



**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT**



**Iraq – Humanitarian and Reconstruction  
Assistance**

Fact Sheet #54, Fiscal Year (FY) 2003

July 3, 2003

• **Current Humanitarian Situation (updated twice a week)**

*Note: Beginning July 9, 2003, the USG Iraq Fact Sheet will be distributed once a week on Wednesdays.*

**Sector Updates**

*Coordination*

- On July 1 and July 2, the Humanitarian Assistance Coordination Center (HACC) in Al Hillah hosted a Humanitarian Assistance Project Workshop. Governorate Support Teams (GSTs) across the First Marine Expeditionary Force (IMEF) Area of Operations described humanitarian assistance needs in their areas, and the USAID Mission, USAID's private sector partners, international organizations (IOs), and nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) presented plans and strategies for economic and political recovery throughout southern and central Iraq. United Nations (U.N.) agencies, scheduled to arrive from Baghdad, were unable to attend due deteriorating security conditions.
- The Coalition Provisional Authority (CPA) has formally established the Office of Human Rights and Transitional Justice. The office has a staff and office space open to Iraqis in the Baghdad Forum, also known as the Baghdad Convention Center.

*Food*

*General*

- As of July 1, the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) has dispatched more than 1.24 million metric tons (MT) of food into Iraq. During June, WFP moved more than 758,000 MT of food into Iraq from six regional corridors.
- In an effort to develop an approach for the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program (OFFP) transition strategy in the northern three governorates, the U.S. Government (USG) Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART), CPA officials, and U.N. agency representatives met in Arbil to discuss the structure of the WFP-administered Public Distribution System (PDS) in the north, including considerations for the PDS transition after the WFP's current mandate ends in November.
- A DART/WFP team visiting rural areas of Babil Governorate concluded that unexploded ordnance (UXO) has prevented large numbers of farmers from harvesting crops. The Civil Military Operations Center (CMOC) in Al Hillah reports receiving requests for UXO clearance on a daily basis. The CMOC has requested assistance from the DART in securing compensation for these farmers. The DART is investigating the extent of UXO contamination of agricultural areas and will visit contaminated farmlands with CMOC officers.
- WFP and the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) are currently conducting a joint Food Crop Supply and Food Aid Needs Assessment Mission. Results will be available at the end of July. The first phase of the assessment was conducted in Al Hillah and the south-central region the week of June 23. The study aims to analyze Iraq's Food Security situation during the July 2003 to June 2004 period.
- On July 1, senior CPA officials met with Ministry of Trade (MOT) and local business leaders in Al Hillah to consider areas for potential foreign investment in Babil Governorate.
- WFP transferred \$100 million to CPA to pay for the procurement of the local harvest.

*Pipeline*

- The M/V Thor Orchid and M/V Helikon are discharging 11,000 MT of bagged rice at the new Umm Qasr port. The M/V Jaipur is discharging bagged wheat flour at the old port onto MOT trucks. The M/V Sea Express is discharging 3,000 MT of bagged wheat flour at the old Umm Qasr port into warehouses, due to a lack of MOT trucks.
- As of June 29, WFP moved its Pipeline Unit from Larnaca, Cyprus, to Baghdad to assist the Ministry of Trade (MOT) and CPA in identifying priority OFFP contracts. Under the new rules established by the U.N. Office of the Iraq Program (OIP), WFP will soon be renegotiating the time of delivery and price of existing OFFP contracts, but not the destination. The MOT will be responsible for the transport and shipping of the renegotiated contracts.

*Public Distribution System (PDS)*

- The Deputy Director of the Ministry of Finance's State Department for Foodstuff Trading in Arbil confirmed that the June PDS distribution is complete in Arbil Governorate, with a total distribution of approximately 20,645 MT, including 12,026 MT of wheat flour.
- The July PDS food distribution commenced in Babil Governorate as the first group of food agents began picking up commodities from the Al Hillah foodstuff warehouse. WFP and the MOT reported that stocks are

adequate for the July distribution and most of August. Wheat flour distribution was delayed pending delivery of a 6,000 MT WFP shipment that arrived July 2, clearing the way for distribution to begin shortly. The Babil silo sent an initial 5,000 MT of wheat to local mills and will continue to send shipments to mills in installments as needed. Babil Governorate has a 13,000 MT monthly wheat flour requirement.

*Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)*

- On July 1, the DART conducted an IDP site visit and met with the town council in Qalawa on the outskirts of As Sulaymaniyah. Displaced since 1991 from the Kirkuk and Khanaqin areas, more than 435 IDP families live in severe conditions in makeshift homes. Sanitation is problematic at the camp, there is no proper garbage disposal system, and approximately 300 families lack water storage tanks.
- On July 2, the DART conducted a site visit to 2 IDP camps in As Sulaymaniyah. The former "Islamic School Dormitory building" hosts 80 families and the "School Activities Building" hosts 40 families. Both camps are crowded and in poor condition with water and sanitation leakage. In some cases four families share one bathroom, and men and woman must use the same bathrooms. Diarrhea and vomiting are common among the children. The DART is developing an IDP strategy in coordination with Ministry officials in As Sulaymaniyah and with the U.N. Office for Project Services (UNOPS).

*Abuse Prevention Unit (APU)*

- The Kurdish political parties KDP (Arbil) and PUK (As Sulaymaniyah) have sent delegations to southern Iraq to visit reported mass gravesites.
- In mid-June, the DART/APU reported that the Government of Kuwait (GOK) stripped 120 Kuwaitis of their citizenship during the Gulf War. The APU will attempt to arrange a meeting with these stateless Kuwaitis who are now in Iraq, and the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in the following weeks, as UNHCR has a mandate on stateless people.
- On July 1 in Baghdad, the DART/APU joined local human rights organizations in the latest of a series of a weekly meetings initiated by the APU, now held in Arabic and facilitated by Iraqis. Representatives from CPA, the Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS), the Heartland Alliance, and eight local human rights groups reviewed past abuses by the former regime and proposed recommendations to address the effects of the abuses.
- The DART/APU conducted a site visit to a women's shelter run by the Iraqi National Society for Human Rights that assists abused, raped, kidnapped, and poor women of all ethnicities. The women want to start a tailoring business, and the society is requesting supplies and raw materials to begin training and employing the women. The APU is currently working on a grant that includes income generation activities for future sustainability.
- The DART/APU is working on a joint military and USAID project to refurbish and renovate buildings occupied by approximately 140 disabled military veterans and their families who live in two large dormitory-style buildings and receive no support. A Coalition forces division authorized \$90,000 to renovate the living quarters and community center.

*Security*

- According to the Office of the U.N. Security Coordinator (UNSECOORD), during the morning of June 29, an exchange of gunfire close to the entrance gate of the main U.N. compound in Baghdad caused Coalition forces in the area to go to a high state of alert. A car containing three armed men was seen leaving the area after the shooting ceased. Coalition forces are conducting follow-up operations.
- A rocket-propelled grenade (RPG) was fired near the Iraqi Assistance Center (IAC) in Baghdad, which serves as a conference center for numerous IOs, NGOs, and USAID offices. There was also a gun battle close to the front gate of the U.N. main compound at the Canal hotel in Baghdad.
- On July 1, WFP suspended dispatches from Kuwait until further notice following a stoning incident at the Kuwait border. On June 30, at a meeting in Al Basrah on security issues that included the Coalition forces and WFP, among others, primary recommendations to improve security for food deliveries included organizing larger convoys, providing convoy schedules to the Coalition, better reporting of incidents by truckers, and better border area controls.
- To assist in better incident reporting, WFP distributed an Arabic/English Truck Attack Report as discussed at the Al Basrah security meeting. Trucks will all carry a copy of the report along with a map to pinpoint the location of incidents.
- Security at the Hurriya food distribution warehouse in Baghdad remains stable. A combination of factors have led to this improvement, including greater coalition presence and the US military training of the MOT guards. WFP international staff at the site will monitor the food receipts and dispatches.
- On July 2, USAID implementing partner AirServ International reported an increase in demand for service to and from Baghdad and is securing a lease for space near the Baghdad International Airport (BIAP). AirServ reports that the increase in insecurity is not directed toward its operations and that NGOs do not feel threatened by the current situation. AirServ continues to follow the security measures of Regional Air Movement Control Center (RAMCC).

## **Current Reconstruction Situation** (updated twice a week)

### **Sector Updates**

#### *Water and Sanitation*

- Through USAID implementing partner Save the Children/U.S., a 200 cubic meter per hour pump and starter was purchased and installed at the Shuwaybah water and pumping station located northwest of Az Zubayr, in Al Basrah Governorate. Sections of corroded pipe have been welded, and the station is now running at approximately 75 percent of its capacity providing piped water to 35,000 people within the community.
- USAID implementing partner CARE completed work on the central Baghdad urban water and sewage compact unit. Approximately 25,000 additional people now have running water and sewage is no longer flooding the area. CARE completed overhaul of pumps and electrical and mechanical connections of the Ministry of Information water boosting station, which were preventing the boosting pumps from operating to capacity.
- International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) teams of engineers and technicians are carrying out quick repairs at approximately 20 sites in the central area of Iraq, including maintenance of generators and repair of leakages and electrical connections. Four major projects are ongoing at water facilities in Baghdad (Sabaa Nissan, Abu Nawas, Al Habibiya and Al Dora). ICRC-sponsored trucks are distributing approximately 300,000 liters of drinking water to poor suburbs around Baghdad.
- The U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) reported that blocked drains caused raw sewage to flow through streets, schools, and homes in the areas of Karada, Al Rasheed, Al Obaidi, and Al Huriyah in Baghdad. In a recent operation, sewage drains were unblocked, benefiting 1.5 million people. Sewage-pumping stations that draw sewage out of neighborhoods are also in desperate need of repair. Of 256 pumping stations in Baghdad, most need repair. UNICEF is currently repairing 28 of these pumping stations and plans to expand operations in the coming weeks.
- USAID, CPA, the U.N. Development Program (UNDP), the U.N. Human Settlements Program (HABITAT), and the Baghdad Sewage Authority have decided on the allocation of responsibilities for funding and construction management for the rehabilitation of the city's three main wastewater treatment facilities. USAID and CPA will restore two plants and UNDP-HABITAT will repair one facility to secondary treatment levels. This activity will mitigate the threat of cholera as well as improve water quality of the Tigris River.

#### *Education*

- USAID Mission personnel analyzed plans for school infrastructure with Bechtel to discuss prioritization of schools to be rehabilitated this summer in collaboration with the Ministry of Education (MOE) and the Ministry of Housing and Construction.
- USAID Mission personnel processed a small grant application for the Kirkuk Directorate of Education to support the secure administration of examinations for primary, secondary, and vocational schools.
- The textbook review process coordinated by UNICEF has been completed, and a technical team from Copenhagen, Denmark, is expected to arrive in Baghdad to assess bids from Iraqi Printing Houses to begin printing the revised textbooks.
- Under coordination of the U.N. Education, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), the review of science and math textbooks will begin on July 4. The target date for distribution of the textbooks is October 1.
- All needed equipment and supplies for the MOE national examinations have been delivered to examination centers and schools. Delivery of sealed examination questions from Baghdad to the governorates for grades 9 and 12 begins today. The U.S. military is providing security for the delivery.

#### *Electricity*

- According to CPA, on June 29, Baghdad received 1,000 megawatts of power, restoring the city to pre-blackout electrical power distribution conditions. On June 28, Baghdad Governorate received 6.4 million liters of gasoline, and the city of Baghdad received 4.751 million liters. On June 28, Baghdad received 39,489 liquid propane gas (LPG) cylinders.
- According to the July 2 CPA daily report, electricity in Al Basrah is now operating 18 hours per day; however, looting of the power lines is hampering further improvement. British Coalition forces recently arrested 14 people and recovered 40 MT of copper that had been smelted down from power lines. During the last few days, two 400-kilovolt main distribution lines were energized, allowing a regional grid to function.
- CPA reported that the 400-kilovolt line joining Hartha and Najibeer power stations and the An Nasiriyah line have been energized.

#### *Local Governance*

- The DART conducted a site visit of the Directorate of Education in Mosul to review progress of USAID/Office of Transition Initiatives (USAID/OTI) International Organization for Migration (IOM) activities and to explore additional rehabilitation opportunities with the UNDP's Rapid Employment Program. The team toured the three-building municipality complex in Mosul, which was severely looted following the collapse of the former regime. Before the war, the municipality was responsible for organization of local markets and licensing for street sellers, garbage collection, sewage system maintenance, and land registration. The municipality is

operating at a fraction of its original capacity, due in part to a lack of facilities from which to perform basic management and administration of services.

- The DART, USAID/OTI partner Development Alternatives, Inc. (DAI), and the German NGO WADI conducted a site visit to the Asuda Women's Shelter, which provides protection for women under threat of violence. Past residents include women whose families and husbands have threatened them with so-called honor killings. The DART and DAI also visited Mala/Chra, a women's support organization that provides support to women in areas formerly controlled by Ansar al-Islam and to disadvantaged women throughout Suley.
- The Resaafa neighborhood council in Baghdad has elected two representatives, one male and one female, to the Baghdad City Council.

### **U.S. Government Response** (New information is underlined.)

#### **Emergency Relief and Transition Initiatives**

- USAID's Office of U. S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA) is supporting U.N. and NGO emergency assistance activities through quick-impact projects and IDP support. USAID/OFDA supports projects in the sectors of agriculture, food security, health, logistics, nutrition, shelter, and water and sanitation.
- USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) is providing emergency food commodities through the Bill Emerson Humanitarian Trust (BEHT) and P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance to WFP for distribution to food insecure Iraqis. WFP also received a cash contribution from USAID/FFP for the purchase of commodities in the region.
- The Department of State's Bureau for Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM) contributed assistance for the pre-positioning and emergency response activities of UNHCR, ICRC, the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), and IOM.
- USAID/OTI is supporting the implementation of the Iraq Transition Initiative (ITI). The ITI program supports the process of political stabilization and community recovery in post-conflict Iraq by providing small grants designed to build confidence among Iraq's diverse ethnic groups, increase citizen participation in decision-making, and rapidly respond to community needs, while establishing and building trust for long term reconstruction efforts. The ITI program is implemented through USAID/OTI implementing partners DAI and IOM. In addition, USAID/OTI works with the Broadcasting Board of Governors to enhance the capacity of Radio SAWA to broadcast humanitarian and reconstruction reporting.
- USAID/OTI finalized details on a Kurdistan Economic Development Organization (KEDO) funding request to train teachers and produce anti-violence workbooks for elementary school teachers in As Sulaymaniyah.
- USAID/OTI is exploring opportunities to support women's unions in Arbil and Suley with the Washington Kurdish Institute (WKI).
- USAID/OTI implementing partner IOM is supporting two projects in Babil Governorate. The first grant will provide equipment and technical support to the newly established Human Rights Association in Al Hillah. The second grant will provide computers and technical equipment for establishing an Internet center at the University of Babylon/Babil in Al Hillah.
- USAID/OTI implementing partner IOM is collaborating with CMOC on the rehabilitation of Mosul University. IOM and CMOC explored the possibility of IOM rehabilitating some of the women's dormitories that were looted. A Bill of Quantity for these dormitories is being drawn up and priced.
- USAID/OTI private sector partner DAI completed equipment delivery of final exam supplies to Kirkuk's Technical college and Technical institute.
- USAID/OTI partner DAI, in cooperation with the DART and WKI, worked with a number of organizations in As Sulaymaniyah on July 2 to expand media outreach on women's issues, including awareness, rights, anti-violence, health, and hygiene.
- The DART, DAI, and WKI finalized a grant to the German NGO WADI, whose programs provide support to vulnerable women. The grant will provide training and literacy courses to women in Halabjah and Hawruman.

#### **Reconstruction**

- In addition to the emergency relief assistance provided through the DART by USAID and the Department of State, USAID's Asia and Near East Bureau (USAID/ANE) has provided timely assistance for reconstruction activities in Iraq in a broad range of sectors. USAID supports reconstruction projects in education, governance, health, and infrastructure.
- USAID private sector partner Research Triangle Institute (RTI) has been assisting the Kirkuk City Council, including exploring ways in which the Council can respond to citizens' identified priorities by establishing a Kirkuk Employment Services Office. The RTI local governance team also met with nearly two hundred members of the Kirkuk Chamber of Commerce to help define the priorities of the Employment Services Office.
- In Basrah, RTI is working with six hospitals, the municipality, the Ministry of Irrigation, and the NGO Norwegian Church Aid to cooperatively address issues of disposal of hazardous medical waste, development of

new water supplies for the Kuwait-donated Reverse Osmosis water treatment plants, and clean surface water delivery for the Basrah water system.

- USAID partners RTI and ACDI/VOCA are developing joint activities related to community-based trash collection, street cleaning, and sidewalk repair in northern Iraq.
- RTI is coordinating with Bechtel to share the cost of providing generators needed for the water authority in areas of southern Iraq. A draft plan was submitted and is awaiting finalization, whereby Bechtel would provide three large generators, and RTI would provide four medium generators to the various treatment plants in the system.
- USAID partners RTI and Creative Associates International, Inc. (CAII) are working with the MOE to review proposed salary structures and prepare options for restructuring to reflect fair compensation within the parameters established by the Ministry of Finance.
- USAID partner International Relief and Development, Inc. (IRD) has begun initial assessments for a potential market project in the area known as Nissan 9 in Baghdad. IRD will create a market venue to host the currently unlicensed stalls that now occupy a major thoroughfare. The project will address the community's economic needs by creating a regulated market and exposing the storefronts that the stalls currently block. In addition, opening a boulevard will enhance the area's security. IRD will also assist in the establishment of a vendors association to implement the market project.
- IRD engineers are inspecting site infrastructure and land ownership in three communities in Baghdad to evaluating options for creating a Community Market Place project, at an estimated cost of \$50,000.

### **Background**

- Since 1991, the Iraqi population has subsisted on the brink of a humanitarian disaster due to the lingering effects of war, sanctions, and drought. Between 1991 and 1996, the USG provided nearly \$794 million in humanitarian assistance to IDPs in northern Iraq.
- In 1996, the Government of Iraq accepted the OFFP, after which humanitarian conditions improved. Revenues from the OFFP provided food, medicine, and other civilian goods to assist vulnerable Iraqis through the PDS. However, widespread corruption by Iraqi officials limited the effectiveness of the OFFP program.
- On March 20, 2003, Coalition forces began military operations in Iraq. On May 1, 2003, 42 days after the conflict began, U.S. President George W. Bush announced that major combat operations in Iraq had ended. Although the conflict did not result in the large-scale humanitarian crisis and widespread displacement many had envisioned, the conflict and subsequent disorder have exacerbated the Iraqi population's vulnerability.
- In March 2003, the USG deployed a multi-agency DART to the region to assess and respond to humanitarian needs and to help coordinate the emergency relief effort. In Iraq, the DART established offices in Arbil, Baghdad, Al Hillah, and Al Basrah. In addition, DART members were also located in Kuwait and Cyprus, and worked closely with U.N. agencies, NGOs, and in coordination with U.S. Military Civil Affairs personnel.

**Other Donor and International Organization Assistance\***

DONOR	US \$ (MILLIONS)	DATE (2003)	ASSISTANCE SNAPSHOT
Australia	\$64.9	April 29	U.N. agencies, ICRC, and NGOs
Austria	\$1.1	April 1	UNICEF
Bangladesh	\$2	April 4	Food Assistance
Belgium	\$4.4	April 29	ICRC, UNICEF
Canada	\$74.6	March 26	WFP, UNICEF, UNHCR, OCHA, ICRC, NGOs
China	N/A	March 27	Tents
Czech Republic	\$41	May 22	UNHCR, WFP, and assistance for refugees, health, education, and reconstruction activities
Croatia	\$2.8	May 2	Blankets, sleeping bags, flour, sugar, water purification disinfectants
Denmark	\$54	March 8	Various
European Commission	\$117.7	April 22	U.N. agencies, IOs, and NGOs
Finland	\$5.13	March 25	ICRC, UN OCHA, WFP
France	\$10.7		UNICEF, WFP, NGOs
Germany	\$50	May 5	UNHCR, WFP, ICRC
Greece	\$4.6	May 5	UNHCR, ICRC, NGOs
Iceland	\$3.75	April 8	ICRC, NGOs, UNCHR, WFP
India	\$20	April 4	WFP and U.N. Consolidated Appeal
Ireland	\$5.1	March 31	U.N. agencies and NGOs for humanitarian assistance
Italy	\$16.3	April 29	Field Hospital
Japan	\$212	May 1	U.N. Agencies, NGOs, Bilateral Assistance
Jordan	\$10	May 5	Various
Korea	\$10	April 3	U.N. agencies and Korean NGOs
Kuwait	\$40	March 14	UNHCR, WFP, UNICEF, ICRC, Water and Sanitation, Health
Netherlands	\$20.5	April 2	U.N. Consolidated Appeal and ICRC
New Zealand	\$2.3	April 22	U.N. agencies including WFP, IOs, and NGOs
Saudi Arabia	\$13.3	April 12	Medical Assistance
Spain	\$56.7	April 22	U.N. agencies, bilateral refugee assistance, and NGOs
Sweden	\$38	April 11	OCHA, UNICEF, ICRC, IFRC
Switzerland	\$21.9	April 16	ICRC, UNCHR, IOM, IFRC, OCHA
Taiwan	\$4.3	March 27	Refugee assistance – food, medicine, nonfood items
U.A.E.	N/A	April 22	Medical Assistance
United Kingdom	\$382	April 29	U.N. agencies including WFP, IOs, and NGOs – food, health kits, water units, winter supply kits, primary health, IDP assistance
<b>OTHER DONOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO DATE**</b>			<b>\$1,289 MILLION</b>

\*This compilation was drawn from Department of State tracking of donor government pledged or committed funding. The list may not be comprehensive.

\*\* This total is approximate as the value of donated commodities is not available in some cases.

**Public Donation Information**

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash donations to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for their activities in the Gulf can be found in the “How Can I Help” section at [[www.usaid.gov/iraq](http://www.usaid.gov/iraq)].
- USAID encourages cash donations because they: allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally appropriate dietary and environmental assistance.
- General information on making donations and volunteering can be found at:
  - USAID: [www.usaid.gov/iraq](http://www.usaid.gov/iraq) -> “How Can I Help?”
  - The Center for International Disaster Information: [www.cidi.org](http://www.cidi.org) or 703-276-1914
  - InterAction: [www.interaction.org](http://www.interaction.org) -> “Guide to Appropriate Giving”
  - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at [www.reliefweb.org](http://www.reliefweb.org).

\*Additional Fact Sheets can be obtained from the USAID web site at <http://www.usaid.gov/iraq>



<i>Agency</i>	<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Sector</i>	<i>Regions</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>FY 2003</b>				
<b>EMERGENCY RELIEF</b>				
<b>USAID/OFDA .....</b>				<b>\$54,898,340</b>
	Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$4,061,957
	AirServ	Logistics	Countrywide	\$2,151,585
	ARC	Capacity building, Disaster support	Al Basrah	\$542,047
	The Cuny Center	Research studies	Countrywide	\$40,260
	GOAL	Coordination, Nutrition	Al Muthanna	\$1,507,900
	International Dispensary Association	Health	Countrywide	\$711,850
	InterAction	Coordination	Kuwait City	\$92,860
	IOM	IDP programs	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
	IMC	Capacity building	Countrywide	\$202,900
	Logistics	Commodities and DART support	Countrywide	\$8,003,850
	SCF/US	NGO Consortium	Countrywide	\$883,131
	UNICEF	Health, nutrition, water/sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
	UN OCHA	Coordination and Information	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
	WFP	Logistics and pre-positioning of food	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
<b>Cooperative Agreements</b>				
	IMC	Quick-impact projects: Food Security, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
		Health	Al Basrah, Maysan, Wasit, Kirkuk, At' Tamin	
		Health, Water/Sanitation	An Nasiriyah	
	IRC	Quick-impact projects: Health, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
		Water/Sanitation	Kirkuk, Karbala', Najaf	
	Mercy Corps	Quick-impact projects: Health, Non-Food Items, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
		Water/Sanitation	Kirkuk	
		Water/Sanitation	Diyala, Al Kut, Khanaqin	
		Water/Sanitation	Wasit	
		Water/Sanitation	Al Basrah	
	SCF/US	Quick-impact projects: Food Security, Health, Shelter, Nutrition, Non-Food Items, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
		Nutrition	Mosul	
		Health, Transportation	Mosul	
		Water/Sanitation	Al Basrah	
		Health	Mosul	
		Health	Baghdad	
		Nutrition	Baghdad	
		Water/Sanitation, Health	Al Basrah	
		IDP Support	Al Basrah	
	World Vision	Quick-impact projects: Health, Logistics, Non-Food Items	Countrywide	\$2,500,000
		Water/Sanitation	Al Anbar	
		Hospital Rehabilitation	Al Anbar	
		Water/Sanitation	Mosul	
	CARE	Quick-impact projects	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
		Water System Rehabilitation	Al Anbar	
		Blankets, Hygiene Kits	Baghdad	



**U.S. Government Humanitarian and Reconstruction Assistance to Iraq\***

<b>USAID/FFP .....</b>				<b>\$389,333,000</b>
	WFP	Operations	Countrywide	\$55,000,000
	WFP	Emerson Trust – 81,500 MT	Countrywide	\$45,633,000
	WFP	P.L. 480 Title II emergency food commodities – 105,300 MT	Countrywide	\$88,700,000
	WFP	Regional Purchase – 330,000 MT	Countrywide	\$200,000,000
<b>USAID/OTI .....</b>				<b>\$23,942,344</b>
	Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$708,732
	IOM	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$8,200,000
	DAI	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$14,473,253
	Internews	Media	Countrywide	\$160,359
	SAWA	Media	Countrywide	\$400,000
<b>STATE/PRM .....</b>				<b>\$37,630,000</b>
	UNHCR	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$21,000,000
	ICRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	IFRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
	IOM	TCN – transportation assistance	Countrywide	\$3,630,000
<b>RECONSTRUCTION</b>				
<b>USAID/ANE .....</b>				<b>\$316,064,079</b>
	ABT	Health	Countrywide	\$11,995,000
	AFCAP	Logistics	Countrywide	\$8,000,000
	Army Corps of Engineers	Architecture and Engineering services	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
	Bechtel	Capital Construction	Countrywide	\$148,000,000
	Community Action Program	Capacity Building	Countrywide	\$35,000,000
	IRG	Reconstruction Support	Countrywide	\$9,786,094
	RTI	Local Governance	Countrywide	\$19,611,000
	CAII	Education	Countrywide	\$22,853,000
	UNICEF	Health, Water and Sanitation	Countrywide	\$20,000,000
	UNICEF	Education	Countrywide	\$7,000,000
	UNESCO	Textbook Printing	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	SSA	Port Management	Umm Qasr	\$4,818,985
	SkyLink	Logistics	Baghdad	\$5,000,000
	MSI	Monitoring and Evaluation	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
<b>TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003 .....</b>				<b>\$784,237,763</b>
<b>TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003 .....</b>				<b>\$37,630,000</b>
<b>TOTAL STATE/USAID ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003 .....</b>				<b>\$821,867,763</b>

\*Figures in funding sheet are subject to change and do not represent a final official accounting of USG obligations.