



Bureau of Justice Statistics

State Court Sentencing of Convicted Felons, 2000



http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/scsc00st.htm

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Methodology

Methodology

Sampling

The 2000 "National Judicial Reporting Program" (NJRP) sample consisted of 429,471 persons convicted of a felony in State courts in 344 counties selected to be nationally representative. Of these convicted felons, 272,889 cases were in the 75 largest counties. Additional details on the sampling are in the BJS publication Felony Sentences in State Courts, 1996 (NCJ 173939).

Sampling error

NJRP data were obtained from a sample and not from a complete enumeration; consequently, they are subject to sampling error. A standard error, which is a measure of sampling error, is associated with each number in these statistical tables. In general, if the difference between two numbers is at least twice the standard error of that difference (the criterion used in these tables), there is at least 95% confidence that the two numbers do in fact differ; that is, the apparent difference is not simply the result of surveying a sample rather than the entire population.

National estimates of the number of convictions for individual crime categories and for the aggregate total had a coefficient of variation of 3.6%. Standard errors for some of these tables are available on the Internet: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/ abstract/fssc00.htm>. Standard errors did not take into account missing data. which are sometimes substantial for certain tables.

Sources of data

State courts were the source of NJRP data for about 61% of the 344 counties sampled. For other counties, sources included statistical agencies, sentencing commissions, department of public safety, probation departments, state police departments, and department of corrections. Individual-level NJRP records were obtained through a variety of collection methods, including electronically (83% of the counties) and manually (17%).

Electronic methods of data submission included diskettes, magnetic tape, and Internet transmission. Manual methods included photocopies of official documents, survey questionnaires completed by court officials, and on-site collections by Census Bureau staff. All data were collected by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Targeted population

The survey targeted and recorded initial sentences imposed in 2000. If a sentence was imposed on one date and then modified at a later date, the revision was ignored. The survey recorded sentences that were actually executed. If a prison sentence was initially imposed but immediately suspended in its entirety, the case was coded as probation because that was the actual sentence.

Because the year of conviction was not a defining characteristic, some cases in the sample were of persons convicted before 2000 but not sentenced until 2000.

In 2 counties sampled from Florida, 10 counties from Minnesota, 21 from Pennsylvania, and 1 from Virginia it was impractical to target sentences in 2000. Cases sampled from these counties were all sentenced in 1999.

The 2000 conviction data that were submitted by four Illinois counties — McHenry, Rock Island, St. Clair, and Sangamon — were very different from prior years' NJRP data files as well as other court data sources. Consequently, the conviction data submitted by these counties for the 1998 survey were used in place of the 2000 data.

In 2000 Missouri was unable to provide data for seven counties in the sample (Andrew, Boone, Franklin, Jasper, Madison, Oregon, and St. Charles). These counties were replaced with seven others in the same respective strata (Lawrence and Bath Counties, Kentucky; Lafourche Parish, Louisiana; Cole County, Missouri; Lancaster County, Virginia; and Mercer and Northumberland Counties, Pennsylvania).

The second stage weights for two sampled counties from Florida — St. Lucie and Hillsborough — were adjusted to account for less than a full year of reporting.

Crime definitions

Crime definitions are in the BJS publication Felony Sentences in State Courts, 1996 (NCJ 173939).

Related reading

Data used in these statistical tables were also used in the BJS publication Felony Sentences in State Courts, 2000 (NCJ 198821).

The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Lawrence A. Greenfeld is director.

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Data presented in these statistical tables may be obtained from the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data at the University of Michigan, 1-800-999-0960. These statistical tables and data are also available on the BJS website at: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/>.

Table 3.1. Among felons convicted in State courts in 2000, percent sentenced to probation, by offense; and offense distribution, by type of sentence

	Sent	e type withir	ense	Offe	nse	Offense within sentence type							
Most serious					No		_				No		
conviction offense	Total		Probation		probation		Total		Probation		probation		
All offenses	100	%	56	%	44	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	
Violent offenses	100	%	48	%	52	%	19	%	16	%	22	%	
Murder /a	100		16		84		1				2		
Sexual assault /b	100		50		50		3		3		4		
Robbery	100		32		68		4		2		6		
Aggravated assault	100		55		45		9		8		9		
Other violent /c	100		57		43		2		2		2		
Property offenses	100	%	59	%	41	%	28	%	30	%	26	%	
Burglary	100		51		49		9		8		10		
Larceny /d	100		58		42		11		11		10		
Fraud /e	100		69		31		9		11		6		
Drug offenses	100	%	57	%	43	%	35	%	35	%	34	%	
Possession	100		60		40		13		13		12		
Trafficking	100		55		45		22		22		22		
Weapon offenses	100	%	52	%	48	%	3	%	3	%	3	%	
Other offenses /f	100	%	59	%	41	%	15	%	16	%	14	%	

Note: This table is based on an estimated 924,733 cases.

In this table persons are counted as probation cases so long as their sentences included probation and without regard to whether a term of incarceration was also included.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

- -- Less than 0.5%.
- a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.
- b/ Includes rape.
- c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.
- d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.
- e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.
- f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.2. Distribution of types of State felony sentences to probation or incarceration, by offense, 2000

Percent of felony convictions by type of --Probation sentence Nonprobation sentence Most serious Straight Split sentence Incarceration No conviction offense probation Total incarceration Total Prison Prison Jail Jail All offenses 28 % 28 % 11 % 17 % 4 % 40 % 29 % 11 % Violent offenses 19 % 29 % 13 % 16 % 3 % 49 % 41 % 8 % Murder /a 3 13 12 1 1 83 82 1 Sexual assault /b 14 36 21 15 2 48 43 5 2 9 Robbery 22 13 66 60 6 10 Aggravated assault 25 31 11 20 4 41 30 11 Other violent /c 25 32 12 20 3 39 30 10 **Property offenses** 32 % 27 % 11 % 17 % 4 % 37 % 26 % 10 % 30 14 2 46 38 8 Burglary 21 16 Larceny /d 9 5 13 33 26 17 37 24 Fraud /e 43 27 10 16 4 27 19 9 28 % 17 % 27 % **Drug offenses** 11 % 4 % 39 % 12 % 29 % Possession 28 10 18 5 36 23 13 31 Trafficking 28 27 11 16 3 42 30 12 Weapon offenses 26 % 25 % 10 % 16 % 4 % 44 % 31 % 14 % Other offenses /f 30 % 30 % 8 % 21 % 4 % 36 % 24 % 13 %

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 919,377 cases.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.3. Average probation sentence lengths of felons convicted in State courts, by offense, 2000

	n case o	f								
Most serious			Straight			Sp	lit sente	nce		
conviction offense	Total		probatio	n	Total		Prison		Jail	
Mean sentence										
All offenses	39	mo	38	mo	40	mo	44	mo	38	mo
Violent offenses	48	mo	44	mo	50	mo	56	mo	44	mo
Murder /a	70		64		71		73		55	
Sexual assault /b	69		64		70		72		68	
Robbery	52		52		52		54		49	
Aggravated assault	40		40		40		46		37	
Other violent /c	40		36		42		45		41	
Property offenses	39	mo	38	mo	40	mo	44	mo	38	mo
Burglary	42		41		43		43		43	
Larceny /d	37		37		37		42		35	
Fraud /e	38		37		41		46		37	
Drug offenses	37	mo	36	mo	37	mo	38	mo	36	mo
Possession	33		33		33		34		32	
Trafficking	39		39		40		40		39	
Weapon offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	33	mo	38	mo
Other offenses /f	39	mo	40	mo	38	mo	40	mo	37	mo
Median sentence										
All offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo
Violent offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	48	mo	36	mo
Murder /a	60		60		60		60		60	
Sexual assault /b	60		60		60		60		60	
Robbery	48		48		48		36		60	
Aggravated assault	36		36		36		36		36	
Other violent /c	36		36		36		36		36	
Property offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo
Burglary	36		36		36		36		36	
Larceny /d	36		36		36		36		36	
Fraud /e	36		36		36		36		36	
Drug offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo
Possession	30		24		36		30		36	
Trafficking	36		36		36		36		36	
Weapon offenses	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo
Other offenses /f	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo	36	mo

Note: See note on tables 1.3 and 3.1.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.4. Average incarceration sentence lengths for felons receiving sentences with or without probation, by offense, 2000

Maximum incarceration sentence length (in months) for --Incarceration without probation Most serious Split sentence conviction offense Total Prison Jail Total Prison Jail Mean sentence All offenses 18 mo 36 mo 5 mo 47 mo 62 mo 8 mo Violent offenses 33 mo 60 mo 6 mo 86 mo 102 mo 10 mo Murder /a 155 168 10 261 265 28 Sexual assault /b 51 76 7 112 124 11 Robbery 46 64 8 93 101 14 Aggravated assault 18 40 5 50 66 8 Other violent /c 17 34 6 45 8 57 36 mo Property offenses 29 mo 5 mo 47 mo 8 mo 15 mo 21 35 6 50 9 Burglary 59 Larceny /d 12 25 5 27 37 8 Fraud /e 13 24 4 29 39 8 39 mo 7 mo **Drug offenses** 15 mo 30 mo 5 mo 53 mo 27 5 Possession 11 23 4 39 Trafficking 17 33 5 45 59 9 Weapon offenses 14 mo 27 mo 5 mo 31 mo 42 mo 8 mo Other offenses /f 13 mo 30 mo 5 mo 29 mo 40 mo 8 mo Median sentence All offenses 7 mo 24 mo 4 mo 24 mo 36 mo 6 mo Violent offenses 12 mo 36 mo 4 mo 48 mo 60 mo 8 mo 108 Murder /a 120 12 300 309 12 Sexual assault /b 20 48 6 72 84 12 Robbery 24 48 6 60 72 12 Aggravated assault 7 24 4 30 48 6 Other violent /c 8 4 24 36 6 24 **Property offenses** 7 mo 18 3 mo 24 mo 36 6 mo mo mo 36 42 8 Burglary 10 24 4 6 3 18 6 Larceny /d 14 24 Fraud /e 6 14 3 18 30 6 **Drug offenses** 6 mo 24 mo 6 mo 18 mo 4 mo 36 mo 3 16 4 Possession 6 12 24 8 36 6 Trafficking 24 4 48 Weapon offenses 8 mo 21 mo 3 mo 24 mo 32 mo 6 mo

Note: See note on tables 1.3 and 3.1.

Other offenses /f

6 mo

20 mo

4 mo

18 mo

30 mo

6 mo

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.5. Distribution of the number of felony conviction offenses for persons sentenced to probation in State courts, by offense, 2000

Percent of felons sentenced to probation when their conviction offenses numbered --

				•				
Most serious	One or						Three	
conviction offense	more		One		Two		or more	
All offenses	56	%	57	%	55	%	53	%
Violent offenses	48	%	49	%	46	%	41	%
Murder /a	16		16		14		15	
Sexual assault /b	50		52		50		41	
Robbery	32		32		30		32	
Aggravated assault	55		57		55		49	
Other violent /c	57		58		55		53	
Property offenses	59	%	60	%	60	%	59	%
Burglary	51		50		54		52	
Larceny /d	58		59		58		53	
Fraud /e	69		69		68		68	
Drug offenses	57	%	57	%	57	%	54	%
Possession	60		60		57		55	
Trafficking	55		55		57		54	
Weapon offenses	52	%	52	%	48	%	55	%
Other offenses /f	59	%	60	%	57	%	55	%

Note: See note on table 3.1.

The number of convictions pertains to current, not past, convictions.

b/ Includes rape.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.6. Offense distribution of convicted felons receiving sentences with or without probation in State courts, by gender of felons, 2000

Most serious	Perce	ent o	f senter	ices	to probat	ion	Perce	ent o	f senter	nces	without prol	bation
conviction offense	All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
All offenses	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%
Violent offenses	16	%	18	%	10	%	22	%	23	%	13	%
Murder /a							2		2		1	
Sexual assault /b	3		4				4		4			
Robbery	3		3		1		6		7		3	
Aggravated assault	8		9		7		8		9		7	
Other violent /c	2		2		1		2		2		1	
Property offenses	31	%	27	%	45	%	26	%	25	%	37	%
Burglary	8		9		4		9		10		5	
Larceny /d	11		10		16		11		10		17	
Fraud /e	11		8		25		6		5		16	
Drug offenses	35	%	36	%	34	%	35	%	34	%	40	%
Possession	13		13		14		12		11		16	
Trafficking	22		22		20		23		23		24	
Weapon offenses	3	%	3	%	1	%	3	%	4	%	1	%
Other offenses /f	15	%	16	%	10	%	14	%	15	%	10	%

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 712,825 cases.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

⁻⁻ Less than 0.5%.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.7. Offense of felons receiving probation or a sentence without probation in State courts, by gender of felons, 2000

Most serious	Percent of	of sentence	es to probation	Percent o	f sentences	without probation
conviction offense	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
All offenses	100 %	80 %	20 %	100 %	87 %	13 %
Violent offenses	100 %	88 %	12 %	100 %	93 %	7 %
Murder /a	100	86	14	100	92	8
Sexual assault /b	100	98	2	100	98	2
Robbery	100	90	10	100	95	5
Aggravated assault	100	84	16	100	89	11
Other violent /c	100	88	12	100	91	9
Property offenses	100 %	70 %	30 %	100 %	82 %	18 %
Burglary	100	90	10	100	94	6
Larceny /d	100	71	29	100	80	20
Fraud /e	100	54	46	100	68	32
Drug offenses	100 %	80 %	20 %	100 %	85 %	15 %
Possession	100	79	21	100	83	17
Trafficking	100	81	19	100	87	13
Weapon offenses	100 %	94 %	6 %	100 %	96 %	4 %
Other offenses /f	100 %	86 %	14 %	100 %	91 %	9 %

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 712,825 cases.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

- d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.
- e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.
- f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.8. Offense of felons receiving probation or a sentence without probation in State courts, by race of felons, 2000

Most serious	Perce	Percent of sentences to probation								Percent of sentences without probation							
conviction offense	All		White		Black		Other		All		White		Black		Other		
All offenses	100	%	59	%	39	%	2	%	100	%	48	%	51	%	1	%	
Violent offenses	100	%	60	%	37	%	4	%	100	%	47	%	51	%	2	%	
Murder /a	100		52		43		4		100		41		56		2		
Sexual assault /b	100		69		25		6		100		67		31		2		
Robbery	100		39		59		2		100		32		67		1		
Aggravated assault	100		60		36		3		100		49		49		2		
Other violent /c	100		71		27		2		100		61		38		2		
Property offenses	100	%	62	%	35	%	2	%	100	%	55	%	44	%	1	%	
Burglary	100		68		30		2		100		57		42		1		
Larceny /d	100		61		37		3		100		53		45		2		
Fraud /e	100		60		38		3		100		54		45		1		
Drug offenses	100	%	51	%	47	%	2	%	100	%	38	%	61	%	1	%	
Possession	100		54		44		2		100		42		58		1		
Trafficking	100		49		49		2		100		37		63		1		
Weapon offenses	100	%	51	%	47	%	2	%	100	%	38	%	61	%	1	%	
Other offenses /f	100	%	69	%	28	%	3	%	100	%	61	%	38	%	2	%	

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 618,833 cases.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

Racial categories include Hispanics.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.9. Offense distribution of convicted felons receiving sentences with or without probation in State courts, by race of felons, 2000

Most serious	Perce	ent (of senter	nces	s to prob	probation Percent of sentences without probation										
conviction offense	All		White		Black		Other		All		White		Black		Other	
All offenses	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%
Violent offenses	16	%	16	%	15	%	25	%	21	%	21	%	21	%	28	%
Murder /a							1		2		2		2		3	
Sexual assault /b	3		4		2		9		3		5		2		5	
Robbery	3		2		4		2		6		4		8		6	
Aggravated assault	8		8		7		12		8		8		8		12	
Other violent /c	2		3		1		2		2		2		1		3	
Property offenses	31	%	33	%	28	%	32	%	26	%	30	%	23	%	31	%
Burglary	8		9		6		7		9		11		8		10	
Larceny /d	12		12		11		13		11		12		9		15	
Fraud /e	11		11		11		13		6		7		6		5	
Drug offenses	35	%	31	%	43	%	24	%	35	%	28	%	42	%	19	%
Possession	13		12		15		9		12		10		13		6	
Trafficking	23		19		28		15		23		18		29		13	
Weapon offenses	3	%	2	%	3	%	2	%	3	%	3	%	4	%	2	%
Other offenses /f	15	%	18	%	11	%	17	%	14	%	18	%	10	%	19	%

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 618,833 cases.

Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

Racial categories include Hispanics.

- -- Less than 0.5%.
- a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.
- b/ Includes rape.
- c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.
- d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.
- e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.
- f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.10. Average age of felons receiving probation or a sentence without probation in State courts, by offense, 2000

Most serious	Proba	tion	Sentence v	vithout probation
conviction offense	Mean	Median	Mean	Median
All offenses	31 yr	30 yr	32 yr	31 yr
Violent offenses	31 yr	29 yr	31 yr	29 yr
Murder /a	29	24	31	28
Sexual assault /b	33	31	35	34
Robbery	25	22	27	24
Aggravated assault	32	30	31	30
Other violent /c	33	33	32	31
Property offenses	30 yr	29 yr	32 yr	31 yr
Burglary	27	23	30	29
Larceny /d	31	29	33	32
Fraud /e	32	31	33	32
Drug offenses	32 yr	30 yr	33 yr	32 yr
Possession	33	32	34	34
Trafficking	31	29	32	30
Weapon offenses	31 yr	28 yr	30 yr	27 yr
Other offenses /f	33 yr	32 yr	34 yr	33 yr

Note: See note on table 3.1.

This table is based on an estimated 765,802 cases.

a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.

b/ Includes rape.

c/ Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.

d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.

e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.

f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Table 3.11. Felons sentenced to probation in State courts, by offense and age at sentencing, 2000

Percent of felons' age group who

Most serious	received a probation sentence									
conviction offense	Under 20		20-29		30-39		40 or old	er		
All offenses	64	%	56	%	53	%	54	%		
Violent offenses	50	%	47	%	45	%	51	%		
Murder /a	16		21		10		15			
Sexual assault /b	60		56		46		46			
Robbery	43		32		27		28			
Aggravated assault	55		55		51		58			
Other violent /c	65		52		56		62			
Property offenses	72	%	62	%	55	%	55	%		
Burglary	69		54		41		41			
Larceny /d	72		61		53		52			
Fraud /e	80		70		66		67			
Drug offenses	66	%	57	%	53	%	54	%		
Possession	67		60		56		54			
Trafficking	65		56		52		54			
Weapon offenses	56	%	47	%	49	%	56	%		
Other offenses /f	68	%	57	%	55	%	57	%		

Note: This table is based on an estimated 765,802 cases.

In this table persons are counted as probation cases so long as their sentences included probation and without regard to whether a term of incarceration was also included.

- a/ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter.
- b/ Includes rape.
- c /Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping.
- d/ Includes motor vehicle theft.
- e/ Includes forgery and embezzlement.
- f/ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property vandalism.