

FACT SHEET

Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) **Deployment Health Support Directorate**

For more information (703) 578 - 8500 (800) 497 - 6261

Version 3-04-2003

Deseret Test Center Project SHAD

High Low

Project Shipboard Hazard and Defense (SHAD) was part of the joint service chemical and biological warfare test program conducted during the 1960s. Project SHAD encompassed tests designed to identify US warships' vulnerabilities to attacks with chemical or biological warfare agents and to develop procedures to respond to such attacks while maintaining a war-fighting capability.

The primary purpose of the High Low test was to assess the vulnerability of ships to an enveloping cloud of toxic G-series nerve agent. The test had two primary objectives. Objective one was to investigate the penetration of a simulant for the nerve agent Sarin (GB) into four types of naval ships operating at sea. Objective two was to estimate the penetration of Sarin into the four types of operational naval ships by evaluating the results of Objective one in conjunction with the Sarin/Sarin-simulant relationship established in Flower Drum, Phase I (DTC Test 64-2). This was done mathematically, no Sarin was used in this test.

Methylacetoacetate was used to simulate Sarin nerve agent. The simulant was disseminated from a modified Model T-45M-2 MARS Portable Gas Turbine located on the bow of the test ship. All personnel (ships' crews and civilian test personnel) were instructed in the use of protective masks, and masks were worn by personnel directly exposed to significant quantities of methylacetoacetate.

The ships which operated in High Low were the USS *Berkely* (DDG-15), the USS *Fechteler* (DD-870), the USS *Okanogan* (APA-220), and the USS *Wexford County* (LST-1168).

High Low tests were conducted in the Pacific Ocean off the coast of San Diego, California, during the period January 11 through February 26, 1965*.

* The 1966 date from the declassified Deseret Test Center final report and originally published in the October 9, 2002, fact sheet for High Low was in error. A review of the ships' logs confirmed that High Low was conducted in 1965.

	T
Test Name	High Low (DTC Test 65-13)
Testing Organization	US Army Deseret Test Center
Test Dates	January 11 – February 26, 1965
Test Location	Testing was conducted in the Pacific Ocean, off the coast of San Diego, California
Test Operations	To assess the vulnerability of ships to an enveloping cloud of toxic G-series nerve agent.
Participating Services	U.S. Navy, Deseret Test Center personnel
Units and Ships Involved	USS Berkely (DDG-15) Feb. 8 - 11 & 15, 1965 USS Fechteler (DD-87) Feb. 23 - 26, 1965 USS Okanogan (APA-220) Jan. 25 - 28, 1965 & Feb. 1 - 2, 1965 USS Wexford County (LST-1168) Jan. 11 - 15, 1965 & Jan. 18 - 19, 1965
Dissemination Procedures	Agent cloud was generated by dissemination from a modified Model T-45M-2 MARS Portable Gas Turbine located on the bow of the test ship.
Agents, Simulants, Tracers	Methylacetoacetate
Ancillary Testing	Not identified
Decontamination	Not identified
Potential Health Risks Associated with Agents, Simulants, Tracers	Methylacetoacetate (MAA) This compound was used as a simulant. While acute exposure has been associated with irritation of skin, eyes, respiratory tract, and digestive tract, there is little or no evidence of long-term or late-developing health effects and it is not known to cause cancer in animal testing.

