

Instructions for Form 1040NR

U.S. Nonresident Alien Income Tax Return

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

General Instructions



For details on these and other changes for 2003 and 2004, see **Pub. 553.**

What's New for 2003?

Tax Rates Reduced. The tax rates of 27%, 30%, 35%, and 38.6% have been reduced to 25%, 28%, 33%, and 35%, respectively. The 10% tax rate applies to the first \$7,000 of taxable income (the first \$14,000 of taxable income if qualifying widow(er)). These changes are reflected in the Tax Table that begins on page 29 and the Tax Rate Schedules on page 41.

Married People—Increased Tax Benefit. For married taxpayers filing a separate return, the income subject to the 15% tax bracket has been expanded to cover the same income range as that of single filers. This change is reflected in the Tax Table that begins on page 29 and the Tax Rate Schedules on page 41.

Qualifying Widow(er)—Increased Tax Benefit. The 15% tax bracket has been expanded to cover twice the income range as that of single filers. This change is reflected in the Tax Table that begins on page 29 and the Tax Rate Schedules on page 41.

Child Tax Credits Increased. You may be able to take credits of up to \$1,000 for each qualifying child. But, you must reduce your credits by any advance child tax credit payment you received in 2003 (see Advance Child Tax Credit Payment below). For more details, see the instructions for line 45 on page 18.

Advance Child Tax Credit Payment. You must reduce your 2003 child tax credits by any advance child tax credit payment you received in 2003. Enter the amount of any advance payment you received (before offset) on line 2 of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet. The amount of your advance payment (before offset) is shown on Notice 1319. This notice was mailed to you in 2003. If you do not have this notice,

you can check the amount of your advance payment (before offset) on the IRS website at **www.irs.gov** or call us at **1-800-829-1040**. For details on offsets, see **Refund Offset** on page 20.

If you received an advance payment but did not have a qualifying child for 2003 (see the instructions for line 7c, column (4) on page 8), you do not have to pay back the amount you received. **Do not** enter the amount of your advance payment on your return. If you filed a joint return for 2002, but for 2003 you are not filing a joint return, you are considered to have received one-half of the advance payment.

Dividends—New Tax Rate. The maximum tax rate for qualified dividends is 15% (generally 5% for people whose other income is taxed at the 10% or 15% rate). See the instructions for line 10b on page 10. Use Schedule D or the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, whichever applies, to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 39 on page 16.

Capital Gains—Maximum Tax Rate Reduced. The maximum tax rate for most net capital gain taken into account after May 5, 2003, has been reduced to 15% (generally, 5% for people whose other income is taxed at the 10% or 15% rate). Use Schedule D or the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, on page 17, whichever applies, to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 39 on page 16.

Alternative Minimum Tax— Exemption Amount Increased. The alternative minimum tax exemption amount has increased to \$40,250 (\$58,000 if qualifying widow(er); \$29,000 if married filing separately).

Archer MSA Deduction. Archer MSA deductions are now reported on Form 1040NR, line 32. See the instructions for line 32 on page 15.

Child and Dependent Care Credit Increased. You may be able to take a credit of up to \$1,050 for the expenses you paid for the care of one qualifying person; \$2,100 if you paid for the care of two or more qualifying persons. See

the Instructions for Form 2441 for details.

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction. You may be able to deduct up to 100% of your health insurance expenses. See the instructions for line 28 beginning on page 14.

IRA Deduction Allowed to More People Covered by Retirement Plans. You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2003 modified AGI is less than \$50,000 (\$70,000 if qualifying widow(er)). See the instructions for line 25 on page 14.

Standard Mileage Rate. The 2003 rate for business use of your vehicle is 36 cents a mile.

Third Party Designee. A third party designee can ask the IRS for copies of notices or transcripts related to your return. Also, the authorization can be revoked. See page 22.

What To Look for in 2004

Certain Credits No Longer Allowed Against Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT). The credit for child and dependent care expenses, mortgage interest credit, and District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit will no longer be allowed against AMT. However, the child tax credit, adoption credit, and credit for qualified retirement savings contributions will still be allowed against your AMT.

IRA deduction allowed to more people covered by retirement plans. You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2004 modified AGI is less than \$55,000 (\$75,000 if qualifying widow(er)).

Standard Mileage Rate. The 2004 rate for business use of your vehicle is 37½ cents a mile. The 2004 rate for use of your vehicle to move is 14 cents a mile.

Items To Note

Form 1040NR-EZ. You may be able to use Form 1040NR-EZ if your only income from U.S. sources is wages,

salaries, tips, taxable refunds of state and local income taxes, and scholarship or fellowship grants. For more details, see Form 1040NR-EZ and its instructions.

Other reporting requirements. If you meet the closer connection to a foreign country exception to the substantial presence test, you must file Form 8840. If you exclude days of presence in the United States for purposes of the substantial presence test, you must file Form 8843. This rule does not apply to foreign-governmentrelated individuals who exclude days of presence in the United States. Certain dual-resident taxpayers who claim tax treaty benefits must file Form 8833. A dual-resident taxpayer is one who is a resident of both the United States and another country under each country's tax laws.

Additional Information

If you need more information, our free publications may help you. **Pub. 519,** U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, will be the most important, but the following publications may also help.

Pub.	525	Taxable and Nontaxable
		Income
Duck	E20	Missellanasus Dadustians

Pub. 529 Miscellaneous DeductionsPub. 552 Recordkeeping for Individuals

Pub. 597 Information on the United States-Canada Income Tax

Treaty
ub. 901 U.S. Tax

Pub. 901 U.S. Tax Treaties
Pub. 910 Guide to Free Tax Services
(includes a list of all
publications)

These free publications and the forms and schedules you will need are available from the Internal Revenue Service. You can download them from the IRS website at www.irs.gov. Also see Taxpayer Assistance on page 27 for other ways to get them (as well as information on receiving IRS assistance in completing the forms).

Resident Alien or Nonresident Alien

If you are not a citizen of the United States, specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident alien or a nonresident alien for tax purposes. Generally, you are considered a resident alien if you meet either the green card test or the substantial presence test for 2003. (These tests are explained below.) Even if you do not meet either of these tests, you may be able to choose to be treated as a U.S. resident for part of 2003. See First-Year Choice in Pub. 519 for details.

You are generally considered a nonresident alien for the year if you are not a U.S. resident under either of these tests. However, even if you are a U.S. resident under one of these tests, you may still be considered a nonresident alien if you qualify as a resident of a treaty country within the meaning of the tax treaty between the United States and that country. You may download the complete text of most U.S. tax treaties at www.irs.gov. Technical explanations for many of those treaties are also available at that site.

For more details on resident and nonresident status, the tests for residence, and the exceptions to them, see Pub. 519.

Green Card Test

You are a resident for tax purposes if you were a lawful permanent resident (immigrant) of the United States at any time during 2003.

Substantial Presence Test

You are considered a U.S. resident if you meet the substantial presence test for 2003. You meet this test if you were physically present in the United States for at least:

- 1. 31 days during 2003 and
- **2.** 183 days during the period 2003, 2002, and 2001, counting all the days of physical presence in 2003, but only $\frac{1}{3}$ the number of days of presence in 2002 and only $\frac{1}{6}$ the number of days in 2001.

Generally, you are treated as present in the United States on any day that you are physically present in the country at any time during the day. However, there are exceptions to this rule. In general, do not count the following as days of presence in the United States for the substantial presence test.

- Days you commute to work in the United States from a residence in Canada or Mexico if you regularly commute from Canada or Mexico.
- Days you are in the United States for less than 24 hours when you are in transit between two places outside of the United States.
- Days you are in the United States as a crew member of a foreign vessel.
- Days you intend, but are unable, to leave the United States because of a medical condition that develops while you are in the United States.
- Days you are an exempt individual (defined below).

Exempt individual. For these purposes, an exempt individual is generally an individual who is a:

Foreign-government-related individual,

- Teacher or trainee,
- Student, or
- Professional athlete who is temporarily in the United States to compete in a charitable sports event.

Note: Alien individuals with "Q" visas are treated as either students, teachers, or trainees and, as such, are exempt individuals for purposes of the substantial presence test if they otherwise qualify. "Q" visas are issued to aliens participating in certain international cultural exchange programs.

See Pub. 519 for more details regarding days of presence in the United States for the substantial presence test.

Closer Connection to Foreign Country

Even though you would otherwise meet the substantial presence test, you can be treated as a nonresident alien if you:

- Were present in the United States for fewer than 183 days during 2003,
- Establish that during 2003 you had a tax home in a foreign country, and
- Establish that during 2003 you had a closer connection to one foreign country in which you had a tax home than to the United States unless you had a closer connection to two foreign countries.

See Pub. 519 for more information.

Who Must File

File Form 1040NR if any of the following four conditions applies to you.

- You were a nonresident alien engaged in a trade or business in the United States during 2003. You must file even if—
- None of your income came from a trade or business conducted in the United States,
- You have no U.S. source income, or
- Your income is exempt from U.S. tax.

However, if you have no gross income for 2003, do not complete the schedules for Form 1040NR. Instead, attach a list of the kinds of exclusions you claim and the amount of each.

Exception. If you were a nonresident alien student, teacher, or trainee who was temporarily present in the United States under an "F," "J," "M," or "Q" visa, you must file Form 1040NR (or Form 1040NR-EZ) only if you have income that is subject to tax under section 871 (that is, the income items listed on lines 8 through 21 on page 1 of Form 1040NR and on lines 73a through 82 on page 4 of Form 1040NR).

- 2. You were a nonresident alien **not** engaged in a trade or business in the United States during 2003 and:
- You received income from U.S. sources that is reportable on lines 73a through 82 and
- Not all of the U.S. tax that you owe was withheld from that income.
- 3. You represent a deceased person who would have had to file Form 1040NR.
- 4. You represent an estate or trust that has to file Form 1040NR.

Exception for children under age 14. If your child was under age 14 at the end of 2003, had income only from interest and dividends that are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, and that income totaled less than \$7,500, you may be able to elect to report your child's income on your return. But you must use Form 8814 to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, see Form 8814.



A child born on January 1, 1990, is considered to be age CAUTION 14 at the end of 2003. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.

Filing a deceased person's return. The personal representative must file the return for a deceased person who was required to file a return for 2003. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased person's property.

Filing for an estate or trust. If you are filing Form 1040NR for a nonresident alien estate or trust, change the form to reflect the provisions of Subchapter J, Chapter 1, of the Internal Revenue Code. You may find it helpful to refer to Form 1041 and its instructions.

Simplified Procedure for Claiming Certain Refunds

You may use this procedure only if you meet all of the following conditions for the tax year.

- You were a nonresident alien.
- You were not engaged in a trade or business in the United States at any time.
- You had no income that was effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.
- Your U.S. income tax liability was fully satisfied through withholding of tax at source.
- You are filing Form 1040NR solely to claim a refund of U.S. tax withheld at source.

Example. John is a nonresident alien individual. The only U.S. source income he received during the year was dividend income from U.S. stocks. The dividend income was reported to him on Form(s) 1042-S. On one of the dividend

payments, the withholding agent incorrectly withheld at a rate of 30% (instead of 15%). John is eligible to use the simplified procedure.

If you meet all of the conditions listed earlier for the tax year, complete Form 1040NR as follows.

Page 1. Enter your name, identifying number (defined on page 7), country of citizenship, and all address information requested at the top of page 1. Leave the rest of page 1 blank.

Page 4, lines 73a through 82. Enter the amounts of gross income you received from dividends, interest, royalties, pensions, annuities, and other income. If any income you received was subject to backup withholding or withholding at source, you must include all gross income of that type that you received. The amount of each type of income should be shown in the column under the appropriate U.S. tax rate, if any, that applies to that type of income in your particular circumstances.

If you are entitled to a reduced rate of, or exemption from, withholding on the income pursuant to a tax treaty, the applicable rate of U.S. tax is the same as the treaty rate. Use column (e) if the applicable tax rate is 0%.

Example. Mary is a nonresident alien individual. The only U.S. source income she received during the year was as follows:

- 4 dividend payments
- 12 interest payments

All payments were reported to Mary on Form(s) 1042-S. On one of the dividend payments, the withholding agent incorrectly withheld at a rate of 30% (instead of 15%). There were no other withholding discrepancies. Mary must report all four dividend payments. She is not required to report any of the interest payments.

Note: Payments of gross proceeds from the sale of securities or regulated futures contracts are generally exempt from U.S. tax. If you received such payments and they were subjected to backup withholding, specify the type of payment on line 82 and show the amount in column (e).

Line 83. Enter the total amount of U.S. tax withheld at source (and not refunded by the payer or withholding agent) for the income you included on lines 73a through 82.

Lines 84 through 86. Complete these lines as instructed on the form.

Page 5. You must answer all questions that apply. For item M, you must identify the income tax treaty and treaty article(s) under which you are applying for a refund of tax. Also, enter the type of income (for example, dividends, royalties) and amount in the appropriate space. You must provide

the information required for each type of income for which a treaty claim is

Note: If you are claiming a reduced rate of, or exemption from, tax based on a tax treaty, you must generally be a resident of the particular treaty country within the meaning of the treaty and vou cannot have a permanent establishment or fixed base in the United States.

Page 2, lines 51 and 56. Enter your total income tax liability.

Lines 64 and 67. Enter the total amount of U.S. tax withheld (from line 83).

Lines 68 and 69a. Enter the difference between line 56 and line 67. This is your total refund.

Signature, You must sign and date your tax return. See Reminders on page 26.

Documentation. You must attach acceptable proof of the withholding for which you are claiming a refund. If you are claiming a refund of backup withholding tax based on your status as a nonresident alien, you must attach a copy of the Form 1099 that shows the income and the amount of backup withholding. If you are claiming a refund of U.S. tax withheld at source, you must attach a copy of the Form 1042-S that shows the income and the amount of U.S. tax withheld.

Additional Information

Portfolio interest. If you are claiming a refund of U.S. tax withheld from portfolio interest, include a description of the relevant debt obligation, including the name of the issuer, CUSIP number (if any), interest rate, and the date the debt was issued.

Withholding on distributions. If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a U.S. corporation with respect to its stock because the corporation had insufficient earnings and profits to support ordinary income treatment, you must attach a statement that identifies the distributing corporation and provides the basis for the claim.

If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust (REIT) with respect to its stock because the distribution was designated as long-term capital gain or a return of capital, you must attach a statement that identifies the mutual fund or REIT and provides the basis for

If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a U.S. corporation with respect to its stock because, in your particular circumstances, the transaction qualifies

as a redemption of stock under section 302, you must attach a statement that describes the transaction and presents the facts necessary to establish that the payment was (a) a complete redemption, (b) a disproportionate redemption, or (c) not essentially equivalent to a dividend.

When To File

Individuals. If you were an employee and received wages subject to U.S. income tax withholding, file Form 1040NR by the 15th day of the 4th month after your tax year ends. A return for the 2003 calendar year is due by April 15, 2004.

If you did not receive wages as an employee subject to U.S. income tax withholding, file Form 1040NR by the 15th day of the 6th month after your tax year ends. A return for the 2003 calendar year is due by June 15, 2004.

Estates and trusts. If you file for a nonresident alien estate or trust that has an office in the United States, file the return by the 15th day of the 4th month after the tax year ends. If you file for a nonresident alien estate or trust that does not have an office in the United States, file the return by the 15th day of the 6th month after the tax year ends.

Note: If the regular due date for filing falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, file by the next business day.

Extension of time to file. If you cannot file your return by the due date, you should file Form 4868. You must file Form 4868 by the regular due date of the return.

Note: Form 4868 does not extend the time to pay your income tax. The tax is due by the regular due date of the return.

Where To File

File Form 1040NR with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.

Private Delivery Services

You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/ paying" rule for tax returns and payments. The most recent list of designated private delivery services was published by the IRS in September 2002. The list includes only the following:

- Airborne Express (Airborne): Overnight Air Express Service, Next Afternoon Service, and Second Day
- DHL Worldwide Express (DHL): DHL "Same Day" Service, and DHL USA Overnight.

- Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2Day, FedEx International Priority, and FedEx International First.
- United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.



Private delivery services cannot deliver items to P.O. boxes. You CAUTION must use the U.S. Postal

Service to mail any item to an IRS P.O. box address.

Election To Be Taxed as a Resident Alien

You can elect to be taxed as a U.S. resident for the whole year if all of the following apply:

- You were married.
- Your spouse was a U.S. citizen or resident alien on the last day of the tax
- You file a joint return for the year of the election using Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ.

To make this election, you must attach the statement described in Pub. 519 to your return. Do not use Form 1040NR.

Your worldwide income for the whole year must be included and will be taxed under U.S. tax laws. You must agree to keep the records, books, and other information needed to figure the tax. If you made the election in an earlier year, you may file a joint return or separate return for 2003. If you file a separate return, use Form 1040 or Form 1040A. Your worldwide income for the whole year must be included whether you file a joint or separate return.



Nonresident aliens who make this election may forfeit the right CAUTION to claim benefits otherwise

available under a U.S. tax treaty. For more details, see the specific treaty.

Dual-Status Taxpayers

Note: If you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (discussed earlier), the special instructions and restrictions discussed here do not apply.

Dual-Status Tax Year

A dual-status year is one in which you change status between nonresident and resident alien. Different U.S. income tax rules apply to each status.

Most dual-status years are the years of arrival or departure. Before you

arrive in the United States, you are a nonresident alien. After you arrive, you may or may not be a resident, depending on the circumstances.

If you become a U.S. resident, you stay a resident until you leave the United States. You may become a nonresident alien when you leave, if, after leaving (or after your last day of lawful permanent residency if you met the green card test) and for the remainder of the calendar year of your departure, you have a closer connection to a foreign country than to the United States, and, during the next calendar year, you are not a U.S. resident under either the green card test or the substantial presence test. See Pub. 519.

What and Where to File for a **Dual-Status Year**

If you were a U.S. resident on the last day of the tax year, file Form 1040. Write "Dual-Status Return" across the top and attach a statement showing your income for the part of the year you were a nonresident. You may use Form 1040NR as the statement; write "Dual-Status Statement" across the top. File your return and statement with the Internal Revenue Service Center. Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.

If you were a **nonresident** on the last day of the tax year, file Form 1040NR. Write "Dual-Status Return" across the top and attach a statement showing your income for the part of the year you were a U.S. resident. You may use Form 1040 as the statement; write "Dual-Status Statement" across the top. File your return and statement with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.

Statements. Any statement you file with your return must show your name, address, and identifying number (defined on page 7).

Former U.S. long-term residents are required to file Form 8854 with their dual-status return for the last year of U.S. residency. To determine if you are a former U.S. long-term resident, see page 6.

Income Subject to Tax for **Dual-Status Year**

As a dual-status taxpayer not filing a joint return, you are taxed on income from all sources for the part of the year you were a resident alien. Generally, you are taxed on income only from U.S. sources for the part of the year you were a nonresident alien. However, all income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States is taxable.

Income you received as a dual-status taxpayer from sources outside the United States while a resident alien is taxable even if you became a nonresident alien after receiving it and before the close of the tax year. Conversely, income you received from sources outside the United States while a nonresident alien is not taxable in most cases even if you became a resident alien after receiving it and before the close of the tax year. Income from U.S. sources is taxable whether you received it while a nonresident alien or a resident alien.

Restrictions for Dual-Status Taxpayers

Standard deduction. You may not take the standard deduction.

Head of household. You may not use the *Head of Household* Tax Table column or Tax Rate Schedule.

Joint return. You may not file a joint return unless you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (see page 4) in lieu of these dual-status taxpayer rules.

Tax rates. If you were married and a nonresident of the United States for all or part of the tax year and you do not make the election to be taxed as a resident alien as discussed earlier, you must use the Tax Table column or Tax Rate Schedule for *Married Filing Separately* to figure your tax on income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. If married, you may not use the *Single* Tax Table column or Tax Rate Schedule.

Deduction for exemptions. As a dual-status taxpayer, you usually will be entitled to your own personal exemption. Subject to the general rules for qualification, you are allowed exemptions for your spouse and dependents in figuring taxable income for the part of the year you were a resident alien. The amount you may claim for these exemptions is limited to your taxable income (determined without regard to exemptions) for the part of the year you were a resident alien. You may not use exemptions (other than your own) to reduce taxable income to below zero for that period.

Special rules apply for exemptions for the part of the tax year a dual-status taxpayer is a nonresident alien if the taxpayer is a resident of Canada, Mexico, Japan, or the Republic of Korea (South Korea); a U.S. national; or a student or business apprentice from India. See Pub. 519.

Tax credits. You may not take the earned income credit, the credit for the elderly or disabled, or an education credit unless you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (see page 4) in lieu of these dual-status taxpayer rules. For information on other credits, see Chapter 6 of Pub. 519.

How To Figure Tax for Dual-Status Year

When you figure your U.S. tax for a dual-status year, you are subject to different rules for the part of the year you were a resident and the part of the year you were a nonresident.

All income for the period of residence and all income that is effectively connected with a trade or business in the United States for the period of nonresidence, after allowable deductions, is combined and taxed at the same rates that apply to U.S. citizens and residents. Income that is not effectively connected with a trade or business in the United States for the period of nonresidence is subject to the flat 30% rate or lower treaty rate. No deductions are allowed against this income.

If you were a resident alien on the last day of the tax year and you are filing Form 1040, include the tax on the noneffectively connected income in the total on Form 1040, line 60. To the left of line 60 write "Tax from Form 1040NR" and the amount.

If you are filing Form 1040NR, enter the tax from the Tax Table, Tax Rate Schedules, Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, Schedule D (Form 1040), Schedule J (Form 1040), or Form 8615 on line 39 and the tax on the noneffectively connected income on line 51.

Credit for taxes paid. You are allowed a credit against your U.S. income tax liability for certain taxes you paid, are considered to have paid, or that were withheld from your income. These include:

1. Tax withheld from wages earned in the United States and taxes withheld at the source from various items of income from U.S. sources other than wages. This includes U.S. tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests.

When filing Form 1040, show the total tax withheld on line 61. Enter amounts from the attached statement (Form 1040NR, lines 57, 64, 65a, 65b, 66a, and 66b) to the right of line 61 and identify and include in the amount on line 61.

When filing Form 1040NR, show the total tax withheld on lines 57, 64, 65a, 65b, 66a, and 66b. Enter the amount from the attached statement (Form 1040, line 61) to the left of line 57 and identify and include in the amount on line 57.

- 2. Estimated tax paid with Form 1040-ES or Form 1040-ES (NR).
- 3. Tax paid with Form 1040-C at the time of departure from the United States. When filing Form 1040, include the tax paid with Form 1040-C with the total payments on line 68. Identify the payment in the area to the left of the entry.

How To Report Income on Form 1040NR

Community Income

If either you or your spouse (or both you and your spouse) were nonresident aliens at any time during the tax year and you had community income during the year, treat the community income according to the applicable community property laws except as follows:

- Earned income of a spouse, other than trade or business income or partnership distributive share income. The spouse whose services produced the income must report it on his or her separate return.
- Trade or business income, other than partnership distributive share income. Treat this income as received by the spouse carrying on the trade or business and report it on that spouse's return
- Partnership distributive share income (or loss). Treat this income (or loss) as received by the spouse who is the partner and report it on that spouse's return.
- Income derived from the separate property of one spouse that is not earned income, trade or business income, or partnership distributive share income. The spouse with the separate property must report this income on his or her separate return.

See Pub. 555 for more details.

Kinds of Income

You must divide your income for the tax year into the following three categories.

- 1. Income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. This income is taxed at the same rates that apply to U.S. citizens and residents. Report this income on page 1 of Form 1040NR. Pub. 519 describes this income in greater detail.
- 2. U.S. income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. This income is taxed at 30% unless a treaty between your country and the United States has set a lower rate that applies to you. Report this income on page 4 of Form 1040NR. Pub. 519 describes this income more fully.

Note: Use line 54 to report the 4% tax on U.S. source gross transportation income.

3. Income exempt from U.S. tax. Complete items L and/or M on page 5 of Form 1040NR and, if applicable, line 22 on page 1.

Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests

Gain or loss on the disposition of a U.S. real property interest (see Pub. 519 for definition) is taxed as if the gain or loss were effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business. See section 897 and its regulations.

Report gains and losses on the disposition of U.S. real property interests on **Schedule D (Form 1040)** and Form 1040NR, line 14a. Also, net gains may be subject to the alternative minimum tax. See the instructions for line 40.

Income You May Elect To Treat as Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business

You may elect to treat some items of income as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. The election applies to all income from real property located in the United States and held for the production of income and to all income from any interest in such property. This includes:

- Gains from the sale or exchange of such property or an interest therein.
- Gains on the disposal of timber, coal, or iron ore with a retained economic interest.
- Rents and royalties from mines, oil or gas wells, or other natural resources.

The election does not apply to dispositions of U.S. real property interests discussed earlier.

To make the election, attach a statement to your return for the year of the election. Include in your statement:

- 1. That you are making the election.
- 2. A complete list of all of your real property, or any interest in real property, located in the United States (including location). Give the legal identification of U.S. timber, coal, or iron ore in which you have an interest.
- **3.** The extent of your ownership in the real property.
- **4.** A description of any substantial improvements to the property.
 - 5. Your income from the property.
- **6.** The dates you owned the property.
- 7. Whether the election is under section 871(d) or a tax treaty.
- 8. Details of any previous elections and revocations of the real property election.

Foreign Income Taxed by the United States

You may be required to report some income from foreign sources on your U.S. return if it is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. For this foreign income to be treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, you must have an office or other fixed place of business in the United States to which the income can be attributed. For more information, including a list of the types of foreign source income that must be treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, see Pub. 519.

Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-Term Residents

Section 877 may affect your tax liability if you are a former citizen or former long-term resident (LTR) of the United States. You are a former LTR if you were a lawful permanent resident of the United States (that is, you had a green card) for at least 8 of the 15 consecutive tax years ending with the year your residency ended. In determining if you are a former LTR, do not count any year that you were treated as a resident of another country under a tax treaty and you did not waive treaty benefits.

If you were a former citizen or former LTR and you relinquished your citizenship or terminated your residency after February 5, 1995, you are subject to the provisions of section 877 on your U.S. source income if one of the principal purposes of your action was to avoid U.S. taxes.

You are considered to have tax avoidance as a principal purpose if (a) your average annual net income tax for the last 5 tax years ending before the

date of your action to relinquish your citizenship or terminate your residency was more than \$100,000 or **(b)** your net worth on the date of your action was \$500,000 or more. These amounts are adjusted for inflation if your expatriation action is after 1996 (see the chart below).

Although there are exceptions to these rules, you will qualify for an exception only if you are eligible to submit a ruling request to the IRS that your renunciation of U.S. citizenship or termination of U.S. residency did not have as one of its principal purposes the avoidance of U.S. tax and you submit such a ruling request in a complete and good faith manner. For more details about these exceptions, see section 877(c); Notice 97-19, 1997-1 C.B. 394; and Notice 98-34, 1998-2 C.B. 29. You can find Notice 97-19 on page 40 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1997-10 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/ irb97-10.pdf. You can find Notice 98-34 on page 30 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1998-27 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb98-27.pdf.

If the rules of section 877 apply to you, check the "Yes" box in item P on page 5 of the form. You are subject to tax on U.S. source income and gains on either (a) a net basis at the graduated rates applicable to individuals with allowable deductions or (b) a gross basis at a rate of 30% under the rules of section 871(a). See page 24 for more details on the tax imposed under section 871(a).

If you have items of U.S. source income that are subject to tax under section 871(a), you will be taxed at a rate of 30% on your **gross** income only if this tax exceeds the tax at the regular graduated rates on your **net** income. If the 30% tax on your gross income exceeds the graduated tax on your net income, report those items on the appropriate lines on page 4 of

Inflation-Adjusted Amounts for Expatriation Actions After 1996

IF you expatriated during	THEN, the rules ou	THEN, the rules outlined on this page apply if			
	Your 5-year average annual net income tax was more than	OR	Your net worth equaled or exceeded		
1997	\$106,000		\$528,000		
1998	109,000		543,000		
1999	110,000		552,000		
2000	112,000		562,000		
2001	116,000		580,000		
2002	120,000		599,000		
2003	122,000		608,000		

Form 1040NR. If the graduated tax on your net income exceeds the 30% tax on your gross income, report your income on the appropriate lines on page 1 of Form 1040NR and attach a statement describing the items and amounts of income that are subject to tax by reason of section 877.

If you have other items of U.S. source income that are not subject to tax under section 871(a), you will be taxed on a net basis at the regular graduated rates applicable to individuals. Report this income on the appropriate lines on page 1 of Form 1040NR.

For purposes of computing the tax due under section 877, the following items of income are treated as U.S. source

- Gains on the sale or exchange of personal property located in the United States.
- 2. Gains on the sale or exchange of stock issued by a domestic corporation or debt obligations of the United States, U.S. persons, a state or political subdivision thereof, and the District of Columbia.
- 3. Income or gain derived from stock in a foreign corporation if you owned, either directly or indirectly (through the rules of sections 958(a) and 958(b)) more than 50% of the vote or value of the stock of the corporation on the date of your renunciation of citizenship or termination of residency or at any time during the 2 years preceding such date. Such income or gain is considered U.S. source only to the extent of your share of the earnings and profits earned or accumulated prior to the date of renunciation of U.S. citizenship or termination of residency.

You may not claim that a tax treaty in effect on August 21, 1996, prevents the imposition of tax by reason of section 877.

Annual Information Statement

If the expatriation rules apply to you and you are liable for U.S. taxes, you must attach an annual information statement to Form 1040NR that sets forth by category (for example, dividends, interest, etc.) all items of U.S. and foreign source gross income (whether or not taxable in the United States). The statement must identify the source of such income (determined under section 877 as modified by Section V of Notice 97-19) and those items of income subject to tax under section 877. If the expatriation rules apply to you, you must attach this statement to Form 1040NR, even if you have fully satisfied your U.S. tax liability through withholding of tax at source.

If you fail to furnish a complete statement, as described above, you will not be considered to have filed a true and accurate return. Therefore, you will not be entitled to any deductions or credits if your tax liability for your 2003 taxable year is later adjusted. See section 874(a).

See Notice 97-19, Section VII, for additional information.

Line Instructions for Form 1040NR

Name, Address, and Identifying Number

Name. If you are filing Form 1040NR for an estate or trust, enter the name of the estate or trust, and your name, title, and address. Also, give the name and address of any U.S. grantors and beneficiaries.

P.O. box. Enter your box number **only** if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

Foreign address. Enter the information in the following order: City, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

Identifying number. If you are an individual, you are generally required to enter your social security number (SSN). To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5 from a Social Security Administration (SSA) office or, if in the United States, you may call the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. Fill in Form SS-5 and return it to the SSA.

If you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). For details on how to do so, see Form W-7 and its instructions. It usually takes about 4-6 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return. If you are required to include another person's SSN on your return and that person does not have and cannot get an SSN, enter that person's ITIN.

Note: An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

If you are filing Form 1040NR for an estate or trust, enter the employer identification number of the estate or trust.

An incorrect or missing identifying number may increase your tax or reduce your refund.

Filing Status

The amount of your tax depends on your filing status. Before you decide which box to check, read the following explanations.

Were you single or married? If you were married on December 31, consider yourself married for the whole year. If you were single, divorced, or legally separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance on December 31, consider yourself single for the whole year. If you meet the tests described under Married persons who live apart below, you may consider yourself single for the whole year.

If your spouse died in 2003, consider yourself married to that spouse for the whole year, unless you remarried before the end of 2003.

Married persons who live apart. Some married persons who have a child and who do not live with their spouse may file as single. If you meet all five of the following tests and you are a married resident of Canada or Mexico, or you are a married U.S. national, check the box on line 1. If you meet the tests and you are a married resident of Japan or the Republic of Korea (South Korea), check the box on line 2.

- **1.** You file a return separate from your spouse.
- 2. You paid more than half of the cost to keep up your home in 2003.
- **3.** You lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 2003.
- **4.** Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, foster child, or adopted child for more than half of 2003.
- 5. You are able to claim a dependency exemption for the child or the child's other parent claims him or her as a dependent under the rules in Pub. 501 for children of divorced or separated parents.

Line 6—Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. You may check the box on line 6 if all seven of the following apply.

1. You were a resident of Canada, Mexico, Japan, or the Republic of

Korea (South Korea), or were a U.S. national.

- 2. Your spouse died in 2001 or 2002 and you did not remarry in 2003.
- 3. You have a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child for whom you can claim a dependency exemption.
- 4. This child lived in your home for all of 2003. Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived in the home.
- 5. You paid over half of the cost of keeping up your home.
- 6. You were a resident alien or U.S. citizen the year your spouse died. This refers to your actual status, not the election that some nonresident aliens can make to be taxed as U.S.
- 7. You were entitled to file a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do

Exemptions

Exemptions for estates and trusts are described in the instructions for line 37 beginning on page 15.

Note: Residents of India who were students or business apprentices may be able to claim exemptions for their spouse and dependents. See Pub. 519 for details.

Line 7b—Spouse. If you checked filing status box 3 or 4, you can take an exemption for your spouse only if your spouse had no gross income for U.S. tax purposes and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another U.S. taxpayer's return. (You can do this even if your spouse died in 2003.) In addition, if you checked filing status box 4, your spouse must have lived with you in the United States at some time during 2003. Finally, your spouse must have an SSN or an ITIN. If your spouse is not eligible to obtain an SSN, he or she must apply for an ITIN. See **Identifying number** on page 7 for additional information.

Line 7c—Dependents. Only U.S. nationals and residents of Canada, Mexico, Japan, and the Republic of Korea (South Korea), may claim exemptions for their dependents. If you were a U.S. national (American Samoan or a Northern Mariana Islander who chose to be a U.S. national) or a resident of Canada or Mexico, you can claim exemptions for your children and other dependents on the same terms as U.S. citizens. See Pub. 501 for more details. Be sure to complete item I on page 5 of the form. If you were a resident of Japan or the Republic of Korea (South Korea), you may claim an exemption for any of your children who

lived with you in the United States at some time during 2003.

You can take an exemption for each of your dependents. If you have more than four dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.

Children Who Did Not Live With You Due to Divorce or Separation. If vou checked filing status box 1 or 3 and are claiming as a dependent a child who did not live with you under the rules explained in Pub. 501 for children of divorced or separated parents, attach Form 8332 or similar statement to your return. But see the **Exception** below.

If your divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 1984, you may attach certain pages from the decree or agreement instead of Form 8332. To be able to do this, the decree or agreement must state:

- 1. You can claim the child as your dependent without regard to any condition, such as payment of support,
- 2. The other parent will not claim the child as a dependent, and
- 3. The years for which the claim is released.

Attach the following pages from the decree or agreement:

- Cover page (including the other parent's SSN on that page), and
- The pages that include all of the information identified in 1 through 3 above, and
- Signature page with the other parent's signature and date of agreement.

Note: You must attach the required information even if you filed it in an earlier year.

Exception. You do not have to attach Form 8332 or similar statement if your divorce decree or written separation agreement went into effect before 1985 and it states that you can claim this child as your dependent.

Other Dependent Children. Include the total number of children who did not live with you for reasons other than divorce or separation on the line labeled "Dependents on 7c not entered above."

Line 7c, Column (2). You must enter each dependent's identifying number (SSN, ITIN, or adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN)). If you do not enter the correct identifying number, at the time we process your return we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on the dependent.



For details on how your dependent can get an identifying number, see Identifying number on page 7.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2003 and you do not have an identifying number for the child, you may attach a copy of the child's birth certificate instead and enter "Died" in column (2).

Adoption Taxpaver Identification **Numbers (ATINs).** If you have a dependent who was placed with you by an authorized placement agency and you do not know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. An authorized placement agency includes any person authorized by state law to place children for legal adoption. See Form W-7A for details.

Line 7c, Column (4). Check the box in this column if your dependent is a qualifying child for the child tax credit (defined below). If you have at least one qualifying child, you may be able to take the child tax credit on line 45 and the additional child tax credit on line 60.

Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit. A qualifying child for purposes of the child tax credit is a child who:

- Is claimed as your dependent on line 7c, and
- Was **under age 17** at the end of 2003, and
- Is your (a) son, daughter, adopted child, stepchild, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild); (b) brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your niece or nephew), whom you cared for as you would your own child; or (c) foster child (any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency whom you cared for as you would your own child), and
- Is a U.S. citizen or resident alien.

An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption even if the adoption is not final. An authorized placement agency includes any person or court authorized by state law to place children for legal adoption.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

You may round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the

Income Effectively Connected With U.S. Trade or Business

Pub. 519 explains how income is classified and what income you should report here. The instructions for this section assume you have decided that the income involved is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business in which you were engaged. But your decision may not be easy. "Interest," for example, may be effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, it may not be, or it may be tax-exempt. The tax status of income also depends on its source. Under some circumstances, items of income from foreign sources are treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Other items are reportable as effectively connected or not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, depending on how you elect to treat them.

Line 8—Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Enter the total of your effectively connected wages, salaries, tips, etc. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in box 1 of their Form(s) W-2. However, do not include on line 8 amounts exempted under a tax treaty. Instead, include these amounts on line 22 and complete item M on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

Also include on line 8:

- Wages received as a household employee for which you did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than \$1,400 in 2003. Also, enter "HSH" and the amount not reported on a Form W-2 on the dotted line next to line 8.
- Tip income you did not report to your employer. Also include allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in box 8 of your Form(s) W-2. They are not included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.



You may owe social security and Medicare tax on unreported or allocated tips. See the

instructions for line 52 on page 19.

- Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in box 10 of your Form(s) W-2. But first complete **Form** 2441 to see if you may exclude part or all of the benefits.
- Employer-provided adoption benefits, which should be shown in

box 12 of your Form(s) W-2 with code **T.** You may also be able to exclude amounts if you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2003. See the Instructions for Form 8839 to find out if you may exclude part or all of the benefits.

• Excess salary deferrals. The amount deferred should be shown in box 12 of your Form W-2 and the "Retirement plan" box in box 13 should be checked. If the total amount you deferred for 2003 under all plans was more than \$12,000 (excluding catch-up contributions as explained below), include the excess on line 8. This limit is increased to \$15,000 for section 403(b) plans, if you qualify for the 15-year rule in **Pub. 571.**

A higher limit may apply to participants in section 457(b) deferred compensation plans for the 3 years before retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information.

Catch-up contributions. If you were age 50 or older at the end of 2003, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral of up to \$2,000 (\$1,000 for SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount is not subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals.



You may not deduct the amount deferred. It is not included as CAUTION income in box 1 of your Form

- Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA*) are reported on lines 17a and 17b. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 16a and 16b.
- Corrective distributions shown on Form 1099-R of (a) excess salary deferrals plus earnings and (b) excess contributions plus earnings to a retirement plan. But do not include distributions from an IRA* on line 8. Instead, report distributions from an IRA on lines 16a and 16b.

*This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.

Missing or Incorrect Form W-2. Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than February 2, 2004. If you do not receive it by early February, ask your employer for it. Even if you do not get a Form W-2, you must still report your earnings on line 8. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a

Line 9a—Taxable interest. Report on line 9a all of your taxable interest income from assets effectively

connected with a U.S. trade or business.

If you received interest not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, report it on page 4 of Form 1040NR, unless it is tax exempt under a treaty and the withholding agent did not withhold tax on the payment. See Pub. 901 for a quick reference guide to the provisions of U.S. tax treaties. In addition, interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or similar institution, and from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies, is tax exempt to a nonresident alien if it is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Interest credited in 2003 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2003 income. For details, see Pub. 550.

Line 9b—Tax-exempt interest. Certain types of interest income from investments in state and municipal bonds and similar instruments are not taxed by the United States. If you received such tax-exempt interest income, report the amount on line 9b. Include any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. Do not include interest earned on your IRA or Coverdell education savings account. Also do not include interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or similar institution (or from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies) that is exempt from tax under a tax treaty or under section 871(i) because the interest is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Line 10a—Ordinary dividends. Enter your total ordinary dividends from assets effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV.

Capital Gain Distributions. If you received any capital gain distributions, see the instructions for line 14a on page 11.

Nontaxable Distributions. Some distributions are nontaxable because they are a return of your cost (or other basis). They will not be taxed until you recover your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by these distributions. After you get back all of your cost (or other basis), you must report these distributions as capital gains on Schedule D (Form 1040). For details, see Pub. 550.



Dividends on insurance policies are a partial return of the premiums you paid. Do not report them as dividends. Include them in income only if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract

Line 10b—Qualified dividends. Enter your total qualified dividends on line 10b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in box 1b of your Form(s) 1099-DIV. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

Exception. Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in box 1b of Form 1099-DIV but are not qualified dividends. These include:

- Dividends you received as a nominee. See Chapter 1 in Pub. 550.
- Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the purchaser of a stock is not entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples below.
- Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule above.
- Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.
- Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments are not qualified dividends.

Example 1. You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on July 1, 2003. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was July 9, 2003. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows \$500 in box 1a (ordinary dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on August 4, 2003. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days of the 121-day period (from July 2, 2003, through August 4, 2003). The 121-day period began on May 10, 2003 (60 days before the ex-dividend date), and ended on September 7, 2003. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

Example 2. Assume the same facts as in Example 1 except that you bought

the stock on July 8, 2003 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on September 9, 2003. You held the stock for 63 days (from July 9, 2003, through September 9, 2003). The \$500 of qualified dividends shown in box 1b of your Form 1099-DIV are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from July 9, 2003, through September 7, 2003).

Example 3. You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on July 1, 2003. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was July 9, 2003. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the portion of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents per share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of \$1,000 and qualified dividends of \$200. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on August 4, 2003. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.



Be sure you use **Schedule D** or the **Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet,**

whichever applies, to figure your tax. Your tax may be less. See the instructions for line 39 on page 16 for details.

Line 11—Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes. If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2003, you may receive a Form 1099-G. If you chose to apply part or all of the refund to your 2003 estimated state or local income tax, the amount applied is treated as received in 2003.

For details on how to figure the amount you must report as income, see **Recoveries** in **Pub. 525.**

Line 12—Scholarship and fellowship grants. If you received a scholarship or fellowship, part or all of it may be taxable.

If you were a degree candidate, the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses (fees, books, supplies, and equipment) are generally taxable. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel are generally taxable.

If you were not a degree candidate, the full amount of the scholarship or fellowship is generally taxable. Also, amounts received in the form of a scholarship or fellowship that are payment for teaching, research, or other services are generally taxable as wages even if the services were required to get the grant.

If the grant was reported on Form(s) 1042-S, you must generally include the amount shown in box 2 of Form(s) 1042-S on line 12. However, if any or all of that amount is exempt by treaty, do not include the treaty-exempt amount on line 12. Instead, include the treaty-exempt amount on line 22 and complete item M on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

Attach any Form(s) 1042-S you received from the college or institution. If you did not receive a Form 1042-S, attach a statement from the college or institution (on their letterhead) showing the details of the grant.

For more information about scholarships and fellowships in general, see **Pub. 970.**

Example 1. You are a citizen of a country that **has not** negotiated a tax treaty with the United States. You are a candidate for a degree at ABC University (located in the United States). You are receiving a full scholarship from ABC University. The total amounts you received from ABC University during 2003 are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$25,000 Books, supplies, and equipment Room and board 9,000 \$35,000

The Form 1042-S you received from ABC University for 2003 shows \$9,000 in box 2 and \$1,260 (14% of \$9,000) in box 7.

Note: Box 2 shows only \$9,000 because withholding agents (such as ABC University) are not required to report section 117 amounts (tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment) on Form 1042-S.

When completing Form 1040NR:

- Enter on line 12 the \$9,000 shown in box 2 of Form 1042-S.
- Enter \$0 on line 31. Because section 117 amounts (tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment) were not included in box 2 of your Form 1042-S (and are not included on line 12 of Form 1040NR), you cannot exclude any of the section 117 amounts on line 31.
- Include on line 57 the \$1,260 shown in box 7 of Form 1042-S.

Example 2. The facts are the same as in **Example 1** except that you are a citizen of a country that **has** negotiated a tax treaty with the United States and you were a resident of that country immediately before leaving for the United States to attend ABC University. Also, assume that, under the terms of the tax treaty, all of your scholarship income is exempt from tax because

ABC University is a nonprofit educational organization.

Note: Many tax treaties do not permit an exemption from tax on scholarship or fellowship grant income unless the income is from sources outside the United States. If you are a resident of a treaty country, you must know the terms of the tax treaty between the United States and the treaty country to claim treaty benefits on Form 1040NR. See the instructions for item M on page 26 for details.

When completing Form 1040NR:

- Be sure you have entered your home country and permanent address in the space provided on page 1.
- Enter \$0 on line 12. The \$9,000 reported to you in box 2 of Form 1042-S is reported on line 22 (not line 12).
- Enter \$9,000 on line 22.
- Enter \$0 on line 31. Because none of the \$9,000 reported to you in box 2 of Form 1042-S is included in your income, you cannot exclude it on line 31.
- Include on line 57 any withholding shown in box 7 of Form 1042-S.
- Provide all the required information in item M on page 5.

Line 13—Business income or (loss). If you operated a business or practiced your profession as a sole proprietor, report your effectively connected income and expenses on Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ (Form 1040).

Include any income you received as a dealer in stocks, securities, and commodities through your U.S. office. If you dealt in these items through an independent agent, such as a U.S. broker, custodian, or commissioned agent, your income may not be considered effectively connected with a U.S. business.

Line 14a—Capital gain or (loss). If you had effectively connected capital gains or losses, including any effectively connected capital gain distributions, you must complete and attach Schedule D (Form 1040). But see the Exception below. Enter the effectively connected gain or (loss) from Schedule D (Form 1040) on line 14a.

Gains and losses from disposing of U.S. real property interests are reported on Schedule D (Form 1040) and included on line 14a of Form 1040NR. See Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests on page 6.

Exception. You do not have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) if both of the following apply.

 The only amounts you have to report on Schedule D (Form 1040) are effectively connected capital gain distributions from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV or substitute statements and

post-May 5 capital gain distributions from box 2b.

 None of the Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements have an amount in box 2c (qualified 5-year gain), box 2d (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2e (section 1202 gain), or box 2f (collectibles (28%) gain).

If both of the above apply, enter your effectively connected capital gain distributions (from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV) on line 14a and check the box on that line. If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 14a only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See Chapter 1 of Pub. 550 for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.



If you do not have to file Schedule D, be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and

Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 17 to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use this worksheet.

Line 14b—Post-May 5 capital gain distributions. If you checked the box on line 14a because you are not required to file Schedule D, enter your total post-May 5 capital gain distributions on line 14b. This amount should be shown in box 2b of your Form(s) 1099-DIV or substitute statements. Reduce your total post-May 5 capital gain distributions by any post-May 5 capital gain distributions you received as a nominee (see the instructions for line 14a).

Line 15—Other gains or (losses). If you sold or exchanged assets used in a U.S. trade or business, see the Instructions for Form 4797.

Lines 16a and 16b—IRA distributions. You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of any distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA). Unless otherwise noted in the line 16a and 16b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided below, leave line 16a blank and enter the total distribution on line 16b.

Exception 1. Enter the total distribution on line 16a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one: IRA to another IRA of the same type

- (for example, from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA), or
- SEP or SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA.

Also, put "Rollover" next to line 16b. If the total distribution was rolled over, enter zero on line 16b. If the total distribution was not rolled over, enter the part not rolled over on line 16b unless Exception 2 applies to the part not rolled over.

If you rolled over the distribution (a) in 2004 or (b) from an IRA into a qualified plan (other than an IRA), attach a statement explaining what you did.

Exception 2. If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 16a and use Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 16b.

- You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2003 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2003, also see Pub. 590.
- You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either 1 or 2 below applies, enter -0- on line 16b; you do not have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.
- 1. Distribution code **T** is shown in box 7 of your Form 1099-R and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 1998.
- 2. Distribution code Q is shown in box 7 of your Form 1099-R.
- You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2003.
- You had a 2002 or 2003 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.
- You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2003.
- · You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a traditional IRA contribution, or vice

Note: If you received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 16b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 16a.



You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received CAUTION an early distribution from your

IRA and the total was not rolled over or (b) you were born before July 1, 1932. and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. See the instructions for line 53 on page 19 for details.

Lines 17a and 17b—Pensions and annuities. Use lines 17a and 17b to report effectively connected pension

Simplified Method Worksheet—Lines 17a and 17b

(keep for your records)

Before you begin: If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee who died before August 21, 1996, see Pub. 939 to find out if you are entitled to a death benefit exclusion of up to \$5,000. If you are, include the exclusion in the amount entered on line 2 below.

Note: If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040NR, line 17b. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2003 on Form 1040NR, line 17a

1.	Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2003. Also,		
	enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line 17a	1.	
2.	Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity starting		
	date		
3.	Enter the appropriate number from Table 1 below.		
	But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and		
	the payments are for your life and that of your		
	beneficiary, enter the appropriate number from Table		
	2 below		
4.	Divide line 2 by line 3		
5.	Multiply line 4 by the number of months for which this		
	year's payments were made. If your annuity starting		
	date was before 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 and enter		
	this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to line 6 5.		
6.	Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax free in years		
	after 1986		
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 2		
	Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 7	8.	
9.	Taxable amount. Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result, but		
	not less than zero. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line		
	17b. If your Form 1099-R shows a larger amount, use the amount		
	on this line instead of the amount from Form 1099-R	9.	

Table 1 for Line 3 Above

IF the age at	AND your annuity starting date was—					
annuity starting date (see page 13) was	before November 19, 1996, enter on line 3	after November 18, 1996, enter on line 3				
55 or under	300	360				
56-60	260	310				
61-65	240	260				
66-70	170	210				
71 or older	120	160				

Table 2 for Line 3 Above

page 13) were	THEN enter on line 3
110 or under	410
111-120	360
121-130	310
131-140	260
141 or older	210

and annuity payments you received. You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount you received. For details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions, see page 13. But if this income is not effectively connected with your U.S. trade or business, report it on

Do not include the following payments on lines 17a and 17b. Instead, report them on line 8.

- Disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer.
- Corrective distributions of excess salary deferrals or excess contributions to retirement plans.



If you received a Form 1099-R that shows Federal income tax withheld, attach it to Form

1040NR.

Some annuities are tax-exempt. See Chapter 3 of Pub. 519.

Note: If you perform services in the United States, your income is generally effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business. (See section 864 and Regulations section 1.864-2 for details and exceptions.) When you receive a pension in a later year as a result of effectively connected services, the pension is also considered effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Fully Taxable Pensions and Annuities. If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 17b; do not make an entry on line 17a. Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you did not contribute to the cost (defined on page 13) of your pension or annuity or (b) you got your entire cost back tax free before 2003.

If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 for information on how to report your benefits.

Partially Taxable Pensions and Annuities. Enter the total pension or annuity payments you received in 2003 on line 17a. If your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 17b. But if your annuity starting date (defined below) was after July 1, 1986, see Simplified Method below to find out if you must use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$90 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you may report that amount on line 17b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method.

Annuity Starting Date. Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment, or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

Simplified Method. You must use the Simplified Method if (a) your annuity starting date (defined above) was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part or (b) your annuity starting date was after

November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

- The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.
- On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the worksheet on page 12 to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575.

Age (or Combined Ages) at Annuity Starting Date. If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

Cost. Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It does not include pre-tax contributions. Your net investment should be shown in box 9b of Form 1099-R for the first year you received payments from the plan.

Rollovers. A rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan. Use lines 17a and 17b to report a rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.

Enter on line 17a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in box 1 of Form 1099-R. From the total on line 17a, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount that was rolled over. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 17b. Write "Rollover" next to line 17b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers, including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

Lump-Sum Distributions. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. You may owe an additional tax if you

received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over. For details, see the instructions for line 53 on page 19.

Enter the total distribution on line 17a and the taxable part on line 17b.



You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were born before January 2, 1936,

you meet certain other conditions, and you choose to use Form 4972 to figure the tax on any part of the distribution. You may also be able to use Form 4972 if you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee who was born before January 2, 1936. For details, see Form 4972.

Line 20—Unemployment compensation. You should receive a Form 1099-G showing the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2003.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2003 and you repaid any of it in 2003, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 20. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid on the dotted line next to line 20. If, in 2003, you repaid unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, you may deduct the amount repaid on Schedule A (Form 1040NR), line 11. But if you repaid more than \$3,000, see Repayments in Pub. 525 for details on how to report the repayment.

Line 21—Other income. Use this line to report any other income effectively connected with your U.S. business that is not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. List the type and amount of income. If necessary, show the required information on an attached statement. For more details, see Miscellaneous Income in Pub. 525.

Taxable distributions from a Coverdell education savings account (ESA). Distributions from a Coverdell ESA may be taxable if (a) they are more than the qualified education expenses of the designated beneficiary in 2003 and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 970. Include these taxable distributions on line 21.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a сацтом taxable distribution from a

Coverdell ESA. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

Qualified tuition program earnings. You must generally include this type of income on line 21. However, you may be able to exclude part or all of the earnings from income if (a) the qualified tuition program was established and maintained by a state (or agency or instrumentality of the state) and (b) any part of the distribution was used to pay qualified higher education expenses. Also, you may be able to exclude part or all of the earnings from income if they were included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 970.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received CAUTION qualified tuition program

earnings that are included on line 21. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

Report other income on page 4 of Form 1040NR if not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Line 22. Use line 22 to report your total effectively connected income that is exempt from tax by a tax treaty. Do not include this exempt income on line 23. Also, you must complete item M on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

Adjusted Gross Income

Line 24—Educator expenses. If you were an eligible educator in 2003, you can deduct up to \$250 of qualified expenses you paid in 2003. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid in connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services). and other materials used in the classroom. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses do not include expenses for home schooling or for nonathletic supplies for courses in health or physical education. You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.

- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified state tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that were not reported to you in box 1 of your Form W-2.

Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 26 (keep for your records)

Before you begin:

- Complete Form 1040NR, lines 27 through 31, if they apply to you.
- Figure any amount to be entered on the dotted line next to line 32 (see the instructions for line 32 on page 15).
- See the instructions for line 26 on this page.

1.	Enter the total interest you paid in 2003 on qualified student loans (defined below). Do not enter more than \$2,500	1.	
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 23 2.		
3.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040NR,		
	line 24, line 25, and lines 27 through 31, plus any		
	amount you entered on the dotted line next to line 32 3		
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2		
	Is line 4 more than \$50,000?		
	□ No. Skip lines 5 and 6, enter -0- on line 7, and go		
	to line 8.		
	☐ Yes. Subtract \$50,000 from line 4		
6.	Divide line 5 by \$15,000. Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at		
	least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000	6.	
7.	Multiply line 1 by line 6	7.	
	Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 7 from line 1. Enter	-	
	the result here and on Form 1040NR, line 26. Do not include this		
	amount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on		
	Schedule A (Form 1040NR), Schedule C (Form 1040), Schedule E		
	(Form 1040), etc.)	8.	

Line 25—IRA deduction.



If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement

arrangement (IRA) for 2003, you must report them on Form 8606.

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2003, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you must have had earned income to do so. A statement should be sent to you by June 1, 2004, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2003.

Were You Covered by a Retirement Plan? If you were covered by a retirement plan (qualified pension, profit-sharing (including 401(k)), annuity, SEP, SIMPLE, etc.) at work or through self-employment, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you.

The "Retirement plan" box in box 13 of your Form W-2 should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you were not vested in the plan. You are also covered by a plan if you were self-employed and had a SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retirement plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file **Form 8815** or you exclude employer-provided adoption

benefits, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

Special rule for married individuals. If you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5 and you were not covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2003.

See Pub. 590 for more details.

Line 26—Student loan interest deduction. You may take this deduction only if all four of the following apply.

- You paid interest in 2003 on a qualified student loan (see below).
- You checked filing status box 1, 2, or
 6.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than \$65,000. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet on this page to figure your modified AGI.
- You are not claimed as a dependent on someone else's (such as your parent's) 2003 tax return.

Use the worksheet on this page to figure your student loan interest deduction.

Qualified student loan. This is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education expenses for yourself, your spouse, or anyone who was your dependent when the loan was taken out. The person for whom the expenses were paid must have been an eligible student (see below). However, a loan is not a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other

purposes or **(b)** the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. To find out who is a related person, see **Pub.**

Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and related expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. You must reduce the expenses by the following benefits.

- Employer-provided educational assistance benefits that are not included in box 1 of your Form(s) W-2.
- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from **Form 8815.**
- Nontaxable qualified state tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but **not** gifts, inheritances, etc.)
 excluded from income.

For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 970.

- An **eligible student** is a person who:

 Was enrolled in a degree, certificate, or other program (including a program of study abroad that was approved for credit by the institution at which the student was enrolled) leading to a recognized educational credential at an eligible educational institution and
- Carried at least half the normal full-time workload for the course of study he or she was pursuing.

Line 27—Moving expenses.
Employees and self-employed persons (including partners) can deduct certain moving expenses. The move must be in connection with employment that generates effectively connected income.

If you moved in connection with your job or business or started a new job, you may be able to take this deduction. But your new workplace must be at least 50 miles farther from your old home than your old home was from your old workplace. If you had no former workplace, your new workplace must be at least 50 miles from your old home. The deduction is generally limited to moves to or within the United States or its possessions. If you meet these requirements, see **Pub. 521.** Use **Form 3903** to figure the amount to enter on this line.

Line 28—Self-employed health insurance deduction. If you were self-employed and had a net profit for the year, you may be able to deduct the

amount you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents. The insurance plan must be established under your business. But if you were also eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by your or your spouse's employer for any month or part of a month in 2003, amounts paid for health insurance coverage for that month cannot be used to figure the deduction. For example, if you were eligible to participate in a subsidized health plan maintained by your spouse's employer from September 30 through December 31, you cannot use amounts paid for health insurance coverage for September through December to figure your deduction. For more details, see Pub. 535.

Note: If, during 2003, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing the worksheet below. When figuring the amount to enter on line 1 of the worksheet below, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in box 1 of Form 1099-H. Also, subtract the amount shown on line 4 of Form 8885 (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form) from the total insurance premiums you paid.

If you qualify to take the deduction, use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount you can deduct.

Exception. Use Pub. 535 instead of the worksheet below to find out how to figure your deduction if **either** of the following applies.

- You had more than one source of income subject to self-employment tax.
- You are using amounts paid for qualified long-term care insurance to figure the deduction.

Line 29—Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans. If you were self-employed or a partner, you may be able to take this deduction. See Pub. 560 or, if you were a minister, Pub. 517.

Line 30—Penalty on early withdrawal of savings. The Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID you received will show the amount of any penalty you were charged.

Line 31—Scholarship and fellowship grants excluded. If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant and were a degree candidate, enter amounts used for tuition and course-related expenses (fees, books, supplies, and equipment), but only to the extent the amounts are included on line 12. See the examples in the instructions for line 12 on page 10.

Line 32. Include in the total on line 32 any of the following adjustments that are related to your effectively connected income. To find out if you can take the deduction, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 32, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

- Archer MSA deduction (see **Form 8853**). Identify as "MSA."
- Deduction for clean-fuel vehicles (see Pub. 535). Identify as "Clean-Fuel."
- Performing-arts-related expenses (see Form 2106 or 2106-EZ). Identify as "QPA."
- Reforestation amortization (see **Pub. 535**). Identify as "RFST."
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade Act of 1974 (see Pub. 525). Identify as "Sub-Pay TRA."
- Contributions to section
 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans (see Pub.
 525). Identify as "501(c)(18)(D)."
- Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans (see Pub. 517).
 Identify as "403(b)."

Line 33—Adjusted gross income. If line 33 is less than zero, you may have a net operating loss that you can carry to another tax year. See Form 1045 and its instructions for details.

Tax Computation on Income Effectively Connected With A U.S. Trade or Business

Line 35—Itemized deductions. Enter the total itemized deductions from

line 17 of Schedule A on page 3 of the form.

Note: Residents of India who were students or business apprentices may be able to take the standard deduction instead of their itemized deductions. See **Pub. 519** for details.

Line 37—Deduction for exemptions. You can claim exemptions only to the extent of your income that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Individuals. If you are a nonresident alien individual, multiply \$3,050 by the total number of exemptions entered on line 7d. (If you were a resident of Japan or the Republic of Korea (South Korea), you must figure the exemptions for your spouse and children according to the proportion your U.S. income bears to your total income. You must also complete item I on page 5 of the form. (For details, see Pub. 519.) But use the worksheet on page 16 to figure the amount, if any, to enter on line 37 if your adjusted gross income from line 34 is more than \$139,500 if you checked filing status box 1 or 2; \$104,625 if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5; \$209,250 if you checked filing status box 6.

Estates. If you are filing for an estate, enter \$600 on line 37.

Trusts. If you are filing for a trust whose governing instrument requires it to distribute all of its income currently, enter \$300 on line 37. If you are filing for a **qualified disability trust** (defined in section 642(b)(2)(C)(ii)), enter \$3,050 on line 37. **But** if the qualified disability trust's modified AGI (determined under section 67(e) without regard to section 642(b)) is more than \$139,500, use the

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet—Line 28 (keep for your records)

Before you begin:

- Complete Form 1040NR, line 29, if it applies to you.
- If, during 2003, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) pension recipient, see the **Note** in the first column above.
- Be sure you have read the *Exception* above to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 535 to figure your deduction.

1.	Enter the total amount paid in 2003 for health insurance coverage		
	established under your business for 2003 for you, your spouse,		
	and dependents. But do not include amounts for any month you		
	were eligible to participate in an employer-sponsored health plan	1.	
2.	Enter your net profit and any other earned income* from the		
	business under which the insurance plan is established, minus any		
	deduction you claim on Form 1040NR, line 29	2.	
3.	Self-employed health insurance deduction. Enter the smaller of		
	line 1 or line 2 here and on Form 1040NR, line 28	3.	
+-	annual transport in the day of a superior and a single forms the scale to superior		!! !

*Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income.

worksheet on page 16 to figure the amount to enter on line 37. If you are filing for any other trust, enter \$100 on line 37.



A qualified disability trust must enter "Section 642(b)(2)(C)" on CAUTION the dotted line next to line 37.

Line 39—Tax. Use one of the following methods to figure your tax. Also, include in the total on line 39 any tax from Forms 8814 and 4972. Be sure to check the appropriate box(es).

Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules. If you are filing for an estate or trust, use the Tax Rate Schedules on page 41.

Individuals. If your taxable income (line 38) is less than \$100,000, you must use the Tax Table, which starts on page 29, to figure your tax. Be sure you use the correct column. If you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5, you must use the Married filing separately column. If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Rate Schedules on page 41.

Exception. Do not use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules to figure your tax if either of the following applies.

- You are required to figure your tax using Form 8615, Schedule D (Form 1040), or the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 17.
- You use Schedule J (Form 1040) (for farm income) to figure your tax.

Form 8615. You must generally use Form 8615 to figure the tax for any child who was under age 14 at the end of 2003, and who had more than \$1.500 of investment income, such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gains (including capital gain distributions), that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. But if neither of the child's parents was alive on December 31. 2003, do not use Form 8615 to figure the child's tax.

Also, a child born on January 1, 1990, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2003. Do not use Form 8615 for such a child.

Schedule D (Form 1040). Use Part IV of Schedule D to figure your tax if you are required to file Schedule D and (a) you had a net capital gain (both lines 16 and 17a of Schedule D are gains) or (b) you have qualified dividends on Form 1040NR, line 10b.

Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet. If you received qualified dividends or capital gain distributions but you are not required to file Schedule D (Form 1040), use the worksheet on page 17 to figure your tax.

Schedule J (Form 1040). If you had income from farming, your tax may be less if you choose to figure it using income averaging on Schedule J.

Line 40—Alternative minimum tax. The tax law gives special treatment to some kinds of income and allows special deductions and credits for some kinds of expenses. If you benefit from these provisions, you may have to pay a minimum amount of tax through the alternative minimum tax. This tax is figured on Form 6251 for individuals. If you are filing for an estate or trust, see Schedule I (Form 1041) and its instructions to find out if you owe this

If you have any of the adjustments or preferences from the list below or you are claiming a net operating loss deduction or the foreign tax credit, you must complete Form 6251. Otherwise, to see if you should complete Form 6251, add the amount on line 36 of Form 1040NR to the amounts on lines 3 and 15 of Schedule A (Form 1040NR). If the total is more than the dollar amount shown below that applies to you, fill in Form 6251.

- \$40,250 if you checked filing status box 1 or 2.
- \$29,000 if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5.
- \$58,000 if you checked filing status

Disposition of U.S. real property interests. If you disposed of a U.S. real property interest at a gain, you must make a special computation to see if vou owe this tax. For details, see the Instructions for Form 6251.

Adjustments and Preferences:

- Accelerated depreciation.
- Stock by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds.
- Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- Amortization of pollution-control facilities or depletion.
- Income or (loss) from tax-shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage-of-completion method.

Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet—Line 37

See the instructions for line 37 on page 15. (keep for your records)

Caution: If you are filing for a qualified disability trust (on page 15), use this worksheet only if the trust's modified AGI* is more than \$139,500. Also, skip line 1, enter \$3,050 on line 2, enter the trust's modified AGI on line 3, and enter \$139,500 on line 4.

Is the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34, more than the amount shown on line 4

	below for your filing status?			
	■ No. Stop. Multiply \$3,050 by the total number of exemptions clai	med	on Form	
	1040NR, line 7d, and enter the result on line 37.			
_	☐ Yes. Go to line 2.			
2.	Multiply \$3,050 by the total number of exemptions claimed on	2		
2	Form 1040NR, line 7d	۷.		_
3.	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 34 3.			
4.	Enter the amount shown below for the filing			
	status box you checked on page 1 of Form 1040NR:			
	• Box 1 or 2, enter \$139,500			
	Box 3, 4, or 5, enter \$104,625			
	• Box 6, enter \$209,250 4.			
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If the result is more			
	than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if you checked filing			
	status box 3, 4, or 5), stop here. You cannot			
	take a deduction for exemptions			
6.	Divide line 5 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if you checked			
٥.	filing status box 3, 4, or 5). If the result is not a			
	whole number, increase it to the next higher			
	whole number (for example, increase 0.0004			
	to 1)			
7.	Multiply line 6 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal	7.		
8.	Multiply line 2 by line 7	8.		
9.	Deduction for exemptions. Subtract line 8 from line 2. Enter the	_		
. .	result here and on Form 1040NR, line 37			_
	gure the trust's modified AGI by applying section 67(e) without regar	d to	section	
044	2(b).			

- Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, electing large partnership, or cooperative.
- Section 1202 exclusion.



Form 6251 should be filled in for a child who was under age 14 at AUTION the end of 2003 if the child's

adjusted gross income from Form 1040NR. line 34, exceeds the child's earned income by more than \$5,600.

Credits

Line 42—Foreign tax credit. If you paid income tax to a foreign country, you may be able to take this credit. But only if you:

- 1. Report income from foreign sources (see Foreign Income Taxed by the United States on page 6) and
- 2. Have paid or owe foreign tax on that income.

Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to take this credit.

Exception. You do not have to complete Form 1116 to take this credit if all six of the following apply.

- 1. Form 1040NR is being filed for a nonresident alien individual and not an estate or trust.
- 2. All of your gross foreign source income is from the passive category (which includes most interest and dividend income).
- 3. All the income and any foreign taxes paid on it were reported to you on qualified payee statements, such as Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or similar substitute statements.
- 4. If you have dividend income from shares of stock, you held those shares for at least 16 days.
- 5. The total of your foreign taxes is not more than \$300.
 - **6.** All of your foreign taxes were:

- Legally owed and not eligible for a refund and
- Paid to countries that are recognized by the United States and do not support

Note: If you need more information about these requirements, see the Instructions for Form 1116.

If you meet all six requirements, enter on line 42 the smaller of your total foreign taxes or the amount on Form 1040NR, line 39. If you do not meet all six requirements, see Form 1116 to find out if you can take the credit.

Line 43—Credit for child and dependent care expenses. You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for your child under age 13 or your dependent or spouse who could not care for himself or herself. For details, see the Instructions for **Form 2441**.

Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 39

(keep for your records)

	re				

- Be sure you do not have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) (see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 14a, on page 11).

• If	you have capital gain distributions, be sure you checked the box on line 14a of Form 1040NR.	
1.	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 38	
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 10b 2.	
3.	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 14a 3.	
4.	Add lines 2 and 3	_
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0	_
6.	Enter the smaller of:	
	The amount on line 1 or	
	• \$28,400 if you checked filing status box 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5; or	
	\$56,800 if you checked filing status box 6	
7.	Is the amount on line 5 equal to or more than the amount on line 6?	
	☐ Yes. Skip lines 7 through 13; go to line 14 and check the "No" box.	
	□ No. Enter the amount from line 5	_
	□ Yes. Skip lines 7 through 13; go to line 14 and check the "No" box. □ No. Enter the amount from line 5	_
9.	Add Form 1040NR, line 14b, and line 2 above 9.	
10.	Enter the smaller of line 8 or line 9	_
11.	Multiply line 10 by 5% (.05)	. 11
12.	Subtract line 10 from line 8, if zero or less, go to line 14	_
		. 13
14.	Are the amounts on lines 4 and 8 the same?	
	☐ Yes. Skip lines 14 through 23; go to line 24.	
	□ No. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 4	_
	Enter the amount from line 8 (if line 8 is blank, enter -0-)	_
16.	Subtract line 15 from line 14	_
	Add Form 1040NR, line 14b and line 2 above 17.	
18.	Enter the amount from line 10 (if line 10 is blank,	
40	enter -0-)	
19.	Subtract line 18 from line 17	
20.	Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 19	_
21.	Subtract line 20 from line 40. If nor are to line 24.	. 21
22.	Subtract line 20 from line 16. If zero, go to line 24	
23.	Multiply line 22 by 20% (.20)	. <u>2</u> 3
24. 25	Figure the tax on the amount on line 5. Use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules, whichever applies Add lines 11, 13, 21, 23, and 24	. 24.
25. 26	Add lines 11, 13, 21, 23, and 24	. 20
	Tax on all taxable income Enter the smaller of line 25 or line 26 here and on Form 1040NR line 39	

Who Must Use Pub. 972

- 1. Is the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
 - Filing status 1, 2, or 6—\$75,000
 - Filing status 3, 4, or 5—\$55,000
 - □ No. Go to line 2.
 - ☐ Yes. Stop. You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit.
- 2. Are you claiming any of the following credits?
 - Adoption credit, Form 8839 (see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 46, on page 19)
 - Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396 (see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 47, on page 19)
 - District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859
 - □ No. Use the worksheet below to figure your child tax credit.
 - ☐ Yes. You must use Pub. 972 to figure your child tax credit. You will also need the form(s) listed above for any credit(s) you are claiming.

Line 44—Retirement savings contributions credit. You may be able to take this credit if you made (a) contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA, (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k), 403(b), governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan, (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the Federal Thrift Savings Plan), or (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan.

However, you **cannot** take the credit if **either** of the following applies.

- The amount on Form 1040NR, line 34, is more than \$25,000.
- The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1986, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2003 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined below).

You were a **student** if during any 5 months of 2003 you:

- Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A **school** includes technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include on-the-job training courses, correspondence schools, or night schools.

For more details, see Form 8880.

Line 45—Child tax credit. This credit is for people who have a qualifying child as defined below. It is in addition to the credit for child and dependent care expenses on Form 1040NR, line 43.

Important: Make sure you checked the box in column (4) of line 7c on Form 1040NR for each qualifying child.

How Do You Figure the Credit? Answer the questions in the Who Must Use Pub. 972 chart on this page to see if you may use the Child Tax Credit Worksheet on this page or if you must use Pub. 972.

Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit. A qualifying child for purposes of the child tax credit is a child who:

Is claimed as your dependent on line
 7c, and

- Was **under age 17** at the end of 2003, **and**
- Is your (a) son, daughter, adopted child, stepchild, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild); (b) brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your niece or nephew), whom you cared for as you would your own child; or (c) foster child (any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency whom you cared for as you would your own child), and
- Is a U.S. citizen or resident alien.

An **adopted child** is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption even if the adoption is not final. An authorized placement agency includes any person or court authorized by state law to place children for legal adoption.

Advance Child Tax Credit Payment. You must reduce your 2003 child tax

Child Tax Credit Worksheet—Line 45

(keep for your records)

Before you begin:

If you received (before offset) an advance child tax credit payment, see **Advance Child Tax Credit Payment** above.



- To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be **under age 17** at the end of 2003 and meet the other requirements listed in the instructions for line 45 on this page.
- **Do not** use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to question 1 or 2 in **Who Must Use Pub. 972** above. Instead, use Pub. 972.

1.	Number of qualifying children: X \$1,000. Enter the result	
2.	Enter the amount, if any, of your advance child tax credit payment (before offset)	
3.	Is line 1 less than or equal to line 2? ☐ Yes. STOP. You cannot take this credit. If line 2 is more than line 1, you do not have to pay back the difference. ☐ No. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3
	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 41 4 Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040NR, lines 42 through 44 5.	
6.	Are the amounts on lines 4 and 5 the same? Yes. STOP. You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below. No. Subtract line 5 from line 4	6.
7.	Is the amount on line 3 more than the amount on line 6? Yes. Enter the amount from line 6. Also, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below. No. Enter the amount from line 3	

TIP: You may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** on Form 1040NR, line 60, if you answered "Yes" on line 6 **or** 7 above.

- First, complete your Form 1040NR through line 59.
- Then, use Form 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.

credits by any advance child tax credit payment you received in 2003. Enter the amount of any advance payment you received (before offset) on line 2 of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet. The amount of your advance payment (before offset) is shown on Notice 1319. This notice was mailed to you in 2003. If you do not have this notice, you can check the amount of your advance payment (before offset) on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or call us at 1-800-829-1040. For details on offsets, see Refund Offset on page 20.

If you filed a joint return for 2002. you are considered to have received one-half of the advance payment.

If you received an advance payment but did not have a qualifying child for 2003, you do not have to pay back the amount you received. Do not enter the amount of your advance payment on your return.

Line 46—Adoption credit. You may be able to take this credit if either of the following applies.

- You paid expenses to adopt a child.
- You adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2003. See the Instructions for Form 8839 for details.

Line 47. Include the following credits on line 47 and check the appropriate box(es). To find out if you can take the credit, see the form indicated.

- Mortgage interest credit. If a state or local government gave you a mortgage credit certificate, see Form 8396.
- · District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, see Form 8859.

Line 48—Other credits. Include the following credits on line 48 and check the appropriate box(es). If box c is checked, also enter the form number. if applicable. To find out if you can take the credit, see the form or publication indicated.

- Credit for prior year minimum tax. If you paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year, see Form 8801.
- Qualified electric vehicle credit. If you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2003, see Form 8834.
- General business credit. This credit consists of a number of credits that usually apply only to individuals who are partners, self-employed, or who have rental property. See Form 3800 or Pub. 334.
- Empowerment zone and renewal community employment credit. See Form 8844.
- New York Liberty Zone business employee credit. See Form 8884.
- Nonconventional source fuel credit. If you sold fuel produced from a nonconventional source, see section 29 to find out if you can take this credit. Attach a schedule showing how you figured the credit. Check box c and

enter "FNS" on the line to the right of box c.

Other Taxes

Line 52—Social security and Medicare tax on tip income not reported to employer. If you are subject to social security and Medicare tax, you received tips of \$20 or more in any month, and you did not report the full amount to your employer, you must pay the social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on the unreported tips. You must also pay this tax if your Form(s) W-2 show allocated tips that you are including in your income on Form 1040NR, line 8.

To figure the tax, use Form 4137. To pay the RRTA tax, contact your employer. Your employer will figure and collect the tax.



You may be charged a penalty equal to 50% of the social CAUTION security and Medicare tax due

on tips you received but did not report to your employer.

Line 53—Tax on qualified plans, including IRAs, and other tax-favored accounts. If any of the following apply, see Form 5329 and its instructions to find out if you owe this tax and if you must file Form 5329.

- 1. You received any early distributions from (a) an IRA or other qualified retirement plan, (b) an annuity, or (c) a modified endowment contract entered into after June 20, 1988.
- 2. Excess contributions were made to your IRAs, Coverdell education savings accounts (ESAs), or Archer MSAs.
- You received taxable distributions from Coverdell ESAs or qualified tuition programs.
- 4. You were born before July 1. 1932, and did not take the minimum required distribution from your IRA or other qualified retirement plan.

Exception. If only item 1 applies to you and distribution code 1 is correctly shown in box 7 of your Form 1099-R, you do not have to file Form 5329. Instead, multiply the taxable amount of the distribution by 10% (.10) and enter the result on line 53. The taxable amount of the distribution is the part of the distribution you reported on line 16b or line 17b of Form 1040NR or on Form 4972. Also, enter "No" in the margin to the right of line 53 to indicate that you do not have to file Form 5329. **But** if distribution code 1 is incorrectly shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R, you must file Form 5329.

Line 54—Transportation tax. Nonresident alien individuals are subject to a 4% tax on U.S. source gross transportation income that is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. However, the term U.S. source gross transportation income does not include any such income that is taxable in a possession of the United States under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as applied to that possession.

For purposes of this tax. transportation income will be treated as not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States unless:

- 1. You had a fixed place of business in the United States involved in the earning of transportation income and
- 2. At least 90% of your U.S. source gross transportation income was attributable to regularly scheduled transportation. Or, in the case of income from the leasing of a vessel or aircraft, it was attributable to a fixed place of business in the United States. See sections 887 and 863 for rules, definitions, and exceptions.

You may be exempt from this tax because of a treaty or an exchange of notes between the United States and the country of which you are a resident. If the country of which you are a resident does not impose tax on the shipping or aircraft income of U.S. persons, you may also be exempt from this tax. If you are exempt from the tax for one of these reasons, you must attach a statement to Form 1040NR identifying your country of residence and the treaty, note, or law and provisions under which you claim exemption from the tax.

If you owe this tax, you must attach a statement to your return that includes the information described in Pub. 519.

Line 55—Household employment taxes. If any of the following apply, see Schedule H (Form 1040) and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

- 1. You paid any one household employee (defined below) cash wages of \$1,400 or more in 2003. Cash wages include wages paid by checks, money orders, etc.
- 2. You withheld Federal income tax during 2003 at the request of any household employee.
- 3. You paid total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 2002 or 2003 to household employees.



For purposes of item 1, do not count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 2003 and was a student.

Household Employee. Any person who does household work is a

household employee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, maids, yard workers, and similar domestic workers.

Line 56—Total tax. Include in the total on line 56 any of the following taxes. To find out if you owe the tax, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 56, enter the amount of the tax and identify it as indicated.

Recapture of the Following Credits.

- Investment credit (see Form 4255). Identify as "ICR."
- Low-income housing credit (see Form 8611). Identify as "LIHCR."
- Qualified electric vehicle credit (see Pub. 535). Identify as "QEVCR."
- Indian employment credit (see Form 8845). Identify as "IECR."
- New markets credit (see Form 8874). Identify as "NMCR."
- Credit for employer-provided child care facilities (see Form 8882). Identify as "ECCFR."

Recapture of Federal Mortgage Subsidy. If you sold your home in 2003 and it was financed (in whole or in part) from the proceeds of any tax-exempt qualified mortgage bond or you claimed the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8828. Identify as "FMSR."

Section 72(m)(5) Excess Benefits Tax (see Pub. 560). Identify as "Sec. 72(m)(5)."

Uncollected Social Security and Medicare or RRTA Tax on Tips or **Group-Term Life Insurance.** This tax should be shown in box 12 of your Form W-2 with codes A and B or M and N. Identify as "UT."

Golden Parachute Payments. If you received an excess parachute payment (EPP), you must pay a 20% tax on it. This tax should be shown in box 12 of your Form W-2 with code K. If you received a Form 1099-MISC, the tax is 20% of the EPP shown in box 13. Identify as "EPP."

Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts. Enter the amount from Form 4970 and identify as "ADT."

Payments

Line 57—Federal income tax withheld. Enter all Federal income tax withheld on your effectively connected income from Forms W-2 and 1099-R. The amount withheld should be shown in box 2 of Form W-2 and in box 4 of Form 1099-R. If line 57 includes amounts withheld as shown on Form 1099-R, attach the Form 1099-R to the front of your return. Also, include

in the total for line 57 any tax withheld on scholarship or fellowship grants from Form 1042-S, box 7.

If you received a 2003 Form 1099 showing Federal income tax withheld on dividends, interest income, or other income you received, include the amount withheld in the total on line 57. This should be shown in box 4 of the Form 1099.



Do not include on line 57 amounts withheld on income not CAUTION effectively connected with a

U.S. trade or business. Those amounts should be reported in column (a) on page 4. They are then carried over to line 64 on page 2.

Line 58—2003 estimated tax payments. Enter any estimated Federal income tax payments you made using Form 1040-ES (NR) for 2003. Include any overpayment from your 2002 return that you applied to your 2003 estimated tax.

Name Change. If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of Form 1040NR. On the statement, list all of the payments you made in 2003 and show the name(s) and identifying number(s) under which you made them.

Line 59 — Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld. If you had more than one employer for 2003 and total wages of more than \$87,000, too much social security or tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax may have been withheld. You can take a credit on this line for the amount withheld in excess of \$5,394. But if any one employer withheld more than \$5,394, you must ask that employer to refund the excess to you. You cannot claim it on your return.

You cannot claim a refund for excess tier 2 RRTA tax on Form 1040NR. Instead, use Form 843.

For more details, see Pub. 505.

Line 60—Additional child tax credit. This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child as defined in the instructions for line 45 that begin on page 18. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

To take the credit:

- 1. Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit. See the instructions for line 45 that begin on page 18.
- 2. Read the **TIP** at the end of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet on page 18. Use Form 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the conditions given in that TIP.

Line 61—Amount paid with Form 4868 (Request for Extension). If you filed Form 4868 to get an automatic extension of time to file Form 1040NR, enter any amount you paid with that form or by electronic funds withdrawal or credit card. If you paid by credit card, do not include on line 61 the convenience fee you were charged. Also, include any amount paid with Form 2688.

Line 62—Other payments. Check the box(es) on line 62 to report any credit from Form 2439, 4136, or 8885.

Line 63—Credit for amount paid with Form 1040-C. Enter any amount you paid with Form 1040-C for 2003.

Line 64—U.S. tax withheld at source. Enter on line 64 the amount you show on page 4, line 83. Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 1042-S, SSA-1042S, RRB-1042S, or similar form(s).

Lines 65a and 65b—U.S. tax withheld at source by partnerships under section 1446. Enter on line 65a any tax withheld by a partnership shown on Form(s) 8805. Enter on line 65b any tax withheld by a partnership shown on Form(s) 1042-S. Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 8805 and 1042-S.

Lines 66a and 66b—U.S. tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real **property interests.** Enter on line 66a any tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests from

Form(s) 8288-A. Enter on line 66b any tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests from

Form(s) 1042-S. Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 8288-A and 1042-S.

Refund

Line 68—Amount overpaid. If line 68 is under \$1, we will send a refund only on written request.

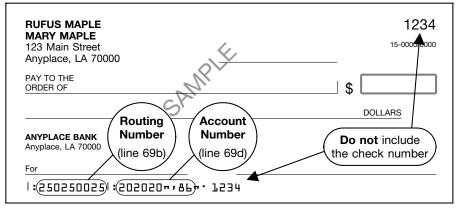


If the amount you overpaid is large, you may be able to decrease the amount of income

tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for Individuals for 2004 on page 26.

Refund Offset. If you owe past-due Federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or certain Federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 68 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for Federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS). You will receive a notice from FMS showing the amount of the offset and the agency receiving it. To

Sample Check—Lines 69b Through 69d



Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency(ies) to which you owe the debt.

Lines 69b through 69d—Direct deposit of refund. Complete lines 69b through 69d if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 69a into your checking or savings account at a U.S. bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States instead of sending you a check.

Note: If you do not want your refund directly deposited into your account, draw a line through the boxes on lines 69b and 69d.

Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund fast.
- Payment is more secure—there is no check to get lost.
- More convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- Saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less than a check.



You can check with your financial institution to make sure your direct deposit will be

accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The IRS is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information.

Line 69b. The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. The routing number of the sample check above is 250250025.

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, **do not** use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 69b.

Line 69d. The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers

and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. The account number of the sample check above is 20202086. Be sure **not** to include the check number.

Line 70—Applied to 2004 estimated tax. Enter on line 70 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 68 you want applied to your 2004 estimated tax. This election cannot be changed later.

Amount You Owe

Line 71 — Amount you owe.



You do not have to pay if line 71 is under \$1.

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 72 in the amount you enter on line 71.

You can pay by check, money order, or credit card. **Do not** include any estimated tax payment for 2004 in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

To Pay by Check or Money Order. Make your check or money order payable to the "United States Treasury" for the full amount due. Do not send cash. Do not attach the payment to your return. Write "2003 Form 1040NR" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and SSN or ITIN on your payment.

To help process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$ XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "\$ XXX-" or "\$ XXX $\frac{XX}{100}$ ").

To Pay by Credit Card. You may use your American Express® Card, Discover® Card, MasterCard® card, or Visa® card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or visit the website of either

service provider listed below and follow the instructions. You will be asked to provide your Social Security Number (SSN). If you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, use your IRS-issued individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) instead.

A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. Fees may vary between the providers. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free automated customer service number or visiting the provider's website shown below.

If you pay by credit card before filing your return, please enter on page 1 of Form 1040NR in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Link2Gov Corporation 1-888-PAY-1040SM (1-888-729-1040) 1-888-658-5465 (Customer Service) www.PAY1040.com

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAXSM (1-800-272-9829) 1-877-754-4413 (Customer Service) www.officialpayments.com



You may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing

a new Form W-4 or (b) make estimated tax payments for 2004. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for Individuals for 2004 on page 26.

What if You Cannot Pay? If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 71 when you file, you may ask to make monthly installment payments. You may have up to 60 months to pay. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by the date due, even if your request to pay in installments is granted. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank

To ask for an installment agreement, use **Form 9465.** You should receive a response to your request for installments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.

Line 72—Estimated tax penalty. You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 71 is at least \$1,000 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on vour return or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

For most people, the "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 56 minus the total of any amounts shown on line 60 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III, IV, V, VI, and VII only), and 8885. When figuring the amount on line 56, include the amount on line 55 only if line 57 is more than zero or you would owe the penalty even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on Schedule H (Form 1040), line 7, include the total of that amount plus the amount on Form 1040NR, line 55.

Exception. You will not owe the penalty if your 2002 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

- 1. You had no tax liability for 2002 and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2002 or
- 2. The total of lines 57, 58, 59, and 63 through 66b on your 2003 return is at least as much as the tax liability shown on your 2002 return. Your estimated tax payments for 2003 must have been made on time and for the required amount.



If your 2002 adjusted gross income was over \$150,000 CAUTION (over \$75,000 if you checked

filing status box 3, 4, or 5 for 2003), the exception above applies only if the total of lines 57, 58, 59, and 63 through 66b on your 2003 tax return is at least 110% of the tax liability shown on your 2002 return. This rule does not apply to farmers and fishermen.

Figuring the Penalty. If the Exception above does not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 (or Form 2210-F for farmers and fishermen) to find out if you owe the penalty. If you do, you can use the form to figure the amount.

Enter the penalty on Form 1040NR, line 72. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 71. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 68. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.



Because Form 2210 is complicated, if you want to, you can leave line 72 blank and the

IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill. We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income

varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS cannot figure your penalty under this method. See the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.

Third Party Designee

If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2003 tax return with the IRS, check the "Yes" box in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, U.S. phone number, and any five numbers the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). But if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the IRS, just enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

If you check the "Yes" box, you are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- · Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return,
- · Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s),
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and
- · Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2004 tax return (see When To File on page 4). If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, see Pub. 947.

Signature

See Reminders on page 26 after you complete pages 3, 4, and 5 of the form.

Instructions for Schedule A, Itemized **Deductions**

State and Local Income **Taxes**

Lines 1 Through 3

You can deduct state and local income taxes you paid or that were withheld from your salary during 2003 on income connected with a U.S. trade or business. If, during 2003, you received any refunds of, or credits for, income tax paid in earlier years, do not subtract them from the amount you deduct here. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 11, on page 10.

Gifts to U.S. Charities

Lines 4 Through 7

You may deduct contributions or gifts you gave to U.S. organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary in purpose. You may also deduct what you gave to organizations that work to prevent cruelty to children or animals.

To verify an organization's charitable status, you can:

- Check with the organization to which you made the donation. The organization should be able to provide you with verification of its charitable status.
- See Pub. 78 for a list of most qualified organizations. You can access Pub. 78 at www.irs.gov under Charities and Non-Profits.
- If in the United States, call our Tax **Exempt/Government Entities Customer Account Services** at 1-877-829-5500. Assistance is available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. Eastern time.

Contributions you may deduct. Contributions may be in cash (keep canceled checks, receipts, or other reliable written records showing the name of the organization and the date and amount given), property, or out-of-pocket expenses you paid to do volunteer work for the kinds of organizations described earlier. If you drove to and from the volunteer work, you may take 14 cents a mile or the actual cost of gas and oil. Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method. But do not deduct any amounts that were repaid to you.

Gifts From Which You Benefit. If you made a gift and received a benefit in return, such as food, entertainment, or merchandise, you may generally only deduct the amount that is more than

the value of the benefit. But this rule does not apply to certain membership benefits provided in return for an annual payment of \$75 or less. For details, see **Pub. 526.**

Example. You paid \$70 to a charitable organization to attend a fund-raising dinner and the value of the dinner was \$40. You may deduct only \$30.

Gifts of \$250 or More. You may deduct a gift of \$250 or more only if you have a statement from the charitable organization showing the information in 1 and 2 below.

In figuring whether a gift is \$250 or more, do not combine separate donations. For example, if you gave your church \$25 each week for a total of \$1,300, treat each \$25 payment as a separate gift. If you made donations through payroll deductions, treat each deduction from each paycheck as a separate gift. See Pub. 526 if you made a separate gift of \$250 or more through payroll deduction.

1. The amount of any money contributed and a description (but not value) of any property donated.

2. Whether the organization did or did not give you any goods or services in return for your contribution. If you did receive any goods or services, a description and estimate of the value must be included. If you received only intangible religious benefits (such as admission to a religious ceremony), the organization must state this, but it does not have to describe or value the benefit.

TIP

You must get the statement by the date you file your return or the due date (including

extensions) for filing your return, whichever is earlier. **Do not** attach the statement to your return. Instead, keep it for your records.

Limit on the Amount You May Deduct. See Pub. 526 to figure the amount of your deduction if any of the following apply.

- Your cash contributions or contributions of ordinary income property are more than 30% of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34.
- Your gifts of capital gain property are more than 20% of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34.
- You gave gifts of property that increased in value or gave gifts of the use of property.

Contributions You May Not Deduct

 Travel expenses (including meals and lodging) while away from home unless there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel.

- Political contributions.
- Dues, fees, or bills paid to country clubs, lodges, fraternal orders, or similar groups.
- Cost of raffle, bingo, or lottery tickets.
- Cost of tuition. But you may be able to deduct this expense on line 9. See page 24.
- Value of your time or services.
- Value of blood given to a blood bank.
- The transfer of a future interest in tangible personal property (generally, until the entire interest has been transferred).
- Gifts to individuals and groups that are run for personal profit.
- Gifts to foreign organizations. But you may be able to deduct gifts to certain U.S. organizations that transfer funds to foreign charities and certain Canadian, Israeli, and Mexican charities. See Pub. 526 for details.
- Gifts to organizations engaged in certain political activities that are of direct financial interest to your trade or business. See section 170(f)(9).
- Gifts to groups whose purpose is to lobby for changes in the laws.
- Gifts to civic leagues, social and sports clubs, labor unions, and chambers of commerce.
- Value of benefits received in connection with a contribution to a charitable organization. See Pub. 526 for exceptions.

Line 4

Enter the total contributions you made in cash or by check (including out-of-pocket expenses).

Line 5

Enter your contributions of property. If you gave used items, such as clothing or furniture, deduct their fair market value at the time you gave them. Fair market value is what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller when neither has to buy or sell and both are aware of the conditions of the sale. For more details on determining the value of donated property, see **Pub. 561.**

If the amount of your deduction is more than \$500, you must complete and attach Form 8283. For this purpose, the "amount of your deduction" means your deduction before applying any income limits that could result in a carryover of contributions. If your total deduction is over \$5,000, you may also have to get appraisals of the values of the donated property. See Form 8283 and its instructions for details.

Recordkeeping. If you gave property, you should keep a receipt or written statement from the organization you gave the property to, or a reliable written record, that shows the organization's name and address, the date and location of the gift, and a

description of the property. For each gift of property, you should also keep reliable written records that include:

- How you figured the property's value at the time you gave it. If the value was determined by an appraisal, keep a signed copy of the appraisal.
- The cost or other basis of the property if you must reduce it by any ordinary income or capital gain that would have resulted if the property had been sold at its fair market value.
- How you figured your deduction if you chose to reduce your deduction for gifts of capital gain property.
- Any conditions attached to the gift.

Note: If your total deduction for gifts of property is over \$500, you gave less than your entire interest in the property, or you made a "qualified conservation contribution," your records should contain additional information. See Pub. 526 for details.

Line 6

Enter any carryover of contributions that you could not deduct in an earlier year because they exceeded your adjusted gross income limit. See Pub. 526 for details.

Casualty and Theft Losses

Line 8

Complete and attach **Form 4684** to figure the amount of your loss to enter on line 8.

You may be able to deduct part or all of each loss caused by theft, vandalism, fire, storm, or similar causes, and car, boat, and other accidents. You may also be able to deduct money you had in a financial institution but lost because of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the institution.

You may deduct nonbusiness casualty or theft losses only to the extent that—

- The amount of each separate casualty or theft loss is more than \$100 and
- The total amount of all losses during the year is more than 10% of the amount shown on Form 1040NR, line 34.

Special rules apply if you had both gains and losses from nonbusiness casualties or thefts. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Use line 11 of Schedule A to deduct the costs of proving that you had a property loss. Examples of these costs are appraisal fees and photographs used to establish the amount of your loss.

For information on Federal disaster area losses, see **Pub. 547.**

Job Expenses and Most Other Miscellaneous **Deductions**

Note: Miscellaneous deductions are allowed only if and to the extent they are directly related to your effectively connected income. You may deduct only the part of these expenses that exceeds 2% of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34.

Pub. 529 discusses the types of expenses that may and may not be deducted.

Examples of Expenses You May Not Deduct

- Political contributions.
- Personal legal expenses.
- Lost or misplaced cash or property.
- Expenses for meals during regular or extra work hours.
- The cost of entertaining friends.
- Commuting expenses. See Pub. 529 for the definition of commuting.
- Travel expenses for employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year.
- Travel as a form of education.
- Expenses of attending a seminar, convention, or similar meeting unless it is related to your employment.
- Club dues. See Pub. 529 for exceptions.
- Expenses of adopting a child. But you may be able to take a credit for adoption expenses. See Form 8839 for details.
- · Fines and penalties.
- Expenses of producing tax-exempt income.

Line 9

Enter the total ordinary and necessary job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. (Amounts your employer included in box 1 of your Form W-2 are not considered reimbursements.)

An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field of trade, business, or profession. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your business. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

But you must fill in and attach Form 2106 if either 1 or 2 below applies.

- 1. You claim any travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses for your job.
- 2. Your employer paid you for any of your job expenses reportable on line 9.



If you used your own vehicle TIP and item 2 does not apply, you may be able to file

Form 2106-EZ instead.

If you do not have to file Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, list the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 9. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 9.



Do not include on line 9 any educator expenses you deducted on Form 1040NR.

Examples of other expenses to include on line 9 are:

- · Safety equipment, small tools, and supplies you needed for your job.
- Uniforms required by your employer that are not suitable for ordinary wear.
- Protective clothing required in your work, such as hard hats, safety shoes, and glasses.
- Physical examinations required by your employer.
- Dues to professional organizations and chambers of commerce.
- Subscriptions to professional journals.
- Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.
- Certain business use of part of your home. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 587.
- Certain educational expenses. For details, see Pub. 970.

Line 10

Enter the fees you paid for preparation of your tax return.

Line 11

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any personal expenses. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 11. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 11.

Examples of expenses to include on line 11 are:

- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (for example, trust account)
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 529.

- Casualty and theft losses of property used in performing services as an employee from Form 4684, lines 32 and 38b, or Form 4797, line 18b(1).
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if \$3,000 or less.

Other Miscellaneous **Deductions**

Line 16

List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 16. Enter one total on line 16. Examples of these expenses are:

- Casualty and theft losses of income-producing property from Form 4684, lines 32 and 38b, or Form 4797, line 18b(1).
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if over \$3,000. See Pub. 525 for details.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.
- · Certain unrecovered investment in a pension.

For more details, see Pub. 529.

Total Itemized Deductions

Line 17

Use the worksheet on page 25 to figure the amount to enter on line 17 if the amount on Form 1040NR, line 34, is over \$139,500 (\$69,750 if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5).

Tax on Income Not **Effectively Connected** With a U.S. Trade or **Business (Page 4)**

The following items are generally taxed at 30% if they are not effectively connected with your U.S. trade or business. The rate may be lower if your country of residence and the United States have a treaty setting lower rates. Table 1 in **Pub. 901** summarizes which countries have such treaties and what the rates are.

The 30% tax applies only to amounts included in gross income. For example, the tax applies only to the part of a periodic annuity or pension payment that is subject to tax; it does not apply to the part that is a return of your cost.

The following list gives only a general idea of the type of income to include on page 4. (For more information, see Pub. 519.) Include the following only to the extent the amount received is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

1. Income that is fixed or periodic, such as interest (other than original

Itemized Deductions Worksheet—Line 17 (keep for your records)

1. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 3, 7, 8, 15, and 16... 2. Enter the total of the amount on Schedule A, line 8, plus any casualty or theft losses included on line 16 Caution: Be sure your casualty or theft losses are clearly identified on the dotted lines next to line 16. 3. Is the amount on line 2 less than the amount on line 1? □ No. Stop. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 17. 4. Multiply line 3 above by 80% (.80) . . . 4. _____ **5.** Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, **6.** Enter: \$139,500 (\$69,750 if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5) . . **6.** 7. Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5? ☐ No. Stop. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A. line 17. ☐ Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 . . . 7. 8. Multiply line 7 above by 3% (.03) 8.

issue discount), dividends, rents, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, other compensation, or alimony received. Other items of income, such as royalties, also may be subject to the 30% tax.

10. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1.

Enter the result here and on Schedule A, line 17 10.

Interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, or similar institution, and from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies is tax exempt to nonresident aliens if it is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. For more information, see Pub. 519.

Note: Portfolio interest that you received as a nonresident alien on obligations issued after July 18, 1984, is exempt from the 30% tax. For more information, see Pub. 519.

- **2.** Gains, other than capital gains, from the sale or exchange of patents, copyrights, and other intangible property.
- **3.** Original issue discount (OID). If you sold or exchanged the obligation, include in income the OID that accrued while you held the obligation minus the amount previously included in income. If you received a payment on an OID obligation, see Pub. 519.
- 4. Capital gains in excess of capital losses from U.S. sources during 2003. Include these gains only if you were in the United States at least 183 days during 2003. They are not subject to U.S. tax if you were in the United States less than 183 days during the tax year. In determining your net gain, do not use the capital loss carryover.

Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets in excess of similar gains are not allowed.

If you had a gain or loss on disposing of a U.S. real property interest, see **Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests** on page 6.

5. Prizes, awards, and certain gambling winnings. Proceeds from lotteries, raffles, etc., are gambling winnings (see section 871(j) for exceptions). You must report the full amount of your winnings. You cannot offset losses against winnings and report the difference.

Note: Residents of Canada may claim gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings. They should report both their total gambling winnings and their total gambling losses on the dotted line on line 82 (or attach a separate schedule if more space is needed). If they have net gambling winnings (after offsetting their total gambling losses against their total gambling winnings), they should include this net amount on line 82, column (d).

Social security benefits (and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits treated as social security). 85% of the U.S. social security and equivalent railroad retirement benefits you received are taxable. This amount is treated as U.S. source income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. It is subject to the 30% tax rate, unless exempt or taxed at a reduced rate under a U.S. tax treaty. Social security benefits include any

monthly benefit under title II of the Social Security Act or the part of a tier 1 railroad retirement benefit treated as a social security benefit. They do not include any Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments.

You should receive a Form SSA-1042S showing the total social security benefits paid to you in 2003 and the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2003. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1042S.

Enter 85% of the total amount from box 5 of **all** of your Forms SSA-1042S and Forms RRB-1042S in the appropriate column of line 80 of Form 1040NR. Enter any Federal tax withheld in column (a) of line 80. Attach a copy of each Form SSA-1042S and RRB-1042S to Form 1040NR.

Withholding of tax at the source. Tax must be withheld at the source on certain income from U.S. sources paid to nonresident aliens. The withholding is generally at the 30% rate. There are exceptions to the general rule, and tax treaties with various countries may provide a lower rate or exempt certain income from withholding. The tax must be withheld by the person who pays fixed or determinable annual or periodic income to nonresident aliens. The income subject to this withholding should be reported on page 4 of Form 1040NR. For details, see Pub. 519, **Pub. 515**, and section 1441 and its regulations.

Other Information (Page 5)

Item D

Enter the type of U.S. visa (for example, F, J, M, etc.) you used to enter the United States. Also enter your current nonimmigrant status. For example, enter your current nonimmigrant status shown on your current U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Form I-94, Arrival-Departure Record. If your status has changed while in the United States, enter the date of change. If your status has not changed, enter "N/A."

Item E

You are generally required to enter your date of entry into the United States that pertains to your current nonimmigrant status. For example, the date of arrival shown on your most recent USCIS Form I-94.

Exception: If you are claiming a tax treaty benefit that is determined by reference to more than one date of arrival, enter the earlier date of arrival.

For example, you are currently claiming treaty benefits (as a teacher or a researcher) under article 19 of the tax treaty between the United States and Japan. You previously claimed treaty benefits (as a student) under article 20 of that treaty. Under article 22 of that treaty, the combination of consecutive exemptions under articles 19 and 20 may not extend beyond 5 tax years from the date you entered the United States as a student. If article 22 of that treaty applies, enter in item E the date you entered the United States as a student.

Item M

If you are a resident of a treaty country (that is, you qualify as a resident of that country within the meaning of the tax treaty between the United States and that country), you must know the terms of the tax treaty between the United States and the treaty country to properly complete item M. You may download the complete text of most U.S. tax treaties at www.irs.gov. Technical explanations for many of those treaties are also available at that site. Also, see **Pub. 901** for a quick reference guide to the provisions of U.S. tax treaties.

If you are claiming treaty benefits on Form 1040NR, you must provide all of the information requested in item M.



If you are claiming tax treaty benefits and you failed to submit CAUTION adequate documentation to a

withholding agent, you must attach all information that would have otherwise been required on the withholding document (for example, all information required on Form W-8BEN or Form 8233).

Treaty-Based Return Position Disclosure. If you take the position that a treaty of the United States overrides or modifies any provision of the Internal Revenue Code and that position reduces (or potentially reduces) your tax, you must report certain information on Form 8833 and attach it to Form 1040NR.

You can be charged a \$1.000 penalty for each failure to report the required information. For more details, see Form 8833 and Regulations section 301.6114-1.

Exceptions. You do not have to file Form 8833 for any of the following situations.

- 1. You claim a reduced rate of withholding tax under a treaty on interest, dividends, rents, royalties, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodic income ordinarily subject to the
- 2. You claim a treaty reduces or modifies the taxation of income from

dependent personal services, pensions, annuities, social security and other public pensions, or income of artists, athletes, students, trainees, or teachers. This includes taxable scholarship and fellowship grants.

- 3. You claim a reduction or modification of taxation of income under an International Social Security Agreement or a Diplomatic or Consular Agreement.
- 4. You are a partner in a partnership or a beneficiary of an estate or trust and the partnership, estate, or trust reports the required information on its return.
- 5. The payments or items of income that are otherwise required to be disclosed total no more than \$10,000.

Item P

See Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-Term Residents beginning on page 6 for details on how to answer the question in item P and for information that must be included in the annual information statement, if required. If you are a former U.S. long-term resident filing a dual-status return for your last year of U.S. residency, you must also attach Form 8854. See Dual-Status Taxpayers on page 4.

Reminders

Sign and Date Your Return

Form 1040NR is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. You may have an agent in the United States prepare and sign your return if you could not do so for one of the following reasons:

- You were ill.
- You were not in the United States at any time during the 60 days before the return was due.
- For other reasons that you explained in writing to the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A., and that the IRS approved.

A return prepared by an agent must be accompanied by a power of attorney. Form 2848 may be used for this purpose.

Be sure to date your return and show your occupation in the United States in the space provided. If you have someone prepare your return, you are still responsible for the correctness of the return.

Child's return. If your child cannot sign the return, you may sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, add "By (your signature), parent for minor child."

Paid preparer must sign your return. Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records.

Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.

Income Tax Withholding and **Estimated Tax Payments for** Individuals for 2004

If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may be able to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 2004 pay. For details on how to complete Form W-4, see the Instructions for Form 8233.

In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2004 Form 1040NR will show a tax refund or a tax balance due the IRS of less than \$1,000. If your total estimated tax (including any household employment taxes or alternative minimum tax) for 2004 is \$1,000 or more, see Form 1040-ES (NR). It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. However, if you expect to be a resident of Puerto Rico during all of 2004 and you must pay estimated tax, use Form 1040-ES.

Gift To Reduce the Public Debt

If you wish to make such a gift, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or, you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. Do not add your gift to any tax you may owe. See page 21 for details on how to pay any tax you owe.



You may be able to deduct this gift on your 2004 tax return as a charitable contribution.

Address Change

If you move after you file, always notify the IRS of your new address. To do this, use Form 8822.

How Long Should Records Be Kept?

Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2, 1099, and 1042-S) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed, or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records (including those on your home) as long as they are

needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see **Pub. 552.**

Amended Return

File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Also, use Form 1040X if you filed Form 1040NR and you should have filed a Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ, or vice versa. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed, or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040X if you are physically or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

If you need a copy of your tax return, use **Form 4506.**

Interest and Penalties



You do not have to figure the amount of any interest or penalties you may owe.

Because figuring these amounts can be complicated, we will do it for you if you want. We will send you a bill for any amount due.

If you include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) with your payment, identify and enter the amount in the bottom margin of Form 1040NR, page 2. **Do not** include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) in the **amount you owe** on line 71.

Interest. We will charge you interest on taxes not paid by their due date, even if an extension of time to file is granted. We will also charge you interest on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial valuation misstatements, and substantial understatements of tax. Interest is charged on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions).

Penalty for late filing. If you do not file your return by the due date (including extensions), the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty can be as much as 25% (more in some cases) of the tax due. If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$100 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

Penalty for late payment of tax. If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid. The penalty cannot be

more than 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return. This penalty is in addition to interest charges on late payments.

Penalty for frivolous return. In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$500 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign.

Other penalties. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud. Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See Pub. 519 for details on some of these penalties.

Taxpayer Assistance

IRS assistance is available to help you prepare your return. But you should know that you are responsible for the accuracy of your return. If we do make an error, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax.

In the United States, you may call **1-800-829-1040.** If overseas, you may call **215-516-2000** (English-speaking only). This number is not toll free. The hours of operation are from 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. EST.

If you wish to write instead of call, please address your letter to: Internal Revenue Service, International Section, P.O. Box 920, Bensalem, PA 19020-8518. Make sure you include your identifying number (defined on page 7) when you write.

Assistance in answering tax questions and filling out tax returns is also available in person from IRS offices in: Berlin, Germany; London, England; Paris, France; Rome, Italy; and Tokyo, Japan. The offices generally are located in the U.S. embassies or consulates.

The IRS conducts an overseas taxpayer assistance program during the filing season (January to mid-June). To find out if IRS personnel will be in your area, contact the consular office at the nearest U.S. embassy.

Everyday tax solutions. You can get face-to-face help solving tax problems every business day in IRS Taxpayer Assistance Centers. An employee can explain IRS letters, request adjustments to your account, or help you set up a payment plan. Call your local Taxpayer Assistance Center for an appointment. To find the number, go to www.irs.gov or look in a U.S. phone book under

"United States Government, Internal Revenue Service."

How can you get IRS tax forms and publications?

- You can download them from the IRS website at www.irs.gov.
- In the United States, you can call **1-800-TAX-FORM** (1-800-829-3676).
- If you have a foreign address, you can send your order to the Eastern Area Distribution Center, P.O. Box 85074, Richmond, VA 23261-5074, U.S.A.
- You can pick them up in person from our U.S. embassies and consulates abroad (but only during the tax return filing period).

Help With Unresolved Tax Issues

If you have attempted to deal with an IRS problem unsuccessfully, you should contact the Taxpayer Advocate.

The Taxpayer Advocate independently represents your interests and concerns within the IRS by protecting your rights and resolving problems that have not been fixed through normal channels.

While Taxpayer Advocates cannot change the tax law or make a technical tax decision, they can clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts and ensure that your case is given a complete and impartial review.

To contact a Taxpayer Advocate:

• If you are in the United States, call their toll-free number: 1-877-777-4778.

TTY/TDD help is available by calling 1-800-829-4095.

If overseas, call 01-787-622-8930 (English-speaking only) or 01-787-622-8940 (Spanish-speaking only). These numbers are not toll free.
You can write to the Taxpayer Advocate at the IRS office that last contacted you (or contact one of the overseas IRS offices listed on this page).

For more information about the Taxpayer Advocate, see **Pub. 1546.**

Disclosure and Paperwork
Reduction Act Notice. The IRS
Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998
requires that we tell you the conditions
under which return information may be
disclosed to any party outside the
Internal Revenue Service. We ask for
the information on this form to carry out
the Internal Revenue laws of the United
States. You are required to give us the
information. We need the information to
ensure that you are complying with
these laws and to allow us to figure and
collect the right amount of tax.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need

to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103. However, section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information you write on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice, to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of

Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information that we cannot get in any other way in order to determine the amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to Committees of Congress: Federal, state, and local child support agencies; and to other Federal agencies for purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, or to Federal and state agencies to enforce Federal nontax criminal laws and to combat terrorism.

Keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have any questions about the rules for filing and giving information, call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping, 6 hr., 33 min.;

Learning about the law or the form, 2 hr., 19 min.; Preparing the form, 6 hr., 28 min.; and Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS, 1 hr., 16 min.

We Welcome Comments on Forms. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at *taxforms@irs.gov. Please put "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to the Tax Products Coordinating Committee, Western Area Distribution Center, Rancho Cordova, CA 95743-0001. Do not send your return to this address. Instead, see Where To File on page 4.

2003 Tax Table

For individuals with taxable incomes of less than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Rate Schedules.

Example. Mr. Green is filing as a qualifying widower. His taxable income on line 38 of Form 1040NR is \$25,300. First, he finds the \$25,300–25,350 income line. Next, he finds the column for qualifying widower and reads down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$3,099. This is the tax amount he must enter on line 39 of his Form 1040NR.

	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
				Your tax is	s—
	25.200	25,250	3.434	3,084	3,434
		25,300		3,091	3,441
▶		25,350		(3,099)	3,449
		25,400		3,106	3,456

f Forr 1040N ine 38	R,		And you a	re—	If Forn 1040N line 38	R,		And you a	re—	If Form 1040NI line 38	₹,		And you a	re—
\t east	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
			Your tax is	 s—				Your tax i	 s—			Y	our tax is-	
(0	0	0	1,300	1,325	131	131	131	2,700	2,725	271	271	271
15	5 15 5 25	1 2	1 2	1	1,325 1,350	1,350 1,375	134 136	134 136	134 136	2,725 2,750	2,750 2,775	274 276	274 276	274 276
25	5 50	4	4	2 4	1,375	1,400	139	139	139	2,775	2,800	279	279	279
50 75		6 9	6 9	6 9	1,400 1,425	1,425 1,450	141 144	141 144	141 144	2,800 2,825	2,825 2,850	281 284	281 284	281 284
100	125	11	11	11	1,450 1,475	1,475 1,500	146 149	146 149	146 149	2,850 2,875	2,875 2,900	286 289	286 289	286 289
125 150	175	14 16	14 16	14 16	1,500	1,525	151	151	151	2,900	2,925	291	291	291
17		19	19	19	1,525 1,550	1,550 1,575	154 156	154 156	154 156	2,925 2,950	2,950 2,975	294 296	294 296	294 296
200 225		21 24	21 24	21 24	1,575	1,600	159	159	159	2,975	3,000	299	299	299
250 275	275	26 29	26 29	26 29	1,600 1,625	1,625 1,650	161 164	161 164	161 164	3,0	00			
300		31	31	31	1,650	1,675	166	166	166	3,000	3,050	303	303	303
325 350	5 350	34 36	34 36	34 36	1,675 1,700	1,700 1,725	169 171	169 171	169 171	3,050 3,100	3,100 3,150	308 313	308 313	308 313
37	5 400	39	39	39	1,725	1,750	174 176	174 176	174 176	3,150	3,200	318	318	318
400 425		41 44	41 44	41 44	1,750 1,775	1,775 1,800	179	179	179	3,200 3,250	3,250 3,300	323 328	323 328	323 328
450	475	46	46	46	1,800 1,825	1,825 1,850	181 184	181 184	181 184	3,300 3,350	3,350 3,400	333 338	333 338	333 338
47! 500		49 51	49 51	49 51	1,850	1,875	186	186	186	3,400	3,450	343	343	343
525	5 550	54	54	54	1,875 1,900	1,900 1,925	189	189	189	3,450 3,500	3,500 3,550	348 353	348 353	348 353
550 575		56 59	56 59	56 59	1,925	1,950	191 194	191 194	191 194	3,550	3,600	358	358	358
600	625	61	61	61	1,950 1,975	1,975 2,000	196 199	196 199	196 199	3,600 3,650	3,650 3,700	363 368	363 368	363 368
625 650	675	64 66	64 66	64 66	2,0	000				3,700	3,750	373	373	373
67		69	69	69	2,000	2,025	201	201	201	3,750 3,800	3,800 3,850	378 383	378 383	378 383
700 729	5 750	71 74	71 74	71 74	2,025	2,050	204	204	204	3,850 3,900	3,900	388 393	388 393	388 393
750 779		76 79	76 79	76 79	2,050 2,075	2,075 2,100	206 209	206 209	206 209	3,950	3,950 4,000	398	398	398
800	825	81	81	81	2,100	2,125	211 214	211 214	211 214	4,0	00			
829 850		84 86	84 86	84 86	2,125 2,150	2,150 2,175	216	216	216	4,000	4,050	403	403	403
87		89	89	89	2,175 2,200	2,200 2,225	219 221	219 221	219 221	4,050 4,100	4,100	408	408 413	408
900 925	0 925 5 950	91 94	91 94	91 94	2,225	2,250	224	224	224	4,150	4,150 4,200	413 418	418	413 418
950 975		96 99	96 99	96 99	2,250 2,275	2,275 2,300	226 229	226 229	226 229	4,200 4,250	4,250 4,300	423 428	423 428	423 428
					2,300 2,325	2,325 2,350	231 234	231	231 234	4.300	4,350	433	433	433
1,0	000				2,350	2,375	236	234 236	236	4,350 4,400	4,400 4,450	438 443	438 443	438 443
1,000	1,025	101	101	101	2,375	2,400	239	239	239	4.450	4,500	448	448	448
1,000 1,025 1,050 1,075	5 1,050 0 1,075	104 106	104 106	104 106	2,400 2,425	2,425 2,450	241 244	241 244	241 244	4,500 4,550	4,550 4,600	453 458	453 458	453 458
		109	109	109	2,450 2,475	2,475 2,500	246 249	246 249	246 249	4,600	4,650	463	463	463
1,100	0 1,125 5 1,150	111 114	111 114	111 114	2,500 2,525	2,525	251	251	251	4,650 4,700	4,700 4,750	468 473	468 473	468 473
1,100 1,125 1,150 1,175	1,175	116	116	116	2,525 2,550	2,550 2,575	254 256	254 256	254 256	4,750	4,800	478	478	478
		119	119 121	119	2,575	2,600	259	259	259	4,800 4,850	4,850 4,900	483 488	483 488	483 488
1,200 1,225 1,250 1,275	5 1,225 5 1,250	121 124	124	121 124	2,600 2,625	2,625 2.650	261 264	261 264	261 264	4,900 4,950	4,950 5,000	493 498	493 498	493 498
1,250	0 1,275 5 1,300	126 129	126 129	126 129	2,625 2,650 2,675	2,650 2,675 2,700	266 269	266 269	266 269		-,000			d on page 3

2003 Tax Table—Continued

If Form 1040NR line 38,	,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NI line 38	R,		And you a	ire—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
			Your tax is	s—				Your tax	is—				Your tax i	s—
5,0		I			8,0	00	I			11,	000			
5,000 5,050 5,100 5,150 5,200 5,250	5,050 5,100 5,150 5,200 5,250 5,300	503 508 513 518 523 528	503 508 513 518 523 528	503 508 513 518 523 528	8,000 8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200 8,250	8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200 8,250 8,300	854 861 869 876 884 891	803 808 813 818 823 828	854 861 869 876 884 891	11,000 11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200 11,250	11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200 11,250 11,300	1,304 1,311 1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341	1,108 1,113 1,118	1,304 1,311 1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341
5,250 5,300 5,350 5,400 5,450 5,500	5,350 5,450 5,450 5,500 5,550	533 538 543 548 553	526 533 538 543 548 553	528 533 538 543 548 553	8,300 8,350 8,400 8,450 8,500	8,350 8,400 8,450 8,500 8,550	899 906 914 921 929	833 838 843 848 853	899 906 914 921 929	11,300 11,350 11,400 11,450 11,500	11,350 11,400 11,450 11,500 11,550	1,349 1,356 1,364 1,371 1,379	1,133 1,138 1,143 1,148	1,349 1,356 1,364 1,371 1,379
5,550 5,600 5,650 5,700 5,750	5,600 5,650 5,700 5,750 5,800	558 563 568 573 578	558 563 568 573 578	558 563 568 573 578	8,550 8,600 8,650 8,700 8,750	8,600 8,650 8,700 8,750 8,800	936 944 951 959 966	858 863 868 873 878	936 944 951 959 966	11,550 11,600 11,650 11,700 11,750	11,600 11,650 11,700 11,750 11,800	1,386 1,394 1,401 1,409 1,416	1,163 1,168 1,173 1,178	1,386 1,394 1,401 1,409 1,416
5,800 5,850 5,900 5,950	5,850 5,900 5,950 6,000	583 588 593 598	583 588 593 598	583 588 593 598	8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950	8,850 8,900 8,950 9,000	974 981 989 996	883 888 893 898	974 981 989 996	11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950	11,850 11,900 11,950 12,000	1,424 1,431 1,439 1,446	1,188 1,193	1,424 1,431 1,439 1,446
6,0					9,0					†	000			
6,000 6,050 6,100 6,150	6,050 6,100 6,150 6,200	603 608 613 618	603 608 613 618	603 608 613 618	9,000 9,050 9,100 9,150	9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200	1,004 1,011 1,019 1,026	903 908 913 918	1,004 1,011 1,019 1,026	12,050 12,100 12,150	12,050 12,100 12,150 12,200	1,454 1,461 1,469 1,476	1,208 1,213 1,218	1,454 1,461 1,469 1,476
6,200 6,250 6,300 6,350 6,400	6,250 6,300 6,350 6,400 6,450	623 628 633 638 643	623 628 633 638 643	623 628 633 638 643	9,200 9,250 9,300 9,350 9,400	9,250 9,300 9,350 9,400 9,450	1,034 1,041 1,049 1,056 1,064	923 928 933 938 943	1,034 1,041 1,049 1,056 1,064	12,200 12,250 12,300 12,350 12,400	12,250 12,300 12,350 12,400 12,450	1,484 1,491 1,499 1,506	1,228 1,233 1,238 1,243	1,484 1,491 1,499 1,506 1,514
6,450 6,500 6,550 6,600	6,500 6,550 6,600 6,650	648 653 658 663 668	648 653 658 663 668	648 653 658 663 668	9,450 9,500 9,550 9,600 9,650	9,500 9,550 9,600 9,650 9,700	1,071 1,079 1,086 1,094 1,101	948 953 958 963 968	1,071 1,079 1,086 1,094 1,101	12,450 12,500 12,550 12,600 12,650	12,500 12,550 12,600 12,650 12,700	1,521 1,529 1,536 1,544 1,551	1,258	1,521 1,529 1,536 1,544 1,551
6,650 6,700 6,750 6,800 6,850	6,700 6,750 6,800 6,850 6,900	673 678 683 688	673 678 683 688	673 678 683 688	9,700 9,750 9,800 9,850	9,750 9,800 9,850 9,900	1,109 1,116 1,124 1,131	973 978 983 988	1,109 1,116 1,124 1,131	12,700 12,750 12,800 12,850	12,750 12,800 12,850 12,900	1,559 1,566 1,574 1,581	1,273 1,278 1,283 1,288	1,559 1,566 1,574 1,581
6,900 6,950	6,950 7,000	693 698	693 698	693 698	9,900 9,950	9,950 10,000	1,139 1,146	993 998	1,139 1,146	12,900 12,950	12,950 13,000	1,589 1,596		1,589 1,596
7,0	00				10,	000				13,	000			
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200 7,250	704 711 719 726 734	703 708 713 718 723	704 711 719 726 734	10,000 10,050 10,100 10,150 10,200	10,100 10,150	1,154 1,161 1,169 1,176 1,184	1,003 1,008 1,013 1,018 1,023	1,154 1,161 1,169 1,176 1,184	13,100 13,150	13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200 13,250	1,604 1,611 1,619 1,626 1,634	1,308 1,313 1,318	1,604 1,611 1,619 1,626 1,634
7,200 7,250 7,300 7,350 7,400	7,300 7,350 7,400 7,450	741 749 756 764	728 733 738 743	741 749 756 764	10,250 10,300 10,350 10,400	10,300 10,350 10,400 10,450	1,191 1,199 1,206 1,214	1,028 1,033 1,038 1,043	1,191 1,199 1,206 1,214	13,200 13,250 13,300 13,350 13,400	13,300 13,350 13,400 13,450	1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664	1,328 1,333 1,338 1,343	1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664
7,450 7,500 7,550 7,600 7,650	7,500 7,550 7,600 7,650 7,700	771 779 786 794 801	748 753 758 763 768	771 779 786 794 801	10,450 10,500 10,550 10,600 10,650	10,500 10,550 10,600 10,650 10,700	1,221 1,229 1,236 1,244 1,251	1,048 1,053 1,058 1,063 1,068	1,221 1,229 1,236 1,244 1,251	13,450 13,500 13,550 13,600 13,650	13,500 13,550 13,600 13,650 13,700	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694 1,701	1,358	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694 1,701
7,700 7,750 7,800 7,850	7,750 7,800 7,850 7,900	809 816 824 831	773 778 783 788	809 816 824 831	10,700 10,750 10,800 10,850	10,750 10,800 10,850 10,900	1,259 1,266 1,274 1,281	1,073 1,078 1,083 1,088	1,259 1,266 1,274 1,281	13,700 13,750 13,800 13,850	13,750 13,800 13,850 13,900	1,709 1,716 1,724 1,731	1,373 1,378 1,383 1,388	1,709 1,716 1,724 1,731
7,900 7,950	7,950 8,000	839 846	793 798	839 846	10,900 10,950	10,950 11,000	1,289 1,296	1,093 1,098	1,289 1,296	13,900 13,950	13,950 14,000	1,739 1,746		1,739 1,746

(Continued on page 31)

If Form 1040NR line 38,			And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38	₹,		And you a	ire—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		'	Your tax i	s—			'	Your tax	is—			'	Your tax i	s—
14,	,000				17,	000				20,	000			
14,000 14,050 14,100 14,150	14,150	1,754 1,761 1,769 1,776	1,404 1,411 1,419 1,426	1,754 1,761 1,769 1,776	17,000 17,050 17,100 17,150	17,050 17,100 17,150 17,200	2,204 2,211 2,219 2,226	1,854 1,861 1,869 1,876	2,204 2,211 2,219 2,226	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,050 20,100 20,150 20,200	2,654 2,661 2,669 2,676	2,304 2,311 2,319 2,326	2,654 2,661 2,669 2,676
14,200 14,250 14,300 14,350	14,300 14,350 14,400	1,784 1,791 1,799 1,806	1,434 1,441 1,449 1,456	1,784 1,791 1,799 1,806	17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	2,234 2,241 2,249 2,256	1,884 1,891 1,899 1,906	2,234 2,241 2,249 2,256	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,350 20,400	2,684 2,691 2,699 2,706	2,334 2,341 2,349 2,356	2,684 2,691 2,699 2,706
14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550	14,500 14,550 14,600	1,814 1,821 1,829 1,836 1,844	1,464 1,471 1,479 1,486 1,494	1,814 1,821 1,829 1,836 1,844	17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600 17,650	2,264 2,271 2,279 2,286	1,914 1,921 1,929 1,936	2,264 2,271 2,279 2,286	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	2,714 2,721 2,729 2,736 2,744	2,364 2,371 2,379 2,386	2,714 2,721 2,729 2,736
14,600 14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800		1,851 1,859 1,866 1,874	1,501 1,509 1,516 1,524	1,851 1,859 1,866 1,874	17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	2,294 2,301 2,309 2,316 2,324	1,944 1,951 1,959 1,966 1,974	2,294 2,301 2,309 2,316 2,324	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800 20,850	2,744 2,751 2,759 2,766 2,774	2,394 2,401 2,409 2,416 2,424	2,744 2,751 2,759 2,766 2,774
14,850 14,900 14,950	14,900 14,950 15,000	1,881 1,889 1,896	1,531 1,539	1,881 1,889 1,896	17,850 17,900 17,950	17,900 17,950 18,000	2,331 2,339 2,346	1,981 1,989 1,996	2,331 2,339 2,346	20,850 20,900 20,950	20,900 20,950 21,000	2,781 2,789 2,796	2,431 2,439 2,446	2,781 2,789 2,796
15,	,000	1			18,	000				21,	000			
15,000 15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200 15,250	15,150 15,200 15,250	1,904 1,911 1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	1,554 1,561 1,569 1,576 1,584 1,591	1,904 1,911 1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	18,000 18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200 18,250	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200 18,250 18,300	2,354 2,361 2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	2,004 2,011 2,019 2,026 2,034 2,041	2,354 2,361 2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	21,000 21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200 21,250	21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200 21,250 21,300	2,804 2,811 2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841	2,454 2,461 2,469 2,476 2,484 2,491	2,804 2,811 2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841
15,300 15,350 15,400 15,450	15,350 15,400 15,450	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	1,599 1,606 1,614 1,621	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	18,300 18,350 18,400 18,450	18,350 18,400 18,450 18,500	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	2,049 2,056 2,064 2,071	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	21,300 21,350 21,400 21,450	21,350 21,400	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871	2,499 2,506 2,514 2,521	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871
15,500 15,550 15,600 15,650	15,550 15,600 15,650 15,700	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001 2,009	1,629 1,636 1,644 1,651 1,659	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001 2,009	18,500 18,550 18,600 18,650	18,550 18,600 18,650 18,700	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	2,079 2,086 2,094 2,101	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	21,500 21,550 21,600 21,650	21,650 21,700	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901	2,529 2,536 2,544 2,551	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901
15,800 15,850 15,900	15,800 15,850 15,900 15,950	2,003 2,016 2,024 2,031 2,039 2,046	1,666 1,674 1,681 1,689	2,016 2,024 2,031 2,039 2,046	18,800 18,850 18,900	18,950	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481 2,489 2,496	2,109 2,116 2,124 2,131 2,139 2,146	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481 2,489 2,496	21,800 21,850 21,900	21,750 21,800 21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931 2,939 2,946	2,559 2,566 2,574 2,581 2,589 2,596	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931 2,939 2,946
	16,000	2,040	1,000	2,040	<u> </u>	19,000	2,430	2,140	2,490	<u> </u>		2,340	2,390	2,340
	,000				<u> </u>	000				<u> </u>	000			
	16,200 16,250 16,300 16,350	2,054 2,061 2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091 2,099 2,106	1,734 1,741 1,749 1,756	2,054 2,061 2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091 2,099 2,106		19,200 19,250 19,300	2,504 2,511 2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541 2,549 2,556	2,154 2,161 2,169 2,176 2,184 2,191 2,199 2,206	2,504 2,511 2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541 2,549 2,556	22,050 22,100 22,150 22,250 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,350	2,954 2,961 2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991 2,999 3,006	2,604 2,611 2,619 2,626 2,634 2,641 2,649 2,656	2,954 2,961 2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991 2,999 3,006
16,400 16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	16,500 16,550 16,600	2,114 2,121 2,129 2,136 2,144	1,764 1,771 1,779 1,786 1,794	2,114 2,121 2,129 2,136 2,144	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	19,500 19,550 19,600	2,564 2,571 2,579 2,586 2,594	2,214 2,221 2,229 2,236 2,244	2,564 2,571 2,579 2,586 2,594	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	22,550 22,600	3,014 3,021 3,029 3,036 3,044	2,664 2,671 2,679 2,686 2,694	3,014 3,021 3,029 3,036 3,044
16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800	16,700 16,750 16,800 16,850	2,151 2,159 2,166 2,174	1,801 1,809 1,816 1,824	2,151 2,159 2,166 2,174	19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	19,700 19,750 19,800 19,850	2,601 2,609 2,616 2,624	2,251 2,259 2,266 2,274	2,601 2,609 2,616 2,624	22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800	22,700 22,750 22,800 22,850	3,051 3,059 3,066 3,074	2,701 2,709 2,716 2,724	3,051 3,059 3,066 3,074
16,850 16,900	16,900	2,181 2,189 2,196	1,831 1,839	2,181 2,189 2,196	19,850 19,900 19,950	19,900 19,950	2,631 2,639 2,646	2,281 2,289 2,296	2,631 2,639 2,646	22,850 22,900		3,081 3,089 3,096	2,731 2,739 2,746	3,081 3,089 3,096

(Continued on page 32)

is—		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	ire—
But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
	,	Your tax is	s—				Your tax	is—			'	Your tax i	s—
000				26,	000				29,	000			
23,050 23,100 23,150 23,200	3,104 3,111 3,119 3,126	2,754 2,761 2,769 2,776	3,104 3,111 3,119 3,126	26,050 26,100 26,150	26,100 26,150 26,200	3,554 3,561 3,569 3,576	3,204 3,211 3,219 3,226	3,554 3,561 3,569 3,576	29,000 29,050 29,100 29,150	29,050 29,100 29,150 29,200	4,066 4,079 4,091 4,104	3,654 3,661 3,669 3,676	4,066 4,079 4,091 4,104
23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400 23,450	3,134 3,141 3,149 3,156 3,164	2,791 2,799 2,806 2,814	3,134 3,141 3,149 3,156 3,164	26,250 26,300 26,350 26,400	26,300 26,350 26,400 26,450	3,591 3,599 3,606	3,241 3,249 3,256	3,591 3,599 3,606	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400	29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400 29,450	4,129 4,141 4,154	3,691 3,699 3,706	4,116 4,129 4,141 4,154 4,166
23,500 23,550 23,600 23,650 23,700	3,171 3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	2,829 2,836 2,844	3,171 3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	26,500 26,550 26,600	26,550 26,600 26,650	3,621 3,629 3,636 3,644	3,271 3,279 3,286 3,294	3,621 3,629 3,636 3,644	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600 29,650	29,500 29,550 29,600 29,650 29,700	4,179 4,191 4,204 4,216	3,721 3,729 3,736 3,744	4,179 4,191 4,204 4,216 4,229
23,750 23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231 3,239 3,246	2,859 2,866 2,874 2,881 2,889 2,896	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231 3,239 3,246	26,700 26,750 26,800 26,850 26,900	26,750 26,800 26,850 26,900 26,950	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681 3,689 3,696	3,309 3,316 3,324 3,331 3,339 3,346	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681 3,689 3,696	29,700 29,750 29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,750 29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950 30,000	4,241 4,254 4,266 4,279 4,291 4,304	3,759 3,766 3,774 3,781 3,789 3,796	4,241 4,254 4,266 4,279 4,291 4,304
000				27,	000	l			30,	000	1		
24,050 24,100 24,150 24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	3,254 3,261 3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291 3,299	2,904 2,911 2,919 2,926 2,934 2,941 2,949	3,254 3,261 3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291 3,299	27,050 27,100 27,150 27,200 27,250 27,300	27,100 27,150 27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	3,704 3,711 3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741 3,749	3,354 3,361 3,369 3,376 3,384 3,391 3,399	3,704 3,711 3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741 3,749	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200 30,250 30,300	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200 30,250 30,350 30,350	4,316 4,329 4,341 4,354 4,366 4,379 4,391	3,804 3,811 3,819 3,826 3,834 3,841 3,849	4,316 4,329 4,341 4,354 4,366 4,379 4,391
24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	3,314 3,321 3,329 3,336	2,964 2,971 2,979 2,986	3,314 3,321 3,329 3,336	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	3,764 3,771 3,779 3,786	3,414 3,421 3,429 3,436	3,764 3,771 3,779 3,786	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	4,416 4,429 4,441 4,454	3,864 3,871 3,879 3,886	4,404 4,416 4,429 4,441 4,454 4,466
24,700 24,750 24,800 24,850	3,351 3,359 3,366 3,374	3,001 3,009 3,016 3,024	3,351 3,359 3,366 3,374	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	27,700 27,750 27,800 27,850	3,801 3,809 3,816 3,824	3,451 3,459 3,466 3,474	3,801 3,809 3,816 3,824	30,650 30,700 30,750	30,700 30,750 30,800 30,850	4,479 4,491 4,504 4,516	3,901 3,909 3,916 3,924	4,479 4,491 4,504 4,516 4,529
24,950	3,389	3,039	3,389	27,900	27,950	3,839	3,489	3,839	30,900	30,950	4,541	3,939	4,541 4,554
•	-,		.,	<u> </u>		·		<u> </u>	31.	000			<u> </u>
25,050 25,100 25,150 25,200 25,250 25,350 25,450 25,450 25,550 25,600 25,650 25,750 25,750 25,800 25,800 25,850	3,404 3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441 3,449 3,456 3,471 3,479 3,501 3,509 3,516 3,531	3,084 3,091 3,099 3,106 3,114 3,121 3,129 3,136 3,144 3,151 3,159 3,166 3,174	3,404 3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441 3,449 3,456 3,464 3,471 3,479 3,486 3,494 3,501 3,509 3,516 3,524 3,531	28,000 28,050 28,150 28,150 28,250 28,250 28,350 28,450 28,450 28,550 28,550 28,650 28,650 28,750 28,750	28,050 28,100 28,150 28,200 28,250 28,350 28,400 28,450 28,550 28,600 28,650 28,750 28,750 28,750 28,850	3,854 3,861 3,869 3,876 3,891 3,899 3,906 3,914 3,954 3,966 3,979 3,991 4,004 4,004	3,504 3,511 3,519 3,526 3,534 3,541 3,549 3,556 3,564 3,571 3,579 3,586 3,594 3,601 3,609 3,616	3,854 3,861 3,869 3,876 3,884 3,891 3,899 3,906 3,916 3,929 3,941 3,954 3,954 3,966 3,979 3,991 4,004 4,016 4,029	31,000 31,050 31,100 31,150 31,250 31,250 31,350 31,450 31,450 31,550 31,600 31,650 31,750 31,750 31,750	31,050 31,100 31,150 31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350 31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600 31,750 31,750 31,750 31,750 31,750 31,750	4,566 4,579 4,591 4,604 4,616 4,629 4,641 4,654 4,666 4,679 4,691 4,704 4,716 4,729 4,741 4,754 4,754	3,954 3,961 3,969 3,976 3,984 3,991 3,999 4,006 4,014 4,021 4,029 4,036 4,044 4,051 4,059 4,066 4,074 4,074 4,074	4,566 4,579 4,591 4,604 4,616 4,629 4,641 4,654 4,666 4,679 4,691 4,704 4,716 4,729 4,741 4,754 4,766 4,779
	But less than 2000 23,050 23,100 23,250 23,250 23,400 23,550 23,650 23,750 23,850 24,000 24,150 24,150 24,250 24,250 24,400 24,550 24,400 24,550 24,400 24,550 24,550 24,600 24,550 24,550 24,550 24,550 24,550 24,550 24,550 24,550 25,5	But less than Single less than Single less than Single less than 3,104 23,100 3,111 23,150 3,119 23,200 3,126 23,250 3,144 23,300 3,141 23,350 3,149 23,500 3,179 23,600 3,186 23,650 3,201 23,750 3,201 23,750 3,201 23,800 3,216 23,800 3,216 23,800 3,216 23,850 3,239 24,000 3,236 24,600 3,236 24,450 3,290 24,400 3,306 24,450 3,344 24,500 3,366 24,450 3,344 24,500 3,366 24,450 3,344 24,750 3,359 24,600 3,366 24,850 3,349 24,600 3,366 24,850 3,341 24,750 3,359 24,800 3,366 24,850 3,341 25,500 3,426 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,449 25,500 3,456 25,550 3,449 25,500 3,456 25,550 3,449 25,500 3,551 25,550 3,449 25,500 3,551 25,550 3,509 25,650 3,539 25,550 3,539	But less than Single Qualifying widow(er)	But less than Single widow(er) widow(er) separately Your tax is— 7000 23,050 3,104 2,754 3,104 23,100 3,111 2,761 3,111 23,150 3,119 2,769 3,119 23,200 3,126 2,776 3,126 23,250 3,134 2,784 3,134 23,300 3,141 2,791 3,141 2,791 3,141 23,350 3,149 2,799 3,149 23,400 3,156 2,806 3,156 23,450 3,171 2,821 3,171 23,550 3,179 2,829 3,179 23,600 3,186 2,836 3,186 2,836 3,186 23,650 3,124 2,844 3,194 23,700 3,201 2,851 3,201 23,750 3,209 2,859 3,209 2,859 3,209 2,859 3,209 2,859 3,209 2,859 3,209 3,216 2,866 3,216 23,850 3,246 2,896 3,246 000 24,050 3,254 2,904 3,254 2,904 3,254 24,100 3,261 2,911 3,261 24,150 3,269 2,919 3,269 24,200 3,276 2,926 3,276 24,250 3,294 2,944 3,291 24,450 3,291 2,941 3,291 24,450 3,291 2,941 3,291 24,450 3,314 2,964 3,314 2,964 3,314 2,450 3,291 2,979 3,329 2,4600 3,336 2,986 3,336 2,986 3,344 2,904 3,344 2,450 3,321 2,971 3,321 2,971 3,321 24,550 3,329 2,979 3,329 24,600 3,336 2,986 3,336 24,650 3,344 2,994 3,344 2,450 3,321 2,971 3,321 2,971 3,321 24,550 3,329 2,979 3,329 24,600 3,336 2,986 3,336 2,986 3,336 24,650 3,344 2,994 3,344 2,450 3,351 3,001 3,351 24,750 3,359 3,009 3,359 3,099 3,359 25,000 3,464 3,114 3,061 3,411 25,500 3,441 3,091 3,441 3,091 3,441 25,300 3,441 3,091 3,441 3,091 3,449 25,500 3,464 3,114 3,464 3,114 3,464 3,149 3,099 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,449 3,344 3,449 3,099 3,449	But less than	But less than	But less than	But less than	But less than Single Qualifying widow(er) Separately Pour tax is— Pou	But less than Part But less But less	But less But less	But less Company But less But less	But Inches

(Continued on page 33)

2003	Tax Tab	ole—C	<u>ontinued</u>		1					1				
If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	are—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		'	Your tax i	s—			'	Your tax	is—			'	Your tax i	s—
32	,000				35,	000				38,	000			
32,000 32,050 32,100 32,150	32,100 32,150	4,816 4,829 4,841 4,854	4,104 4,111 4,119 4,126	4,816 4,829 4,841 4,854	35,000 35,050 35,100 35,150	35,050 35,100 35,150 35,200	5,566 5,579 5,591 5,604	4,554 4,561 4,569 4,576	5,566 5,579 5,591 5,604	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	6,316 6,329 6,341 6,354	5,011 5,019	6,316 6,329 6,341 6,354
32,200 32,250 32,300 32,350	32,300 32,350 32,400	4,866 4,879 4,891 4,904	4,141 4,149 4,156	4,866 4,879 4,891 4,904	35,200 35,250 35,300 35,350	35,250 35,300 35,350 35,400	5,616 5,629 5,641 5,654	4,584 4,591 4,599 4,606	5,616 5,629 5,641 5,654	38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	6,366 6,379 6,391 6,404	5,041 5,049 5,056	6,366 6,379 6,391 6,404
32,400 32,450 32,500 32,550 32,600	32,500 32,550 32,600	4,916 4,929 4,941 4,954 4,966	4,164 4,171 4,179 4,186 4,194	4,916 4,929 4,941 4,954 4,966	35,400 35,450 35,500 35,550 35,600	35,450 35,500 35,550 35,600 35,650	5,666 5,679 5,691 5,704	4,614 4,621 4,629 4,636	5,666 5,679 5,691 5,704	38,400 38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600	38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600 38,650	6,416 6,429 6,441 6,454	5,071 5,079 5,086	6,416 6,429 6,441 6,454
32,650 32,700 32,750 32,800	32,700 32,750 32,800	4,979 4,979 4,991 5,004 5,016	4,201 4,209 4,216	4,900 4,979 4,991 5,004 5,016	35,650 35,700 35,750 35,800	35,700 35,750 35,800 35,850	5,716 5,729 5,741 5,754 5,766	4,644 4,651 4,659 4,666 4,674	5,716 5,729 5,741 5,754 5,766	38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800	38,700 38,750 38,800 38,850	6,466 6,479 6,491 6,504 6,516	5,101 5,109 5,116	6,466 6,479 6,491 6,504 6,516
32,850 32,900 32,950	32,900 32,950 33,000	5,029 5,041 5,054	4,231 4,239	5,029 5,041 5,054	35,850 35,900 35,950	35,900 35,950 36,000	5,779 5,791 5,804	4,681 4,689 4,696	5,779 5,791 5,804	38,850 38,900 38,950	38,900 38,950 39,000	6,529 6,541	5,131 5,139	6,529 6,541 6,554
33	,000	I			36,	000				39,	000			
33,000 33,050 33,100 33,150	33,100 33,150 33,200	5,066 5,079 5,091 5,104	4,261 4,269 4,276	5,066 5,079 5,091 5,104	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,100 36,150 36,200	5,816 5,829 5,841 5,854	4,704 4,711 4,719 4,726	5,816 5,829 5,841 5,854	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,050 39,100 39,150 39,200	6,566 6,579 6,591 6,604	5,161 5,169 5,176	6,566 6,579 6,591 6,604
33,200 33,250 33,300 33,350	33,300 33,350 33,400	5,116 5,129 5,141 5,154	4,284 4,291 4,299 4,306	5,116 5,129 5,141 5,154	36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350	36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400	5,866 5,879 5,891 5,904	4,734 4,741 4,749 4,756	5,866 5,879 5,891 5,904	39,200 39,250 39,300 39,350	39,250 39,300 39,350 39,400	6,616 6,629 6,641 6,654	5,191 5,199 5,206	6,616 6,629 6,641 6,654
33,400 33,450 33,500 33,550 33,600	33,500 33,550 33,600	5,166 5,179 5,191 5,204 5,216	4,314 4,321 4,329 4,336 4,344	5,166 5,179 5,191 5,204 5,216	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600 36,650	5,916 5,929 5,941 5,954 5,966	4,764 4,771 4,779 4,786 4,794	5,916 5,929 5,941 5,954 5,966	39,400 39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600 39,650	6,666 6,679 6,691 6,704 6,716	5,221 5,229 5,236	6,666 6,679 6,691 6,704 6,716
33,650 33,700 33,750	33,700	5,229 5,241 5,254 5,266	4,351 4,359 4,366	5,229 5,241 5,254 5,266	36,650 36,700	36,700 36,750 36,800	5,979 5,991 6,004 6,016	4,801 4,809 4,816 4,824	5,979 5,991 6,004 6,016	39,650 39,700 39,750	39,700 39,750 39,800 39,850	6,729 6,741 6,754	5,251 5,259 5,266	6,729 6,741 6,754 6,766
33,850 33,900 33,950	33,900 33,950 34,000	5,279 5,291 5,304	4,381 4,389	5,279 5,291 5,304	36,850 36,900 36,950	36,900 36,950 37,000	6,029 6,041 6,054	4,831 4,839 4,846	6,029 6,041 6,054	39,850 39,900 39,950	39,900 39,950 40,000	6,779 6,791	5,281 5,289	6,779 6,791 6,804
34	,000				37,	000	1			40,	000	1		
34,050 34,100 34,150 34,200 34,250 34,300	34,150 34,200 34,250 34,300 34,350	5,316 5,329 5,341 5,354 5,366 5,379 5,391	4,411 4,419 4,426 4,434 4,441 4,449	5,316 5,329 5,341 5,354 5,366 5,379 5,391	37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200 37,250 37,300	37,150 37,200 37,250 37,300 37,350	6,066 6,079 6,091 6,104 6,116 6,129 6,141	4,854 4,861 4,869 4,876 4,884 4,891 4,899	6,066 6,079 6,091 6,104 6,116 6,129 6,141	40,000 40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200 40,250 40,300	40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200 40,250 40,300 40,350	6,829 6,841 6,854 6,866 6,879 6,891	5,311 5,319 5,326 5,334 5,341 5,349	6,816 6,829 6,841 6,854 6,866 6,879 6,891
34,350 34,400 34,450 34,550 34,600	34,450 34,500 34,550 34,600	5,404 5,416 5,429 5,441 5,454 5,466	4,471 4,479 4,486	5,404 5,416 5,429 5,441 5,454 5,466	37,350 37,400 37,450 37,500 37,550 37,600	37,450 37,500 37,550	6,154 6,166 6,179 6,191 6,204 6,216	4,906 4,914 4,921 4,929 4,936 4,944	6,154 6,166 6,179 6,191 6,204 6,216	40,350 40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600	40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600 40,650		5,364 5,371 5,379 5,386	6,904 6,916 6,929 6,941 6,954 6,966
34,650 34,700 34,750 34,800	34,700 34,750 34,800 34.850	5,479 5,491 5,504 5,516	4,501 4,509 4,516 4,524	5,479 5,491 5,504 5,516	37,650 37,700 37,750 37,800	37,700 37,750 37,800 37,850	6,229 6,241 6,254 6,266	4,951 4,959 4,966 4,974	6,229 6,241 6,254 6,266	40,650 40,700 40,750 40,800	40,700 40,750 40,800 40,850	6,979 6,991 7,004 7,016	5,401 5,409 5,416 5,424	6,979 6,991 7,004 7,016
34,850 34,900 34,950		5,529 5,541 5,554	4,539	5,529 5,541 5,554	37,850 37,900 37,950		6,279 6,291 6,304	4,981 4,989 4,996	6,279 6,291 6,304	40,850 40,900 40,950	40,900 40,950 41,000		5,439	7,029 7,041 7,054

(Continued on page 34)

f Form 1040NR, ine 38, is–	-		And you	are—	If Form 1040Ni line 38	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	are—
At Bu east les tha	ss	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		ı	Your tax is	s—			'	Your tax	is—			'	Your tax i	s—
41,00	0				44,	000	,			47,	000			
41,050 41 41,100 41	,050 ,100 ,150 ,200	7,066 7,079 7,09	5,461 5,469	7,066 7,079 7,091 7,104	44,000 44,050 44,100 44,150	44,050 44,100 44,150 44,200	7,816 7,829 7,841 7,854	5,911 5,919	7,816 7,829 7,841 7,854	47,000 47,050 47,100 47,150	47,050 47,100 47,150 47,200	8,566 8,579 8,59	6,361 6,369	8,566 8,579 8,591 8,604
41,200 41 41,250 41 41,300 41	,250 ,300 ,350 ,400	7,116 7,129 7,14 7,15	5,484 5,491 1 5,499	7,116 7,129 7,141 7,154	44,200 44,250 44,300 44,350	44,250 44,300 44,350 44,400	7,866 7,879 7,891 7,904	5,934 5,941 5,949	7,866 7,879 7,891 7,904	47,200 47,250 47,300 47,350	47,250 47,300 47,350 47,400	8,616 8,629 8,64 8,654	6,384 6,391 6,399	8,616 8,629 8,641 8,654
41,450 41 41,500 41	,450 ,500 ,550 ,600	7,166 7,179 7,19 7,20	9 5,521 1 5,529	7,166 7,179 7,191 7,204	44,400 44,450 44,500 44,550	44,450 44,500 44,550 44,600	7,916 7,929 7,941 7,954	5,971 5,979	7,916 7,929 7,941 7,954	47,400 47,450 47,500 47,550	47,450 47,500 47,550 47,600	8,666 8,679 8,69 8,704	6,421 6,429	8,666 8,679 8,691 8,704
41,650 41 41,700 41 41,750 41	,650 ,700 ,750 ,800	7,216 7,229 7,24 7,25	9 5,551 1 5,559 4 5,566	7,216 7,229 7,241 7,254	44,600 44,650 44,700 44,750	44,650 44,700 44,750 44,800	7,966 7,979 7,991 8,004	6,001 6,009 6,016	7,966 7,979 7,991 8,004	47,600 47,650 47,700 47,750	47,650 47,700 47,750 47,800	8,716 8,729 8,74 8,754	6,451 6,459 6,466	8,716 8,729 8,741 8,754
41,850 41 41,900 41	,850 ,900 ,950 ,000	7,266 7,279 7,29 7,304	5,581 1 5,589	7,266 7,279 7,291 7,304	44,800 44,850 44,900 44,950	44,850 44,900 44,950 45,000	8,016 8,029 8,041 8,054	6,031 6,039	8,016 8,029 8,041 8,054	47,800 47,850 47,900 47,950	47,850 47,900 47,950 48,000	8,766 8,779 8,79 8,804	6,481 6,489	8,766 8,779 8,791 8,804
42,00	0				45,	000				48,	000			
42,050 42 42,100 42 42,150 42 42,200 42	,050 ,100 ,150 ,200 ,250	7,316 7,329 7,34 7,354 7,366 7,379	5,611 5,619 5,626 5,634	7,316 7,329 7,341 7,354 7,366 7,379	45,000 45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200 45,250	45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200 45,250 45,300	8,066 8,079 8,091 8,104 8,116 8,129	6,061 6,069 6,076 6,084	8,066 8,079 8,091 8,104 8,116 8,129	48,000 48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200 48,250	48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200 48,250 48,300	8,816 8,829 8,84 8,854 8,866 8,879	6,511 6,519 6,526 6,534	8,816 8,829 8,841 8,854 8,866 8,879
42,300 42 42,350 42 42,400 42	,350 ,400 ,450	7,39 ⁻ 7,40 ⁻ 7,416 7,429	5,649 5,656 5,664	7,391 7,404 7,416 7,429	45,300 45,350 45,400 45,450	45,350 45,400 45,450 45,500	8,141 8,154 8,166 8,179	6,099 6,106 6,114	8,141 8,154 8,166 8,179	48,300 48,350 48,400 48,450	48,350 48,400 48,450 48,500	8,89 ⁻ 8,90 ⁴ 8,916 8,929	6,549 6,556 6,564	8,891 8,904 8,916 8,929
42,500 42 42,550 42 42,600 42 42,650 42 42,700 42	,550 ,600 ,650 ,700 ,750	7,44° 7,454 7,466 7,479 7,49° 7,504	5,686 5,694 5,701 5,709	7,441 7,454 7,466 7,479 7,491 7,504	45,500 45,550 45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	45,550 45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	8,191 8,204 8,216 8,229 8,241 8,254	6,129 6,136 6,144 6,151 6,159	8,191 8,204 8,216 8,229 8,241 8,254	48,500 48,550 48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	48,550 48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	8,94 ⁻ 8,95 ₄ 8,966 8,979 8,99 ⁻ 9,004	6,579 6,586 6,594 6,601 6,609	8,941 8,954 8,966 8,979 8,991 9,004
42,800 42 42,850 42 42,900 42	,850 ,900 ,950 ,000	7,516 7,529 7,54 7,554	5,731 1 5,739	7,516 7,529 7,541 7,554	45,800 45,850 45,900 45,950	45,850 45,900 45,950	8,266 8,279 8,291 8,304	6,181 6,189	8,266 8,279 8,291 8,304	48,800 48,850 48,900 48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	9,016 9,029 9,04 9,054	6,631 6,639	9,016 9,029 9,041 9,054
43,00	0				46,	000	1			49,	000			
43,050 43 43,150 43 43,250 43 43,250 43 43,350 43 43,350 43 43,450 43 43,550 43 43,550 43 43,550 43 43,550 43 43,550 43 43,650 43 43,750 43 43,750 43	,050 ,100 ,150 ,200 ,250 ,300 ,350 ,400 ,450 ,550 ,600 ,750 ,800 ,800 ,850 ,900	7,566 7,579 7,69 7,614 7,618 7,65 7,66 7,67 7,70 7,70 7,71 7,72 7,74 7,76 7,775 7,779	9 5,761 5,769 4 5,776 6 5,778 6 5,784 9 5,791 1 5,799 1 5,806 6 5,814 1 5,829 1 5,836 6 5,851 1 5,859 1 5,859 1 5,858 1 5,858 1 5,866 6 5,874 9 5,881	7,566 7,579 7,591 7,604 7,616 7,629 7,641 7,654 7,666 7,679 7,691 7,704 7,716 7,729 7,741 7,754 7,766 7,779 7,791	46,000 46,050 46,150 46,250 46,250 46,350 46,450 46,450 46,550 46,650 46,750 46,750 46,750 46,850	46,100 46,150 46,200 46,250 46,300 46,350 46,400 46,550 46,550 46,660 46,650 46,700 46,750	8,316 8,329 8,364 8,362 8,367 8,391 8,404 8,416 8,429 8,444 8,452 8,444 8,502 8,502 8,502	6,211 6,219 6,226 6,234 6,241 6,249 6,256 6,264 6,271 6,279 6,286 6,301 6,309 6,316 6,324	8,316 8,329 8,341 8,354 8,356 8,379 8,391 8,404 8,416 8,429 8,441 8,454 8,454 8,479 8,491 8,504 8,516 8,529 8,541	49,000 49,050 49,150 49,250 49,350 49,350 49,450 49,450 49,550 49,650 49,750 49,750 49,850 49,850 49,890	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,250 49,300 49,350 49,400 49,550 49,500 49,750 49,700 49,750 49,850 49,850 49,850	9,066 9,075 9,104 9,116 9,125 9,145 9,154 9,154 9,175 9,19 9,204 9,216 9,225 9,24 9,25 9,26 9,26 9,29	6 6,661 6,669 6 6,684 9 6,691 1 6,699 1 6,706 6 6,714 6,729 1 6,729 1 6,736 6 6,744 6,751 6 6,751 6 6,759 6 6,768	9,066 9,079 9,091 9,104 9,116 9,129 9,141 9,154 9,166 9,179 9,191 9,204 9,229 9,241 9,254 9,266 9,279 9,291

(Continued on page 35)

If Form 1040NR line 38,	,		Ontinued And you	are—	If Form 1040NI line 38	R,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	are—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		'	Your tax is	s—			'	Your tax i	s—			'	Your tax i	s—
50,	,000				53,	000				56,	000			
50,000 50,050 50,100 50,150	50,150	9,31 9,32 9,34 9,35	9 6,811 1 6,819	9,316 9,329 9,341 9,354	53,050 53,100		10,066 10,079 10,091 10,104	7,261 7,269	10,066 10,079 10,091 10,104	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150	56,100 56,150	10,816 10,829 10,841 10,854	7,711 7,719	10,816 10,829 10,841 10,854
50,200 50,250 50,300 50,350	50,300 50,350 50,400	9,36 9,37 9,39 9,40	9 6,841 1 6,849 4 6,856	9,366 9,379 9,391 9,404	53,200 53,250 53,300 53,350	53,300 53,350 53,400	10,116 10,129 10,141 10,154	7,291 7,299 7,306		56,200 56,250 56,300 56,350	56,350 56,400	10,866 10,879 10,891 10,904	7,741 7,749 7,756	10,866 10,879 10,891 10,904
50,400 50,450 50,500 50,550 50,600	50,500 50,550 50,600	9,41 9,42 9,44 9,45	9 6,871 1 6,879 4 6,886	9,416 9,429 9,441 9,454 9,466	53,400 53,450 53,500 53,550 53,600	53,500 53,550 53,600	10,166 10,179 10,191 10,204 10,216	7,321 7,329 7,336	10,166 10,179 10,191 10,204 10,216	56,400 56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600		10,916 10,929 10,941 10,954 10,966	7,771 7,779 7,786	10,916 10,929 10,941 10,954 10,966
50,600 50,650 50,700 50,750 50,800	50,700 50,750 50,800	9,46 9,47 9,49 9,50 9,51	9 6,901 1 6,909 4 6,916	9,466 9,479 9,491 9,504 9,516	53,600 53,650 53,700 53,750 53,800	53,700 53,750 53,800	10,216 10,229 10,241 10,254	7,351 7,359 7,366	10,229 10,241	56,650 56,700 56,750 56,800	56,700	10,966 10,979 10,991 11,004	7,801 7,809 7,816	10,966 10,979 10,991 11,004 11,016
50,850 50,900 50,950	50,900 50,950 51,000	9,52 9,54 9,55	9 6,931 1 6,939	9,529 9,541 9,554	53,850 53,900 53,950	53,900 53,950 54,000	10,279 10,291 10,304	7,381 7,389	10,279 10,291	56,850 56,900 56,950	56,900 56,950 57,000	11,029 11,041	7,839 7,851	11,029 11,041 11,054
51,	,000				54,	000				57,	000	1		
51,050 51,100 51,150 51,200 51,250	51,150 51,200 51,250 51,300	9,56 9,57 9,59 9,60 9,61 9,62	9 6,961 1 6,969 4 6,976 6 6,984 9 6,991	9,566 9,579 9,591 9,604 9,616 9,629	54,050 54,100 54,150 54,200 54,250	54,150 54,200 54,250 54,300	10,316 10,329 10,341 10,354 10,366 10,379	7,411 7,419 7,426 7,434 7,441	10,366 10,379	57,050 57,100 57,150 57,200 57,250	57,150 57,200 57,250 57,300	11,066 11,079 11,091 11,104 11,116 11,129	7,889 7,901 7,914 7,926 7,939	11,066 11,079 11,091 11,104 11,116 11,129
51,300 51,350 51,400 51,450 51,500	51,400 51,450 51,500 51,550	9,64 9,65 9,66 9,67 9,69	7,006 6 7,014 9 7,021 1 7,029	9,641 9,654 9,666 9,679 9,691	54,300 54,350 54,400 54,450 54,500	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	10,391 10,404 10,416 10,429 10,441	7,456 7,464 7,471 7,479	10,416 10,429 10,441	57,300 57,350 57,400 57,450 57,500	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	11,141 11,154 11,166 11,179 11,191	7,964 7,976 7,989 8,001	11,141 11,155 11,169 11,183 11,197
51,550 51,600 51,650 51,700 51,750	51,650 51,700	9,70 9,71 9,72 9,74 9,75	6 7,044 9 7,051 1 7,059	9,704 9,716 9,729 9,741 9,754	54,550 54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700	10,454 10,466 10,479 10,491 10,504	7,494 7,501 7,509	10,466 10,479 10,491	57,550 57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700	11,204 11,216 11,229 11,241 11,254	8,026 8,039 8,051	11,211 11,225 11,239 11,253 11,267
51,850 51,900	51,850 51,900 51,950 52,000	9,76 9,77 9,79 9,80	9 7,081 1 7,089	9,766 9,779 9,791 9,804	54,850 54,900	54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	10,516 10,529 10,541 10,554	7,531 7,539		57,850 57,900	57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	11,279 11,291	8,089 8,101	11,281 11,295 11,309 11,323
52,	,000				55,	000				58,	000			
52,050 52,100 52,150 52,200 52,250 52,300 52,350 52,400 52,450	52,300 52,350 52,400 52,450 52,500	9,81 9,82 9,84 9,85 9,86 9,87 9,89 9,90	9 7,111 1 7,119 4 7,126 6 7,134 9 7,141 1 7,149 4 7,156 6 7,164 9 7,171	9,816 9,829 9,841 9,854 9,866 9,879 9,891 9,904 9,916 9,929	55,050 55,100 55,150 55,250 55,250 55,350 55,350 55,400 55,450	55,350 55,400 55,450 55,500	10,566 10,579 10,591 10,604 10,616 10,641 10,654 10,666 10,679	7,561 7,569 7,576 7,584 7,591 7,599 7,606 7,614 7,621	10,616 10,629 10,641 10,654 10,666 10,679	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,250 58,250 58,350 58,350 58,450 58,450	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400 58,450 58,500	11,354 11,366 11,379 11,391 11,404 11,416 11,429	8,139 8,151 8,164 8,176 8,189 8,201 8,214 8,226 8,239	11,337 11,351 11,365 11,379 11,393 11,407 11,421 11,435 11,449 11,463
52,500 52,550	52,550 52,600 52,650 52,700 52,750 52,800	9,94 9,95 9,96 9,97 9,99 10,00	7,186 6 7,194 9 7,201 1 7,209 4 7,216	9,941 9,954 9,966 9,979 9,991 10,004 10,016	55,500	55,550 55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750 55,800	10,691 10,704 10,716 10,729 10,741 10,754	7,629 7,636 7,644 7,651 7,659 7,666	10,716 10,729 10,741 10,754	58,500 58,550 58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	58,550 58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800 58,850	11,441 11,454 11,466 11,479 11,491 11,504 11,516	8,264 8,276 8,289 8,301 8,314	11,477 11,491 11,505 11,519 11,533 11,547 11,561
52,850 52,900		10,02 10,04 10,05	9 7,231 1 7,239	10,029 10,041 10,054	55,850 55,900	55,900	10,779 10,779 10,791 10,804	7,681 7,689	10,779 10,791	58,850 58,900	58,900	11,529 11,541	8,339 8,351	11,575 11,589 11,603

(Continued on page 36)

If Form 1040NF line 38,	R,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NI line 38	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38	₹,		And you a	are—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		'	Your tax is	s—			'	Your tax i	is—			'	Your tax i	s—
59,	,000				62,	000				65,	,000			
59,000 59,050 59,100 59,150	59,150	11,56 11,57 11,59 11,60	9 8,389 1 8,401	11,617 11,631 11,645 11,659	62,050 62,100		12,316 12,329 12,341 12,354	9,139 9,151	12,457 12,471 12,485 12,499	65,000 65,050 65,100 65,150	65,150	13,091	9,889 9,901	13,297 13,311 13,325 13,339
59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,300 59,350 59,400	11,61 11,62 11,64 11,65	9 8,439 1 8,451 4 8,464	11,673 11,687 11,701 11,715	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,300 62,350 62,400	12,366 12,379 12,391 12,404	9,189 9,201 9,214	12,513 12,527 12,541 12,555	65,200 65,250 65,300 65,350	65,300 65,350 65,400	13,154	9,939 9,951 9,964	13,353 13,367 13,381 13,395
59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550 59,600	59,500 59,550 59,600	11,66 11,67 11,69 11,70	9 8,489 1 8,501 4 8,514	11,729 11,743 11,757 11,771 11,785	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	62,500 62,550 62,600	12,416 12,429 12,441 12,454	9,239 9,251 9,264	12,569 12,583 12,597 12,611 12,625	65,400 65,450 65,500 65,550 65,600	65,500 65,550 65,600	13,166 13,179 13,191 13,204 13,216	9,989 10,001 10,014	13,409 13,423 13,437 13,451 13,465
59,650 59,700 59,750 59,800	59,700 59,750 59,800	11,72 11,74 11,75 11,76	9 8,539 1 8,551 4 8,564	11,799 11,813 11,827 11,841	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	62,700 62,750 62,800	12,479 12,491 12,504	9,289 9,301 9,314 9,326	12,639 12,653 12,667 12,681	65,650 65,700 65,750 65,800	65,700 65,750 65,800	13,229	10,039 10,051 10,064 10,076	13,479 13,493 13,507 13,521
	59,950 60,000	11,77 11,79 11,80	1 8,601	11,855 11,869 11,883	<u> </u>	62,950 63,000	12,529 12,541 12,554	9,351	12,695 12,709 12,723	<u> </u>	65,950 66,000	13,279 13,291	10,089 10,101	13,535 13,549 13,563
	,000				63,	000				66,	,000			
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150 60,200 60,250	60,150 60,200 60,250	11,81 11,82 11,84 11,85 11,86 11,86	9 8,639 1 8,651 4 8,664 6 8,676	11,897 11,911 11,925 11,939 11,953 11,967	63,000 63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200 63,250	63,150 63,200 63,250	12,566 12,579 12,591 12,604 12,616 12,629	9,389 9,401 9,414 9,426	12,737 12,751 12,765 12,779 12,793 12,807	66,000 66,050 66,100 66,150 66,200 66,250	66,100 66,150 66,200 66,250	13,329 13,341 13,354 13,366	10,139 10,151 10,164 10,176	13,577 13,591 13,605 13,619 13,633 13,647
60,300 60,350 60,400 60,450	60,350 60,400 60,450	11,89 11,90 11,91 11,92	1 8,701 4 8,714 6 8,726	11,981 11,995 12,009 12,023	63,300 63,350 63,400 63,450	63,350 63,400 63,450	12,641 12,654 12,666 12,679	9,451 9,464 9,476	12,821 12,835 12,849 12,863	66,300 66,350 66,400 66,450	66,350 66,400 66,450	13,391 13,404 13,416	10,201 10,214	13,661 13,675 13,689 13,703
60,500 60,550 60,600 60,650	60,550 60,600 60,650	11,94 11,95 11,96 11,97	1 8,751 4 8,764 6 8,776	12,037 12,051 12,065 12,079	63,500 63,550 63,600 63,650	63,550 63,600 63.650	12,691 12,704 12,716 12,729	9,501 9,514 9,526	12,877 12,891 12,905 12,919	66,500 66,550 66,600 66,650	66,550 66,600 66.650	13,441 13,454 13,466	10,251 10,264 10,276	13,717 13,731 13,745 13,759
60,700 60,750 60,800		11,99 12,00	1 8,801 4 8,814 6 8,826	12,093 12,107 12,121 12,135	63,700 63,750 63,800		12,741 12,754	9,551 9,564 9,576	12,933 12,947 12,961 12,975	66,700 66,750 66,800		13,491 13,504 13,516	10,301 10,314 10,326	13,773 13,787 13,801 13,815
60,900	60,950 61,000	12,04 12,05	1 8,851	12,149 12,163	63,900	63,950 64,000	12,791	9,601	12,989 13,003	66,900	66,950 67,000	13,541	10,351	13,829 13,843
61	,000				64,	000				67,	,000			
61,050 61,100 61,150 61,250 61,350 61,450 61,450 61,550 61,660 61,650	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200 61,250 61,300 61,350 61,500 61,550 61,650 61,650 61,700 61,750	12,06 12,07 12,09 12,10 12,11 12,12 12,14 12,15 12,16 12,17 12,19 12,20 12,21 12,22 12,24	9 8,889 1 8,901 4 8,914 6 8,926 9 8,939 1 8,951 4 8,964 6 8,976 9 8,989 1 9,001 4 9,014 6 9,026 9 9,039	12,177 12,191 12,205 12,219 12,233 12,247 12,261 12,275 12,289 12,303 12,317 12,331 12,345 12,359 12,373	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,250 64,250 64,350 64,450 64,550	64,350 64,450 64,500 64,550 64,650 64,650 64,700	12,816 12,829 12,84 12,852 12,866 12,875 12,991 12,916 12,925 12,94 12,952 12,957 12,957 12,957	9,639 9,651 9,664 9,676 9,701 9,714 9,726 9,739 9,751 9,764 9,764 9,766	13,017 13,031 13,045 13,059 13,073 13,087 13,101 13,115 13,129 13,143 13,157 13,171 13,185 13,199 13,213	67,050 67,100 67,150 67,250 67,250 67,350 67,400 67,450 67,550 67,600	67,300 67,350 67,400 67,450 67,550 67,600 67,650 67,700	13,579 13,591 13,604 13,616 13,629 13,641 13,654 13,666 13,679 13,691 13,704 13,716 13,729	10,389 10,401 10,414 10,426 10,439 10,451 10,464 10,476 10,489 10,501 10,514	13,857 13,871 13,885 13,899 13,913 13,927 13,941 13,955 13,969 13,983 13,997 14,011 14,025 14,039 14,053
61,750 61,800 61,850 61,900	61,800 61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	12,25 12,26 12,27 12,29 12,30	4 9,064 6 9,076 9 9,089 1 9,101	12,387 12,401 12,415 12,429 12,443	64,750 64,800 64,850 64,900	64,800	13,004 13,016 13,029 13,041 13,054	9,814 9,826 9,839 9,851	13,227 13,241 13,255 13,269 13,283	67,750 67,800 67,850 67,900	67,800 67,850 67,900 67,950 68,000	13,754 13,766 13,779 13,791	10,564 10,576 10,589 10,601	14,067 14,081 14,095 14,109 14,123

(Continued on page 37)

If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		Ontinued And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	ire—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
			Your tax is	s—			'	Your tax	is—			'	Your tax is	s—
68,	,000				71,	000				74,	000			
68,000 68,050 68,100 68,150	68,100 68,150	13,816 13,829 13,841 13,854	10,639 10,651	14,137 14,151 14,165 14,179	71,000 71,050 71,100 71,150		14,633 14,647 14,661 14,675	11,389 11,401	14,977 14,991 15,005 15,019	74,000 74,050 74,100 74,150	74,050 74,100 74,150 74,200	15,501	12,126 12,139 12,151 12,164	15,817 15,831 15,845 15,859
68,200 68,250 68,300 68,350	68,300 68,350 68,400	13,866 13,879 13,891 13,904	10,689 10,701 10,714	14,193 14,207 14,221 14,235	71,200 71,250 71,300 71,350	71,400	14,689 14,703 14,717 14,731	11,439 11,451 11,464	15,033 15,047 15,061 15,075	74,200 74,250 74,300 74,350	74,250 74,300 74,350 74,400	15,543 15,557 15,571	12,176 12,189 12,201 12,214	15,873 15,887 15,901 15,915
68,400 68,450 68,500 68,550	68,500 68,550 68,600	13,916 13,929 13,941 13,954	10,739 10,751 10,764	14,249 14,263 14,277 14,291	71,400 71,450 71,500 71,550		14,745 14,759 14,773 14,787	11,489 11,501 11,514	15,089 15,103 15,117 15,131	74,400 74,450 74,500 74,550	74,450 74,500 74,550 74,600	15,599 15,613 15,627	12,226 12,239 12,251 12,264	15,929 15,943 15,957 15,971
68,600 68,650 68,700 68,750 68,800	68,700 68,750 68,800	13,966 13,979 13,991 14,004	10,789 10,801 10,814	14,305 14,319 14,333 14,347 14,361	71,600 71,650 71,700 71,750 71,800	71,650 71,700 71,750 71,800 71,850	14,801 14,815 14,829 14,843 14,857	11,551	15,145 15,159 15,173 15,187 15,201	74,600 74,650 74,700 74,750 74,800	74,650 74,700 74,750 74,800 74,850	15,655 15,669 15,683	12,276 12,289 12,301 12,314 12,326	15,985 15,999 16,013 16,027 16,041
68,850 68,900 68,950	68,900 68,950 69,000	14,017 14,031 14,045 14,059	10,839 10,851	14,361 14,375 14,389 14,403	71,850 71,900 71,950	71,900 71,950 72,000	14,871 14,885 14,899	11,589 11,601	15,215 15,229 15,243	74,850 74,900 74,950	74,900 74,950 75,000	15,711 15,725	12,339 12,351 12,364	16,055 16,069 16,083
69,	,000	1			72,	000	1			75,	000			
69,000 69,050 69,100 69,150 69,200	69,100 69,150 69,200	14,073 14,087 14,101 14,115	10,889 10,901 10,914	14,417 14,431 14,445 14,459	72,000 72,050 72,100 72,150 72,200	72,150	14,913 14,927 14,941 14,955 14,969	11,639 11,651 11,664	15,257 15,271 15,285 15,299 15,313	75,000 75,050 75,100 75,150 75,200	75,050 75,100 75,150 75,200 75,250	15,767 15,781	12,376 12,389 12,401 12,414 12,426	16,097 16,111 16,125 16,139 16,153
69,250 69,300 69,350 69,400	69,300 69,350 69,400	14,129 14,143 14,157 14,171	10,939 10,951 10,964	14,473 14,487 14,501 14,515	72,250 72,300 72,350 72,400	72,300 72,350 72,400	14,983 14,997 15,011 15,025	11,689 11,701 11,714	15,317 15,327 15,341 15,355 15,369	75,250 75,250 75,300 75,350 75,400	75,300 75,350 75,400 75,450	15,823 15,837	12,439 12,451 12,464 12,476	16,167 16,181 16,195 16,209
69,450 69,500 69,550 69,600	69,500 69,550 69,600	14,185 14,199 14,213 14,227 14,241	10,989 11,001	14,529 14,543 14,557 14,571	72,450 72,500 72,550 72,600	72,500 72,550	15,039 15,053 15,067 15,081	11,739 11,751	15,383 15,397 15,411 15,425	75,450 75,500 75,550 75,600	75,500 75,550 75,600 75,650	15,879 15,893 15,907	12,489 12,501 12,514 12,526	16,223 16,237 16,251 16,265
69,650 69,700 69,750	69,700 69,750	14,241 14,255 14,269 14,283	11,039 11,051 11,064	14,585 14,599 14,613 14,627 14,641	72,650 72,700 72,750	72,700	15,095 15,109 15,123	11,789 11,801 11,814	15,439 15,453 15,467 15,481	75,650 75,700 75,750	75,700 75,750 75,800 75,850	15,935 15,949 15,963	12,539 12,551 12,564 12,576	16,279 16,293 16,307 16,321
69,850 69,900 69,950	69,900 69,950 70,000	14,311 14,325 14,339	11,089 11,101	14,655 14,669 14,683	72,850 72,900 72,950	72,900 72,950 73,000	15,151 15,165 15,179	11,839 11,851	15,495 15,509 15,523	75,850 75,900 75,950	75,900 75,950 76,000	15,991 16,005	12,589 12,601 12,614	16,335 16,349 16,363
70,	,000	l			73,	000	I			76,	000			
70,050 70,100 70,150 70,250 70,300 70,350 70,400 70,450 70,500	70,250 70,300 70,350 70,400 70,450 70,500 70,550	14,353 14,367 14,381 14,395 14,409 14,423 14,437 14,451 14,465 14,479 14,493	11,139 11,151 11,164 11,176 11,189 11,201 11,214 11,226 11,239 11,251	14,697 14,711 14,725 14,739 14,753 14,767 14,781 14,795 14,809 14,823 14,837	73,050 73,100 73,150 73,250 73,250 73,350 73,450 73,500	73,250 73,300 73,350 73,400 73,450 73,500 73,550	15,193 15,207 15,221 15,235 15,249 15,263 15,277 15,291 15,305 15,319	11,889 11,901 11,914 11,926 11,939 11,951 11,964 11,976 11,989 12,001	15,537 15,551 15,565 15,579 15,593 15,607 15,621 15,635 15,649 15,663 15,671	76,050 76,100 76,150 76,250 76,250 76,350 76,400 76,450 76,500	76,150 76,200 76,250 76,300 76,350 76,400 76,450 76,500 76,550	16,047 16,061 16,075 16,089 16,103 16,117 16,131 16,145 16,159 16,173	12,626 12,639 12,651 12,664 12,676 12,701 12,714 12,726 12,739 12,751	16,377 16,391 16,405 16,419 16,433 16,447 16,461 16,475 16,503 16,517
70,550 70,600 70,650 70,700 70,750 70,800 70,850 70,900	70,650 70,700 70,750 70,800 70,850 70,900	14,507 14,521 14,535 14,549 14,563 14,577 14,591 14,605	11,276 11,289 11,301 11,314 11,326 11,339	14,851 14,865 14,879 14,893 14,907 14,921 14,935 14,949	73,550 73,600 73,650 73,700 73,750 73,800 73,850 73,900	73,650 73,700 73,750 73,800 73,850 73,900	15,347 15,361 15,375 15,389 15,403 15,417 15,431 15,445 15,459	12,026 12,039 12,051 12,064 12,076 12,089 12,101	15,691 15,705 15,719 15,733 15,747 15,761 15,775 15,789 15,803	76,550 76,600 76,650 76,700 76,750 76,800 76,850 76,900	76,600 76,650 76,700 76,750 76,800 76,850 76,900 76,950 77,000	16,201 16,215 16,229 16,243 16,257 16,271 16,285	12,764 12,776 12,789 12,801 12,814 12,826 12,839 12,851 12,864	16,531 16,545 16,559 16,573 16,587 16,601 16,615 16,629 16,643

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If Form		ole—C	Ontinued And you	aro.	If Form			And you	aro	If Form			And you a	aro.
line 38,			Alla you a	ai C—	line 38			Alla you	aic—	line 38,			Alla you a	
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
			Your tax is	 S —				Your tax	is—				Your tax i	 s—
77.	,000				80,	000	ı			83,	000			
77,050 77,100		16,313 16,327 16,347 16,355	7 12,889 1 12,901	16,657 16,671 16,685 16,699	80,000 80,050 80,100 80,150	80,150	17,153 17,167 17,181 17,195	13,639 13,651	17,497 17,511 17,525 17,539	83,000 83,050 83,100 83,150	83,150	17,993 18,007 18,021 18,035	14,389 14,401	18,337 18,351 18,365 18,379
77,200 77,250 77,300 77,350	77,250 77,300 77,350 77,400	16,369 16,383 16,397 16,41	12,926 12,939 12,951 1 12,964	16,713 16,727 16,741 16,755	80,200 80,250 80,300 80,350	80,250 80,300 80,350 80,400	17,209 17,223 17,237 17,251	13,676 13,689 13,701 13,714	17,553 17,567 17,581 17,595	83,200 83,250 83,300 83,350	83,250 83,300 83,350 83,400	18,049 18,063 18,077 18,091	14,426 14,439 14,451 14,464	18,393 18,407 18,421 18,435
77,400 77,450 77,500 77,550 77,600	77,500 77,550 77,600	16,425 16,439 16,453 16,467	9 12,989 3 13,001 7 13,014	16,769 16,783 16,797 16,811 16,825	80,400 80,450 80,500 80,550 80,600	80,500 80,550 80,600	17,265 17,279 17,293 17,307 17,321	13,739 13,751	17,609 17,623 17,637 17,651	83,400 83,450 83,500 83,550 83,600	83,500 83,550 83,600	18,105 18,119 18,133 18,147 18,161	14,489 14,501 14,514	18,449 18,463 18,477 18,491 18.505
77,650 77,650 77,700 77,750 77,800	77,700 77,750 77,800 77,850	16,48 16,495 16,509 16,523	13,039 13,051 13,064	16,839 16,853 16,867 16,881	80,650 80,700 80,750 80,800	80,700 80,750 80,800	17,321 17,335 17,349 17,363	13,789 13,801 13,814	17,665 17,679 17,693 17,707 17,721	83,650 83,700 83,750 83,800	83,700 83,750 83,800	18,189 18,189 18,203 18,217	14,539 14,551 14,564	18,505 18,519 18,533 18,547 18,561
77,850 77,900 77,950	77,900 77,950 78,000	16,55 ² 16,56 ³ 16,57 ⁹	13,089 5 13,101	16,895 16,909 16,923	80,850 80,900 80,950	80,900 80,950 81,000	17,391 17,405 17,419	13,839 13,851	17,735 17,749 17,763	83,850 83,900 83,950	83,900 83,950 84,000	18,231 18,245 18,259	14,589 14,601	18,575 18,589 18,603
78	,000				81,	000				84,	,000			
78,000 78,050 78,100 78,150 78,200 78,250 78,300	78,150 78,200 78,250 78,300	16,593 16,607 16,635 16,649 16,663 16,663	7 13,139 1 13,151 5 13,164 9 13,176 3 13,189	16,937 16,951 16,965 16,979 16,993 17,007 17,021	81,000 81,050 81,100 81,150 81,200 81,250 81,300	81,150 81,200 81,250 81,300	17,433 17,447 17,461 17,475 17,489 17,503	13,889 13,901 13,914 13,926 13,939	17,777 17,791 17,805 17,819 17,833 17,847 17,861	84,000 84,050 84,100 84,150 84,200 84,250 84,300	84,150 84,200 84,250 84,300	18,273 18,287 18,301 18,315 18,329 18,343 18,357	14,639 14,651 14,664 14,676 14,689	18,617 18,631 18,645 18,659 18,673 18,687 18,701
78,350 78,400 78,450 78,500 78,550	78,400 78,450 78,500 78,550	16,69° 16,705 16,715 16,733 16,747	1 13,214 5 13,226 9 13,239 3 13,251	17,035 17,049 17,063 17,077 17,091	81,350 81,400 81,450 81,500 81,550	81,400 81,450 81,500 81,550	17,531 17,545 17,559 17,573 17,587	13,964 13,976 13,989 14,001	17,875 17,889 17,903 17,917 17,931	84,350 84,400 84,450 84,500 84,550	84,450 84,500 84,550	18,371 18,385 18,399 18,413 18,427	14,714 14,726 14,739 14,751	18,715 18,729 18,743 18,757 18,771
	78,700	16,76° 16,775 16,789 16,800 16,817	13,289 13,301 13,314	17,105 17,119 17,133 17,147 17,161	1 ′	81,700	1 '	14,039 14,051 14,064	17,945 17,959 17,973 17,987 18,001	1 '	84,700		14,789 14,801 14,814	18,785 18,799 18,813 18,827 18,841
78,850 78,900	78,900 78,950 79,000	16,83 ² 16,84 ⁵ 16,85 ⁹	1 13,339 5 13,351	17,175 17,189 17,203	81,850 81,900	81,900 81,950 82,000	17,671 17,685	14,089 14,101	18,015 18,029 18,043	84,850 84,900	84,900 84,950 85,000	18,511 18,525	14,839 14,851	18,855 18,869 18,883
79	,000				82,	000				85,	,000			
79,050 79,100 79,150 79,250 79,350 79,350 79,450 79,550 79,660 79,660 79,700	79,050 79,100 79,150 79,200 79,250 79,350 79,400 79,550 79,600 79,650 79,750 79,750 79,750 79,800 79,850	16,875 16,887 16,901 16,915 16,925 16,945 16,995 17,015 17,025 17,045 17,065 17,085	7 13,389 1 13,401 5 13,414 5 13,426 8 13,439 7 13,451 1 13,464 5 13,489 8 13,501 1 13,514 1 13,526 5 13,539 9 13,551 8 13,564	17,217 17,231 17,245 17,259 17,273 17,287 17,301 17,315 17,329 17,343 17,357 17,371 17,385 17,399 17,413 17,427	82,050 82,150 82,150 82,250 82,350 82,350 82,450 82,450 82,550 82,650 82,650 82,750	82,050 82,100 82,150 82,200 82,250 82,300 82,350 82,400 82,450 82,500 82,650 82,750 82,750 82,750 82,850	17,713 17,727 17,741 17,755 17,769 17,783 17,839 17,881 17,883 17,867 17,881 17,895 17,993	14,139 14,151 14,164 14,176 14,189 14,201 14,214 14,226 14,239 14,251 14,264 14,264 14,276 14,289 14,301 14,314	18,057 18,071 18,085 18,099 18,113 18,127 18,141 18,155 18,169 18,183 18,197 18,211 18,225 18,239 18,253 18,267 18,281	85,050	85,250 85,300 85,350 85,400 85,450 85,550 85,550 85,600 85,650 85,700 85,750 85,800	18,553 18,567 18,581 18,595 18,602 18,637 18,651 18,665 18,707 18,721 18,735 18,745 18,763	14,889 14,901 14,914 14,939 14,939 14,951 14,964 15,001 15,014 15,014 15,026 15,039 15,051 15,064	18,897 18,911 18,925 18,939 18,953 18,967 18,981 18,995 19,009 19,023 19,037 19,051 19,065 19,079 19,093 19,107
79,850 79,900	79,900 79,950 80,000	17,111 17,125 17,139	13,589 5 13,601	17,455 17,469 17,483	82,850 82,900	82,900 82,950 83,000	17,951 17,965 17,979	14,339 14,351	18,295 18,309 18,323	85,850 85,900	85,900	18,791 18,805	15,089 15,101	19,135 19,149 19,163

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If Form 1040NF line 38,	R,		And you a	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you	are—	If Form 1040NF line 38,	₹,		And you a	ire—
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		'	Your tax is	s—			'	Your tax i	s—			'	Your tax i	s—
86,	,000				89,	000				92,	,000			
86,000 86,050 86,100 86,150	86,150	18,833 18,847 18,861 18,875	7 15,139 I 15,151	19,177 19,191 19,205 19,219	89,000 89,050 89,100 89,150	89,050 89,100 89,150 89,200	19,673 19,687 19,701 19,715	7 15,889 1 15,901	20,101 20,118 20,134 20,151	92,000 92,050 92,100 92,150	92,150	20,513 20,527 20,541 20,555	7 16,639 1 16,651	21,091 21,108 21,124 21,141
86,200 86,250 86,300 86,350	86,300 86,350	18,889 18,903 18,917 18,931	3 15,189 7 15,201	19,233 19,247 19,261 19,275	89,200 89,250 89,300 89,350	89,300 89,350	19,729 19,743 19,757 19,771	3 15,939 7 15,951	20,167 20,184 20,200 20,217	92,200 92,250 92,300 92,350	92,300 92,350 92,400	20,569 20,583 20,597 20,611	3 16,689 7 16,701	21,157 21,174 21,190 21,207
86,400 86,450 86,500 86,550	86,500 86,550	18,945 18,959 18,973 18,987	9 15,239 3 15,251	19,289 19,303 19,317 19,331	89,400 89,450 89,500 89,550	89,450 89,500 89,550 89,600	19,785 19,799 19,813 19,827	9 15,989 3 16,001	20,233 20,250 20,266 20,283	92,400 92,450 92,500 92,550	92,500 92,550	20,625 20,639 20,653 20,667	16,739 16,751	21,223 21,240 21,256 21,273
86,600 86,650 86,700 86,750	86,700 86,750 86,800	19,001 19,015 19,029 19,043	5 15,289 9 15,301 3 15,314	19,345 19,359 19,373 19,387	89,600 89,650 89,700 89,750	89,700 89,750 89,800	19,841 19,855 19,869 19,883	16,039 16,051 16,064	20,299 20,316 20,332 20,349	92,600 92,650 92,700 92,750	92,700 92,750 92,800	20,681 20,695 20,709 20,723	16,789 16,801 16,814	21,289 21,306 21,322 21,339
86,800 86,850 86,900 86,950	86,900 86,950	19,057 19,071 19,085 19,099	15,339 5 15,351	19,401 19,415 19,429 19,443	89,800 89,850 89,900 89,950	89,900 89,950	19,897 19,911 19,925 19,939	1 16,089 5 16,101	20,365 20,382 20,398 20,415	92,800 92,850 92,900 92,950	92,900 92,950	20,737 20,751 20,765 20,779	16,839 5 16,851	21,355 21,372 21,388 21,405
87,	,000	,			90,	000				93,	,000			
87,050	87,150	19,113 19,127 19,141 19,155	7 15,389 I 15,401	19,457 19,471 19,485 19,499	90,000 90,050 90,100 90,150	90,100	19,953 19,967 19,981 19,995	7 16,139 1 16,151	20,431 20,448 20,464 20,481	93,000 93,050 93,100 93,150	93,100 93,150	20,793 20,807 20,821 20,835	7 16,889 1 16,901	21,421 21,438 21,454 21,471
87,200 87,250 87,300 87,350	87,300 87,350 87,400	19,169 19,183 19,197 19,211	3 15,439 7 15,451 1 15,464	19,513 19,527 19,541 19,557	90,200 90,250 90,300 90,350	90,300 90,350 90,400	20,009 20,023 20,037 20,051	3 16,189 7 16,201 1 16,214	20,497 20,514 20,530 20,547	93,200 93,250 93,300 93,350	93,300 93,350 93,400	20,849 20,863 20,877 20,891	3 16,939 7 16,951 1 16,964	21,487 21,504 21,520 21,537
87,400 87,450 87,500 87,550 87,600 87,650	87,500 87,550 87,600 87,650	19,225 19,239 19,253 19,267 19,281 19,295	9 15,489 3 15,501 7 15,514 1 15,526 5 15,539	19,573 19,590 19,606 19,623 19,639 19,656	90,400 90,450 90,500 90,550 90,600 90,650	90,450 90,500 90,550 90,600 90,650 90,700	20,065 20,079 20,093 20,107 20,121 20,135	9 16,239 3 16,251 7 16,264 1 16,276 5 16,289	20,563 20,580 20,596 20,613 20,629 20,646	93,400 93,450 93,500 93,550 93,600 93,650	93,500 93,550 93,600 93,650 93,700	20,905 20,919 20,933 20,947 20,961 20,975	9 16,989 3 17,001 7 17,014 1 17,026 5 17,039	21,553 21,570 21,586 21,603 21,619 21,636
87,800	87,750 87,800 87,850 87,900	19,309 19,323 19,337 19,351	9 15,551 3 15,564 7 15,576 1 15,589	19,672 19,689 19,705 19,722	90,700 90,750 90,800 90,850	90,750 90,800 90,850 90,900	20,191	9 16,301 3 16,314 7 16,326 1 16,339	20,662 20,679 20,695 20,712	93,800 93,850	93,800 93,850 93,900	21,031	3 17,064 7 17,076 1 17,089	21,652 21,669 21,685 21,702
87,900 87,950	87,950 88,000	19,365 19,379	5 15,601 9 15,614	19,738 19,755		90,950 91,000	20,205 20,219		20,728 20,745		93,950 94,000	21,045 21,059		21,718 21,735
88,	,000				91,	000				94,	,000			
88,050 88,100	88,200	19,393 19,407 19,421 19,435	7 15,639 1 15,651 5 15,664	19,771 19,788 19,804 19,821 19,837	91,050 91,100 91,150	91,050 91,100 91,150 91,200 91,250	20,233 20,247 20,261 20,275 20,289	7 16,389 1 16,401 5 16,414	20,761 20,778 20,794 20,811 20,827		94,200	21,073 21,087 21,101 21,115 21,129	7 17,139 1 17,151 5 17,164	21,751 21,768 21,784 21,801 21,817
88,250 88,300 88,350	88,300 88,350 88,400	19,445 19,463 19,477 19,491	3 15,689 7 15,701 1 15,714	19,857 19,854 19,870 19,887 19,903	91,250 91,300 91,350	91,300 91,350 91,400 91,450	20,265 20,303 20,317 20,331 20,345	3 16,439 7 16,451 1 16,464	20,827 20,844 20,860 20,877 20,893	94,200 94,250 94,300 94,350 94,400	94,300 94,350 94,400	21,128 21,143 21,157 21,171	3 17,189 7 17,201 1 17,214	21,817 21,834 21,850 21,867 21,883
88,400 88,450 88,500 88,550 88,600	88,500 88,550 88,600	19,503 19,519 19,533 19,547	9 15,739 3 15,751 7 15,764	19,903 19,920 19,936 19,953 19,969	91,450 91,500	91,500 91,550 91,600	20,345 20,359 20,373 20,387 20,401	16,489 16,501 7 16,514	20,993 20,910 20,926 20,943 20,959	94,400 94,450 94,500 94,550 94,600	94,500 94,550	21,160 21,199 21,213 21,227 21,241	9 17,239 3 17,251 7 17,264	21,900 21,916 21,933 21,949
88,650 88,700 88,750	88,700 88,750 88,800	19,575 19,589 19,603	5 15,789 9 15,801 3 15,814	19,986 20,002 20,019	91,650 91,700 91,750	91,700 91,750 91,800	20,415 20,429 20,443	16,539 16,551 16,564	20,976 20,992 21,009	94,650 94,700 94,750 94,800	94,700 94,750 94,800	21,255 21,269 21,283	17,289 17,301 17,314	21,966 21,982 21,999
88,800 88,850 88,900 88,950	88,900	19,617 19,631 19,645 19,659	15,839 5 15,851	20,035 20,052 20,068 20,085	91,850 91,900	91,850 91,900 91,950 92,000	20,457 20,471 20,485 20,499	1 16,589 5 16,601	21,025 21,042 21,058 21,075	94,850 94,900	94,900	21,297 21,311 21,325 21,339	17,339 5 17,351	22,015 22,032 22,048 22,065

(Continued on page 40)

2003 Tax Table—Continued

If Form 1040NR, line 38, is—		And you are—		If Form 1040NR, line 38, is—		And you are—		If Form 1040NR, line 38, is—		And you are—				
At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately	At least	But less than	Single	Qualifying widow(er)	Married filing separately
		,	Your tax is	s—			,	Your tax	is—			<u>'</u>	Your tax i	s—
95,000		97,	97,000			99,	000							
95,000 95,050 95,100 95,150	95,050 95,100 95,150 95,200	21,350 21,367 21,387 21,395	7 17,389 1 17,401	22,081 22,098 22,114 22,131	97,000 97,050 97,100 97,150	97,150	21,91; 21,92 21,94 21,95	7 17,889 1 17,901	22,741 22,758 22,774 22,791	99,050 99,100 99,150	99,050 99,100 99,150 99,200	22,473 22,487 22,501 22,515	18,389 18,401	23,401 23,418 23,434 23,451
95,200 95,250 95,300 95,350	95,250 95,300 95,350 95,400	21,409 21,423 21,437 21,45	3 17,439 7 17,451	22,147 22,164 22,180 22,197	97,200 97,250 97,300 97,350	97,400	21,96 21,98 21,99 22,01	3 17,939 7 17,951 1 17,964	22,807 22,824 22,840 22,857	99,200 99,250 99,300 99,350	99,250 99,300 99,350 99,400	22,529 22,543 22,557 22,571	18,439 18,451 18,464	23,467 23,484 23,500 23,517
95,400 95,450 95,500 95,550	95,450 95,500 95,550 95,600	21,465 21,475 21,495 21,507	9 17,489 3 17,501	22,213 22,230 22,246 22,263	97,400 97,450 97,500 97,550	97,500 97,550 97,600	22,02 22,03 22,05 22,06	9 17,989 3 18,001	22,873 22,890 22,906 22,923	99,400 99,450 99,500 99,550	99,450 99,500 99,550 99,600	22,585 22,599 22,613 22,627	18,489 18,501 18,514	23,533 23,550 23,566 23,583
95,600 95,650 95,700 95,750	-	21,52 ⁻ 21,535 21,545 21,565	9 17,551	22,279 22,296 22,312 22,329	97,750	97,700 97,750 97,800	22,08 22,09 22,10 22,12	5 18,039 9 18,051	22,939 22,956 22,972 22,989	99,600 99,650 99,700 99,750	99,650 99,700 99,750 99,800	22,641 22,655 22,669 22,683	18,539 18,551 18,564	23,599 23,616 23,632 23,649
95,800 95,850 95,900 95,950	95,850 95,900 95,950 96,000	21,577 21,59 21,605 21,619	1 17,589 5 17,601	22,345 22,362 22,378 22,395	97,850 97,900	97,850 97,900 97,950 98,000	22,13 22,15 22,16 22,17	1 18,089 5 18,101	23,005 23,022 23,038 23,055	99,800 99,850 99,900 99,950	99,850 99,900 99,950 100,000	22,697 22,711 22,725 22,739	18,589 18,601	23,665 23,682 23,698 23,715
96,000		98,	000											
96,000 96,050 96,100 96,150		21,633 21,64 21,66 21,67	7 17,639 1 17,651	22,411 22,428 22,444 22,461	98,000 98,050 98,100 98,150		22,19 22,20 22,22 22,23	7 18,139 1 18,151	23,071 23,088 23,104 23,121					
96,200 96,250 96,300 96,350	96,250 96,300 96,350 96,400	21,689 21,700 21,717 21,73	3 17,689 7 17,701	22,477 22,494 22,510 22,527	98,200 98,250 98,300 98,350	98,400	22,24 22,26 22,27 22,29	3 18,189 7 18,201 1 18,214	23,154 23,170 23,187	\$100,000 or over —				
96,400 96,450 96,500 96,550	96,450 96,500 96,550 96,600	21,745 21,755 21,773 21,783	9 17,739 3 17,751 7 17,764	22,543 22,560 22,576 22,593	98,400 98,450 98,500 98,550	98,550 98,600	22,30 22,31 22,33 22,34	9 18,239 3 18,251 7 18,264	23,203 23,220 23,236 23,253		١ ١	use tl Tax Ra Schedu	ate ules	
96,600 96,650 96,700 96,750	96,650 96,700 96,750 96,800	21,80° 21,816 21,829 21,840	7,789 7,7801 7,801 7,814	22,609 22,626 22,642 22,659	98,600 98,650 98,700 98,750	,	22,36 22,37 22,38 22,40	5 18,289 9 18,301 3 18,314	23,286 23,302 23,319		/0	on page	- 41/	
96,800 96,850 96,900 96,950	96,850 96,900 96,950 97,000	21,857 21,87 21,885 21,895	1 17,839 5 17,851	22,675 22,692 22,708 22,725	98,800 98,850 98,900 98,950	98,850 98,900 98,950 99,000	22,41 22,43 22,44 22,45	1 18,339 5 18,351	23,335 23,352 23,368 23,385					

2003 Tax Rate Schedules

If you cannot use the Tax Table because your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, or if you are filing for an estate or trust, figure your tax on the amount on Form 1040NR, line 38, by using the appropriate Tax Rate Schedule below. Enter the tax on Form 1040NR, line 39. Even though Form 1040NR filers cannot use the Tax Rate Schedules below if their taxable incomes are less than \$100,000 (unless they are filing for an estate or trust), all levels of taxable income are shown so filers can see the tax rate that applies to each level.

Schedule W	
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Estates or Trusts

Use this schedule for a nonresident alien estate or trust—

Ì		amount m R, line <i>But not</i> - <i>over</i> —	Enter on Form 1040NR, line 39	of the amount over—
-	1,900	\$0 \$1,900	15%	\$0
\$285	1,500	00 4,500	6285.00 + 25%	1,900
935	6,850	00 6,850	935.00 + 28%	4,500
,593	9,350	50 9,350	,593.00 + 33%	6,850
2,418		50	,418.00 + 35%	9,350

Schedule X

Single Taxpayers

Use this schedule if you checked Filing Status Box 1 or 2 on Form 1040NR—

If the amount on Form 1040NR, line 38, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Form 1040NR, line 39	of the amount over—
\$0	\$7,000	10%	\$0
7,000	28,400	\$700.00 + 15%	7,000
28,400	68,800	3,910.00 + 25%	28,400
68,800	143,500	14,010.00 + 28%	68,800
143,500	311,950	34,926.00 + 33%	143,500
311,950		90,514.50 + 35%	311,950

Schedule Y

Married Filing Separate Returns

Use this schedule if you checked Filing Status Box 3, 4, or 5 on Form 1040NR—

If the amount on Form 1040NR, line 38, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Form 1040NR, line 39	of the amount over—
\$0	\$7,000	10%	\$0
7,000	28,400	\$700.00 + 15%	7,000
28,400	57,325	3,910.00 + 25%	28,400
57,325	87,350	11,141.25 + 28%	57,325
87,350	155,975	19,548.25 + 33%	87,350
155,975		42,194.50 + 35%	155,975

Schedule Z

Qualifying Widows and Widowers

Use this schedule if you checked **Filing Status Box 6** on Form 1040NR—

If the amount on Form 1040NR, line 38, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Form 1040NR, line 39	of the amount over—
\$0	\$14,000	10%	\$0
14,000	56,800	\$1,400.00 + 15%	14,000
56,800	114,650	7,820.00 + 25%	56,800
114,650	174,700	22,282.50 + 28%	114,650
174,700	311,950	39,096.50 + 33%	174,700
311,950		84,389.00 + 35%	311,950

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