

### \$299,003,863

# Government National Mortgage Association GINNIE MAE®

# Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2004-043

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 which highlights some of these risks.

#### The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

#### The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any prepayment penalties.

#### The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates described on Exhibit A.

The Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be June 30, 2004.

You should read the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

**XX RBS** Greenwich Capital

Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.

#### Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2004-043

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below.

Class	Original Principal Balance(1)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(2)	Interest Type(2)	Final Distribution Date(3)	CUSIP Number
Α	\$122,000,000	2.822%	SEQ	FIX	December 2019	38374G5F5
В	35,000,000	(4)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	December 2022	38374G5G3
C	41,000,000	(4)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	December 2025	38374G5H1
D	66,000,000	(4)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	March 2030	38374G5J7
ZS	25,000,000	(4)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	April 2036	38374G5L2
Z	10,003,863	(4)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	June 2044	38374G5K4
IO	299,003,863	(4)	NTL(PT)	WAC/IO/DLY	June 2044	38374G5M0
RR	0	0.000	NPR	NPR	June 2044	38374G5N8

<sup>(1)</sup> Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for the Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

<sup>(2)</sup> As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class Notional Balance of Class IO will be reduced in proportion to the Aggregate Class Principal Balance of Classes A, B, C, D, Z and ZS.

<sup>(3)</sup> See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

<sup>(4)</sup> Classes B, C, D, Z and ZS will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a variable rate per annum as described in this Supplement. See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

#### **AVAILABLE INFORMATION**

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement") and
- the Base Offering Circular for the Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities dated as of July 1, 2003 (hereinafter referred to as the "Multifamily Base Offering Circular").

The Multifamily Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In addition, you can obtain copies of the disclosure documents related to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates by contacting JPMorgan Chase Bank at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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#### **TERMS SHEET**

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

**Sponsor:** Greenwich Capital Markets, Inc.

Trustee: U.S. Bank National Association

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: June 30, 2004

**Distribution Date:** The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in July 2004.

**Composition of the Trust Assets:** The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will consist of 85 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates that have an aggregate balance of approximately \$299,078,863 as of the Cut-Off-Date.

Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets (as of June 1, 2004 (the "Cut-off Date"))<sup>(1)</sup>:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans will have the following characteristics, aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance program:

FHA Insurance Program	Principal Balance	Number of Pools	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Certificate Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity <sup>(2)</sup> (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Period from Issuance <sup>(2)</sup> (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	Weighted Average Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (in months)
223(a)(7)	\$117,873,584	56	39.4%	5.458%	5.148%	388	385	2	35	100
223(f)	90,599,021	15	30.3	5.413	5.095	415	414	2	40	117
232/223(f)	73,526,378	12	24.6	5.369	5.112	381	380	1	42	120
221(d)(4)	10,903,476	1	3.6	5.980	5.680	427	426	1	61	121
232	6,176,403	1	2.1	5.980	5.680	427	426	1	61	121
Total/Weighted Average	\$299,078,863	85	100.0%	5.453%	5.153%	<u>397</u>	395	2 =	40	111

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates added to pay the Trustee Fee. Some of the columns may not foot due to rounding.

The information contained in this chart has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Mortgage Loans" and Exhibit A to this Supplement.

**Lockout Periods and Prepayment Penalties:** Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 10 to 62 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 40 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans provide for payment of Prepayment Penalties during specified periods beginning on the applicable lockout period end date or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement. Prepayment Penalties received by the Trust will be allocated as described in this Supplement.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Based on the issue date of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate.

**Issuance of Securities:** The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.* 

**Increased Minimum Denomination Class:** Class IO. See "Description of the Securities— Form of Securities" in this Supplement.

**Interest Rates:** The Interest Rate for the Fixed Rate Class is shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest at per annum Interest Rates based on the Weighted Average Certificate Rate of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates (hereinafter referred to as "WACR") as follows:

Class B will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.831%.

Class C will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 5.008%.

Class D will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.994%.

Classes Z and ZS will each bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.500%.

Class IO will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rate for Classes A, B, C, D, Z and ZS for that Accrual Period, weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Classes B, C, D, Z, ZS and IO will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate Interest Rates:

Class	Approximate Initial Interest Rate
B	4.8310%
C	5.0080
D	4.9940
Z and ZS	4.5000
10	1.1206

**Allocation of Principal:** On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the Z and ZS Accrual Amounts will be allocated sequentially, to A, B, C, D, ZS and Z, in that order, until retired.

**Allocation of Prepayment Penalties:** On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will pay 100% of any Prepayment Penalties that are collected and passed through to the Trust to Class IO.

**Accrual Classes:** Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

**Notional Class:** The Notional Class will not receive distributions of principal but has a Class Notional Balance for convenience in describing its entitlement to interest. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents
IO	\$299,003,863	100% of A, B, C, D, Z and ZS (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)

**Tax Status:** Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

**Regular and Residual Classes:** Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

#### **RISK FACTORS**

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will vary. Following any lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable prepayment penalty, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans at any time. Borrowers may also prepay their mortgage loans during a lockout period or without paying any applicable prepayment penalty with the approval of the FHA.

**Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield.** The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you purchased your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you purchased your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment and extension risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing inter-

est rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

**Defaults will increase the rate of prepayment.** Lending on multifamily properties and nursing facilities is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than single-family lending. If a mortgagor defaults on a mortgage loan and the loan is subsequently foreclosed upon or assigned to FHA for FHA insurance benefits or otherwise liquidated, the effect would be comparable to a prepayment of the mortgage loan; however, no prepayment penalty would be received. Similarly, mortgage loans as to which there is a material breach of a representation may be purchased out of the trust without the payment of a prepayment penalty.

Available information about the mortgage loans is limited. Generally, neither audited financial statements nor recent appraisals are available with respect to the mortgage loans, the mortgaged properties, or the operating revenues, expenses and values of the mortgaged properties. Default, delinquency and other information relevant to the likelihood of prepayment of the multifamily mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae multifamily certificates is not made generally available to the public and will not be reported to you. Accordingly, at a time when you might be buying or selling your securities, you may not be aware of matters that, if known, would affect the value of your securities.

FHA bas authority to override lockouts and prepayment limitations. FHA insurance and certain mortgage loan and trust provisions may affect lockouts and the right to receive prepayment penalties. FHA may override any lockout or prepayment penalty

provision if it determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to allow the mortgagor to refinance or to prepay in part its mortgage loan.

Holders entitled to prepayment penalties may not receive them. Prepayment penalties received by the trustee will be distributed to Class IO. Ginnie Mae, however, does not guarantee that mortgagors will in fact pay any prepayment penalties or that such prepayment penalties will be received by the trustee. Accordingly, holders of the class entitled to receive prepayment penalties will receive them only to the extent that the trustee receives them. Moreover, even if the trustee distributes prepayment penalties to the holders of that class, the additional amounts may not offset the reduction in yield caused by the corresponding prepayments.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors. Only "accredited investors," as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, who have substantial experience in mortgage-backed securities and are capable of understanding the risks should invest in the securities.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are

likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual prepayment rates of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed prepayment rates. It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected.

#### THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES

#### General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

#### The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates are guaranteed by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its Ginnie Mae I Program. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate that is greater than the related Certificate Rate.

For each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate, the difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the related Certificate Rate is used to pay the servicer of the Mortgage Loan a monthly fee for servicing the Mortgage Loan and to pay Ginnie Mae a fee for its guarantee of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate (together, the "Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate"). The per annum rate used to calculate these fees for the Mortgage Loans in the Trust is shown on Exhibit A to this Supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates included in the Trust consist of Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates (the "Trust PLCs").

Each Trust PLC will be based on and backed by one or more multifamily Mortgage Loans with an original term to maturity of generally no more than 40 years.

Each Trust PLC will provide for the payment to the registered holder of that Trust PLC of monthly payments of principal and interest equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on the Mortgage Loans underlying that Trust PLC, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each such payment will include any prepayments and other unscheduled recoveries of principal of, and any Prepayment Penalties on, the underlying Mortgage Loans to the extent received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer during the month preceding the month of the payment.

#### The Mortgage Loans

Each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate represents a beneficial interest in one or more Mortgage Loans.

Eighty-five (85) Mortgage Loans will underlie the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. These Mortgage Loans have an aggregate balance of approximately \$299,078,863 as of the Cutoff Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date. The Mortgage Loans have, on a weighted average basis, the other characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets (as of June 1, 2004 (the 'Cut-off Date'))" and, on an individual basis, the characteristics described in Exhibit A to this Supplement. They also have the general characteristics described below. The Mortgage Loans consist of first lien, multifamily, fixed rate mortgage loans that are secured by a lien on the borrower's fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units or nursing facilities and insured by FHA or coinsured by FHA and the related mortgage lender. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — General" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### **FHA Insurance Programs**

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of multifamily housing pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934 (the "Housing Act"). Mortgage Loans are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage banks, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities. Mortgage Loans insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum mortgage loan term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage loan term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property.

Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all the units therein or to specified tenants.

The following is a summary of the various FHA insurance programs under which the Mortgage Loans are insured.

Section 221(d)(4) (Housing for Moderate Income and Displaced Families). Section 221(d)(4) of the Housing Act provides for mortgage insurance to assist private industry in the construction or substantial rehabilitation of rental and cooperative housing for low- and moderate-income families and families that have been displaced as a result of urban renewal, governmental actions or disaster.

Section 223(a) (7) (Refinancing of FHA-Insured Mortgages). Section 223(a) (7) of the Housing Act permits FHA to refinance existing insured mortgage loans under any section or title of the Housing Act. Such refinancing results in prepayment of the existing insured mortgage. The new, refinanced mortgage loan is limited to the original principal amount of the existing mortgage loan and the unexpired term of the existing mortgage loan plus 12 years.

Section 223(f) (Purchase or Refinancing of Existing Projects). Section 223(f) of the Housing Act provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans originated by FHA-approved lenders in connection with the purchase or refinancing of existing multifamily housing complexes, hospitals and nursing homes that do not require substantial rehabilitation. The principal objective of the Section 223(f) program is to permit the refinancing of mortgage loans to provide for a lower debt service or the purchase of existing properties in order to preserve an adequate supply of affordable rental housing. Such projects may have been financed originally with conventional or FHA-insured mortgage loans.

Section 232 (Mortgage Insurance for Nursing Homes, Immediate Care Facilities and Board and Care Homes). Section 232 of the Housing Act provides for FHA insurance of private construction mortgage loans to finance new or rehabilitated nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, board and care homes, assisted living for the frail or elderly or allowable combinations thereof, including equipment to be used in their operation. Section 232 also provides for supplemental loans to finance the purchase and installation of fire safety equipment in these facilities.

#### Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Mortgage Rates; Calculations of Interest. The Mortgage Loans bear interest at Mortgage Rates that will remain fixed for their remaining terms. All of the Mortgage Loans accrue interest on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. See "Characteristics of the

Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans' in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Due Dates. Monthly payments on the Mortgage Loans are due on the first day of each month.

Amortization. The Mortgage Loans are fully-amortizing over their remaining terms to stated maturity. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may provide that, if the related borrower makes a partial principal prepayment, such borrower will not be in default if it fails to make any subsequent scheduled payment of principal provided that such borrower continues to pay interest in a timely manner and the unpaid principal balance of such Mortgage Loan at the time of such failure is at or below what it would otherwise be in accordance with its amortization schedule if such partial principal prepayment had not been made. Under certain circumstances, the Mortgage Loans also permit the reamortization thereof if prepayments are received as a result of condemnation or insurance payments with respect to the related Mortgaged Property.

Level Payments. Although the Mortgage Loans (other than the Mortgage Loans designated by Pool Numbers 627547 and 609980) currently have amortization schedules that provide for level monthly payments, the amortization schedules of substantially all of the Mortgage Loans are subject to change upon the approval of FHA that may result in non-level payments.

Furthermore, in the absence of a change in the amortization schedule of the Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loans that provide for level monthly payments may still receive non-level payments as a result of the fact that, at any time:

- FHA may permit any Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to any lockout period or Prepayment Penalty; and
- condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under any Mortgage Loan by reason of a default may result in prepayment.

In the case of Pool Numbers 627547 and 609980, the total of all principal and interest payments scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

609980	$\left\{ \right.$	from May 1, 2004 through and including April 1, 2016 from May 1, 2016 through and including April 1, 2034	
627547	$\left\{ \right.$	from June 1, 2004 through and including April 1, 2016 from May 1, 2016 through and including April 1, 2034	\$18,786.60 \$ 3,734.92

"Due-on-Sale" Provisions. The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" clauses restricting sale or other transfer of the related Mortgaged Property. Any transfer of the Mortgaged Property is subject to HUD review and approval under the terms of HUD's Regulatory Agreement with the owner, which is incorporated by reference into the mortgage.

Prepayment Restrictions. Certain of the Mortgage Loans have lockout provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayment for a number of years following origination. These Mortgage Loans have remaining lockout terms that range from approximately 10 to 62 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 40 months. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans have a period (a "Prepayment Penalty Period") during which voluntary prepayments must be accompanied by a prepayment penalty equal to a

specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid (each, a "Prepayment Penalty"). Except in the case of Pool Numbers 620991, 627688, 614145, 623507, 626364, 626381, 627536 and 549366 which do not have a lockout period, any Prepayment Penalty Period will follow the termination of the applicable lockout period. See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Exhibit A to this Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, as applicable, a description of the related Prepayment Penalty, the period during which the Prepayment Penalty applies and the first month in which the borrower may prepay the Mortgage Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FHA guidelines require all of the Mortgage Loans to include a provision that allows FHA to override any lockout and/or Prepayment Penalty provisions if FHA determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to allow the mortgagor to refinance or partially prepay the Mortgage Loan without restrictions or penalties and any such payment will avoid or mitigate an FHA insurance claim.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally. As a result, there can be no assurance that the likelihood of future default or the rate of prepayment on coinsured Mortgage Loans will be comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally.

#### The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in payment of its fee (the "Trustee Fee").

#### **GINNIE MAE GUARANTY**

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the collection or the payment to Holders of any Prepayment Penalties.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES**

#### General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee located at One Federal Street — 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, Attn: Ginnie Mae REMIC Program Agency Group. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Class) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. Class IO, the Increased Minimum Denomination Class, will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial notional balance.

#### **Distributions**

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### **Interest Distributions**

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued, in the case of an Accrual Class) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See "— Class Factors" below.

#### Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular Class is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

#### Fixed Rate Class

The Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

#### Weighted Average Coupon Classes

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest at per annum Interest Rates based on WACR as follows:

Class B will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.831%.

Class C will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 5.008%.

Class D will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.994%.

Classes Z and ZS will each bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 4.500%.

Class IO will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rate for Classes A, B, C, D, Z and ZS for that Accrual Period, weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Classes B, C, D, Z, ZS and IO will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate interest rates:

Approximate

Class	Initial Interest Rate
В	4.8310%
C	5.0080
D	4.9940
Z and ZS	4.5000
IO	1.1206

The Trustee's determination of these Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access") or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

#### Accrual Classes

Classes Z and ZS are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

#### **Principal Distributions**

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement.

Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See "— Class Factors" below.

#### Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and in the Terms Sheet are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### Notional Class

The Notional Class will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Class will have the original Class Notional Balance shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balance will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Class" in this Supplement.

#### **Prepayment Penalty Distributions**

The Trustee will distribute any Prepayment Penalties that are received by the Trust during the related interest Accrual Period as described in "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties" in this Supplement.

#### **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

#### **Class Factors**

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal

Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in an Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) such Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### **Termination**

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Security of the Notional Class will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

#### YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

#### General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- Mortgage Loan principal payments may be in the form of scheduled or unscheduled amortization.
- The terms of each Mortgage Loan provide that, following any applicable lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable Prepayment Penalty, the Mortgage Loan may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part.

- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit a Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to lockout or Prepayment Penalty provisions. See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.
- The condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan by reason of default may also result in a prepayment at any time.

Mortgage Loan prepayment rates are likely to fluctuate over time. No representation is made as to the expected Weighted Average Lives of the Securities or the percentage of the original unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loans that will be paid to Holders at any particular time. A number of factors may influence the prepayment rate.

- While some prepayments occur randomly, the payment behavior of the Mortgage Loans may be influenced by a variety of economic, tax, geographic, demographic, legal and other factors.
- These factors may include the age, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgage Loans; remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties; characteristics of the borrowers; amount of the borrowers' equity; the availability of mortgage financing; in a fluctuating interest rate environment, the difference between the interest rates on the Mortgage Loans and prevailing mortgage interest rates; the extent to which the Mortgage Loans are assumed or refinanced or the underlying properties are sold or conveyed; changes in local industry and population as they affect vacancy rates; population migration; and the attractiveness of other investment alternatives.
- These factors may also include the application of lockout periods or the assessment of Prepayment Penalties. For a more detailed description of the lockout and Prepayment Penalty provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

No representation is made concerning the particular effect that any of these or other factors may have on the prepayment behavior of the Mortgage Loans. The relative contribution of these or other factors may vary over time.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

- As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.
- Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. *See "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.*

#### **Assumability**

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of FHA Loans" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### **Final Distribution Date**

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

#### **Modeling Assumptions**

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow are based on the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

- 1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the characteristics shown under "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.
  - 2. There are no voluntary prepayments during any lockout period.
- 3. The Mortgage Loans prepay at 100% PLD (as defined under "— Prepayment Assumptions" in this Supplement) and, beginning on the applicable Lockout End Date (or if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date), at the constant percentages of CPR (described below) shown in the related table.
- 4. The Issue Date, Lockout End Date and Prepayment Penalty End Date of each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate is the first day of the month indicated on Exhibit A.
- 5. Distributions on the Securities, including all distributions of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans, are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in July 2004.
- 6. One hundred percent (100%) of the Prepayment Penalties are received by the Trustee and distributed to Class IO.
  - 7. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
  - 8. The Closing Date for the Securities is June 30, 2004.
  - 9. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, many Distribution Dates will occur on the first Business Day after the 16th of the month, prepayments may not occur during the Prepayment Penalty Period, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors, Corrected Certificate Factors, and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### **Prepayment Assumptions**

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. One of the models used in this Supplement is the constant prepayment rate ("CPR") model, which represents an assumed constant rate of voluntary prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In addition, this Supplement uses another model to measure involuntary prepayments. This model is the Project Loan Default or PLD model provided by the Sponsor. The PLD model represents an assumed rate of involuntary prepayments each month as specified in the table below (the "PLD Model Rates"), in each case expressed as a per annum percentage of the thenoutstanding principal balance of each of the Mortgage Loans in relation to its loan age. For example, 0% PLD represents 0% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 50% PLD represents 50% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 100% PLD represents 100% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; and so forth.

The following PLD model table was prepared on the basis of 100% PLD. Ginnie Mae had no part in the development of the PLD model and makes no representation as to the accuracy or reliability of the PLD model.

Project Loan Default	
Mortgage Loan Age (in months)(1)	Involuntary Prepayment Default Rate(2)
1-12	1.30%
13-24	2.47
25-36	2.51
37-48	2.20
49-60	2.13
61-72	1.46
73-84	1.26
85-96	0.80
97-108	0.57
109-168	0.50
169-240	0.25
241-maturity	0.00

<sup>(1)</sup> For purposes of the PLD model, Mortgage Loan Age means the number of months elapsed since the Issue Date indicated on Exhibit A.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of CPR (the "CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates") and 100% PLD. It is unlikely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes that involuntary prepayments start immediately.

#### **Decrement Tables**

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of the Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each CPR Prepayment Assumption Rate and 100% PLD. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of the Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
  - (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Modeling Assumptions.

The information shown for the Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for the Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

# Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

								CPF	R Prepa	yment	Assum	ption l	Rates							
			Class A	A.				Class 1	В				Class (	С				Class I	)	
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2005	92	91	90	88	85	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2006	82	78	72	65	56	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	72	65	54	45	32	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	62	50	29	11	0	100	100	100	100	63	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2009	53	35	7	0	0	100	100	100	45	0	100	100	100	100	65	100	100	100	100	100
June 2010	44	19	0	0	0	100	100	19	0	0	100	100	100	22	0	100	100	100	100	51
June 2011	37	3	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	43	0	0	100	100	100	61	0
June 2012	30	0	0	0	0	100	63	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	89	21	0
June 2013	23	0	0	0	0	100	18	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	57	0	0
June 2014	15	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	78	0	0	0	100	100	29	0	0
June 2015	8	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0	100	100	6	0	0
June 2016	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	8	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
June 2017	0	0	0	0	0	73	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	85	0	0	0
June 2018	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	65	0	0	0
June 2019	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	47	0	0	0
June 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	0	0	0	0	100	29	0	0	0
June 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	0	0	0	0	100	12	0	0	0
June 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
June 2023 June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	100 87	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0
June 2025 June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0	0	0	0
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	Ö	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	Ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	Ő	Ö	0	Ö	0	0	Ö
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2041	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2045	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																				
Life (years)	5.7	3.9	3.0	2.6	2.2	13.8	8.3	5.7	4.9	4.1	17.5	10.8	6.9	5.7	5.1	21.9	14.9	9.3	7.3	6.1

						CPR	Prepayr	nent Ass	umption	Rates					
			Class Z					Class Z	s				Class IC	)	
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2005	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	97	97	96	96	94
June 2006	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	94	92	90	87	83
June 2007	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	90	88	83	79	74
June 2008	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	87	82	73	66	57
June 2009	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	84	77	65	56	46
June 2010		131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	81	70	53	40	27
June 2011	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	129	78	65	44	29	15
June 2012	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	50	76	60	36	21	9
June 2013		150	150	150	150	150	150	150	127	3	74	55	30	16	5
June 2014	157	157	157	157	91	157	157	157	73	0	72	51	25	11	3
June 2015	164	164	164	164	53	164	164	164	33	0	70	47	20	8	2
June 2016		171	171	171	31	171	171	133	3	0	68	43	17	6	1
June 2017	179	179	179	130	18	179	179	93	0	0	65	40	14	4	1
June 2018		188	188	94	10	188	188	60	0	0	63	36	11	3	0
June 2019	196	196	196	68	6	196	196	32	0	0	61	33	9	2	0
June 2020	205	205	205	49	3	205	205	9	0	0	58	30	8	2	0
June 2021	215	215	185	35	2	215	215	0	0	0	56	28	6	1	0
June 2022	224	224	150	25	1	224	211	0	0	0	53	25	5	1	0
June 2023		235	121	18	1	235	177	0	0	0	51	23	4	1	0
June 2024	246	246	97	13	0	246	145	0	0	0	48	20	3	0	0
June 2025		257	78	9	0	257	115	0	0	0	45	18	3	0	0
June 2026	269	269	62	6	0	269	87	0	0	0	42	16	2	0	0
June 2027	281	281	49	4	0	281	59	0	0	0	39	14	2	0	0
June 2028	294	294	39	3	0	294	33	0	0	0	36	13	1	0	0
June 2029	307	307	30	2	0	273	7	0	0	0	33	11	1	0	0
June 2030	321	279	23	1	0	228	0	0	0	0	30	9	1	0	0
June 2031	336	237	18	1	0	185	0	0	0	0	27	8	1	0	0
June 2032	352	198	13	1	0	139	0	0	0	0	23	7	0	0	0
June 2033	368	161	10	0	0	93	0	0	0	0	20	5	0	0	0
June 2034		128	7	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	17	4	0	0	0
June 2035	402	101	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	14	3	0	0	0
June 2036	328	76	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	3	0	0	0
June 2037	237	52	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0
June 2038	150	32	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
June 2039	70	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
June 2040	54	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
June 2041	41	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
June 2042	28	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
June 2043	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2045	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	33.8	29.7	20.8	15.2	10.9	27.8	21.3	13.5	10.1	7.8	18.3	12.3	7.5	5.8	4.7

#### **Yield Considerations**

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price and the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios. No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates or the yield of any Class.

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Class), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Class should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayment during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from approximately 10 to 62 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 40 months and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of 395 months.

- Certain of the Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a Prepayment Penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement. The required payment of a Prepayment Penalty may not be a sufficient disincentive to prevent a borrower from voluntarily prepaying a Mortgage Loan.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit a Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to lockout or Prepayment Penalty provisions.

Information relating to lockout periods and Prepayment Penalties is contained under "Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement and in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

#### Payment Delay: Effect on Yields

The effective yield on any Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because on any Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

#### **Yield Table**

The following table shows the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of Class IO at various constant percentages of CPR and 100% PLD.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of Class IO may differ from those shown in the table below even if Class IO is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on Class IO, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of Class IO plus accrued interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on investment in Class IO when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following table was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of Class IO (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) is as indicated in the table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.** 

#### Sensitivity of Class IO to Prepayments Assumed Price 5.8%\*

	CPR Prepayment	Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
7.0%	6.0%	6.4%	7.6%

<sup>\*</sup> The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

#### CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

#### **REMIC Elections**

In the opinion of Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

#### **Regular Securities**

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class IO Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or de minimis market discount) under the original issue discount ("OID") rules based on the expected payments on these Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class Z and ZS Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or de minimis market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

In addition to the Regular Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), certain Mortgage Loan characteristics and the prepayment assumption described below, Classes A and D are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Regular Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences between anticipated purchase

prices and actual purchase prices. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 15% CPR and 100% PLD (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates actually will occur at any time after the date of this Supplement. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, "permitted assets" for financial asset securitization investment trusts ("FASITs"), and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

#### **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Regulations were recently finalized regarding the federal income tax treatment of "inducement fees" received by transferees of noneconomic REMIC residual interests. The final regulations (i) provide tax accounting rules for the treatment of such fees as income over an appropriate period and (ii) clarify that inducement fees will be treated as income from sources within the United States. The rules set forth in the final regulations apply to taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004. Prospective purchasers of the Class RR Securities should consult with their tax advisors regarding the effect of these final regulations.

#### **ERISA MATTERS**

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

#### LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from June 1, 2004 on the Regular Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

#### **INCREASE IN SIZE**

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) will increase by the same proportion of each Class. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP, New York, New York and the Law Offices of Joseph C. Reid, P.A., New York, New York, for the Trust by Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., and for the Trustee by Nixon Peabody LLP.

Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans\*

Broomfield Biloxi New Haven Mansfield Richton Park Peoria Warren Royal Oak Waukegan Brooklyn Canton Longview Indianapolis Oklahoma City Racine Iynden Iynden Indianapolis Berkeley Heights Peoria Lewiston San Diego Belleville Randallstown Port Archard	\$16,261,100.00 13,744,787.13 13,314,630.66 11,885,105.27 10,919,187.08 10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	4.820% 5.000 5.430 5.850 5.350 6.380 4.550 5.380	4.570%				(mos.)	(mos.)	Issue Date	End Date	Date	Code	(mos.)	(mos.)
223(f) New Haven 223(f) New Haven 223(f) Mansfield 232/223(f) Richton Park 221(d) (4) Peoria 223(f) Royal Oak 223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Royal Oak 223(g) Canton 223(g) Longview 223(a) (7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Recine 223/223(f) Recine	13,744,787.13 13,314,630.66 11,885,105.27 10,919,187.08 10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.000 5.430 5.850 5.350 5.980 4.550 5.380		0.250%	Jun-44	481	480	1	May-04	Aug-07	Aug-14	9	38	122
223(f) New Haven 223(f) Mansfield 232/223(f) Richton Park 221(d) (4) Peoria 223(f) Royal Oak 223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Canton 223(g) Chianapolis 223(a) (7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Iynden 232/223(f) Recine	13,314,630.66 11,885,105.27 10,919,187.08 10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.430 5.850 5.350 5.980 4.550 5.380	4.750	0.250	May-44	480	479	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14		61	121
223(f) Mansfield 232/223(f) Richton Park 221(d) (4) Peoria 223(f) Warren 223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Canton 223(f) Canton 223(f) Indianapolis 223(a)(7) Indianapolis 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(23(a)(7) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 223/223(f) Recine	11,885,105.27 10,919,187.08 10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.350 5.980 4.550 5.380	5.055	0.375	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	60-unf	Jun-14	_	09	120
232/223(f)       Richton Park         221(d)(4)       Peoria         223(f)       Warren         223(f)       Royal Oak         232/223(f)       Waukegan         223/223(f)       Brooklyn         223(f)       Canton         223(g)       Longview         223(a)(7)       Indianapolis         223(a)(7)       Racine         223(a)(7)       Racine         223(a)(7)       Racine         223(a)(7)       Racine         223(a)(7)       Reckeley Heights         223(f)       Peoria         232(23(f)       Lewiston         232(23(f)       Rendallstown         232(23(f)       Rendallstown         222(f)       Randallstown         223(7)       Rendallstown         223(7)       Rendallstown         223(7)       Rendallstown	10,919,187.08 10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.350 5.980 4.550 5.380	5.600	0.250	Feb-39	420	416	4	Feb-04	Apr-09	Apr-14		58	118
223(f) (4) Peoria 223(f) (8) Warren 223(f) (8) Warren 223(f) (8) Waukegan 223(f) (9) Brooklyn 223(f) (2) Canton 223(f) (1) Indianapolis 223(23(a)(7) (1) Indianapolis 223(23(a)(7) (1) Racine 223(23(a)(7) (1) Racine 223(23(a)(7) (2) Racine 232/223(f) (1) Indianapolis 223(7) (2) Recine 232/223(f) (2) Berkeley Heights 232 223(7) (2) Berkeley Heights 232/223(f) (2) Lewiston 232/223(f) (3) Berkeley Heights 223(7) (2) Redallstown 223(7) (2) Redallstown 223(7) (2) Redallstown 223(3) (2) Redallstown 223(3) (3) Redallstown 223(3) Redallstown	10,903,476.27 10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.980	5.100	0.250	Apr-30	311	310	1	May-04	Jul-07	Jul-14	œ	37	121
223(f) Warren 223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Waukegan 223(f) Brooklyn 223(23(f) Canton 223(g) Indianapolis 223(23(g)(7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 223/223(f) Recine	10,880,000.00 10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.380	5.680	0.300	Dec-39	427	426	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14		61	121
223(f) Royal Oak 232/223(f) Waukegan 223(f) Brooklyn 223(23(f) Canton 223(g) Longview 223(a)(7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 232/223(f) Recine 223/223(f) Recine	10,468,807.55 10,316,531.33 9,993,220.20	5.380	4.300	0.250	Jun-39	421	420	1	May-04	Aug-07	Aug-14	œ	38	122
233/223(f) Waukegan 223(f) Brooklyn 232/223(f) Canton 223(a)(7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston	10,316,531.33	0 2 2 2	5.130	0.250	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	Apr-07	Apr-12		34	94
223(f) Brooklyn 232/223(f) Canton 223(g) Longview 223(a)(7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Iynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 232 232(f) Rewiston 232/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston	9,993,220.20	0.000	5.280	0.250	May-39	421	419	2	Apr-04	May-07	May-14	<b>%</b>	35	119
233/223(f) Canton 223(a) (7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a) (7) Racine 232/223(f) Iynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223/223(f) Rewiston 232/223(f) Rewiston 233/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston 223/223(f) Rewiston		6.150	5.750	0.400	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	_	61	121
223(a) (7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a) (7) Racine 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 Peoria 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Racine 232/223(f) Racine 223/223(f) Racine 223/22(f) Racine	8,930,400.62	5.120	4.870	0.250	Nov-32	342	341	1	May-04	May-07	May-14	80	35	119
223(a)(7) Indianapolis 232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Lynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223 224 Peoria 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(7) Racine 223(3(7) Port Arthur 223(3(7) Port Arthur	8,579,968.00	5.540	5.040	0.500	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	Jun-05	Jun-14	6	12	120
232/223(f) Oklahoma City 223(a)(7) Racine 232/223(f) Lynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 Peoria 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(a)(7) Port Arthur	7,705,608.76	4.750	4.500	0.250	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	N/A	Apr-09	8	N/A	58
223(a) (7) Racine 232/223(f) Lynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(a) Poort Arthur	7,506,013.47	4.950	4.700	0.250	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	Jul-07	Jul-14	80	37	121
232/223(f) Iynden 232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(3) Port Arthur	7,173,538.36	4.900	4.650	0.250	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121
232/223(f) Indianapolis 223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(3) Port Arthur	6,725,800.00	5.400	5.150	0.250	Jun-39	421	420	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	7	61	121
223(f) Berkeley Heights 232 232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(3) Port Arthur	6,580,207.84	5.440	5.160	0.280	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	_	61	121
232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(37) Port Arthur	6,386,298.25	5.120	4.870	0.250	May-37	396	395	1	May-04	Jun-05	Jun-14	6	12	120
232/223(f) Lewiston 232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(a) Port Arthur	6,176,403.10	5.980	5.680	0.300	Dec-39	427	426	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	_	61	121
232/223(f) San Diego 232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(a)(7) Port Arthur	5,519,841.20	5.080	4.830	0.250	Feb-38	406	404	2	Apr-04	May-07	May-14	∞	35	119
232/223(f) Belleville 223(f) Randallstown 223(a)(7) Port Arthur	5,420,000.00	5.230	4.980	0.250	Jun-39	421	420	1	May-04	Jun-07	Jun-14	∞	36	120
223(f) Randallstown 223(a) (7) Port Arthur	4,521,155.49	5.140	4.890	0.250	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	Apr-07	Apr-14	80	34	118
223(a)(7) Port Arthur	3,838,088.02	5.230	4.980	0.250	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121
222 (c) (7) Tediococitic	3,795,831.30	5.600	5.350	0.250	Oct-37	402	400	2	Apr-04	May-07	May-10	5	35	71
02/088 225(a)(/) Indianapolis IIN	3,619,000.00	5.350	5.100	0.250	Jun-39	421	420	1	May-04	N/A	Jun-07	2	N/A	36
626387  223(a)(7) Oak Hill WV	3,587,800.00	5.200	4.950	0.250	Apr-34	359	358	1	May-04	Aug-05	Aug-14	6	14	122
592982 232/223(f) Mannford OK	3,545,791.17	7.000	6.750	0.250	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	_	61	121
626369 223(f) Portland OR	3,079,584.66	5.080	4.830	0.250	May-37	396	395	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121

Based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information with respect to the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and

- Lockout before the Lockout End Date; thereafter no Prepayment Penalty is imposed.

  Prepayment Penalty of 3% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

  Prepayment Penalty of 4% of the prepaid amount until the twenty-fourth mortgage loan date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 35E
  - Deckout before the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 7% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

    Lockout End Date: thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 7% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

    Lockout before the Lockout End Date: thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 9% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 9 <del>2</del>60
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Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Codes:

Pool Number	FHA Program	City	State	Principal Balance as of the Cut-off Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout End Date	Prepayment Penalty End Date	Lockout/ Prepayment Restriction Code	Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)	Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (mos.)
614145	223(a)(7)	Mount Kisco	Ŋ	\$ 2,982,122.21	7.000%	6.750%	0.250%	May-27	276	275	1	May-04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
629454	223(f)	Chattahochee	FL	2,977,244.51	5.350	5.100	0.250	May-37	396	395	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14		61	121
619764	223(a)(7)	Goodlettsville	ZL	2,817,861.70	5.750	5.500	0.250	Apr-25	252	250	2	Apr-04	May-09	May-14	7	59	119
627539	223(a)(7)	Phoenix	AZ	2,822,148.49	5.750	5.500	0.250	May-35	373	371	2	Apr-04	60-unf	Jun-14	7	09	120
629838	223(a)(7)	Scriba	N	2,819,400.00	5.650	5.400	0.250	Feb-39	417	416	1	May-04	Aug-07	Aug-14	œ	38	122
626385	223(a)(7)	Zion	11	2,763,500.00	5.110	4.860	0.250	Jul-36	386	385	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121
626386	223(f)	Hephzibah	$_{\mathrm{GA}}$	2,720,000.00	5.230	4.980	0.250	Jun-39	421	420	1	May-04	Aug-05	Aug-14	6	14	122
629831	223(a)(7)	Pasadena	TX	2,642,358.74	5.600	5.350	0.250	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	Jul-07	Jul-12		37	97
665209	223(a)(7)	Tulsa	OK	2,407,905.54	5.100	4.850	0.250	Sep-31	329	327	2	Apr-04	Jul-09	Jul-14		61	121
627534	223(a)(7)	Vinton	VA	2,308,933.28	5.400	5.150	0.250	Apr-19	180	178	2	Apr-04	May-09	May-14	7	59	119
627545	223(f)	LaCrosse	WI	2,318,122.28	5.375	5.125	0.250	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	60-unf	Jun-14	7	09	120
627547	223(a)(7)	Gardner	MA	2,224,838.55	5.500	5.250	0.250	Apr-34	359	358	1	May-04	May-09	May-14	7	59	119
626368	223(a)(7)	Fairfield	$_{\rm CA}$	2,217,428.83	5.950	5.700	0.250	Feb-34	358	356	2	Apr-04	90-Iul	Jul-14	7	61	121
627540	232/223(f)	Pine Grove	PA	2,096,069.86	5.890	5.640	0.250	May-37	397	395	2	Apr-04	60-unf	Jun-14		09	120
514701	223(a)(7)	New York	NY	1,978,970.19	8.500	8.250	0.250	Dec-27	332	282	50	Apr-00	May-05	May-10	_	11	71
614140	223(a)(7)	Hagerstown	MD	2,042,022.22	5.900	5.650	0.250	May-30	312	311	1	May-04	Jun-05	N/A	1	12	12
086609	223(a)(7)	Kansas City	KS	1,828,268.48	6.250	5.750	0.500	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	Jun-07	Jun-14	80	36	120
598915	223(a)(7)	Seneca	SC	1,624,265.88	5.750	5.500	0.250	May-33	349	347	2	Apr-04	90-unf	N/A	1	24	24
626372	223(f)	Cairo	GA	1,623,653.36	5.270	4.770	0.500	May-39	420	419	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121
628667	223(a)(7)	Lewiston	ME	1,523,002.16	6.125	5.500	0.625	May-30	312	311	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	_	61	121
626380	223(a)(7)	Fairfield	CA	1,506,362.16	4.950	4.700	0.250	Jan-20	188	187	1	May-04	Jul-05	Jul-14	6	13	121
623507	223(a)(7)	Brookfield	WI	1,477,518.32	5.330	5.080	0.250	Apr-44	480	478	2	Apr-04	N/A	Apr-09	4	N/A	58
626903	232/223(f)	New Paris	НО	1,445,380.20	5.200	4.700	0.500	Apr-24	239	238	1	May-04	Apr-07	Apr-14	80	34	118
614077	223(a)(7)	Hattiesburg	MS	1,428,780.62	5.410	4.910	0.500	Apr-30	312	310	2	Apr-04	May-05	May-14	6	11	119
626358	223(f)	Hastings	NE	1,397,831.46	5.580	5.080	0.500	Apr-39	420	418	2	Apr-04	Jun-05	Jun-14	6	12	120
626378	223(a)(7)	Springfield	MI	1,395,775.89	5.320	4.820	0.500	Jun-29	301	300	1	May-04	Jun-05	Jun-14	6	12	120
627523	223(a)(7)	Columbus	GA	1,291,422.76	5.750	5.500	0.250	Mar-34	359	357	2	Apr-04	Apr-09	Apr-14	_	58	118
627686	223(a)(7)	Kokomo	Z	1,276,849.68	4.950	4.650	0.300	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	May-07	May-12	_	35	95
629453	223(a)(7)	Tujunga	CA	1,270,565.92	5.500	5.125	0.375	Aug-23	231	230	1	May-04	60-Inf	Jul-14	^	61	121
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Total

Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Codes:

Lockout before the Lockout End Date; thereafter no Prepayment Penalty is imposed.

Prepayment Penalty of 3% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Prepayment Penalty of 4% of the prepaid amount until the twenty-fourth mortgage loan date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End 333

Deckout before the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 3% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the thirty-sixth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty of 7% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 7% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Lockout End Date: thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 9% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Lockout before the Lockout End Date: thereafter a Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Lockout before the Lockout End Date: thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 9% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 45 9)

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Pool Number	FHA Program	City	State	Principal Balance as of the Cut-off Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout End Date	Prepayment Penalty End Date	Lockout/ Prepayment Restriction Code	Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)	Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (mos.)
626370	223(f)	Norwich	VT	\$ 1,136,467.16	2.650%	5.270%	0.380%	May-29	301	299	7	Apr-04	90-Inf	Jul-14	7	61	121
624112	223(a)(7)	Olive Branch	MS	1,058,289.35	5.125	4.875	0.250	Oct-34	365	364	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	7	61	121
626583	223(a)(7)	Hayward	WI	968,216.53	6.500	000.9	0.500	Apr-32	339	334	v	Jan-04	Mar-09	Mar-14	7	57	117
626364	223(a)(7)	Davenport	IA	933,024.34	5.700	5.240	0.460	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	N/A	May-07	2	N/A	35
627528	223(a)(7)	Dunn	NC	907,851.14	6.500	5.750	0.750	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	May-09	May-14	7	59	119
629607	223(a)(7)	Burgaw	NC	908,200.00	000.9	5.650	0.350	Sep-34	364	363	1	May-04	Jul-09	Jul-14	7	61	121
609982	223(a)(7)	Clearfield	UT	891,194.97	5.650	5.150	0.500	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	Jun-07	Jun-14	œ	36	120
626356	223(a)(7)	Elizabethton	NT	865,868.43	6.310	5.800	0.510	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	Jun-09	Jun-14	7	09	120
626381	223(a)(7)	Corpus Christi	XX	852,213.76	6.400	5.910	0.490	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	N/A	Jul-07	2	N/A	37
628668	223(a)(7)	Columbia	SC	837,900.00	000.9	5.450	0.550	Jun-30	313	312	1	May-04	Aug-09	Aug-14	7	62	122
627537	223(a)(7)	Houston	XX	768,795.01	7.250	6.500	0.750	Apr-34	359	358	1	May-04	Jun-05	N/A	1	12	12
627546	223(a)(7)	St. Louis	MO	716,351.82	6.500	5.750	0.750	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	Jun-09	Jun-14	7	09	120
608861	223(a)(7)	Cheektowaga	NY	691,468.57	00009	5.500	0.500	Jun-28	300	288	12	Jun-03	Aug-08	Aug-13		50	110
627541	223(a)(7)	Alderson	WV	652,656.81	5.850	5.350	0.500	Apr-34	360	358	7	Apr-04	May-09	May-14	_	59	119
627536	223(a)(7)	Aurora	CO	650,672.58	5.900	5.500	0.400	Apr-34	359	358	1	May-04	N/A	May-07	2	N/A	35
627533	223(a)(7)	Rouses Point	NY	567,968.44	6.500	5.750	0.750	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	May-09	May-14	_	59	119
626616	223(a)(7)	Martins Ferry	НО	528,962.17	6.100	5.850	0.250	Apr-34	360	358	2	Apr-04	60-unf	Jun-14	_	09	120
627524	223(a)(7)	Little Rock	AR	528,912.37	7.500	6.250	1.250	Mar-34	359	357	2	Apr-04	Apr-05	N/A	1	10	10
624108	223(a)(7)	Rayville	LA	518,922.79	5.950	5.450	0.500	Mar-34	360	357	3	Mar-04	May-09	May-14	_	59	119
549366	223(a)(7)	Charlotte	NC	483,882.18	7.250	7.000	0.250	May-31	361	323	38	Apr-01	N/A	90-unf	4	N/A	24
626359	223(a)(7)	Bronx	NY	490,913.19	6.210	5.600	0.610	Apr-24	240	238	2	Apr-04	60-unf	Jun-14	_	09	120
626363	223(a)(7)	Chicago	II	478,800.72	5.970	5.210	0.760	Apr-31	324	322	2	Apr-04	Jun-09	Jun-14	7	09	120
620993	223(a)(7)	Belpre	НО	474,155.50	5.250	4.750	0.500	May-34	360	359	1	May-04	May-07	May-14	9	35	119
624114	223(a)(7)	Malta	MT	410,662.85	5.900	5.400	0.500	Apr-34	360	358	7	Apr-04	Mun-09	Jun-14	_	09	120
627527	223(a)(7)	Oneonta	NY	338,773.70	6.500	5.750	0.750	Mar-34	359	357	7	Apr-04	Apr-09	Apr-14	_	58	118
620992	223(a)(7)	Bluffton	Z	285,652.99	5.500	5.000	0.500	Nov-32	342	341	1	May-04	May-09	May-14	7	65	119
620990	223(a)(7)	Vincennes	Z	270,293.13	5.500	5.000	0.500	Oct-31	330	328	2	Apr-04	Apr-09	Apr-14	7	58	118
627538	223(a)(7)	Bismark	ND	255,013.69	7.000	000.9	1.000	Apr-24	239	238	1	May-04	May-09	May-14	7	65	119
Lockou	t/Prepayment	Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Codes:	:S:														

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10. Lockout End





\$299,003,863

## **Government National Mortgage Association**

### **GINNIE MAE®**

Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2004-043

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT June 23, 2004

**XX RBS** Greenwich Capital

UTENDAHL CAPITAL PARTNERS, L.P.