, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), inched up 0.1 percent in September, after registering no change for two consecutive months. Sheila Watkins, Regional Commissioner of the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics, said that in September, higher prices for apparel and education and communication, food, and medical care were largely offset by declines for shelter and energy. For the year ended September 2004, the CPI-U for the Northeast region rose 3.2 percent, and core inflation, as measured by the all items less food and energy index, was up 2.7 percent.

The apparel index rose 4.2 percent in September. Apparel prices typically rise at this time of year with the introduction of fall and winter lines. The September increase followed a 1.6-percent increase in August. Despite the increases of the past two months, apparel prices are down 2.2 percent over the year.

The education and communication index rose 1.2 percent in September. The September increase followed a 0.7-percent rise in August.

The food and beverages index rose 0.3 percent in September, primarily reflecting a 0.5-percent rise in the food at home component. The food away from home index and the alcoholic beverages index each edged up 0.2 percent.

The housing index declined 0.3 percent in September, largely based on a drop in out-of-town lodging charges. Decreases of 1.5 percent for electricity and 1.0 percent for utility (piped) gas service and lower prices for household furnishings and operations also contributed to the decline. These decreases were in part offset by increases of 0.3 percent for both owners' equivalent rent and residential rent.

The transportation index edged down 0.2 percent in September primarily due to a 1.5-percent decline in gasoline prices. The September decline in the price of gasoline followed decreases of 2.1 percent in August and 4.8 percent in July. Despite the declines of the past three months, the gasoline index is now 8.0 percent higher than a year ago. An increase of 0.8 percent in the index for new and used motor vehicles in part offset the September decline in gasoline prices.

Table A. Percent changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), by region

(not seasonally adjusted)

	September 2003- September 2004					August 2004 – September 2004					
Expenditure category	US	North- east	Mid- west	South	West	US	North- east	Mid- west	South	West	
All itemsFood and beverages	2.5 3.3	3.2 3.7	2.3 3.0	2.5 3.5	2.2 3.0	0.2 -0.1	0.1 0.3	0.2 - 0.2	0.1 -0.2	0.4 0.0	
Housing	2.8 -0.7	4.4	2.2 -0.8	2.3 -0.9	2.4 1.2	-0.1 4.0	-0.3 4.2	-0.2 5.5	-0.3 4.3	0.4 2.2	
Transportation	2.2 4.4	1.9 4.7	2.1 5.4	3.0 4.1	1.5 3.6	0.0 0.2	-0.2 0.3	-0.4 0.3	0.0 0.3	0.5 0.0	
Recreation	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.1	- 0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	
Education and communication Other goods and services	1.8 2.1	1.3 2.3	2.0 2.0	1.2 2.2	2.8 1.9	1.1 0.3	1.2 0.5	1.5 0.2	0.5 0.1	1.3 0.3	
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Among the remaining expenditure categories, the medical care index rose 0.3 percent in September, with increases of 0.3 percent for medical care services and 0.2 percent for medical care commodities. The other goods and services index, (which includes tobacco and smoking products, along with personal care products, and personal expenses, such as funeral, and laundry, and dry cleaning services), increased 0.5 percent, while the recreation index was little changed over the month.

The Northeast increase of 3.2 percent for the year ended September 2004 exceeded the national rise of 2.5 percent. Among other regions, over-the-year increases were 2.5 percent in the South, 2.3 percent in the Midwest, and 2.2 percent in the West.

The Northeast Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) was 197.7 in September. The CPI-W rose 0.3 percent over the month, and increased 3.0 percent over the year.

Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month to month changes may reflect the impact of seasonal influences. Regions are defined as the four Census regions, comprised as follows: Northeast - Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont. Midwest - Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. South -Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. West - Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods

Northeast (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

	Indexes			Percent change from-					
Item and Group	July	Aug.	Sep.	Sep.	July	Aug.			
	2004	2004	2004	2003	2004	2004			
Expenditure category									
All items (December 1977=100)	201.0 316.6	201.0 316.5	201.2 316.9	3.2	0.1	0.1			
Food and beveragesFood.	189.8 189.1	189.4 188.6	190.0 189.3	3.7 3.7	.1	.3			
Food at home	190.1	189.0	189.9	4.4	1	.5			
Food away from home	190.3 198.1	190.8 197.8	191.2 198.1	2.9 3.2	.5 .0	.2			
Housing	211.2	211.4	210.7	4.4	2	3			
Shelter Rent of primary residence 1/	254.1 234.8	254.3 235.5	253.4 236.3	4.6 4.1	3	4 .3			
Owners' equivalent rent of primary					.6				
residence $\underline{1}/\underline{2}/$ Fuels and utilities	261.8 158.6	262.8 159.3	263.6 158.8	3.8 6.4	.7	.3 3			
Fuels	147.3	147.9	147.3	6.6	.0	4			
Gas (piped) and electricity 1/	160.9	160.2 148.2	158.1 146.0	2.7	-1.7 -2.2	-1.3 -1.5			
Electricity 1/ Utility (piped) gas service 1/	149.3 183.7	184.1	182.2	6.2	-2.2	-1.0			
Household furnishings and operations	127.3	127.1	127.0	. 4	2	1			
Apparel	115.8	117.6	122.5	-2.2	5.8	4.2			
Transportation	165.4	163.8	163.4	1.9	-1.2	2			
Private transportation  New and used motor vehicles 3/	159.9 92.7	158.4 92.3	158.6 93.0	2.5 -1.2	8 .3	.1			
New vehicles	134.7	133.8	134.1	7	4	.2			
New cars and trucks $\underline{3}/\underline{4}/\ldots$	93.7	93.1	93.3	5	4	.2			
New cars <u>4</u> /	131.6	130.9	130.9	8	5	.0			
Used cars and trucks Motor fuel	134.7 163.9	136.4 160.5	139.2 158.1	-1.8 8.0	3.3 -3.5	2.1 -1.5			
Gasoline (all types)	163.1	159.7	157.3	8.0	-3.6	-1.5			
Gasoline, unleaded regular 4/	163.7	160.3	157.9	7.9	-3.5	-1.5			
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade 4/5/	166.5	163.1	160.5	8.0	-3.6	-1.6			
Gasoline, unleaded premium $\underline{4}/\dots$	159.3	155.9	153.7	8.2	-3.5	-1.4			
Medical care	331.4	331.5	332.5	4.7	.3	.3			
Medical care commodities  Medical care services	286.1 342.4	286.3 342.5	286.8 343.6	2.2 5.4	.2	.2			
Professional services	283.6	283.7	284.0	4.2	0.1	0.1			
Recreation <u>3</u> /	110.8	110.8	110.7	1.0	1	1			
Education and communication $\underline{3}/\ldots$	111.5	112.3	113.6	1.3	1.9	1.2			
Other goods and services	329.3	330.0	331.5	2.3	.7	.5			
	Commodity and service group								
All items	201.0	201.0	201.2	3.2	.1	.1			
Commodities	157.1	157.0	157.9	2.3	.5	.6			
Commodities less food and beverages  Nondurables less food and beverages	136.8 156.3	136.8 156.7	137.9 158.4	1.2	.8 1.3	.8 1.1			
Nondurables less food, beverages, and apparel	189.0	188.3	187.9	5.3	6	2			
Durables	112.3	111.9	112.2	-1.1	1	.3			
Services	244.0 265.6	244.0 265.8	243.7 264.9	3.8 4.6	1 3	1 3			
Transportation services	215.1	212.8	212.2	1.5	-1.3	3			
Other services	276.1	277.3	279.5	2.0	1.2	.8			
	Special aggregate indexes								
All items less medical care	195.0	194.9	195.2	3.1	.1	.2			
All items less food	203.4	203.4	203.6	3.1	.1	.1			
All items less shelter	183.0	182.8 139.2	183.5 140.2	2.4 1.2	.3	. 4			
Nondurables	139.2 173.5	173.5	174.7	3.4	.7	.7			
Nondurables less food	158.8	159.1	160.8	3.0	1.3	1.1			
Nondurables less food and apparel	188.7	188.1	187.7	5.1	5	2			
Services less rent of shelter $2/$ Services less medical care services	241.0 236.5	240.8 236.5	241.2 236.1	2.7 3.6	2	. 2 2			
Energy	154.7	153.6	152.2	7.2	-1.6	9			
All items less energy	208.0	208.0	208.5	2.9	.2	.2			
All items less food and energy	212.9	213.0	213.4	2.7	.2	.2			
Commodities less food and energy commodities	140.7	141.0	142.4	6	1.2	1.0			
Energy commodities	161.2	159.6	158.8	11.2	-1.5	5			
Services less energy services	252.1	252.2	252.0	3.8	0.0	-0.1			

<sup>1/</sup> This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.
2/ Index is on a December 1982=100 base.
3/ Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.
4/ Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
5/ Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.
Data not available.