Offering Circular Supplement (To Base Offering Circular dated March 1, 2000)

\$249,344,532

Government National Mortgage Association



GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2001-41



The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-8 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be September 28, 2001.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is September 24, 2001.

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2001-41

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below. If you own exchangeable securities identified in the table, you can exchange them for the corresponding MX Securities, and vice versa.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	Final Distribution Date(4)	CUSIP Number
Security Group 1						
ВС	\$ 51,564,000	7.00%	SUP/NSJ	FIX	September 2031	38373RVZ9
BU(1)	15,000,000	6.50	TAC/NSJ	FIX	September 2031	38373RWA3
BW(1)	862,500	6.50	TAC/NŠJ	FIX	September 2030	38373RWB1
FA(1)	5,287,500	(5)	TAC/NŠJ	FLT	September 2031	38373RWC9
PA	100,816,000	5.50	PAC	FIX	April 2030	38373RWD7
PB(1)	7,938,000	6.50	PAC	FIX	September 2030	38373RWE5
PC(1)	17,456,000	6.50	PAC	FIX	August 2031	38373RWF2
PD	1,776,000	6.50	PAC	FIX	September 2031	38373RWG0
Ы	23,544,143	7.00	NTL (PAC)	FIX/IO	September 2031	38373RWH8
SA(1)	5,287,500	(5)	NTL (TAC/NSJ)	INV/IO	September 2031	38373RWJ4
Ζ	14,300,000	7.00	SUP/NSJ	FIX/Z	October 2028	38373RWK1
Security Group 2						
FG	34,344,532	(5)	РТ	FLT	September 2031	38373RWL9
SG	34,344,532	(5)	NTL (PT)	INV/IO	September 2031	38373RWM7
Residual RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	September 2031	38373RWN5

(1) These securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.

(2) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.

(5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

⁽⁴⁾ See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Supplement and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call The Chase Manhattan Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the description of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

<u>Page</u>

TERMS SHEET	S-4	L
RISK FACTORS	S-8	
THE TRUST ASSETS	S-9	Р
GINNIE MAE GUARANTY	S-10	Π
DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES	S-11	L
YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT		S
CONSIDERATIONS	S-15	S
CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX		S
CONSEQUENCES	S-25	
ERISA MATTERS	S-28	

LEGAL INVESTMENT	
CONSIDERATIONS	S-28
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-28
INCREASE IN SIZE	S-28
LEGAL MATTERS	S-29
Schedule I: Available Combinations	S-I-1
Schedule II: Scheduled Principal Balances	S-II-1
Schedule III: 375% PSA Balances	S-III-1

TO ALL IN INTERVENTENT

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

Trustee: State Street Bank and Trust Company

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: September 28, 2001

Distribution Date: For the Group 1 Securities, the 20th day of each month or, if the 19th day or the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day following the 20th day of each month, commencing in October 2001 provided, however, if Ginnie Mae converts to the book-entry system maintained by the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, the Distribution Date for the Group 1 Securities will be the 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter. *See "Description of the Securities – Form of Securities" in this Supplement.* For the Group 2 Securities, the 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in October 2001.

Trust Assets:

Trust Asset Group	Trust Asset Type	Certificate Rate	Original Term To Maturity (in years)
1	Ginnie Mae II	7.0%	30
2	Ginnie Mae I	9.0%	30

Security Groups: This series of Securities consists of multiple Security Groups, as shown on the inside front cover of this Supplement. Payments on each Security Group will be based solely on payments on the Trust Asset Group with the same numerical designation.

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets¹:

Principal Balance ²	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Weighted Average Mortgage Rate ³
Group 1 Trust Assets \$215,000,000	357	2	7.60%
Group 2 Trust Assets \$34,344,532	179	172	9.50%

¹ As of September 1, 2001.

² Does not include Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

³ The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.5% to 1.5% per annum above the related Certificate Rate.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and, in the case of the Group 1 Trust Assets, Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See "The Trust Assets - The Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement.

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only Class. See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as "LIBOR") as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
FA	LIBOR + 0.50%	4.00%	0.50%	8.50%	0	0.00%
FG	LIBOR + 0.25%	3.82688	0.25	9.00	0	0.00
SA	8.00% - LIBOR	4.50	0.00	8.00	0	8.00
SG	8.75% - LIBOR	5.17312	0.00	8.75	0	8.75

LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the (1)Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in this Supplement.

The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly (2)thereafter.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date for a Security Group, the following distributions will be made to the related Securities:

SECURITY GROUP 1

A percentage of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount (the "Group 1 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the Z Accrual Amount will be allocated as follows:

The Z Accrual Amount in the following order of priority:

	1. If the Principal Balance of the Group 1 Trust Assets (net of the Trustee Fee)	
	is greater than or equal to the 375% PSA Balance for that Distribution Date,	
	then to the TAC Classes until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal	
	Balance for that Distribution Date, concurrently as follows.	
	a. 25% to FA, until retired	
nd	b. 75% in the following order of priority:	
ıl	i. To BU, until reduced to its Scheduled Principal Balance for that	

TAC an Accrual

- Distribution Date
- To BW, until retired ii.
- ... 111. To BU, without regard to its Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

2. To Z, until retired SUP

• The Gro	oup 1 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount in the following order of priority:
PAC	1. Sequentially, to PA, PB, PC and PD, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
	2. If the Principal Balance of the Group 1 Trust Assets (net of the Trustee Fee) is greater than or equal to the 375% PSA Balance for that Distribution Date,
	then to the TAC Classes until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, concurrently as follows:
TAC	a. 25% to FA, until retired
IAC	b. 75% in the following order of priority:
	 i. To BU, until reduced to its Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date ii. To BW, until retired iii. To BU, without regard to its Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
SUP	3. Sequentially, to Z and BC, in that order, until retired
(4. Concurrently,
TAC	 a. 25% to FA, until retired b. 75% in the following order of priority: i. To BU, until reduced to its Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date To BW, will will be a scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
	ii. To BW, until retirediii. To BU, without regard to any Scheduled Principal Balance, until
(retired
PAC {	5. Sequentially, to PA, PB, PC and PD, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
	SECURITY GROUP 2
Pass-Through	A percentage of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount (the "Group 2 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") will be allocated to FG, until retired
Principal Ba	Principal Balances: The Scheduled Principal Balances and Aggregate Scheduled lances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. alculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Range and Rates:
Classes	Range or Rate
BU, BW and F	d PD (in the aggregate)200% PSA through 600% PSAFA (in the aggregate)342% PSA342% PSA342% PSA
They were c the Group 1 Group 1 Tr	Balances: The 375% PSA Balances are included in Schedule III to this Supplement. calculated using a Structuring Rate of 375% PSA and the assumed characteristics of 1 Trust MBS to be delivered on the Closing Date. The actual characteristics of the cust MBS may vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the 375% PSA cluded in Schedule III to this Supplement and, if so, we may recalculate such 375%

PSA Balances and make them available on gREX shortly after the Closing Date.

Accrual Class: Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Class as interest. Interest so accrued on the Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

Class	Approximate Original Class Notional Balance	Represents Approximately
IC	\$ 1,071,429	7.1428571429% of BU (TAC/NSJ Class)
IE	1,133,036	7.1428571429% of BU and BW (in the aggregate) (TAC/NSJ Classes)
IK	567,000	7.1428571429% of PB (PAC Class)
IL	1,246,857	7.1428571429% of PC (PAC Class)
PI	21,603,429	21.4285714286% of PA (PAC Class)
	1,940,714	7.1428571429% of PB, PC and PD in the aggregate
	<u>\$ 23,544,143</u>	(PAC Classes)
SA	5,287,500	100% of FA (TAC/NSJ Class)
SG	34,344,532	100% of FG (PT Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interests of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities. If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It's doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher vielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC Classes, the support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date (other than from any applicable Accrual Amount). If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC Classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the support classes. Accordingly, support classes may receive no principal distributions for extended periods of time or may receive principal payments that vary widely from period to period.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, especially the support, interest only, inverse floating rate, accrual and residual classes are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this supplement and in the base offering circular. You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Group 1 Trust MBS are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% to 1.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Ginnie Mae receives a fee (the "Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee") for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate of 0.06% per annum of the outstanding principal balance of each related Mortgage Loan. The difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the sum of the Certificate Rate and the Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee.

The Group 2 Trust Assets are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. The difference between the Mortgage Rate and the Certificate Rate is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee and Ginnie Mae a fee for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate of 0.44% per annum and 0.06% per annum, respectively, of the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loan.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). See "The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General" in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and, in the case of the Group 1 Trust Assets, Mortgage Rates of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and, in the case of the Group 1 Trust Assets, Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. *See "Risk Factors" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement.*

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee (the "Trustee Fee").

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities (the "Ginnie Mae Guaranty"). The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Base Offering Circular.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. *See "Description of the Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.*

Form of Securities

Each Class of Regular Securities will initially be issued and maintained in Book-Entry Form and may be transferred only on the book-entry system of the MBS Division of the Depository Trust Company (together with any successor, the "Book Entry Depository"). Ginnie Mae has proposed a conversion from this book-entry system to the book-entry system maintained by the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. It is anticipated that this conversion will be effective by December 2001, although there can be no assurance that the conversion will occur as scheduled. Under either book-entry system, Beneficial Owners of Securities in Book-Entry Form will ordinarily hold their Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per physical certificate to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in Book-Entry Form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal or notional balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000.

The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in the following minimum denominations:

Class	Minimum Denominations*
PI	\$664,000
SA	\$2,134,000
SG	\$1,060,000

*Notional Balances

See Schedule I to this Supplement for the increased minimum denominations of the MX Classes.

Distributions

Distributions on each Class of Securities will be made on each Distribution Date for that Class, as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will distribute the Distribution Amount to Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs (each, a "Record Date"). For Book-Entry Securities, the Trustee will distribute principal and interest to the Book-Entry Depository, and Beneficial Owners will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of appropriate financial intermediaries. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

On each Distribution Date, the Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class on any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities on any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. *See "- Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

Classes	Accrual Period
Fixed Rate Classes	The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date
Group 1 Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	From the 20th day of the month preceding the related Distribution Date through the 19th day of the month of that Distribution Date
Group 2 Classes	From the 16th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution Date through the 15th day of the month of that Distribution Date

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Accrual Class

Class Z is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Class" in this Supplement.

Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be

determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee's determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final, except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from gREX or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amounts for each Security Group and the Z Accrual Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal." In the case of the Group 1 Securities, the Z Accrual Amount will be applied before the Group 1 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. *See "— Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will reduce as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the related Trust REMIC after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to

the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of each Accrual Class) on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for any month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published each month (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in any Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on gREX.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any Notional Class will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the related Trust REMIC after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the inside cover page may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class or Classes shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class or Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Class or Classes of REMIC Securities and, in the case of Combinations 2, 3, 4 and 5 other related MX Classes. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

In the case of Combinations 2, 3, 4 and 5 set forth on Schedule I to this Supplement, the Class BU, BW, PB and PC Securities may be exchanged for proportionate interests in various subcombinations of MX Classes. Similarly, all or a portion of these MX Classes may be

exchanged for proportionate interests in the related REMIC Securities or in other subcombinations of the MX Classes. Each subcombination may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered. See the example under "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal balance (or notional balance) of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office, State Street Bank and Trust Company, Global Investor Service Group, Corporate Trust Department, 2 Avenue de Lafayette, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 662-1337 and by fax at (617) 622-1435.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (or notional balance) of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000); provided, however that no fee will be payable in respect of an interest only security, unless all securities involved in the exchange are interest only securities. If the notional balance of the interest only securities surrendered exceeds that of the interest only securities received, the fee will be based on the latter. The fee must be paid not later than two business days prior to the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, Ginnie Mae Issuer advances and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, a high level of defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust's assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See "Description of the Securities — Termination" in this Supplement.

Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, the PAC and TAC Classes will receive principal payments in accordance with schedules calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range or Rate. *See "Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances."* However, whether any such Class will adhere to the applicable schedule and receive "Scheduled Payments" on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the related Mortgage Loans.

The PAC and TAC Classes exhibit an Effective Range or Rate of constant prepayment rates at which such Classes will receive Scheduled Payments. Each range or rate may differ from the Structuring Range or Rate used to create the related principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Range or Rates for the PAC and TAC Classes are as follows:

PAC Classes	Initial Effective Range
PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)	200% PSA through 600% PSA
TAC Classes	Initial Effective Rates
BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	342%PSA
BU	342% PSA

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported by the TAC and Support Classes.
- The principal payment stability of Class BU will be supported by Class BW and, to the extent that the principal balance of the related Trust Assets (net of the Trustee Fee) is less than the 375% PSA Balance, by the Support Classes.
- The principal payment stability of the TAC Classes will be supported by the Support Classes to the extent that the principal balance of the related Trust Assets (net of the Trustee Fee) is less than the 375% PSA Balance.

If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range or Rate and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Range or Rates. If the initial Effective Range or Rates were calculated using the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Range or Rates could differ from those shown in the above table. Therefore, even if the related Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range or the initial Effective Rate shown for any Class in the above table, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC or TAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if

prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range (or if prepayment rates average the Effective Rate) for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC Class can narrow or shift over time and the Effective Rate for any TAC Class can change or cease to exist depending on the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range or Rate for the PAC or TAC Classes, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on such PAC or TAC Classes and their Weighted Average Lives may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range or Rate for the PAC or TAC Classes, the supporting Classes may be retired earlier than the PAC or TAC Classes, and the Weighted Average Lives of such PAC or TAC Classes may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan is subject to assumption upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans" in the Base Offering Circular.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months and each Mortgage Loan underlying a Group 1 Trust Asset is assumed to have a Mortgage Rate of 1.5% per annum higher than the related Certificate Rate.

2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.

3. Distributions on the Group 1 Securities and on the Group 2 Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month and the 16th day of the month, respectively, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in October 2001.

- 4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
- 5. The Closing Date for the Securities is September 28, 2001.
- 6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust.
- 7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

8. The final 375% PSA Balances are identical to the 375% PSA Balances set forth in Schedule III to this Supplement.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th or 16th day of the month, as applicable, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

We may recalculate the 375% PSA Balances based upon the actual characteristics of the Group 1 Trust MBS delivered on the Closing Date, which may vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the 375% PSA Balances set forth in Schedule III to this Supplement. If recalculated, the 375% PSA Balances will reflect the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Group 1 Trust MBS, net of the Trustee Fee, for each Distribution Date assuming that the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 Trust Assets prepay at a constant rate of approximately 375% PSA and that all of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 Trust MBS have the same interest rate and remaining term as the weighted average mortgage rate and weighted average remaining term to maturity of the Group 1 Trust MBS. If recalculated, the 375% PSA Balances will be made available on gREX shortly after the Closing Date.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association ("PSA"). PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the "PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates"). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

(a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of any Notional Class) from one Distribution

Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,

- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as the Notional Classes are not entitled to distributions of principal and have no weighted average lives. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

						DCA D		urity Gr		n Rates					
	Cl	asses B.	BM, B	N and	IE	P5A P	1 2	lass BC		n Kates		Classes	BD, FA	and SA	
Distribution Date	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2002	95	95	91	100	100	100	100	100	99	89	95	95	91	100	100
September 2003	90	90	70	100	100	100	100	100	41	11	90	90	70	100	100
September 2004	84	84	48	70	0	100	100	94	0	0	84	84	48	70	0
September 2005	78	78	35	13	0	100	100	85	0	0	78	78	35	13	0
September 2006	72	72	27	1	0	100	100	80	0	0	72	72	27	1	0
September 2007	65	51	19	1	0	100	100	74	0	0	65	51	19	1	0
September 2008	58	16	8	1	0	100	100	68	0	0	58	16	8	1	0
September 2009	50	0	0	1	0	100	100	60	0	0	50	0	0	1	0
September 2010	41	0	0	1	0	100	100	49	0	0	41	0	0	1	0
September 2011	32	0	0	1	0	100	100	40	0	0	32	0	0	1	0
September 2012	22	0	0	1	0	100	95	32	0	0	22	0	0	1	0
September 2013	12	0	0	1	0	100	83	26	0	0	12	0	0	1	0
September 2014	0	0	0	1	0	100	72	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
September 2015	0	0	0	1	0	100	61	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
September 2016	0	0	0	1	0	100	53	13	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
September 2017	0	0	0	1	0	100	45	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
September 2018	0	0	0	1	0	100	38	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
September 2019	0	0	0	0	0	100	32	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2020	0	0	0	0	0	100	26	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2021	0	0	0	0	0	100	22	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2022	0	0	0	0	0	100	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2023	0	0	0	0	0	100	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2024	0	0	0	0	0	100	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2025	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2026	0	0	0	0	0	100	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2027	0	0	0	0	0	100	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2028	0	0	0	0	0	100	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2029	0	0	0	0	0	71	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2030	0	0	0	0	0	37	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Life (years)	7.5	5.4	3.5	3.5	2.4	28.6	16.5	9.5	1.9	1.5	7.5	5.4	3.5	3.5	2.4

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives Security Group 1

Security Group 1

						PSA P	repaym	ent Ass	umptio	n Rates					
	Cla	usses Bl	U , BX, I	3Y and	IC		C	ass BW	7		Cla	asses IK	, PB, P	E and I	PG
Distribution Date	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2002	95	95	91	100	100	99	99	91	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2003	89	89	70	100	100	99	99	70	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2004	84	84	48	69	0	99	99	48	100	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2005	77	77	34	14	0	99	99	35	0	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2006	70	70	27	1	0	99	99	27	0	0	100	100	100	100	18
September 2007	63	48	19	1	0	99	99	19	0	0	100	45	45	45	0
September 2008	55	11	8	1	0	99	99	8	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2009	47	0	0	1	0	99	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2010	38	0	0	1	0	99	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2011	28	0	0	1	0	99	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2012	18	0	0	1	0	99	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2013	7	0	0	1	0	99	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2014	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2016	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2017	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2018	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	7.2	5.3	3.5	3.5	2.4	12.7	7.2	3.5	3.4	2.4	22.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.8

						PSA P	Secu repaym	urity Gr ent Ass		n Rates					
	Cl	asses II	L, PC, F	PH and	РJ		Class PA					Class PD			
Distribution Date	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2002	100	100	100	100	100	98	91	91	91	91	100	100	100	100	100
September 2003	100	100	100	100	100	97	72	72	72	72	100	100	100	100	100
September 2004	100	100	100	100	100	95	49	49	49	42	100	100	100	100	100
September 2005	100	100	100	100	100	93	27	27	27	11	100	100	100	100	100
September 2006	100	100	100	100	100	90	9	9	9	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2007	100	100	100	100	54	88	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2008	100	72	72	72	25	85	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2009	100	41	41	41	9	82	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100
September 2010	100	22	22	22	0	79	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	99
September 2011	100	9	9	9	0	76	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	54
September 2012	100	2	2	2	0	72	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	29
September 2013	100	0	0	0	0	68	0	0	0	0	100	70	70	70	15
September 2014	100	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	100	41	41	41	8
September 2015	100	0	0	0	0	59	0	0	0	0	100	22	22	22	4
September 2016	100	0	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	100	10	10	10	2
September 2017	100	0	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	100	3	3	3	1
September 2018	100	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	1
September 2019	100	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2020	100	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2021	100	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2022	100	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2023	100	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2024	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2025	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
September 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Life (years)	23.6	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.4	14.3	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.7	24.4	13.0	13.0	13.0	10.6

Security Group 1 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rat

				PSA P	repaym	ent Assumption Rates						
	Class PI						Class Z					
Distribution Date	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%	0%	200%	342%	600%	750%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
September 2002	99	92	92	92	92	107	107	78	0	(
September 2003	97	74	74	74	74	115	115	30	0	0		
September 2004	95	53	53	53	47	123	123	0	0	0		
September 2005	93	33	33	33	18	132	132	0	0	(
September 2006	91	16	16	16	6	141	141	0	0	0		
September 2007	89	7	7	7	3	152	152	0	0	0		
September 2008	86	4	4	4	2	163	163	0	0	0		
September 2009	84	3	3	3	1	174	137	0	0	0		
September 2010	81	2	2	2	1	187	84	0	0	0		
September 2011	78	1	1	1	0	201	32	0	0	0		
September 2012	74	1	1	1	0	215	0	0	0	0		
September 2013	70	0	0	0	0	231	0	0	0	0		
September 2014	66	0	0	0	0	247	0	0	0	(
September 2015	62	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2016	57	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2017	52	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2018	46	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2019	40	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2020	33	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2021	26	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2022	18	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2023	9	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	Ċ		
September 2024	5	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2025	2	0	0	0	0	248	0	0	0	0		
September 2026	0	0	0	0	0	203	0	0	0	Ċ		
September 2027	0	0	0	0	0	108	0	0	0	0		
September 2028	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	Ó		
September 2029	Ŏ	Õ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Õ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Õ		
September 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Č		
September 2031	ŏ	Õ	Õ	ŏ	Õ	Õ	Ő	Õ	ŏ	Õ		
Weighted Average												
Life (vears)	15.1	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.0	25.8	9.0	1.6	0.6	0.5		

Security Group 2 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates										
		Classe	s FG a	nd SG						
Distribution Date	0%	200%	390%	600%	800%					
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100					
September 2002	99	85	74	62	50					
September 2003	99	72	55	38	25					
September 2004	98	61	40	23	13					
September 2005	97	51	29	14	6					
September 2006	96	42	21	9	3					
September 2007	95	35	15	5	1					
September 2008	94	28	11	3	1					
September 2009	93	23	8	2	0					
September 2010	92	18	5	1	0					
September 2011	90	14	3	1	0					
September 2012	89	10	2	0	0					
September 2013	87	7	1	0	0					
September 2014	85	4	1	0	0					
September 2015	83	2	0	0	0					
September 2016	81	0	0	0	0					
September 2017	78	0	0	0	0					
September 2018	75	0	0	0	0					
September 2019	72	0	0	0	0					
September 2020	69	0	0	0	0					
September 2021	65	0	0	0	0					
September 2022	61	0	0	0	0					
September 2023	56	0	0	0	0					
September 2024	51	0	0	0	0					
September 2025	46	0	0	0	0					
September 2026	40	0	0	0	0					
September 2027	33	0	0	0	0					
September 2028	26	0	0	0	0					
September 2029	18	0	0	0	0					
September 2030	10	0	0	0	0					
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0					
Weighted Average										
Life (years)	21.3	5.0	3.1	2.1	1.5					

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Inverse Floating Rate Class, the Investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the related Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities (especially Interest Only Securities) purchased at a premium, faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Group of Trust Assets prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Classes. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because (1) on the first Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier and (2) on each subsequent Distribution Date, the interest payable will accrue during the related Accrual Period, which will end approximately 20 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes, various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will have characteristics that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

SECURITY GROUP 1

		ity of Class IC to Prepa Assumed Price 18.625%*		
	PSA P	repayment Assumption	Rates	
200%	342%	600%	683%	750%
27.2%	11.5%	14.0%	0.1%	(8.3)%
		ity of Class IE to Prepa Assumed Price 18.625%*		
	PSA P	repayment Assumption	Rates	
200%	342%	600%	682%	750%
27.7%	11.5%	13.9%	0.1%	(8.4)%
		Assumed Price 28.750%* repayment Assumption		
200%	342%	600%	750%	874%
13.2%	13.2%	13.2%	6.4%	0.0%
		ity of Class IL to Prepa ssumed Price 32.750%*		
	PSA P	repayment Assumption	Rates	
200%	342%	600%	750%	986%
14.6%	14.6%	14.6%	9.8%	0.0%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

Sensitivity of Class PI to Prepayments Assumed Price 16.625%*

	PSA F	repayment Assumption	n Rates	
200%	342%	600%	750%	1000%
16.7%	16.7%	16.7%	11.5%	0.0%

Sensitivity of Class SA to Prepayments Assumed Price 5.000%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates								
<u>LIBOR</u>	200%	342%	600%	750%					
2.50%	128.2%	113.8%	130.3%	119.4%					
3.50%	100.4%	85.3%	99.7%	86.6%					
5.50%	47.2%	31.0%	37.9%	18.8%					
8.00% and above	**	**	**	**					

SECURITY GROUP 2 Sensitivity of Class SG to Prepayments Assumed Price 9.125%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates							
<u>LIBOR</u>	200%	390%	600%	800%				
2.57688%	56.0%	39.4%	19.5%	(1.4)%				
3.57688%	43.1%	27.3%	8.3%	(11.7)%				
5.57688%	18.0%	3.6%	(13.5)%	(31.6)%				
8.75000% and above	**	**	**	**				

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

** Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, for federal income tax purposes, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC (each, a "Trust REMIC").

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class PI, SA and SG Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Tax Treatment of Regular Securities—Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class Z Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

In addition, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics and the prepayment assumption described below, no Classes of Regular Securities, other than the Class BW Securities and those described in the preceding two paragraphs, are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 342% PSA in case of the Group 1 Securities and 390% PSA in the case of the Group 2 Securities (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). In the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the value of LIBOR to be used for this determination is 3.50% in the case of the Group 1 Securities and 3.57688% in the case of the Group 2 Securities. No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying any Group of Trust Assets actually will occur. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, "permitted assets" for financial asset securitization investment trusts ("FASITs"), and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITS, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

On December 8, 2000, the IRS issued Revenue Procedure 2001-12, effective February 4, 2000 pending finalization of proposed regulations, which expands the safe harbor for transfers of noneconomic residual interests to include transfers to certain taxable domestic corporations with significant gross and net assets, provided that those corporations agree to transfer the residual interest only to other taxable domestic corporations in transactions qualifying for one of the safe harbor provisions. Eligibility for the expanded safe harbor requires, among other things, that the transferor not know of any facts or circumstances that reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the residual interest will not be paid. The Revenue Procedure provides that transfers to foreign branches of domestic corporations or transfers involving arrangements that subject income from the residual interest to net tax by a foreign country or possession of the United States are not within the safe harbor, and also provides that if the amount of consideration given to the transferee to acquire the residual interest is so low that under any set of reasonable assumptions a reasonable person would conclude that the taxes associated with holding the residual interest will not be paid, then the transferor will be deemed to know that the transferee cannot or will not pay those taxes. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences – Tax Treatment of Residual Securities – Non-Recognition of Certain Transfers for Federal Income Tax Purposes" in the Base Offering Circular.

Effect of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001

As a result of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, limitations imposed by section 68 of the Code on claiming itemized deductions will be phasedout commencing in 2006, which will affect individuals holding either Regular Securities in Single Class REMICs, or Residual Securities. In addition, starting in 2001, the backup withholding rate will start declining from 31% until leveling at 28% in 2006. Unless the statute is amended, all provisions of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 will no longer apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010. For information relating to itemized deductions and backup withholding for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences – Tax Treatment of Regular Securities – Single Class REMICs", "-Tax Treatment of Residual Securities – Special Considerations for Certain Types of Investors – Individuals and Pass Through Entities", and "-Backup Withholding" in the Base Offering Circular. Investors are encouraged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the new legislation.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Plan investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, Plans.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from (1) September 1, 2001 on the Fixed Rate Classes, (2) September 20, 2001 on the Group 1 Floating Rate and Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Classes and (3) September 16, 2001 on the Group 2 Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of each Class and (2) the Scheduled Principal Balances, Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances and 375% PSA Balances of each Class receiving principal distributions from the same Trust Asset Group will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the

Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP, New York, New York; for the Trust by Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, New York, New York and the Law Offices of Joseph C. Reid, P.A., New York, New York; and for the Trustee by Peabody & Arnold LLP, Boston, Massachusetts.

Schedule I

REMIC	Securities	MX Securities									
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class(1)	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance (2)	Principal Type (3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type (3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date (4)	Increased Minimum Denomination (5)		
Combination 1											
FA	\$5,287,500	BD	\$5,287,500	TAC/NSJ	8.50%	FIX	38373RXN4	September 2031	N/A		
SA	5,287,500							1			
Combination 2											
BU	15,000,000	В	15,862,500	TAC/NSJ	6.50	FIX	38373RXP9	September 2031	N/A		
BW	862,500	BM	15,862,500	TAC/NSJ	6.25	FIX	38373RXQ7	September 2031	N/A		
		BN	15,862,500	TAC/NSJ	6.00	FIX	38373RXR5	September 2031	N/A		
		IE	1,133,036	NTL(TAC/NSJ)	7.00	FIX/IO	38373RXS3	September 2031	\$546,000		
Combination 3											
PB	7,938,000	PE	7,938,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	38373RXT1	September 2030	N/A		
		PG	7,938,000	PAC	6.25	FIX	38373RXU8	September 2030	N/A		
		IK	567,000	NTL(PAC)	7.00	FIX/IO	38373RXV6	September 2030	\$352,000		
Combination 4											
PC	17,456,000	PH	17,456,000	PAC	6.25	FIX	38373RXW4	August 2031	N/A		
		РЈ	17,456,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	38373RXX2	August 2031	N/A		
		IL	1,246,857	NTL(PAC)	7.00	FIX/IO	38373RXY0	August 2031	\$307,000		
Combination 5											
BU	15,000,000	BX	15,000,000	TAC/NSJ	6.25	FIX	38373RXZ7	September 2031	N/A		
	,,	BY	15,000,000	TAC/NSJ	6.00	FIX	38373RYA1	September 2031	N/A		
		IC	1,071,429	NTL(TAC/NSJ)	7.00	FIX/IO	38373RYB9	September 2031	\$546,000		

(1) In the case of Combinations 2, 3, 4 and 5, various subcombinations are permitted. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular for a discussion of subcombinations.

(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date. Any subcombinations are required to comply with minimum denomination restrictions.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

(5) Each Class will be issued in the denomination specified. If no denomination is indicated for a Class, that Class will be issued in the denomination specified under "Description of the Securities – Form of Securities" in this Supplement.

SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

Schedule II

Distribution Date	Class BU	Classes BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)
Initial Balance	\$15,000,000.00	\$21,150,000.00	\$127,986,000.00
October 2001	14,957,753.69	21,090,434.58	127,610,233.82
November 2001	14,901,367.36	21,010,932.37	127,161,578.44
December 2001	14,830,870.54	20,911,534.97	126,640,190.91
January 2002	14,746,331.54	20,792,338.74	126,046,302.60
February 2002	14,647,857.81	20,653,495.16	125,380,219.37
March 2002	14,535,596.01	20,495,211.01	124,642,321.51
April 2002	14,409,732.07	20,317,748.45	123,833,063.64
May 2002	14,270,491.02	20,121,424.76	122,952,974.44
June 2002	14,118,136.75	19,906,612.01	122,002,656.26
July 2002	13,952,971.60	19,673,736.49	120,982,784.61
August 2002	13,775,335.80	19,423,277.90	119,894,107.50
September 2002	13,585,606.78	19,155,768.42	118,737,444.71
October 2002	13,384,198.36	18,871,791.51	117,513,686.83
November 2002	13,171,559.78	18,571,980.55	116,223,794.31
December 2002	12,948,174.57	18,257,017.33	114,868,796.26
January 2003	12,714,559.34	17,927,630.24	113,449,789.22
February 2003	12,471,262.40	17,584,592.37	111,967,935.72
March 2003	12,218,862.27	17,228,719.40	110,424,462.85
April 2003	11,957,966.05	16,860,867.33	108,820,660.54
May 2003	11,689,207.69	16,481,929.99	107,157,879.90
June 2003	11,413,246.15	16,092,836.48	105,437,531.35
July 2003	11,130,763.41	15,694,548.37	103,661,082.61
August 2003	10,842,462.46	15,288,056.84	101,830,056.74
September 2003	10,549,065.12	14,874,379.64	99,946,029.89
October 2003	10,251,309.83	14,454,557.92	98,010,629.09
November 2003	9,949,949.34	14,029,653.02	96,025,529.89
December 2003	9,645,748.33	13,600,743.11	93,992,453.92
January 2004	9,339,480.98	13,168,919.76	91,913,166.39
February 2004	9,044,067.46	12,752,399.83	89,856,609.93
March 2004	8,759,244.69	12,350,812.38	87,822,540.64
April 2004	8,484,755.18	11,963,794.37	85,810,717.23
May 2004	8,220,346.98	11,590,990.55	83,820,900.99
June 2004	7,965,773.50	11,232,053.26	81,852,855.73
July 2004	7,720,793.46	10,886,642.30	79,906,347.79
August 2004	7,485,170.77	10,554,424.77	77,981,145.99
September 2004	7,258,674.38	10,235,074.94	76,077,021.64
October 2004	7,041,078.25	9,928,274.06	74,193,748.44
November 2004	6,832,161.19	9,633,710.29	72,331,102.54
December 2004	6,631,706.78	9,351,078.48	70,488,862.45
January 2005	6,439,503.29	9,080,080.10	68,666,809.06
February 2005	6,255,343.56	8,820,423.07	66,864,725.57
March 2005	6,079,024.93	8,571,821.64	65,082,397.52
April 2005	5,910,349.12	8,333,996.25	63,319,612.70
May 2005	5,749,122.17	8,106,673.42	61,576,161.20

Distribution Date	Class BU	Classes BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)
June 2005	\$5,595,154.34	\$7,889,585.62	\$59,851,835.31
July 2005	5,448,260.02	7,682,471.15	58,146,429.55
August 2005	5,308,257.64	7,485,074.02	56,459,740.63
September 2005	5,174,969.62	7,297,143.83	54,791,567.44
October 2005	5,048,222.24	7,118,435.66	53,141,710.97
November 2005	4,927,845.60	6,948,709.95	51,509,974.38
December 2005	4,813,673.54	6,787,732.41	49,896,162.91
January 2006	4,705,543.52	6,635,273.90	48,300,083.85
February 2006	4,603,296.62	6,491,110.31	46,721,546.58
March 2006	4,506,777.39	6,355,022.48	45,160,362.51
April 2006	4,415,833.82	6,226,796.10	43,616,345.02
May 2006	4,330,317.29	6,106,221.58	42,089,309.53
June 2006	4,250,082.42	5,993,093.99	40,579,073.39
July 2006	4,174,987.12	5,887,212.95	39,085,455.93
August 2006	4,104,311.40	5,787,563.33	37,610,407.92
September 2006	4,027,891.23	5,679,814.28	36,190,509.18
October 2006	3,946,106.10	5,564,500.88	34,823,706.85
November 2006	3,859,318.21	5,442,133.81	33,508,024.20
December 2006	3,767,873.17	5,313,200.37	32,241,557.87
January 2007	3,672,100.66	5,178,165.39	31,022,475.08
February 2007	3,572,315.09	5,037,472.18	29,849,011.08
March 2007	3,468,816.23	4,891,543.39	28,719,466.59
April 2007	3,361,889.80	4,740,781.86	27,632,205.40
May 2007	3,251,808.02	4,585,571.45	26,585,652.05
June 2007	3,138,830.23	4,426,277.79	25,578,289.52
July 2007	3,023,203.36	4,263,249.04	24,608,657.17
August 2007	2,905,162.47	4,096,816.63	23,675,348.54
September 2007	2,784,931.24	3,927,295.94	22,777,009.43
October 2007	2,662,722.43	3,754,986.95	21,912,335.92
November 2007	2,538,738.35	3,580,174.90	21,912,555.92
December 2007	2,413,171.29	3,403,130.93	20,279,010.40
January 2008	2,286,203.94	3,224,112.61	19,507,985.62
February 2008	2,158,009.78	3,043,364.55	18,765,877.49
March 2008	2,028,753.50	2,861,118.94	18,051,606.97
April 2008	1,898,591.34	2,677,596.08	17,364,135.12
May 2008	1,767,671.46	2,493,004.86	16,702,461.63
June 2008	1,636,134.27	2,307,543.27	16,065,623.37
July 2008	1,504,112.79	2,121,398.86	15,452,693.00
August 2008	1,371,732.94	1,934,749.15	14,862,777.69
September 2008	1,239,113.85	1,934,749.13	14,295,017.81
October 2008	1,106,368.16	1,560,596.60	13,748,585.69
November 2008	973,602.29	1,373,402.62	
December 2008			13,222,684.46
	840,916.71 708,406.23	1,186,321.86 999,487.97	12,716,546.88
January 2009			12,229,434.28
February 2009	576,160.19	813,026.92	11,760,635.47
March 2009	444,262.74	627,057.38	11,309,465.73
April 2009	312,793.07	441,690.99	10,875,265.82
May 2009	181,825.61	257,032.69	10,457,401.05

Distribution Date	Class BU	Classes BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)
June 2009	\$51,430.25	\$73,181.03	\$10,055,260.36
July 2009	0.00	0.00	9,668,255.45
August 2009	0.00	0.00	9,295,819.93
September 2009	0.00	0.00	8,937,408.49
October 2009	0.00	0.00	8,592,496.17
November 2009	0.00	0.00	8,260,577.55
December 2009	0.00	0.00	7,941,166.03
January 2010	0.00	0.00	7,633,793.17
February 2010	0.00	0.00	7,338,007.98
March 2010	0.00	0.00	7,053,376.29
April 2010	0.00	0.00	6,779,480.12
May 2010	0.00	0.00	6,515,917.07
June 2010	0.00	0.00	6,262,299.74
July 2010	0.00	0.00	6,018,255.22
August 2010	0.00	0.00	5,783,424.46
September 2010	0.00	0.00	5,557,461.86
October 2010	0.00	0.00	5,340,034.68
November 2010	0.00	0.00	5,130,822.62
December 2010	0.00	0.00	4,929,517.32
January 2011	0.00	0.00	4,735,821.97
February 2011	0.00	0.00	4,549,450.80
March 2011	0.00	0.00	4,370,128.73
April 2011	0.00	0.00	4,197,590.99
May 2011	0.00	0.00	4,031,582.64
June 2011	0.00	0.00	3,871,858.32
July 2011	0.00	0.00	3,718,181.82
August 2011	0.00	0.00	3,570,325.75
September 2011	0.00	0.00	3,428,071.24
October 2011	0.00	0.00	3,291,207.60
November 2011	0.00	0.00	3,159,532.02
December 2011	0.00	0.00	3,032,849.26
January 2012	0.00	0.00	2,910,971.41
February 2012	0.00	0.00	2,793,717.58
March 2012	0.00	0.00	2,680,913.64
April 2012	0.00	0.00	2,572,392.01
May 2012	0.00	0.00	2,467,991.34
June 2012	0.00	0.00	2,367,556.37
July 2012	0.00	0.00	2,270,937.61
August 2012	0.00	0.00	2,177,991.20
September 2012	0.00	0.00	2,088,578.67
October 2012	0.00	0.00	2,002,566.72
November 2012	0.00	0.00	1,919,827.06
December 2012	0.00	0.00	1,840,236.21
January 2013	0.00	0.00	1,763,675.31
February 2013	0.00	0.00	1,690,029.97
March 2013	0.00	0.00	1,619,190.09
April 2013	0.00	0.00	1,551,049.69
May 2013	0.00	0.00	1,485,506.77
			, ,

Distribution Date	Class BU	Classes BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)
June 2013	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,422,463.18
July 2013	0.00	0.00	1,361,824.42
August 2013	0.00	0.00	1,303,499.56
September 2013	0.00	0.00	1,247,401.09
October 2013	0.00	0.00	1,193,444.76
November 2013	0.00	0.00	1,141,549.52
December 2013	0.00	0.00	1,091,637.34
January 2014	0.00	0.00	1,043,633.14
February 2014	0.00	0.00	997,464.65
March 2014	0.00	0.00	953,062.33
April 2014	0.00	0.00	910,359.24
May 2014	0.00	0.00	869,290.97
June 2014	0.00	0.00	829,795.53
July 2014	0.00	0.00	791,813.26
August 2014	0.00	0.00	755,286.77
September 2014	0.00	0.00	720,160.79
October 2014	0.00	0.00	686,382.16
November 2014	0.00	0.00	653,899.71
December 2014	0.00	0.00	622,664.22
January 2015	0.00	0.00	592,628.29
February 2015	0.00	0.00	563,746.34
March 2015	0.00	0.00	535,974.48
	0.00	0.00	
April 2015	0.00	0.00	509,270.51
May 2015 June 2015	0.00	0.00	483,593.79
			458,905.22
July 2015	0.00	0.00	435,167.19
August 2015	0.00	0.00 0.00	412,343.50 390,399.33
September 2015 October 2015	0.00		· ·
November 2015	0.00	0.00	369,301.14
	0.00	0.00	349,016.70
December 2015	0.00	0.00	329,514.97
January 2016	0.00	0.00	310,766.10
February 2016	0.00	0.00	292,741.35
March 2016	0.00	0.00	275,413.09
April 2016	0.00	0.00	258,754.72
May 2016	0.00	0.00	242,740.66
June 2016	0.00	0.00	227,346.27
July 2016	0.00	0.00	212,547.87
August 2016	0.00	0.00	198,322.67
September 2016	0.00	0.00	184,648.74
October 2016	0.00	0.00	171,504.99
November 2016	0.00	0.00	158,871.12
December 2016	0.00	0.00	146,727.60
January 2017	0.00	0.00	135,055.64
February 2017	0.00	0.00	123,837.17
March 2017	0.00	0.00	113,054.80
April 2017	0.00	0.00	102,691.80
May 2017	0.00	0.00	92,732.09

Distribution Date	Class BU	Classes BU, BW and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes PA, PB, PC and PD (in the aggregate)
June 2017	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$83,160.17
July 2017	0.00	0.00	73,961.16
August 2017	0.00	0.00	65,120.73
September 2017	0.00	0.00	56,625.09
October 2017	0.00	0.00	48,460.99
November 2017	0.00	0.00	40,615.68
December 2017	0.00	0.00	33,076.88
January 2018	0.00	0.00	25,832.80
February 2018	0.00	0.00	18,872.08
March 2018	0.00	0.00	12,183.80
April 2018 May 2018 and	0.00	0.00	5,757.47
thereafter	0.00	0.00	0.00

Schedule III

375% PSA BALANCES

Distribution Date

Initial Balance	\$215,000,000.00
October 2001	214,433,224.49
November 2001	213,729,590.31
December 2001	212,889,386.00
January 2002	211,913,160.66
February 2002	210,801,725.55
March 2002	209,556,154.86
April 2002	208,177,785.65
May 2002	206,668,217.02
June 2002	205,029,308.39
July 2002	203,263,176.95
August 2002	201,372,194.27
September 2002	199,358,982.04
October 2002	197,226,407.01
November 2002	194,977,575.02
December 2002	192,615,824.24
January 2003	190,144,717.61
February 2003	187,568,034.47
March 2003	184,889,761.43
April 2003	182,114,082.46
May 2003	179,245,368.29
June 2003	176,288,165.18
July 2003	173,247,182.93
August 2003	170,127,282.40
September 2003	166,933,462.44
October 2003	163,670,846.26
November 2003	160,344,667.40
December 2003	156,960,255.31
January 2004	153,523,020.47
February 2004	150,160,076.69
March 2004	146,869,832.19
April 2004	143,650,729.12
May 2004	140,501,242.81
June 2004	137,419,881.08
July 2004	134,405,183.51
August 2004	131,455,720.84
September 2004	128,570,094.24
October 2004	125,746,934.69
November 2004	122,984,902.37
December 2004	120,282,685.99
January 2005	117,639,002.24
February 2005	115,052,595.14
March 2005	112,522,235.51

April 2005	\$110,046,720.39
May 2005	107,624,872.44
June 2005	105,255,539.46
July 2005	102,937,593.81
August 2005	100,669,931.90
September 2005	98,451,473.70
October 2005	96,281,162.21
November 2005	94,157,962.99
December 2005	92,080,863.68
January 2006	90,048,873.51
February 2006	88,061,022.87
March 2006	86,116,362.84
April 2006	84,213,964.77
May 2006	82,352,919.82
June 2006	80,532,338.57
July 2006	78,751,350.59
August 2006	77,009,104.05
September 2006	75,304,765.28
October 2006	73,637,518.47
November 2006	72,006,565.20
December 2006	70,411,124.12
January 2007	68,850,430.59
February 2007	67,323,736.29
March 2007	65,830,308.91
April 2007	64,369,431.80
May 2007	62,940,403.60
June 2007	61,542,537.98
July 2007	60,175,163.27
August 2007	58,837,622.17
September 2007	57,529,271.42
October 2007	56,249,481.55
November 2007	54,997,636.54
December 2007	53,773,133.55
January 2008	52,575,382.64
February 2008	51,403,806.49
	50,257,840.16
March 2008	49,136,930.78
April 2008	48,040,537.32
May 2008	
June 2008	46,968,130.34
July 2008	45,919,191.73
August 2008	44,893,214.50
September 2008	43,889,702.48
October 2008	42,908,170.15
November 2008	41,948,142.41
December 2008	41,009,154.31
January 2009	40,090,750.88
February 2009	39,192,486.90

March 2009	\$38,313,926.69
April 2009	37,454,643.91
May 2009	36,614,221.36
June 2009	35,792,250.80
July 2009	34,988,332.74
August 2009	34,202,076.24
September 2009	33,433,098.78
October 2009	32,681,026.02
November 2009	31,945,491.67
December 2009	31,226,137.28
January 2010	30,522,612.13
February 2010	29,834,572.99
March 2010	29,161,684.04
April 2010	28,503,616.62
May 2010	27,860,049.19
June 2010	27,230,667.06
July 2010	26,615,162.34
August 2010	26,013,233.74
September 2010	25,424,586.45
October 2010	24,848,931.99
November 2010	24,285,988.08
December 2010	23,735,478.52
January 2011	23,197,133.04
February 2011	22,670,687.20
March 2011	22,155,882.21
April 2011	21,652,464.89
May 2011	21,160,187.48
June 2011	20,678,807.57
July 2011	20,208,087.94
August 2011	19,747,796.52
September 2011	19,297,706.20
October 2011	18,857,594.77
November 2011	18,427,244.81
December 2011	18,006,443.59
January 2012	17,594,982.94
February 2012	17,192,659.20
-	16,799,273.10
March 2012	
April 2012	16,414,629.64
May 2012	16,038,538.05
June 2012	15,670,811.66
July 2012	15,311,267.83
August 2012	14,959,727.86
September 2012	14,616,016.90
October 2012	14,279,963.89
November 2012	13,951,401.44
December 2012	13,630,165.78
January 2013	13,316,096.69

February 2013	\$13,009,037.40
March 2013	12,708,834.51
April 2013	12,415,337.96
May 2013	12,128,400.91
June 2013	11,847,879.72
July 2013	11,573,633.83
August 2013	11,305,525.73
September 2013	11,043,420.88
October 2013	10,787,187.64
November 2013	10,536,697.25
December 2013	10,291,823.70
January 2014	10,052,443.73
February 2014	9,818,436.73
March 2014	9,589,684.71
April 2014	9,366,072.24
1	9,147,486.39
May 2014	
June 2014	8,933,816.65
July 2014	8,724,954.95
August 2014	8,520,795.53
September 2014	8,321,234.92
October 2014	8,126,171.91
November 2014	7,935,507.49
December 2014	7,749,144.76
January 2015	7,566,988.97
February 2015	7,388,947.39
March 2015	7,214,929.33
April 2015	7,044,846.04
May 2015	6,878,610.72
June 2015	6,716,138.45
July 2015	6,557,346.14
August 2015	6,402,152.53
September 2015	6,250,478.11
October 2015	6,102,245.10
November 2015	5,957,377.42
December 2015	5,815,800.63
January 2016	5,677,441.92
February 2016	5,542,230.06
March 2016	5,410,095.38
April 2016	5,280,969.70
May 2016	5,154,786.36
June 2016	5,031,480.14
July 2016	4,910,987.22
August 2016	4,793,245.19
September 2016	4,678,193.00
October 2016	4,565,770.94
November 2016	4,455,920.57
December 2016	4,348,584.75
	.,. 10,001.70

January 2017	\$4,243,707.60
February 2017	
March 2017	
April 2017	
May 2017	
June 2017	
July 2017	
August 2017	
September 2017	
October 2017	
November 2017	
December 2017	
January 2018	
February 2018	
March 2018	
April 2018	
May 2018	
June 2018	
July 2018	
August 2018	
September 2018	
October 2018	, ,
November 2018	
December 2018	
January 2019	
February 2019	
March 2019	
April 2019	
May 2019 June 2019	
July 2019	
August 2019	
September 2019	
October 2019	
November 2019	
December 2019	
January 2020	
February 2020	
March 2020	
April 2020	
May 2020	
June 2020	
July 2020	
August 2020	
September 2020	
October 2020	
November 2020	1,325,616.24

December 2020	\$1,291,071.04
January 2021	1,257,350.93
February 2021	1,224,437.10
March 2021	1,192,311.15
April 2021	1,160,955.09
May 2021	1,130,351.36
June 2021	1,100,482.74
July 2021	1,071,332.44
August 2021	1,042,884.00
September 2021	1,015,121.36
October 2021	988,028.81
November 2021	961,590.97
December 2021	935,792.82
January 2022	910,619.67
February 2022	886,057.17
March 2022	862,091.26
April 2022	838,708.22
May 2022	815,894.62
June 2022	793,637.34
July 2022	771,923.55
August 2022	750,740.71
September 2022	730,076.55
October 2022	709,919.08
November 2022	690,256.58
December 2022	671,077.59
January 2023	652,370.90
February 2023	634,125.58
March 2023	616,330.90
April 2023	598,976.40
May 2023	582,051.85
June 2023	565,547.25
July 2023	549,452.81
August 2023	533,758.99
September 2023	518,456.44
October 2023	503,536.02
November 2023	488,988.80
December 2023	474,806.06
January 2024	460,979.27
February 2024	447,500.10
March 2024	434,360.38
April 2024	421,552.15
May 2024	409,067.63
June 2024	396,899.20
July 2024	385,039.43
August 2024	373,481.04
September 2024	362,216.93
October 2024	351,240.15

November 2024 December 2024 January 2025	\$340,543.92 330,121.60
	550,121.00
	319,966.70
February 2025	310,072.88
March 2025	300,433.97
April 2025	291,043.89
May 2025	281,896.74
June 2025	272,986.73
July 2025	264,308.22
August 2025	255,855.68
September 2025	247,623.72
October 2025	239,607.08
November 2025	231,800.58
December 2025	224,199.21
January 2026	216,798.04
February 2026	209,592.27
March 2026	209,592.27 202,577.19
	195,748.22
April 2026	,
May 2026	189,100.88
June 2026	182,630.78
July 2026	176,333.64
August 2026	170,205.28
September 2026	164,241.62
October 2026	158,438.64
November 2026	152,792.47
December 2026	147,299.28
January 2027	141,955.36
February 2027	136,757.05
March 2027	131,700.82
April 2027	126,783.18
May 2027	122,000.75
June 2027	117,350.21
July 2027	112,828.33
August 2027	108,431.94
September 2027	104,157.95
October 2027	100,003.35
November 2027	95,965.19
December 2027	92,040.59
January 2028	88,226.74
February 2028	84,520.90
March 2028	80,920.37
April 2028	77,422.54
May 2028	74,024.86
June 2028	70,724.82
July 2028	67,519.98
August 2028	64,407.95
September 2028	61,386.42

November 2028 55,605.78 December 2028 52,842.29 January 2029 47,558.36 March 2029 42,588.36 March 2029 42,588.36 March 2029 42,584.99 May 2029 33,508.25 June 2029 33,508.25 July 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66	October 2028	\$58,453.10
December 2028		55,605.78
January 2029		52,842.29
March 2029 45,033.85 April 2029 42,584.99 May 2029 37,906.57 Julu 2029 35,673.29 August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 6,837.45 June 2030 41,22.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 6,837.45 June 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 1,040.99		50,160.50
March 2029 45,033.85 April 2029 42,584.99 May 2029 37,906.57 Julu 2029 35,673.29 August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 6,837.45 June 2030 41,22.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 6,837.45 June 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 1,040.99	February 2029	47,558.36
April 2029		45,033.85
June 2029 37,906.57 July 2029 35,673.29 August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 31,409.67 October 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 3,238.05		42,584.99
June 2029 37,906.57 July 2029 35,673.29 August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 31,409.67 October 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 Junury 2031 4,396.23 Mary 2031 10,40.99	-	40,209.85
July 2029 35,673.29 August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 31,409.67 October 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 1,040.99		37,906.57
August 2029 33,508.25 September 2029 31,409.67 October 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 3,238.05 August 2031 1,040.99		35,673.29
September 2029 31,409.67 October 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 23,646.54 February 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99		33,508.25
October 2029 29,375.86 November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		31,409.67
November 2029 27,405.15 December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		29,375.86
December 2029 25,495.90 January 2030 23,646.54 February 2030 21,855.51 March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 1,040.99		27,405.15
January 2030		25,495.90
February 2030		23,646.54
March 2030 20,121.30 April 2030 18,442.42 May 2030 16,817.44 June 2030 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 1,040.99		21,855.51
April 2030. 18,442.42 May 2030. 16,817.44 June 2030. 15,244.94 July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030. 12,251.94 September 2030. 10,828.79 October 2030. 9,452.81 November 2030. 8,122.77 December 2030. 6,837.45 January 2031. 5,595.66 February 2031. 4,396.23 March 2031. 3,238.05 April 2031. 1,040.99		20,121.30
May 2030. 16,817.44 June 2030. 15,244.94 July 2030. 13,723.56 August 2030. 12,251.94 September 2030. 10,828.79 October 2030. 9,452.81 November 2030. 8,122.77 December 2030. 6,837.45 January 2031. 5,595.66 February 2031. 4,396.23 March 2031. 3,238.05 April 2031. 1,040.99		18,442.42
June 2030. 15,244.94 July 2030. 13,723.56 August 2030. 12,251.94 September 2030. 10,828.79 October 2030. 9,452.81 November 2030. 8,122.77 December 2030. 6,837.45 January 2031. 5,595.66 February 2031. 4,396.23 March 2031. 3,238.05 April 2031. 2,119.99 May 2031. 1,040.99		16,817.44
July 2030 13,723.56 August 2030 12,251.94 September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		15,244.94
September 2030 10,828.79 October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		13,723.56
October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99	August 2030	12,251.94
October 2030 9,452.81 November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99	September 2030	10,828.79
November 2030 8,122.77 December 2030 6,837.45 January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		9,452.81
January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		8,122.77
January 2031 5,595.66 February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99	December 2030	6,837.45
February 2031 4,396.23 March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		5,595.66
March 2031 3,238.05 April 2031 2,119.99 May 2031 1,040.99		4,396.23
April 2031		3,238.05
		2,119.99
	May 2031	1,040.99
	June 2031 and thereafter	0.00





\$249,344,532

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE[®]

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2001-41

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT September 24, 2001

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.