United States Department of Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation



Product Development Division

# STRAWBERRY DOLLAR PLAN

PILOT LOSS

ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

FCIC-25780 (07-2004)

2005 and Succeeding Crop Years

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE HA	NUMBER: 25780 (07-2004)	
SUBJECT:  STRAWBERRY DOLLAR PLAN PILOT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK 2005 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS	APPROVED: /s/ Rodger M. Ma	velopment Division  tthews for Tim Witt Research and Development

THIS HANDBOOK CONTAINS THE OFFICIAL FCIC-APPROVED LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS FOR THIS CROP FOR THE 2005 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS. IN THE ABSENCE OF INDUSTRY-DEVELOPED, FCIC-APPROVED PROCEDURE FOR THIS CROP FOR 2005 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS, ALL REINSURED COMPANIES WILL UTILIZE THESE STANDARDS FOR BOTH LOSS ADJUSTMENT AND LOSS TRAINING.

#### SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART

Major Changes: Refer to changes or additions in text which have been **redlined**. Three stars (\*\*\*) identify where information that has been removed.

### Changes:

- A. At the top of section 1, inserted "This handbook must be used in conjunction with the loss adjustment manual (LAM)."
- B. Deleted subsection 2 B (3) and renumbered the old subsection (4) as (3). In the new subsection 2 B (3), removed the definition "Adjusted Average Value;" added definitions for "Allowable C-Cost," "Direct Marketing," "First Handler," "Harvest Delay," "Number of Pickings," and "Picking Factor." Revised the definition for "Marketable Production" to match the language in the crop provisions.
- C. Revised subsection 3 A (1) (g) to reflect the language in the crop provisions. Inserted a new subsection 3 A (2) to reflect standard crop handbook language and renumbered the rest of the subsections accordingly. Inserted a new subsection 3 A (6) to refer to the Special Provisions for any limitations on the amount of insurance or insurable acreage. Inserted a **NOTE** after subsection (6) to list uninsured conditions or causes of loss in the Remarks portion of the appraisal worksheet or in the Narrative of the claim form.
- D. Removed subsection 3 B (2), renumbered the subsection and inserted standard handbook language. At the end of subsection 3 B, inserted a **NOTE** to refer to the Crop Insurance Handbook and LAM for other provisions not applicable to CAT.

#### STRAWBERRY PILOT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDDARDS HANDBOOK

#### **SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)**

- E. Revised subsection 3 D to reflect policy language. Revised subsection 3 D (2), by changing the number of days to 10 and inserted, at the end of the sentence, "or sold for cash" to agree with the language in the crop provisions. Inserted a new subsection 3 D (6) to reflect the crop provisions concerning insureds who are also a broker, processor, shipper or other first handler.
- F. Clarified and revised subsection 3 E to reflect the crop provisions. In subsection 3 E (1), deleted the word "all" before the word "pound," and inserted the word "each." In the third line, inserted the word "modified" before the word "minimum," added the words "in either option I or II, as elected," after the word "price," and at the end inserted "at that price and totaling the results."
- G. Changed subsection 4 A (1) and (2) (a) to reflect standard crop handbook language. Revised subsection 4 A (2) (c) to add examples of direct marketing ("farmers' market," "roadside stand," "sold for cash," and "pen hooked"). Also clarified that the insurance provider may choose to conduct pre-harvest and post-harvest appraisals if the insured provides notice that he/she is, or has become, a broker, processor, shipper or other first handler.
- H. Revised subsection 4 B (1) by clarifying that plants are typically picked once every 3 to 5 days. Revised subsection 4 B (4) by inserting a **NOTE** at the end of the paragraph that in lieu of the LAM, appraisals for plants damaged by hail or freeze shall be delayed until the plants have sufficiently recovered to allow an accurate determination of the remaining potential, or a determination that the plants will not recover or fruit will not develop.
- I. Revised subsection 4 C (1) and inserted subsection 4 C (2) (d) to reflect that different varieties grown in the same field may be combined for appraisal purposes if the varieties have the same maturation date, fruit size, fruit color, and market value. Also fields may be split into subfields for appraisal purposes if different varieties have been planted in the same field and are harvested and/or marketed separately because of maturation dates, fruit size, fruit color or market value. Clarified subsection 4 D and removed subsection 4 E.
- J. The table in subsection 5 A was rewritten for clarity and to reflect the crop policy.
- K. Subsection 5 was also revised wherever a timely notice to direct market is discussed to add "sold for cash" and "or sell for cash." Subsections 5 C (1) through (3) were moved and renumbered as 5 B (1) through (3). Subsections 5 C (4) and (5) were moved to the end of subsection 5 A and renumbered as 5 A (1) and (2). Inserted a NOTE at the end of the subsection 5 A (2). The old subsection 5 C was renumbered as 5 B and 5 B was renumbered as 5 C. The new subsection 5 B was revised to reflect the language in the crop provisions. Moved subsections 5 C (6) and (7) to subsection 5 C (2) and (3). Inserted a new subsection 5 C (5), and the renumbered the remaining subsections accordingly. Inserted a new subsection 5 C (8) with instructions to add the per acre appraisals for all pickings from the acreage appraised and enter the total in column J of the Production Worksheet. Changed the title to subsection 5 D (2) by adding at the end instructions to add the per acre appraisals for all pickings from the appraised acreage and to enter the total in column J of the Production Worksheet. Revised the EXAMPLES in subsection 5 to reflect updated picking factors for California and a revised TABLE C.

#### STRAWBERRY PILOT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDDARDS HANDBOOK

#### **SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)**

- L. Clarified subsection 7 A (3) and (4) to indicate separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit and picking appraised. Subsection 7 B, instructions for item 8 were revised to clarify that an entry of 12 inches is entered as 1.0 foot. Item 12 was revised to add instructions cash sales and harvest delays. Item 13 was revised to add instructions for harvest delays. Item 18 was revised to add instructions for harvest delays and intent to direct market or sell for cash.
- M. In subsection 7 B, inserted subsection (5) to provide instructions to use separate appraisal worksheets for insured and uninsured causes of loss appraisals. Subsection 7 B was revised to reflect crop policy language and handbook standards. Clarified instructions for item 10 that sample sizes larger than 1/1000 may be used, if necessary. Inserted under item 12 instructions for calculating calendar dates for the harvest period for delays in initial harvest or harvest delays. Revised the Appraisal Worksheet example to reflect changes in the TABLE C. Corrected the title for subsection 7 C to agree with the Table of Contents. Subsection 7 C (1) was revised to insert instructions for cash sales and for insureds who are also a broker, processor, packer, shipper or other first handler. Inserted 7 C (4) to add instructions for determining the value of marketable production that is harvested and accepted by the buyer but is rejected at the destination point. A new Summary of Harvested Production worksheet was inserted to add entries for "Claim No.," "Price Received Per lb.," "Allowable Costs/lb.," "Net Price/lb.," and "Minimum Value/lb." The form, its instructions, and the form examples were revised for clarification, to reflect standard handbook language, and changes in the crop policy requiring minimum value to be computed on a pound-by-pound basis.
- Subsection 8 B, was revised to reflect standard handbook language. Added a **NOTE** at the end N. of items A in Section I, and A2 in Section II of the Production Worksheet to "Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding entries of first crop and second crop codes." For item H in Section I, under the Explanation column for Stage "P," clarified the stage code applies to situations where the insured is also a broker, processor, shipper, or other first handler and acceptable records are not available, and the insured fails to provide timely notice of a harvest delay or delay in initial harvest. Clarified that stage code "H" applies if all pickings for the acreage have been harvested an "UH" applies if any pickings for the acreage are not harvested. Added to item "J" to make no entry if a "P" stage code is entered in item "H." Revised the instructions for item "M" paragraph a (1) to insert at the beginning of line three "sold by direct marketing, penhooker, u-pick, etc., or sold for cash." Also added the following language at the end of the paragraph "from which production was sold by an insured who is also a broker, processor, shipper, or other first handler without a timely notice or if the insurance provider cannot accurately determine the amount of such production, or from which there was a delay in initial harvest (or a harvest delay) without a timely notice of such delay and/or the delay was due to uninsured causes." Clarified item "M" paragraph a. (2) by inserting that separate appraisals may be entered in columns "J" and "M" for the same acreage if a "P" stage code is not entered in item "H."
- O. In subsection 8 B, Section II, items B-E of the Production Worksheet instructions, added a **NOTE** following paragraph "a," that if the insured is also as a broker, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler, marketing records must be obtained from the broker, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler to verify the amount and value of production sold by the insured.

#### STRAWBERRY PILOT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDDARDS HANDBOOK

#### **SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)**

In paragraph "d" inserted, after "direct marketed" the words "penhooked or sold for cash." In Section II, item "I," clarified that the words in the heading are to be lined out and replaced with "\$" and added instructions to enter total net production in whole dollars, for unsold marketable harvested production; and production delivered to the buyer, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler. Also corrected the referenced item number in paragraph (b). Removed instructions for entries for Section II, items "N," and "P" through "R" which are not required. Revised the instructions for item "S" to enter the result of subtracting item "O" from "I," in whole dollars. Revised the Production Worksheet example to reflect changes made to the Summary of Harvested Production worksheet example. Inserted a "NOTES" page following the Production Worksheet example form.

- P. Added a **NOTE** to **TABLE** A to refer to subsection 4 C for situations where different varieties may be combined for appraisal purposes.
- Q. Revised **TABLE** C to reflect updated information for all states.
- R. Revised **TABLE D** to reflect recent information on container types, number per flat, and container weights. Revised the **NOTE** following **TABLE D** by changing the instructions for determining the weight of containers that are not listed in **TABLE D**. Inserted a "NOTES" page following **TABLE D**.
- S. Made additional changes to conform to standard handbook language and format, to correct references, spelling, and punctuation errors.

Cont	Control Chart For: Strawberry Dollar Plan Pilot Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook													
	SC TC Text Reference Directive Page(s) Page(s) Material Date Number													
Remove	Entire Handbook													
Insert and Current Index	1-4	1-2	1-38	39-44	7-2004	FCIC-25780								

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## THIS HANDBOOK MUST BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE LOSS ADJUSTMENT MANUAL (LAM).

This handbook identifies the crop-specific procedural requirements for adjusting Multiple Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI) losses in a uniform and timely manner. These procedures, which include crop appraisal methods and claims completion instructions, supplement the general (not crop-specific) procedures, forms, and manuals for loss adjustment identified in the (LAM).

## 2. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of **either** the entire handbook **or** selected portions (through amendments or bulletins). If slip sheets have been issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended by slip sheet pages shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent slip sheets.

## A. **DISTRIBUTION**

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster (and signed by the insured) for the loss adjustment inspection:

One legible copy to the insured. The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the insurance provider.

**NOTE:** It is the insurance providers' responsibility to maintain original insurance documents relative to policyholder servicing as designated in their approved plan of operations.

## B. TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions **general** (not crop specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the LAM.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions **specific** to strawberry loss adjustment and this handbook, which are not defined in this section, are defined as they appear in the text.

\*\*\*

(3) Definitions:

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<mark>Allowable</mark> Cost The dollar amount per pound for harvesting and handling as shown in the Special Provisions. (Allowable costs include labor for picking and supervising in the field, container costs, hauling and handling charges. (Refer to the Special Provisions for possible deductions to allowable costs.)

<mark>Direct</mark> Marketing	Sale of the insured crop directly to consumers without the intervention of an intermediary such as a wholesaler, retailer, packer, processor, shipper, or buyer. Examples of direct marketing include selling through an onfarm or roadside stand, farmer's market, and permitting the general public to enter the field for the purpose of picking all or a portion of the crop.
Expected Remaining Production	The amount of expected remaining strawberry production after the appraisal date during each week or month of harvest as provided in the Special Provisions and <b>TABLE C</b> , based on county-average yields per acre and historic weekly deliveries to shippers and processors.
First Handler	A person or entity who takes possession of, or purchases, the insured crop for the purpose of acting as an intermediary in the marketing/sales process.
Handling Charges	Costs shown on handler receipts that are typically deducted from the revenue received by the grower, such as charges for picking containers, materials, commissions, and assessments.
<b>Harvest Delay</b>	When the number of days between strawberry harvests exceed the number of days shown on the Special Provisions.
Marketable Production	Strawberries that meet or exceed the grading standards specified in the Special Provisions, or of such quality that would be accepted by a packer, processor, or other handler, even if failing to meet grading standards.

**Pen Hooker** One who salvages strawberries from the field that otherwise would

normally not be harvested.

**Picking Factor** The estimated average number of days between strawberry harvests, as

shown on the Special Provisions.

**Type** Describes the planting system used, such as "winter planting system" or

"summer planting system."

## 3. INSURANCE CONTRACT INFORMATION

The insurance provider is to determine that the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. Crop provisions which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to):

## A. **INSURABILITY**

- (1) The crop insured will be all the strawberries in the county in which the insured has a share, for which a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents and that are:
  - (a) Of varieties adapted to the area;

- (b) Grown as an annual;
- (c) Transplanted;
- (d) Grown in accordance with any cultural requirements that may be specified in the Special Provisions;
- (e) Irrigated (refer to the LAM, the Basic Provisions, and the Special Provisions for the definition of irrigated practice).
- (f) Grown for commercial sale; and
- (g) Grown by a person, who in at least three of the five previous crop years produced, and managed a farm that produced, the minimum production of strawberries contained in the Special Provisions for commercial sale.
- (2) Acreage that does not meet the cultural requirements contained in the Special Provisions will not be insurable.
- \*\*\* (3) Acreage planted prior to the earliest planting date if one is specified in the Special Provisions is not insurable.
  - (4) Acreage of the insured crop damaged before the final planting date, to the extent that a majority of producers in the area would normally not further care for the crop, must be replanted unless the insurance provider agrees that it is not practical to replant. It will not be considered practical to replant if transplants are not available.
  - (5) Acreage that does not meet the minimum production requirements will not be insurable (refer to the Special Provisions).
  - (6) Refer to the Special Provisions for any limitations on the amount of insurance or insurable acreage.

## B. PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE TO CAT COVERAGE

- (1) Optional units.
- \*\*\* (2) Hail and Fire Exclusion provisions (also not applicable if additional coverage is less than 65/100 or equivalent coverage).
  - (3) Modified Minimum Value Option.

**NOTE:** Refer to the Crop Insurance Handbook (CIH) and LAM for other provisions not applicable to CAT.

## C. UNIT DIVISION

\*\*\* Refer to the insurance contract for unit provisions. **NOTE:** Unless limited by the Crop or Special Provisions, a basic unit, as defined in the Basic Provisions may be divided into optional units if, for each optional unit, all the conditions stated in the applicable provisions are met.

## D. NOTICE OF DAMAGE OR LOSS

- \*\*\* In the event of damage or loss the insured must file a "notice of damage or loss":
  - (1) Within three days of the date that harvest of the damaged crop should have started if the insured crop will not be harvested.
  - (2) Immediately, if damage occurs during harvest and the insured does not intend to complete harvesting the crop.
  - (3) At least 10 days before any production from any unit will be sold by direct marketing or for cash. If the insured fails to give timely notice of intent to direct market or sell strawberry production for cash and the insurance provider is unable to accurately determine the amount of production, apply an appraised amount of production that is not less than the dollar amount of insurance per acre. If timely notice has been given and acceptable records are not available refer to subsection 5 D.
- \*\*\* (4) If the insured intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, notice must be given at least five days prior to the beginning of harvest if the insured intends to harvest the damaged crop, or immediately if damage is discovered during harvest so that the insurance provider may inspect the damaged production. The insured must not destroy damaged plants until the insurance provider has given written consent to do so.
  - (5) Within 2 days if there is a delay in harvest for any of the harvestings (pickings) of the insured strawberries or if the date of first harvest is later than the date specified in the Special Provisions.
  - The insured must provide notice at least 10 days before harvest or the end of the insurance period, whichever is earlier, if the insured is a broker, processor, shipper or other first handler. The insurance provider may conduct an appraisal or inspection that will be used to determine the value of production to count. If damage occurs after this appraisal, the insurance provider will conduct an additional appraisal. If damage occurs the insured must:
    - (a) Furnish all marketing records for all production and records of subsequent deliveries or sales of such production to other buyers, brokers, processors, shippers, or other first handlers;
    - (b) Provide marketing records showing the name and address of each entity that purchased insured strawberries and the prices received;
    - (c) Provide access to the strawberry production, any marketing records, and to all facilities in which the marketing records are maintained.

### E. MODIFIED MINIMUM VALUE OPTION

If Option I or Option II is elected, the total value of harvested production will be determined as follows:

- (1) For sold production, the dollar amount obtained by subtracting the allowable cost (in the Special Provisions) from the price received for each pound of strawberries sold (this result will not be less than the price specified in the Special Provisions for either Modified Minimum Value Option I or II, as elected by the insured), and multiplying each result by the number of pounds of strawberries sold at that price and totaling the results.
  - (2) For marketable production that is harvested, but not sold, the dollar amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of such strawberries on the unit by the minimum value (from the Special Provisions) that applies without regard to the insured's election of the Modified Minimum Value Option I or II. Harvested production that is damaged or defective due to insurable causes and is not marketable WILL NOT be counted as production.

## 4. STRAWBERRY APPRAISALS

## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Potential production for all types of inspections will be appraised in accordance with the procedures specified in this handbook and the LAM.
- (2) Specifically for strawberries, circumstances that require an appraisal include (but are not limited to):
  - (a) When the acreage will not be harvested, is unharvested on the calendar date for the end of the insurance period, the insured intends to remove or abandon the crop before the end of insurance, and intends to file a claim for indemnity;
  - (b) Prior to the end of the insurance period, when the insured intends to file a claim for indemnity but does not intend to pick any more strawberries (partially harvested) even though potential production remains on the plants;
  - (c) If production will be direct marketed (farmers' market, roadside stand, U-pick, penhooked, etc.), sold for cash, or the insured has provided notice that he/she is (or has become) a broker, processor, shipper or other first handler and the insurance provider chooses to conduct pre-harvest and post-harvest appraisals.

## B. <u>TIMING OF APPRAISALS</u>

(1) During the period of harvest, plants are typically picked once every 3 to 5 days for a period of time lasting from two to six months. If the producer wishes to abandon or put the acreage to another use, any appraisal should be made within five days after the most recent

- picking, where possible. Because of the rapid deterioration of mature strawberries, this will allow for the most accurate appraisal of strawberries remaining after the final harvest.
- (2) Inspections/appraisals should be deferred until after 21 days have elapsed from the date the plants were initially transplanted. This will allow the transplants sufficient time to recover from transplanting, develop new roots, and leaves.
- (3) Post-harvest inspections/appraisals should be made on a field and/or unit when a loss is probable. Post-harvest inspections or appraisals should be made as quickly as possible after the insured files a notice of damage or loss and indicates there will be no further harvest of the crop on the field or unit, will no longer care for the crop, or the crop will be destroyed.
- (4) Plants damaged by hail or freeze may require as much as 30 days (depending upon severity of damage and weather conditions) to recover and again produce marketable strawberries.
- (5) In order to allow an accurate determination of the appraised production to count, appraisals for plants damaged by hail or freeze shall be delayed until the plants have sufficiently recovered to allow an accurate determination of the remaining potential production, or a determination that the plants will not recover or fruit will not develop (document in the "Remarks" of the appraisal worksheet).

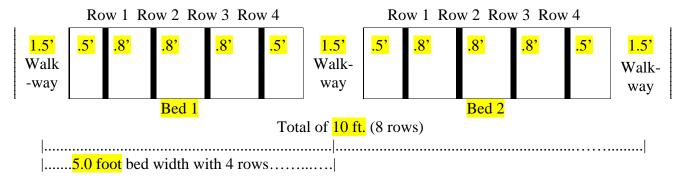
#### C. <u>SELECTING REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES FOR APPRAISALS</u>

- (1) Determine the minimum number of required representative samples for a field or subfield by the field size (refer to **TABLE A**), the average stage of growth, age (size), general capabilities of the plants, variability of potential production, and plant damage within a field or subfield. Different varieties grown in the same field may be combined for appraisal purposes if the varieties have the same maturation date, fruit size, fruit color and market value.
- (2) Split the field into subfields when:
  - (a) Variable damage causes the crop potential to appear to be significantly different within the same field; or
  - (b) Some areas within the field have recently been picked while other areas have not; or
  - (c) The insured wishes to destroy a portion of a field; or
  - (d) Different varieties have been planted and are being harvested and/or marketed separately because of maturation dates, fruit size, fruit color or market value.
- (3) Each field or subfield must be appraised separately.
- (4) Take not less than the minimum number (count) of representative samples required in **TABLE A** for each field or subfield.

## D. MEASURING ROW WIDTH FOR SAMPLE SELECTION

Use these instructions for all appraisal methods.

- (1) Use a measuring tape marked in tenths of a foot (or convert measurements made with a tape marked in inches to tenths of a foot) to measure row width (refer to the LAM for conversion table).
- (2) Row widths are determined by measuring from the center of one walkway to the center of another walkway across two or more beds. Divide the total measurement by the number of rows measured across to determine the average row width to the nearest hundredth of a foot.
- (3) Apply the row width to determine the length of bed or row required for a 1/1000 of an acre sample as shown in **TABLE B**. Larger sample sizes may be used, if needed.
- (4) Typical planting pattern on raised beds covered with plastic mulch:



**EXAMPLE:** 10 feet divided by 8 rows = 1.25 ft. average row width. Use **TABLE B** to determine sample row length.

\*\*\*

#### 5. APPRAISAL METHODS

### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

These instructions provide information on appraisal methods for:

Appraisal Method	Use
Stand Reduction/Potential Production Method	From planting until end of insurance;
	When strawberry plants will be removed or harvest ends before
	the end of the insurance period and a claim will be filed;
	When a claim will be filed, acceptable records are available, production has been sold through commercial outlets, direct marketed, or sold for cash, and timely notice of intent to direct market or sell for cash has been provided;
	When a claim will be filed and timely notice was NOT provided, or acceptable records of production may NOT be available; and
	When damage is due to uninsurable causes.

For unharvested strawberries, appraised production to count will include only the berries which could be packed and sold.

**NOTE:** List any uninsured conditions or uninsured causes of loss in the "Remarks" section of the appraisal worksheet or in the "Narrative" section of the claim form.

## B. STAND REDUCTION METHOD

- \*\*\* (1) For acreage with sold production, TIMELY NOTICES, and acceptable production records, use Part II to determine the percent of stand reduction. This method is based on the number of surviving plants in a designated sample bed or row length. (Refer to subsection 4 D and **TABLE B** for determination of sample row length.)
  - (2) Convert surviving plant counts to a percent potential remaining in the field by dividing the total number of surviving plants by the total number of plants in the original planting.
    - **EXAMPLE:** For winter planted strawberries in Ventura County, California, for all samples, the total number of original plants was 175 and the total number of surviving plants was 72. Determine the percent of surviving plants by dividing 72 surviving plants by original plants = 41 percent remaining stand, rounded to whole percent.
  - (3) Multiply the potential production (taken from Part I item 18 of the appraisal worksheet) by the percent remaining stand to determine the adjusted potential production remaining, rounded to the nearest whole pound.

**EXAMPLE:** If potential production was 29,463 pounds, multiply by 41 percent remaining stand = 12,080 lbs. per acre adjusted potential production remaining.

## C. DETERMINING POTENTIAL PRODUCTION FOR ACREAGE WITH TIMELY NOTICES

- (1) Use Part I of the Strawberry Appraisal Worksheet (Potential Production) to adjust the expected potential production for a period of time in which the insured did not or will not harvest. Use Part II of the Strawberry Appraisal Worksheet (Stand Reduction) to determine the per acre potential production. If the insured agrees, harvested strawberries (from representative samples jointly selected by the adjuster and insured) may be used to determine the sample weight (harvest-appraisal). An adjuster must be present when the representative samples are harvested.
- (2) Pick and weigh (in pounds to tenths) for each sample, unharvested berries that could be packed and sold or that were damaged due to uninsured causes. Do NOT pick berries that ripened after the date harvest ceased. Multiply the average sample weight by the fraction of an acre sample size to determine the appraised pounds per acre for all samples.
- (3) For berries appraised in the field, add the appraised pounds per acre for all samples to the adjusted potential production per acre, as calculated from future pickings, to determine the total pounds of appraised production per acre for each field in the unit.
  - **EXAMPLE:** If the average sample weight of unharvested berries from all sample rows was 1 pound and 4 ounces, convert ounces to pounds to tenths by dividing 4 ounces by 16 = .250. The total sample weight rounded to pounds to tenths is 1.3 (1 lb. + .3 lb.). Multiply 1.3 = .3 = .300 lbs. average sample weight by 1000 (for 1/1000 sample size) = 1,300 lbs. per acre for all samples. If the potential production was appraised at 12,080 lbs. add 1,300 lbs. to determine the total of 13,380 lbs. per acre. Samples may also be weighed in pounds to tenths or whole grams and converted to pounds to tenths.

\*\*\*

For acreage with TIMELY NOTICE, determine the potential production by multiplying the expected potential production for the period of time from the date harvest ceased through the last month of harvest as shown in **TABLE** C by the percent of surviving plants. The expected potential production shown in **TABLE** C must be adjusted to reflect the date harvest stopped (refer to the **EXAMPLE** below). **TABLE** C accounts for expected potential production starting with the first day of the month and ending with the last day of the last month shown on the table.

**EXAMPLE:** If winter planted strawberries in Ventura County, California, were damaged by insurable causes on April 16, and the planting will be removed and timely notice has been filed, use **TABLE C** to determine the expected potential production for the months of May through June (18,255 lbs. per acre). Determine the expected potential production from April 17 through April 30 by dividing the number of days remaining in the month (14) by the picking factor (3) shown in the Special Provisions. Round the result to the nearest hundredth (14 divided by 3 = 4.67, which is the estimated remaining number of pickings for the period of time from April 17 through April 30). Multiply the estimated pounds per acre of strawberries to be picked for each picking as specified in the Special Provisions (2,400) by the calculated estimated remaining number of pickings (4.67) to determine the expected production per acre to be picked (2,400 X 4.67 = 11,208 lbs.). Add the calculated expected number of pounds per acre of potential production for the period from April 17 through April 30 to the expected potential production for the month of May (11,208 + 18,255 = 29,463 lbs. per acre) to determine the expected potential production from April 16 to the end of the insurance period.

- (5) For a delay in initial harvest, determine the number of pickings missed by dividing the number of days counted from the date the initial harvest should have started through the day before the first harvest by the picking factor (number of days between pickings or picking interval) shown in the Special Provisions. For a harvest delay, divide the number of days counted from the day after the last harvest through the day before the next harvest by the picking factor shown in the Special Provisions. Calculate pickings separately for each time period (or portion thereof) shown on the Special Provisions. Multiply the estimated pounds per acre that should have been picked for each picking as specified in the Special Provisions by the calculated number of pickings to determine the total number of pounds per acre that should have been picked for the specified time period. Multiply the potential production by the percent of stand reduction, if applicable.
- (6) Transfer the total pounds per acre expected potential production from Part I, item 18 of the appraisal worksheet to Part II, item 26 of the appraisal worksheet, and if applicable, complete Part II to account for any stand reduction.
- (7) If the plants are damaged by insured causes to the extent that the plants will require a period of time to recover before they will again produce marketable strawberries, the insured wishes to destroy or no longer care for the crop and timely notice of the harvest delay (or delay in initial harvest) has been provided, determine potential production starting with the date the next harvest would be expected to occur under normal growing conditions and ending with the end of the insurance period (refer to section 4 B above). If the plant stand has also been reduced refer to subsection 5 B.

**EXAMPLE:** If hail damage occurs on May 5 in California, the insured insured wishes to destroy the crop, has provided a timely notice, and the plants will require 30 days before marketable strawberries are again produced, use the expected potential production shown in the Special Provisions, starting with June 5 (May 5 adjusted for the 30-day recovery period through June 4) through the end of the insurance period, and the applicable picking factors to determine the potential production.

## D. <u>DETERMINING POTENTIAL PRODUCTION WITHOUT TIMELY</u> NOTICES

If TIMELY NOTICE of a delay in initial harvest or a harvest delay has not been provided and/or the insurance provider cannot accurately determine the amount of production (refer to the crop provisions and Special Provisions), use Part I of the Strawberry Appraisal Worksheet (Potential Production) to determine the per acre expected potential production to count (refer to the Strawberry Appraisal Worksheet example). If the amount of production cannot be accurately determined for:

- (1) All the pickings on the acreage, appraise not less than the dollar amount of insurance per acre for the acreage affected.
- One or more pickings (but not all the pickings) on the acreage, determine the number of pickings that could have been harvested under normal growing conditions during the time period in question using the instructions in subsection 5 C above. Enter the per acre appraisal from Part I, item 18 of the appraisal worksheet in Section I, column "J" of the Production Worksheet. Add the per acre appraisals for all pickings from the acreage appraised under this subsection to the per acre appraisals using subsections 5 B and C above, as applicable, and enter the total in column "J" of the Production Worksheet.

**NOTE:** When timely notice has not been provided or acceptable records are not available, do NOT reduce the potential production for stand reduction.

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## 6. APPRAISAL DEVIATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

## A. <u>DEVIATIONS</u>

Deviations in appraisal methods require FCIC written authorization (as described in the LAM) prior to implementation.

## B. MODIFICATIONS

There are no pre-established modifications in this handbook. Refer to the LAM for additional information.

## 7. APPRAISAL WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

(1) Include the insurance provider's name in the appraisal worksheet title if not preprinted on the insurance provider's worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.

- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the insurance provider), when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (3) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit and picking appraised. Refer to section 4 for sampling instructions.
- (4) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for Part I if production was sold by direct market or for cash from more than one field or subfield for a picking within a unit.

**NOTE:** Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in subsection B. Examples of appraisal worksheets are also provided to illustrate how to complete entries.

### B. WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

#### STAND REDUCTION

Verify or make the following entries:

#### Item

#### **No.** <u>Information Required</u>

**Company Name:** Name of insurance provider, if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).

**Claim No.:** Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider, if required.

- 1. **Insured's Name:** Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy No.:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 3. **Unit No.:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 4. **Crop Year:** Four digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim has been filed.
- 5. **Type/Variety:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the type grown by the insured. If "No Type Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents. Enter the variety name (refer to the Special Provisions for insurable varieties).
- 6. **Bed Width:** Width of the raised planting bed, rounded to the nearest whole foot.
- 7. **Number of Rows:** Number of rows planted per bed.
- 8. **Row Width:** Row width, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a foot (e.g., 15 in. entered as 1.25 ft.).

- 9. **Plant Spacing:** Plant spacing within the row in feet to tenths (e.g., 12 in. entered as 1.0 ft.).
- 10. **Fraction of An Acre:** Enter the applicable fraction of an acre for the sample size used (e.g., "1/1000" for 1/1000 of an acre sample size, "1/250" for 1/250 of an acre sample size, etc.). Refer to **TABLE B** for determining sample row length. Sample sizes larger than 1/1000 may be used, if necessary.

#### PART I: POTENTIAL PRODUCTION

### Items 11 through 18.

11. **Field ID:** Field or subfield identification symbol. For Part I, use a separate appraisal worksheet for each field or subfield being appraised.

#### 12. Calendar Dates for Harvest Period:

- a. For production sold with timely notice of intent to direct market or sell for cash, enter the month(s) and calendar date(s) for the period of time for which the insured did NOT harvest, starting with the first day after the previous harvest ended. Use a separate line for each portion of a time period identified in the Special Provisions. Account for the entire period of time for which the insured did not or will not harvest the acreage (e.g., if harvest ended April 16, enter "April 17 30" on line one and through the end of the normal harvest period, "May July," on line two).
- \*\*\* b. To account for plant recovery time due to insured causes, refer to subsections 5 B and C. Enter in "Remarks" the date the damage occurred and the number of days allowed for plant recovery (e.g., if the last harvest was on January 4 and hail occurred on January 5, and if the plants needed 30 days to recover, count forward 30 days and enter the remaining harvest period as "Feb 5 28". Refer to the Special Provisions and TABLE C).
  - c. To account for a delay in initial harvest beyond the date shown in the Special Provisions or delays in harvest in excess of the number of days shown on the Special Provisions and for which a timely notice was NOT provided, enter the beginning and ending dates of the harvest delay (e.g., if the initial harvest should have begun on January 1 and the initial harvest did not begin until January 15, count the number of days the initial harvest was delayed and enter the time period as "Jan 1 14." If the next harvest should have begun on January 18 and the next harvest occurred on January 28, count the number of days harvest was delayed and enter the time period as "Jan 19 27"). Refer to the Special Provisions and **TABLE C**. Enter in "Remarks" the circumstances for the harvest delay.

#### 13. **Number of Days:**

\*\*\* a. Where the time interval is less than the time period identified in **TABLE C**, enter the calculated number of days for the line (e.g., if the time period identified on **TABLE C** is the month of January and harvest ended on January 5, the remaining time period in which harvest could have occurred is January 6-31, count the remaining days and

- enter "26"). If the actual time period remaining for harvest for this line entry is equal to that shown in **TABLE C**, MAKE NO ENTRY (e.g., if harvest ended on January 31, the time period in which harvest could have occurred is Feb July) and skip to item 17.
- b. Where the time interval is less than the time period shown in the Special Provisions, enter the calculated number of days for the line (e.g., if the harvest period identified on the Special Provisions is the month of January and the dates of actual harvest are January 5-31, count the days and enter "27").
- c. If timely notice was NOT provided for a delay in harvest in excess of the number of days or date shown on the Special Provisions, enter the number of days harvest was delayed (e.g., if the next harvest should have begun on January 5 but actually occurred on January 31, count the number of days harvest was delayed and enter, in this example, "25 days").
- 14. **Picking Interval:** If an entry was made in item 13, enter the picking factor (or picking interval) in days, as shown on the Special Provisions for the respective time period identified in item 12, otherwise MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 15. **Calculated No. of Pickings:** If an entry was made in items 13 and 14, enter the result of dividing item 13 by item 14, rounding the result to the nearest hundredth, otherwise MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 16. **Lbs. Per Acre Per Picking:** If an entry was made in item 15, enter the pounds per picking as shown on the Special Provisions for the respective time period, otherwise MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 17. **Total Lbs. Per Acre:** If an entry was made in item 16, enter the result of multiplying item 15 by item 16 to whole pounds. If an entry does NOT appear in item 16, enter from **TABLE C**, the pounds per acre for the earliest month identified by the time period in item 12 (e.g., if the entry in item 12 is "May July," use the month of May and enter "18,255" pounds per acre from **TABLE C**).
- 18. **Total Lbs. Per Acre Expected Production:** Total of all item 17 entries, in whole pounds. For acreage with production that is direct marketed or sold for cash, or for a delay in initial harvest or a delay in harvest, transfer the entry in item 18 to:
  - a. Item 26 on the appraisal worksheet if there is a reduction in stand, remaining potential production; or
  - b. Section I on the Production Worksheet, as applicable.

#### PART II: STAND REDUCTION

If there are multiple pages to the appraisal worksheet, complete items 33 and 34 (signature of adjuster and signature of insured) only on the last page of the Appraisal Worksheets. \*\*\*

- Field ID: Field or subfield identification symbol. For Part II, more than one field or sub-19. field may be appraised on the same appraisal worksheet.
- 20. **Acres:** Number of determined acres, to tenths, in field or subfield being appraised.
- 21. Number of Surviving Plants Per Sample: Number of surviving plants in the sample.
- 22. Number of Original Plants Per Sample: Number of original plants in the sample.
- 23. **Surviving:** Total number of plants surviving in all samples (total of all item 21 entries).
- 24. **Original:** Total number of original plants in all samples (total of all item 22 entries).
- 25. %: (Percent Stand Remaining) Result of dividing item 23 by item 24, rounded to the nearest two place decimal. If no stand reduction, enter "1.00."
- **Expected Potential Prod.:** The pounds per acre of strawberries that are expected to be 26. picked in the county after the date harvest ceased through the end of the insurance period, entered from Part I item 18 of the Strawberry Appraisal Worksheet. To account for plant recovery due to insured causes, refer to section 5.
- 27. **Adjusted Potential Prod.:** Result of multiplying item 25 by item 26, rounded to the nearest whole pound.
- Avg. Sample Weight: If (for any pickings) there is unharvested marketable production 28. after the berries have been harvested from each sample row or bed, pick and weigh all unharvested berries that could have been packed and sold. Include berries damaged by uninsured causes. Do **NOT** count fruit that ripened after the berries were picked (e.g., fruit was immature on date of final picking). Record the individual weights, in pounds to tenths (or convert from pounds and ounces or whole grams to pounds to tenths), from each sample row in the Remarks (item 32) and divide by the number of samples to determine the average weight per sample in pounds to tenths. If no unharvested marketable fruit enter "0."

**NOTE:** Samples weighed in pounds and ounces are to be recorded in pounds to tenths (e.g., 12 ounces are converted to tenths of a pound by dividing 12 by 16 = .750 or .8 pounds). Convert samples weighed in grams to pounds to tenths (e.g., 340 grams divided by 454 grams per pound = .749 or .8 pounds).

- 29. Factor: Enter the appropriate factor for the sample size used (e.g., "1000" for 1/1000 sample size, "250" for 1/250 sample size, or "100" for 1/100 sample size, etc.).
- 30. Sample Lbs. Per Acre: Result of multiplying the average weight of strawberries from the sample rows (item 28) by the sample size factor (item 29) rounded to the nearest whole pound. If there are no fruit, enter zero.

- Total Lbs. Per Acre: Add item 27 and item 30 entries. All entries are recorded to the nearest whole pound. Transfer this entry to the "Narrative" of the Production Worksheet and total all appraisals for all pickings for the acreage. If this is the only appraisal for the acreage, transfer this entry to Section I of the Production Worksheet, as applicable. If there are per acre appraisals for multiple pickings for the acreage, total the pounds per acre appraisals in the "Narrative" of the Production Worksheet and enter the result in Section I, column "J."
- 32. **Remarks:** Remarks pertinent to the appraisal (e.g., show calculations for determining average sample weight of strawberries, "30 days allowed for plant recovery due to hail damage," and "15 pickings completed before harvest ended").
- 33. **Adjuster's Signature and Code No., Date:** Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed **after** the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Remarks/Narrative section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the Production Worksheet.
- 34. **Insured's Signature and Date:** Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
- 35. **Page:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

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85. Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u> .

## C. SUMMARY OF HARVESTED PRODUCTION WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

- (1) Use the Summary of Harvested Production Worksheet to record harvested marketable production. Use separate worksheets for:
  - (a) Harvested production sold directly to consumers (e.g., direct marketed, roadside stands, farmers' markets, U-Pick, penhooked, sold for cash, etc.);
  - (b) Each broker, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler; or
  - (c) Marketable production that is harvested, but not sold.
- \*\*\* (2) Allowable costs are to be deducted for production actually packed. Refer to the Special Provisions for possible deductions to allowable costs.
- \*\*\* NOTE: This worksheet is used to determine the net value per pound actually received for harvested production, if the minimum value or Modified Minimum Value Options apply, and net dollars received.
  - (3) MAKE NO ENTRY for harvested production that is damaged or defective due to insurable causes and such production is NOT marketable.
  - (4) Production harvested and shipped will be considered marketable even if such production is rejected at the destination point. Use the greater of the value agreed upon at the time the production was shipped or the minimum value or the Modified Minimum Value Option price in either I or II, as elected. If the price was not established, use not less than the minimum value.
  - (5) Insurance providers may, if needed, use the insured's records of the number of containers purchased for the crop year as a check against the number of containers sold.

Verify or make the following entries:

#### Item

#### No. Information Required

**Company Name:** Name of insurance provider, if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).

- 1. **Insured's Name:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Crop Year:** Four digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.

- 3. **Policy Number:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 4. **Unit Number:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 5. Claim No.: Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider, if required.
- 6. **Type/Variety:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the type grown by the insured. If "No Type Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents. Enter the variety name (refer to the Special Provisions for insurable varieties).
- 7. Name, Address, and Phone Number of Buyer/Packer, Etc.: Name, address and telephone number of the broker, processor, packer, shipper, other first handler; or penhooker, location of harvested unsold production, U-pick field, roadside stand, or name and location of farmers' market. Use separate forms for each buyer.

#### **PRODUCTION**

### Items 8 through 24.

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- 8. Date: Date the load was sold or delivered, or the date from a season summary.

  MAKE NO ENTRY for marketable harvested production that is not sold.
- 9. Load, Lot, or Summary: Ticket number of the load, lot number in which the load was sold, or the grower identification number from a season summary. Enter "Unsold" for marketable harvested production that is not sold, "U-pick" for U-pick production, "Direct Market" for production sold, through a farmers' market, roadside stand, "cash sale" for production sold for cash, or "Penhooked" for production sold to a penhooker.
- 10. Container Description: Describe the container in which the strawberries were delivered to the buyer (e.g., 1-pint mesh, 1-pound clam shell, flat, quart bucket, etc.). Make separate line entries for each type of container that holds a different weight of strawberries.
- 11. Number of Containers: Number of containers for each container type.
- Net Lbs. Per Container: Approximate number of net pounds of production, to the nearest tenth of a pound, held by each container. Use TABLE D to determine the average net weight of containers. For containers not listed in TABLE D, determine the average weight for each type of container by filling the container with representative samples of marketable production. Weigh the samples and in all states, except California, deduct the weight of the container from the gross weight to determine the average net weight in pounds to tenths that the container will hold. For California, use the total weight of the berries and the container. If representative samples of production are not available and the containers are not listed in TABLE D, insurance providers may authorize the use of the producer's/buyer's marketing records to establish the

pounds per container. Document in "Remarks" how container weights were determined when **TABLE D** is not used.

13. **Pounds Delivered:** The total pounds of production delivered for the load, lot or summary account number shown in item 9; as determined by multiplying item 11 by item 12, rounded to whole pounds.

If the insurance provider cannot determine the pounds harvested from U-pick acreage, farmers' market, roadside stand, penhooker, or cash sale but can determine the total dollars received for the production based on acceptable records, enter the dollars received in items 14 and 19 and explain in the "Remarks." If the number of pounds sold cannot be determined, MAKE NO ENTRY for allowable costs and minimum value.

For marketable harvested production that is not sold, enter total pounds harvested.

- 14. Gross Dollars Received: Value per load, lot, or summary account number in dollars and cents listed in item 9, before any adjustments or deductions. MAKE NO ENTRY for marketable harvested unsold production.
- Price Received per Lb.: The price per pound (to the nearest cent) the insured received determined by dividing item 14 "Gross Dollars Received" by item 13 "Pounds Delivered." MAKE NO ENTRY for marketable harvested unsold production and if item 13 applies.
- Allowable Costs/lb.: Allowable costs per pound (to the nearest cent) entered from the Special Provisions for harvesting and handling charges. If applicable, refer to the Special Provisions for possible deductions to allowable costs (also refer to subsection 7 C (2) above and the "Remarks," below). For U-pick production and penhooking, enter "0.00" unless an allowable cost is shown on the Special Provisions for such production. MAKE NO ENTRY for marketable harvested unsold production and if item 13, above, applies.
- Net Price/lb.: Result, to the nearest cent, of subtracting item 16 "Allowable Costs/lb." from item 15 "Price Received per Lb." MAKE NO ENTRY for marketable harvested unsold production and if item 13, above, applies.
- Minimum Value/lb.: Enter the minimum value to the nearest cent, or Modified Minimum Value to the nearest cent as shown on the Special Provisions for Options selected. For marketable harvested unsold production, enter the minimum value from the Special Provisions. MAKE NO ENTRY if item 13, above, applies.
- 19. **Net Dollars Received:** Result of multiplying item 13 "Pounds Delivered" by the greater of item 17 or 18, or if item 13, above, applies, enter amount from item 14. For marketable harvested unsold production enter the result of multiplying item 13 by item 18. All entries are in dollars and cents.

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- 20. **Total:** Sum item 19 "Net Dollars Received." For multiple pages, enter the grand total on the last page of the worksheet applicable for the buyer. Enter total in Section II, column "I" on the Production Worksheet applicable for each buyer.
- **Remarks:** If applicable, identify:
  - a. The Modified Minimum Value Option selected;
  - b. How the container weight was determined;
  - c. When and if applicable, calculations for deducting harvest costs (on a dollar/lb. basis) paid by the buyer from the allowable costs shown in the Special Provisions;
  - d. How entries in item 14 were determined when item 13, above, applies; or
  - e. How production was determined if acceptable records are not available.
  - **f.** Any pertinent information such as the reason harvested production was not sold.
- 22. Adjuster's Signature, Code Number and Date: Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. Sign and date on only the last page of the worksheet.
- 23. Insured's Signature and Date: Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Summary of Harvested Production worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood. Obtain the insured's signature on only the last page of the worksheet.
- **Page:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.)

Compa	ny Name: Any	Company	1. Insured's		. Insured		2. Crop Yea	r YYYY	3. Policy Number XXXXXXX			
	TRATION PURP STRAWBEF IMARY OF HA PRODUCT	RRIES ARVESTED	4. Unit Nun	nber 00100	5.Claim I	5.Claim Number  XXXXX			iety <mark>211</mark> /C	Camarosa		
Big Valley Fr 102 Berry Rd	uit	ne Number of Buye		<mark>essor,</mark> Packer <mark>,</mark>	Shipper, or Oth	ner First Handle	er, Penhooker,	Etc.				
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Date 8.	Load, Lot, or Summary	Container Description	No. of Containers	Net Lbs. per Container 12.	Pounds Delivered 13.	Gross Dollars Received 14.	Price Received per Lb. 15.	Allowable Costs/lb.	Net Price/lb.	Minimum Value/lb 18.	Net Dollars Received 19.	
2/18/YYYY	20-BV03	Flat 1 Pint mesh	300	12.0	3,600	11,520.00	3.20	.30	2.90	.10	10,440.00	
2/22/YYYY	20-BV05	Flat 1 Pint mesh	<mark>950</mark>	12.0	11,400	29,070.00	2.55	.30	2.25	.10	25,650.00	
2/26/YYYY	20-BV08	1 Lb. Clam shell	2,125	8.0	17,000	26,690.00	1.57	.30	1.27	.10	21,590.00	
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3/6/YYYY	20-BV28	Flat 1 Pint mesh	1,030	12.0	12,360	11,124.00	<mark>.90</mark>	.30	<mark>.60</mark>	.10	7,416.00	
3/10/YYYY	20-BV37	1 Lb. Clam shell	950	8.0	7,600	5,928.00	<mark>.78</mark>	.30	.48	.10	3,648.00	
3/14/YYYY	20-BV42	Flat 1 Pint mesh	<mark>700</mark>	12.0	8,400	4,956.00	.59	.30	.29	.10	2,436.00	
3/19/YYYY	20-Bv49	1 Lb. Clam shell	218	8.0	1,744	<mark>976.64</mark>	<u>.56</u>	.30	.26	.10	453.44	
					l .				20. Total		84,235.84	
21. Remark	(S											
Container w	<mark>eights from Tal</mark>	ole D. Modified M	inimum Value (	Option I select	<mark>ed.</mark>							
22. Adjuster's Signature I. M. Adjuster			Code Number 12345					M. Insured		Date MM/DD/YYYY		
										24. Page	<u>1</u> of <u>1</u>	

22

•	ny Name: Any		1. Insured's	Name I. M. Ir	ısured		2. Crop Yea	ar YYYY	3. Policy Number XXXXXXX				
SUN	STRAWBER MARY OF HA PRODUCT	ARVESTED	4. Unit Num	nber 00100	5.Claim I	5.Claim Number XXXXX			iety <mark>211</mark> /C	amarosa			
Big Valley Pr 109 Berry Rd	ocessor	ne Number of Buy  X (XXX) XXX		<mark>ssor,</mark> Packer <mark>, Sh</mark>	nipper, or Oth	ner First Handl	er, Penhooker	<mark>, Etc.</mark>					
				PRO	DUCTIO	N							
Date	Load, Lot, or Summary	Container Description	No. of Containers	Net Lbs. per Container	Pounds Delivered	Gross Dollars Received	Price Received per Lb.	Allowable Costs/lb.	Net Price/lb. (15 – 16)	Minimum Value/lb.	Net Dollars Received		
<mark>8.</mark>	<mark>9.</mark>	<mark>10.</mark>	<mark>11.</mark>	12.	<mark>13.</mark>	14.	15.	<mark>16.</mark>	17.	<mark>18.</mark>	<mark>19.</mark>		
3/19/YYYY	20-LH01	Flat-1 pint mesh	<mark>616</mark>	12.0	7,392	3,696.00	<mark>.50</mark>	.30	.20	<mark>.10</mark>	1,478.40		
3/23/YYYY	20-LH05	Flat-1 pint mesh	<mark>666</mark>	666 12.0		3,916.08	<mark>.49</mark>	.30	.19	<mark>.10</mark>	1,518.48		
3/27/YYYY	20-LH08	Flat-1 pint mesh	<mark>620</mark>	12.0	<mark>7,440</mark>	3,571.20	<mark>.48</mark>	.30	.18	.10	1,339.20		
4/1/YYYY	20-LH13	Flat-1 pint mesh	<mark>416</mark>	12.0	4,992	2,296.32	<u>.46</u>	.30	<mark>.16</mark>	<mark>.10</mark>	<mark>798.72</mark>		
4/5/YYYY	20-LH18	Flat-1 pint mesh	240	12.0	2,880	1,209.60	.42	.30	.12	.10	345.60		
4/9/YYYY	20-LH23	Flat-1 pint mesh	<mark>173</mark>	12.0	<mark>2,076</mark>	809.64	<mark>.39</mark>	.30	<mark>.09</mark>	<mark>.10</mark>	<mark>207.60</mark>		
4/13/YYYY	20-LH35	Flat-1 pint mesh	153	12.0	1,836	<del>642.60</del>	<mark>.35</mark>	.30	.05	<mark>.10</mark>	183.60		
4/16/YYYY	20-LH40	Flat-1 pint mesh	120	12.0	1,440	475.20	.33	.30	.03	.10	144.00		
				·					<mark>20.</mark>	Total	6,015.60		
21. Remark Container w		ole D. Modified M	linimum Value (	Option I selected.									
22. Adjuster's Signature Co I. M. Adjuster			Code Number 12345				<mark>23.</mark> Insured's Signature I. M. Insured				Date MM/DD/YYYY		
										<mark>24.</mark> Page	<u>1</u> of <u>1</u>		

## 8. CLAIM FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) The claim form (hereafter referred to as "Production Worksheet") is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections on a unit.
- (2) If a Production Worksheet has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed. If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line. The adjuster and insured should initial any line deletions.
- (3) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding the following:
  - (a) Acreage report errors.
  - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims.
  - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage) and cases involving uninsured causes of loss, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation.
  - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reasons described in the LAM).
  - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an APPRAISAL or NOTIFICATION from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee).
- (4) The adjuster is responsible for determining if the insured has complied with all their requirements under the notice and claim provisions of the policy. If they have not, the adjuster should contact the insurance provider.
- (5) Instructions labeled "**PRELIMINARY**" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "**FINAL**" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to ALL inspections.

## B. FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

Verify or make the following entries:

#### Item

#### No. Information Required

- 1. **Crop/Code #:** "Strawberries" (0110).
- 2. **Unit #:** Five digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).

- 3. **Legal Description:** Section, township, and range number, FSA farm serial number, or other legal description that identifies the location of the unit.
- 4. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred for each inspection. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., APR 16).
- 5. **Cause of Damage:** Name of insured cause of loss for **this crop** as listed in the LAM. If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NONE." If an insured cause of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the "Narrative."

**NOTE:** Refer to the Basic Provisions and the crop provisions for this crop for information pertaining to insured and uninsured causes of loss.

6. **Primary Cause %:** 

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Percent of damage for the cause of damage listed in item 5 above that is determined to be the primary cause of damage, to the nearest whole percent. The primary cause of damage must exceed 50 percent (e.g., 51%). Enter an "X" in the major secondary cause of damage.

- 7. **Company/Agency:** Name of the company and agency servicing the contract.
- 8. **Name of Insured:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 9. Claim #: Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider.
- 10. **Policy #:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 11. **Crop Year:** Four digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.
- 12. **Additional Units:**

**PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.** 

**FINAL:** Unit number(s) for ALL non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a Production Worksheet has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single Production Worksheet.

**NOTE:** If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers and identify as "Non-Loss Units" in the narrative or on an attached Special Report.

#### 13. **Est. Prod. Per Acre:**

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Estimated yield per acre, in whole pounds, of all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.

#### 14. **Date(s) Notice of Loss:**

#### **PRELIMINARY:**

- a. Date the notice of damage was given for the unit in item 2.
- b. A third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of Production Worksheets. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set.
- c. Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets for the date of notice for the final inspection.
- d. If the inspection is initiated by the insurance provider, enter "Company Insp" instead of the date.

**FINAL:** Transfer the last date in the 1st or 2nd space to the FINAL space if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice (month, day, year) for the FINAL inspection in the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets. For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.

#### 15. **Companion Policy(s):**

- a. If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has 100 percent share), MAKE NO ENTRY.
- b. In all cases where the insured has LESS than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the OTHER person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "NONE."
  - (1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the SAME insurance provider services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to insurance provider instructions.
  - (2) If the OTHER person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and a DIFFERENT insurance provider or agent services it, enter the name of the insurance provider and/or agent (and contract number) if known.

(3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown," and contact the insurance provider for further instructions.

**NOTE:** Refer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

## SECTION I - ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION AND ADJUSTMENTS

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Rate classes, types, or farming practices;
- (2) Appraisals;
- (3) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (4) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (5) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

#### Verify or make the following entries:

#### Item

#### **No.** <u>Information Required</u>

A. **Field ID:** The field identification symbol from a sketch map or an aerial photo. Refer to the Narrative instructions. In the bottom of the last line entry or in the margin (or in a separate column), enter the date of inspection for the last line entry of each inspection.

NOTE: REFER TO THE LAM FOR INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING ENTRIES OF FIRST CROP AND SECOND CROP CODES.

B. **Preliminary Acres:** 

**PRELIMINARY:** The number of acres, to tenths, (include "E" if estimated), for which consent for other use has been given. Determine actual acreage, to tenths, when the boundaries of the appraised acreage may not be determined later.

**FINAL:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

- C. **Final Acres:** Refer to the LAM for definition of acceptable determined acres used herein. Determined acres to tenths (include "E" if estimated) for which consent is given for other use and/or:
  - a. Put to other use without consent.
  - b. Abandoned.
  - c. Damaged by uninsured causes.
  - d. For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production.
  - e. From which production was sold by direct marketing, penhooker, u-pick, etc. or for cash if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions.

**FINAL:** Determined acres to tenths.

**NOTE:** Acreage breakdowns WITHIN a unit may be estimated (enter "E" in front of the acres) if a determination is impractical AND if authorization was received from the insurance provider. Document authorization in the Narrative.

ACCOUNT FOR ALL ACREAGE IN THE UNIT. In the event of over reported acres, handle in accordance with individual insurance provider's instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, draw a diagonal line in Column "C" as shown.

- C<sub>1</sub> Enter the ACTUAL acres for the field or subfield.
- C<sub>2</sub> Enter the REPORTED acres for the field or subfield



- D. **Interest or Share:** Insured's interest in crop to three decimal places as determined at the time of inspection. If shares vary on the same UNIT, use separate line entries.
- E. **Risk:** Three-digit code for the correct "Rate Class" specified on the actuarial documents. If a "Rate Class" is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry. Verify with the Summary of Coverage, and if the rate class is found to be incorrect, revise according to insurance provider's instructions. Refer to the LAM.
- F. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- G. **Type/Class/Variety:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the type grown by the insured. If "No Type Specified," enter appropriate 3-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- H. Stage:

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Stage abbreviation as shown below.

**NOTE:** The inclusion of the following situations for acreage is common among the "P," "H," and "UH" stages but differs if ALL or some of the pickings are involved:

- a. Abandoned;
- b. Put to other use;
- c. Damaged solely by uninsured causes for which the insured failed to provide records of production which are acceptable to the insurance provider (including situations where the insured is also a broker, processor, shipper or other first handler; or from which production was sold by direct marketing or for cash), if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions.

"P"..... If any or a combination of a, b, or c above applies to **ALL** the pickings for the acreage.

**EXAMPLE:** If ALL pickings are damaged by uninsured causes enter "P" as the stage. If ALL pickings are not harvested enter "UH" as the stage. If one picking is harvested, another picking is damaged by uninsured causes and the remaining pickings are not harvested, enter "H" as the stage. If one picking is not harvested, another picking is damaged by uninsured causes, and the remaining pickings are not harvested, enter "UH" as the stage.

- \*\*\* GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
- I. **Intended or Final Use:** Use of Acreage. Use the following "Intended Use" abbreviations.

# <u>USE</u> <u>EXPLANATION</u>

"To Cucumbers, Etc.".	Use made of the acreage
"WOC"	Other use without consent
"SU"	Solely uninsured
"ABA"	Abandoned without consent
"H"	Harvested
"UH"	Unharvested

Explain in the "Narrative" or on a Special Report entries for "WOC," "SU," or "ABA" when the entry in column "H" is "H" or "UH."

**EXAMPLE:** If the acreage is destroyed without consent use "WOC" as the use (with "P" stage, or if one or more pickings were harvested prior to the acreage being destroyed "WOC" use "H" as the stage with "WOC" as the use). If one picking is unharvested and the remaining pickings are solely uninsured, enter "UH" as the use (with "UH" stage). If one picking is harvested, another picking is unharvested and the remaining pickings are abandoned, enter "H" as the use (with "H" stage). If one picking is harvested, another picking is unharvested and the acreage is then destroyed with consent and planted "To Cucumbers," enter "To Cucumbers" (with "H" stage).

Verify any "Intended Use" entry. If the final use of the acreage was not as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. Enter all data on a new line showing the correct "Final Use."

- \*\*\* GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
- J. Appraised Potential: Total of all per acre appraisals (from the "Narrative") in whole pounds for all pickings of actual and POTENTIAL production for the acreage, including acreage with appraisals for failure to provide timely notice of a delay in harvest or harvest delay and where the amount of production cannot be accurately determined. Refer to appraisal methods for additional instructions.

**NOTE:** If there is no potential on UH acreage, enter "0."

### $K_1 - K_2$ . MAKE NO ENTRY.

- L. **Shell and/or Quality Factor:** Line out the heading and enter "Value." For appraised production enter the greater of:
  - a. Actual value per pound, in dollars and cents, determined from a sample provided to a buyer in the local market area; or
  - b. Minimum value per pound, in dollars and cents, shown in the Special Provisions.
- M. + Uninsured Cause: EXPLAIN IN THE NARRATIVE.
  - a. Hail and Fire exclusion NOT in effect.
- \*\*\* (1) Enter NOT LESS than the insured's amount of insurance per acre in whole dollars for any "P" stage acreage.
  - **NOTE**: On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged SOLELY by uninsured causes separate from other production.
  - (2) For acreage that is damaged PARTLY by uninsured causes, enter the APPRAISED UNINSURED loss of production per acre in whole dollars for any such acreage. If a "P" stage is not entered in column "H," appraisals may be entered in columns "J" and "M" for multiple pickings from the same acreage.
  - b. Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.
  - c. Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to Hail and Fire Exclusion appraisals.

**NOTE:** For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.

- N. **Adjusted Potential:** The result of Column "J" times Column "L," plus Column "M" rounded to dollars and cents.
- O. **Total to Count:** Column "C" or "C<sub>1</sub>" (**actual** acres) times Column "N," rounded to whole dollars.

**NOTE:** For CAT policies multiply result times .55, unless otherwise instructed by the insurance provider because adjustment will be made by other manual or automated computation process.

\*\*\*

- P. **Per Acre:** Per Acre Amount of Insurance Enter the Amount of Insurance per acre from the insured's policy, rounded to whole dollars.
- Q. **Total:** Column "C<sub>2</sub>" (**reported** acres; "C" if acreage is not under-reported) times Column "P," to whole dollars.

### 16. **Total Acres:**

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Total Actual Acres [Column "C" (or "C<sub>1</sub>" if there are under-reported acres)], to tenths.

**NOTE:** FOR ITEM 17. WHEN SEPARATE LINE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, TYPES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER'S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

#### 17. **Totals:**

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of Column "O" and Total of Column "Q."

### **NARRATIVE:**

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the Production Worksheet.

- a. If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No acreage released," adjuster's initials, and date.
- b. If notice of damage was given and "No Inspection" is necessary, enter the unit number(s), "No Inspection," date, and adjuster's initials. The insured's signature is not required.
- c. Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
- d. If there is an appraisal in Section I, Column "M" for uninsured causes due to a Hail and Fire Exclusion, show the original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.
- e. Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster's signature date on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal is not recorded on the appraisal worksheet.
- f. State that there is "No other fire insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop and it is determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
- g. Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.

- h. Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
- i. Explain any entry for "Production Not to Count" in Section II, Column "O," and/or any production not included in Section II, Column "I" or Columns "B" through "E" entries (e.g., harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately from the insured acreage in the unit).
- j. Explain a "NO" checked in item 19.
- k. Attach an aerial photograph for field ID's to identify the total unit:
  - (1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use or to replant;
  - (2) If uninsured causes are present; or
  - (3) Unusual or controversial cases.

**NOTE**: Indicate on a Planting Record Plat Map or aerial photo, the disposition of acreage destroyed or put to other use with or without consent.

- 1. Explain any difference between date of inspection and signature dates. For an ABSENTEE insured, enter the date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the Production Worksheet for signature.
- m. When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the code number of the other adjuster or supervisor and date of inspection.
- n. Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed in accordance with the insurance provider instructions.
- o. Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
- p. Document any authorized estimated acres shown in Section I, Column "C" as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by insurance provider MM/DD/YYYY."
- q. Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the LAM.
- r. Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss is listed as insects or disease. Explain why control measures did not work.
- s. Explain any "0" potential (plants with no berries).
- t. Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
- u. Document calculation of total appraised pounds per acre by adding the total pounds per acre appraisal from item 31 of the Appraisal Worksheet for all pickings from the acreage. Enter the result in column "J." Refer to subsections 5 C and D (2), and 7 B.

- v. Explain "WOC," "SU," and "ABA" entries in Section I, Column "I" when the entry in Column "H" is "H" or "UH."
- w. Document any other pertinent information, including any data to support any factors used to calculate the production. If on an attachment, enter "See attachment."

## **SECTION II - HARVESTED PRODUCTION**

#### GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (1) Account for ALL HARVESTED PRODUCTION (for **ALL ENTITIES** sharing in the crop).
- \*\*\* (2) Separate line entries for each buyer are required. Buyers are reported separately on the Summary of Harvested Production Worksheets. Total net dollars received (item 20) from the Summary of Harvested Production worksheet are used to record the value of all harvested production.
  - (3) The insured must maintain satisfactory records of ALL production sold. Verify any packing house or processor records. If acceptable sales records are not available, refer to the crop provisions and the LAM.
  - (4) If additional lines are necessary, the data may be entered on a continuation sheet. USE SEPARATE LINES FOR:
    - (a) Harvested fruit of any type that failed to meet the applicable grade (quality) requirements because of INSURED damage.
    - (b) Varying shares; e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit.
    - (c) Varying determinations of production (varying value, etc.).
  - (5) There will generally be no harvested production entries in Columns " $A_1$ " through "S" for preliminary inspections.

### Verify or make the following entries:

#### Item

## No. Information Required

18. Date Harvest Completed: (Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer to the LAM.)

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

### **FINAL:**

- a. The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage on the unit was (1) harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested, destroyed, put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period;
- b. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvest; enter "**Incomplete**."
- c. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), **none** of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "**No Harvest**."
- d. If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, replanting is complete for the unit, etc.

  Refer to the LAM.
- 19. **Similar Damage:**

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**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other farms in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the narrative.

- 20. **Assignment of Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- 21. **Transfer of Right to Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- A<sub>1</sub>. **Share:** RECORD ONLY VARYING SHARES on SAME unit to three decimal places.
- A<sub>2</sub>. **Field ID:** If only one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, MAKE NO ENTRY.

If more than one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, indicate for each practice/type the corresponding Field ID (from Section I, Column "A").

NOTE: REFER TO THE LAM FOR INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING ENTRIES OF FIRST CROP AND SECOND CROP CODES.

- B. E. **Length or Diameter, Width, Depth, Deductions:** Enter the buyer's name and address, if applicable, for:
  - a. Production sold to a broker, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler (refer to subsection 7 C, Summary of Harvested Production). If the insured is also as a broker,

processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler, marketing records must be obtained from the broker, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler to verify the amount and value of production sold by the insured.

- b. Unsold harvested marketable production enter "UNSOLD."
- c. U-pick production sold from insurable acreage, enter "U-PICK."
- d. Production direct marketed, penhooked, or sold for cash (excluding U-pick) from insurable acreage, enter "DIRECT MARKETED."

### F. - H. MAKE NO ENTRY.

# I. Bu., Ton, Lbs., Cwt.:

- a. Line out "Bu., Ton, Lbs., Cwt," and enter "\$" in column heading.
- b. Total net production in whole dollars, for unsold marketable harvested production; and production delivered to the buyer, processor, packer, shipper, or other first handler from item 20, Summary of Harvested Production.

# J. - N. MAKE NO ENTRY.

### O. **Prod. Not to Count:**

- a. Whole dollar value of production from harvested acreage damaged solely by uninsured causes.
- b. If production records are NOT available from acreage damaged solely by uninsured causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.

**NOTE:** THIS ENTRY MUST NEVER EXCEED PRODUCTION SHOWN ON THE SAME LINE. EXPLAIN ANY "PRODUCTION NOT TO COUNT" IN THE NARRATIVE.

# \*\*\*P-R. MAKE NO ENTRY.

\*\*\*S. **Production to Count:** Result of subtracting the entry in Column "O" from Column "I" in whole dollars.

**NOTE:** For CAT policies, multiply result by .55, unless otherwise instructed by the insurance provider because adjustment will be made by another manual or automated computation process.

**NOTE:** FOR ITEMS 22-24, WHEN SEPARATE LINE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER'S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

#### 22. **Section II Total:**

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Total of Column "S," in whole dollars.

23. **Section I Total:** 

**PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.** 

**FINAL:** Enter figure from Section I, Column "O" total, in whole dollars.

24. Unit Total:

**PRELIMINARY:** MAKE NO ENTRY.

**FINAL:** Total of item 22 and item 23, in whole dollars.

25. **Adjuster's Signature, Code #, and Date:** Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed **after** the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster's code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER the absentee has signed and returned the Production Worksheet.

**NOTE:** Final indemnity inspections should be signed on the bottom line.

Insured's Signature and Date: Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Production Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood.

**NOTE:** Final indemnity inspections should be signed on the bottom line.

27. **Page Numbers:** 

**PRELIMINARY:** Page numbers - "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.

**FINAL:** Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

PRODUCTION WORKSHEET
FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY

1 Crop/Cod Strawberr		2 Unit 0010		Legal Descri W5-30S-9I			(1	FOR ILI	LUSTR	RATION	PURP	OSES ONI	<b>Y</b> )	8 Name of Inst	ıred	I. M. Insur	·od		
0110	103		30 3	W 3-303-71	<u></u>		7 Compon	v	Any C	ompany				9 Claim #		1. IVI. IIISUI		rop Year	
							Company	y	Any C	ompany_					XXXXXXX	X		YYYY	Y
4 Date of D		APR		JAN 5			Agency		<i>P</i>	Any Agenc	<u> </u>			10 Policy #	XX	XXXXX			
5 Cause of	Damage	Hai	i <mark>l</mark>	Freeze Preeze										14 Date(s)	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>		Final	D /3/3/3/3/
6 Primary C		60		X										Notice of Loss		YYYY		MIM/I	DD/YYYY
12 Addition		0020	00											15 Companion	Policy(s)				
13 Est. Proc	d. Per Acre	3500	00																
		EAGE A	PPRA	ISED, PRO	DUCTION	AND AI	DJUSTM	IENTS											
ACTUAR	IAL		1					1	РОТ	ENTIAL			1		1	ST	AGE (	UARANTI	EE
A	В	C	П	E	F	G	Н	I		J	$\frac{K_1}{K_2}$	L Value	M	N	О	,	P		Q
Field ID	Prelim Acres	Final Acres	Intere Sha		k Practic	Type Class Variety	Stage	Intended of Final Use		raised M ential	oisture % Factor	Shell and/or Quality Factor	+ Uninsured Cause	Adjusted Potential	Total to (C x		Per Acre		Total C x P)
1 M/D	10.0	10.0	1.0	000 D0	1 002	211	H	To Pepper	. 13	3,380		.20		2,676.00	26,	<mark>760</mark>	8,250	, ;	32,500
2A		9.0	1.0	000 D0	1 002	211	Н	Н									8,250	, ,	74,250
2B M/D		1.0	1.0	000 D0	1 002	211	P	WOC	!				8,250	8,250.00	8,2	250	8,250	1	8,250
16 TC	TAL	20.0		I	I	I		1	ı	l l				17 TOTALS	35,	010		1	65,000
NARRA	TIVE (If 1	more sp	ace is 1	needed, at	tach a Spe	cial Repo	ort) Fiel	d 1was an	praised.	released	and plan	ted to pepper	rs. Fields 1 and	2A permane	nt field me	asurements.	refer t	attached	
												n harvested.				us ar errorres,	10101 0	o accarrio a	
				ODUCTIO															
18 Date	Harvest Co	ompleted						damage sin	milar to c	other farms	s in the are	a?	20 Assignme	nt of Indemnity	/?	21 Tı	ransfer	of Right To	
		06/15/	YYYY	•				Yes 🖂			No 🗌		Yes	No	$\boxtimes$		_	mnity?	
MEASI	REMENT	nC .			GROSS	DDODIIC	TION		ADIII	CTMENI	TO IIA	DVECTED D	RODUCTION			Yes		N	o 🛛
A <sub>1</sub>	KENIENI	1			GROSS	KODUC	TION	1	ADJU	K <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	M <sub>1</sub>	KODUCTION			$Q_1$			
A <sub>2</sub>	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	$K_2$	$L_2$	$M_2$	N	О	P	$Q_2$	-	R	S
Share	Length					Conver-	Gross	Bu. Ton	Shell/	FM%	Moisture	% Test Wt.	Adjusted		Production	Value	(	Quality	Production
Field ID	or Diameter	Width	Depth	Tion	Net Cubic Feet	sion Factor	Prod. (F x G)	Lbs. Cwt \$.	Sugar Factor	Factor	Factor	Factor	Production (HorI) xJxK <sub>2</sub> xL <sub>2</sub> xM <sub>2</sub>	Prod. Not To Count	(N – O)	Mkt. Price		Factor $Q_1 \div Q_2$	To Count (P X R)
		lley Fruit ny Town,						84,236					-				-		84,236
	Rd, A	Any Tow	n, Any					6,016					_						<mark>6,016</mark>
													my insured crops.					tion II Total	90,252
													reinsured by the Fe d administrative, civ					ction I Total	35,010
					31 U.S.C. §§					i die sairen	ons outilited	, pone, un	a administrati v 0, 01	, u	Autono		24	Unit Total	125,262
,	er's Signatur	e				Code #		Date			ıred's Signat	ture				Date			
1st Insp	pection		I. M	. Adjuster		12345		MM/DD	O/YYYY	1 <sup>st</sup> In	spection		I. M. Ins	sured		MM/DD/Y	YYY		
	pection										spection							27 Page _1	_of _1
Final In	spection		I. M	. Adjuster		12345		MM/DD	O/YYYY	Final I	nspection		I. M. Ins	sured		MM/DD/Y	YYY		

# **NOTES**

<del></del>	 

TABLE A - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS

ACRES IN FIELD OR SUBFIELD	MINIMUM NO. OF SAMPLES
0.1 - 10.0	3*
10.1 - 20.0	4*

Add one additional sample for each additional 10.0 acres (or fraction thereof) in the field or subfield.

TABLE B - SAMPLE ROW LENGTH FOR 1/1000 OF AN ACRE

ROW WIDTH  (FEET TO  HUNDREDTHS/EQUIVALENT INCHES)	ROW LENGTH (FEET TO TENTHS)	ROW WIDTH (FEET TO HUNDREDTHS/EQUIVALENT	ROW LENGTH (FEET TO TENTHS)
INCHES		INCHES)	
.50 (6 in.)	87.1	1.92 (23 in.)	22.7
.58 (7 in.)	75.1	2.00 (24 in.)	21.8
.67 (8 in.)	65.0	2.08 (25 in.)	20.9
.75 (9 in.)	58.1	2.17 (26 in.)	20.1
.83 (10 in.)	52.5	2.25 (27 in.)	19.4
.92 (11 in.)	47.3	2.33 (28 in.)	18.7
1.00 (12 in.)	43.6	2.42 (29 in.)	18.0
1.08 (13 in.)	40.3	2.50 (30 in.)	17.4
1.17 (14 in.)	37.2	2.58 (31 in.)	16.9
1.25 (15 in.)	34.8	2.67 (32 in.)	16.3
1.33 (16 in.)	32.8	2.75 (33 in.)	15.8
1.42 (17 in.)	30.7	2.83 (34 in.)	15.4
1.50 (18 in.)	29.0	2.92 (35 in.)	14.9
1.58 (19 in.)	27.6	3.00 (36 in.)	14.5
1.67 (20 in.)	26.1	3.08 (37 in.)	14.1
1.75 (21 in.)	24.9	3.17 (38 in.)	13.7
1.83 (22 in.)	23.8	3.25 (39 in.)	13.4

One acre is equal to 43,560 square feet. Linear feet of row per acre equals 43,560 square feet divided by the row width in feet to tenths. Divide the result by 1000 to obtain the 1/1000 per acre sample row length (rounded to tenths). For a 1/1000 of an acre sample that spans the width of the bed (includes all rows), divide the sample row length shown in the table by the number of rows in the bed to obtain the sample bed length. Larger sample sizes may be used if warranted by damage to the crop.

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: Refer to subsection 4 C for situations where different varieties may be combined for appraisal purposes.

**EXAMPLE:** 5 foot raised bed with 4 rows (15 inch average row spacing), the table shows the result of 43,560 sq. ft. per acre divided by 1.25 (15 inches divided by 12 inches) row width = 34,848 linear feet of row per acre. 34,848 linear feet divided by 1000 = 34.8 foot row length for a one-row 1/1000 of an acre sample. For a 4 row 1/1000 of an acre sample that spans the entire width of the planting bed, divide 34.8 foot row length by 4 rows to determine 8.7 foot bed length. If a larger sample size is needed, use 34.8 foot row length and include all 4 rows in the bed for a sample size of 4/1000 (or 1/250) of an acre.

## TABLE C - POTENTIAL PRODUCTION

### **California Counties:**

	Ventura		Santa Barbara	Fresno	Merced
First Day of Month	Winter Planting  Pounds Per Acre	Summer Planting Pounds Per Acre	Winter Planting  Pounds Per Acre	Summer Planting Pounds Per Acre	Summer Planting Pounds Per Acre
August			O		
September		<mark>15,508</mark>			
October		14,908		<mark>24,816</mark>	<mark>24,816</mark>
November		<mark>8,088</mark>		<mark>24,376</mark>	<mark>24,376</mark>
December		<mark>1,488</mark>		/Demont	(Darra ant
January	62,046	0		( <mark>Dormant</mark> Period)	( <mark>Dormant</mark> Period)
February	<mark>59,566</mark>				
March	<mark>56,206</mark>		<mark>56,859</mark>		
April	<mark>42,255</mark>		<mark>53,139</mark>	<mark>24,176</mark>	<mark>24,176</mark>
May	<mark>18,255</mark>		42,639	<mark>17,576</mark>	17,576
June	<mark>4,305</mark>		<mark>19,906</mark>	<mark>6,726</mark>	<mark>6,726</mark>
July	0		<mark>4,906</mark>	0	0

**NOTE:** Pounds per acre for each month reflect the potential production remaining from the first day of the month through the end of the insurance period.

**EXAMPLE:** For Ventura County, winter planted acreage, the 62,040 pounds for the month of November reflect the potential production remaining from the first day of November through the last day of July, while the 59,566 pounds for the month of February reflect the potential production remaining from the first day of February through the last day of July.

**TABLE C - POTENTIAL PRODUCTION (Continued)** 

**Florida Counties:** 

	Hillsborough and Manatee Counties	
First Day of Month		



# **TABLE C - POTENTIAL PRODUCTION (Continued)**

North Carolina Counties: Johnston and Wake.

Month/Days	Pounds Per Acre		
*** April 15 - May 20	<mark>21,600</mark>		

**NOTE:** Pounds per acre for each time period reflect the potential production remaining from the first day in the time period above through the end of the insurance period.

## North Carolina Counties: Guilford.

Month/Days	Pounds Per Acre
*** April 25 – May 31	<mark>22,200</mark>

**NOTE:** Pounds per acre for each time period reflect the potential production remaining from the first day in the time period above through the end of the insurance period.

## North Carolina Counties: Buncombe, Haywood, and Henderson.

Month/Days	Pounds Per Acre
*** May 10 – June 15	<mark>22,200</mark>

**NOTE:** Pounds per acre for each time period reflect the potential production remaining from the first day in the time period above through the end of the insurance period.

## TABLE D - STANDARD CONTAINER WEIGHTS

The following table provides the average weight of berries a container will hold. For California, the weight includes the weight of the container (which is overfilled to account for the container weight). For all other states, the weight does not include the weight of the container.

State/ UPC No.	Container Types *	Number Per Flat/Box	Average Weight (Lbs./Flat)
California:		(12 x 20)	(LD3./i lat)
		<u> </u>	
33383 20001	1 pint mesh (12 ounce)	12 per flat	12.0
*** 33383 20003	1 pint mesh (half-flat)	12 per flat	6.0
33383 20004	1 pint mesh (flat)	12 per flat	12.0
*** 33383 20026	8 ounce clamshell	12 per flat	<mark>8.0</mark>
33383 20027	1 pound clamshell	8 per flat	<mark>8.5</mark>
<mark>33383 20028</mark>	10.3 ounce clamshell	12 per flat	<mark>7.7</mark>
33383 20030	2 pound clamshell	4 per flat	8.0
33383 20031	Stem berries: 1 pound clam shell	8 per flat	8.0
33383 20032	Stem berries: 8 ounce clam shell	16 per flat	<mark>8.0</mark>
*** Florida:			(Net Average Weight (Lbs./Flat or Box)
	12X20 box	12 open pints per box	11.2
	1 pound Clamshell	8 per flat	9.2
	2 pound Clam shell	4 per flat	9.2
	4 pound Clam shell	2 per flat	9.2
Louisiana:	Flat		10.0
North Carolina:			( <mark>Net</mark> Lbs./Container)
	4 quart bucket		5.0
	5 quart bucket		6.0
	1 gallon basket (cardboard)		6.0
	not listed in TABLED if	<u> </u>	

\*\*\*

\* NOTE: For containers not listed in **TABLE D**, if possible, fill a container with several representative samples of marketable production, weigh the samples (for California this will be the weight in pounds to tenths for both the container and the strawberries), in all other states, weigh the empty container and deduct the weight of the container from the weight of the full container to determine the average weight, in pounds to tenths, that the container will hold. If representative samples of production are not available, the insurance provider may authorize the use of the producer's/buyer's marketing records.

# **NOTES**


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