DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility	Name:	Safety-Kleen Corp 1-183-08
Facility	Address:	514 E. 45 th St., Boise, ID 83704
Facility	EPA ID#:	IDD000712026
1.	groundwater, sur	relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, face water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste ts (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this
	X	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
		if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

<u>Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI</u>

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

Groundwater	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u> _ X _	<u>?</u> 	Rationale / Key Contaminants	
Air (indoors) ²		_X_			
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		_X_			
Surface Water		_X_			
Sediment		_X			
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)		_X_			
Air (outdoors)		_X_			
"contar determ	minated" ination t	medium,	citing appropriate dium could pose :	ifying key contaminants in each "levels" (or provide an explanation for unacceptable risk), and referencing	
If unkr	own (for	r any med	a) - skip to #6 and	l enter "IN" status code.	
Rationale and				l enter "IN" status code.	
Rationale and					
Rationale and Reference(s):					
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Rationale and Reference(s):					
Rationale and Reference(s):					
Rationale and Reference(s):					

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

²Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

Potential **<u>Human Receptors</u>** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated"	<u>Media</u>	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Constructi	ion Tre	espasser	s Recreat	ion F	ood^3
Groundwater										_
Air (indoors)										
Soil (surface, e.g.	, <2 ft)								_	
Surface Water									_	
Sediment						_			_	
Soil (subsurface e	.g., > 2 ft)								_	
Air (outdoors)										
Instructions for <u>S</u>	ummary Ex	kposure Pa	thway Eva	aluation Ta	<u>ble</u> :					
	e-out specifinated") as		_		ceptors' spa	aces for	Media	which are	not	
	"yes" or "i combinati			ompletenes	s" under eac	ch "Co	ntamina	ted" Medi	a Hı	uman
Note: In order to Media - Human R combinations ma added as necessa	eceptor co y not be pr	mbination	ıs (Pathwa	ays) do not	have check	spaces	s (","). While	these	
	to #6, and place, whe	enter "YE ether natur ated mediu	" status co al or man-	ode, after e made, prev	contaminate xplaining are renting a co Pathway Ev	nd/or re mplete	eferencii exposui	ng conditione re pathway	on(s) i y from	in- each
	-	-	_	-	ontaminate supporting 6			nan Recep	otor	
		n (for any "IN" statu		nated" Me	dia - Humar	n Recep	otor com	bination)	- skip	to #6
Rationale and Reference(s):						.———			-	

 ³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

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4	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?					
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."					
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."	r				
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code					
	Rationale and Reference(s):	-				
		-				
		-				
		_				

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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5	Can the "signific	ant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?
		If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
		If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
		If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code

Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

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6.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):						
	X_ YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Base review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human are expected to be "Under Control" at the _Safety-Kleen Corp facility, EPA ID #_IDD000712026,514 45 th St., Boise, ID_ under current and reasonably expected conditions."						
		determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.					
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."					
		IN - More information is needed to make a determination.					
	Completed by	(signature) Date12-7-99 (print) Beth McPherson (title) Hazardous Waste Permit Officer					
	Supervisor	(signature) Date12-7-99 (print) John Brueck (for Brian Monson, RCRA Program Manager) (title) HW Reg. & Pol. Coor (EPA Region or State) Idaho					
	Locations wher	e References may be found:					
		Division of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton Boise, Idaho 83706					
	Contact telepho	ne and e-mail numbers					
	(phone)Robert Bullock e#)208-373-0502					

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES ELIS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.

Note: CA725 was entered into RCRIS in 10/97 with a date of 9/5/96. This facility was determined to have completed Corrective Action (CA999) on 10/29/1998

DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)

Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

Facility	Name: Address: EPA ID #:	Safety-Kleen Corp 1-183-08 514 E. 45 th St., Boise, ID 83704 IDD000712026
1.	groundwater med	relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to the dia, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units ated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?
	X	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
		if data are not available, skip to #8 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code.

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

<u>Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI</u>

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2.	Is groundwater known or reasonably suspected to be " contaminated " above appropriately protective "levels" (i.e., applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from, the facility?
	If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation.
	X If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated."
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
	Rationale and Reference(s):

Footnotes:

¹"Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

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If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation. If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. Rationale and Reference(s):	3.	Has the migration of contaminated groundwater stabilized (such that contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within "existing area of contaminated groundwater" as defined by the monitoring locations designated at the time of this determination)?			
designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²) - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation. If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. Rationale and			sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the		
Rationale and			designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²) - skip to		
			If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.		

² "existing area of contaminated groundwater" is an area (with horizontal and vertical dimensions) that has been verifiably demonstrated to contain all relevant groundwater contamination for this determination, and is defined by designated (monitoring) locations proximate to the outer perimeter of "contamination" that can and will be sampled/tested in the future to physically verify that all "contaminated" groundwater remains within this area, and that the further migration of "contaminated" groundwater is not occurring. Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

4. Does "contaminated" groundwater discharge into surface water bodies?		ed" groundwater discharge into surface water bodies?
	I	If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies.
	ϵ	If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing an explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater 'contamination' does not enter surface water bodies.
	I	f unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.

5.	Is the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be "insignificant" (i.e., the			
		ntration ³ of each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their ndwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of		
	discharging contaminants, or environmental setting), which significantly increase the potential for			
		pacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?		
	unacceptable im	pacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations):		
		If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration ³ of <u>key</u> contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) provide a statement of professional judgement/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have		
		unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system.		
		If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of each contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations greater than 100 times their appropriate groundwater "levels," the estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identify if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing.		
		If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.		
	Rationale and Reference(s):			

³ As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

6.	Can the dischar	Can the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be "currently		
	acceptable" (i.e., not cause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed			
	to continue until a final remedy decision can be made and implemented ⁴)?			
		If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; OR 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interim-assessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making the EI determination.		
		If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be " currently acceptable ") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems.		
		If unknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code.		
	Rationale and			

⁴ Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

⁵ The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

7.	Will groundwater monitoring / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as necessary) be collected in the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (or vertical, as necessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?"			
		If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations which will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary) beyond the "existing area of groundwater contamination."		
		If no - enter "NO" status code in #8.		
		If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.		

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8.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Contro EI (event code CA750), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).		
	X	_ YE - Yes, "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI determination, it has been determined that the "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at theSafety Kleen Corpfacility, EPA ID #IDD000712026, located at514 45 th St., Boise, ID Specifically, this determination indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater is under control, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the "existing area of contaminated groundwater" This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.	
		NO - Unacceptable migration of contaminated groundwater is observed or expected.	
		IN - More information is needed to make a determination.	
	Completed by	(signature) Date12-7-99 (print) Beth McPherson (title) Hazardous Waste Permit Officer	
	Supervisor	(signature) Date12-7-99 (print) John Brueck (for Brian Monson, RCRA Program Manager) (title) HW Reg. & Pol. Coor (EPA Region or State) Idaho	
	Locations where References may be found:		
		Division of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton Boise, Idaho 83706	
	Contact telephone and e-mail numbers		
	(phone	Robert Bullock #)208-373-0502 1)	

Note: CA750 was entered into RCRIS in 10/97 with a date of 9/5/96. This facility was determined to have completed Corrective Action (CA999) on 10/29/1998