

Industry Past-Performance Perspective

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Limited-Purpose Document

Use

- Provide Relevant Contractor Performance Data for Future Source Selections – Government and Industry Narratives Should Address Needs/ Concerns of the PRAG
- Near-Term Results Select Contractors Who Are Delivering What They Propose
- Long-Term Benefit Improved Contract Performance

Misuse

- Send a Message to the Contractor
- Establish a Negotiation Position
- Keep Program Sold
- Rate Government Program Manager
- "Nobody Grades as Hard as I Do"

Characteristics of Ideal Past-Performance Evaluation

- Relevant to Source Selection
- Reliable and Repeatable
- Timely (Recent) and Comprehensive

- Minimum Administrative Burden
- Yields Differentiation

Lessons Learned

- Focus on Critical Capabilities More Than Unique Occurrences
- Consider Performance Over Entire Reporting Period
- Year-to-Year Trend Data Often More Insightful Than Absolute Data Benefits/Understanding Increase Over Time
- Use as a Common Contractor/ Government Management Tool
- Objective Performance Data With Subjective Visibility Into Causes Rather Than Speculation or Conjecture

Characteristics of Ideal Past-Performance Evaluation

- Contractor Input (Not Explicit in Draft DoD Policy, but Essential)
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- Senior-Level Review
- Consistent Standards

- Legally Defensible
- Provides Performance Incentive

Lessons Learned

- Issues Must Be Openly Discussed Hidden Agendas Destroy Credibility/ Create Adversary Reactions
- Intractable Issues Reviewed in Context
- Year-to-Year, Program-to-Program, Command-to-Command Consistency Essential, but Will Take Time
- Follow All Critical Characteristics of Past-Performance System
- Contractor's Future Depends on Execution of All Elements of Current Contract, Not on Proposal Skills





Reasonable Contractor Expectations of Program Office

- Not a Collection of Functional Inputs; Objective Is Improved Program Performance, Not Process Performance. Program Manager Owns the CPAR
- Identify OPRs for Each Evaluation Area Tied to Contract Performance Requirements – Contractor Has To Know Who the Customers Are To Satisfy Them
- Issues or Problems Normally Shouldn't "Bleed" Across Multiple Areas
- Make It Possible To Achieve Blue Ratings
- Don't Keep Raising the Bar Motivate and Recognize Consistently Exceptional Performance
- Frequent Tracking Discussions/Incorporate in Program Reviews No End of Report Surprises



Reasonable Expectations From Your Contractor

- Proactive Acceptance After All, We Evaluate Our Suppliers the Same Way
- Recognize This Is an Important Management Tool
- Align Their Internal Company Management Metrics and Reviews With CPARs Criteria
- Develop Objective Criteria/Metric for Each Evaluation Area
- Continuous Self-Assessment
- Strive for Exceptional (Blue) Performance, Not Just Avoidance of Marginal or Unsatisfactory Performance
- Manage Process for Continuous Improvement
- Identify and Execute Reasonable Corrective Action Plans



Development of Initial CPARs

- Focus on Year Ahead/Develop Previous Year From Same Criteria (to the Extent Possible)
- Review Contract List for Applicability/Make Contract Selection
 - Considerations
 - System Versus Nonsystem
 - BOA and Task Order
 - Unique Versus Similar Tasks
- Group Contracts
 - Sufficiently Similar That Common Criteria Should Apply?
 - Level of Risk, Complexity?
 - Phase of Program



Development of Initial CPARs (Continued)

- Review 14 CPAR Evaluation Areas for Each Contract
 - Applicable if
 - Significant Contract Activity Throughout the Year
 - Some Objective Measures of Performance Available
 - Nonapplicable (Neither of Above Apply)
 - If in Doubt, Probably Do Not Include; PRAGs Tend To Focus on Relevance of the Core of the Contract, Not the Fringes
- Iteration
 - Quick Review of Previous Steps
 - Looking To Simplify and Combine
 - Contracts Really Different?
 - Objective Data Consistent With Activity
 - Criticality
 - Final Selection of Applicable Contracts and Evaluation Areas

CPARS CRAD and Black Program CPARs

- AFMC Instruction 64-107 Dated 1 February 1998
- 6.4 Programs (or Programs Funded by Similarly Oriented Appropriations) Treated the Same as Systems; Full CPAR Required
- 6.1-6.3 CPAR *NOT* Used for Basic Research and Some Applied Research, Including "Proof-of-Principle" Working Prototypes
 - Tailored PPI WILL Be Collected at the Time of Source Selection as Determined by PRAG. Emphasis on Key Personnel
 - No Dollar Threshold Limits
 - Must Use Common DoD Assessment Rating System
- CPARs Are Required on Appropriate Classified Contracts. Copies Will Be Controlled by AFMC/DRJ