## Jail inmates in 1995

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by Darrell Gilliard, BJS Statistician
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| Table 2.1. Persons under jail supervision, by confinement status and type of program, midyear 1995 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of persons under |
| Total | jail superyision |
| Held in jail | 507,044 |
| Supervised outside of a jail facility ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 34,869 |
| Electronic monitoring | 6,788 |
| Home detention ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,376 |
| Day reporting | 1,283 |
| Community service | 10,253 |
| Weekender program | 1,909 |
| Other alternative work programs ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 9,144 |
| Other pretrial supervision | 3,229 |
| Other | 887 |
| ${ }^{2}$ Excludes persons supervised by a p or a parole agency. <br> ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes only those without electron ${ }^{\text {}}$ Includes persons in work release pr work gangs/crews, and other altern programs administered by the jail jur | obation <br> monitoring. grams, ive work diction. |

Table 2.2. One-day count and average daily population of jail inmates, midyear 1990-95

|  | Number of jail inmates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual Survey of Jails |  |  | Census of Jails, 1993 | Annual Survey of Jails |  |
|  | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |  | 1994 | 1995 |
| One-day count |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All inmates | 405,320 | 426,479 | 444,584 | 459,804 | 486,500 | 507,044 |
| Adults | 403,019 | 424,129 | 441,780 | 455,500 | 479,800 | 499,300 |
| Male | 365,821 | 384,628 | 401,106 | 411,500 | 431,300 | 448,000 |
| Female | 37,198 | 39,501 | 40,674 | 44,100 | 48,500 | 51,300 |
| Juveniles ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,301 | 2,350 | 2,804 | 4,300 | 6,700 | 7,800 |
| Average daily population ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All inmates | 408,075 | 422,609 | 441,889 | 466,155 | 479,757 | 509,828 |
| Adults | 405,935 | 420,276 | 439,362 | 462,800 | -- | -- |
| Male | 368,091 | 381,458 | 399,528 | 418,200 | -- | -- |
| Female | 37,844 | 38,818 | 39,834 | 44,600 | -- | -- |
| Juveniles ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,140 | 2,333 | 2,804 | 3,400 | -- | -- |

Note: Data for 1-day counts are for June 30, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995; June 29, 1990; and June 28, 1991.
Data for detail for 1993 were estimated and rounded to the nearest 100. Data for 1990-93 may include persons supervised outside jail facilities. Data for 1994-95 were estimated for only those persons held in custody.
Detail may not add to total because of rounding.
--Not available.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Juveniles are persons defined by State statute as being under a certain age, usually 18, and subject initially to juvenile court authority even if tried as adults in criminal court. In 1994 the survey's definition was changed to include all persons under age 18. Because of the definitional change, caution must be used in interpreting
any changes over time.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ The average daily population is the sum of the number of inmates in a jail each day for a year, divided by 365 .

Table 2.3. Demographic characteristics of jail inmates, midyear 1990-95

|  | Number of jail inmates |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of jail inmates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 |
| Total | 405,320 | 426,479 | 444,584 | 459,804 | 486,474 | 507,044 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 368,002 | 386,865 | 403,768 | 415,600 | 437,600 | 455,400 | 90.8\% | 90.7\% | 90.8\% | 90.4\% | 90.0\% | 89.8\% |
| Female | 37,318 | 39,614 | 40,816 | 44,200 | 48,800 | 51,600 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.2 |
| Race/Hispanic origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White non-Hispanic | 167,831 | 173,512 | 173,973 | 180,900 | 190,100 | 203,300 | 41.8\% | 41.1\% | 40.1\% | 39.3\% | 39.1\% | 40.1\% |
| Black non-Hispanic | 170,505 | 183,639 | 191,188 | 203,500 | 213,400 | 220,600 | 42.5 | 43.4 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 43.9 | 43.5 |
| Hispanic | 57,449 | 60,129 | 62,961 | 69,200 | 74,900 | 74,400 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 15.1 | 15.4 | 14.7 |
| Other* | 5,321 | 5,391 | 5,831 | 6,200 | 8,100 | 8,800 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 |

Note: Data on race/Hispanic origin were reported for $89.7 \%$ of inmates in 1990, $91.1 \%$ in 1991, $97.6 \%$ in 1992, $85.1 \%$ in $1993,95.8 \%$ in 1994 , and $97.1 \%$ in 1995. Data for 1990-93 may include persons supervised outside of jail facilities. Data for 1994-95 were estimated for only those persons held in custody.

Table 2.4. Number of jail inmates and rates per 100,000 U.S. residents, midyear 1985-95

| Year | All jail <br> inmates $^{\text {a }}$ | Inmates <br> per100,000 <br> residents | Adult jail <br> inmates $^{\text {b }}$ | Adult inmates <br> per 100,000 <br> adult residents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 507,044 | 193 | 499,300 | 257 |
| 1994 | 486,474 | 187 | 479,800 | 249 |
| 1993 | 459,804 | 178 | 455,500 | 239 |
| 1992 | 444,584 | 174 | 441,781 | 234 |
| 1991 | 426,479 | 169 | 424,129 | 277 |
| 1990 | 405,320 | 163 | 403,019 | 218 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 395,553 | 160 | 393,303 | 214 |
| 1988 | 343,569 | 141 | 341,893 | 189 |
| 1987 | 295,873 | 122 | 294,092 | 164 |
| 1986 | 274,444 | 114 | 272,736 | 154 |
| 1985 | 256,615 | 108 | 254,986 | 145 |

Note: Inmate counts for 1985-87 and 1994-95, are survey estimates subject to sampling error. For estimates of the sampling error for each year, see table 2.10.
 sons who were under jail supervision but not confined.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ The number of adult inmates was estimated and rounded to the nearest 100. See Methodology.

Figure 6. Number of jail inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents, by race, 1984-95
Number of inmates in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents in each group


Table 2.5. Number of jail inmates and rates per
100,000 U.S. residents, by race, midyear 1985-95

|  | Number of local jail inmates |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | White | Per 100,000 <br> white U.S. <br> residents | Black | Per 100,000 <br> black U.S. <br> residents |
| 1995 | 266,200 | 122 | 232,000 | 700 |
| 1994 | 253,500 | 117 | 224,900 | 688 |
| 1993 | 239,500 | 111 | 214,100 | 665 |
| 1992 | 233,000 | 109 | 195,200 | 619 |
| 1991 | 229,900 | 109 | 188,300 | 604 |
| 1990 | 221,400 | 106 | 174,300 | 569 |
| 1989 | 220,700 | 106 | 171,300 | 568 |
| 1988 | 197,700 | 96 | 142,000 | 478 |
| 1987 | 176,700 | 86 | 115,000 | 392 |
| 1986 | 160,000 | 79 | 108,600 | 375 |
| 1985 | 147,600 | 73 | 105,200 | 368 |

Note: Categories for black and white inmates include Hispanics.
Inmate counts for 1985-87, 1989-92, and 1994-95 are survey es-
timates subject to sampling error. Data are estimated and
rounded to the nearest 100.

Table 2.6. Conviction status of adult jail inmates,
by sex, midyear 1985, 1990-95

|  | Percent of jail inmates |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | $1993^{*}$ | $1995^{*}$ |  |
| Total | 250,468 | 403,019 | 424,129 | 441,780 | 455,500 | 499,300 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Convicted | 123,409 | 195,661 | 206,458 | 217,940 | 226,600 | 219,600 |  |
| $\quad$ Male | 114,131 | 177,619 | 185,947 | 196,656 | 203,900 | 198,400 |  |
| Female | 9,278 | 18,042 | 20,511 | 21,284 | 22,700 | 21,200 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unconvicted | 127,059 | 207,358 | 217,671 | 223,840 | 228,900 | 279,600 |  |
| $\quad$ Male | 117,560 | 188,202 | 198,681 | 204,450 | 207,600 | 250,000 |  |
| Female | 9,499 | 19,156 | 18,990 | 19,390 | 21,300 | 29,600 |  |

Note: The number of convicted inmates may be undercounted because some jail re-
cords do not distinguish between inmates who are unconvicted and those who are con-
victed but waiting to be sentenced. Data for 1994 are not available.
Data on conviction status by sex were reported for 88.9\% of all adult inmates in 1993 and $96.3 \%$ in 1995. Totals were estimated using known data and rounded to the nearest 100. Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

Table 2.7. Jail capacity and occupancy, midyear 1990-95

|  | Annual Survey of Jails |  |  | Census of Jails 1993 | Annual Survey of Jails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |  | 1994 | 1995 |
| Number of inmates held ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 405,320 | 426,479 | 444,584 | 459,804 | 486,474 | 507,044 |
| Rated capacity of jails ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 389,171 | 421,237 | 449,197 | 475,224 | 504,324 | 545,763 |
| Percent of rated capacity occupied ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 104\% | 101\% | 99\% | 97\% | 96\% | 93\% |
| Amount of capacity added ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 21,402 | 32,066 | 27,960 | 26,027 | 29,100 | 41,439 |

Note: Data for 1-day counts are for June 30, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995; June 29,
1990; and June 28, 1991.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Population counts for 1990-93 could include persons supervised outside of jail facilities.
Population counts for 1994 and 1995 are for custody only.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned to facilities within each jurisdiction.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Percent of rated capacity occupied is based on the 1-day count of inmates. This ratio may include some inmates not in physical custody but under the jurisdiction of a local jail, such as inmates on electronic monitoring, under house arrest, or in day reporting or other community service supervision programs.
${ }^{\text {d }}$ The amount of bedspace added during the 12 months before the survey or census in each year.

Table 2.8. The 25 largest jail jurisdictions: Number of inmates, average daily population, and rated capacity, midyear 1993-95

|  | Number or inmates |  |  | Average daily population* |  |  | Rated capacity |  |  | Percent of capacity occupied |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jurisdiction | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1988 | 1993 | 1994 |
| Los Angeles County, CA | 20,065 | 20,113 | 18,236 | 23,232 | 19,725 | 19,896 | 14,372 | 13,340 | 20,049 | 140\% | 151\% | 91\% |
| New York City, NY | 17,307 | 18,171 | 18,143 | 17,488 | 18,091 | 18,200 | 20,556 | 18,696 | 19,033 | 84 | 97 | 95 |
| Cook County, IL | 9,054 | 9,092 | 10,398 | 8,851 | 8,950 | 10,837 | 7,831 | 8,032 | 9,317 | 116 | 113 | 112 |
| Harris County, TX | 9,472 | 10,716 | 8,825 | 11,637 | 10,282 | 8,962 | 9,800 | 8,698 | 8,698 | 97 | 123 | 101 |
| Dallas County, TX | 7,592 | 9,715 | 5,721 | 6,747 | 9,321 | 7,151 | 4,808 | 6,676 | 8,629 | 158 | 146 | 66 |
| Dade County, FL | 5,553 | 6,338 | 6,653 | 5,489 | 6,656 | 6,728 | 4,874 | 6,752 | 6,604 | 114\% | 94\% | 101\% |
| San Diego County, CA | 5,374 | 5,487 | 6,197 | 5,350 | 5,651 | 5,820 | 3,675 | 8,672 | 5,670 | 146 | 63 | 109 |
| Orleans Parish, LA | -- | 5,351 | 5,558 | -- | 5,231 | 5,549 | -- | 7,174 | 7,174 | -- | 75 | 77 |
| Maricopa County, AZ | 4,478 | 5,170 | 5,717 | 4,641 | 4,862 | 5,503 | 4,232 | 4,910 | 4,910 | 106 | 105 | 116 |
| Shelby County, TN | 6,451 | 5,124 | 5,247 | 6,426 | 4,891 | 5,091 | 6,411 | 6,344 | 5,512 | 101 | 81 | 95 |
| Orange County, CA | 4,659 | 4,987 | 5,157 | 4,672 | 4,836 | 5,074 | 3,954 | 3,821 | 3,821 | 118\% | 131\% | 135\% |
| Philadelphia City, PA | 4,836 | 4,696 | 5,076 | 4,912 | 4,799 | 4,968 | 3,750 | 5,349 | 3,750 | 129 | 88 | 135 |
| Tarrant County, TX | 4,408 | 5,317 | 3,865 | 4,508 | 5,167 | 4,468 | 3,952 | 4,996 | 4,369 | 112 | 106 | 88 |
| Santa Clara County, CA | 4,237 | 4,303 | 4,174 | 4,451 | 4,103 | 4,161 | 4,132 | 4,088 | 3,774 | 103 | 105 | 111 |
| San Bernardino County, CA | 2,999 | 3,136 | 4,025 | 3,146 | 3,188 | 4,100 | 2,709 | 3,744 | 4,930 | 111 | 84 | 82 |
| Alameda County, CA | 3,281 | 3,330 | 3,881 | 3,604 | 3,098 | 3,903 | 3,434 | 3,552 | 4,063 | 96\% | 94\% | 96\% |
| Bexar County, TX | 3,740 | 4,301 | 3,099 | 3,400 | 3,882 | 3,569 | 2,397 | 3,640 | 3,640 | 156 | 118 | 85 |
| Broward County, FL | 2,921 | 3,367 | 3,573 | 2,892 | 3,165 | 3,546 | 3,656 | 3,654 | 3,656 | 80 | 92 | 98 |
| Orange County, FL | 3,096 | 3,470 | 3,530 | 3,386 | 3,162 | 3,441 | 3,229 | 3,329 | 3,329 | 96 | 104 | 106 |
| Baltimore City , MD | 3,112 | 3,350 | 3,777 | 3,011 | 3,160 | 3,380 | 2,833 | 2,833 | 2,933 | 110 | 118 | 129 |
| Sacramento County, CA | 2,741 | 2,954 | 3,125 | 2,976 | 2,852 | 3,094 | 2,769 | 2,749 | 2,749 | 99\% | 107\% | 114\% |
| Duval County, FL | 2,423 | 2,775 | 2,628 | 2,366 | 2,383 | 2,688 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 73 | 84 | 80 |
| Wayne County, MI | 2,280 | 2,499 | 2,598 | 2,160 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 2,585 | 2,545 | 2,628 | 88 | 98 | 99 |
| Milwaukee County, WI | 2,292 | 2,247 | 2,491 | 1,977 | 2,165 | 2,501 | 1,904 | 1,854 | 2,274 | 120 | 121 | 110 |
| Hillsborough County, FL | 2,126 | 1,992 | 2,536 | 2,240 | 2,108 | 2,384 | 2,276 | 2,445 | 2,649 | 93 | 81 | 96 |

Note: The jurisdictions are ranked by their average daily population in 1995.
--Not available.
*Based on average daily population for the year ending June 30.

Table 2.9. Standard error estimates for the Annual Survey of Jails, 1995

| Characteristic | Estimate | Standard error | Relative standard error (percent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total under supervision | 541,913 | 3,299 | 0.61\% |
| Number held in jail | 507,044 | 2,931 | 0.60\% |
| Number supervised outside a jail facility | 34,869 | 1,269 | 3.64\% |
| Electronic monitoring | 6,788 | 748 | 11.02 |
| Home detention | 1,376 | 95 | 6.90 |
| Day reporting | 1,283 | 56 | 4.36 |
| Community service | 10,253 | 731 | 7.13 |
| Weekender programs | 1,909 | 198 | 10.37 |
| Other pretrial supervision | 3,229 | 412 | 12.76 |
| Other work programs | 9,144 | 336 | 3.67 |
| Other | 887 | 86 | 9.70 |
| One-day count ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| All persons supervised | 515,122 | 2,985 | 0.58\% |
| Adults | 507,234 | 2,945 | 0.58 |
| Male | 455,098 | 2,657 | 0.58 |
| Female | 52,136 | 474 | 0.58 |
| Juveniles | 7,888 | 283 | 0.91 |
| Held as adults | 6,018 | 242 | 4.02 |
| Held as juveniles | 1,870 | 148 | 7.91 |
| Average daily population | 509,828 | 2,725 | 0.58\% |
| Rated capacity | 545,763 | 3,788 | 0.69\% |
| Sex ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Male | 462,670 | 2,694 | 0.58\% |
| Female | 52,452 | 480 | 0.92 |
| Race/Hispanic origin ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| White non-Hispanic | 200,460 | 2,181 | 1.09\% |
| Black non-Hispanic | 217,573 | 2,148 | 0.99 |
| Hispanic | 73,372 | 969 | 1.32 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 8,657 | 416 | 4.81 |
| Total conviction status ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Convicted | 214,978 | 1,991 | 0.93\% |
| Male | 194,181 | 1,841 | 0.95 |
| Female | 20,797 | 302 | 1.45 |
| Unconvicted | 273,689 | 1,983 | 0.72 |
| Male | 244,683 | 1,812 | 0.74 |
| Female | 29,006 | 281 | 0.97 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Totals and subtotals include some persons supervised outside jail facilities. For comparison with previous years, estimates in tables 2.2, 2.3, and 2.6 have been calculated based only on the number of inmates held in jail facilities.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

Table 2.10. Standard error estimates for the number of inmates and rated capacity for the Annual Survey of Jails, midyear 1985-95

| Year | Number of inmates |  |  | Rated capacity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Estimated standard error | Relative standard error (percent) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Number ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Estimated standard error | Relative standard error (percent) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 1995 | 507,044 | 2,931 | 0.58 | 545,763 | 3,788 | 0.69\% |
| 1994 | 486,474 | 2,485 | 0.51 | 504,324 | 3,221 | 0.64 |
| 1992 | 444,584 | 2,076 | 0.47 | 449,197 | 2,693 | 0.60\% |
| 1991 | 426,479 | 2,151 | 0.50 | 421,237 | 2,522 | 0.60 |
| 1990 | 405,320 | 1,778 | 0.44 | 389,171 | 2,249 | 0.58 |
| 1989 | 395,553 | 1,583 | 0.40 | 367,769 | 2,042 | 0.56 |
| 1987 | 295,873 | 1,687 | 0.57 | 301,198 | 2,192 | 0.73\% |
| 1986 | 274,444 | 1,465 | 0.53 | 285,726 | 2,093 | 0.73 |
| 1985 | 256,615 | 1,459 | 0.57 | 272,830 | 2,062 | 0.76 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Data for 1985-93 may include persons held outside of jail facilities.
Data for 1994-95 are for custody only.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Relative standard error is the estimated standard error divided by
the estimated number of inmates or rated capacity.

## Methodology

## Annual Survey of Jails

In each of the 4 years between the full censuses, a survey of jails is conducted to estimate baseline characteristics of the Nation's jails and the inmates housed in these jails. The 1995 Annual Survey of Jails is the 11th such survey in a series begun in 1982. The reference date for the 1994 survey was June 30, 1995.

Using information from the 1993 Census of Jails, a new sample of jail jurisdictions was selected for the 1994 survey. A jurisdiction is a county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails. The sample included all jails in 796 selected jail jurisdictions and 23 multijurisdiction jails. A multijurisdiction jail is one in which two or more jurisdictions have a formal agreement to operate the facility.

In the drawing of the sample for 1994 and 1995, jail jurisdictions were first stratified into two groups: single-jurisdiction jails and multijurisdiction jails. All of the multijurisdiction jails were included in the survey. The
remaining jurisdictions were then further stratified into two groups: jurisdictions with jails authorized to hold juveniles and jurisdictions with jails holding adults only. Jurisdictions were then selected based on the average daily population in the 1993 census. All jails in 203 jurisdictions were automatically included if the jurisdiction held juveniles and had an average daily population of 250 or more inmates in 1993 or if it held only adults and had an average population of 500 or more. The other jurisdictions (593) were then selected based on stratified probability sampling. ata were obtained by mailed questionnaires. After followup phone calls to nonrespondents, the response rate for the survey was $100 \%$.

National estimates for the inmate population on June 30, 1995, were produced by sex, race/Hispanic origin, and age group and for the average daily population during the year ending June 30, 1995. National estimates were also produced for rated capacity.

## Sampling error

Survey estimates have an associated sampling error because jurisdictions with smaller average daily populations were sampled for the survey. Estimates based on the sample survey may differ somewhat from the results of conducting a complete census. Different samples could yield somewhat different results. Standard error is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, stating the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average of all possible samples. The estimated relative sampling error for the total inmate population of 507,044 on June 30, 1994 , was $0.58 \%$. (See tables 2.9 and 2.10.)

## Measures of population

Two measures of inmate population are used: the average daily population for the year ending June 30 and the inmate count on June 30 of each year. The average daily population balances out any extraordinary events that may render atypical the inmate count on June 30. The June 30 count provides data on characteristics of inmates, such as race, Hispanic origin, and age, that may not be available on an annual basis.

For the first time in 1995 the Annual Survey of Jails obtained separate counts of the total number of offenders under jail jurisdiction, those held in jail facilities, and those supervised outside of jail facilities. Previous surveys and censuses included a small but unknown number of offenders under community supervision.

To estimate the percent change from 1994 to 1995 in the jail population, the 1995 survey included a count of inmates held at midyear 1994. Based on the 1995 survey results, the 1994 survey total $(490,442)$ included an estimated 3,968 persons under community supervision.

## Juveniles

State statutes and judicial practices allow juveniles to be incarcerated in adult jails under a variety of circumstances. Because of the differing statutes and practices, however, accurate and comparable data on juveniles are difficult to collect. Beginning in 1994 the Annual Jail Survey provided estimates of the total number of jail inmates under age 18, the number held as adults, and the number held as juveniles. New sampling procedures were also introduced in 1994 to minimize the standard errors of these estimates. By stratifying jurisdictions based on the authority to house juveniles, the precision of the juvenile counts was improved

