

Providing Insights that Contribute to Better Health Policy

### Specialty Hospitals: Market Impact and Policy Implications

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# The Center for Studying Health System Change (HSC)

- Independent, objective research
  - Changes in private markets
  - Effects on people
  - Implications for policy makers
- Fully funded by The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation
- www.hschange.org



# The Community Tracking Study (CTS)

- Longitudinal study of health system change
  - Tracking markets since 1996
- Community focus
  - 60 communities that are nationally representative
- Multiple data sources
  - Surveys of households and physicians
  - Site visits



### **The CTS Sites**



### Outline of Today's Talk

- Specialty hospitals: prevalence and key characteristics
- Market context: drivers and competitive response
- Implications for cost, quality and access to care



### **Specialty Hospitals: A Growing Phenomenon**

- Rapid growth in CTS study sites between 1996-1997 and 2002-03
  - 11 free-standing specialty hospitals
  - Joint ventures
  - Hospitals within hospitals
  - Both general acute care hospitals and entrepreneurial firms are involved
- Physician ownership is common
- Focus on cardiac care, orthopedics and general surgery
- Variation in scope of emergency services provided



## **Key Drivers of Specialty Hospital Growth**

- Retreat from tightly managed care and return to revenue-enhancing strategies
- Disproportionately high reimbursement for certain procedures
- Squeeze on physician income
  - Facility fees can supplement declining professional fees
  - Frustration over hospital control of management and investment decisions that affect productivity
- Growth of entrepreneurial firms focused on developing specialty hospitals



# General Hospitals' Competitive Response

- Pre-emptive strike: establish own specialty hospital to avoid physician defection
- Can't Beat Them, Join Them: joint venture with local physicians
- Fight back:
  - Economic credentialing of physicians
  - Discourage plans from contracting with competing facilities



### Implications for Cost, Quality and Access

- "Focused factories" promise improved quality and lower costs
- But outcome is dependent on specialty hospital effects on:
  - Per-case costs and quality
  - Relationship between supply and demand
  - Price
  - Patient mix
  - Access to other, less profitable services



# Effects on Per-Case Costs and Quality

- Ability to generate lower per-case costs and higher quality depends on:
  - Ability to improve care delivery process
  - Ability to secure and maintain high patient volume



### **Effects on Supply and Demand**

- Capacity greater than demand?
  - Demand curve difficult to predict
  - Excess capacity is rarely taken out of health care markets and contributes to underlying health care costs
- Supply-induced demand
  - Particularly problematic when physicians are owners and there is excess capacity
  - Implication: inappropriate utilization that is cost-increasing and diminishes quality

#### **Effects on Price**

- More competitors and more capacity should spur greater price competition
- But price effect constrained by:
  - General hospitals' negotiating rates for owned specialty facilities as part of larger system
  - Desire to maintain cross-subsidies for less profitable services



### **Effects on Patient Mix**

- Potential for specialty facilities to succeed financially without any impact on costs or quality if creamskimming, targeting:
  - Patients with better reimbursement
  - Easier to treat patients
  - Better paid services



#### **Effects on Access to Care**

- Improved access to certain services, for certain patients
- But general hospitals risk losing ability to cross-subsidize less profitable services
  - Disproportionate effect on Medicaid and uninsured patients



#### **Conclusions**

- Specialty hospitals are a major factor shaping the competitive dynamic in local health care markets today
  - Both independent facilities and general hospitals are competing for this business
- Raise important questions about effects on costs, quality and access to care



### **Policy Options**

- Several policy levers to address growth of specialty hospitals and effects on markets:
  - Medicare payment policy
  - Court decisions re anticompetitive behavior
  - Regulation of specialty hospitals (e.g., Stark, ED requirements)
  - Alternatives to cross-subsidies to preserve access to essential services