### Offering Circular Supplement (To Base Offering Circular dated July 1, 2003)



### \$250,000,000

# Government National Mortgage Association GINNIE MAE®

### Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2004-015

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 which highlights some of these risks.

#### The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

#### The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

#### The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be February 27, 2004.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

#### CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON

BLAYLOCK & PARTNERS, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is February 18, 2004.

#### Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2004-015

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below. If you own exchangeable securities identified in the table, you can exchange them for the corresponding MX Securities, and vice versa.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	Final Distribution Date(4)	CUSIP Number
AB	\$45,240,000	5.5%	PAC	FIX	February 2025	38374FEN0
AC	10,499,943	5.5	PAC	FIX	December 2032	38374FEP5
AF(1)	72,553,863	(5)	PAC	FLT	December 2032	38374FEQ3
AO(1)	26,383,224	0.0	PAC	PO	December 2032	38374FER1
AS(1)	72,553,863	(5)	NTL(PAC)	INV/IO	December 2032	38374FES9
AY	23,684,188	5.5	PAC	FIX	February 2034	38374FET7
LA	754,876	5.5	SCH	FIX	February 2033	38374FEU4
LB	35,038	5.5	SCH	FIX	February 2033	38374FEV2
LC	6,396,209	5.5	SCH/SUP	FIX	March 2033	38374FEW0
LD	463,599	5.5	SCH/SUP	FIX	May 2033	38374FEX8
LE	910,677	5.5	SCH/SUP	FIX	October 2033	38374FEY6
LG	1,058,992	5.5	SCH/SUP	FIX	February 2034	38374FEZ3
N	26,200,000	5.5	SUP	FIX	February 2034	38374FFA7
NA	24,390,000	5.5	SUP	FIX	April 2033	38374FFB5
NB	1,145,000	5.5	SUP	FIX	June 2033	38374FFC3
NC	2,658,000	5.5	SUP	FIX	September 2033	38374FFD1
ND	4,365,391	5.5	SUP	FIX	February 2034	38374FFE9
NE	2,557,000	5.5	SCH	FIX	February 2034	38374FFF6
NG	704,000	5.5	SCH	FIX	February 2034	38374FFG4
RR	0	0.0	NPR	NPR	February 2034	38374FFH2

<sup>(1)</sup> These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.

<sup>(2)</sup> Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for the Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

<sup>(3)</sup> As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.

<sup>(4)</sup> See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

<sup>(5)</sup> See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

#### **AVAILABLE INFORMATION**

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement") and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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#### **TERMS SHEET**

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

**Sponsor:** Credit Suisse First Boston LLC

Trustee: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

**Tax Administrator:** The Trustee

Closing Date: February 27, 2004

**Distribution Date:** The 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in March 2004.

#### **Trust Assets:**

Trust Asset Type	Certificate Rate	Original Term To Maturity (in years)
Ginnie Mae II	5.5%	30

#### Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets<sup>1</sup>:

Principal Balance <sup>2</sup>	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Weighted Average Mortgage Rate <sup>3</sup>
\$250,000,000	355	3	5.9%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of February 1, 2004.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See "The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement.

**Issuance of Securities:** The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.* 

**Modification and Exchange:** If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in this Supplement.

**Increased Minimum Denomination Classes:** Each Class that constitutes a Principal Only or Inverse Floating Rate Class. *See "Description of the Securities—Form of Securities" in this Supplement.* 

**Interest Rates:** The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page and Schedule I of this Supplement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Does not include Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.25% to 1.50% per annum above the Certificate Rate.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as "LIBOR") as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
AF	LIBOR + 0.35%	1.450000%	0.35%	7.5000000%	0	0.00%
AS	7.15% - LIBOR	6.050000%	0.00%	7.1500000%	0	7.15%
SA	19.6624992% - (LIBOR × 2.7499999)	16.637499%	0.00%	19.6624992%	0	7.15%
SB	$10.725\% - (LIBOR \times 1.50)$	9.075000%	0.00%	10.7250000%	0	7.15%
SC	$14.30\% - (LIBOR \times 2.00)$	12.100000%	0.00%	14.3000000%	0	7.15%

- (1) LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities Interest Distributions Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in this Supplement.
- (2) The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

**Allocation of Principal:** On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") will be allocated in the following order of priority:

- 1. To the PAC Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, as follows:
  - a. To AB, while outstanding
  - b. To AF and AO, pro rata, until their aggregate principal balance is reduced to \$24,499,868
    - c. Concurrently:
      - i. 70.0000008571% to AF and AO, pro rata, while outstanding
      - ii. 29.999991429% to AC, while outstanding
    - d. To AY, while outstanding
  - 2. Concurrently:
    - a. 50.0000000000% as follows:
    - i. To NE and NG, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
      - ii. To NA, NB, NC and ND, in that order, until retired
    - iii. To NE and NG, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances, until retired
    - b. 13.4276305814% as follows:
    - i. To LA, LB and Segment 1, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
      - ii. To Segment 2, until retired
    - iii. To LA, LB and Segment 1, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances, until retired

- c. 36.5723694186% to N, until retired
- 3. To the PAC Classes, in the same manner and order of priority described in Step 1 above, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances, until retired
- On each Distribution Date, payments allocated to Segment 1 and Segment 2 will be aggregated and distributed to LC, LD, LE and LG, in that order, until retired

**Scheduled Principal Balances:** The Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes and Segment listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Ranges:

Classes and Segment	Structuring Ranges
AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	100% PSA through 250% PSA
NE and NG (in the aggregate)	110% PSA through 200% PSA
LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	111% PSA through 200% PSA

**Notional Class:** The Notional Class will not receive distributions of principal but has a Class Notional Balance for convenience in describing its entitlement to interest. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

Class	Notional Balance	Represents
AS	\$72,553,863	100% of AF (PAC Class)

**Segments:** For purposes of calculating distributions of principal, Classes LC, LD, LE and LG will be apportioned as Segments as follows:

Oniginal

Segment	Principal Type	Principal Balance
1	SCH	\$2,650,546
2	SUP	\$6,178,931

**Tax Status:** Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

**Regular and Residual Classes:** Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

#### **RISK FACTORS**

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

**Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield.** The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount (principal only securities, for example) and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities. If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and scheduled classes and segment, the related support classes and segment will not receive any principal distribution on that date. If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and scheduled classes and segment for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the related support classes and segment.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the segment, support, interest only, principal only, inverse floating rate and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal"

Income Tax Consequences" in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

#### THE TRUST ASSETS

#### General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

#### The Trust MBS

The Trust Assets are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate issued prior to July 1, 2003 bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% to 1.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate issued on or after July 1, 2003 bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.25% to 0.75% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Ginnie Mae receives a fee (the "Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee") for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate of 0.06% per annum of the outstanding

principal balance of each related Mortgage Loan. The difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the sum of the Certificate Rate and the Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee.

#### The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). See "The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General" in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See "Risk Factors" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement.

#### The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on the Trust Assets in payment of its fee.

#### **GINNIE MAE GUARANTY**

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. *See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Base Offering Circular*.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES**

#### General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial

intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial principal or notional balance.

#### **Distributions**

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date or, in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### **Interest Distributions**

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See "— Class Factors" below.

#### Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

#### Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

Class Accrual Period

Fixed Rate Classes
Floating Rate and Inverse
Floating Rate Classes

The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date From the 20th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution Date through the 19th day of the month of that Distribution Date

#### Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

#### Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee's determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final, except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access") or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

#### **Principal Distributions**

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See "— Class Factors" below.

#### Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

#### Segments

For convenience in describing principal payments, certain of the Classes will be apportioned into Segments. Each Segment will have the original principal amount shown under "Terms Sheet — Segments" in this Supplement. Payments of principal made with respect to the Segments on any Distribution Date will be allocated as described under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement. The Segments are not separate Classes and will not be separately issued or transferable.

#### Notional Class

The Notional Class will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Class will have the original Class Notional Balance shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balance will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Class" in this Supplement.

#### **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

#### **Class Factors**

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the applicable Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

#### **Modification and Exchange**

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the inside cover page may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book-Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at 45 Broadway, 12th Floor, New York, New York 10006, Attention: Ruth Fussell. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (212) 515-5262 and by fax at (212) 515-1042.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000); provided, however that no fee will be payable in respect of an interest only security. The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

#### General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

• The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.

• The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See "Description of the Securities—Termination" in this Supplement.

#### Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, each PAC and Scheduled Class and Scheduled Segment will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range. See "Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances." However, whether any such Class or Segment will adhere to its schedule and receive "Scheduled Payments" on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC and Scheduled Class and Scheduled Segment exhibits an Effective Range of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range may differ from the Structuring Range used to create the related principal balances schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Range for the PAC and Scheduled Classes and Scheduled Segment are as follows:

PAC Classes	<b>Initial Effective Range</b>
AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	100% PSA through 250% PSA
Scheduled Classes and Segment	
NE and NG (in the aggregate)	110% PSA through 223% PSA
LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	111% PSA through 200% PSA

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported by the Scheduled and Support Classes and Segments.
- The principal payment stability of Classes NE and NG will be supported by Classes NA, NB, NC and ND.

• The principal payment stability of Classes LA and LB and Segment 1 will be supported by Segment 2.

If all of the Classes or the Segment supporting a given Class or Segment are retired before the Class or Segment being supported is retired, the outstanding Class or Segment will no longer have an Effective Range and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Ranges. If the initial Effective Ranges were calculated using the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Ranges could differ from those shown in the above table. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range shown for any Class or Segment in the above table, that Class or Segment could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range for that Class or Segment. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment can narrow, shift over time or cease to exist, depending on the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range for any PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on that PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment, and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range for any PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment, its supporting Classes or Segment may be retired earlier than that PAC or Scheduled Class or Scheduled Segment, and its Weighted Average Life may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

#### **Assumability**

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### **Final Distribution Date**

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

#### **Modeling Assumptions**

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

- 1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months and a Mortgage Rate of 1.50% per annum higher than the Certificate Rate.
- 2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.
- 3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in March 2004.
  - 4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
  - 5. The Closing Date for the Securities is February 27, 2004.
  - 6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.
  - 7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th day of the month and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### **Decrement Tables**

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement ("PSA") is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the "PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates"). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of the Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of the Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for the Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as the Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for the Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

# Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																			
			Class A	AB				Class A	AC		Cla		F, AO, SB and	AS, AV SC	V, SA,			Class A	ΑY	
Distribution Date	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2005	94	83	83	83	83	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2006	88	52	52	52	52	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2007	82	15	15	15	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	86	100	100	100	100	100
February 2008	75	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	91	91	91	49	100	100	100	100	100
February 2009	68	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	94	100	76	76	76	23	100	100	100	100	100
February 2010	60	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	43	100	62	62	62	11	100	100	100	100	100
February 2011	51	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	9	100	48	48	48	2	100	100	100	100	100
February 2012	42	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	36	36	36	0	100	100	100	100	77
February 2013	32	0	0	0	0	100	98	98	98	0	100	24	24	24	0	100	100	100	100	53
February 2014	22	0	0	0	0	100	70	70	70	0	100	17	17	17	0	100	100	100	100	36
February 2015	10	0	0	0	0	100	46	46	46	0	100	11	11	11	0	100	100	100	100	24
February 2016	0	0	0	0	0	100	26	26	26	0	99	6	6	6	0	100	100	100	100	17
February 2017	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	9	9	0	93	2	2	2	0	100	100	100	100	11
February 2018	Ö	0	0	0	0	100	Ó	Ó	Ó	Õ	87	0	0	0	0	100	93	93	93	8
February 2019	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	100	76	76	76	5
February 2020	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	73	0	0	0	0	100	62	62	62	3
February 2021	Ö	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	Õ	65	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	100	50	50	50	2
February 2022	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	100	40	40	40	1
February 2023	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	100	32	32	32	1
February 2024	Ö	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	Õ	38	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	100	25	25	25	1
February 2025	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	100	20	20	20	0
February 2026	0	0	0	0	0	76	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	100	15	15	15	0
February 2027	Ö	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	Õ	11	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	100	12	12	12	0
February 2028	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	100	9	9	9	0
February 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	6	6	6	0
February 2030	0	0	0	0	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	0
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	0
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ĭ	ĭ	1	ĭ	0
February 2033	Ö	0	0	0	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average			Ü	Ü			0	Ü									Ü	0		
Life (vears)	6.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	22.8	11.0	11.0	11.0	6.0	18.5	7.3	7.3	7.3	4.2	25.1	18.0	18.0	18.0	9.9

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																					
			Class I	LA				Class I	В				Class I	.c			Class LD					
Distribution Date	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2005	100	100	91	91	91	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	90	86	61	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2006		100	71	71	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	68	58	0	100	100	100	100	32		
February 2007		100	47	47	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	44	26	0	100	100	100	100	0		
February 2008		100	27	16	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	25	3	0	100	100	100	100	0		
February 2009		100	11	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	11	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
February 2010		100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	2	0	0	100	100	100	0	0		
February 2011		100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	20	0	0		
February 2012		100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2013		99	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2014		82	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2015		49	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2016		2	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2017		0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	94	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2018	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	86	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2019		0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	78	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2020	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	70	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2021	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	61	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2022	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	52	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2023	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	43	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2024	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	34	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2025	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	25	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2026	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	17	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2027	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	9	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2028	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	1	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0		
February 2029	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	3	0	0	0		
February 2030	44	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
February 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0		
February 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average																						
Life (vears)	26.0	10.9	3.0	2.8	1.7	26.2	12.1	5.8	4.1	1.9	27.7	18.2	2.9	2.3	1.1	29.2	24.6	6.7	4.5	2.0		

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																			
			Class	LE				Class I	.G			Class		Class NA						
Distribution Date	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	90	74	100	100	90	86	62
February 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	77	70	22	100	100	69	59	0
February 2007		100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	59	47	0	100	100	45	27	0
February 2008		100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	44	29	0	100	100	26	4	0
February 2009		100	100	60	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	34	17	0	100	100	12	0	0
February 2010	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	75	0	100	100	26	8	0	100	100	3	0	0
February 2011	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	27	0	100	100	21	3	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2012	100	100	80	0	0	100	100	100	4	0	100	100	19	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2013	100	100	67	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	17	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2014	100	100	57	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	99	16	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2015	100	100	45	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	96	15	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2016	100	100	32	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	92	14	0	Ö	100	100	0	0	Õ
February 2017	100	100	18	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	88	13	0	0	100	96	0	0	0
February 2018	100	100	5	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	83	11	0	0	100	88	0	0	0
February 2019	100	100	Ó	0	0	100	100	93	0	0	100	77	10	Ö	Ö	100	80	Õ	0	Õ
February 2020	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	82	0	0	100	72	9	0	0	100	72	0	0	0
February 2021	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	71	0	0	100	66	8	0	0	100	63	0	0	0
February 2022	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	62	0	0	100	60	7	Ö	Ö	100	54	Õ	0	Õ
February 2023	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	53	0	0	100	54	6	0	0	100	46	0	0	0
February 2024	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	45	0	0	100	48	5	0	0	100	37	0	0	0
February 2025	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	37	0	0	100	42	$\tilde{4}$	0	Ö	100	28	Õ	0	Õ
February 2026	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	30	0	0	100	36	3	0	0	100	20	0	0	0
February 2027	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	25	0	0	100	31	3	0	0	100	12	0	0	0
February 2028		100	0	0	0	100	100	19	0	0	100	26	2	Ö	Ö	100	4	Õ	0	Õ
February 2029	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	15	0	0	100	21	2	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2030	100	50	0	0	0	100	100	11	0	0	96	16	1	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2031	100	1	0	0	0	100	100	7	0	0	74	11	- Ĩ	0	0	76	0	0	0	Õ
February 2032	100	0	0	0	0	100	60	4	0	0	51	7	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0
February 2033		0	0	0	0	100	22	1	0	0	27	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0
February 2034	0	0	0	Ö	Ő	0	0	0	Ő	Ő	0	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	0	Ő	Ö
Weighted Average	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-
Life (years)	29.4	26.0	10.6	5.1	2.1	29.8	28.3	20.1	6.6	2.3	28.0	19.8	5.7	3.2	1.5	27.8	18.5	3.0	2.3	1.2

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																			
			Class I	NB				Class N	IC .				Class N	ND				Class I	NE.	
Distribution Date	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	91	91	91
February 2006	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	37	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	71	71	71
February 2007	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	47	47	0
February 2008	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	27	27	0
February 2009	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	24	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	11	11	0
February 2010	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	53	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2011	100	100	25	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	16	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2012	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	80	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
February 2013	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	70	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	99	0	0	0
February 2014	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	57	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	81	0	0	0
February 2015	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	42	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	44	0	0	0
February 2016	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	25	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2017	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	7	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2018	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	94	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2019	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	84	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2020	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	74	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2021	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	64	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2022	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	56	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2023	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	48	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2024	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	40	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2025	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	34	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2026	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	28	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2027	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	22	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2028	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	17	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2029	100	32	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	13	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
February 2030	100	0	0	0	0	100	48	0	0	0	100	100	10	0	0	38	0	0	0	0
February 2031	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	91	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2032	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	54	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2033	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	19	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																				
Life (years)	29.2	24.9	6.8	4.3	1.9	29.4	26.0	10.3	4.8	2.0	29.8	28.2	19.5	6.2	2.2	26.0	10.8	3.0	3.0	2.0

	roa rrepayment Assumption Rates							
			Class N	√G				
Distribution Date	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%			
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100			
February 2005	100	100	100	100	100			
February 2006	100	100	100	100	100			
February 2007	100	100	100	100	0			
February 2008	100	100	100	100	0			
February 2009	100	100	100	100	0			
February 2010	100	100	90	90	0			
February 2011	100	100	52	52	0			
February 2012	100	100	23	23	0			
February 2013	100	100	0	0	0			
February 2014	100	100	0	0	0			
February 2015	100	100	0	0	0			
February 2016	100	72	0	0	0			
February 2017	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2018	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2019	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2020	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2021	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2022	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2023	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2024	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2025	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2026	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2027	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2028	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2029	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2030	100	0	0	0	0			
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0			
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0			
February 2033	0	0	0	0	0			
February 2034	0	0	0	0	0			
Weighted Average								
Life (years)	26.2	12.1	7.2	7.1	2.4			

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

#### **Yield Considerations**

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios, and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.** 

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Class), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Class should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount(especially the Principal Only Class), slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

#### LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Class. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes. In addition, the Floating Rate Class will not benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Class is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

#### Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier.

#### **Yield Tables**

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.** 

The yields were calculated by

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest (in the case of interest-bearing Classes), and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to each Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest (in the case of interest-bearing Classes) is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.** 

## Sensitivity of Class AO to Prepayments Assumed Price 72.156250%

**PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates** 

100%	215%	250%	500%
4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	7.9%

# Sensitivity of Class AS to Prepayments Assumed Price 15.93750%\*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates						
LIBOR	100%	215%	250%	500%			
0.10%	43.8%	43.8%	43.8%	33.8%			
1.10%	35.6%	35.6%	35.6%	24.2%			
4.10%	9.2%	9.2%	9.2%	(7.9)%			
7.15% and above	**	* *	* *	* *			

#### Sensitivity of Class SA to Prepayments Assumed Price 116.0%\*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates						
LIBOR	100%	215%	250%	500%			
0.10%	16.0%	16.0%	16.0%	14.6%			
1.10%	13.5%	13.5%	13.5%	12.1%			
4.10%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	4.4%			
7.15% and above	(1.9)%	(1.9)%	(1.9)%	(3.2)%			

<sup>\*</sup> The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

#### Sensitivity of Class SB to Prepayments Assumed Price 96.0%\*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates						
LIBOR	100%	215%	250%	500%			
0.10%	11.7%	11.7%	11.7%	12.1%			
1.10%	10.1%	10.1%	10.1%	10.5%			
4.10%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.8%			
7.15% and above	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	1.1%			

## Sensitivity of Class SC to Prepayments Assumed Price 104.0%\*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates						
LIBOR	100%	215%	250%	500%			
0.10%	13.5%	13.5%	13.5%	13.2%			
1.10%	11.5%	11.5%	11.5%	11.2%			
4.10%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.2%			
7.15% and above	(0.4)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%	(0.7)%			

<sup>\*</sup> The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

#### CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

#### **REMIC Elections**

In the opinion of Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and Issuing REMIC.

#### **Regular Securities**

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class AO Securities are Principal Only Securities. Principal Only Securities are treated for federal income tax purposes as having been issued with an amount of original issue discount ("OID") equal to the difference between their principal balance and their issue price.

The Class AS Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securi-

ties and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

Other than the Regular Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics, the prepayment assumption described below and, in the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the constant LIBOR value described below, no Classes of Regular Securities are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Regular Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 215% PSA (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). In the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the constant value of LIBOR to be used for these determinations is 1.10%. No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, "permitted assets" for financial asset securitization investment trusts ("FASITs"), and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

#### **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Regulations have been proposed regarding the federal income tax treatment of "inducement fees" received by transferees of noneconomic REMIC residual interests. The proposed regulations (i) provide tax accounting rules for the treatment of such fees as income over an appropriate period and (ii) clarify that inducement fees will be treated as income from sources within the United States. If these rules are finalized as proposed, the final regulations will apply to taxable years ending on or after the date the final regulations are published, and thus the rules in the proposed regulations may apply to the treatment of any inducement fee received in connection with the purchase of Class RR Securities. Prospective purchasers of the Class RR Securities should consult with their tax advisors regarding the effect of these proposed regulations.

#### **MX Securities**

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### **ERISA MATTERS**

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

#### LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from February 1, 2004 on the Fixed Rate Classes and February 20, 2004 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

#### **INCREASE IN SIZE**

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) and the Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP, New York, New York; for the Trust by Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, Washington, DC, and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., Greenbelt, Maryland; and for the Trustee by Seward & Kissel LLP, New York, New York.

Available Combinations(1)

	Final Distribution Date(4)	December 2032	38374FFK5 December 2032	December 2032	December 2032
	CUSIP Number	38374FFJ8	38374FFK5	38374FFL3	38374FFM1
	Interest Type(3)	FIX	INV	INV	INV
MX Securities	Interest Rate	5.50%	(5)	(5)	(5)
MX	Principal Type(3)	PAC	PAC	PAC	PAC
	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance(2)	\$98,937,087	\$26,383,224	\$26,383,224	\$26,383,224
	Related MX Class	AW	SA	SB	SC
REMIC Securities	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	\$72,553,863 26,383,224 72,553,863	\$26,383,224 72,553,863	\$26,383,224 39,574,836	\$26,383,224 52,766,448
REN	Class	Combination 1  AF  AO  AS	Combination 2 AO AS	Combination 3 AO AS	Combination 4 AO AS

(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denominations restrictions.

(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement. (5) The Interest Rate will be calculated as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

#### **Schedule II**

#### SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
Initial Balance	\$178,361,218.00	\$3,440,460.00	\$3,261,000.00
March 2004	177,932,800.68	3,437,981.66	3,252,610.76
April 2004	177,461,664.37	3,434,887.93	3,242,138.42
May 2004	176,947,958.44	3,431,181.44	3,229,591.91
June 2004	176,391,854.39	3,426,865.51	3,214,982.44
July 2004	175,793,545.79	3,421,944.13	3,198,323.45
August 2004	175,153,248.19	3,416,421.95	3,179,630.67
September 2004	174,471,199.01	3,410,304.29	3,158,922.04
October 2004	173,747,657.44	3,403,597.13	3,136,217.74
November 2004	172,982,904.24	3,396,307.10	3,111,540.16
December 2004	172,177,241.66	3,388,441.48	3,084,913.87
January 2005	171,330,993.20	3,380,008.21	3,056,365.59
February 2005	170,444,503.40	3,371,015.84	3,025,924.23
March 2005	169,518,137.68	3,361,473.56	2,993,620.75
April 2005	168,552,282.07	3,351,391.17	2,959,488.20
May 2005	167,547,342.93	3,340,779.07	2,923,561.69
June 2005	166,503,746.71	3,329,648.27	2,885,878.30
July 2005	165,421,939.68	3,318,010.34	2,846,477.09
August 2005	164,302,387.56	3,305,877.44	2,805,399.01
September 2005	163,145,575.24	3,293,262.25	2,762,686.91
October 2005	161,952,006.43	3,280,178.03	2,718,385.43
November 2005	160,722,203.28	3,266,638.54	2,672,540.98
December 2005.	159,456,706.05	3,252,658.04	2,625,201.69
January 2006	158,156,072.66	3,238,251.30	2,576,417.34
February 2006	156,820,878.33	3,223,433.55	2,526,239.28
March 2006	155,451,715.14	3,208,220.48	2,474,720.43
April 2006	154,049,191.59	3,192,628.20	2,421,915.15
May 2006	152,613,932.15	3,176,673.26	2,367,879.21
June 2006	151,186,123.36	3,160,943.60	2,314,603.07
July 2006	149,765,726.87	3,145,437.33	2,262,080.39
August 2006	148,352,704.55	3,130,152.55	2,210,304.83
September 2006	146,947,018.45	3,115,087.41	2,159,270.14
October 2006	145,548,630.82	3,100,240.04	2,108,970.09
November 2006	144,157,504.12	3,085,608.60	2,059,398.48
December 2006	142,773,600.99	3,071,191.27	2,010,549.19
January 2007	141,396,884.24	3,056,986.22	1,962,416.14
February 2007	140,027,316.92	3,042,991.65	1,914,993.26
March 2007	138,664,862.22	3,029,205.78	1,868,274.58
April 2007	137,309,483.56	3,015,626.83	1,822,254.11
May 2007	135,961,144.51	3,002,253.03	1,776,925.97
June 2007	134,619,808.87	2,989,082.64	1,732,284.26
July 2007	133,285,440.60	2,976,113.91	1,688,323.16
August 2007	131,958,003.84	2,963,345.13	1,645,036.89
September 2007	130,637,462.92	2,950,774.59	1,602,419.71
October 2007	129,323,782.37	2,938,400.57	1,560,465.92
November 2007	128,016,926.89	2,926,221.40	1,519,169.85
December 2007	126,716,861.35	2,914,235.41	1,478,525.89
January 2008	125,423,550.83	2,902,440.92	1,438,528.46
February 2008	124,136,960.55	2,890,836.30	1,399,172.04
March 2008	122,857,055.94	2,879,419.90	1,360,451.12

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
April 2008	\$121,583,802.60	\$2,868,190.10	\$1,322,360.25
May 2008	120,317,166.30	2,857,145.28	1,284,894.02
June 2008	119,057,113.00	2,846,283.85	1,248,047.05
July 2008	117,803,608.82	2,835,604.22	1,211,814.01
August 2008	116,556,620.06	2,825,104.80	1,176,189.61
September 2008	115,316,113.20	2,814,784.03	1,141,168.58
October 2008	114,082,054.87	2,804,640.37	1,106,745.73
November 2008	112,854,411.91	2,794,672.25	1,072,915.85
December 2008	111,633,151.30	2,784,878.17	1,039,673.81
January 2009	110,418,240.19	2,775,256.58	1,007,014.52
February 2009	109,209,645.91	2,765,805.99	974,932.91
March 2009	108,007,335.97	2,756,524.90	943,423.94
April 2009	106,811,278.01	2,747,411.82	912,482.63
May 2009	105,621,439.88	2,738,465.28	882,104.03
June 2009	104,437,789.55	2,729,683.82	852,283.22
July 2009	103,260,295.21	2,721,065.97	823,015.32
August 2009	102,088,925.15	2,712,610.29	794,295.49
September 2009	100,923,647.88	2,704,315.37	766,118.92
October 2009	99,764,432.03	2,696,179.77	738,480.83
November 2009	98,611,246.42	2,688,202.08	711,376.50
December 2009.	97,464,060.02	2,680,380.91	684,801.22
January 2010	96,322,841.95	2,672,714.86	658,750.32
•	95,187,561.51	2,665,202.56	633,219.17
February 2010		2,657,842.64	
March 2010	94,058,188.13		608,203.18
April 2010	92,934,691.42	2,650,633.74	583,697.78
May 2010	91,817,041.14	2,643,574.51	559,698.44
June 2010	90,705,207.21	2,636,663.61	536,200.67
July 2010	89,599,159.69	2,629,899.72	513,200.01
August 2010	88,498,868.81	2,623,281.52	490,692.03
September 2010	87,404,304.94	2,616,807.69	468,672.33
October 2010	86,315,438.61	2,610,476.95	447,136.56
November 2010	85,232,240.51	2,604,288.00	426,080.37
December 2010	84,154,681.46	2,598,239.57	405,499.48
January 2011	83,082,732.44	2,592,330.38	385,389.62
February 2011	82,016,364.59	2,586,559.17	365,746.56
March 2011	80,955,549.18	2,580,924.70	346,566.09
April 2011	79,900,257.64	2,575,425.72	327,844.05
May 2011	78,850,461.54	2,570,061.01	309,576.30
June 2011	77,806,132.61	2,564,829.34	291,758.73
July 2011	76,767,242.71	2,559,729.50	274,387.25
August 2011	75,733,763.84	2,554,760.28	257,457.85
September 2011	74,705,668.17	2,549,920.49	240,966.48
October 2011	73,682,927.99	2,545,208.95	224,909.16
November 2011	72,665,515.74	2,540,624.48	209,281.95
December 2011	71,653,403.99	2,536,165.91	194,080.92
January 2012	70,646,565.48	2,531,832.08	179,302.17
February 2012	69,644,973.07	2,527,621.84	164,941.83
March 2012	68,648,599.75	2,523,534.05	150,996.07
April 2012	67,657,418.67	2,519,567.58	137,461.08
May 2012	66,671,403.11	2,515,721.31	124,333.08
June 2012	65,690,526.48	2,511,994.12	111,608.32
July 2012	64,714,762.34	2,508,384.90	99,283.07
August 2012	63,744,084.38	2,504,892.55	87,353.65
September 2012	62,778,466.42	2,501,515.99	75,816.38
October 2012	61,817,882.42	2,498,254.13	64,667.64
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	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
November 2012	\$ 60,862,654.97	\$2,495,059.10	\$ 53,729.55
December 2012	59,921,340.81	2,490,777.42	38,707.28
January 2013	58,993,743.63	2,485,430.94	19,682.61
February 2013	58,079,669.85	2,479,041.17	0.00
March 2013	57,178,928.54	2,471,629.32	0.00
April 2013	56,291,331.46	2,463,216.22	0.00
May 2013	55,416,692.95	2,453,822.42	0.00
June 2013	54,554,829.92	2,443,856.54	0.00
July 2013	53,705,561.84	2,433,650.80	0.00
August 2013	52,868,710.67	2,423,213.05	0.00
September 2013	52,044,100.83	2,412,550.98	0.00
October 2013	51,231,559.20	2,401,672.12	0.00
November 2013	50,430,915.05	2,390,583.85	0.00
December 2013	49,642,000.00	2,379,293.39	0.00
January 2014	48,864,648.03	2,367,807.83	0.00
February 2014	48,098,695.42	2,356,134.10	0.00
March 2014	47,343,980.72	2,344,279.01	0.00
April 2014	46,600,344.71	2,332,249.20	0.00
May 2014	45,867,630.42	2,320,051.20	0.00
June 2014	45,145,683.00	2,307,691.39	0.00
July 2014	44,434,349.80	2,295,176.03	0.00
August 2014	43,733,480.28	2,282,511.22	0.00
September 2014	43,042,925.97	2,269,702.98	0.00
October 2014	42,362,540.50	2,256,757.16	0.00
November 2014	41,692,179.49	2,243,679.51	0.00
December 2014	41,031,700.61	2,230,475.66	0.00
January 2015	40,380,963.48	2,217,151.10	0.00
February 2015	39,739,829.69	2,203,711.23	0.00
March 2015	39,108,162.75	2,190,161.31	0.00
April 2015	38,485,828.05	2,176,506.52	0.00
May 2015	37,872,692.89	2,162,751.88	0.00
June 2015	37,268,626.39	2,148,902.35	0.00
July 2015	36,673,499.50	2,134,962.75	0.00
August 2015	36,087,184.96	2,120,937.80	0.00
September 2015	35,509,557.29	2,106,832.14	0.00
October 2015	34,940,492.76	2,092,650.27	0.00
November 2015	34,379,869.35	2,078,396.63	0.00
December 2015	33,827,566.76	2,064,075.53	0.00
January 2016	33,283,466.34	2,049,691.20	0.00
February 2016	32,747,451.13	2,035,247.77	0.00
March 2016	32,219,405.76	2,020,749.28	0.00
April 2016	31,699,216.51	2,006,199.67	0.00
May 2016	31,186,771.20	1,991,602.81	0.00
June 2016	30,681,959.25	1,976,962.46	0.00
July 2016	30,184,671.61	1,962,282.30	0.00
August 2016	29,694,800.76	1,947,565.93	0.00
September 2016	29,212,240.67	1,932,816.87	0.00
October 2016	28,736,886.78	1,918,038.55	0.00
November 2016	28,268,636.03	1,903,234.31	0.00
December 2016	27,807,386.75	1,888,407.44	0.00
January 2017	27,353,038.73	1,873,561.12	0.00
February 2017	26,905,493.14	1,858,698.49	0.00
March 2017	26,464,652.52	1,843,822.57	0.00
April 2017	26,030,420.80	1,828,936.34	0.00
May 2017	25,602,703.24	1,814,042.70	0.00

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
June 2017	\$ 25,181,406.42	\$1,799,144.48	\$ 0.00
July 2017	24,766,438.23	1,784,244.44	0.00
August 2017	24,357,707.85	1,769,345.26	0.00
September 2017	23,955,125.72	1,754,449.58	0.00
October 2017	23,558,603.56	1,739,559.94	0.00
November 2017	23,168,054.30	1,724,678.84	0.00
December 2017	22,783,392.10	1,709,808.71	0.00
January 2018	22,404,532.32	1,694,951.91	0.00
February 2018	22,031,391.50	1,680,110.77	0.00
March 2018	21,663,887.35	1,665,287.51	0.00
April 2018	21,301,938.75	1,650,484.34	0.00
May 2018	20,945,465.69	1,635,703.38	0.00
June 2018	20,594,389.31	1,620,946.70	0.00
July 2018	20,248,631.82	1,606,216.33	0.00
August 2018	19,908,116.57	1,591,514.22	0.00
September 2018	19,572,767.94	1,576,842.30	0.00
October 2018	19,242,511.38	1,562,202.42	0.00
November 2018	18,917,273.42	1,547,596.38	0.00
December 2018	18,596,981.57	1,533,025.94	0.00
January 2019	18,281,564.40	1,518,492.81	0.00
February 2019	17,970,951.46	1,503,998.66	0.00
March 2019	17,665,073.29	1,489,545.08	0.00
April 2019	17,363,861.43	1,475,133.65	0.00
May 2019	17,067,248.35	1,460,765.89	0.00
June 2019	16,775,167.49	1,446,443.27	0.00
July 2019	16,487,553.21	1,432,167.21	0.00
August 2019	16,204,340.81	1,417,939.12	0.00
September 2019	15,925,466.49	1,403,760.33	0.00
October 2019	15,650,867.35	1,389,632.14	0.00
November 2019	15,380,481.38	1,375,555.83	0.00
December 2019	15,114,247.43	1,361,532.61	0.00
January 2020	14,852,105.22	1,347,563.66	0.00
February 2020	14,593,995.33	1,333,650.14	0.00
March 2020	14,339,859.15	1,319,793.15	0.00
April 2020	14,089,638.92	1,305,993.77	0.00
May 2020	13,843,277.68 13,600,719.29	1,292,253.02 1,278,571.91	0.00 0.00
July 2020	13,361,908.37	1,264,951.41	0.00
August 2020	13,126,790.36	1,251,392.45	0.00
September 2020	12,895,311.44	1,237,895.92	0.00
October 2020	12,667,418.56	1,224,462.69	0.00
November 2020	12,443,059.43	1,211,093.60	0.00
December 2020	12,222,182.47	1,197,789.45	0.00
January 2021	12,004,736.86	1,184,551.02	0.00
February 2021	11,790,672.48	1,171,379.04	0.00
March 2021	11,579,939.92	1,158,274.23	0.00
April 2021	11,372,490.48	1,145,237.27	0.00
May 2021	11,168,276.12	1,132,268.82	0.00
June 2021	10,967,249.52	1,119,369.51	0.00
July 2021	10,769,364.00	1,106,539.94	0.00
August 2021	10,574,573.54	1,093,780.69	0.00
September 2021	10,382,832.79	1,081,092.30	0.00
October 2021	10,194,097.03	1,068,475.31	0.00
November 2021	10,008,322.17	1,055,930.21	0.00
December 2021	9,825,464.76	1,043,457.47	0.00

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
January 2022	\$ 9,645,481.95	\$1,031,057.55	\$ 0.00
February 2022	9,468,331.50	1,018,730.88	0.00
March 2022	9,293,971.77	1,006,477.87	0.00
April 2022	9,122,361.73	994,298.88	0.00
May 2022	8,953,460.89	982,194.31	0.00
June 2022	8,787,229.38	970,164.47	0.00
July 2022	8,623,627.86	958,209.69	0.00
August 2022	8,462,617.58	946,330.27	0.00
September 2022	8,304,160.31	934,526.49	0.00
October 2022	8,148,218.38	922,798.61	0.00
November 2022	7,994,754.65	911,146.88	0.00
December 2022	7,843,732.52	899,571.52	0.00
January 2023	7,695,115.90	888,072.72	0.00
February 2023	7,548,869.21	876,650.69	0.00
March 2023	7,404,957.38	865,305.58	0.00
April 2023	7,263,345.84	854,037.56	0.00
May 2023	7,124,000.52 6,986,887.81	842,846.75	0.00
		831,733.28	0.00
July 2023	6,851,974.62	820,697.26	0.00
August 2023	6,719,228.29	809,738.77	0.00
September 2023	6,588,616.66	798,857.89	0.00
October 2023	6,460,107.99	788,054.67	0.00
November 2023	6,333,671.03	777,329.17	0.00
December 2023	6,209,274.96	766,681.41	0.00
January 2024	6,086,889.40	756,111.41	0.00
February 2024	5,966,484.41	745,619.18	0.00
March 2024	5,848,030.46	735,204.71	0.00
April 2024	5,731,498.46	724,867.97	0.00
May 2024	5,616,859.73	714,608.94	0.00
June 2024	5,504,086.01	704,427.56	0.00
July 2024	5,393,149.42	694,323.79	0.00
August 2024	5,284,022.50	684,297.54	0.00
September 2024	5,176,678.18	674,348.75	0.00
October 2024	5,071,089.77	664,477.32	0.00
November 2024	4,967,230.97	654,683.14	0.00
December 2024	4,865,075.85	644,966.12	0.00
January 2025	4,764,598.85	635,326.12	0.00
February 2025	4,665,774.80	625,763.01	0.00
March 2025	4,568,578.85	616,276.66	0.00
April 2025	4,472,986.55	606,866.91	0.00
May 2025	4,378,973.76	597,533.61	0.00
June 2025	4,286,516.73	588,276.58	0.00
July 2025	4,195,592.01	579,095.65	0.00
August 2025	4,106,176.51	569,990.64	0.00
September 2025	4,018,247.47	560,961.35	0.00
October 2025	3,931,782.45	552,007.58	0.00
November 2025	3,846,759.34	543,129.13	0.00
December 2025	3,763,156.35	534,325.77	0.00
January 2026	3,680,951.99	525,597.29	0.00
February 2026	3,600,125.10	516,943.45	0.00
March 2026	3,520,654.80	508,364.02	0.00
April 2026	3,442,520.54	499,858.76	0.00
		499,838.70	
May 2026	3,365,702.04		0.00
June 2026	3,290,179.32	483,069.73	0.00
July 2026	3,215,932.71	474,785.44	0.00

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
August 2026	\$ 3,142,942.78	\$ 466,574.29	\$ 0.00
September 2026	3,071,190.43	458,435.99	0.00
October 2026	3,000,656.81	450,370.28	0.00
November 2026	2,931,323.33	442,376.86	0.00
December 2026	2,863,171.70	434,455.45	0.00
January 2027	2,796,183.86	426,605.76	0.00
February 2027	2,730,342.05	418,827.49	0.00
March 2027	2,665,628.74	411,120.33	0.00
April 2027	2,602,026.66	403,483.97	0.00
May 2027	2,539,518.79	395,918.12	0.00
June 2027	2,478,088.36	388,422.44	0.00
July 2027	2,417,718.83	380,996.62	0.00
August 2027	2,358,393.93	373,640.35	0.00
September 2027	2,300,097.60	366,353.28	0.00
October 2027	2,242,814.02	359,135.09	0.00
November 2027	2,186,527.60	351,985.45	0.00
	2,131,222.98	344,904.02	
December 2027			0.00
January 2028	2,076,885.02	337,890.46	0.00
February 2028	2,023,498.80	330,944.42	0.00
March 2028	1,971,049.62	324,065.56	0.00
April 2028	1,919,522.98	317,253.54	0.00
May 2028	1,868,904.62	310,507.99	0.00
June 2028	1,819,180.47	303,828.58	0.00
July 2028	1,770,336.66	297,214.93	0.00
August 2028	1,722,359.52	290,666.69	0.00
September 2028	1,675,235.61	284,183.50	0.00
October 2028	1,628,951.65	277,765.01	0.00
November 2028	1,583,494.57	271,410.83	0.00
December 2028	1,538,851.50	265,120.62	0.00
January 2029	1,495,009.74	258,893.99	0.00
February 2029	1,451,956.78	252,730.58	0.00
March 2029	1,409,680.30	246,630.02	0.00
April 2029	1,368,168.16	240,591.94	0.00
May 2029	1,327,408.39	234,615.96	0.00
June 2029	1,287,389.21	228,701.70	0.00
July 2029	1,248,099.00	222,848.80	0.00
August 2029	1,209,526.31	217,056.86	0.00
September 2029	1,171,659.86	211,325.53	0.00
October 2029	1,134,488.55	205,654.40	0.00
November 2029	1,098,001.43	200,043.11	0.00
December 2029	1,062,187.70	194,491.27	0.00
January 2030	1,027,036.74	188,998.51	0.00
February 2030	992,538.07	183,564.43	0.00
March 2030	958,681.38	178,188.66	0.00
April 2030	925,456.51	172,870.82	0.00
May 2030	892,853.42	167,610.52	0.00
June 2030	860,862.27	162,407.37	0.00
July 2030		157,260.99	0.00
	829,473.32		0.00
August 2030	798,676.99 768,463.86	152,171.01	
September 2030	768,463.86	147,137.03	0.00
October 2030	738,824.61	142,158.66	0.00
November 2030	709,750.09	137,235.54	0.00
December 2030	681,231.28	132,367.27	0.00
January 2031	653,259.27	127,553.46	0.00
February 2031	625,825.33	122,793.74	0.00

	Classes AB, AC, AF, AO and AY (in the aggregate)	Classes LA, LB and Segment 1 (in the aggregate)	Classes NE and NG (in the aggregate)
March 2031	\$ 598,920.81	\$ 118,087.72	\$ 0.00
April 2031	572,537.21	113,435.01	0.00
May 2031	546,666.16	108,835.24	0.00
June 2031	521,299.41	104,288.02	0.00
July 2031	496,428.83	99,792.97	0.00
August 2031	472,046.41	95,349.72	0.00
September 2031	448,144.26	90,957.86	0.00
October 2031	424,714.62	86,617.04	0.00
November 2031	401,749.83	82,326.86	0.00
December 2031	379,242.35	78,086.95	0.00
January 2032	357,184.75	73,896.93	0.00
February 2032	335,569.71	69,756.43	0.00
March 2032	314,390.03	65,665.06	0.00
April 2032	293,638.60	61,622.46	0.00
May 2032	273,308.44	57,628.24	0.00
June 2032	253,392.65	53,682.03	0.00
July 2032	233,884.44	49,783.46	0.00
August 2032	214,777.14	45,932.16	0.00
September 2032	196,064.16	42,127.76	0.00
October 2032	177,739.01	38,369.88	0.00
November 2032	159,795.30	34,658.16	0.00
December 2032	142,226.75	30,992.24	0.00
January 2033	125,027.16	27,371.73	0.00
February 2033	108,190.42	23,796.29	0.00
March 2033	91,710.51	20,265.55	0.00
April 2033	75,581.53	16,779.13	0.00
May 2033	59,797.63	13,336.69	0.00
June 2033	44,353.08	9,937.87	0.00
July 2033	29,242.21	6,582.29	0.00
August 2033	14,459.46	3,269.61	0.00
September 2033 and thereafter	0.00	0.00	0.00





\$250,000,000

# **Government National Mortgage Association**

### **GINNIE MAE®**

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CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON BLAYLOCK & PARTNERS, L.P.