

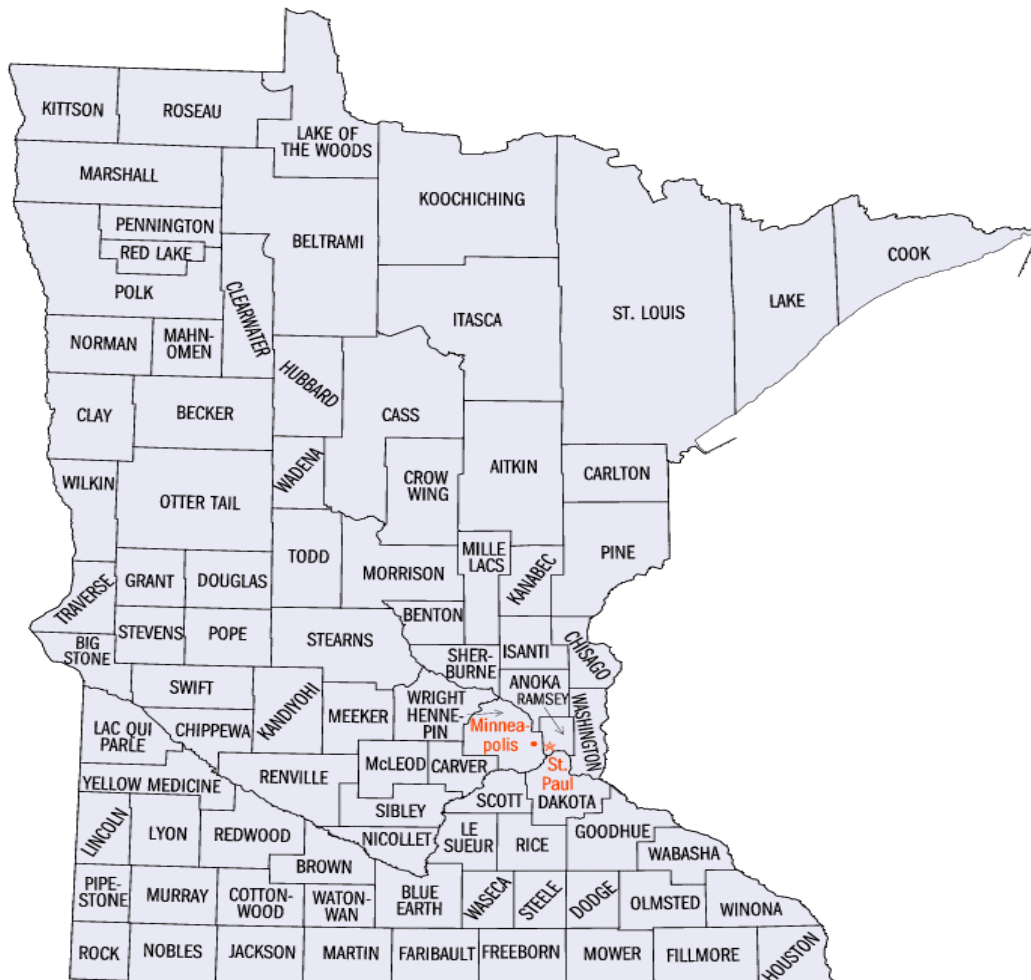
Office of National Drug Control Policy

Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Profile of Drug Indicators

January 2004



ONDCP Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse staff compiled this profile by using the most recent data available from open sources. The data presented are as accurate as the sources from which they were drawn. The information contained in this profile should not be used to rank or compare States or jurisdictions, due to differences in data collection and reporting methods.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

The following profile contains information on demographics, political figures, programs, crime, drug use, drug trafficking, and enforcement statistics.

Demographics¹

- Population (2000 Census): 382,618
- Race/Ethnicity (2000 Census): 62.5% white; 17.8% African American/black; 2.0% American Indian/Alaska Native; 6.1% Asian; 0.1% Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; 7.6% Hispanic or Latino (of any race); 3.7% two or more races; 0.3% other race
- Minneapolis is located in Hennepin County.

Politics

- Mayor: R.T. Rybak²
- City Council Members (Wards): Paul Ostrow (President – 1); Paul Zerby (2); Donald Samuels (3); Barbara Johnson (4); Natalie Johnson Lee (5); Dean Zimmermann (6); Lisa Goodman (7); Robert Lilligren (Vice President – 8); Gary Schiff (9); Dan Niziolek (10); Scott Benson (11); Sandy Colvin Roy (12); Barret Lane (13)³
- Chief of Police: Robert Olson⁴
- Hennepin County Sheriff: Patrick D. McGowen⁵

Programs

- Community Prevention Coalition⁶
Founded in 1990, the Community Prevention Coalition (CPC) of Hennepin County promotes healthy communities by preventing the abuse of alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drugs. CPC partners include youth-serving organizations, police departments, local businesses, policy-makers, school officials, and other concerned citizens.
- FBI Minneapolis Community Outreach Program (COP)⁷
The mission of the Minneapolis FBI COP is to provide a comprehensive program that deals with multiple interrelated problems, including crime, drugs, gangs, and violence. The Minneapolis COP also serves to establish a network of resources throughout the community, disseminate prevention materials, facilitate prevention programs, speeches, and other activities.

Federal Funding

- Drug-Free Communities Support Program grantees in Minneapolis:⁸
 - FY 2003, FY 2002, FY 2001, FY 2000: no Minneapolis grantees
 - FY 1999: \$100,000 was awarded to the Hennepin County Community Health Department
- Executive Office for Weed and Seed⁹
The following three areas of Minneapolis have received official recognition and Federal funding as Weed and Seed sites: Phillips, Northside, and Central.
- FY 2002 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Discretionary Funds received in Minneapolis:¹⁰
 - Center for Mental Health Services: \$70,000
 - Center for Substance Abuse Prevention: \$599,413

- Center for Substance Abuse Treatment: \$250,000
- FY 2001 Housing and Urban Development Federally-Assisted Low Income Drug Elimination grants received in Minneapolis: \$125,000 to Little Earth Housing¹¹
- FY 2002 Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) Methamphetamine Grant awards received in Minneapolis: \$266,860 awarded to the Minneapolis Police Department¹²
- No Minneapolis grantees received funding as part of the FY 2002 Office of Justice Programs Drug Court Grants.¹³
- FY 2002 Office of Justice Programs and Office of Community Oriented Policing Services grants received in Minneapolis:¹⁴
 - Discretionary - \$7,802,808
 - Formula - \$1,288,218

Crime and Drug-Related Crime

- From January through September 2003, there were 2,614 total (adult and juvenile) narcotics offenses reported to the Minneapolis Police Department.¹⁵ During full year 2002, there were 3,545 total narcotics offenses reported to the Police Department.¹⁶ In 2001, there were 3,783 narcotics offenses known to the Minneapolis Police.¹⁷

Number of Offenses Known to Police, Select Offenses, Minneapolis, 2000-Sept. 2003

Offense Type	Full Year 2000	Full Year 2001	Full Year 2002	Jan.-Sept. 2003
Homicide	50	43	47	42
Rape	444	407	385	294
Robbery	1,982	1,957	1,824	1,628
Aggravated assault	2,015	1,732	1,945	1,494
Burglary	4,566	4,109	4,465	3,439
Larceny	14,915	14,580	14,754	9,916
Narcotics	3,825	3,783	3,545	2,614

- From January through September 2003, there were 2,499 adult arrests for narcotics violations in Minneapolis.¹⁸ During full year 2002, there were 3,297 adult arrests for narcotics violations.¹⁹ In 2001, there were 3,483 adult drug arrests in Minneapolis.²⁰

Number of Adult Arrests, Select Offenses, Minneapolis, 2000-September 2003

Offense Type	Full Year 2000	Full Year 2001	Full Year 2002	Jan.-Sept. 2003
Homicide	31	30	33	15
Rape	105	112	95	89
Robbery	311	309	288	194
Aggravated assault	791	736	716	489
Burglary	264	217	224	190
Larceny	1045	960	969	707
Motor vehicle theft	433	393	374	285
Narcotics	3,648	3,483	3,297	2,499

- During 2002, there were 2,912 drug offenses reported in Minneapolis that involved drug possession. Of those offenses, 2,859 were shown to be actual offenses.²¹

Number of Drug Offenses Reported and Cleared, Minneapolis, 2002

Offense and Drug Type	Offenses Reported	Actual Offenses	Offenses Cleared
Sale	633	630	334
Opiates	447	445	232
Marijuana	151	151	83
Synthetic	10	9	5
Other dang. non-narc.	25	25	14
Possession	2,912	2,859	2,022
Opiates	1,159	1,109	897
Marijuana	989	988	811
Synthetic	40	39	20
Other dang. non-narc.	724	723	294
Total drug offenses	3,545	3,489	2,356

- The Minneapolis Police Department estimates that 90% of the violent crime in the city is drug-related.²²
- Data from 2002 indicate that 54.2% of adult male arrestees in Minneapolis tested positive for marijuana at arrest.²³

Adult Male Arrestee Positive Drug Results, Minneapolis, 2002

Drug Type	Percent Positive
Cocaine	30.8%
Opiates	5.1
Marijuana	54.2
Methamphetamine	3.9
PCP	2.6
Any of above drugs	73.5
Multiple drugs	21.0

- Sixty-one percent of the Minneapolis adult male arrestees reported using marijuana at least once during the past year.²⁴

Adult Male Arrestee Drug Use, Minneapolis, 2002

Use	Crack Cocaine	Powder Cocaine	Marij.	Heroin	Meth.
Past year	22.1%	12.3%	61.0%	4.2%	6.4%
Past 30 days	19.2	7.5	53.0	3.5	4.1

- Approximately 66% of the Minneapolis adult male arrestees who committed violent offenses tested positive for drugs.²⁵

Percent of Adult Male Arrestees Positive for Drugs, by Offense, Minneapolis, 2002

Drug Type	Violent	Property	Drug	Domest. violence	DUI	Other
Any drug	65.8%	80.0%	78.4%	61.6%	44.8%	76.7%
Cocaine	25.2	31.9	35.5	24.6	15.3	30.2
Marijuana	47.3	57.3	58.5	43.1	38.7	57.8
Opiate	5.3	6.2	7.0	0.8	2.3	3.2
Methamphet.	1.2	4.9	5.9	0.0	2.5	3.7
PCP	2.7	3.8	1.6	2.6	0.6	3.7
Multiple drugs	15.1	19.8	26.7	8.8	13.4	20.9

Drugs

➤ Cocaine

The Minneapolis Police Department reports that wholesale quantities of cocaine are increasingly available in the city.²⁶ Cocaine prices in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area are as follows: \$100/gram, \$200/“8-ball,” \$700-\$800/ounce, and \$22,000/kilogram. A rock of crack cocaine sells for \$10-\$20.²⁷

➤ Heroin

The Minneapolis/St. Paul area has seen an increase in heroin use.²⁸ The practice of smoking heroin by laying it on a piece of aluminum foil, heating it from underneath, and then inhaling the vapors has been reported in the Minneapolis area.²⁹ Heroin purity levels remain high in the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area and heroin prices are as follows: \$20-\$50 for one dosage unit or “paper,” \$300-\$400/gram, and \$900-\$2,000/ounce.³⁰

➤ Methamphetamine

Anecdotal reports from school counselors and law enforcement note the emergence of methamphetamine abuse in Minneapolis area high schools. Law enforcement sources also note the emergence of “ice,” a pure form of methamphetamine that is typically smoked.³¹ The Minneapolis Public Health Laboratory reported the methamphetamine submitted to the lab in 2001 averaged 13.9% pure.³² Methamphetamine prices in the Minneapolis area are \$90-\$100/gram; \$600-\$800/ounce; and up to \$10,000/pound. “Ice” sold for twice as much due to its higher purity levels.³³

➤ Marijuana

An individual marijuana cigarette costs \$5 in the Minneapolis area. Standard “commercial grade” marijuana sells for \$150-\$175/ounce and \$600-\$900/pound, while “BC Bud” sells for \$400/ounce.³⁴

➤ Club Drugs

MDMA is often encountered by law enforcement and used by young people in the Minneapolis area.³⁵ The availability and abuse of GHB are increasing in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area. GHB is being distributed to juveniles at raves and dance clubs and sells for \$10/dose.³⁶ MDMA typically sells for \$20/pill.³⁷

➤ Diverted Pharmaceuticals

Prescription painkillers are sometimes used as heroin substitutes in the Minneapolis area. Fentanyl lollipops sell on the street for \$450 each and Dilaud pills sell for \$50 each. The abuse of oxycodone, particularly OxyContin, has increased recently.³⁸

➤ **Other Drugs**

Opium smoking continues in the Hmong communities in Minneapolis/St. Paul. The drug Khat, originally from East Africa and the Middle East, has been in the area for nearly a decade. The use of Ritalin by crushing and snorting the pills has been reported in Minneapolis where pills sell for \$5 each. School counselors and emergency medicine staff report the continuing abuse of dextromethorphan (DXM) in the Minneapolis area. DXM is found in over-the-counter cough medications and is sold as a powder or in clear capsules for \$5. Counselors have also reported the practice of inhaling the white powder that coats the inside of incandescent light bulbs.³⁹

Juveniles

- From January through September 2003, there were 292 juvenile narcotics arrests in Minneapolis.⁴⁰ In full year 2002, there were 436 such arrests.⁴¹ During 2001, there were 498 juvenile drug arrests.⁴²

Number of Juvenile Arrests, Select Offenses, Minneapolis, 2000-September 2003

Offense Type	Full Year 2000	Full Year 2001	Full Year 2002	Jan.-Sept. 2003
Homicide	8	4	5	3
Rape	26	11	25	18
Robbery	142	176	148	109
Aggravated assault	153	134	121	92
Burglary	147	110	98	79
Larceny	805	759	715	428
Motor vehicle theft	278	225	231	152
Arson	5	12	16	6
Narcotics	496	498	436	292
DWI	9	7	7	2

- Ten percent of Hennepin County male high school seniors surveyed in 2001 reported using MDMA at least once in the past year.⁴³

Percent of Students Reporting Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs, Hennepin County, 2001

Drug Type	<u>9th Grade</u>		<u>12th Grade</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Amphetamines	6%	7%	7%	7%
Methamphetamine	4	3	5	4
Crack	4	3	6	3
MDMA	5	4	10	7
LSD, PCP, other psychedelics	5	3	11	5
Heroin, other narcotics	3	2	5	1
Barbiturates, tranquilizers	4	3	5	3

- Thirty-eight percent of Hennepin County male high school seniors reported using marijuana in the past year.⁴⁴

Percent of Students Reporting Use of Marijuana and Inhalants, Hennepin County, 2001

	<u>6th Grade</u>		<u>9th Grade</u>		<u>12th Grade</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Past year marijuana use	4%	2%	23%	18%	38%	31%
Past month marijuana use	2	2	17	12	28	19
Past year inhalant use	4	2	4	4	3	2

- Among Hennepin County female high school seniors who bought drugs in the past month, 88% obtained the drugs from friends.⁴⁵

Means of Obtaining Drugs, Hennepin County, 2001

Means of Obtaining Drugs	<u>9th Grade</u>		<u>12th Grade</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Bought them from people I know	69%	51%	72%	54%
Bought them from people I don't know	20	12	18	12
Bought them on the internet	3	1	4	0
Got them from friends	79	89	78	88
Got them from family members	14	16	7	9
Got someone else to buy for me	16	19	13	13
Got them at parties	41	47	41	46
Took them from home	10	8	4	4
Took them from a friend's home	18	12	9	3

- More than 40% of female seniors who use drugs reported using them to have fun at parties.⁴⁶

Reasons for Substance Use, Hennepin County, 2001

Reasons for Using Drugs	<u>9th Grade</u>		<u>12th Grade</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
To relax	15%	12%	32%	25%
To get high or smashed	17	14	30	23
To have fun at parties	16	20	39	43
To escape from school, family, or problems	7	11	14	15
Because my parents aren't around	4	5	6	5
Because my friends do	7	8	12	12
Because my parents do	2	1	1	1
Because I like the taste	9	10	18	18
Because I'm sad, lonely, or angry	3	6	6	6
Because it's illegal	5	3	7	4
Because of peer pressure	4	4	5	3

- Twenty-six percent of male seniors reported using alcohol or other drugs right after school.⁴⁷

Time of Student Drug Use, Hennepin County, 2001

Time of Drug Use	6th Grade		9th Grade		12th Grade	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Before school	3%	1%	11%	7%	19%	9%
During school	2	1	8	5	17	9
Right after school	3	3	17	13	26	15

Enforcement

- As of October 31, 2002, there were 1,132 full-time law enforcement employees in Minneapolis (836 officers and 296 civilians).⁴⁸

Trafficking and Seizures

- Gangs play a significant role in the street level, retail distribution of cocaine (particularly crack) in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area.⁴⁹
- The amount of cocaine seized in Hennepin County increased 40% from 2001 to 2002.⁵⁰
- In April 2002, law enforcement intercepted 90 opium-soaked tablecloths at O'Hare International Airport being sent from Thailand to Minneapolis. The tablecloths would have produced 9 pounds of heroin after being combined with heated solvents.⁵¹
- In April 2002, two Hispanic individuals in Minneapolis were indicted on Federal narcotics charges. The defendants received a shipment of 1 kilogram of cocaine from Chicago and had an additional 140 grams of cocaine in their apartment.⁵²
- Seizures of MDMA have risen substantially in Minneapolis. The number of MDMA units that were submitted to the crime lab increased from 2,047 dosage units in 2000 to more than 7,000 units in 2001.⁵³
- Heroin seizures by Hennepin County law enforcement doubled from 2000 to 2001.⁵⁴

Courts

- Drug Courts⁵⁵
As of November 2003, there was one drug court in Minneapolis that has been operating for more than two years. There were no additional drug courts in existence or being planned at that time.

Consequences of Use

- From January through September 2003, there were 30 cocaine-related deaths in Hennepin County. During full year 2002, there were 34 cocaine-related deaths in the county.⁵⁶ In 2001, there were 37 cocaine-related deaths in Hennepin County.⁵⁷

Number of Drug-Related Deaths, Hennepin County, 2001 through September 2003

Drug	Full Year 2001	Full Year 2002	Jan. thr. Sept. 2003
Cocaine	37	34	30
Heroin	58	59	35
Methamphetamine	8	11	10

- According to the Hennepin County Regional Poison Center, the number of calls related to the intentional abuse of dextromethorphan increased from 73 in 2001 to 111 in 2003 (through November 12). Sixty percent of the calls were related to Coricidin HBP Cough and Cold and 7% were related to Robitussin DM.⁵⁸
- The Hennepin County Regional Poison Center reported 39 calls about MDMA in 2001 compared to 45 calls in 2000.⁵⁹
- Approximately 88% of the Minnesota AIDS cases are in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area. Nine percent of those living with AIDS were injection drug users and 6% were men who had sex with men and injected drugs.⁶⁰
- There were 6,552 drug-related emergency department (ED) episodes in Minneapolis during 2002.⁶¹

Number of ED Drug Mentions, Selected Drugs, Minneapolis, 1998-2002

Drug Type	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alcohol-in-combination	1,491	1,678	1,780	2,238	2,102
Cocaine	775	814	841	1,105	1,454
Heroin	145	182	228	338	426
Marijuana	490	625	803	1,200	1,233
Amphetamine	44	101	189	226	204
Methamphetamine	109	112	153	321	319
MDMA (Ecstasy)	2	16	65	77	77
Ketamine	0	1	1	3	--
LSD	51	64	58	19	13
PCP	7	18	20	24	85
Miscell. hallucinogens	20	31	46	50	55
Rohypnol	--	0	--	1	--
GHB	8	33	93	68	34
Inhalants	39	24	23	26	26
Total ED drug episodes	4,328	4,643	5,197	6,521	6,552
Total ED drug mentions	8,097	8,949	10,090	12,300	12,332

Treatment

- In the first half of 2003, 12.8% of the admissions to treatment in Minneapolis/St. Paul were cocaine-related.⁶²

Clients in Treatment by Primary Drug of Abuse, Minneapolis/St. Paul, First Half 2003

Drug	# of Admissions	% of Total
Alcohol	4,811	51.2
Marijuana	2,125	22.6
Cocaine	1,200	12.8
Methamphetamine	620	6.6
Heroin	297	3.2
Total admissions	9,405	100

- During 2002, there were 4,357 admissions to treatment in Minneapolis/St. Paul with marijuana as the primary drug of abuse.⁶³

Number of Admissions to Treatment, Minneapolis/St. Paul, 1998-2002

Drug	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Marijuana	3,923	4,004	4,153	4,229	4,357
Cocaine	2,919	2,747	2,548	2,321	2,583
Heroin	497	501	594	566	673
Other opiates	211	173	241	372	270
Meth.	560	407	579	950	1,051

- There are 6 methadone maintenance programs in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area, serving 1,400 clients.⁶⁴
- Approximately 84% of the Minneapolis adult male arrestees who reported being heroin users in 2002 said that they have received inpatient treatment at some point in their lives.⁶⁵

Percent of Adult Male Arrestees Reporting Past Drug Treatment, Minneapolis, 2002

Drug Type	<u>Inpatient</u>		<u>Outpatient</u>	
	Ever	Past Year	Ever	Past Year
Crack cocaine	72.4%	14.4%	52.6%	25.5%
Powder cocaine	64.1	12.8	51.8	22.7
Marijuana	40.4	10.0	33.6	21.7
Methamphetamine	57.3	16.9	56.1	13.5
Heroin	83.8	6.7	56.1	21.6

Sources

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² Minneapolis Mayor Web site: <http://www.ci.minneapolis.mn.us/mayor/>

³ Minneapolis City Council Web site: <http://www.ci.minneapolis.mn.us/council/>

⁴ Minneapolis Police Department Web site: <http://www.ci.minneapolis.mn.us/citywork/police/>

⁵ Hennepin County Sheriff's Web site: <http://www.co.hennepin.mn.us/sheriff/sheriff2.htm>

⁶ Community Prevention Coalition of Hennepin County Web site: <http://www.cpcaction.org/>

⁷ Minneapolis Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Community Outreach Program Web site: <http://minneapolis.fbi.gov/communit.htm>

⁸ Drug-Free Communities Support Program Web site, Minnesota section: <http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/dfcs/states/mn.html>

⁹ Executive Office for Weed and Seed Data Center, Minnesota section: <http://www.weedandseeddatacenter.org/map.aspx?state=MN>

¹⁰ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, FY 2002 Discretionary Funds, Minnesota: <http://www.samhsa.gov/funding/content/states/mn.htm>

¹¹ Department of Housing and Urban Development, FY 2001 Federally Assisted Low Income Housing Drug Elimination Grants: Detailed Congressional Report: <http://www.hud.gov/content/releases/drugelimination.pdf>

¹² Department of Justice Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, FY 2002 Methamphetamine Grant Announcement, November 14, 2002: http://www.cops.usdoj.gov/pdf/GrantAnnounce/meth_grantees.pdf

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<http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs1/1158/1158p.pdf>
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