Market Absorption of Apartments First Quarter 2004 Absorptions

Issued September 2004

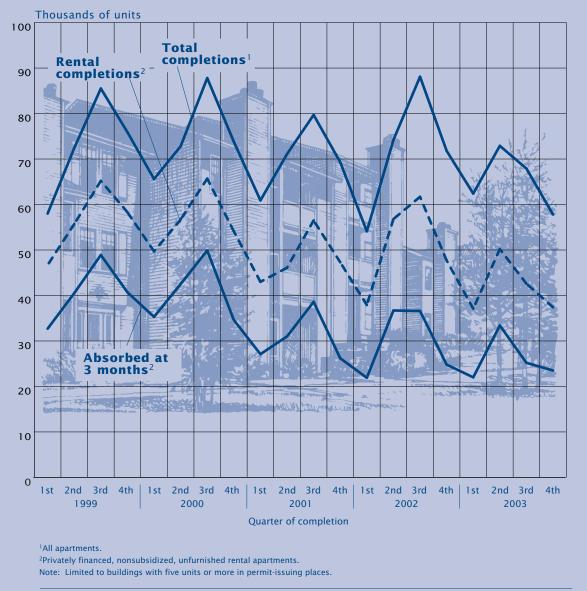
Completions in Fourth Quarter 2003

H130/04-Q1

Current Housing Reports

Figure 1.

Units in Apartment Buildings Completed and Absorbed: 1999 to 2003



Questions may be directed to the U.S. Census Bureau's Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, telephone: 301-763-3199.

INTRODUCTION

The Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) measures how soon privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished units in buildings with five or more units are rented or sold (absorbed) after completion. In addition, the survey collects data on characteristics such as number of bedrooms, asking rent, and asking price.

The estimates in this report are based on responses from a sample of the population. As with all surveys, estimates may vary from actual values because of sampling variation or other factors. All comparisons made in this report have undergone statistical testing and are significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

HIGHLIGHTS1

- An estimated 57,800 apartments were completed in buildings with five units or more in the fourth quarter of 2003, about 10,100 fewer than the 67,900 estimated completions last quarter and about 14,000 fewer than the estimated 71,800 completions in the same quarter last year (Table 11).
- Of the 57,800 units completed in the fourth quarter of 2003, approximately 37,400 were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments. This latter estimate does not differ from the revised estimate of 42,600 unfurnished units completed last quarter, but it is lower, by about 10,300 units, than the estimated 47,700 unfurnished rental completions from the fourth quarter of 2002 (Table 1).
- An estimated 69 percent (seasonally adjusted) of the newly completed, unfurnished apartments built in the fourth quarter were rented (absorbed) within 3 months of completion. This estimate is higher by approximately 13 percentage points than the revised rate last quarter, as well as about 12 percentage points higher than the rate for the same quarter last year (Table 1). The notseasonally-adjusted 3-month absorption rate of 63 percent for the 37,400 apartments completed in the fourth quarter of 2003 was not different from last quarter's revised rate, however it was some 11 percentage points higher than the rate for the same quarter last year (Table 1).
- The median asking rent for all privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental units completed in buildings with five units or more in the fourth quarter of 2003 was \$911. This estimate does not differ from the revised median asking rent for the third quarter of 2003. More new units contained two bedrooms (52 percent) than contained one bedroom (30 percent). Three-or-more bedroom units constituted the third highest percentage (15 percent), while efficiencies (no bedroom) accounted for only 3 percent of the total (Tables 2 and 3).

- The South had more unfurnished rental completions in the fourth quarter of 2003 than any other region, 47 percent, followed by the West with 27 percent. The Midwest (16 percent) and the Northeast (10 percent) had the fewest, and did not differ from one another (Table 4).
- Approximately 10,200 condominium and cooperative apartments in buildings with five units or more were completed in the fourth quarter of 2003, which is not different from the revised estimate of 9,800 units last quarter, nor does it differ from the estimated 12,000 such completions from the same quarter last year (Table 5). In the fourth quarter of 2003, condominiums and cooperatives accounted for about 18 percent of all completions in buildings with five or more units.
- About 77 percent of the 9,700 condominium apartments completed in the fourth quarter of 2003 were sold within 3 months of completion. This rate does not differ from the 75 percent absorption rate for condominium completions in the third quarter of 2003. The median asking price for condominiums built in the fourth quarter of 2003 was \$264,800—about \$52,300 higher than the revised median asking price last quarter (Tables 6 and 7).
- Of the remaining apartments completed in all buildings with five units or more in the fourth quarter of 2003, fewer than 50 were furnished units, 9,200 units were federally subsidized, and about 1,000 units were not in the scope of the survey (Table 11).

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DATA

All statistics from the SOMA refer to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five units or more. Absorption rates reflect the first time an apartment is rented after completion or the first time a condominium or cooperative apartment is sold after completion. If apartments initially intended to be sold as condominium or cooperative units are, instead, offered by the builder or building owner for rent, they are counted as rental apartments. Units categorized as federally subsidized are those built under two U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development programs (Section 8, Low Income Housing Assistance, and Section 202, Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans) and all units in buildings containing apartments in the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) rent supplement program. The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by state and local governments. Time-share units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities after completion) are outside the scope of the survey.

¹Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Tables 1 through 4 and Table 9 provide information about privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments. Table 5 provides information about privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium and cooperative apartments, while Tables 6 through 8 and Table 10 provide information about condominium apartments only. Table 11 summarizes the totals for all types of newly constructed apartments in buildings with five units or more.

NOTE TO DATA USERS

The SOMA adopted new ratio estimation procedures in 1990 to derive more accurate estimates of completions.² Please use caution when comparing the number of completions in 1990 and following years with those in earlier years.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The U.S. Census Bureau designed the survey to provide data concerning the rate at which privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished units in buildings with five or more units are rented or sold (absorbed). In addition, the survey collects data on characteristics such as number of bedrooms, asking rent, and asking price.

Buildings for the survey came from those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC).³ For the SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSUs), which are stratified based on population and building permits. The PSUs to be used for the survey are then randomly selected from each stratum. Next, a sample of geographic locations that issue permits is chosen within each of the selected PSUs. All newly constructed buildings with five units or more within the sampled places and a subsample of buildings with one to four units are included in the SOC.

For the SOMA, the Census Bureau selects, each quarter, a sample of buildings with five or more units that have been reported in the SOC sample as having been completed during that quarter. The SOMA does not include buildings completed in areas that do not issue permits. In each of the subsequent four quarters, the proportion of units in the quarterly sample that are sold or rented (absorbed) are recorded, providing data for absorption rates 3, 6, 9, and 12 months after completion.

ESTIMATION

The Census Bureau publishes preliminary estimates for a given quarter and may revise these estimates in ensuing quarters. Each quarter, some of the absorption data for some buildings arrive after the deadline for that quarter's

report; these late data appear in a revised table in the next quarterly report. Finalized data appear in the H-130, *Market Absorption of Apartments* annual report.

Beginning with data on completions in the fourth quarter of 1990 (which formed the basis for absorptions in the first quarter of 1991), the Census Bureau modified the estimation procedure and applied the new procedure to the data for the other three quarters of 1990 so that annual estimates using the same methodology for four quarters could be derived. The Census Bureau did not perform any additional reestimation of past data.

Using the original estimation procedure, the Census Bureau created unbiased estimates by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. Multiplying the unbiased estimate by the following ratio estimate factor for the country as a whole provided the final estimate:

total units in buildings with five or more units in permitissuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter

total units in buildings with five or more units as estimated by the SOMA for that quarter

Beginning with January 2001 completions, the SOC revised its methodology for estimating the number of units completed for structures with five or more units. See www.census.gov/ftp/pub/const

/www/newmethodologyconst.html> for these changes. Thus, use caution when comparing data from 2001 and forward to any estimates prior to 2001.

In the modified estimation procedure, instead of applying a single ratio-estimate factor for the entire country, the Census Bureau computes separate ratio-estimate factors for each of the four census regions. Multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio-estimate factors provides the final estimates for regions. The Census Bureau obtains the final estimate for the country by summing the final regional estimates.

This procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter that are consistent with the published figures from the SOC and reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals.

Absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included in the interviewed group or not accounted for are assumed to be identical to rates for units about which data were obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

²See ESTIMATION on this page.

³See the January 2004 issue of *Housing Starts*, Current Construction Reports, Series C20, for details of this survey-

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

The SOMA is a sample survey and, consequently, all statistics in this report are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would likely differ from these.

Two types of possible errors are associated with data from sample surveys: nonsampling and sampling errors.

Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, difficulties with definitions, differences in interpreting questions, inability or unwillingness of the respondents to provide correct information, and data processing errors. Although no direct measurements of any bias that might result from nonsampling errors have been obtained, the Census Bureau thinks that most of the important response and operational errors were detected during review of the data for reasonableness and consistency.

Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of many possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from different samples would likely differ from each other. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate provides a measure of this variation and, thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result from all possible samples.

If all possible samples were selected, if each was surveyed under the same general conditions, and if an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

 Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., the 68-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.

- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 90-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 95-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.

This report uses a 90-percent confidence level as its standard for statistical significance.⁴

For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values; that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

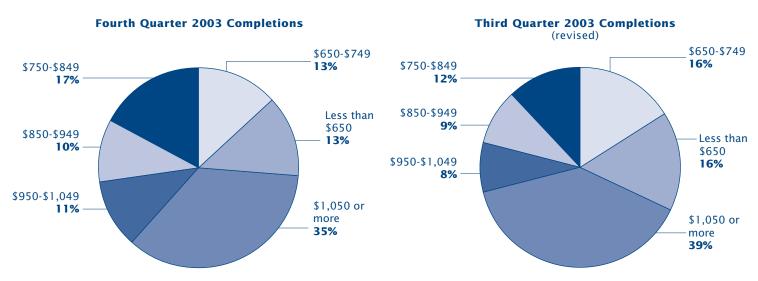
The average result from all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with specified confidence that the average result from all possible samples is included in the constructed interval.

For example, Table 2 of this report shows that about 5,000 nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments built during the fourth quarter of 2003 had an asking rent of less than \$650. The standard error of this estimate is 960. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 4,040 to 5,960. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Similarly, one could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the interval from 3,460 to 6,540 (using 1.6 times the standard error) with 90-percent confidence.

⁴Beginning with data for completions in the second quarter of 1999, the Census Bureau implemented a new procedure for computing standard errors. The new procedure may result in differences in standard errors derived using the prior methodology, so standard errors were revised back to the third quarter of 1998.

Figure 2.

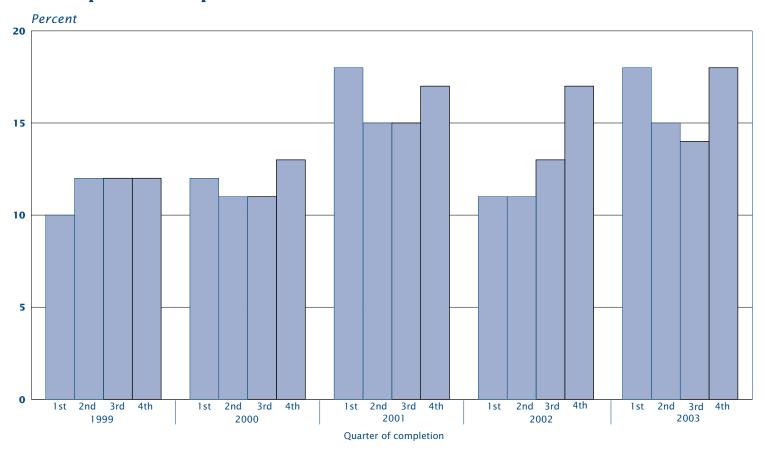
Percent of New Unfurnished Rental Apartments
Completed by Rent Category



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Figure 3.

Condominium and Cooperative Apartment Completions as Percent of Total Apartment Completions: 1999 to 2003



Note: Limited to buildings with five units or more in permit-issuing places.

Table 1. Absorption Rates of Privately Financed, Nonsubsidized, Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 1997 to 2003

[Buildings with five units or more. Percents are computed using unrounded data]

	To unfurr		Seaso adjus ren				Not seaso	onally adjus	sted—rente	ed within—		
	apartr comp		with mor	in 3	3 mc	onths	6 mc	onths	9 m	onths	12 months	
Quarter of completion	Number	Stand- ard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)
2003												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	37,400 '42,600 '50,200 '37,600	3,910 3,770 3,960 2,810	69 '56 63 '62	3.9 2.9 3.1 3.0	63 '59 67 '60	3.6 2.9 3.3 3.1	(NA) 74 86 '79	(NA) 2.9 1.7 2.4	(NA) (NA) 92 '87	(NA) (NA) 1.2 2.3	(NA) (NA) (NA) 94	(NA) (NA) (NA) 1.4
2002												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	47,700 61,700 56,800 37,900	4,210 3,640 4,170 2,770	57 56 62 55	2.7 2.5 2.5 2.7	52 59 65 58	2.5 2.6 2.6 2.8	74 77 83 78	2.8 1.7 2.0 2.5	88 88 89 86	1.8 1.2 1.7 2.0	94 93 93 91	1.1 1.1 1.5 1.7
2001												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	47,300 56,500 46,100 43,000	5,130 3,970 3,600 2,440	58 65 65 65	3.1 2.8 2.3 2.9	55 68 67 63	3.0 2.9 2.4 2.9	76 82 84 85	2.1 1.8 1.7 1.6	87 91 92 93	1.7 1.1 1.1 1.1	92 96 97 96	1.2 0.6 0.5 0.7
2000												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	54,100 65,700 56,700 49,700	2,920 3,670 3,560 3,450	67 73 73 73	2.3 1.9 2.7 2.0	64 76 75 71	2.2 2.0 2.8 1.9	82 87 90 89	1.5 1.5 1.0 1.2	93 94 95 95	0.7 0.8 0.8 0.8	97 97 97 98	(Z) 0.5 (Z) 0.5
1999												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	58,300 65,200 55,700 46,700	3,400 3,580 4,290 4,450	73 72 71 71	1.6 1.7 2.2 3.3	70 75 73 70	1.5 1.8 2.3 3.2	88 89 88 88	1.0 0.8 1.5 2.0	96 96 94 95	0.5 (Z) 1.4 0.9	98 99 97 97	(Z) (Z) 0.6 0.7
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	48,800 60,900 54,900 45,200	3,350 5,310 2,980 3,090	73 72 70 76	2.6 3.3 2.2 2.0	70 74 72 74	2.5 3.4 2.3 1.9	88 87 89 92	1.4 2.5 2.1 1.0	95 93 94 97	1.1 1.9 1.4 (Z)	97 96 98 99	0.8 1.5 (Z) (Z)
1997												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	55,200 51,400 44,200 38,400	3,810 3,880 4,090 2,530	72 73 77 72	2.7 2.6 1.4 2.7	69 76 80 69	2.6 2.7 1.4 3.2	88 90 94 86	1.8 2.3 0.6 3.4	96 94 98 93	0.7 2.3 (Z) 3.1	98 96 99 95	(Z) 2.3 (Z) 3.2

 $^{^{\}star}\textsc{One}$ standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). than one-half of 1 percent.

NA Not available.

Preliminary.

rRevised.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less

Table 2. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 2003 and of Those Rented Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent re 3 mc	
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	37,400	3,910	100	(X)	63	3.6
ASKING RENT						
Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	5,000 4,900 6,500 3,700 4,000 13,300 \$911	960 650 1,430 550 830 2,290 \$37	13 13 17 10 11 35 (X)	2.4 1.8 3.3 1.1 1.8 3.9 (X)	74 57 65 57 66 60 \$898	7.1 5.4 3.8 4.5 8.0 7.3 \$32
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	12,300 2,100 1,900 2,300 1,400 900 3,700 \$843	1,520 520 310 310 390 110 970 \$39	33 6 5 6 4 3 10 (X)	2.9 1.3 0.9 0.7 0.9 (Z) 2.5 (X)	68 82 69 61 57 64 70 \$832	3.1 5.0 4.5 3.5 10.1 6.8 8.3 \$36
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 to \$1,149 \$1,150 or more Median asking rent	25,100 2,900 3,000 4,200 2,300 3,100 2,600 7,000 \$954	3,030 670 550 1,400 360 830 990 1,340 \$38	67 8 8 11 6 8 7 19 (X)	2.9 1.8 1.5 3.4 0.9 1.8 2.4 2.6 (X)	60 68 49 67 57 67 67 53 \$946	4.7 5.2 7.3 4.9 3.6 10.2 14.7 7.6 \$44
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom 1 bedroom. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	1,200 11,100 19,500 5,600	410 1,250 2,510 940	3 30 52 15	1.0 2.4 2.9 2.0	73 68 61 57	10.1 2.7 4.9 6.7

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less than one-half of 1 percent.

Table 3. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2003 and of Those Rented Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units		nted within onths
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	42,600	3,770	100	(X)	59	2.9
ASKING RENT						
Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	6,700 6,900 4,900 3,900 3,400 16,800 \$921	1,310 1,120 1,050 620 460 2,410 \$38	16 16 12 9 8 39 (X)	2.7 2.0 2.1 1.4 0.9 4.4 (X)	70 59 49 61 53 59 \$909	5.5 3.7 5.9 7.5 4.8 4.1 \$32
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	16,000 4,400 2,900 1,300 1,200 1,100 5,000 \$802	1,430 960 480 250 280 140 1,190 \$37	38 10 7 3 3 3 12 (X)	2.2 2.0 1.0 0.6 0.7 (Z) 2.5 (X)	58 71 54 52 59 50 53 \$748	3.8 5.7 4.7 7.6 8.0 5.0 8.2 \$32
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049 \$1,050 to \$1,149 \$1,150 or more Median asking rent	26,600 2,300 4,000 3,600 2,700 2,200 2,300 9,500 \$982	2,770 590 920 1,030 570 440 320 1,270 \$39	62 5 9 8 6 5 5 22 (X)	2.2 1.3 1.8 2.1 1.2 0.9 0.6 2.3 (X)	60 69 63 48 62 55 53 63 \$987	3.2 9.5 5.4 7.5 10.0 6.1 7.5 4.4 \$46
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom. 1 bedroom. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	1,600 14,400 20,800 5,800	500 1,210 1,920 1,220	4 34 49 14	1.1 1.8 1.7 2.2	48 59 58 66	14.2 3.2 2.9 6.8

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less than one-half of 1 percent.

Table 4. Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 2003 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking rent are collected at the initial interview. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		Total unf apartments	urnished completed		Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking rent	Standard error*	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	37,400	3,910	\$911	37	100	(X)	63	3.6	
Inside metropolitan areas In central cities Not in central cities Outside metropolitan areas	36,600 16,300 20,300 800	3,930 2,060 3,020 530	\$913 \$864 \$949 \$750	36 50 48 74	98 44 54 2	1.4 4.3 4.4 1.4	62 61 63 87	3.7 3.8 5.0 9.4	
Northeast Midwest South West	3,800 5,800 17,500 10,200	1,970 1,800 2,190 1,380	\$1,050+ \$746 \$888 \$996	51 93 34 45	10 16 47 27	4.9 4.1 4.1 3.8	97 58 56 64	2.0 8.0 3.6 3.5	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Table 5. Absorption Rates of Condominium and Cooperative Apartments: 1997 to 2003

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium and cooperative apartments in buildings with five units or more. Percents are computed using unrounded data]

	l	dominium perative	Percent o	of all units			Pe	ercent abso	orbed within	n—		
	apartı comp			or more	3 mc	onths	6 m	onths	9 mc	onths	12 m	onths
Quarter of completion	Number	Stand- ard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)
2003												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	10,200 '9,800 10,900 '11,100	1,410 1,560 2,600 2,050	18 '14 15 18	2.5 2.3 3.0 3.3	78 75 '76 69	4.0 2.8 3.9 1.3	(NA) 84 87 '78	(NA) 2.0 2.6 1.5	(NA) (NA) 90 86	(NA) (NA) 1.4 1.1	(NA) (NA) (NA) 94	(NA) (NA) (NA) 1.9
2002												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	12,000 11,300 8,000 6,100	1,760 1,500 2,090 760	17 13 11 11	2.5 1.6 2.7 1.6	67 71 86 72	5.3 4.0 3.3 4.5	86 84 93 85	2.5 2.3 2.0 3.0	92 90 96 90	1.4 2.3 1.5 2.2	96 93 97 94	0.9 2.3 1.3 1.5
2001												
October-December July-September	11,900 12,200 10,700 11,000	1,600 2,220 2,020 1,650	17 15 15 18	2.8 2.9 2.8 2.3	73 73 72 74	4.2 4.4 6.7 3.4	85 81 82 90	3.8 4.3 4.6 2.3	90 88 90 94	3.6 3.8 2.5 2.0	91 93 94 96	3.6 2.5 2.2 1.4
2000												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	9,900 9,700 8,400 8,100	1,510 1,510 1,270 1,440	13 11 11 12	1.9 1.7 1.9 2.3	77 74 83 77	3.6 5.1 3.7 4.5	89 82 92 87	2.7 5.3 2.4 3.6	92 87 95 91	2.4 4.7 2.2 3.2	94 91 96 94	2.0 3.7 2.2 2.6
1999												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	9,200 10,500 8,500 6,000	1,990 2,840 1,210 1,150	12 12 12 10	2.6 3.1 1.7 2.1	78 65 76 87	2.6 11.9 3.3 2.0	89 76 88 94	1.6 10.6 2.6 1.3	95 83 92 97	1.1 11.8 1.9 1.0	98 84 96 98	0.5 12.0 1.0 0.8
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	10,400 9,800 6,900 7,300	3,150 2,840 900 1,540	15 13 10 13	4.3 3.4 1.5 2.5	81 72 82 81	2.2 13.5 3.4 4.6	92 80 92 91	0.8 12.1 1.7 1.9	96 83 94 95	0.5 11.9 1.6 1.3	98 86 96 96	(Z) 10.4 1.3 1.2
1997												
October-December July-September	9,800 7,400 9,200 9,500	2,290 1,560 1,690 2,540	13 11 16 19	3.1 2.5 3.0 4.3	86 74 84 76	2.6 5.1 3.6 7.8	93 94 92 89	1.6 1.1 1.8 5.6	96 97 94 93	0.9 0.7 1.5 4.4	97 98 97 94	0.6 0.5 0.8 4.0

 $[\]mbox{^*}\mbox{One}$ standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval), than one-half of 1 percent.

NA Not available.

^pPreliminary.

rRevised.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less

Table 6. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 2003 and of Those Sold Within 3 Months Preliminary

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		dominium completed	Percent of total	condominiums	Percent sold within 3 months		
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage- points)	
Total	9,700	1,400	100	(X)	77	4.1	
ASKING PRICE							
Less than \$125,000 \$125,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$299,999. \$300,000 or more Median asking price	1,300 700 1,200	440 330 200 110 400 810 \$17,650	10 16 14 7 12 41 (X)	4.1 3.2 2.6 1.3 3.1 4.1 (X)	73 49 75 85 88 86 \$285,100	15.2 10.5 5.2 6.2 4.8 3.2 \$17,500	
BEDROOMS							
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	1,100 5,500 3,100	220 810 830	11 57 32	2.3 5.0 5.4	57 77 84	8.6 4.6 3.4	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Table 7. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2003 and of Those Sold Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		dominium completed	Percent of total	I condominiums	Percent sold within 3 months		
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* points)	
Total	9,800	1,560	100	(X)	75	2.8	
ASKING PRICE							
Less than \$125,000 \$125,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$299,999. \$300,000 or more Median asking price	1,600 700	590 550 510 240 220 770 \$14,170	18 14 16 7 8 37 (X)	4.5 4.4 4.2 2.4 2.4 7.2 (X)	80 83 58 78 66 79 \$223,700	5.9 6.9 8.2 6.8 6.6 5.1 \$15,770	
BEDROOMS							
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	1,200 5,300 3,200	250 1,200 770	13 54 33	2.4 6.6 6.8	74 77 74	5.7 4.1 5.4	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Table 8. Condominium Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 2003 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking price are collected at the initial interview. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		Total condapartments	dominium completed		Percent of	total units	Percent sold within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking price	Standard error*	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	9,700	1,400	\$264,800	17,650	100	(X)	77	4.1	
Inside metropolitan areas In central cities Not in central cities Outside metropolitan areas	7,200 5,100 2,100 2,500		\$245,700 \$297,600 \$187,900 \$287,300	21,940 18,350 13,260 54,660	74 53 21 26	4.2 6.9 3.9 10.7	71 65 87 95	3.7 4.6 2.5 2.8	
Northeast	1,000 1,300 4,600 2,800	290 250 1,380 360	\$300,000+ \$145,400 \$274,000 \$232,000	44,740 27,710 33,890 52,210	11 14 47 29	3.1 3.2 8.2 5.2	99 24 84 83	1.4 6.8 6.1 2.2	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Table 9. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and of Those Reported as Rented and Remaining for Rent in the First Quarter of 2004

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

Item	Total unfurnished apartments completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and rented prior to 1st quarter 2004	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and rented in 1st quarter 2004	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and remaining for rent at end of 1st quarter 2004	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	167,800	8,000	100,800	5,210	35,400	2,850	31,600	3,590
ASKING RENT								
Less than \$650 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049 \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	25,200 23,200 23,000 15,100 14,200 67,100 \$932	3,250 2,420 2,650 1,340 2,060 5,550 \$27	17,400 14,500 12,100 8,500 7,300 41,100 \$925	2,730 1,860 1,270 840 890 4,480 \$32	5,100 4,400 5,900 3,400 3,500 13,100 \$917	810 420 1,180 470 780 1,850 \$35	2,700 4,300 5,000 3,100 3,400 12,900 \$966	650 720 930 560 680 2,090 \$34
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	62,200 84,900 20,700	3,350 4,850 2,330	39,100 49,800 11,900	2,830 3,070 1,720	13,000 17,800 4,600	1,420 1,880 700	10,100 17,300 4,200	1,090 2,200 850

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Note: Data are for completions in the first through fourth quarters of 2003.

Table 10. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and of Those Reported as Sold and Remaining for Sale in the First Quarter of 2004

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

ltem	Total condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters and sold prior to 1st quarter 2004	Standard error* (number of apartments)	quarters and	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters and remaining for sale at end of 1st quarter 2004	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	38,900	4,240	24,200	3,290	9,600	1,500	5,100	640
ASKING PRICE								
Less than \$125,000 \$125,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$299,999. \$300,000 or more. Median asking price	5,900 4,700 6,600 3,500 3,500 14,800 \$233,000	1,800 900 1,510 630 660 2,110 \$16,970	4,200 2,900 4,300 2,500 1,900 8,500 \$214,900	1,350 670 1,200 590 430 1,440 \$18,000	800 1,200 700 1,200 4,600	410 300 200 100 400 1,030 \$20,730	700 1,000 1,100 200 400 1,700 \$190,700	270 200 320 60 90 360 \$23,880
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	4,600 21,700 12,600	510 3,210 2,160	3,000 13,400 7,800	420 2,480 1,520	800 5,400 3,400	170 880 880	800 2,900 1,400	150 360 340

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Note: Data are for completions in the first through fourth quarters of 2003.

Table 11. Apartments Completed in Buildings With Five Units or More: 1997 to 2003

[Details may not sum to totals because of rounding]

Quarter of completion	Total ap	artments	rer	nished ntal ments	rer	ished ntal ments		tives and niniums		erally idized	Oth	ner ¹
·	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*
2003												
October-December ^p July-September April-June	57,800 67,900 72,900 62,400	4,310 4,550 4,860 4,170	37,400 '42,600 '50,200 '37,600	3,910 3,770 3,960 2,810	(Z) r1,700 200 300	(Z) 790 80 160	10,200 '9,800 10,900 '11,100	1,410 1,560 2,600 2,050	9,200 '8,600 8,700 '11,300	1,510 1,470 2,150 2,460	1,000 '5,200 '3,000 2,100	120 1,710 940 770
2002												
October-December July-September	71,800 88,100 74,200 54,100	4,430 4,490 4,530 3,140	47,700 61,700 56,800 37,900	4,210 3,640 4,170 2,770	400 2,200 100 500	200 1,140 30 270	12,000 11,300 8,000 6,100	1,760 1,500 2,090 760	8,700 8,600 7,400 7,400	1,790 1,760 2,100 1,760	3,000 4,300 1,900 2,200	1,790 1,250 570 690
2001												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	69,300 79,700 71,100 60,900	4,750 4,110 4,520 3,200	47,300 56,500 46,100 43,000	4,840 3,970 3,600 2,440	200 3,700 500 (Z)	170 1,600 110 (Z)	11,900 12,200 10,700 11,000	1,600 2,220 2,020 1,650	6,500 4,900 10,400 4,800	1,510 710 3,200 1,140	3,300 2,400 3,300 2,100	1,270 1,300 1,020 520
2000												
October-December July-September	73,800 87,800 72,800 65,600	3,350 3,300 3,690 4,240	54,100 65,700 56,700 49,700	2,920 3,670 3,560 3,450	100 1,100 1,200 400	(Z) 600 610 300	9,900 9,700 8,400 8,100	1,510 1,510 1,270 1,440	6,900 7,000 3,800 6,500	1,240 1,210 850 3,250	2,700 4,200 2,700 800	1,290 1,460 1,460 190
1999												
October-December July-September	75,900 85,500 72,400 58,000	4,600 4,070 4,400 4,550	58,300 65,200 55,700 46,700	3,400 3,580 4,290 4,450	600 5,300 1,500 300	370 2,030 1,140 210	9,200 10,500 8,500 6,000	1,990 2,840 1,210 1,150	3,100 3,300 4,800 2,400	570 860 1,350 520	4,800 1,100 1,900 2,600	2,880 370 690 820
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	67,900 78,100 70,000 57,900	3,560 5,780 3,150 3,380	48,800 60,900 54,900 45,200	3,350 5,310 2,980 3,090	1,200 1,400 100 300	680 460 5 15	10,400 9,800 6,900 7,300	3,150 2,840 900 1,540	5,200 4,200 6,600 4,000	1,590 1,100 1,900 2,490	2,300 1,700 1,500 1,100	760 380 300 200
1997												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	72,700 66,300 57,300 50,800	3,950 3,280 3,970 2,570	55,200 51,400 44,200 38,400	3,810 3,880 4,090 2,530	400 1,600 400 500	20 620 130 320	9,800 7,400 9,200 9,500	2,290 1,560 1,690 2,540	4,400 4,900 3,100 1,800	1,350 2,240 780 270	2,900 1,100 400 700	1,280 210 90 160

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). Preliminary. ^rI percent.

rRevised.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less than one-half of 1

¹Other includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion).