

\$540,000,000

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-083

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-8 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be September 30, 2003.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is September 25, 2003.

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-083

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below. If you own exchangeable securities identified in the table, you can exchange them for the corresponding MX Securities, and vice versa.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	Final Distribution Date(4)	CUSIP Number
AB(1)	\$112,128,500	4.0%	PAC	FIX	May 2032	38374CSZ5
BC	26,985,000	5.5	PAC	FIX	April 2033	38374CTA9
BD	13,633,000	5.5	PAC	FIX	September 2033	38374CTB7
BU	540,000	7.5	TAC/AD	FIX	September 2033	38374CTC5
BZ	4,320,000	7.5	SUP	FIX/Z	September 2033	38374CTD3
FA(1)	112,128,500	(5)	PAC	FLT	May 2032	38374CTE1
FB(1)	95,672,500	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	September 2033	38374CTF8
FD(1)	130,140,000	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	September 2033	38374CTG6
SI	112,128,500	(5)	NTL(PAC)	INV/IO	May 2032	38374CTH4
SK(1)	130,140,000	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTJ0
SL(1)	130,140,000	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTK7
SN(1)	130,140,000	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTL5
SP(1)	95,672,500	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTM3
ST(1)	95,672,500	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTN1
SX(1)	26,092,500	(5)	TAC/AD	INV	September 2033	38374CTP6
SY(1)	95,672,500	(5)	NTL(TAC/AD)	INV/IO	September 2033	38374CTQ4
ZB	18,360,000	5.5	SUP	FIX/Z	September 2033	38374CTR2
Residuals					_	
RR	0	0.0	NPR	NPR	September 2033	38374CTS0

⁽¹⁾ These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.

⁽²⁾ Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will

⁽³⁾ As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

(5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement"), and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

Trustee: U.S. Bank National Association

Tax Administrator: The Trustee **Closing Date:** September 30, 2003

Distribution Date: The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first

Business Day thereafter, commencing in October 2003.

Trust Assets:

Trust Asset Type	Certificate Rate	Original Term To Maturity (in years)
Ginnie Mae I	6.0%	30

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets(1):

	Principal	Weighted Average Remaining Term to	Weighted Average Loan Age	
_	Balance(2)	Maturity (in months)	(in months)	Mortgage Rate
	\$540,000,000	339	16	6.5%

⁽¹⁾ As of September 1, 2003.

The actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See "The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only or Inverse Floating Rate Class. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

⁽²⁾ Does not include Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as "LIBOR") as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
F	LIBOR + 0.50%	1.62%	0.50%	7.00%	0	0.00%
FA	LIBOR + 0.50%	1.62%	0.50%	7.00%	0	0.00%
FB	LIBOR + 0.50%	1.62%	0.50%	7.00%	0	0.00%
FD	LIBOR + 0.40%	1.52%	0.40%	7.50%	0	0.00%
FJ	LIBOR + 0.45%	1.57%	0.45%	7.50%	0	0.00%
FL	LIBOR + 0.50%	1.62%	0.50%	7.50%	0	0.00%
FM	LIBOR + 0.60%	1.72%	0.60%	7.00%	0	0.00%
FN	LIBOR + 0.70%	1.82%	0.70%	7.00%	0	0.00%
FP	LIBOR + 0.80%	1.92%	0.80%	7.00%	0	0.00%
S	23.833333% - (LIBOR x 3.666667)	19.726666%	0.00%	23.833333%	0	6.50%
SD	7.10% - LIBOR	5.98%	0.00%	7.10%	0	7.10%
SI	6.50% - LIBOR	5.38%	0.00%	6.50%	0	6.50%
SK	7.05% - LIBOR	0.05%	0.00%	0.05%	0	7.05%
SL	7.10% - LIBOR	0.05%	0.00%	0.05%	0	7.10%
SM	7.05% - LIBOR	5.93%	0.00%	7.05%	0	7.05%
SN	7.00% - LIBOR	5.88%	0.00%	7.00%	0	7.00%
SP	6.30% - LIBOR	0.10%	0.00%	0.10%	0	6.30%
ST	6.50% - LIBOR	0.10%	0.00%	0.10%	0	6.50%
SU	23.10% - (LIBOR x 3.666667)	18.993333%	0.00%	23.10%	0	6.30%
SV	23.466667% - (LIBOR x 3.666667)	19.36%	0.00%	23.466667%	0	6.40%
SX	22.7333333% - (LIBOR x 3.666667)	18.626666%	0.00%	22.73333333%	0	6.20%
SY	6.40% - LIBOR	0.10%	0.00%	0.10%	0	6.40%

⁽¹⁾ LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in this Supplement.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the BZ and ZB Accrual Amounts will be allocated as follows:

- The BZ Accrual Amount as follows:
 - 1. Sequentially, to FD and BU, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - 2. To BZ, until retired
- The ZB Accrual Amount as follows:
 - 1. Concurrently, to FB and SX, pro rata, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - 2. To ZB, until retired

⁽²⁾ The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount concurrently as follows:
 - 1. 75% as follows:
 - a. To the PAC Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, as follows:
 - i. Concurrently, to AB and FA, pro rata, until retired
 - ii. Sequentially, to BC and BD, in that order, until retired
 - b. Concurrently, to FB and SX, pro rata, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - c. To ZB, until retired
 - d. Concurrently, to FB and SX, pro rata, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
 - e. To the PAC Classes, in the same manner and priority set forth in step 1.a above, but without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
 - 2. 25% as follows:
 - a. Sequentially, to FD and BU, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, for that Distribution Date
 - b. To BZ, until retired
 - c. Sequentially, to FD and BU, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

Scheduled Principal Balances: The Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Range or Rates:

Class	Structuring Range or Rates
AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	125% PSA through 350% PSA
BU and FD (in the aggregate)	325% PSA
FB and SX (in the aggregate)	325% PSA

Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents Approximately
GI	\$ 18,688,083	16.666666667% of AB (PAC Class)
SD	130,140,000	100% of FD (TAC Class)
SI	112,128,500	100% of FA (PAC Class)
SK	130,140,000	100% of FD (TAC Class)
SL	130,140,000	100% of FD (TAC Class)
SM	130,140,000	100% of FD (TAC Class)
SN	130,140,000	100% of FD (TAC Class)
SP	95,672,500	100% of FB (TAC Class)
ST	95,672,500	100% of FB (TAC Class)
SY	95,672,500	100% of FB (TAC Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities. If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the

payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC classes, the support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date (other than from any applicable accrual amounts). If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the support classes.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, inverse floating rate, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Trust MBS are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. The difference between the Mortgage Rate and the Certificate Rate is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee and Ginnie Mae a fee for its guaranty of the Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate of 0.44% per annum and 0.06% per annum, respectively, of the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loan.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). See "The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General" in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See "Risk Factors" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Base Offering Circular.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial principal or notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

Class Accrual Period

Fixed Rate Classes The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date

Floating Rate and Inverse From the 16th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution Date through the 15th day of the month of that

Distribution Date

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee's determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final, except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access") or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Classes

Class BZ and Class ZB are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the BZ and ZB Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in an Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the related Trust REMIC after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the inside cover page may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class or Classes shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class or Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Class or Classes of REMIC Securities and, in the case of Combination 1, other related MX Classes. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

In the case of Combination 1, the Class AB Securities may be exchanged for proportionate interests in various subcombinations of MX Classes. Similarly, all or a portion of these MX Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related REMIC Securities or in other subcombinations of the MX Classes. Each subcombination may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered. See the example under "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book-Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at U.S. Bank National Association, Global Investor Service Group, Corporate Trust Department, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, Attention: 2003-083. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 603-6451 and by fax at (617) 603-6444.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (or notional balance) of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000); provided, however that no fee will be payable in respect of an interest only security, unless all securities involved in the exchange are interest only securities. If the notional balance of the interest only securities surrendered exceeds that of the interest only securities received, the fee will be based on the latter. The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See "Description of the Securities — Termination" in this Supplement.

Accretion Directed Classes

Classes BU, FB, FD and SX are Accretion Directed Classes. The BZ and ZB Accrual Amounts will be applied to making principal distributions on those Classes as described in this Supplement. Classes SK, SL, SN, SP, ST and SY are Notional Classes whose Class Notional Balances are determined by reference to Accretion Directed Classes.

Each of Class BU, FB, FD, and SX has the AD designation in the suffix position, rather than the prefix position, in its class principal type because it does not have principal payment stability through the applicable pricing prepayment assumption. Although these Classes are entitled to receive payments from the related Accrual Amounts, they do not have principal payment stability through any prepayment rate significantly higher than 0% PSA.

Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, each PAC and TAC Class will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range or Rate. See "Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances." However, whether any such Class will adhere to its schedule and receive "Scheduled Payments" on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC and TAC Class exhibits an Effective Range or Rate of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range or rate may differ from the Structuring Range or Rate used to create the related principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Ranges or Rates for the PAC and TAC Classes are as follows:

PAC Classes	Initial Effective Range
AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	125% PSA through 350% PSA
TAC Classes	Initial Effective Rates
BU and FD (in the aggregate)	325% PSA
FB and SX (in the aggregate)	325% PSA

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported by the TAC and Support Classes.
- The principal payment stability of the TAC Classes will be supported by the Support Classes.

If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range or Rate and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Range or Rates. If the initial Effective Range or Rates were calculated using the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Range or Rates could differ from those shown in the above tables or an initial Effective Rate might not exist. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range or at the initial Effective Rate shown for any Class in the above tables, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC or TAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range (or if prepayment rates average the Effective Rate), if any, for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC Class can narrow, shift over time or cease to exist and the Effective Rate for any TAC Class can change or cease to exist depending on the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range or Rate for any PAC or TAC Class, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on such PAC or TAC Class, if any, and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range or Rate for any PAC or TAC Class, its supporting Classes may be retired earlier than that PAC or TAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans" in the Base Offering Circular.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

The tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

- 1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months.
- 2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.
- 3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 16th day of the month whether or not a Business Day, commencing in October 2003.
 - 4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
 - 5. The Closing Date for the Securities is September 30, 2003.
 - 6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.
 - 7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many
 Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 16th of the month, and the Trustee may
 cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination"
 in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement ("PSA") is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the "PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates"). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of any Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date.
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

PSA Prepa	ayment Assumption	Rates
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		PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates													
	Class	ses AB, FA,	GA, GB, G	C, GE, GI a	and SI			Class BC					Class BD		
Distribution Date	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2004	98	90	88	88	88	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2005	96	77	73	73	73	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2006	94	66	59	59	59	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2007	91	55	47	47	43	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2008	88	44	35	35	28	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2009	86	35	24	24	16	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2010	83	25	15	15	7	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2011	80	17	7	7	1	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
September 2012	76	9	1	1	0	100	100	100	100	66	100	100	100	100	100
September 2013	73	1	0	0	0	100	100	75	75	35	100	100	100	100	100
September 2014	69	0	0	0	0	100	49	45	45	13	100	100	100	100	100
September 2015	65	0	0	0	0	100	23	23	23	0	100	100	100	100	92
September 2016	60	0	0	0	0	100	5	5	5	0	100	100	100	100	68
September 2017	55	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	84	84	84	49
September 2018	50	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	63	63	63	36
September 2019	45	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	48	48	48	26
September 2020	39	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	36	36	36	19
September 2021	33	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	26	26	26	13
September 2022	27	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	19	19	19	9
September 2023	20	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	14	14	14	7
September 2024	13	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	10	10	10	4
September 2025	5	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	7	7	7	3
September 2026	0	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0	100	5	5	5	2
September 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	3	3	3	1
September 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	1
September 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
September 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
September 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life:															
(years)	13.9	4.7	4.0	4.0	3.6	23.3	11.3	11.0	11.0	9.6	24.3	16.7	16.7	16.7	14.8

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

			Classes BU					Class BZ			Class F					
Distribution Date	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
September 2004	100	100	100	100	100	108	108	108	73	3	99	94	91	79	79	
September 2005	100	100	100	100	100	116	116	116	50	0	97	87	80	57	55	
September 2006	100	100	100	100	100	125	125	125	43	0	95	80	70	39	36	
September 2007	100	100	100	100	100	135	135	135	45	0	93	74	62	26	23	
September 2008	100	100	100	100	100	145	145	145	49	0	92	68	54	19	15	
September 2009	100	100	100	100	100	157	157	157	52	0	90	62	47	13	9	
September 2010	100	100	100	100	100	169	169	169	57	0	87	56	40	8	4	
September 2011	100	100	100	100	100	182	182	182	61	0	85	51	34	4	0	
September 2012	100	100	100	100	100	196	196	196	66	0	83	46	28	1	0	
September 2013	100	100	100	100	100	211	211	211	71	0	80	42	24	0	0	
September 2014	100	100	100	100	100	228	228	228	76	0	77	40	20	0	0	
September 2015	100	100	100	100	100	245	245	245	82	0	74	37	17	0	0	
September 2016	100	100	100	100	100	264	264	264	89	0	71	32	13	0	0	
September 2017	100	100	100	0	100	285	285	285	88	0	68	28	9	0	0	
September 2018	100	100	100	0	100	307	307	307	67	0	64	23	6	0	0	
September 2019	100	100	100	0	100	331	331	331	50	0	61	19	2	0	0	
September 2020	100	100	100	0	100	356	356	356	37	0	57	14	0	0	0	
September 2021	100	100	0	0	100	384	384	316	28	0	52	10	0	0	0	
September 2022	100	100	0	0	79	414	414	266	20	0	48	5	0	0	0	
September 2023	100	66	0	0	55	446	446	222	15	0	43	1	0	0	0	
September 2024	100	0	0	0	38	481	387	182	11	0	38	0	0	0	0	
September 2025	100	0	0	0	26	518	323	146	7	0	32	0	0	0	0	
September 2026	100	0	0	0	17	558	263	115	5	0	28	0	0	0	0	
September 2027	100	0	0	0	11	602	206	87	3	0	27	0	0	0	0	
September 2028	100	0	0	0	6	648	153	62	2	0	22	0	0	0	0	
September 2029	100	0	0	0	3	699	103	40	1	0	12	0	0	0	0	
September 2030	0	0	0	0	2	644	55	21	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	443	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
September 2032	0	0	0	0	0	229	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
September 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average Life:																
(vears)	26.5	20.0	17.1	13.6	20.9	28.4	23.8	21.5	11.0	0.5	17.3	9.2	6.5	3.0	2.7	

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

			B, FM, FN, U, SV, SY a			Class	Classes FD, FJ, FL, SD, SK, SL, SM and SN					Class ZB				
Distribution Date	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	0%	100%	156%	350%	400%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
September 2004	99	99	95	70	70	99	94	91	83	83	106	106	106	81	32	
September 2005	98	98	88	38	34	97	86	81	65	63	112	112	112	65	0	
September 2006	97	97	83	16	9	95	79	71	50	47	118	118	118	60	0	
September 2007	96	96	79	2	0	94	73	63	39	35	125	125	125	62	0	
September 2008	95	95	76	0	0	92	66	55	30	26	132	132	132	21	0	
September 2009	94	94	73	0	0	90	61	48	22	19	139	139	139	1	0	
September 2010	93	93	70	0	0	88	55	42	17	14	147	147	147	0	0	
September 2011	92	92	65	0	0	86	49	36	12	10	155	155	155	0	0	
September 2012	90	90	59	0	0	83	44	30	9	8	164	164	164	0	0	
September 2013	89	89	52	0	0	81	39	25	6	6	173	173	173	0	0	
September 2014	88	88	44	0	0	78	35	21	4	4	183	183	183	0	0	
September 2015	86	79	36	0	0	75	30	17	2	3	193	193	193	0	0	
September 2016	84	70	28	0	0	72	26	13	1	2	204	204	204	0	0	
September 2017	83	60	20	0	0	68	22	9	0	1	216	216	216	0	0	
September 2018	81	50	12	0	0	65	18	6	0	1	228	228	228	0	0	
September 2019	79	40	5	0	0	61	14	3	0	0	241	241	241	0	0	
September 2020	77	30	0	0	0	57	10	0	0	0	254	254	236	0	0	
September 2021	75	21	0	0	0	52	7	0	0	0	269	269	204	0	0	
September 2022	72	11	0	0	0	48	3	0	0	0	284	284	174	0	0	
September 2023	70	2	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	300	300	146	0	0	
September 2024	67	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	317	265	121	0	0	
September 2025	65	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	334	223	98	0	0	
September 2026	62	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	353	182	78	0	0	
September 2027	59	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	373	143	59	0	0	
September 2028	48	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	394	106	42	0	0	
September 2029	26	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	417	72	28	0	0	
September 2030	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	440	39	14	0	0	
September 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	313	8	3	0	0	
September 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	0	0	0	0	
September 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average Life:																
(years)	21.2	14.5	9.3	1.7	1.6	17.0	8.6	6.6	3.9	3.7	28.6	23.9	21.3	3.4	0.7	

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Classes. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes. In addition, the Floating Rate Classes will not benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR and certain Inverse Floating Rate Classes may not benefit from particularly low levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Classes is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of
 cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the
 assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued
 interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to each Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class GI to Prepayments Assumed Price 15.68750%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

100%	<u>156%</u>	<u>350%</u>	400%	569%
21.7%	17.0%	17.0%	14.5%	0.1%

Sensitivity of Class S to Prepayments **Assumed Price 103.75000%***

	PSA	A Prepayment	Assumption R	Rates			
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%			
0.120%	23.5%	23.3%	21.4%	21.3%			
1.120%	19.7%	19.5%	17.7%	17.5%			
4.120%	8.5%	8.3%	6.8%	6.6%			
6.500% and above	(0.2)%	(0.3)%	(1.6)%	(1.8)%			

Sensitivity of Class SD to Prepayments Assumed Price 10.43750%*

	PSA	A Prepayment	Assumption R	tion Rates			
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%			
0.120%	66.7%	62.4%	48.9%	46.8%			
1.120%	55.0%	50.7%	37.4%	35.3%			
4.120%	21.1%	16.9%	3.8%	2.2%			
7.100% and above	**	**	**	**			

Sensitivity of Class SI to Prepayments Assumed Price 8.59375%*

LIBOR	PSA	Prepayment	nt Assumption Rates			
	100%	156%	350%	400%		
0.120%	68.2%	64.1%	64.1%	63.1%		
1.120%	53.4%	49.2%	49.2%	47.9%		
4.120%	9.3%	4.3%	4.3%	1.1%		
6.500% and above	**	**	**	**		

Sensitivity of Class SK to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.109375%*

LIBOR	PSA	A Prepayment	Assumption R	tion Rates			
	100%	156%	350%	400%			
7.000% and below	40.8%	36.7%	23.6%	21.5%			
7.025%	14.3%	10.0%	(3.3)%	(4.4)%			
7.050% and above	**	**	**	**			

Sensitivity of Class SL to Prepayments **Assumed Price 0.109375%***

LIBOR	PSA	Prepayment	Assumption R	on Rates			
	100%	156%	350%	400%			
7.050% and below	40.8%	36.7%	23.6%	21.5%			
7.075%	14.3%	10.0%	(3.3)%	(4.4)%			
7.100% and above	**	**	**	**			

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

** Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

Sensitivity of Class SM to Prepayments Assumed Price 10.31250%*

	PSA	Prepayment.	Assumption R	sumption Rates			
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%			
0.120%	67.2%	62.9%	49.3%	47.2%			
1.120%	55.2%	51.0%	37.7%	35.6%			
4.120%	21.0%	16.7%	3.6%	2.1%			
7.050% and above	**	**	**	**			

Sensitivity of Class SN to Prepayments Assumed Price 10.21875%*

	PSA	A Prepayment	Assumption R	tion Rates			
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%			
0.120%	67.3%	63.0%	49.5%	47.4%			
1.120%	55.3%	51.0%	37.7%	35.6%			
4.120%	20.7%	16.5%	3.4%	1.8%			
7.000% and above	**	**	**	**			

Sensitivity of Class SP to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.15625%*

LIBOR	PSA	A Prepayment	t Assumption 1	nption Rates			
	100%	156%	350%	400%			
6.200% and below	71.9%	65.6%	9.0%	2.3%			
6.250%	33.2%	27.6%	(36.1)%	(45.3)%			
6.300% and above	**	**	**	**			

Sensitivity of Class ST to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.15625%*

	PSA	Prepayment	t Assumption Rates			
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%		
6.400% and below	71.9%	65.6%	9.0%	2.3%		
6.450%	33.2%	27.6%	(36.1)%	(45.3)%		
6.500% and above	**	**	**	**		

Sensitivity of Class SU to Prepayments Assumed Price 101.50000%*

LIBOR	100%	<u>156%</u>	350%	400%
0.120%	23.3%	23.2%	22.4%	22.3%
1.120%	19.4%	19.3%	18.6%	18.5%
4.120%	8.0%	8.0%	7.5%	7.4%
6.300% and above	0.0%	(0.1)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

^{**} Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

Sensitivity of Class SV to Prepayments Assumed Price 103.15625%*

LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%
0.120%	23.3%	23.1%	21.5%	21.4%
1.120%	19.4%	19.3%	17.8%	17.6%
4.120%	8.2%	8.1%	6.8%	6.7%
6.400% and above	(0.2)%	(0.2)%	(1.3)%	(1.4)%

Sensitivity of Class SX to Prepayments Assumed Price 101.53125%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%		
0.120%	22.9%	22.8%	22.0%	21.9%		
1.120%	19.0%	18.9%	18.2%	18.1%		
4.120%	7.6%	7.6%	7.1%	7.0%		
6.200% and above	0.0%	(0.1)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%		

Sensitivity of Class SY to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.15625%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	156%	350%	400%		
6.300% and below	71.9%	65.6%	9.0%	2.3%		
6.350%	33.2%	27.6%	(36.1)%	(45.3)%		
6.400% and above	**	**	**	**		

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

^{**} Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

The Class SI, SK, SL, SN, SP, ST and SY Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the original issue discount ("OID") rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class BZ and ZB Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

Other than the Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics, the prepayment assumption described below and, in the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the constant LIBOR value described below, no Class is expected to be issued with original issue discount OID.

Prospective investors in the Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 156% PSA (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). In the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the constant value of LIBOR to be used for these determinations is 1.12%. No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, "permitted assets" for financial asset securitization investment trusts ("FASITs"), and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their *pro rata* shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a

Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Regulations have been proposed regarding the federal income tax treatment of "inducement fees" received by transferees of noneconomic REMIC residual interests. The proposed regulations (i) provide tax accounting rules for the treatment of such fees as income over an appropriate period and (ii) clarify that inducement fees will be treated as income from sources within the United States. If these rules are finalized as proposed, the final regulations will apply to taxable years ending on or after the date the final regulations are published, and thus the rules in the proposed regulations may apply to the treatment of any inducement fee received in connection with the purchase of Class RR Securities. Prospective purchasers of the Class RR Securities should consult with their tax advisors regarding the effect of these proposed regulations.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest, if any, from (1) September 1, 2003 on the Fixed Rate Classes and (2) September 16, 2003 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) and (2) the Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP and the Law Offices of Joseph C. Reid, P.A., and for the Trustee by Nixon Peabody LLP.

Available Combinations(1)

REMIC Securities	curities				MX	MX Securities		
Ę	Original Class Principal Balance or Class	Related	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Class	Principal	Interest	Interest	CUSIP	Final Distribution
Class	Notional Balance	MX Class	Notional Balance(2)	Type(3)	Kate	Type(3)	Number	Date(4)
Combination 1(6) AB	\$112,128,500	Q.A	\$112,128,500	PAC	3.75%	БIX	38374C TT 8	May 2032
}		GB	112,128,500	PAC	3.5	FIX		May 2032
		gc	112,128,500	PAC	3.25	FIX	38374C UG 4	May 2032
		GE	112,128,500	PAC	3.0	FIX	38374C UH 2	May 2032
		IJ	18,688,083	NTL(PAC)	0.9	FIX/IO	38374C UJ 8	May 2032
Combination 2		í			ί	Ē		
FB ST	95,672,500 95,672,500	H.M.	95,672,500	TAC/AD	$\widehat{\mathfrak{S}}$	FLI	38374C TU 5	September 2033
Combination 3								
FB	95,672,500	HN	95,672,500	TAC/AD	(5)	FLT	38374C TV 3	September 2033
ST	95,672,500							
SY	95,672,500							
Combination 4								
FB	95,672,500	FP	95,672,500	TAC/AD	(5)	FLT	38374C TW 1	September 2033
SP	95,672,500							
ST	95,672,500							
SY	95,672,500							
Combination 5								
SP	95,672,500	$^{ m CO}$	26,092,500	TAC/AD	(5)	NV	38374C TX 9	September 2033
SX	26,092,500							
Combination 6								
SP	95,672,500	SV	26,092,500	TAC/AD	(5)	NV	38374C TY 7	September 2033
SX	26,092,500							
SY	95,672,500							
Combination 7								
SP	95,672,500	S	26,092,500	TAC/AD	(5)	NV	38374C TZ 4	September 2033
ST	95,672,500							
SX	26,092,500							
SY	95,672,500							
Combination 8								
FA	112,128,500	Ц	207,801,000	PAC/TAC/AD	(5)	FLT	38374C UA 7	September 2033
E	95,672,500							
Combination 9	000	ļ			į	Ē		
H.	130,140,000	Ī	130,140,000	IAC/AD	<u>(c)</u>	FLI	383/4C UB 5	September 2033
SL Combination 10	130,140,000							
FD	130 140 000	Ī	130 140 000	TAC/AD	E	TIT	383740 110 3	September 2033
J X	130,140,000	7	130,140,000	IAC/AD	<u> </u>	L	363/40 00 3	September 2033
SL	130,140,000							

Available Combinations(1)

REMIC	REMIC Securities				MX	MX Securities		
	Original Class Principal Balance	9	Maximum Original Class Principal				HISTIS.	
Class	or Class Notional Balance	Kelated MX Class	Balance or Class Notional Balance(2)	Type(3)	Interest	Type(3)	Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Combination 11								
SK	130,140,000	SM	130,140,000	NTL(TAC/AD)	(5)	OI/ANI	38374C UD 1	September 2033
NS	130,140,000							
Combination 12								
SK	130,140,000	SD	130,140,000	NTL(TAC/AD)	(5)	OI/ANI	38374C UE 9	September 2033
$S\Gamma$	130,140,000							
SN	130,140,000							

(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denominations restrictions.

(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.
(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
(5) The Interest Rate will be calculated as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.
(6) In the case of Combination 1 various subcombinations are permitted. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular for a discussion of subcombinations.

Schedule II

SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate)
Initial Balance	\$264,875,000.00	\$130,680,000.00	\$121,765,000.00
October 2003	262,994,915.64	129,203,934.28	119,213,737.20
November 2003	261,033,471.21	127,661,647.52	116,545,291.90
December 2003	258,991,693.24	126,055,153.44	113,764,680.16
January 2004	256,870,659.64	124,386,573.48	110,877,189.76
February 2004	254,671,498.74	122,658,132.15	107,888,367.37
March 2004	252,395,388.34	120,872,152.20	104,804,004.80
April 2004	250,043,554.70	119,031,049.33	101,630,124.39
May 2004	247,617,271.41	117,137,326.76	98,372,963.62
June 2004	245,117,858.32	115,193,569.42	95,038,958.96
		113,193,309.42	91,634,728.97
July 2004	242,546,680.30 239,905,146.03	111,166,662.53	88,167,056.78
August 2004		109,089,036.19	
September 2004	237,194,706.73 234,416,854.82	106,972,408.37	84,642,871.99 81,069,231.98
November 2004			
December 2004	231,573,122.55 228,748,263.21	104,819,678.02 102,706,355.97	77,453,302.83 73,936,865.28
	225,942,154.10	100,631,712.29	70,517,853.85
January 2005			
February 2005	223,154,673.29	98,595,030.36	67,194,242.13 63,964,042.13
March 2005	220,385,699.65	96,595,606.61	
April 2005	217,635,112.83	94,632,750.28	60,825,303.51
May 2005	214,902,793.27	92,705,783.19	57,776,112.91
June 2005	212,188,622.17	90,814,039.52	54,814,593.29
July 2005	209,492,481.52	88,956,865.58	51,938,903.23
August 2005	206,814,254.05	87,133,619.59	49,147,236.28
September 2005	204,153,823.26	85,343,671.46	46,437,820.34
October 2005	201,511,073.43	83,586,402.58	43,808,917.00
November 2005	198,885,889.54	81,861,205.62	41,258,820.93
December 2005	196,278,157.37	80,167,484.31	38,785,859.29
January 2006	193,687,763.39	78,504,653.24	36,388,391.08
February 2006	191,114,594.83	76,872,137.69	34,064,806.59
March 2006	188,558,539.67	75,269,373.38	31,813,526.85
April 2006	186,019,486.58	73,695,806.35	29,633,002.98
May 2006	183,497,324.96	72,150,892.72 70,634,098.52	27,521,715.72
June 2006	180,991,944.95		25,478,174.84 23,500,918.60
July 2006	178,503,237.38	69,144,899.51	
August 2006	176,031,093.79	67,682,781.03	21,588,513.25
September 2006	173,575,406.43 171,136,068.24	66,247,237.78 64,837,773.68	19,739,552.49 17,952,656.98
November 2006	168,712,972.86	63,453,901.68	16,226,473.81
December 2006	166,306,014.62	62,095,143.63	14,559,676.06
January 2007	163,915,088.53	60,761,030.08 59,451,100.16	12,950,962.29
February 2007	161,540,090.28	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11,399,056.05
March 2007	159,180,916.25	58,164,901.38 56,901,989.51	9,902,705.46
•	156,837,463.46		8,460,682.73
May 2007	154,509,629.64 152,197,313.15	55,661,928.43	7,071,783.72
June 2007		54,444,289.96	5,734,827.48 4,448,655.88
July 2007	149,900,413.02 147,618,828.93	53,248,653.72	
August 2007		52,074,607.02 50,921,744.67	3,212,133.11 2,024,145.32
September 2007	145,352,461.22		
October 2007	143,101,210.87	49,789,668.89	883,600.20
November 2007	140,864,979.50	48,677,989.14	0.00
December 2007	138,643,669.36	47,586,322.01	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate)
January 2008	\$136,437,183.36	\$ 46,514,291.07	\$ 0.00
February 2008	134,245,425.01	45,461,526.77	0.00
March 2008	132,068,298.45	44,427,666.29	0.00
April 2008	129,905,708.47	43,412,353.43	0.00
May 2008	127,757,560.44	42,415,238.48	0.00
June 2008	125,623,760.36	41,435,978.11	0.00
July 2008	123,504,214.84	40,474,235.26	0.00
August 2008	121,398,831.10	39,529,679.01	0.00
September 2008	119,307,516.94	38,601,984.47	0.00
October 2008	117,230,180.79	37,690,832.68	0.00
November 2008	115,166,731.65	36,795,910.50	0.00
December 2008	113,117,079.11	35,916,910.48	0.00
January 2009	111,081,133.35	35,053,530.81	0.00
February 2009	109,058,805.14	34,205,475.16	0.00
March 2009	107,050,005.83	33,372,452.60	0.00
April 2009	105,054,647.32	32,554,177.53	0.00
May 2009	103,072,642.11	31,750,369.52	0.00
June 2009	101,103,903.25	30,960,753.28	0.00
July 2009	99,148,344.35	30,185,058.53	0.00
August 2009	97,205,879.61	29,423,019.92	0.00
September 2009	95,276,423.75	28,674,376.95	0.00
October 2009	93,359,892.06	27,938,873.83	0.00
November 2009	91,456,200.37	27,216,259.46	0.00
December 2009	89,565,265.08	26,506,287.33	0.00
January 2010	87,687,003.09	25,808,715.40	0.00
February 2010	85,832,998.11	25,123,306.03	0.00
March 2010	84,017,154.22	24,449,825.94	0.00
April 2010	82,238,699.45	23,788,046.09	0.00
May 2010	80,496,877.29	23,137,741.60	0.00
June 2010	78,790,946.33	22,498,691.71	0.00
July 2010	77,120,180.01	21,870,679.65	0.00
August 2010	75,483,866.30	21,253,492.63	0.00
September 2010	73,881,307.42	20,646,921.71	0.00
October 2010	72,311,819.53	20,050,761.78	0.00
November 2010	70,774,732.52	19,464,811.43	0.00
December 2010	69,269,389.65	18,888,872.96	0.00
January 2011	67,795,147.36	18,322,752.23	0.00
February 2011	66,351,374.96	17,766,258.65	0.00
March 2011	64,937,454.41	17,219,205.11	0.00
April 2011	63,552,780.02	16,681,407.87	0.00
May 2011	62,196,758.27	16,152,686.57	0.00
June 2011	60,868,807.50	15,632,864.11	0.00
July 2011	59,568,357.75	15,121,766.62	0.00
August 2011	58,294,850.44	14,619,223.38	0.00
September 2011	57,047,738.22	14,125,066.78	0.00
October 2011	55,826,484.70	13,639,132.26	0.00
November 2011	54,630,564.26	13,161,258.24	0.00
December 2011	53,459,461.82	12,691,286.09	0.00
January 2012	52,312,672.63	12,229,060.06	0.00
February 2012	51,189,702.08	11,774,427.20	0.00
March 2012	50,090,065.47	11,327,237.38	0.00
April 2012	49,013,287.84	10,887,343.16	0.00
May 2012	47,958,903.78	10,454,599.80	0.00
June 2012	46,926,457.20	10,028,865.16	0.00
July 2012	45,915,501.20	9,609,999.71	0.00
August 2012	44,925,597.84	9,197,866.42	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate)
September 2012	\$ 43,956,317.98	\$ 8,792,330.76	\$ 0.00
October 2012	43,007,241.11	8,393,260.64	0.00
November 2012	42,077,955.18	8,000,526.34	0.00
December 2012	41,168,056.41	7,614,000.52	0.00
January 2013	40,277,149.16	7,233,558.13	0.00
February 2013	39,404,845.72	6,859,076.37	0.00
March 2013	38,550,766.20	6,490,434.69	0.00
April 2013	37,714,538.36	6,127,514.70	0.00
May 2013	36,895,797.44	5,770,200.14	0.00
June 2013	36,094,186.02	5,418,376.88	0.00
July 2013	35,309,353.88	5,071,932.84	0.00
August 2013	34,540,957.86	4,730,757.94	0.00
September 2013	33,788,661.70	4,394,744.12	0.00
October 2013	33,052,135.93	4,063,785.24	0.00
November 2013	32,331,057.71	3,737,777.10	0.00
December 2013	31,625,110.71	3,416,617.36	0.00
January 2014	30,933,984.97	3,100,205.52	0.00
February 2014	30,257,376.79	2,788,442.91	0.00
March 2014	29,594,988.58	2,481,232.61	0.00
April 2014	28,946,528.79	2,178,479.45	0.00
May 2014	28,311,711.70	1,880,089.99	0.00
June 2014	27,690,257.40	1,585,972.43	0.00
July 2014	27,081,891.61	1,296,036.66	0.00
August 2014	26,486,345.59	1,010,194.15	0.00
September 2014	25,903,356.04	728,357.97	0.00
October 2014	25,332,664.96	450,442.76	0.00
November 2014	24,774,019.57	176,364.67	0.00
December 2014	24,227,172.21	0.00	0.00
January 2015	23,691,880.21	0.00	0.00
February 2015	23,167,905.82	0.00	0.00
March 2015	22,655,016.08	0.00	0.00
April 2015	22,152,982.76	0.00	0.00
May 2015	21,661,582.25	0.00	0.00
June 2015	21,180,595.44	0.00	0.00
July 2015	20,709,807.69	0.00	0.00
August 2015	20,249,008.69	0.00	0.00
September 2015	19,797,992.37	0.00	0.00
October 2015	19,356,556.88	0.00	0.00
November 2015	18,924,504.41	0.00	0.00
December 2015	18,501,641.19	0.00	0.00
January 2016	18,087,777.38	0.00	0.00
February 2016	17,682,726.97	0.00	0.00
March 2016	17,286,307.74	0.00	0.00
April 2016	16,898,341.16	0.00	0.00
May 2016	16,518,652.32	0.00	0.00
June 2016	16,147,069.87	0.00	0.00
July 2016	15,783,425.93	0.00	0.00
August 2016	15,427,556.04	0.00	0.00
September 2016	15,079,299.08	0.00	0.00
October 2016	14,738,497.18	0.00	0.00
November 2016	14,404,995.71	0.00	0.00
December 2016	14,078,643.17	0.00	0.00
January 2017	13,759,291.14	0.00	0.00
February 2017	13,446,794.23	0.00	0.00
March 2017	13,141,010.00	0.00	0.00
April 2017	12,841,798.91	0.00	0.00
11p111 2011	12,071,790.91	0.00	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate)
May 2017	\$ 12,549,024.25	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
June 2017	12,262,552.12	0.00	0.00
July 2017	11,982,251.33	0.00	0.00
August 2017	11,707,993.36	0.00	0.00
September 2017	11,439,652.32	0.00	0.00
October 2017	11,177,104.89	0.00	0.00
November 2017	10,920,230.25	0.00	0.00
December 2017	10,668,910.06	0.00	0.00
January 2018	10,423,028.38	0.00	0.00
February 2018	10,182,471.66	0.00	0.00
March 2018	9,947,128.64	0.00	0.00
April 2018	9,716,890.36	0.00	0.00
May 2018	9,491,650.05	0.00	0.00
June 2018	9,271,303.17	0.00	0.00
July 2018	9,055,747.29	0.00	0.00
August 2018	8,844,882.06	0.00	0.00
September 2018	8,638,609.21	0.00	0.00
October 2018	8,436,832.48	0.00	0.00
November 2018	8,239,457.56	0.00	0.00
December 2018	8,046,392.09	0.00	0.00
January 2019	7,857,545.59	0.00	0.00
February 2019	7,672,829.45	0.00	0.00
March 2019	7,492,156.85	0.00	0.00
April 2019	7,315,442.78	0.00	0.00
May 2019	7,142,603.95	0.00	0.00
June 2019	6,973,558.78	0.00	0.00
July 2019	6,808,227.40	0.00	0.00
August 2019	6,646,531.53	0.00	0.00
September 2019	6,488,394.52	0.00	0.00
October 2019	6,333,741.31	0.00	0.00
November 2019	6,182,498.36	0.00	0.00
December 2019	6,034,593.65	0.00	0.00
January 2020	5,889,956.64	0.00	0.00
February 2020	5,748,518.24	0.00	0.00
March 2020	5,610,210.80	0.00	0.00
April 2020	5,474,968.03	0.00	0.00
May 2020	5,342,725.03	0.00	0.00
June 2020	5,213,418.23	0.00	0.00
July 2020	5,086,985.37	0.00	0.00
August 2020	4,963,365.48	0.00	0.00
September 2020	4,842,498.83	0.00	0.00
October 2020	4,724,326.95	0.00	0.00
November 2020	4,608,792.55	0.00	0.00
December 2020	4,495,839.55	0.00	0.00
January 2021	4,385,412.99	0.00	0.00
February 2021	4,277,459.09	0.00	0.00
March 2021	4,171,925.15	0.00	0.00
April 2021	4,068,759.58	0.00	0.00
May 2021	3,967,911.84	0.00	0.00
June 2021	3,869,332.45	0.00	0.00
July 2021	3,772,972.95	0.00	0.00
August 2021	3,678,785.89	0.00	0.00
September 2021	3,586,724.78	0.00	0.00
October 2021	3,496,744.13	0.00	0.00
November 2021	3,408,799.36	0.00	0.00
December 2021	3,322,846.84	0.00	0.00
December 2021	5,522,040.04	0.00	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate)
January 2022	\$ 3,238,843.83	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
February 2022	3,156,748.49	0.00	0.00
March 2022	3,076,519.84	0.00	0.00
April 2022	2,998,117.74	0.00	0.00
May 2022	2,921,502.92	0.00	0.00
June 2022	2,846,636.90	0.00	0.00
July 2022	2,773,482.01	0.00	0.00
August 2022	2,702,001.35	0.00	0.00
September 2022	2,632,158.81	0.00	0.00
October 2022	2,563,919.02	0.00	0.00
November 2022	2,497,247.35	0.00	0.00
December 2022	2,432,109.89	0.00	0.00
January 2023	2,368,473.46	0.00	0.00
February 2023	2,306,305.53	0.00	0.00
March 2023	2,245,574.28	0.00	0.00
April 2023	2,186,248.55	0.00	0.00
May 2023	2,128,297.84	0.00	0.00
June 2023	2,071,692.26	0.00	0.00
July 2023	2,016,402.58	0.00	0.00
August 2023	1,962,400.15	0.00	0.00
September 2023	1,909,656.95	0.00	0.00
October 2023	1,858,145.53	0.00	0.00
November 2023	1,807,839.01	0.00	0.00
December 2023	1,758,711.10	0.00	0.00
January 2024	1,710,736.02	0.00	0.00
February 2024	1,663,888.58	0.00	0.00
March 2024	1,618,144.09	0.00	0.00
April 2024	1,573,478.38	0.00	0.00
May 2024	1,529,867.80	0.00	0.00
June 2024	1,487,289.18	0.00	0.00
July 2024	1,445,719.87	0.00	0.00
August 2024	1,405,137.65	0.00	0.00
September 2024	1,365,520.82	0.00	0.00
October 2024	1,326,848.09	0.00	0.00
November 2024	1,289,098.66	0.00	0.00
December 2024	1,252,252.15	0.00	0.00
January 2025	1,216,288.61	0.00	0.00
February 2025	1,181,188.50	0.00	0.00
March 2025	1,146,932.73	0.00	0.00
April 2025	1,113,502.58	0.00	0.00
May 2025	1,080,879.73	0.00	0.00
June 2025	1,049,046.27	0.00	0.00
July 2025	1,017,984.65	0.00	0.00
August 2025	987,677.70	0.00	0.00
September 2025	958,108.61	0.00	0.00
October 2025	929,260.93	0.00	0.00
November 2025	901,118.56	0.00	0.00
December 2025	873,665.74	0.00	0.00
January 2026	846,887.05	0.00	0.00
February 2026	820,767.39	0.00	0.00
March 2026	795,292.00	0.00	0.00
April 2026	770,446.41	0.00	0.00
May 2026	746,216.48	0.00	0.00
June 2026	722,588.35	0.00	0.00
July 2026	699,548.48	0.00	0.00
August 2026	677,083.60	0.00	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)	Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate	Classes FB and SX (in the aggregate))
September 2026	\$ 655,180.74	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
October 2026	633,827.19	0.00	0.00
November 2026	613,010.53	0.00	0.00
December 2026	592,718.60	0.00	0.00
January 2027	572,939.49	0.00	0.00
February 2027	553,661.56	0.00	0.00
March 2027	534,873.42	0.00	0.00
April 2027	516,563.91	0.00	0.00
May 2027	498,722.12	0.00	0.00
June 2027	481,337.38	0.00	0.00
July 2027	464,399.24	0.00	0.00
August 2027	447,897.47	0.00	0.00
September 2027	431,822.10	0.00	0.00
October 2027	416,163.31	0.00	0.00
November 2027	400,911.55	0.00	0.00
December 2027	386,057.45	0.00	0.00
January 2028	371,591.84	0.00	0.00
February 2028	357,505.77	0.00	0.00
March 2028	343,790.45	0.00	0.00
April 2028	330,437.31	0.00	0.00
May 2028	317,437.96	0.00	0.00
June 2028	304,784.18	0.00	0.00
July 2028	292,467.94	0.00	0.00
August 2028	280,481.39	0.00	0.00
September 2028	268,816.83	0.00	0.00
October 2028	257,466.75	0.00	0.00
November 2028	246,423.78	0.00	0.00
December 2028	235,680.75	0.00	0.00
January 2029	225,230.60	0.00	0.00
February 2029	215,066.45	0.00	0.00
March 2029	205,181.57	0.00	0.00
April 2029	195,569.38	0.00	0.00
May 2029	186,223.44	0.00	0.00
June 2029	177,137.43	0.00	0.00
July 2029	168,305.21	0.00	0.00
August 2029	159,720.75	0.00	0.00
September 2029	151,378.15	0.00	0.00
October 2029	143,271.65	0.00	0.00
November 2029	135,395.61	0.00	0.00
December 2029	127,744.52	0.00	0.00
January 2030	120,313.00	0.00	0.00
February 2030	113,095.76	0.00	0.00
March 2030	106,087.66	0.00	0.00
April 2030	99,283.66	0.00	0.00
May 2030	92,678.82	0.00	0.00
June 2030	86,268.33	0.00	0.00
July 2030	80,047.48	0.00	0.00
August 2030	74,011.65	0.00	0.00
September 2030	68,156.35	0.00	0.00
October 2030	62,477.17	0.00	0.00
November 2030	56,969.81	0.00	0.00
December 2030	51,630.05	0.00	0.00
January 2031	46,453.78	0.00	0.00
February 2031	41,436.97	0.00	0.00
March 2031	36,575.70	0.00	0.00
	31,866.12	0.00	0.00
April 2031	31,000.12	0.00	0.00

Distribution Date	Classes AB, BC, BD and FA (in the aggregate)		Classes FD and BU (in the aggregate)		 FB and SX aggregate)
May 2031	\$	27,304.47	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00
June 2031		22,887.07		0.00	0.00
July 2031		18,610.34		0.00	0.00
August 2031		14,470.77		0.00	0.00
September 2031		10,464.91		0.00	0.00
October 2031		6,589.43		0.00	0.00
November 2031		2,841.04		0.00	0.00
December 2031					
and thereafter		0.00		0.00	0.00



\$540,000,000

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