Revision: August 24, 1999

Selected Bibliography: Logic Models in Program Evaluation

Administration on Children Youth and Families (1995). <u>The program manager's guide to evaluation</u>. Washington, DC, Administration on Children, Youth, and Families

Alter, C. and M. Egan (1997). "Logic modeling: a tool for teaching critical thinking in social work practice." Journal of Social Work Education **33**(1).

Alter, C. and S. Murty (1997). "Logic modeling: a tool for teaching practice evaluation." <u>Journal of Social Work Education 33(1).</u>



American Cancer Society (1998). <u>Stating outcomes for American Cancer Society programs: a</u> handbook for volunteers and staff. Atlanta, GA, American Cancer Society.

Barley, Z. A., C. Phillips, et al. (1998). <u>Decoding the theory from program materials.</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Bell, J., J. McLaughlin, et al (1998). <u>Measuring program outcomes: does it change anything?</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Brock, T. (1998). <u>Overview of the evaluation of the community partnerships for cultural participation initiative.</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Chen, H. T. (1990). <u>Theory driven evaluations</u>. Newbury Park, CA, Sage Publications.

Chen, H. T. and P. Rossi (1983). "Evaluating with sense: the theory-driven approach." Evaluation Review 7(3): 283-302.

Coffman, J. (1998). <u>Building evaluation capacity: what does it mean and what is our role?</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Coffman, J. (1999). Learning from logic models: an example of family/school partnership program. Cambridge, MA, Harvard Family Research Project.

Collins, J., D. Rugg, et al. (1996). "Evaluating a national program of school-based HIV prevention." Evaluation and Program Planning **19**(3): 209-218.

Connell, J. and A. Kubisch (1996). <u>Applying a theories of change approach to the evaluation of comprehensive community initiatives: progress, prospects, and problems</u>. New York, NY,

Aspin Institute, Roundtable on Comprehensive Community Initiatives for Children and Families.

Corbeil, R. (1986). Logic and logic models. <u>Evaluation newsletter</u>. Ottawa, Office of the Comptroller General of Canada. **September**.

Dwyer, J. (1996). "Applying program logic model in program planning and evaluation." Public Health and Epidemiology Report Ontario 7(2): 38-46.

Edwards, D. E. (1995) "A community approach for Native American drug and alcohol prevention programs: a logic model framework." Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly **13**(2): 43-62.

Framst, G. (1995). "Application of program logic model to agricultural technology transfer programs." <u>Canadian Journal of Program Evaluation</u> **10**: 123-132

Francis, K. A. (1998). <u>Understanding your theory and strategy in order to develop practical and useful outcomes and indicators</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Freddolino, P. (1998). <u>Michigan safe and drug-free schools and communities: evaluation Training workshop, phase 1. Okemos, MI, Michigan Public Health Institute</u>.

Freddolino, P. (1998). <u>Michigan safe and drug-free schools and communities: evaluation Training workshop</u>, phase 2. Okemos, MI, Michigan Public Health Institute.

Freddolino, P. P., M. Naegeli, et al. (1998). <u>It's a great idea, but....Barriers to the use of Program logic models in the real world of program activities</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Funnell, S. (1997). "Program logic: an adaptable tool for designing and evaluating programs." Evaluation News and Comment **6**(1): 5-12.

Gill, S. J., R. A. Millett, et al. (1998). <u>Program logic model: a tool for evaluating social change</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Goodman, R. M., F. C. Wheeler, et al. (1995). "Evaluation of the Heart to Heart project: lessons from a community-based chronic disease prevention project." <u>American Journal of Health</u> Promotion **9**(6): 443-455.

Hermann, J. A. (1996). <u>Using logic models to strengthen service program development: an example of antipoverty programs for at-risk youth</u>. Sociological Practice Association Annual Meeting, Arlington, VA.

Hermann, J. A. (1997). <u>Using logic models to analyze multisite qualitative data</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, San Diego, CA.

Ince, R. (1994). "DIY evaluation and program logic." <u>Evaluation Journal of Australasia</u> **6**(8): 56-60.

Jordan, G. B. and J. Mortensen (1997). "Measuring the performance of research and technology programs: a balanced scorecard approach." <u>Journal of Technology Transfer</u> **22**(2).



Julian, D. (1997). "The utilization of the logic model as a system level planning and evaluation device." Evaluation and Program Planning **20**(3): 251-257.

Julian, D. A., A. Jones, et al. (1995). "Open systems evaluation and the logic model: program planning and evaluation tools." <u>Evaluation and Program Planning</u> **18**: 333-341.

Lenne, B. (1987). Describing program logic. <u>Program Evaluation Bulletin</u>. Sydney, Australia, New South Wales Public Service Board. **2**.

Love, A. J., Ed. (1995). <u>Evaluation methods sourcebook II</u>. Ottawa, Canadian Evaluation Society.

Mabry, L. and S. Baik (1998). <u>Ideological and structural logic models</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Macro International Inc (1995). <u>Introduction to program evaluation for OPPE planning and evaluation contacts and staff</u>. Atlanta, GA, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Mattessich, P. and B. Monsey (1998). <u>Stating outcomes for American Cancer Society programs: a handbook for volunteers and staff</u>. Atlanta, GA, American Cancer Society.

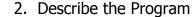
Mayeske, G. W. (1994). <u>Life cycle program management and evaluation: an heuristic approach.</u> Washington, DC, USDA.



McEwan, K. L. and D. A. Bigelow (1997). "Using a logic model to focus health services on population health goals." <u>Canadian Journal of Program Evaluation</u> **12**(1): 167-174.

McLaughlin, J. A. and J. B. Jordan (1999). "Logic models: a tool for telling your program's performance story." <u>Evaluation and Program Planning</u> **22**(1): 65-72.

Milligan, S., C. Coulton, et al. (1996). <u>Implementing a theories of change evaluation in Cleveland Community Building Initiative</u>. Cleveland, OH, Center on Urban Poverty and Social Change.



Montague, S. (1997). "Evaluators and performance measurement: bringing the logic model to the manager." <u>Canadian Evaluation Society Newsletter</u> **17**(12): 1-2.



Moyer, A., H. Verhovsek, et al. (1997), "Facilitating the shift to population-based public health programs: innovation through the use of framework and logic model tools." <u>Canadian Journal of Public Health</u> **88**(2): 95-98.

Peterson, J. L., J. J. Card, et al. (1994). "Evaluating teenager pregnancy prevention and other social programs: ten stages of program assessment." <u>Family Planning Perspectives</u> **26**(3): 116-131.

Piontek, M. E. and C. Osburn (1998). <u>Conceptualizing cluster evaluation: using teleconferences and focus groups to evaluate a community-based leadership cluster</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Poreteous, N. L., B. J. Sheldrick, et al. (1997). <u>Program evaluation tool kit; a blueprint for public health management</u>. Ottawa, Canada, Public Health Research, Education, and Development Program, Ottawa-Carleton Health Department.

Practical Concepts Incorporated (1971). The logical framework: approach and training materials developed for the US Agency for International Development. Washington, DC.

Rogers, P. J. (1998). <u>Alternative causal models in program theory evaluation and monitoring</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Rugg, D., J. Buehler, et al. (1999). "Evaluating HIV prevention: a framework for national, state, and local levels." American Journal of Evaluation **20**(1): 35-36



Rush, B. and A. Ogbourne (1991). "Program logic models: expanding their role and structure for program planning and evaluation." <u>Canadian Journal Program Evaluation</u> **6**: 95-106.

Sartorius, R. (1991). "The logical framework approach to project design and management." Evaluation Practice **12**(2): 139-147.

Sartorius, R. (1996). "The third generation logical framework." <u>European Journal of Agricultural Extension</u> (March).

Sartorius, R. (1998). <u>Participatory monitoring and evaluation systems: improving program performance while building capacity of partner institutions</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Smith, M. (1989). Evaluability assessment: a practical approach. Boston, Kluwer Academic.

Solem, R. R. (1987). <u>The logical framework approach to project design, review, and evaluation in AID: genesis, impact problems, and opportunities</u>. Washington, DC USAID: Center for Development Information and Evaluation.

Stufflebeam, D. L. and A. J. Shinkfield (1985). <u>Systematic Evaluation</u>. Hingham, MA, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Tabori, J. R. and J. A. Hermann (1997). <u>Logic models: a brief introduction</u>. Sociological Practice Association Annual Meeting, Scottsdale, AZ.

The Evaluation Forum (1998). A guide to culturally appropriate outcome measurement. Seattle, WA, United Way of King County.

The Health Communication Unit (1997). <u>Evaluating health promotion programs</u>. Toronto, Ontario, The Center for Health Promotion, University of Toronto.

Torvatn, H. (1999). "Using program theory models in evaluation of industrial modernization programs: three case studies." <u>Evaluation and Program Planning</u>. **22**(1): 73-82.

United Way of America (1996). <u>Measuring program outcomes: a practical approach</u>. Alexandria, VA, United Way of America.

W. K. Kellogg Foundation (1998). <u>Leaders against family violence: a fictionalized account of a W. K. Kellogg Foundation-sponsored cluster evaluation</u>. Battle Creek, MI, W. K. Kellogg Foundation.

W. K. Kellogg Foundation (1998). <u>The W. K. Foundation Evaluation Handbook</u>. Battle Creek, MI, W. K. Kellogg Foundation.

Weiss, C. H. (1995). Nothing as practical as a good theory: exploring theory-based evaluation for comprehensive community initiatives for families and children. New Approaches to Evaluating Community Initiatives. J. P. Connell, A. C. Kubisch, L. B. Schorr and C. H. Weiss, New York, NY, Aspin Institute.

Weiss, C. H. (1997). "How can theory-based evaluation make greater headway?" <u>Evaluation</u> <u>Review</u> **21**(4): 501-524.

Weiss, C. H. (1997). Theory-based evaluation: past, present, and future. <u>Progress and Future Directions in Evaluation: Perspectives on Theory, Practice, and Methods</u>. D. Rog and D. Fournier. San Francisco, CA, Jossey-Bass. **76**.

Weiss, C. H. (1998). Evaluation. Upper Saddle River, NJ, Prentice Hall.

Wholey, J. S. (1979). Evaluation: promise and performance. Washington, DC, Urban Institute.

Wholey, J. S. (1983). Evaluation and effective public management. Boston, MA, Little Brown.

Wholey, J. S. (1987). Evaluability assessment: developing program theory. <u>Using Program</u> Theory in Evaluation. L. Bickman. San Francisco, CA, Jossey-Bass. **33**.

Wilson, I. B. and P. D. Cleary (1995). "Linking clinical variables with health-related quality of life." JAMA 273(1): 59-65.

Wong-Reiger, D. and L. David (1995). Using program logic models to plan and evaluate education and prevention programs. <u>Evaluation Methods Sourcebook II</u>. A. J. Love. Ottawa, Ontario, Canadian Evaluation Society.

Wong-Reiger, D. and L. David (1996). A hands-on guide to planning and evaluation. Ottawa, Canadian Hemophilia Society.

Yin, R. K. (1988). <u>Case study research: design and methods</u>. Newbury Park, CA, Sage Publications.

Yin, R. K. (1998). The abridged version of case study research: design and method. <u>Handbook of Applied Social Research Methods</u>. L. Bickman and D. J. Rog. Thousand Oaks, CA, Sage Publication: 229-260.

American Cancer Society (1998). <u>Stating outcomes for American Cancer Society programs: a handbook for volunteers and staff</u>. Atlanta, GA, American Cancer Society.

Barley, Z., C. Phillips, et al. (1998). <u>Decoding the theory from program materials</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Bell, J., J. McLaughlin, et al (1998). <u>Measuring program outcomes: does it change anything?</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Brock, T. (1998). <u>Overview of the evaluation of the community partnerships for cultural participation initiative.</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Chen, H. T. (1990). Theory-driven evaluations. Newbury Park, CA, Sage Publications.

Chen, H. T. and P. Rossi (1983). "Evaluating with sense: the theory-driven approach." Evaluation Review 7(3): 283-302.

Coffman, J. (1998). <u>Building evaluation capacity: what does it mean and what is our role?</u> American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Collins, J., D. Rugg, et al. (1996). "Evaluating a national program of school-based HIV prevention." Evaluation and Program Planning 19(3): 209-218.

Connell, J. and A. Kubisch (1996). <u>Applying a theories of change approach to the evaluation of comprehensive community initiatives: progress, prospects, and problems</u>. New York, NY, Aspin Institute, Roundtable on Comprehensive Community Initiatives for Children and Families.

Framst, G. (1995). "Application of program logic model to agricultural technology transfer programs." <u>Canadian Journal of Program Evaluation</u> **10**: 123-132

Francis, K. (1998). <u>Understanding your theory and strategy in order to develop practical and useful outcomes and indicators</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Freddolino, P. (1998). <u>Michigan safe and drug-free schools and communities: evaluation training workshop, phase 1. Okemos, MI, Michigan Public Health Institute</u>.

Freddolino, P. (1998). <u>Michigan safe and drug-free schools and communities: evaluation training workshop</u>, phase 2. Okemos, MI, Michigan Public Health Institute.

Freddolino, P., M. Naegeli, et al. (1998). <u>It's a great idea, but....Barriers to the use of program logic models in the real world of program activities</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Gill, S., R. Millett, et al. (1998). <u>Program logic model: a tool for evaluating social change</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Hermann, J. (1996). <u>Using logic models to strengthen service program development: an example of antipoverty programs for at-risk youth</u>. Sociological Practice Association Annual Meeting, Arlington, VA.

Hermann, J. (1997). <u>Using logic models to analyze multisite qualitative data</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, San Diego, CA.

Julian, D. (1997). "The utilization of the logic model as a system level planning and evaluation device." Evaluation and Program Planning **20**(3): 251-257.

Mabry, L. and S. Baik (1998). <u>Ideological and structural logic models</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting. Chicago, IL.

Macro International I. (1995). <u>Introduction to program evaluation for OPPE planning and evaluation contacts and staff</u>. Atlanta, GA, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Milligan, S., C. Coulton, et al. (1996). <u>Implementing a theories of change evaluation in Cleveland Community Building Initiative</u>. Cleveland, OH, Center on Urban Poverty and Social Change.

Peterson, J. L., J. J. Card, et al. (1994). "Evaluating teenager pregnancy prevention and other social programs: ten states of program assessment." <u>Family Planning Perspectives</u> **26**(3): 116-131.

Piontek, M. and C. Osburn (1998). <u>Conceptualizing cluster evaluation: using teleconferences and focus groups to evaluate a community-based leadership cluster</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Poreteous, N. L., B. J. Sheldrick, et al. (1997). <u>Program evaluation tool kit; a blueprint for public health management</u>. Ottawa, Canada, Public Health Research, Education, and Development Program, Ottawa-Carleton Health Department.

Rogers, P. (1998). <u>Alternative causal models in program theory evaluation and monitoring</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Sartorius, R. (1996). "The third generation logical framework." <u>European Journal of Agricultural Extension</u> (March).

Sartorius, R. (1998). <u>Participatory monitoring and evaluation systems: improving program performance while building capacity of partner institutions</u>. American Evaluation Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL.

Stufflebeam, D. and A. Shinkfield (1985). <u>Systematic Evaluation</u>. Hingham, MA, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Tabori, J. and J. Hermann (1997). <u>Logic models: a brief introduction</u>. Sociological Practice Association Annual Meeting, Scottsdale, AZ.

Taylor-Powell, E., B. Rossing, et al. (1998) <u>Evaluating collaboratives: reaching the potential</u>. Madison, WI, University of Wisconsin Cooperative Extension.

The Evaluation Forum (1998). A guide to culturally appropriate outcome measurement. Seattle, WA, United Way of King County.

The Health Communication Unit (1997). <u>Evaluating health promotion programs</u>. Toronto, Ontario, The Center for Health Promotion, University of Toronto.

United Way of America (1996). <u>Measuring program outcomes: a practical approach</u>. Alexandria, VA United Way of America.

W. K. Kellogg Foundation (1998). <u>Leaders against family violence: a fictionalized account of a W. K. Kellogg Foundation-sponsored cluster evaluation</u>. Battle Creek, MI, W. K. Kellogg Foundation.

W. K. Kellogg Foundation (1998). <u>The W. K. Foundation Evaluation Handbook</u>. Battle Creek MI, W. K. Kellogg Foundation.

Weiss, C. (1995). Nothing as practical as a good theory: exploring theory-based evaluation for comprehensive community initiatives for families and children. New Approaches to Evaluating Community Initiatives. J. P. Connell, A. C. Kubisch, L. B. Schorr and C. H. Weiss, New York, NY, Aspin Institute.

Weiss, C. (1997). "How can theory-based evaluation make greater headway?" <u>Evaluation</u> <u>Review</u> **21**(4): 501-524.

Wholey, J. (1979). Evaluation: promise and performance. Washington, DC, Urban Institute.

Wilson, I. and P. Cleary (1995). "Linking clinical variables with health-related quality of life." JAMA **273**(1): 59-65.