Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, All United States, 2003

Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ¹					
		Transpor- tation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	5,559	2,357	901	911	691	485	198
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴ Self-employed ⁵	4,392 1,167		622 279	700 211	556 135		172 26
Sex							
Men Women	5,115 444		760 141	895 16	653 38	456 29	
Age							
Under 16 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over	25 28 84 461 1,016 1,324 1,298 801 519	14 33 174 429 521 558 367	 13 86 185 225 203 114 73	81 151 232 203 129	 9 41 99 152 182 118	 5 8 56 117 131 100 47	34 58 45 23
Race or Ethnic Origin ⁶							
White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic or Latino American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	3,976 542 791 42 147 11	223 251 16 40	540 129 128 5 78 3	82	489 49 130 6 11 3	339 45 85 8	14

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2003 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, and rail fatalities.

Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and assaults by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation.

⁵ Includes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses, or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic may be of any race. The individual race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics.