Table 6.28C Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2002 and 2003

			;	SERIOUS MEN	TAL ILLNESS	1
	To	tal	Yes		No	
Demographic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
TOTAL	480	494	218	251	423	410
AGE						
18-25	58	60	38	41	42	42
26-49	303	317	160	162	246	248
50 or Older	365	362	139	184	340	308
GENDER						
Male	250	238	126	130	217	201
Female	407	410	173	213	362	344
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	460	458	202	239	408	382
White	436	438	186	225	391	367
Black or African American	104	132	*	*	87	*
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	*	*	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	119	135	*	*	93	121
EDUCATION						
< High School	170	147	76	94	153	114
High School Graduate	256	260	138	149	209	213
Some College	245	245	115	113	211	211
College Graduate	280	253	92	119	256	212
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT						
Full-Time	325	335	146	144	278	290
Part-Time	168	173	88	108	145	136
Unemployed	89	57	*	*	*	47
Other ²	305	282	132	153	262	232

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Table 6.28D Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2002 and 2003

			SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹			
Demographic Characteristic	To	Total		Yes		lo
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
TOTAL	1.08	1.03	1.85	1.71	1.29	1.31
AGE						
18-25	1.28	1.21	1.82	1.89	1.70	1.56
26-49	1.36	1.27	2.26	2.06	1.63	1.47
50 or Older	2.27	2.24	5.41	4.71	2.49	2.55
GENDER						
Male	1.98	1.87	3.88	3.57	2.26	2.26
Female	1.27	1.22	2.04	1.94	1.56	1.54
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	1.10	1.06	1.90	1.76	1.32	1.35
White	1.18	1.10	1.90	1.93	1.42	1.34
Black or African American	4.41	4.72	*	*	4.65	*
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	*	*	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	4.16	4.30	*	*	5.08	5.45
EDUCATION						
< High School	2.95	2.84	4.43	4.38	3.67	3.76
High School Graduate	1.81	1.82	3.14	3.08	2.35	2.39
Some College	1.98	2.00	3.27	2.88	2.41	2.48
College Graduate	1.94	1.93	3.46	3.74	2.28	2.27
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT						
Full-Time	1.50	1.39	2.67	2.49	1.70	1.64
Part-Time	2.52	2.45	4.27	4.54	3.06	3.17
Unemployed	4.90	4.17	*	*	*	5.74
Other ²	2.23	1.98	3.71	3.03	2.54	2.71

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Table 6.28P Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: P-Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2003 Versus 2002

			S	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹			
Demographic Characteristic	Total		Yes		N	0	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	
TOTAL	0.4249		0.8209		0.5308		
AGE							
18-25	0.5685		0.7513		0.6300		
26-49	0.5150		0.5950		0.6445		
50 or Older	0.1298		0.3582		0.3364		
GENDER							
Male	0.6931		0.9169		0.7947		
Female	0.4048		0.8473		0.4682		
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE							
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.4610		0.8155		0.4177		
White	0.3885		0.6534		0.6201		
Black or African American	0.8537		*		*		
American Indian or Alaska Native	*		*		*		
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*		*		*		
Asian	*		*		*		
Two or More Races	*		*		*		
Hispanic or Latino	0.7508		*		0.5741		
EDUCATION							
< High School	0.2387		0.9961		0.2440		
High School Graduate	0.9151		0.9569		0.9138		
Some College	0.2400		0.2142		0.5399		
College Graduate	0.8073		0.2694		0.8373		
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT							
Full-Time	0.7174		0.9936		0.6852		
Part-Time	0.5982		0.3255		0.1693		
Unemployed	0.0519		*		*		
Other ²	0.8346		0.7284		0.7696		

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Table 6.29C Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic or Socioeconomic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2002 and 2003

				SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹				
	To	Total		Yes		lo		
Geographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003		
TOTAL	480	494	218	251	423	410		
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	226	183	113	107	221	142		
Midwest	211	186	93	96	172	159		
South	246	291	127	145	213	254		
West	273	302	100	145	235	242		
COUNTY TYPE ²								
Large Metro	382	376	149	174	348	314		
Small Metro	248	287	128	140	211	231		
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	209	222	103	111	176	184		
< 250K Pop.	133	184	76	84	116	144		
Nonmetro	161	182	94	109	133	157		
Urbanized	117	133	*	87	92	100		
Less Urbanized	109	142	59	74	94	118		
Completely Rural	*	*	*	*	*	*		
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	219	200	110	124	184	157		
\$20,000 - \$49,999	265	285	138	163	239	234		
\$50,000 - \$74,999	226	217	93	93	203	188		
\$75,000 or More	246	242	97	97	221	216		
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ³								
Yes	190	189	119	116	150	153		
No	445	471	184	224	403	389		

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Estimates for 2002 and 2003 are based on a revised definition of county type and are not comparable with estimates by county type published in prior NSDUH reports.

³ One or more household family members received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or the family received food stamps.

Table 6.29D Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic or Socioeconomic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2002 and 2003

				SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹				
	To	Total		Yes		lo		
Geographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003		
TOTAL	1.08	1.03	1.85	1.71	1.29	1.31		
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	2.42	2.07	4.67	4.25	2.67	2.69		
Midwest	1.89	1.80	3.05	2.82	2.36	2.26		
South	1.92	1.77	3.14	2.71	2.28	2.36		
West	2.39	2.63	4.11	4.40	2.84	3.06		
COUNTY TYPE ²								
Large Metro	1.64	1.58	2.72	2.69	1.95	1.86		
Small Metro	1.76	1.75	3.31	2.80	2.08	2.30		
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	2.13	2.07	4.32	3.58	2.39	2.84		
< 250K Pop.	3.14	3.09	5.18	4.72	4.01	3.69		
Nonmetro	2.27	2.18	3.59	3.51	2.77	3.02		
Urbanized	3.34	3.46	*	5.18	3.71	4.45		
Less Urbanized	3.45	3.52	4.55	5.05	4.60	4.83		
Completely Rural	*	*	*	*	*	*		
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	2.24	2.12	3.38	3.16	2.96	3.02		
\$20,000 - \$49,999	1.70	1.79	2.96	2.79	2.17	2.19		
\$50,000 - \$74,999	2.50	2.40	4.16	4.18	2.99	2.74		
\$75,000 or More	2.29	2.16	4.66	4.37	2.50	2.47		
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ³								
Yes	2.39	2.34	3.81	3.43	2.95	3.51		
No	1.23	1.15	2.08	1.99	1.48	1.39		

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Estimates for 2002 and 2003 are based on a revised definition of county type and are not comparable with estimates by county type published in prior NSDUH reports.

³ One or more household family members received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or the family received food stamps.

Table 6.29P Perceived a Great Deal or a Lot of Help in the Past Year from Mental Health Treatment/Counseling among Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic or Socioeconomic Characteristics: P-Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2003 Versus 2002

Geographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic				SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹		
	To	Total		Yes		0
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
TOTAL	0.4249		0.8209		0.5308	
GEOGRAPHIC REGION						
Northeast	0.0005		0.4375		0.0003	
Midwest	0.1335		0.1362		0.4570	
South	0.0999		0.5909		0.0778	
West	0.5221		0.3620		0.6142	
COUNTY TYPE ²						
Large Metro	0.3333		0.5321		0.5110	
Small Metro	0.2583		0.7982		0.2841	
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	0.0994		0.2172		0.4002	
< 250K Pop.	0.7658		0.2009		0.5728	
Nonmetro	0.1459		0.3760		0.2448	
Urbanized	0.7540		*		0.3854	
Less Urbanized	0.1282		0.8430		0.0714	
Completely Rural	*		*		*	
FAMILY INCOME						
Less Than \$20,000	0.3636		0.9798		0.3145	
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.4418		0.6555		0.4262	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.4605		0.1904		0.9456	
\$75,000 or More	0.2467		0.9799		0.2000	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ³						
Yes	0.0370		0.5512		0.0297	
No	0.9667		0.9356		0.8632	

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents were asked how much the counseling or medicine they received in the past year improved their ability to manage daily activities. Respondents with missing information are excluded.

NOTE: Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Estimates for 2002 and 2003 are based on a revised definition of county type and are not comparable with estimates by county type published in prior NSDUH reports.

³ One or more household family members received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or the family received food stamps.