

Providing Insights  
that Contribute to  
Better Health Policy

# Health Plan – Hospital Contracting in Today's Marketplace

Statement of Bradley C. Strunk  
FTC/DOJ Hearings on Health Care  
and Competition Law and Policy  
March 27, 2003

# Key Points

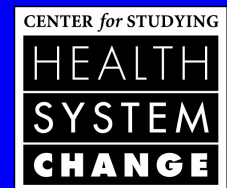
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- Trends in reimbursement rates to providers have accelerated
- Hospitals regained significant leverage over plans
- But some signs that balance of power might be shifting again

# Center for Studying Health System Change (HSC)

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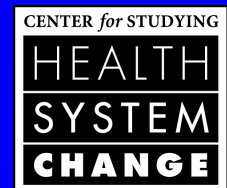
- Research on changes in the organization and delivery of care – and their impact on people
  - ▶ Objective information for policy makers
  - ▶ Funded by The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation
- Emphasis on health care markets
- [www.hschange.org](http://www.hschange.org)



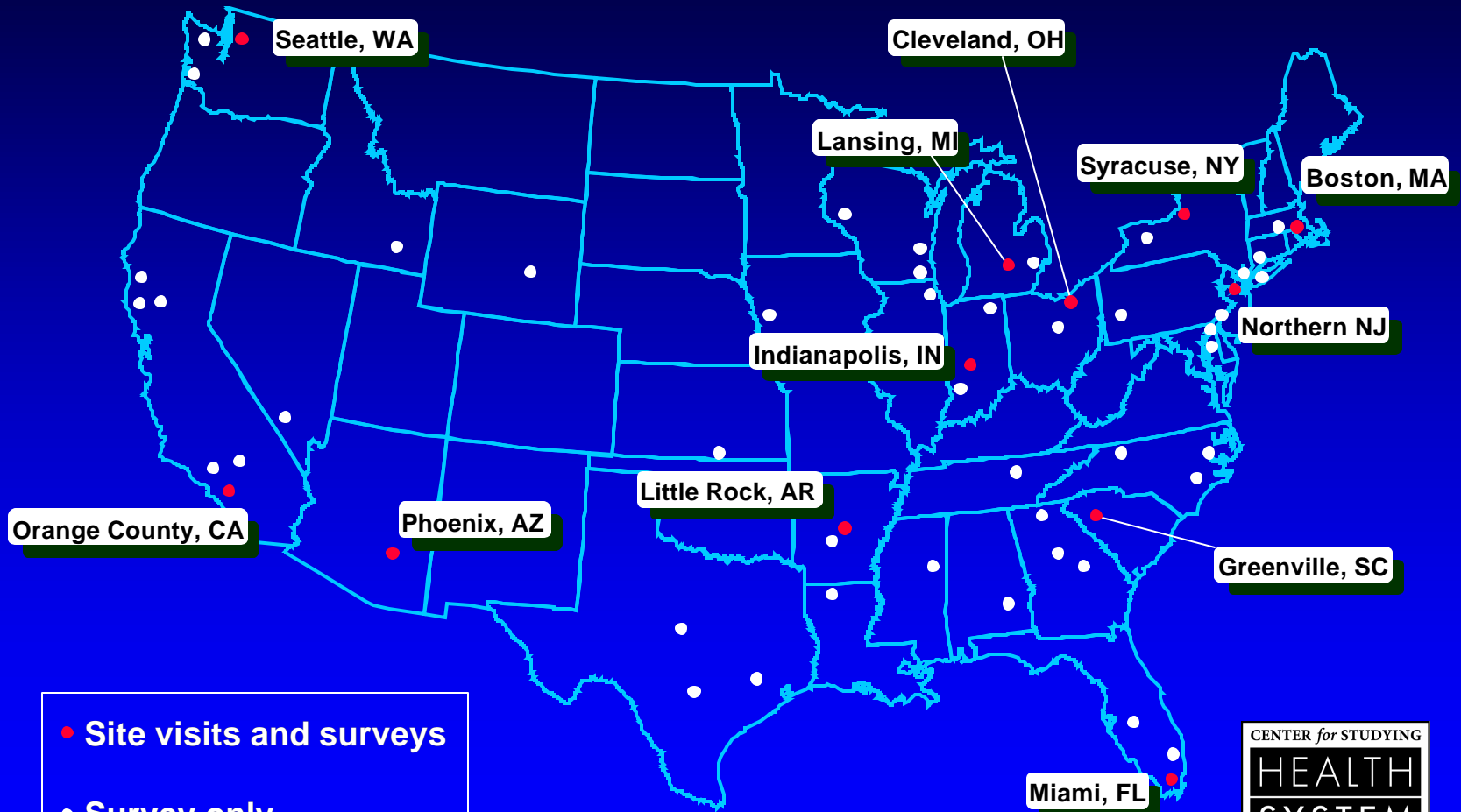
# CTS Site Visits

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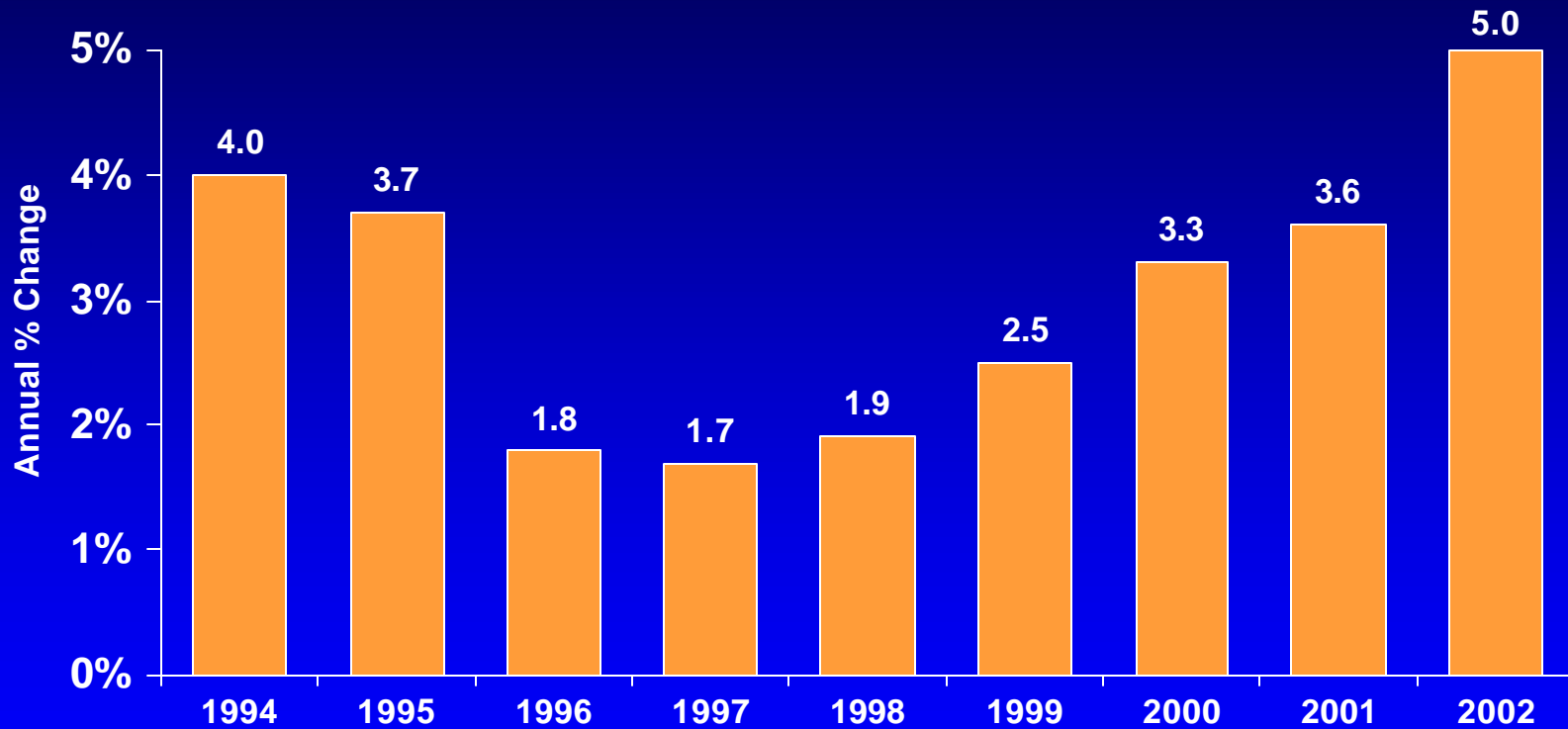
- Insight into changing market trends
- Visit 12 randomly selected sites every two years
- Currently finishing up 4<sup>th</sup> round of visits
- Conduct 70-100 interviews in each site, including a broad cross section of local health system leaders
- “Triangulate” results



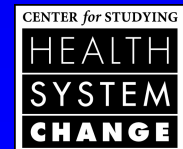
# Community Tracking Study (CTS) Sites



# Trend in Hospital Prices



*Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Labor Statistics' "All other payers" Producer Price Index For General Medical and Surgical Hospitals*



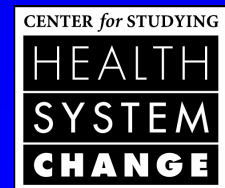
# Negotiating Leverage is Dynamic



# Contracting Environment Favored Plans in Mid 1990s

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- Employers viewed managed care/HMOs as solution to rapid cost growth of early 1990s
- Widespread expectation among hospitals that narrow network products, utilization mgmt, capitation would become the norm
- Hospitals agreed to steep discounts in exchange for promises of higher volume





# Hospitals' Response to Rise of Managed Care

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- Consolidation – system/network building
  - ▶ Horizontal
  - ▶ Vertical – less prevalent but important where present
- Branding – creating “must-have” status
- Solidify geographic niche

# Contracting Environment Shifted to Favoring Hospitals at Turn of Decade

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- Managed care backlash from consumers
  - ▶ Disdainful of managed care restrictions
  - ▶ Demand choice of providers
- Economic boom and tight labor markets
- New capacity constraints emerged in some markets

# Pressures on Hospitals

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- Medicare margins declined since 1997 (BBA)
- Operating cost pressures
  - ▶ Nursing shortage driving up wage rates
  - ▶ Prescription drug costs growing rapidly
  - ▶ Market-specific pressures

# Hospitals Push Aggressively for Rate Increases

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- Securing better rates by using various approaches to negotiation
  - ▶ Terminate-to-negotiate
  - ▶ Leveraging the system
  - ▶ Appeals to the public
- Contract showdowns and network instability result

# Health Plan Response

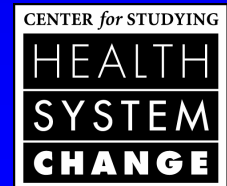
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- Tiered hospital network products
  - ▶ Viability varies across markets
  - ▶ Limited penetration at this time
- Quality incentives to providers
- Some development of Exclusive Provider Organization (EPO) products

# Contracting Environment Continues to Evolve in 2003

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- Health insurance premiums increased by double digit rate for 3<sup>rd</sup> straight year
- Economic downturn that started in 2001 continues
  - ▶ Recession not as bad as that of early 1990s, though
- Employers increasing patient cost sharing
- Consumers could develop a renewed appetite for narrow provider network products if they are cheaper



# Current Balance of Power

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- Hospitals remain willing to take contract negotiations to the brink...
- ...but outcomes of negotiations are more variable
- Some employers becoming more supportive of plans
- Seeing fewer showdowns played out in public, so outcomes often unclear

