Offering Circular Supplement (To Base Offering Circular dated January 1, 2002)

\$484,747,000

Government National Mortgage Association



GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2002-86



The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be December 30, 2002.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

JPMorgan

Blaylock & Partners, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is December 18, 2002.

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2002-86

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(1)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(2)	Interest Type(2)	Final Distribution Date(3)	CUSIP Number
СВ	\$ 17,236,000	5.50%	PAC II	FIX	December 2032	38373YLX0
CD	50,386,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	March 2031	38373YLY8
CE	8,388,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	June 2031	38373YLZ5
CG	10,995,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	October 2031	38373YMA9
СН	6,301,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	December 2031	38373YMB7
CJ	2,119,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	January 2032	38373YMC5
CK	34,918,000	5.50	SUP	FIX	December 2032	38373YMD3
CL	4,000,000	5.00	PAC II	FIX	December 2032	38373YME1
CM	4,000,000	6.00	PAC II	FIX	December 2032	38373YMF8
FA	26,764,000	(4)	PAC I	FLT	August 2031	38373YMG6
IP	12,979,500	5.50	NTL (PAC I)	FIX/IO	November 2024	38373YMH4
PA	95,183,000	4.50	PAC I	FIX	November 2024	38373YMJ0
PB	50,000,000	5.50	PAC I	FIX	December 2032	38373YMK7
PC	172,457,000	5.25	PAC I	FIX	August 2031	38373YML5
SA	26,764,000	(4)	NTL (PAC I)	INV/IO	August 2031	38373YMM3
VG	500,000	5.50	AD/SUP	FIX	August 2015	38373YMN1
VH	500,000	5.50	SUP/AD	FIX	January 2023	38373YMP6
VJ	500,000	5.50	SUP/AD	FIX	April 2028	38373YMQ4
ZG	500,000	5.50	SUP	FIX/Z	December 2032	38373YMR2
Residual						
RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	December 2032	38373YMS0

⁽¹⁾ Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

⁽²⁾ As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.

⁽³⁾ See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

⁽⁴⁾ See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement") and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		Page
Terms Sheet	S- 4	ERISA Matters	S-24
Risk Factors	S- 7	Legal Investment Considerations	S-24
The Trust Assets	S- 8	Plan of Distribution	S-25
Ginnie Mae Guaranty	S- 9	Increase in Size	S-25
Description of the Securities	S- 9	Legal Matters	S-25
Yield, Maturity and Prepayment		Schedule I: Scheduled Principal	
Considerations	S-13	Balances	S-I-1
Certain Federal Income Tax			
Consequences	S-22		

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.

Trustee: State Street Bank and Trust Company

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: December 30, 2002

Distribution Date: The 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in January 2003.

Trust Assets:

Trust Asset Type	Certificate Rate	Original Term To Maturity (in years)
Ginnie Mae II	5.5%	30

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets¹:

Principal Balance ²	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Weighted Average Mortgage Rate ³
\$484,747,000	358	2	6.3%

¹ As of December 1, 2002.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See "The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only Class. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

² Does not include Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

³ The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.5% to 1.5% per annum above the related Certificate Rate.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as "LIBOR") as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
FA	LIBOR + 0.4%	1.7%	0.4%	8.0%	0	0.0%
SA	7.6% - LIBOR	6.3%	0.0%	7.6%	0	7.6%

- (1) LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities Interest Distributions Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in this Supplement.
- (2) The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the ZG Accrual Amount will be allocated as follows:

- The ZG Accrual Amount in the following order of priority:
 - 1. Sequentially, to VG, VH and VJ, in that order, until retired
 - 2. To ZG, until retired
- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount in the following order of priority:
 - 1. To the PAC I Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, as follows:
 - a. Concurrently:
 - i. 90.90909091% to PA and PC, in that order, until retired
 - ii. 9.0909090909% to FA, until retired
 - b. To PB, until retired
 - 2. Concurrently, to CB, CL and CM, pro rata, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - 3. Sequentially, to CD, CE, CG, CH and CJ, in that order, until retired
 - 4. Concurrently:
 - a. 94.5825884392% to CK, until retired
 - b. 5.4174115608% to VG, VH, VJ and ZG, in that order, until retired
 - 5. Concurrently, to CB, CL and CM, pro rata, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances, until retired
 - 6. To the PAC I Classes, in the manner and order of priority described in Step 1, but without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances, until retired

Scheduled Principal Balances: The Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule I to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Ranges:

Class	Structuring Ranges
FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	100% PSA through 250% PSA
CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)	120% PSA through 200% PSA

Accrual Class: Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Class as interest. Interest so accrued on the Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute the ZG Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents Approximately
IP	\$12,979,500	13.6363636364% of PA (PAC I Class)
SA	26,764,000	100% of FA (PAC I Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities. If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC classes, the support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date (other than from any applicable accrual amount). If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the support classes.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the support, interest only, inverse floating rate, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities.

The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Trust MBS are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% to 1.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Ginnie Mae receives a fee (the "Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee") for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate of 0.06% per annum of the outstanding principal balance of each related Mortgage Loan. The difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the sum of the Certificate Rate

and the Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). See "The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General" in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See "Risk Factors" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. *See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Base Offering Circular*.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are

eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations of: \$1,000,000 in initial notional balance for Class IP and \$910,000 in initial notional balance for Class SA.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

Class	Accrual Period

Fixed Rate Classes

The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date

Floating Rate and
Inverse Floating

The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date

From the 20th day of the month of the related Distribution Date through the 19th day of the month of

Rate Classes that Distribution Date

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee's determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final, except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from gREX or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Class

Class ZG is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Class" in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the ZG Accrual Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and in the Terms Sheet are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of the Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than the Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in the Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal and interest to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on gREX.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the related Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See "Description of the Securities—Termination" in this Supplement.

Accretion Directed Classes

Classes VG, VH and VJ are Accretion Directed Classes. The Accrual Amount will be applied to making principal distributions on those Classes as described in this Supplement.

Each of Class VH and VJ has the AD designation in the suffix position, rather than the prefix position, in its class principal type because it does not have principal payment stability through the applicable pricing prepayment assumption. Classes VH and VJ will have principal payment stability only through the prepayment rate shown in the table below.

The Accretion Directed Classes are entitled to principal payments in an amount equal to interest accrued on the Accrual Class. The Weighted Average Life of each such Class cannot exceed its Weighted Average Life as shown in the following table under any prepayment scenario, even a scenario where there are no prepayments.

- Moreover, based on the Modeling Assumptions, if the Mortgage Loans prepay at any constant rate at or below the rate for an Accretion Directed Class shown in the table below, its Class Principal Balance would be reduced to zero on, but not before, its Final Distribution Date, and its Weighted Average Life would equal its maximum Weighted Average Life.
- However, the Weighted Average Lives of Classes VG, VH and VJ, which are also Support Classes, will be reduced, and may be reduced significantly, at prepayment speeds higher than the constant rates shown in the table below. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations Decrement Tables" in this Supplement.

Accretion Directed Classes

Class	Average Life (in Years)	Final Distribution Date	Prepayment Rate at or below
VG	7.1	August 2015	188% PSA
VH	16.6	January 2023	141% PSA
VJ	22.8	April 2028	86% PSA

The Mortgage Loans will have characteristics that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans prepay at a rate at or somewhat below the "at or below" rate shown for any Accretion Directed Class, the Class Principal Balance of that Class could be reduced to zero before its Final Distribution Date, and its Weighted Average Life could be shortened.

Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, each PAC Class will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range. See "Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances." However, whether any such Class will adhere to its schedule and receive "Scheduled Payments" on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the related Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC Class exhibits an Effective Range of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range may differ from the Structuring Range to create the related principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Ranges for the PAC Classes are as follows:

PAC I ClassesInitial Effective RangesFA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)100% PSA through 250% PSA

PAC II Classes

CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate) 120% PSA through 200% PSA

• The principal payment stability of the PAC I Classes will be supported by the PAC II and Support Classes.

• The principal payment stability of the PAC II Classes will be supported by the Support Classes.

If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Ranges. If the initial Effective Ranges were calculated using the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Ranges could differ from those shown in the above tables. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range in the above table, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range, if any, for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC Class can narrow or shift over time depending on the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range for any PAC Class, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on the PAC Classes and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range for any PAC Class, its supporting Classes may be retired earlier than that PAC Class, and the Weighted Average Life of the PAC Class may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans" in the Base Offering Circular.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

The tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining

term to maturity of 360 months and a Mortgage Rate of 1.5% per annum higher than the related Certificate Rate.

- 2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.
- 3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in January 2003.
 - 4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
 - 5. The Closing Date for the Securities is December 30, 2002.
 - 6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th day of the month and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement ("PSA") is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the "PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates"). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of any Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

								PS	A Prep	aymen	t Assum	ption	Rates									
	Classes CB, CL and CM Class								CD Class CE							Class CG						
Distribution Date	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
December 2003	100	100	94	94	94	100	100	92	79	54	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
December 2004	100	100	79	79	79	100	100	74	32	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0		
December 2005	100	100	60	60	16	100	100	51	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	70	0		
December 2006	100	100	44	44	0	100	100	33	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2007	100	100	31	31	0	100	100	19	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2008	100	100	20	20	0	100	100	9	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2009	100	100	12	12	0	100	100	2	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2010	100	100	6	4	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	84	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2011	100	100	2	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	70	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2012	100	94	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	48	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2013	100	81	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	11	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
December 2014	100	62	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	75	0	0		
December 2015	100	38	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	40	0	0		
December 2016	100	11	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	2	0	0		
December 2017	100	0	0	0	0	100	91	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
December 2018	100	0	0	0	0	100	75	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
December 2019	100	Õ	0	0	0	100	59	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	0	0	Ö	100	100	0	0	Õ		
December 2020	100	0	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
December 2021	100	0	0	0	0	100	26	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
December 2022	100	Õ	0	0	0	100	10	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	0	0	Ö	100	100	0	0	Õ		
December 2023	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	61	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
December 2024	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	74	0	0	0		
December 2025	100	Õ	0	0	0	100	Ö	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	Õ	0	0	Ö	100	4	0	0	Õ		
December 2026	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
December 2027	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
December 2028	69	Õ	0	0	0	100	Ö	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	Õ	0	0	Ö	100	0	0	0	Õ		
December 2029	0	0	0	0	0	76	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
December 2030	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
December 2031	Ö	Ő	Ö	0	Ő	0	Ő	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	Ő	Ő	Ő	0	0	Ö	0	Ö	Ő		
December 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average			Ü	Ü	,	Ü		0	0		0				-		Ü	Ü	0	-		
Life (years)	26.2	12.4	4.0	4.0	2.5	27.4	17.5	3.3	1.6	1.0	28.3	21.1	9.7	2.7	1.7	28.6	22.4	12.7	3.1	1.9		

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																					
		Class CH Class CJ											Class (CK		Classes FA and SA						
Distribution Date	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
December 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	95	95	95	95		
December 2004	100	100	100	100	59	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	87	87	87	87		
December 2005	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	95	76	76	76	76		
December 2006	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	87	0	93	66	66	66	54		
December 2007	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	47	0	90	56	56	56	36		
December 2008	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	21	0	88	47	47	47	22		
December 2009	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	5	0	85	38	38	38	12		
December 2010	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	83	30	30	30	5		
December 2011	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	80	22	22	22	0		
December 2012	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	77	16	16	16	0		
December 2013	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	73	10	10	10	0		
December 2014	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	70	5	5	5	0		
December 2015	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	66	1	1	1	0		
December 2016	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	62	0	0	0	0		
December 2017	100	100	38	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	57	0	0	0	0		
December 2018	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	18	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	52	0	0	0	0		
December 2019	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	90	0	0	47	0	0	0	0		
December 2020	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	80	0	0	42	0	0	0	0		
December 2021	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	70	0	0	36	0	0	0	0		
December 2022	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	60	0	0	30	0	0	0	0		
December 2023	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	51	0	0	23	0	0	0	0		
December 2024	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	43	0	0	16	0	0	0	0		
December 2025	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	36	0	0	8	0	0	0	0		
December 2026	100	0	0	0	0	100	64	0	0	0	100	100	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2027	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	84	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2028	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	65	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2029	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	47	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2030	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	30	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2031	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	100	13	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
December 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average																						
Life (years)	28.9	23.5	14.8	3.5	2.0	29.0	24.1	15.8	3.7	2.1	29.5	26.9	21.7	5.1	2.4	15.2	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.4		

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																				
		Clas	ses IP a	and PA		Class PB							Class	PC		Class VG					
Distribution Date	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
December 2003	95	87	87	87	87	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	94	94	94	94	
December 2004	90	63	63	63	63	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	88	88	88	88	88	
December 2005	85	32	32	32	32	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	82	82	82	82	0	
December 2006	79	3	3	3	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	83	75	75	75	23	0	
December 2007	73	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	87	87	87	56	68	68	68	0	0	
December 2008	66	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	72	72	72	35	61	61	61	0	0	
December 2009	59	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	59	59	59	19	53	53	53	0	0	
December 2010	51	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	46	46	46	8	45	45	45	0	0	
December 2011	43	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	96	100	34	34	34	0	36	36	36	0	0	
December 2012	34	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	71	100	24	24	24	0	27	27	27	0	0	
December 2013	25	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	53	100	15	15	15	0	17	17	17	0	0	
December 2014	15	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	39	100	8	8	8	0	7	7	7	0	0	
December 2015	4	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	29	100	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2016	0	0	0	0	0	100	88	88	88	21	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2017	0	0	0	0	0	100	72	72	72	15	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2018	0	0	0	0	0	100	59	59	59	11	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2019	0	0	0	0	0	100	48	48	48	8	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2020	0	0	0	0	0	100	38	38	38	6	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2021	0	0	0	0	0	100	31	31	31	4	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2022	0	0	0	0	0	100	24	24	24	3	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2023	0	0	0	0	0	100	19	19	19	2	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2024	0	0	0	0	0	100	15	15	15	1	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2025	0	0	0	0	0	100	11	11	11	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2026	0	0	0	0	0	98	8	8	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2027	0	0	0	0	0	45	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2028	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2029	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2030	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2031	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
December 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)	7.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	25.0	17.8	17.8	17.8	12.1	19.3	8.0	8.0	8.0	5.5	7.1	7.1	7.1	3.5	2.0	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·																			-		

						PSA	Prepayi	nent Ass	umption	Rates					
			Class V	H				Class V	J				Class Z	G	
Distribution Date	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%	0%	100%	170%	250%	400%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
December 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	106	106	106	106	106
December 2004	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	112	112	112	112	112
December 2005	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	118	118	118	118	0
December 2006	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	125	125	125	125	0
December 2007	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	56	0	132	132	132	132	0
December 2008	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	139	139	139	82	0
December 2009	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	147	147	147	21	0
December 2010	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	155	155	155	0	0
December 2011	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	164	164	164	0	0
December 2012	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	173	173	173	0	0
December 2013	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	183	183	183	0	0
December 2014	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	193	193	193	0	0
December 2015	96	96	96	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	204	204	204	0	0
December 2016	84	84	84	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	216	216	216	0	0
December 2017	72	72	72	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	228	228	228	0	0
December 2018	59	59	59	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	241	241	241	0	0
December 2019	46	46	6	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	254	254	254	0	0
December 2020	31	31	0	0	0	100	100	50	0	0	269	269	269	0	0
December 2021	16	16	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	284	284	279	0	0
December 2022	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	300	300	241	0	0
December 2023	0	0	0	0	0	83	83	0	0	0	317	317	206	0	0
December 2024	0	0	0	0	0	66	66	0	0	0	334	334	173	0	0
December 2025	0	0	0	0	0	47	47	0	0	0	353	353	143	0	0
December 2026	0	0	0	0	0	27	27	0	0	0	373	373	116	0	0
December 2027	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	394	336	91	0	0
December 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	261	68	0	0
December 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	188	47	0	0
December 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	119	29	0	0
December 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	53	12	0	0
December 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	16.6	16.6	15.7	4.4	2.3	22.8	22.7	18.0	5.1	2.5	29.5	27.0	23.5	6.3	2.7

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios, and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a premium (especially Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Class. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Class. In addition, the Floating

Rate Class will not benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Class is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Class, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.**

The yields were calculated by

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to the Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class IP to Prepayments Assumed Price 11.0%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates						
100%	170%	250%	400%	527%		
10.3%	10.3%	10.3%	7.8%	0.0%		

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

Sensitivity of Class SA to Prepayments Assumed Price 12.0%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	170%	250%	400%		
0.3%	57.6%	57.6%	57.6%	54.5%		
1.3%	47.1%	47.1%	47.1%	43.2%		
4.3%	15.4%	15.4%	15.4%	7.9%		
7.6% and above	* *	* *	* *	* *		

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class IP and SA Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the original issue discount ("OID") rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class ZG Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

Other than the Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics, the prepayment

^{**} Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

assumption described below and, in the case of the Floating Rate Class, the constant LIBOR value described below, no Classes are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 170% PSA (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). In the case of the Class FA Securities, the constant value of LIBOR to be used for these determinations is 1.30%. No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, "permitted assets" for financial asset securitization investment trusts ("FASITs"), and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

The proposed Treasury Regulations referred to in the Base Offering Circular relating to transfers of noneconomic residual interests were finalized recently. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Residual Securities — Non-Recognition of

Certain Transfers for Federal Income Tax Purposes" in the Base Offering Circular. With certain exceptions, the final regulations incorporate the safe harbor rules in the proposed regulations (the "present value test") and in the Revenue Procedure 2001-12 (the "asset test"). Among other things, the final regulations modify the present value test to require use of the federal short term rate for the month of transfer for purposes of the present value calculations. In addition, in order to qualify for either safe harbor (the present value or asset test), a transfer of a noneconomic residual interest may not be to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of a U.S. taxpayer (an "offshore location"), and each transferee must represent that it will not cause income from the noneconomic residual interest to be attributable to an offshore location of the transferee or another U.S. taxpayer. The final regulations generally apply to transfers of noneconomic residual interests occurring on or after February 4, 2000, although the modifications noted above generally apply to transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should consult their tax advisors regarding the final regulations and their application to transfers of Residual Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or Section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan") solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from (1) December 1, 2002 on the Fixed Rate Classes and (2) December 20, 2002 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) and (2) the Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class receiving principal distributions or interest distributions based upon a notional balance will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP, New York, NY; for the Trust by Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton and Marcell Solomon, P.C.; and for the Trustee by Nixon Peabody LLP.

Schedule I

SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)
Initial Balance	\$344,404,000.00	\$25,236,000.00
January 2003	343,699,993.67	25,187,276.56
February 2003	342,913,035.30	25,122,360.48
March 2003	342,043,349.13	25,041,298.99
April 2003	341,091,202.26	24,944,157.69
May 2003	340,056,904.66	24,831,020.54
June 2003	338,940,808.96	24,701,989.86
July 2003	337,743,310.40	24,557,186.23
August 2003	336,464,846.59	24,396,748.44
September 2003	335,105,897.28	24,220,833.34
October 2003	333,666,984.14	24,029,615.74
November 2003	332,148,670.45	23,823,288.22
December 2003	330,551,560.77	23,602,060.94
January 2004	328,876,300.53	23,366,161.45
February 2004	327,123,575.72	23,115,834.41
March 2004	325,294,112.36	22,851,341.37
April 2004	323,388,676.07	22,572,960.42
May 2004	321,408,071.55	22,280,985.93
•	319,353,142.04	21,975,728.17
June 2004		21,657,512.96
July 2004	317,224,768.75	21,326,681.29
August 2004	315,023,870.20	
September 2004	312,751,401.65	20,983,588.91
October 2004	310,408,354.36	20,628,605.85
November 2004	307,995,754.93	20,262,116.04
December 2004	305,514,664.51	19,884,516.79
January 2005	302,966,178.06	19,496,218.28
February 2005	300,351,423.55	19,097,643.10
March 2005	297,671,561.13	18,689,225.65
April 2005	294,927,782.26	18,271,411.65
May 2005	292,198,075.40	17,859,630.05
June 2005	289,482,368.17	17,453,827.97
July 2005	286,780,588.58	17,053,952.92
August 2005	284,092,664.98	16,659,952.79
September 2005	281,418,526.12	16,271,775.91
October 2005	278,758,101.10	15,889,370.98
November 2005	276,111,319.38	15,512,687.10
December 2005	273,478,110.79	15,141,673.77
January 2006	270,858,405.52	14,776,280.86
February 2006	268,252,134.12	14,416,458.65
March 2006	265,659,227.50	14,062,157.78
April 2006	263,079,616.92	13,713,329.29
May 2006	260,513,234.00	13,369,924.59
June 2006	257,960,010.69	13,031,895.46
July 2006	255,419,879.33	12,699,194.06
August 2006	252,892,772.56	12,371,772.91
September 2006	250,378,623.41	12,049,584.91

October 2006 \$247,877,365,23 \$11,732,583.30 November 2006 245,388,931.72 11,420,721.72 December 2006 242,913,256.91 11,113,954.14 January 2007 240,450,275.19 10,812,234.89 February 2007 237,999,921.27 10,515,518.65 March 2007 235,562,130.21 10,223,760.48 April 2007 230,723,978.52 9654,940.20 June 2007 228,323,489.66 9,377,789.90 July 2007 225,953,307.19 9,105,421.28 August 2007 225,559,367.81 8,837,791.09 September 2007 221,195,608.54 8,574,856.43 October 2007 218,843,966.75 8,316,574.71 November 2007 216,504,380.11 8,062,903.71 December 2007 214,176,786.62 7,813,801.51 January 2008 211,861,124.60 7,69,226.52 February 2008 290,573,332.67 7,329,313.74 March 2008 207,265,349.79 7,093,493.46 April 2008 201,596,496.6 6,12,526.85 July 2008 2	Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)
November 2006	October 2006	\$247,877,365.23	\$11,732,583.30
December 2006 242,913,256.91 11,113,954.14 240,450,275.19 10,812,234.89 February 2007 237,999,921.27 10,515,518.65 March 2007 235,562,130.21 10,223,760,48 April 2007 233,136,837.39 9,936,915.75 May 2007 233,136,837.39 9,936,915.75 May 2007 228,323,489.66 9,377,789.90 June 2007 228,323,489.66 9,377,789.90 July 2007 225,935,307.19 9,105,421.28 August 2007 221,955,608.54 8,547,815.00 8,574,856.43 October 2007 211,95,608.54 8,574,856.43 October 2007 211,843,966.75 8,316,574.71 December 2007 214,176,786.62 7,813,801.51 January 2008 211,861,124.60 7,569,226.55 February 2008 209,557,332.67 7,329,137.49 March 2008 207,265,349.79 7,093,493.46 April 2008 202,716,568.52 6,635,378.29 July 2008 202,716,568.52 6,635,378.29 July 2008 202,716,568.52 6,635,378.29 July 2008 209,459,649.60 6,412,826.86 July 2009 200,459,649.60 6,412,826.86 July 2009 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.80 200,459,649.8	November 2006		
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November 2010	*		

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)
January 2011	\$135,948,460.75	\$ 1,454,204.76
February 2011	134,033,668.77	1,350,681.19
March 2011	132,128,685.08	1,250,324.67
April 2011	130,233,459.25	1,153,104.65
May 2011	128,347,941.09	1,058,990.83
June 2011	126,472,080.66	967,953.16
July 2011	124,605,828.29	879,961.82
August 2011	122,749,134.57	794,987.24
September 2011	120,901,950.33	713,000.09
October 2011	119,064,226.66	633,971.24
November 2011	117,237,642.31	556,144.43
December 2011	115,437,489.80	464,150.08
January 2012	113,663,398.18	358,282.58
February 2012	111,915,001.62	238,831.65
March 2012	110,191,939.33	106,082.49
April 2012	108,493,855.50	0.00
May 2012	106,820,399.22	0.00
June 2012	105,171,224.45	0.00
July 2012	103,545,989.91	0.00
August 2012	101,944,359.02	0.00
September 2012	100,365,999.88	0.00
October 2012	98,810,585.15	0.00
November 2012	97,277,792.00	0.00
December 2012	95,767,302.10	0.00
January 2013	94,278,801.49	0.00
February 2013	92,811,980.55	0.00
March 2013	91,366,533.94	0.00
April 2013	89,942,160.55	0.00
May 2013	88,538,563.42	0.00
June 2013	87,155,449.71	0.00
July 2013	85,792,530.62	0.00
August 2013	84,449,521.35	0.00
September 2013	83,126,141.03	0.00
October 2013	81,822,112.69	0.00
November 2013	80,537,163.19	0.00
		0.00
December 2013	79,271,023.16 78,023,426.97	0.00
January 2014	76,794,112.65	0.00
•	75,582,821.89	0.00
March 2014		0.00
1	74,389,299.93	0.00
May 2014	73,213,295.53	
June 2014	72,054,560.98	0.00
July 2014	70,912,851.94	0.00
August 2014	69,787,927.49 68,679,550.06	0.00 0.00
September 2014		
October 2014	67,587,485.35	0.00
November 2014	66,511,502.32	0.00
December 2014	65,451,373.12	0.00
January 2015	64,406,873.07	0.00
February 2015	63,377,780.63	0.00
March 2015	62,363,877.28	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, C (in the ag	
April 2015	\$ 61,364,947.59	\$	0.00
May 2015	60,380,779.09		0.00
June 2015	59,411,162.25		0.00
July 2015	58,455,890.47		0.00
August 2015	57,514,760.01		0.00
September 2015	56,587,569.97		0.00
October 2015	55,674,122.22		0.00
November 2015	54,774,221.40		0.00
December 2015	53,887,674.86		0.00
January 2016	53,014,292.63		0.00
February 2016	52,153,887.38		0.00
March 2016	51,306,274.37		0.00
April 2016	50,471,271.46		0.00
May 2016	49,648,699.02		0.00
•	48,838,379.92		0.00
June 2016			
July 2016	48,040,139.50		0.00
August 2016	47,253,805.54		0.00
September 2016	46,479,208.20		0.00
October 2016	45,716,180.01		0.00
November 2016	44,964,555.84		0.00
December 2016	44,224,172.85		0.00
January 2017	43,494,870.48		0.00
February 2017	42,776,490.40		0.00
March 2017	42,068,876.48		0.00
April 2017	41,371,874.77		0.00
May 2017	40,685,333.49		0.00
June 2017	40,009,102.93		0.00
July 2017	39,343,035.52		0.00
August 2017	38,686,985.70		0.00
September 2017	38,040,809.97		0.00
October 2017	37,404,366.84		0.00
November 2017	36,777,516.77		0.00
December 2017	36,160,122.18		0.00
January 2018	35,552,047.42		0.00
February 2018	34,953,158.72		0.00
March 2018	34,363,324.18		0.00
	33,782,413.76		0.00
April 2018			
May 2018	33,210,299.21		0.00
June 2018	32,646,854.11		0.00
July 2018	32,091,953.77		0.00
August 2018	31,545,475.27		0.00
September 2018	31,007,297.39		0.00
October 2018	30,477,300.63		0.00
November 2018	29,955,367.13		0.00
December 2018	29,441,380.72		0.00
January 2019	28,935,226.82		0.00
February 2019	28,436,792.48		0.00
March 2019	27,945,966.31		0.00
	27,462,638.51		0.00
April 2019	27,102,000.01		
May 2019	26,986,700.78		0.00

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)
July 2019	\$ 26,056,570.04	\$ 0.00
August 2019	25,602,167.97	0.00
September 2019	25,154,737.84	0.00
October 2019	24,714,178.76	0.00
November 2019	24,280,391.24	0.00
December 2019	23,853,277.20	0.00
January 2020	23,432,739.95	0.00
February 2020	23,018,684.12	0.00
March 2020	22,611,015.72	0.00
April 2020	22,209,642.06	0.00
May 2020	21,814,471.75	0.00
June 2020	21,425,414.69	0.00
July 2020	21,042,382.06	0.00
August 2020	20,665,286.26	0.00
September 2020	20,294,040.95	0.00
October 2020	19,928,561.00	0.00
November 2020	19,568,762.46	0.00
December 2020	19,214,562.59	0.00
January 2021	18,865,879.79	0.00
February 2021	18,522,633.63	0.00
March 2021	18,184,744.79	0.00
		0.00
April 2021	17,852,135.09	0.00
May 2021	17,524,727.45	
June 2021	17,202,445.86	0.00
July 2021	16,885,215.41	0.00
August 2021	16,572,962.21	0.00
September 2021	16,265,613.44	0.00
October 2021	15,963,097.31	0.00
November 2021	15,665,343.03	0.00
December 2021	15,372,280.82	0.00
January 2022	15,083,841.88	0.00
February 2022	14,799,958.38	0.00
March 2022	14,520,563.45	0.00
April 2022	14,245,591.18	0.00
May 2022	13,974,976.58	0.00
June 2022	13,708,655.58	0.00
July 2022	13,446,565.01	0.00
August 2022	13,188,642.61	0.00
September 2022	12,934,827.00	0.00
October 2022	12,685,057.65	0.00
November 2022	12,439,274.91	0.00
December 2022	12,197,419.97	0.00
January 2023	11,959,434.85	0.00
February 2023	11,725,262.39	0.00
March 2023	11,494,846.26	0.00
April 2023	11,268,130.89	0.00
May 2023	11,045,061.54	0.00
June 2023	10,825,584.23	0.00
July 2023	10,609,645.75	0.00
August 2023	10,397,193.64	0.00
September 2023	10,188,176.19	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)	
October 2023	\$ 9,982,542.43	\$ 0.00	
November 2023	9,780,242.11	0.00	
December 2023	9,581,225.69	0.00	
January 2024	9,385,444.35	0.00	
February 2024	9,192,849.95	0.00	
March 2024	9,003,395.05	0.00	
April 2024	8,817,032.87	0.00	
May 2024	8,633,717.31	0.00	
June 2024	8,453,402.91	0.00	
July 2024	8,276,044.89	0.00	
August 2024	8,101,599.08	0.00	
September 2024	7,930,021.95	0.00	
October 2024	7,761,270.60	0.00	
November 2024	7,595,302.72	0.00	
December 2024	7,432,076.64	0.00	
January 2025	7,271,551.24	0.00	
February 2025	7,113,686.03	0.00	
March 2025	6,958,441.08	0.00	
	6,805,777.03		
April 2025		0.00	
May 2025	6,655,655.09	0.00	
June 2025	6,508,037.03	0.00	
July 2025	6,362,885.14	0.00	
August 2025	6,220,162.29	0.00	
September 2025	6,079,831.86	0.00	
October 2025	5,941,857.74	0.00	
November 2025	5,806,204.38	0.00	
December 2025	5,672,836.71	0.00	
January 2026	5,541,720.17	0.00	
February 2026	5,412,820.69	0.00	
March 2026	5,286,104.70	0.00	
April 2026	5,161,539.12	0.00	
May 2026	5,039,091.31	0.00	
June 2026	4,918,729.15	0.00	
July 2026	4,800,420.94	0.00	
August 2026	4,684,135.47	0.00	
September 2026	4,569,841.94	0.00	
October 2026	4,457,510.03	0.00	
November 2026	4,347,109.84	0.00	
December 2026	4,238,611.91	0.00	
January 2027	4,131,987.20	0.00	
February 2027	4,027,207.08	0.00	
March 2027	3,924,243.35	0.00	
April 2027	3,823,068.20	0.00	
May 2027	3,723,654.25	0.00	
June 2027	3,625,974.48	0.00	
July 2027	3,530,002.29	0.00	
August 2027	3,435,711.46	0.00	
September 2027	3,343,076.12	0.00	
October 2027	3,252,070.82	0.00	
November 2027	3,162,670.44	0.00	
December 2027	3,074,850.25	0.00	
December 202/	5,0/4,030.43	0.00	

Distribution Date	Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)
January 2028	\$ 2,988,585.88	\$ 0.00
February 2028	2,903,853.28	0.00
March 2028	2,820,628.79	0.00
April 2028	2,738,889.08	0.00
May 2028	2,658,611.14	0.00
June 2028	2,579,772.32	0.00
July 2028	2,502,350.28	0.00
August 2028	2,426,323.02	0.00
September 2028	2,351,668.86	0.00
October 2028	2,278,366.43	0.00
November 2028	2,206,394.66	0.00
December 2028	2,135,732.81	0.00
January 2029	2,066,360.43	0.00
February 2029	1,998,257.37	0.00
March 2029	1,931,403.78	0.00
April 2029	1,865,780.08	0.00
May 2029	1,801,367.00	0.00
June 2029	1,738,145.55	0.00
July 2029	1,676,096.99	0.00
•	1,615,202.90	0.00
August 2029		
September 2029	1,555,445.08	0.00
October 2029	1,496,805.64	0.00
November 2029	1,439,266.93	0.00
December 2029	1,382,811.55	0.00
January 2030	1,327,422.39	0.00
February 2030	1,273,082.55	0.00
March 2030	1,219,775.41	0.00
April 2030	1,167,484.57	0.00
May 2030	1,116,193.90	0.00
June 2030	1,065,887.47	0.00
July 2030	1,016,549.63	0.00
August 2030	968,164.92	0.00
September 2030	920,718.12	0.00
October 2030	874,194.26	0.00
November 2030	828,578.54	0.00
December 2030	783,856.44	0.00
January 2031	740,013.60	0.00
February 2031	697,035.90	0.00
March 2031	654,909.43	0.00
April 2031	613,620.47	0.00
May 2031	573,155.52	0.00
June 2031	533,501.28	0.00
July 2031	494,644.64	0.00
August 2031	456,572.67	0.00
September 2031	419,272.66	0.00
October 2031	382,732.07	0.00
November 2031	346,938.56	0.00
December 2031	311,879.96	0.00
January 2032	277,544.29	0.00
February 2032	243,919.75	0.00
March 2032	210,994.70	0.00
1v1a1C11 40J4	410,224.70	0.00

Distribution Date		Classes FA, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)		Classes CB, CL and CM (in the aggregate)	
April 2032	\$	178,757.70	\$	0.00	
May 2032		147,197.46		0.00	
June 2032		116,302.86		0.00	
July 2032		86,062.97		0.00	
August 2032		56,466.98		0.00	
September 2032		27,504.28		0.00	
October 2032 and thereafter		0.00		0.00	





\$484,747,000

Government National Mortgage Association

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