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A slash (/) between dates indicates a financial year, for example, 1998/1999.

The use of hyphen between dates indicates the full period involved, including the beginningand end- years.

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CONTENTS

PREF	ACE		iii
I.	OVER	VIEW	1
	A.	FDI trends in recent years	1
		 FDI inflows in an international context Back to normal?	6
	B.	Sectoral patterns	14
	C.	Policy developments	22
	D.	Prospects	24
	Referen	nces	26
II.	ТЕСН	NICAL INTRODUCTION	43
	A. Sco	pe	43
	B. Sou	rces of data	48
	C. Indu	strial and geographical breakdown	49
	D. Rep	orting currency and exchange rates	51
	E. Defi	nitions, descriptions and discrepancies in the data	53
	1	 FDI statistics	54 54 54 54 54 54 55 56
		 (iv) Industrial coverage and classification (v) The treatment of banks and other financial institutions 	

	c. Accounting practices	
	(i) Historical valuation of FDI	
	(ii) Methods of consolidation	
	(iii) Capital gains and losses	
2.	Corporate data	
3.	Legal information	
	a. National framework	
	b. International framework	59
F.	Glossary	60
1.	FDI	
2.	Operations of TNCs	
3.	The structure of TNCs	

III. COUNTRY PROFILES

Part 1

Anguilla	69
Argentina	75
Aruba	
Bahamas	
Barbados	
Belize	
Bermuda	
Bolivia	147
Brazil	161
Cayman Islands	
Chile	
Colombia	
Costa Rica	
Cuba	
Dominican Republic	
Ecuador	
El Salvador	

Part 2

Guatemala	
Guyana	
Haiti	
Honduras	
Jamaica	
Mexico	
Montserrat	
Netherlands Antilles	
Nicaragua	
Panama	
Paraguay	
Peru	

Saint Kitts and Nevis	
Saint Lucia	
Suriname	
Trinidad and Tobago	
Uruguay	
Venezuela	
British Virgin Islands	

List of ONCTAD publications on foreign un ect investment and	
transitional corporations, 1973-200	557
Questionnaire	567

List of boxes in the Overview

Box 1.	The relocation challenge to Maquilas in Mexico	3
Box 2.	Mexico's banking system: foreign dominated	17
	Privatization in the telecommunications industry:	
	the case of Telefónica	18
Box 4.	Chile and Costa Rica: attempts at diversifying and upgrading FDI inflows	21

List of tables in the Overview

FDI inflows into Latin America and the Caribbean, 1999-2003	2
The largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the industrial, tertiary, finance and	
insurance sectors in Latin America and the Caribbean, 2002	7
The largest TNCs in Latin America and the Caribbean in the	
industrial, tertiary, finance and insurance sectors, 2002	. 12
FDI outflows from Latin America and the Caribbean, 1999-2003	. 13
Major changes in laws and regulations relating to FDI	
in Latin America, 2000-2004	23
	The largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the industrial, tertiary, finance and insurance sectors in Latin America and the Caribbean, 2002 The largest TNCs in Latin America and the Caribbean in the industrial, tertiary, finance and insurance sectors, 2002 FDI outflows from Latin America and the Caribbean, 1999-2003 Major changes in laws and regulations relating to FDI

Box table in the Overview

Box table 1.Competitive strengths and weaknesses: Latin America and the Caribbean
compared to Asia, 2002

List of figures in the Overview

Figure 1.	FDI flows into Latin America and the Caribbean, 1999–2003	5
Figure 2.	FDI outflows from major home countries to Latin America and the Caribbean,	_
	1992-2002	5
Figure 3	Total resource flows a to Latin America and the Caribbean, by type of flow, 1990-2003.	8
	FDI inflows and gross fixed capital formation across 20 Latin American and Caribbean countries, 1999-2002. in selected Latin American	

Figure 5.	FDI inflows and gross fixed capital formation in selected Latin American economies: change between 1999 and 2002	9
Figure 6	Selected Latin American economies: trends in FDI inflows and gross fixed capital formation, 1990 – 2002	
Figure 7	FDI outflows from Latin America and the Caribbean, 1998-2003	
Figure 8	Sectoral distribution of inward FDI stock in Latin America and the Caribbean, 1986,1996 and 2002	
Figure 9	Changes in the sectoral structure of FDI inflows in Brazil and Mexico, 1996-2002	16

Box figure in the Overview

Box figure 1.1	FDI inflows into Mexico's Maquila industry, 1999-2003	3
Box figure 3.1	Geographical presence and expansion of foreign affiliates of	
	Telefónica in Latin America	19

List of annex tables in the Overview

Annex table 1.	Geographical distribution of FDI inflows into Latin America and	
	the Caribbean, mid-1990s and 2002	. 27
Annex table 2.	Geographical distribution of FDI inward stock in Latin America and	
	the Caribbean, mid-1990s and 2002	. 31
Annex table 3.	FDI inflows in Latin America and the Caribbean, by industry,	
	mid-1990s and 2002	. 33
Annex table 4.	FDI inward stock in Latin America and the Caribbean, by industry,	
	mid-1990s and 2002	. 36
Annex table 5.	BITs concluded by Latin American and Caribbean economies, end-2002	. 37
Annex table 6.	DTTs concluded by Latin American and Caribbean economies, end-2002	. 41
Annex table 5.	mid-1990s and 2002 BITs concluded by Latin American and Caribbean economies, end-2002	

List of tables in technical introduction

Table 1.	Tables presented in this volume	
Table 2.	Exchange rates of economies in Latin America and the Caribbean,	1990-2003 51

Guatemala

A. Definitions and sources of data

On 3 March 1998, the congress of the Republic of Guatemala signed the Foreign Investment Law. The law serves two purposes. Firstly, it ensures equal treatment to national and foreign investors, and secondly, it gives a clear overview of the direction of the government of Guatemala concerning foreign investment. In the Foreign Investment Law, *investment* is defined as: "any activity undertaken with a view to the production, brokerage, or transformation of assets, as well as for the delivery and intermediation of services involving any type of assets or rights, provided such activities have been carried out in accordance with the pertinent laws and regulations". The law recognises several forms of investment:

- Corporate shares and quotas, and any other form of ownership interest, in any proportion, in companies constituted and organized under the Guatemalan law;
- Credit rights or any other benefits having an economic value;
- Movable and immovable property and any other rights in them;
- Intellect and industrial property rights; and
- Concessions or similar rights granted by law or under a contract, to engage in economic or commercial activity.

In addition, the Foreign Investment Law defines *foreign Investment* as: "any type of investment in which capital from abroad is transferred in any way to the Republic of Guatemala by a foreign investor". Reinvesting earning or capital generated in Guatemala is also considered foreign investment. A foreign investor is a foreign individual or legal entity, or a foreign entity without legal capacity, lawfully organized under the laws of the country in which it was constituted, which makes a foreign investment in Guatemala, either directly or through some form of association or contract with Guatemalan individuals or legal entities.

Foreign investors are granted the same treatment as Guatemalan investors, regardless of the country of origin of the foreign investor. The Guatemalan Constitution and laws regulate certain economic activities in a specific way, which can lead to a diversion of equal treatment. Foreign investors can also benefit from certain treaties and agreements by the Guatemalan Government. Foreign investors may own shares in any economic activity lawfully carried out in Guatemala. Furthermore, no type of performance requirements may be imposed as a condition for making or maintaining a foreign investment.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	224.8	7.2
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	11.8	0.2
3. FDI stock, 2003	4 259	43
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	21.9	0.2

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Inward investment Outward investment													
			estment				vestment						
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total					
1977	66.0	31.5		97.5	97.5								
1978	93.3	33.9		127.2	127.2								
1979	89.3	27.7		117.0	117.0								
1980	79.6	31.1		110.7	110.7			-					
1981	108.4	18.7		127.1	127.1								
1982	66.7	10.4		77.1	77.1								
1983	35.0	10.0		45.0	45.0								
1984	28.0	10.0		38.0	38.0								
1985	51.8	10.0		61.8	61.8								
1986	58.8	10.0		68.8	68.8								
1987	135.2	15.0		150.2	150.2			-					
1988	152.8	15.2	161.9	329.9	329.7								
1989	14.5	20.0	41.7	76.2	76.2								
1990				59.3	59.3			0.3					
1991				90.4	90.4			0.3					
1992	79.7	14.1	0.3	94.1	94.1			- 0.1					
1993	111.1	27.0	4.4	142.5	142.5			0.2					
1994	27.2	33.3	4.7	65.2	65.1			0.1					
1995	32.5	37.1	5.6	75.2	75.3			- 24.3					
1996	34.1	37.4	5.4	76.9	76.8			2.7					
1997	37.1	40.8	6.5	84.4	84.5			7.1					
1998	619.0	45.9	7.9	672.8	672.8			8.1					
1999	103.4	43.4	7.8	154.6	154.6			- 3.1					
2000	170.6	48.9	10.4	229.9	229.6			16.0					
2001	389.5	54.6	11.4	455.5	455.5			1.0					
2002	41.5	56.2	12.4	110.2	110.2			4.6					
2003				104.0	104.0			7.2					

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1977-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Central Bank of Guatemala for 1990-2003; International Monetary Fund, balance-of-payments tape January 2004, for 1977-1989. For FDI outflows, data are based on the World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1990-1992 and UNCTAD estimates for 1993-2003.

		Inward inv	vestment		Outward in	vestment		
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				701.0				
1981				828.1				
1982				905.2				
1983				950.2				
1984				988.2				
1985				1 050.0				
1986				1 118.8				
1987				1 269.0				
1988				1 598.7				
1989				1 674.9				
1990				1 734.2				
1991				1 824.6				
1992				1 918.7				
1993				2 061.2				
1994				2 126.3				
1995				2 201.6				
1996				2 278.4				2.7
1997				2 362.9				9.8
1998				3 035.7				17.8
1999				3 190.4				14.7
2000				3 420.0				30.7
2001				3 875.5				31.7
2002				4 155.0				36.3
2003				4 259.0				43.5

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI instock are based on information from Central Bank of Guatemala for 1990-2002 and UNCTAD estimates. Data for FDI outstock are UNCTAD estimates, which are an accumulation of flows since 1996.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	- 0.9	- 0.6	- 2.3	- 0.3	-	1.4	3.9	1.1	- 4.4	34.1	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	2.5	- 0.8	0.6	1.3
France	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-
Japan	-	-	0.3	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	4.7	1.0	3.1	1.9	2.3	6.2	1.0	0.8	10.5	2.0	4.4
Switzerland	-	-	-	12.7	- 3.5	3.0	- 142.6	41.4	- 2.6	14.6	- 57.4	- 4.7	-
United States	10.0	- 16.0	5.0	31.0	16.0	36.0	100.0	24.0	204.0	121.0	93.0	- 361.0	- 39.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	0.2	- 0.1	-	-	-	- 1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-
China	-	-	-	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	0.9	1.8	-	0.1
Costa Rica	-	-	1.4	3.4	1.3	5.2	0.7	2.1	1.9	13.7	2.4	4.6	1.8
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	4.5	10.3	6.5	6.8
Honduras	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	- 0.3	2.7	6.1	5.2	3.4	11.1	10.8	6.0
United States	3.0	- 8.0	-	-	-	- 24.0	-	1.0	- 4.0	- 12.0	16.0	- 4.0	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	4.3	4.3	4.7	5.3	-	5.1	3.7	-	2.6	2.1	2.0	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.7	1.9	-	-
Germany	30.1	35.0	42.8	40.0	52.9	59.3	56.0	83.1	89.7	79.4	76.3	82.0	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	1.8	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	20.8	22.5	28.5	28.5	29.7	39.7	41.2	44.5
Switzerland	-	-	-	38.9	32.2	46.4	43.8	91.5	85.7	90.6	53.8	47.7	-
United States	130.0	107.0	115.0	139.0	200.0	233.0	331.0	358.0	498.0	478.0	835.0	389.0	391.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	1.8	3.6	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32.0	38.7
United States	- 4.0	- 12.0	- 6.0	-	- 16.0	- 40.0	-	- 10.0	- 14.0	- 26.0	- 10.0	- 14.0	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	13	14	15	9	11	13	16	16	15	16	16	13
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	35	38	40	50	53
United States	43	41	41	40	47	44	45	50	53	50	51	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	67	66	62	116	65	70	129	167	239	201	186	176
United States	390	430	469	469	553	575	645	875	1 177	1 533	2 264	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Switzerland	-	-	-	0.6	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.4
United States	11.6	11.4	11.4	9.2	11.3	11.2	11.5	12.7	14.1	15.8	16.6	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	62	121	128	121	123	209	199	231	227	213	276	268
United States	692	793	874	808	-	1 045	1 147	1 378	1 444	1 624	1 870	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,33,38,43,48,53,58,63.Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added, profits,
exports and imports of foreign affiliates of Guatemalan TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	7	7	11	11	12	11	11	1	1	2	2
28	Assets	24.0	25.0	31.0	31.0	43.0	40.0	39.0	-	-	-	-
33	Employees	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-
38	Wages and salaries	1.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	-	4.0	4.0
43	Sales	-	27.0	39.0	42.0	53.0	48.0	49.0	2.0	2.0	-	-
48	Value added	-	-	5.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	-	1.0	8.0	9.0
53	Profits before taxes	-	-	1.0	1.0	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-
58	Exports	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
63	Imports	-	-	7.0	7.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	-	-	-	-

(Number, millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,55,60,65,70,85. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports, expenditures in research and development and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Guatemala, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	55.0	52.0	60.0	67.0	92.0	99.0	105.0	106.0	120.0	149.0	176.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	232.0	236.0	233.0	290.0	297.0	-	414.0
55a	Profits before taxes	32.0	31.0	29.0	43.0	40.0	42.0	21.0	53.0	25.0	-	94.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	57.0	-	42.0	79.0	41.0	-	-
60	Exports	115.0	110.0	129.0	153.0	147.0	164.0	211.0	260.0	345.0	-	-
65	Imports	18.0	20.0	-	20.0	-	40.0	65.0	141.0	197.0	-	-
	development											
70	expenditures	-	-	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85	Royalty payments	-	-	-	-	4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Except for wages and salaries, data refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Central de Productos Alimenticios Universal	Food	2	
Grupo Solid (Guatemala)	Chemicals		
Aceros Prefabricados	Metals		
Genesis Partnership Company	Paper		
B. Tertiary			
Arista	Other business services	4	
Tecnica Universal	Trade	25	
Distribuidora Yale	Trade	19	
Hidrotecnia	Trade	9	
PS 2000 de Guatemala	Trade	8	
Alkemy Corporation	Trade	3	100
Lipo Chemicals Centroamerica	Trade	1	
Nutricion Balanceada	Trade	1	
Ids Centroamerica	Trade		
Suministros Industriales y Agricolas	Trade		
Ingenieria y Tecnologia Electrica	Trade		
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
B. Tertiary				
Distribuidora Yale (Panama)	Panama	Trade	3.4	70
Distribuidora Yale El Salvador	El Salvador	Trade	2.4	48
Servicourier	United States	Transport	0.7	4
Distribuidora Yale	Honduras	Trade	0.5	50
Clipper Export & Import	United States	Other business services	0.3	4
Arista de Costa Rica	Costa Rica	Trade		22
Sfc Sasb	El Salvador	Construction		50
Ps Dos Mil de Costa Rica	Costa Rica	Trade		10
Importadora de Sistema Centro America	Nicaragua	Trade		8
Aquatec de Nicaragua	Nicaragua	Trade		15
Tecnica Universal	Honduras	Trade		10
Ingenieria y Tecnologia Electrica	Honduras	Trade		11
Central Productos Alimenticios Universal	El Salvador	Trade		25
Nutricion Balanceada	El Salvador	Trade		4
Grupo Solido	Costa Rica	Trade		25
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Fabrica de Esponjas Plasticas Fomtex, SA	Honduras	Chemicals	2 767	107
Bayer de Guatemala, SA	Germany	Pharmaceuticals	57	500
Kellog de Centroamerica, SA	United States	Food	48	215
Gran Industria de Neumaticos Centroamericana	United States	Rubber tyres	31	385
lsc Internacional, SA	United States	Pharmaceuticals	18	300
Unipharm, SA	Switzerland	Pharmaceuticals	14	400
Basf de Guatemala, SA	Germany	Food	8	40
Productos Avon de Guatemala, SA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		2 775
Colgate-Palmolive (Centro America), S.A	United States	Pharmaceuticals		705
Laboratorios Laprofa Sa	United States	Pharmaceuticals		204
Johnson & Johnson Guatemala SA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		90
Procter & Gamble Interamericas de Guatemala	United States	Pharmaceuticals		80
Crown Cork de Guatemala, SA	United States	Machinery and equipment		77
Bristol-Myers Squibb CA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		40
Ecolab, SA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		15
B. Tertiary				
Productos Roche Guatemala, SA	Switzerland	Trade	9	38
Westrade Guatemala, SA	Cayman Islands	Trade	5	118
Dermet de Guatemala, SA	Mexico	Trade	3	15
Industrial Comercial Sigma de Guatemala, SA	Panama	Trade	2	45
Electricidad Enron de Guatemala Sa	United States	Electricity, gas and water	1	8
Bellsouth Guatemala y Compania S.C.A.	United States	Telecommunications		300
Abbott Laboratorios SA	United States	Trade		200
DHL, SA	United States	Transport and storage		144
Productos Confitados Salvavidas de Guatemala	United States	Trade		101
Duke Energy International de Guatemala SA	United States	Electricity, gas and water		77
Xerox de Guatemala SA	United States	Trade		62
3M Guatemala SA	United States	Trade		60
Seaboard Marine	United States	Transport and storage		36
Bearcom, SA	United States	Trade		20
Carben de Guatemala Sa	United States	Trade		3
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Empresa Guatemalteca Cigna de Seguros	United States	Insurance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Decree No. 1781-36 Foreign Status Law 1936 Source: Recompilacion de las Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935 - 1936 Tomo LIV (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Decree No. 315-46 of Banking Law1946 Source: Diario de Centro America, (Official Gazette)

Decree No. 1331-59 of the Congress of Agriculture Development 1959 *Source:* Ibid., 11 January 1960

Law-Decree No. 1441 of 5 May 1961 on Labor Code, (effective 16 August 1961) Source: Recompilacion de las Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935 - 1936, Tomo LIV (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Law Decree No. 208-64 of Private Financing Companies 1964 Source: Diario de Centro America, (Official Gazette) 15 May 1964

Decree No. 25-74 on National Tourism Development 1974 Source: Recompilacion de las Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935-1936, Tomo LIV (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Resolution 689-84 of Industrial Incentives for Export Activities 1984 *Source*: Investment Guide: Guatemala 1990 (Bank of Guatemala)

Law-Decree No. 21-84 on Industrial Incentives for Export Corporation 1984, (effective 10 March 1984) Source: Diario de Centro America, (Official Gazette) 9 March 1984

Law-Decree No. 65-89 on Free Zones 1989, (effective 30 December 1989) Source: Ibid., 30 November 1989 Regulated by: Governmental Accord 242-90 of 5 March 1990 Source: Ibid., 6 March 1990

Governmental Accord No. 889-89 on "Fundacion Co-Invest Servicios de Consultoria para Inversores Extranjeros en Guatemala" (Co-Invest Foundation for Consulting of Foreign Investors) 1989, (effective 12 December 1989) *Source*: Ibid., 11 December 1989

Law No. 2989 on Promotion and Development of Export and Maquila Activities 1989, (effective 3 July 1989) Source: Ibid., 3 June 1989 Regulated by: Governmental Accord No. 533-89 of 2 August 1989 and Governmental Accord No. 943-90 of 25 September 19)0; effective 2 November 1990 Source: Ibid., 20 October 1990

Law Decree No. 29-89 of the Congress, (effective 23 May 1989) *Source*: Congress of the Republic of Guatemala

Resolution JM-177-88 on Public Debt Conversion in Capital Investment Source: Diario de Centro America, (Official Gazette) 21 September 1988

Government Accord No. 450-88 of 28 June 1988 regulating Congressional Decree No. 59-87, (effective 1 July 1988) *Source*: Ibid., 30 September 1988

Law-Decree No. 23-86 on Tax of Exports 1986, (effective 6 June 1986) Source: Ibid., 5 June 1986 Congressional Decree No. 59-87 on Income Tax 1987, (effective I October 1987) Source. Ibid., 30 September 1987

Law-Decree No. 60-90 on Standard Exemptions of Income Tax and Equalizing of other Taxes 1990, (effective 16 November 1990) *Source*: Ibid., 15 November 1990

Congressional Decree No. 6-91 on the Tax Code 1991, (effective 9 April 1991) Source: Ibid., 3 April 1991 Amendment: Legislative Decree No. 47-91 of 30 May 1991, (effective 1 June 1991) Source: Ibid., 30 May 1991

Decree No. 26-92 Law on Income Tax 1992 Source: Investment Guide: Guatemala 1935-36, Tomo LVI (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Last amendment: Legislative Decree No. 59-90 of 1 I October 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 6 February 1991

Congressional Decree No. 18-91 on Nationality of Foreign Investors 1991 Source: Diario de Centro America, (Official Gazette) 19 March 1991

Legislative Decree No. 55-90 on Development of the Small Mining Companies 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 3 December 1990

Legislative Decree No. 59-90 on Development in Industry 1990 Source: Ibid., 6 February 1990

Governmental Accord No. 913-90 of 12 September on the Regulation to Authorize Deductions from Income for the Use of Trademarks, Patents, Formulas, etc 1990, (effective 29 September 1990) *Source*: Ibid., 28 September 1990

Resolution 348-83 ratifying the Inter-American Agreement on Conflict of Laws concerning Stocks Companies 1983 *Source: Diario de Centro America*, (Official Gazette) 18 December 1984

Governmental Accord No. 759-90 on the Regulation of the Law of Protected Areas related to Environmental Improvements 1990, (effective 27 August 1990) *Source*: Ibid., 27 August 1990 *Regulated by*: Governmental Accord 759-90 of 22 August 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 27 August 1990

Law Decree No. 1785 on Fuel Alcohol 1985

Source: Recompilacion de la Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935-36, Tomo LVI (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Decree No. 68-86 on Protected Areas and Improving the Environment 1986, (effective 27 December 1986)

Source: Ibid., 19 December 1986 *Amendment*: Legislative Decree No. 75 rl of 18 November 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 22 November 1991

Executive Law-Decree No. 20-86 on Promotion and Development of New Renewable Sources of Energy 1986, (effective 18 January 1986) *Source*: Ibid., 10 January 1986

Executive Law-Decree No. 153-85 on Patents of Invention, Utility Models and Industrial Drawings and Designs 1985, (effective 8 February 1986) *Source*: Ibid., 8 January 1986

Law No. 69-85 of 3 July 1985 of Mining Source: Ibid., 4 July 1985 Amendment: Decree Law 125-85 of 11 December 1985

Decree No. 109-83 Law of Hydrocarbons 1983 Source: Ibid., 16 September 1983 as amended by Government Accord 822-91 of 30 October 1991 Source: Recompilacion de las Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935-1936 Tomo LIV (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

Law Decree No. 24-79 of 15 May 1979 of the Congress Source: Congresso de la Republica of Guatemala

Decree No. 22-73 of the Congress *Source:* Investment Guide: Guatemala 1990 (Bank of Guatemala)

Decree No. 26-73 of the Congress *Source*: Investment Guide: Guatemala 1990 (Bank of Guatemala)

Decree No. 1545 of the Congress Source: Investment Guide: Guatemala 1990 (Bank of Guatemala)

Decree No. 72-73 on the Congress of Milk Production and of Cattle, (effective 5 September 1973) *Source*: Recompilacion de las Leyes de la Republica de Guatemala 1935-1936, Tomo LIV (Guatemala, 1 March 1985)

II. International Framework

1. Guatemala is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

The Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 20 March 1883, amended and revised.

The New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958.

The Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States of 18 March 1965, signed on 9 Nov1995, effective 20 Feb 2003.

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted on 16 November 1977.

The Convention Establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency of 11 October 1985, signed on 30 September 1996.

The Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed on 15 April 1994; in force on 1 January 1995.

The General Agreement on Trade in Services, signed on 15 April 1994; in force on 1 January 1995. The Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services of 15 February 1997. The Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services of 12 December 1997.

General Treaty on Central American Integration (CACM), date of signature 13 Dec 1960, Entry into Force 4 June 1961

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments with Chile 1996, Argentina 1998, France 1998, Cuba 1999, Netherlands 2001, Switzerland 2002 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Banco de Guatemala: <u>http://www.banguat.gob.gt/</u>.

Secondary

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- 2. Anonymous, "Guatemala: open for business", Euromoney, June 1999, p. 184.
- 3. Anonymous, "Guatemala accelerates efforts to attract foreign E&D capital", Oil and Gas Journal, January 20, 1997, vol. 95, No. 3, pp. 77-82.
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- 5. Doetsch, Mary, "Guatemala--'land of eternal spring'--offers U.S. exporters a growing consumer-oriented market", *Business America*, August 1996, pp. 23-24.
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- 7. Festervand, Troy A., "U.S. foreign direct investment: industrial executives' perceptions of emerging Central American countries as FDI destinations", *International Journal of Commerce and Management*, 2002, vol. 12, No. 2, pp. 72-87.
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- 14. Spillan John E. and Christopher Ziemnowicz, "Strategic management in small retail businesses: the case of Guatemala", *International Small Business Journal*, November 2003, vol. 21, No. 4, p. 461.

Guyana

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data in Guyana are collected by the Central Bank. The definition of FDI used in Guyana follows the one recommended in the *Balance of Payments Manual: Fifth Edition* of the International Monetary Fund.

FDI is generally afforded national treatment. Foreign investors have equal access to privatization opportunities. In terms of exchange control, the Guyana dollar is fully convertible and there are no limits on inflows or outflows of funds, although there are occasionally spot shortages of foreign currency. The Government eased restriction on the establishment of foreign currency bank accounts in Guyana, a step that has significantly simplified the process of transferring money, since funds can now be wired in and out of the country electronically without having to go through cumbersome foreign exchange control procedures.

The Government of Guyana provides three forms of incentives to foreign investors: general incentives, special incentives and sectoral incentives (applicable to the following sectors: agriculture, manufacturing, forestry, mining, tourism, fisheries, housing, information and communication technology and garments and textiles). The following general incentives target the productive sectors:

- Zero-rate on customs duty and consumption tax on most items of plant, machinery and equipment;
- Zero-rate on customs duty and consumption tax on raw materials used in the production of goods for export. Under a duty-drawback system, for qualifying firms and products, consumption tax paid on imported raw materials may be remitted;
- Unlimited loss carry-over of losses from previous years;
- Accelerated depreciation on plant and equipment;
- Double taxation treaties currently exist with the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada, and members of the Caribbean Community Common Market (CARICOM); and
- Full and unrestricted repatriation of capital, profits and dividends.

Guyana is one of the fifteen members of CARICOM. In addition, (foreign) investors can benefit from agreements with Venezuela, Colombia and the Dominican Republic (CARICOM/Venezuela Agreement, Colombia Agreement, and Dominican Republic Agreement). Finally, Guyana is also a member of the Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI) and CARIBCAN.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	55.6	0.6
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	31.9	- 0.1
3. FDI stock, 2003	914	0.6
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	126.3	0.1

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Inward investment Outward investment Reinvested Reinvested													
			estment				vestment						
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equit.		Other	Total					
rear	Equity	earnings	Other	Totai	Equity	earnings	Other	TOLAI					
1970				9.0									
1971				- 2.4									
1972				2.5									
1973				8.2									
1974				1.4									
1975				0.8									
1976				5.0									
1977			- 1.8	- 1.8									
1978				1.4									
1979			0.6	0.6									
1980			0.6	0.6									
1981			- 1.8	- 1.8									
1982		4.4		4.4									
1983		4.7		4.7									
1984		2.6	1.9	4.5									
1985		1.8		1.8									
1986				- 9.0									
1987				4.4									
1988				2.1									
1989				- 2.1									
1990				7.9									
1991				12.3									
1992			146.6	146.6				- :					
1993			69.5	69.5				:					
1994	"		106.7	106.7									
1995	"		74.4	74.4									
1996	"			92.9									
1997				52.6				-					
1998				46.6				-					
1999	"			40.0				- 1					
2000	 9.6	 6.0	 51.5	40.2 67.1									
2000	9.0 8.0	5.0	43.0	56.1				-					
2001	6.2	3.9	43.0 33.5	43.6				- (
2002	0.2	3.9	55.5	43.0 55.6				- (
2003	"			55.6				,					

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Bank of Guyana for 1992-2002; International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1977-1985, 1992-1995 and 2000-2002 and UNCTAD estimates. FDI outflows are UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				25.2				
1981				23.4				
1982				27.9				
1983				32.6				
1984				37.1				
1985				38.9				
1986				29.9				
1987				34.2				
1988				36.3				
1989				34.3				
1990				42.2				
1991				54.5				
1992				201.1				
1993				270.7				2.
1994				377.3				2.
1995				451.8				0.
1996				544.7				- 1.
1997				597.3				- 1.
1998				643.9				- 0.
1999				692.1				- 2.
2000				759.2				
2001				815.3				1.
2002				858.9				- 0.
2003				914.5				0.

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1970. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1993.

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1992-1999

(Millions of US dollars)

Sector / industry	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Total	146.6	69.5	106.7	74.4	92.9	52.6	46.6	48.9
Primary	123.0	39.1	76.3	50.2	53.9	41.5	26.3	31.2
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	12.5	23.3	24.6	19.0	23.6	31.3	18.8	16.6
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	110.6	15.9	51.7	31.2	30.4	10.2	7.5	14.6
Mining and quarrying	110.6	15.9	51.7	31.2	30.4	10.2	7.5	14.6
Secondary	3.3	2.4	2.4	- 0.6	3.6	1.6	2.7	3.4
Tertiary	18.8	26.7	27.6	24.7	34.8	9.3	17.5	13.8
Trade	7.0	16.5	12.5	12.8	15.7	4.7	4.6	1.4
Transport, storage and communications	11.8	10.2	11.4	11.5	18.2	3.8	10.9	10.9
Finance	-	-	3.8	0.4	1.0	0.8	2.1	1.6
Unspecified	1.4	1.2	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.5

Source: Bank of Guyana.

Note: Totals may not be comparable to those shown in table 3 because the tables have been revised at different times.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	0.7	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
China	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	7.9	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	0.4	1.4	-	-	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	7.0	-	-	-	31.0	14.0	15.0	6.0	- 8.0	16.0	- 46.0	12.0	10.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China are on an approval basis.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.1
China	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	- 2.0	2.0	-	-	- 1.0	-	-	- 2.0	2.0	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	-	64.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96.7	58.4	34.2
China	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
United States	7.0	-	-	-	97.0	111.0	126.0	132.0	125.0	177.0	131.0	144.0	152.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-
United States	-	-	- 2.0	-	-	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 3.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
United States	4	5	5	4	5	5	5	6	6	7	7	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 30,35,40,45,50,55. Assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Guyana, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	10.0	18.0	29.0	25.0	-	33.0	-	-	-	237.0	243.0
35	Employees	0.2	0.4	0.4	-	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	-	1.5	2.0
40	Wages and salaries	-	1.0	1.0	-	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	11.0	13.0
45	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105.0	-	265.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	19.0	18.0	23.0	24.0	22.0	-	64.0
55	Profits before taxes	1.0	2.0	3.0	7.0	-	7.0	-	8.0	7.0	-	20.0

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Except for employees, data refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Omai Goldmines Ltd.	Canada	Mining and quarrying		950
National Milling Company of Guyana, Inc	United States	Food		107
Friendship Oxygen Ltd.	United States	Chemicals		23
Demerara Tobacco Co. Ltd.	United Kingdom	Tobacco		
B. Tertiary				
Guyana Telephone & Telegraph Co. Ltd.	United States	Telecommunications	83	750
Geddes Grant (Guayana) Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Trade	16	145
Associated Industries	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		160
C.C.S. (Guyana) Ltd	Bahamas	Trade		65
Ansa Mcal Trading Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Trade		47
Mcal Trading Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Trade		46
Farfan & Mendes Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Trade		40
Grace Kennedy Guyana Ltd.	Jamaica	Trade		35
Caribbean Chemicals Guyana Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Trade		24
Guyana Broadcasting Corp	United Kingdom	Telecommunications		
Rentokil Initial Guyana Ltd	United Kingdom	Other business services		
Esso Standard Oil Sa Ltd	United States	Other business services		
Societe Gyuanaise de L Air Liquide	France	Other business services		
Air Liquide Spatial Guyana	France	Other business services		
Tropical Power (Guyana) Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
National Bank of Industry And Commerce	Trinidad & Tobago	Finance		460

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Companies Act 1991 *Amendment*: 1995 *Amendment*: 1997 *Source*: http://www.sdnp.org.gy/parliament/acts1.htm, 5 March 2004

Banking (Amendment) Act 1993 Source: Ibid

Financial Institutions Act 1995 Amendment: 1996 Source: Ibid

Financial Institutions (Provisions for Conversion into Public Companies) Act 1996 *Source*: Ibid

Financial Institutions Act 1998 *Source*: Ibid

Dealers in Foreign Currency (Licensing) Act 1995 Amendment: 1995 Source: Ibid

Co-operative Financial Institutions (Amendment) Act 1995 Source: Ibid

Capital Issues (Control) Act 1995 Source: Ibid

Guyana's Arbitration Act 1931 *Source*: Ibid

Customs (Amendment) Act 1993 Amendment: 1994 Amendment: 1999 Source: Ibid

Fiscal Enactments (Amendment) Act 1993 Amendment: 1994 Amendment: 1995 Amendment: 1996 Amendment: 1997 Amendment: 2002 Amendment: 2003 Amendment: No.2 2003 Source: Ibid

Foreign Exchange (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1996 Source: Ibid

Bank of Guyana Act 1995 *Amendment*: 1996 *Source*: Ibid

Bank of Guyana Act 1998 Source: Ibid

Banking Laws (Amendment) Act 1995 Source: Ibid

Tax (Amendment) Act 1993 Amendment: 1994 Source: Ibid

Income Tax (In Aid of Industry) (Amendment) Act 1998 Amendment: 2000 Source: Ibid

Corporation Tax Act 1998 Source: Ibid

Capital Gains Tax Act 1998 Source: Ibid

Property Tax Act Chapter 81:21 1998 *Source*: Ibid

Insurance Act 1998 Source: Ibid

Guyana Manufacturing and Industrial Development Agency (Repeal) Act 1993 Source: Ibid

Trade Mark Act 1998 *Source*: Ibid

Environment Protection Act 1996 *Source*: Ibid

Guyana Energy Agency Act 1997 *Source*: Ibid

Energy Sector (Harmonisation of Laws) Act 2002 *Source*: Ibid

Electricity Sector Reform Act 1997 *Source*: Ibid

Electricity Sector Reform Act 1999 *Source*: Ibid

Business Names (Registration) (Amendment) Act 2000 Source: Ibid

Procurement Act 2002 Source: Ibid

Procurement Act 2003 Source: Ibid

II. International framework

1. Guyana is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 *Source*: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 3 July 1969 (effective 10 August 1969) Source: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas 1973

Caribbean Investment Fund Act Source: Source: http://www.sdnp.org.gy/parliament/acts1.htm, 5 March 2004

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of foreign direct investment with Germany 1989, United Kingdom 1989, Cuba 1999 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Canada 1985 Income and Capital, United States 1990 Cooperation and Exchange of Information, United Kingdom 1992 Income and Capital, United States 1992 Cooperation and Exchange of Information *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Bank of Guyana: <u>http://www.bankofguyana.org.gy/</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "<u>Guyana to privatize its bauxite industry</u>", *Journal of Commerce*, 13 November 1998, p. 4.A.
- 2. Anonymous, "<u>A 180-degree turn</u>", *Euromoney*, September 1994, pp. 452-456.
- 3. Canute, James, "<u>Market prospects</u>", *Business Latin America*, 8 July 1996, vol. 31, No. 27, pp. 4-5.
- 4. Ferris, Stephen P., Rodney G. Thompson, and Calin Valson, "An analysis of foreign direct investment in Latin America: the case of the Guyanese economy", *Indian Journal of Quantitative Economics*, vol. 10, No. 1, 1995, pp. 101-110.
- 5. Gafar, John, "Growth, inequality and poverty in selected Caribbean and Latin American countries, with emphasis on Guyana", Journal of Latin American Studies, vol. 30, No. 3. October 1998, pp. 591-617.
- 6. Hilaire, Alvin D. L., "Economic stabilization in the Caribbean", Finance and Development, March 2001, vol. 38, No. 1, pp. 42-45.
- Ishmael, O., "Investing in Guyana", *Embassy of Guyana*, 10 April 1995. (<u>http://www.guyana.org/Economy/invest_guy.htm</u>)
- 8. Simon, Helen J., "<u>No longer ignored</u>", *Business Latin America*, 23 May 1994, vol. 29, No. 20, pp. 6-7.
- 9. Trevor Hamilton and associates, "Diagnostic evaluation of the enabling environment for private sector investment in Belize, Guyana and Suriname", *CARICOM Secretariat*, 1997.

Haiti

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by the Bank of Haiti. The Investment Guide, prepared by the Executive Secretariat of the Manufacturers Association of Haiti, states that the Haitian Government is committed to a free-market system. Therefore, all persons and corporations involved in business in Haiti are guaranteed with the following rights and privileges:

- Free disposal of their properties;
- Freedom to hire and fire in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Code;
- Freedom to engage in commercial and industrial activities within the limitations of the Constitution and the Commercial Regulations Code;
- Protection of trademarks, patents, labels, and all other forms of intellectual property rights; and
- Minimal intervention by the State in the market: government-regulated prices are reduced for five products and services including oil, energy, telecommunications, transportation, and the minimum wage.

The Government of Haiti provides two types of incentives for foreign investment: customs duty incentives and income tax incentives. Customs duty incentives vary according to whether the production of the beneficiary is intended for the domestic market or for export. In addition to custom privileges, eligible firms may benefit from income tax exemption according to a maturity schedule.

Haiti is a member of the Caribbean Community Common Market (CARICOM).

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	- 29.6	0.5
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1999-2002 (annual average)	1.4	
3. FDI stock, 2003	83.6	4.9
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	2.3	0.1

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1970				2.8				
1971	2.4	1.0		3.4				
1972	2.6	1.4		4.1				
1973	5.5	1.5		7.0				
1974	6.0	1.9		7.9				
1975	2.6			2.6				
1976	7.8			7.8				
1977	8.0			8.0				
1978	10.0			10.0				
1979	12.0			12.0				
1980	13.0			13.0				
1981	8.3			8.3				
1982	7.1			7.1				
1983	8.4			8.4				
1984	4.5			4.5				
1985	4.9			4.9				
1986	4.8			4.8				
1987	4.7			4.7				
1988	10.1			10.1				
1989	9.4			9.4				
1990				8.0				- 8.0
1991				13.6				- 13.6
1992				- 1.8				- 7.2
1993				- 2.2				- 1.0
1994				- 2.8				- 7.3
1995				- 2.2				1.0
1996	4.1			4.1				1.0
1997	4.0			4.0				1.0
1998	10.8			10.8				1.0
1999				30.0				- 1.0
2000				13.3				1.0
2001				4.4				0.3
2002				5.7				0.1
2003				- 141.9				0.5

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from the Bank of Haiti for 1991-2003; the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1971-1989 and the World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1990. FDI outflows are based on information from the Bank of Haiti for 1990-1991 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1980				78.6				
1981				86.9				
1982				94.0				
1983				102.4				
1984				106.9				
1985				111.8				
1986				116.6				
1987				121.3				
1988				131.4				
1989				140.8				
1990				148.8				
1991				162.4				
1992				160.6				
1993				158.4				
1994				155.6				
1995				153.4				1.0
1996				157.5				2.0
1997				161.5				3.0
1998				172.2				4.0
1999				202.2				3.0
2000				215.5				4.0
2001				219.9				4.3
2002				225.6				4.4
2003				83.6				4.9

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1970. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1995.

				(Millions o	f dollars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	0.2	0.1	- 0.2	-	- 0.1	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
France	0.2	-	-	-	- 1.1	- 4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	5.0	- 16.0	10.0	3.0	3.0	- 6.0	3.0	10.0	-	20.0	- 25.0	- 11.0	16.0

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	- 0.2	0.7	-	0.2	-	0.2	- 0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	-	- 1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	- 1.0	-	-	1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	32.0	18.0	31.0	30.0	18.0	14.0	14.0	24.0	-	70.0	64.0	55.0	31.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	-	-	-	-	- 1.0	-	1.0	- 1.0	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 28,33,38,43,48,58.Assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and exports of
foreign affiliates of Haitian TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
28	Assets	-	-	-	-	-	29.0	31.0	-	-	-	-
33	Employees	-	-	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	-
38	Wages and salaries	-	-	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	-	-	-	-
43	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	55.0	58.0	-	-	-	-
48	Value added	-	-	7.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	11.0	-	-	-	-
58	Exports	-	-	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Thousands of employees and millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 23,30,35,40,45,50,55. Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Haiti, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
23	Number	7	7	7	5	4	4	5	5	4	4	4
30	Assets	43.0	47.0	40.0	30.0	37.0	31.0	62.0	70.0	65.0	88.0	-
35	Employees	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.7	-	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.5
40	Wages and salaries	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	22.0	-	21.0	22.0	2.0	4.0	6.0
45	Sales	114.0	89.0	47.0	32.0	35.0	87.0	147.0	165.0	-	113.0	-
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	25.0	37.0	47.0	49.0	11.0	-	-
55	Profits before taxes	5.0	2.0	1.0	- 1.0	-	6.0	10.0	10.0	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added and profits refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Heritage Galerie (S.A.)	United States	Wood and wood products		
Gaz Industries Associates SA	United States	Chemicals		
B. Tertiary				
Atlantic Tele-Network Inc. Of Haiti	United States	Telecommunications		68
Shell Company (W.I.) Ltd	Netherlands	Trade		50
Lynx Air International Incorporated	United States	Transport and storage		6
Lynx Air International Inc	United States	Other business services		4
Club Mediterranee D'haiti SA	France	Hotels		
Kpmg Haiti	United States	Other business services		
Dhl International Haiti SA	United States	Other business services		
Sobe	United States	Other business services		
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Constitution of Haiti 1987

II. International framework

Haiti is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

1. Multilateral treaties

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 30 Jan 1985

Source: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 signed on 5 June 1991 *Source*: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas in 1973

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of investments with: Germany 1973, United States 1983, France 1984, United Kingdom 1985, Dominican Republic 1999 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Banque de la Republique d'Haiti: <u>http://www.brh.net/</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Borrus, Amy, "Act two in Haiti", Business Week, 13 March 1995, p. 35.
- Canute, James, "<u>Market prospects</u>", *Business Latin America*, 8 July 1996, vol. 31, No. 27, pp. 4-5.
- 3. DeGeorge, Gail and Amy Borrus, "<u>Hope at last in Haiti</u>", *Business Week*, 3 October 1994, pp. 50-52.
- 4. Jones, Arthur, "Manufacturing: a new beginning in Haiti", *World Trade*, March 1996, vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 38.
- 5. Luxner, Larry, "Haiti's apparel sector: poised for a comeback?", *Bobbin*, September 1995, vol. 37, No. 1, p. 16.
- Martinez, Samuel, "From hidden hand to heavy hand: sugar, the State, and migrant labor in Haiti and the Dominican Republic", Latin American Research Review, vol. 34, No. 1, 1999, pp. 57-84.
- 7. Mobekk, Eirin and Spyros I. Spyrou,, "<u>Re-evaluating IMF involvement in low-income</u> <u>countries: the case of Haiti</u>", *International Journal of Social Economics*, vol. 29, No. 7/8, 2002, pp. 527-538.

Honduras

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by the Central Bank of Honduras (*Banco Central de Honduras*). In June 1992, the Government of Honduras signed the Decree no. 80-92: Investment Law. Amongst other guarantees, the law offers foreign enterprises:

- a) Importation of goods and services necessary for the operation of the enterprise;
- b) Repayment of loans obtained abroad for the operations of the enterprise and interest owed on the same; and
- c) Payment of dividends and repatriation of capital on foreign investments.

In addition, article 11 of the Investment Law states that all investments made for commercial purposes, regardless of nationality of investors, will be registered with the Ministry of Economy and Commerce.

The State recognizes no forms of monopoly, and accordingly will prepare adequate policies, in order that production, internal marketing, imports, export and financial activity are carried out within a framework of economic efficiency and competitiveness. Furthermore, the State will supervise any activity likely to be considered of high risk for the environment and conservation of natural resources. This may lead to the determination of the activities of the company involved.

To diversify the economy, the Government encourages the production of fruits and vegetables for exportation, petroleum exploration, mining, tourism, fishing activities, wood products, metal works, leather goods, and electronics and apparel assembly. The Government encourages foreign investment by offering tax and tariff incentives. The Government has established industrial zones, free zones and industrial-processing free zones, which provide foreign investors with several benefits. Amongst them are the following:

- Unrestricted currency conversion;
- Duty free importation of capital goods, raw materials and supplies employed in the production of goods;
- Import and export shipments cleared within one day;
- Access to the United States market under the Caribbean Basin Initiative;
- 100 per cent foreign ownership; and
- Unrestricted repatriation of profits and capital at any time.

Honduras is keen on employing Hondurans. It is written in the constitution and in the labor code that at least 90 per cent of staff must be Hondurans who must receive at least 85 per cent of the payroll. There is one exception to this rule. However, the percentage of Honduran workers could be as low as 10 per cent if qualified Hondurans are not available. This is only valid for a period of five years until foreign labour is decreased.

Similar to El Salvador, Guatemala and Nicaragua, (to be followed in 2004 by Costa Rica), Honduras signed a free trade agreement with the United States, the Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA). Before CAFTA, these five Central American states were already joined together by another trade agreement, CACM (Central American Common Market). CAFTA will most likely boost exportoriented FDI in Honduras.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	212.1	- 0.1
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1999-2002 (annual average)	14.4	
3. FDI stock, 2003	2 055	
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	29.7	

Sources : Based on tables 3a and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Image: Constraint of the set of															
Year Equity earnings Other I otal Equity earnings Other I otal 1970 8.4 1971 3.0 1972 3.0 1973 1974 1975 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Inward inv</th> <th>estment</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Outward in</th> <th>vestment</th> <th></th>			Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment							
1971 7.3 1972 3.0 1973 6.6 1974 7.12 1975 7.0 1976 8.9 1977 8.9 1978 8.9 1980 5.3 1981 7.6 1982 7.6 1984 20.5 1985 30.0 1986 30.0 1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1990 75.9 1991 75.9 1994 75.9	Year	Equity		Other	Total	Equity		Other	Total						
1971 7.3 1972 3.0 1973 6.6 1974 7.0 1975 7.0 1976 8.9 1977 8.9 1978 8.2 1980 5.8 1981 7.6 1982 7.5 1984 30.0 1985 38.7 1986 48.3 1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1991 75.9 1989 <td>1970</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1970				8.4										
1973 -1.2 1974 -1.2 1975 7.0 1976 5.3 1977 8.9 1977 8.9 1978 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 7.6 1982 21.0 1983 27.5 1984 23.0 1986 52.1	1971				7.3										
1974 -1.2 1975 7.0 1976 5.3 1976 8.9 1977 8.9 1978 28.2 1979 28.2 1980 28.2 1981 28.2 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 43.5 .	1972				3.0										
1975 7.0 1976 5.3 1977 8.9 1977 13.2 1979 13.2 1979 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 7.6 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 21.0 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 48.3 1998	1973				6.6										
1976 5.3 1977 8.9 1978 13.2 1978 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 5.8 1981 7.5 1983 20.5 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 48.3 1989 51.0 <tr< td=""><td>1974</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 1.2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	1974				- 1.2										
1977 8.9 1978 13.2 1979 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 5.8 1982 21.0 1983 20.5 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1986 38.7 1988 51.0 1990 52.1	1975				7.0										
1978 13.2 1979 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 5.8 1981 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 43.5 1990 52.1 1991	1976				5.3										
1979 28.2 1980 5.8 1981 -3.6 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 21.0 1985 20.5 1986 27.5 1986 30.0 1986 38.7 1986 48.3 1989 52.1 1990 52.1 1991 1994	1977				8.9										
1980 5.8 1981 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1986 38.7 1987 38.7 1988 48.3 1990 1991 1992 1991	1978				13.2										
1981 -3.6 1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 <t< td=""><td>1979</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>28.2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	1979				28.2										
1982 13.8 1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 48.3 1990 43.5 1990 1991 1992 1992 <td< td=""><td>1980</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5.8</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1980				5.8										
1983 21.0 1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1986 38.7 1987 48.3 1988 48.3 1990 43.5 1991 47.6 1992 47.6 1993 1993 1995 1996	1981				- 3.6										
1984 20.5 1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1990 43.5 1991 52.1 1992 47.6 1993 52.1 1994 75.9 1995 90.0 1996 127.7 1997 237.3 1999 282.0 2000	1982				13.8										
1985 27.5 1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1990 51.0 1991 52.1 1992 47.6 1993 47.6 1994 75.9 1995 90.0 1996 99.0 1998 237.3 20002001	1983				21.0										
1986 30.0 1987 38.7 1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1990 52.1 1991 52.1 1992 52.1 1993 52.1 1993 75.9 1994 75.9 1995 90.0 1996 99.0 1998 237.3 2000 282.0 2001	1984				20.5				0.1						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1985				27.5				0.0						
1988 48.3 1989 51.0 1990 43.5 1991 52.1 1992 52.1 1993 52.1 1994 52.1 199519961997199820002001	1986				30.0				0.0						
1989 51.0 1990 43.5 1991 52.1 1992 47.6 1993 52.1 1994 52.1 1994 52.1 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 2000 <td< td=""><td>1987</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>38.7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.1</td></td<>	1987				38.7				0.1						
1990 43.5 1991 52.1 1992 47.6 1993 52.1 1993 52.1 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 2000 1999	1988				48.3				0.0						
1991 52.1 1992 47.6 1993 52.1 1993 52.1 1994 41.5 1995 75.9 1996 90.0 1997 99.0 1998 1999 2000 1999 <td< td=""><td>1989</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>51.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td></td<>	1989				51.0				0.0						
1992 47.6 1993 52.1 1994 41.5 1995 75.9 1996 90.0 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 <	1990				43.5				0.5						
1993 52.1 1994 41.5 1995 75.9 1996 90.0 1996 90.0 1997 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 <	1991				52.1				- 0.1						
1994 41.5 1995 75.9 1996 90.0 1997 127.7 1998 99.0 1998 237.3 1999 282.0 2001 193.0	1992				47.6				0.1						
1995 75.9 1996 90.0 1997 127.7 1998 1998 1999 2000 193.0 2001									0.2						
1996 90.0 1997 127.7 1998 1998 1999 2000 2001									0.1						
1997 127.7 1998 99.0 1999 237.3 2000 282.0 2001									0.1						
1998 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.1</td>									0.1						
1999 237.3 2000 282.0 2001 193.0									0.1						
2000 282.0 2001 193.0									0.1						
2001 193.0									- 0.3						
									- 0.0						
									- 0.1						
	2002				175.5				- 0.1						
2003 198.0	2003				198.0				- 0.1						

Table 3a. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Banco Central de Honduras for 1990-2003; International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, June 2003, for 1980-1989 and UNCTAD estimates. For FDI outflows, data are based on World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1984, 1987, 1990-1991 and 1999 and UNCTAD estimates for 1985, 1986, 1988, 1989, 1992-1998 and 2000-2003.

Table 3b.	FDI flows.	by type	of investment,	1977-2002
		~, ., po	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1974	3.6	- 4.8		- 1.2				
1975	4.4	2.7		7.0				
1976	3.7	1.6		5.3				
1977	3.6	5.4		8.9				
1978	2.9	10.3		13.2				
1979	3.7	24.6		28.2				
1980		5.8		5.8				
1981	- 12.4	8.8		- 3.6				
1982	4.7	9.1		13.8				
1983	2.5	18.5		21.0				
1984	2.5	18.0		20.5				
1985	3.4	24.1		27.5				
1986	3.7	26.4		30.0				
1987	4.1	25.8	8.8	38.7				
1988	6.6	34.7	7.0	48.3				
1989	4.1	38.7	8.2	51.0				
1990		34.8	8.7	43.5				
1991		34.9	17.2	52.1				
1992		47.5	0.1	47.6				
1993	12.8	10.8	3.1	26.7				
1994	11.9	12.0	10.9	34.8				
1995	13.2	10.0	26.8	50.0				
1996	45.4	14.7	30.8	90.9				
1997	60.0	20.0	41.5	121.5				
1998	99.0			99.0				
1999	237.3			237.3				
2000	261.8	20.2		282.0				
2001	162.7	32.3		195.0				
2002	104.7	38.2		142.9				

Source: Inward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1980				92.5				
1981				88.9				
1982				102.7				
1983				123.7				
1984				144.1				
1985				171.6				
1986				201.6				
1987				240.3				
1988				288.6				
1989				339.6				
1990				383.1				
1991				435.2				
1992				482.8				
1993				534.9				
1994				576.3				
1995				652.2				
1996				742.2				
1997				869.9				
1998				968.9				
1999				1 206.2				
2000				1 488.2				
2001				1 681.2				
2002				1 856.7				
2003				2 054.7				

(Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Inward stocks are an accumulation of inflows from 1970.

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1993-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Sector / industry	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	52.1	41.5	69.4	90.0	127.7	99.0	237.3	282.0	193.1	175.5
Primary	23.3	5.6	18.7	14.3	7.9	2.6	112.5	32.4	11.4	33.0
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	22.2	2.9	15.6	12.9	3.7	- 9.5	54.4	7.5	3.2	3.7
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	1.1	2.7	3.2	1.4	4.2	12.1	58.2	24.9	8.2	29.4
Mining and quarrying	1.1	2.7	3.2	1.4	4.2	12.1	58.2	24.9	8.2	29.4
Secondary	5.3	15.6	20.9	25.8	49.1	23.4	46.7	167.7	59.2	21.1
Tertiary	23.4	20.2	29.8	33.8	64.0	71.8	77.8	81.9	122.6	121.4
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	7.3	0.7	10.6	24.0	1.3	3.1	11.3	- 0.8
Construction	10.1	11.2	14.7	7.1	11.0	14.0	- 3.5	20.3	3.5	5.5
Hotels and restaurants	10.2	5.4	4.9	16.5	28.0	22.5	57.9	35.9	17.6	34.3
Transport, storage and communications	-	-	-	-	1.7	3.5	10.6	5.6	49.2	64.1
Business activities	3.2	3.6	2.9	9.5	12.8	7.8	11.5	17.1	40.9	18.3
Unspecified	0.2	-	-	16.2	6.7	1.3	0.3	-	-	-

Source : Central Bank of Honduras, Balance of Payments section.

Notes: Hotels and restaurants include trade. Data in this table have been recently revised. Therefore, totals are not comparable to those presented in table 6.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1993-2002

		(Millions	of dollars	5)						
Region/economy	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total world	52.1	41.5	75.9	90.0	127.7	99.3	237.3	282.0	195.0	142.9
Developed countries	50.0	39.8	69.0	61.1	77.9	75.0	181.0	132.8	89.4	90.9
Western Europe	12.9	14.6	20.2	17.3	23.0	28.1	12.0	32.5	20.6	17.1
European Union	10.9	14.4	20.0	13.6	21.7	24.3	5.0	36.6	21.9	16.6
Germany	0.2	1.3	0.0	0.5	1.2	4.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Italy	10.1	11.2	13.7	5.5	7.2	11.9	- 3.6	13.6	7.6	6.2
Spain	- 1	-	-	0.3	0.3	1.6	5.9	7.8	9.8	5.4
United Kingdom	0.6	1.9	6.3	7.3	13.0	6.6	2.6	15.0	4.3	4.8
Other Western Europe	1.9	0.2	0.2	3.7	1.3	3.7	6.9	- 4.1	- 1.3	0.5
Switzerland	1.9	0.2	0.2	3.7	1.3	3.7	6.9	- 4.1	- 1.3	0.5
North America	37.2	25.2	45.9	43.3	50.5	45.0	169.0	100.3	67.7	72.6
Canada	- 1	-	-	-	-	12.0	55.1	36.1	15.1	18.1
United States	37.2	25.2	45.9	43.3	50.5	33.0	113.9	64.2	52.6	54.5
Other developed countries	-	-	2.9	0.4	4.3	1.9	0.1	-	1.2	1.2
Japan	-	-	2.9	0.4	4.3	1.9	0.1	-	1.2	1.2
Developing economies	1.9	1.6	6.9	20.5	46.8	20.6	47.8	55.1	62.5	36.7
Latin America and the Caribbean	1.9	1.6	6.9	20.5	46.8	20.6	47.8	55.1	62.5	36.7
Other Latin America and Caribbean	1.9	1.6	6.9	20.5	46.8	20.6	47.8	55.1	62.5	36.7
Costa Rica	0.4	0.7	3.0	5.0	7.6	5.6	6.4	21.2	24.1	9.8
El Salvador	-	-	1.0	9.4	25.8	7.7	13.9	7.9	9.2	11.8
Guatemala	0.1	0.2	- 0.3	2.7	6.1	5.2	3.4	11.1	10.8	6.0
Mexico	-	-	0.4	2.5	6.7	1.2	4.6	- 0.1	0.2	0.2
Panama	1.3	0.7	2.8	0.8	0.7	1.0	19.5	15.1	18.1	8.8
Unspecified	0.2	0.1	0.0	8.5	3.0	3.7	8.5	94.1	43.1	15.2

Source : Central Bank of Honduras, Balance of Payments section.

Note: Totals in this table are not comparable to those presented in table 5.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	- 0.2	- 0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.2	-	-	-
China	-	-	-	0.5	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	-	2.1	2.8	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	0.4	-	-	-	-
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6
United States	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 3.0	- 2.0	- 2.0	- 2.0	2.0	2.0	- 4.0	1.0	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	40.3	-	63.7	68.0	-	6.0	55.3	12.7
China	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	4.2	1.9	6.1	3.6	2.0	9.3	7.1	-
Republic of Korea		-	-	-	-	21.2	23.7	27.9	28.1	27.9	28.5	36.8	52.3
United States	262.0	255.0	239.0	159.0	140.0	68.0	129.0	183.0	111.0	347.0	399.0	242.0	184.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.3	9.3
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
United States	8.0	7.0	-	- 1.0	- 4.0	- 6.0	- 8.0	- 4.0	- 2.0	1.0	- 3.0	- 2.0	- 2.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographicalorigin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	5	6	5	7	6
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	29	29	28	29	31
United States	41	40	41	41	39	37	38	40	38	32	31	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographicalorigin, 1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0
United States	23.6	22.8	22.0	21.7	25.2		23.9	24.3	27.1	20.1	21.6	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.8		92.1	89.5
United States	914.0	866	981	987				1 211		1 287	1 512	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,33,38,43,48,53.Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added
and profits of foreign affiliates of Honduran TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	8	8	3	3	3	4	4	1	1	1	1
28	Assets	22	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Employees	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	-	0.3	0.4	0.4
38	Wages and salaries	1	1	2	2	6	6	7	-	9	12	11
43	Sales	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48	Value added	-	-	6	8	10	13	15	-	16	23	16
53	Profits before taxes	- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Number, thousands of employees and millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 30,40,50,55,60,65, 85. Assets, wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Honduras, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	564	552	548	555	550		621	700	-	1 158	1 258
40	Wages and salaries	102	103	105	106	102		128	136	140	140	158
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	286	316	256	304	320	256	358
55	Profits before taxes	3	- 3	- 7	7	- 12	13	- 6	- 8	- 29	28	86
60	Exports	121	143	152	95	122	149	-	165	112	143	182
65	Imports	70	89	100	88	-	128	123	251	247	113	162
85	Royalty payments	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added, profits and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

Company	Industry	Sales Empl	oyees		
A. Industrial					
Compania Hulera Sula	Chemicals	7			
Agropecuaria Montelibano	Agrigulture				
Granjas Marinas San Bernardo	Agrigulture				
Alimentos Concentrados Nacionales	Food				
B. Tertiary					
Comercial Laeisz Honduras	Trade				
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets Employees			

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

Company	Host econon	ny Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Fabrica de Esponjas Plasticas Fomtex	Guatemala	Rubber and plastic products	2 767.0	107
Gmsb	United States	Agriculture	2.2	47
Cargil de Guatemala	Guatemala	Food		30
B. Tertiary				
Maquinaria Salvadorena	El Salvador	Trade		70
Agropecuaria Montelibano	Netherlands	Trade		1
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

	(Millions of dolla	rs and number)		
Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Tela Railroad Company, SA	United States	Agriculture		. 9 000
Lear Automotive Edds Honduras SA	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment		. 1 500
Manufacturera Cortes Sa	United States	Textiles		. 600
Cerveceria Hondureña SA de C.V.	United Kingdom	Beverages		. 550
Derivados Del Maiz de Honduras	Mexico	Food		. 300
Tabacalera Hondurena Sa de Cv	United Kingdom	Tobacco		. 295
Boquitas Fiestas, SA de C.V.	United States	Food		. 172
Moore de Centro America, SA de C.V.	Canada	Paper		. 150
Alimentos Dixie de Honduras	Panama	Food		. 94
Panificadora Bimbo, S. de R.L.	Mexico	Food		. 50
Spring de Honduras, SA de C.V.	United States	Other manufacturing		. 38
Cultivos Palmerola, SA de C.V.	Panama	Agriculture		. 35
Henkel de Honduras Sa de Cv	Germany	Chemicals		. 24
Aselcom	Costa Rica	Electrical and electronic equipment		. 10
B. Tertiary				
Corporacion Cressida Sa de Cv	Panama	Other business activities	215	1 000
Kimberly Clark International, SA	United States	Trade		. 200
Dhl de Honduras S. de R.L.	United States	Transport and storage		. 100
Distribuidora Yale, SA	Guatemala	Trade		. 50
Americatel Honduras SA	Italy	Other business activities		. 50
Bristol-Meyers Squibb SA (Honduras)	United States	Other business activities		. 40
Grupo Transmerguim, SA de C.V.	Panama	Trade		. 38
Seaboard Honduras, SA de C.V.	United States	Transport and storage		. 30
Harris Communications Honduras Sa	United States	Transport and storage		. 25
Ingenieria y Tecnologia Electrica SA	Guatemala	Trade		. 11
Tecnica Universal SA	Guatemala	Trade		. 10
Equant de Honduras SA	France	Other business activities	-	. 7
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Banco de Honduras, Sa	United States	Finance		. 65
Lloyds TSB Bank Plc	United Kingdom	Finance		. 52

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Law on Trademarks -- Decree No. 87, 14 March 1919 Amendment: Decree No. 474, 10 June 1977 Source: La Gaceta (Official Gazette) No. 10 (October 1978)

Law on Patents -- Decree No. 125, 1 April 1919 *Amendment*: Decree No. 314, 4 February 1976 *Source*: World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), December 1978

Ley de Propiedad Intelectual. 19-XII-1999 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Monetary Law, 01 February 1950 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Law of the Central Bank of Honduras, 03 March 1950 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Law of Institutions of the Financial System, 16 November 1995 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Law of the National Commission of Banks and Stocks, 18 November 1995 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Reglamento de la Ley Reguladora de las Operaciones de Tarjetas de Crédito de Instituciones Bancarias, Establecimientos Comerciales u Otras Obligaciones en Dinero, 06 October 1998 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Ley de Seguros de Depósitos en Instituciones del Sistema Financiero -- Decreto 53, 30 May 2001 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Ley of Financial Stability and Social Protection, 30 May 2002 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Lew of Financial Stability and Social Protection, 30 May 2002 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Lew of Financial Stability and Social Protection, 30 May 2002 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com) Decreto 294 que Reforma a los Artículos 43 y 57 de la Ley de Instituciones del Sistema Financiero 26-X-2002

Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Decree Law 146, 3 September 1957 Source: Ibid., 24 October 1957

Labour Code, Decree 189 of 19 May 1959 Source: Ibid., 23 July 1959 Amendment: Decree 264-89, 21 December 1989 Source: Ibid., 30 January 1990

Fishing Law, Decree Law 154-59, 9 June 1959 (effective, 17 June 1959) *Source*: Ibid., 17 June 1959

Income Tax Law, Decree Law 25, 20 December 1963 Source: Ibid., 27 December 1963 Amendment: Decree 27-90, Decree 24-91, 15 March 1991 Source: Ibid., 15 March 1991

Law on insurance Companies, 13 February 1963 Source: Ibid., 20 March 1963 Mining Code, Decree 143, 26 October 1968 Source: Ibid., 8-10 July 1970 Last Amendment: Decree 37-89, 5 April 1989 Source: Ibid., 22 April 1989 Industrial Incentives Law -- Decree No. 49, 21 June 1973 Source: Ibid., 22 June 1973 Regulated by Resolution No. 287, 12 September 1973. Source: Ibid., 31 October 1973

Free Zone in Puerto Cortes -- Decree No. 356, 19 July 1976 (effective, 9 June 1976) *Source*: Ibid., 21 July 1976

New Constitution of the Republic -- Decree No. 131, 11 January 1982 *Source*: Ibid., 16 January 1982.

Constitution -- Article No. 337, (effective, 11 January 1982) *Source*: Constitution of the Republic

Article No. 73, Constitution (effective, 11 January 1982) *Source*: Ibid

Law on Export Development -- Decree No. 220-83, 26 November 1983 (effective, 17 December 1983) *Source*: Ibid., 17 December 1983.

Decree No. 31-87, 20 December 1984 (effective, 27 December 1984)

Hydrocarbons -- Law-Decree No. 194-84, 24 October 1984 Source: Ibid., 28 February 1985 Amendment: Law-Decree No. 94-85 of 14 June 1985 Source: Ibid., 28 June 1985.

Decree No. 161-85, 26 September 1985 (effective, 10 October 1985) Source: Ibid., 10 October 1985. Accord No. 1276, 24 June 1985 Implementing Law-Decree No. 194-84, 24 October 1984, as amended Source: Ibid., 26 July 1985.

Accord No. 684-87 of 31 July 1987 implementing Law-Decree No. 37-87 of 7 April 1987 on Export Processing Industrial Zones *Source*: Ibid., 19 August 1987.

Accord No. 459, 30 July 1987 implementing Law-Decree No. 44-85, 30 April 1985 *Source*: Ibid., 12 February 1988.

Resolution No. 668-87, 23 July 1987 implementing Law-Decree No. 61-87, 30 April 1987 (effective, 19 August 1987) *Source*: Ibid., 19 August 1987.

Export Processing and Industrial Zones -- Law-Decree No. 37-87, 7 April 1987 (effective, 17 May 1987) Source: Ibid., 27 April 1987. Amendment: Decree 84-92, 12 June 1992 Source: Ibid., 7 July 1992.

Export Development -- Law-Decree No. 61-87, 30 April 1987 (effective, 1 June 1987) *Source*: Ibid., 1 June 1987.

Law Creating Industrial Zones and Export Processing -- Decree No. 37-87, 7 April 1987 (effective, May 1987) Source: Ibid 27 April 1987

Source: Ibid., 27 April 1987.

Conversion of External Debt of Honduras and Governing Procedures for Conversion of the Public Debt through Stimulating Private Investment in Areas of National Interest -- Law-Decree No. 149-88, 15 December 1988 Source: Ibid., 26 December 1988

Accord No. 8, 19 August 1988 approving:

a) Measures to Facilitate Entrance into the Nation for Foreign Investors,

b) Government Policies of Promoting Investment and

c) Law-Decree No. 37-87 of 7 April 1987 on Export Processing Industrial Zones

Source: Ibid., 5 September 1988

Conversion of National Debt -- Decree No. 149-88, 15 December 1988 (effective, 26 December 1988) *Source*: Ibid., 26 December 1988.

Accord No. 479, 20 June 1989 regulating Law-Decree No. 149-88, 15 December 1988 *Source: La Gaceta* (Official Gazette) 29 June 1989

Structural Order of the Economy -- Decree 18-90, 8 March 1990 Amendment: Decree 24-91, 15 March 1991 Source: Ibid., 15 March 1991

Central American Constitutive Convention for the Protection of the Environment -- Decree 14-90, 7 March 1990 Source: WIPO, op-cit

Financial Consulting for Pre-Investment Studies -- Decree 24-90-E, 20 December 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 13 February 1990

Special Law on Naturalization Cards for Foreign Investors -- Decree 26-90-E, 20 December 1990 Source: Ibid., 21 January 1991 Regulated by Accord 85-91, 7 February 1991 Source: Ibid., 11 February 1991

Operations of Petroleum and Mining Explorations -- Decree 123-90, 5 November 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 24 November 1990

Regulated by Accord 472-91 of 25 September 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 28 November 1991

Investment Law -- Decree No. 80-92, 29 May 1992 Regulation Agreement No. 345, 10 September 1992. *Source:* WIPO, December 1978 *Amendment:* Decree No. 179-92 of 14 December 1992. *Source:* Ibid., 30 March 1992.

Law for the Modernization and Development of the Agricultural Sector -- Decree No. 31, 5 March 1992, 12 June 1992 *Source: La Gaceta*, (Official Gazette) 6 April 1992. Law on Free Tourism Zones -- Decree No. 84-92, 1992 Source: Ibid., 7 July 1992

Incentives for the Production of Bananas -- Accord No. 57-91, 25 September 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 28 November 1991

Decreto 16 Ley de Casas de Cambio, 24 February 1992 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Law of the Electric Sector, 04 June 1994 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Tax Code, 1995 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Ley Marco del Sector de Telecomunicaciones -- Decreto 185-95 Actualización de la Ley Marco del Sector de Telecomunicaciones -- Decreto 118-97, 05 December 1995 and, 25 October 1997 *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Ley de Mercado de Valores - Decreto No. 8., 28 May 2001 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

Ley de Instituciones de Seguros y Reaseguros, 11 August 2001 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade (http://www.natlaw.com)

II. International Framework

1. Honduras is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 20 March 1883, amended and revised

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States of 18 March 1965, signed on 4 Feb 1994, effective 19 April 1995

ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted on 16 November 1977

Convention Establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency of 11 October 1985, signed on 30 September 1996

Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995) Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 15 February 1997 Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 12 December 1997

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments with Switzerland 1993, United Kingdom 1993, Spain 1994, Germany 1995, United States 1995, Chile 1996, Taiwan Province of China 1996, France 1998, Ecuador 2000, Cuba 2001, Netherlands 2001 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral investment treaties for the avoidance of double taxation treaties with the United States 1995 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

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Jamaica

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data in Jamaica are collected by the National Bank of Jamaica. In bilateral investment treaties by Jamaica, the scope of foreign investment is defined as "tangible and intangible property, assets, shares, claims of money and intellectual property". Profits made by companies and associations, owned by foreign investors, are dealt with under the Income Tax Act at a rate of 25 per cent.

Local and foreign investors are treated equally in Jamaica's incentive regime. There are two exceptions to this rule:

- The International Finance Companies Act of 1971 (Income tax relief); and
- Foreign Sales Corporation Act (Income tax at a rate of 2.5 per cent).

The major requirement for a corporate body to be granted relief under these acts is that, a minimum of 95 per cent of its issued share capital must be held by non-residents of Jamaica.

In Jamaica, incentive schemes are administered by the Ministry of Industry, Investment and Commerce. The Jamaica Free Zone Act provides a number of incentives. Although not legally restrictive, most of the companies operating in the Free Zone are foreign-owned. The incentives granted include:

- 100 per cent tax holiday on profits;
- Duty free importation of all capital goods and raw materials used in production process; and
- No restriction on the repatriation of profits.

In order to stimulate FDI in the tourism industry the Government of Jamaica has formulated two special incentive acts. The Hotel Incentives Act applies to hotels that contain ten or more bedrooms as well as facilities for meals and the accommodation of transient guests, including tourists. This act offers income tax relief and duty concessions for up to fifteen years for convention-type hotels (hotels with at least 350 bedrooms), and ten years for regular hotels. Within the Resort Cottages Act, the resort cottage must contain at least two furnished bedrooms with kitchen, living room and bathroom facilities, used for the accommodation of transient guests including tourists, in order to qualify for reward. In this case, the business receives income tax relief for up to seven years as well as duty free importation of building materials and furnishings.

Jamaica is a member state of the Caribbean Community Common Market (CARICOM).

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	521.0	79.0
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	23.8	4.1
3. FDI stock, 2003	4 932	951
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	61.6	11.9

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

		Inward in	nvestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1970				162.1				1.0
1971				175.2				- 1.0
1972				97.5				
1973				73.3				- 2.0
1974				30.5				7.0
1975				61.4				
1976		8.2	- 8.8	- 0.6				
1977		7.7	- 17.4	- 9.7				
1978		11.8	- 38.4	- 26.6				
1979		12.4	- 38.8	- 26.4				
1980		64.9	- 37.2	27.7				
1981		26.8	- 38.3	- 11.5				
1982		24.0	- 39.8	- 15.8				
1983		17.0	- 35.7	- 18.7				
1984		42.8	- 30.6	12.2				
1985		5.8	- 14.8	- 9.0				
1986		10.4	- 15.0	- 4.6				
1987	61.2	3.3	- 11.1	53.4				
1988		9.0	- 21.0	- 12.0				
1989	52.1	10.9	- 5.9	57.1				
1990				175.0				37.0
1991				171.0				38.0
1992				190.0				48.0
1993				139.0				61.0
1994	62.7	49.3	17.7	130.0	2.0		50.7	53.0
1995	75.5	69.4	2.5	147.0	20.7		45.6	66.0
1996	97.6	68.1	18.0	184.0	45.3		48.0	93.0
1997	103.1	88.6	11.6	203.0	9.0		47.6	57.0
1998	151.1	101.1	116.9	369.0	35.0		47.0	82.0
1999	352.8	87.3	83.6	524.0	45.9		49.0	95.0
2000	273.8	116.0	78.5	468.0	25.6		48.7	74.0
2001	427.4	115.9	70.6	614.0	51.6		37.4	89.0
2002	271.1	164.3	45.7	481.1	36.6		37.3	74.0
2003				521.0				79.0

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from the Bank of Jamaica for 1990-2002 and International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM* January 2004 for 1970-1974 and 1976-1989 and UNCTAD estimates. For FDI outflows, data are based on information from the Bank of Jamaica for 1990-2002; the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1970-1974 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward ir	nvestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				564.4				5.0
1981				552.9				5.0
1982				537.1				5.0
1983				518.4				5.0
1984				530.6				5.0
1985				521.6				5.0
1986				517.0				5.0
1987				570.4				5.0
1988				558.4				5.0
1989				615.5				5.0
1990				790.5				42.0
1991				961.5				80.0
1992				1 151.5				128.0
1993				1 290.5				189.0
1994				1 420.5				242.0
1995				1 567.5				308.0
1996				1 751.5				401.0
1997				1 954.5				458.0
1998				2 323.5				540.0
1999				2 847.5				635.0
2000				3 315.5				709.0
2001				3 929.5				798.0
2002				4 410.6				872.0
2003				4 931.6				951.0

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Stock is an accumulation of flows since 1970.

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1998-1999

(Millions of dollars)

Sector / industry	1998	1999
Total	369	524
Primary	111	68
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1	(
Agriculture and hunting	1	(
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	110	68
Mining and quarrying	110	68
Secondary	56	159
Non-metallic mineral products	3	96
Unspecified secondary	53	63
Tertiary	88	169
Hotels and restaurants	3	73
Finance	-	46
Financial Intermediation	-	8
Monetary intermediation	-	8
Insurance and Pension Funding	-	38
Business activities	85	50
Computer and related activities	85	50
Unspecified	114	128

Source : Bank of Jamaica.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions	of	dollars)	
(101110113	010	1011013)	

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 0.0	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
China	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.2
France	3.3	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Japan	-	1.2	1.3	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	0.2	0.4	5.3	0.4	1.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
United States	283.0	144.0	137.0	173.0	210.0	116.0	292.0	264.0	215.0	403.0	228.0	445.0	216.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China and Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	-	- 0.2	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.7	-	-	-	-	-
India	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.1
Philippines	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	7.0	-	-	-	2.0	- 4.0	1.0	- 4.0	2.0	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for India and the Philippines are on an approval basis.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	290.4	322.8	291.1	251.5	230.3	215.4	368.0	-	-	395.6	394.6	-	-
China	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	-	-
Germany	3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	9.2	10.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	5.7	5.7	5.7
United Kingdom	291.1	246.9	337.2	385.1	353.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	625.0	763.0	892.0	1 049.0	1 167.0	1 287.0	1 583.0	1 952.0	1 960.0	2 296.0	2 483.0	2 974.0	3 136.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	0.7	-	-
Thailand	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	-	-	-	- 2.0	-	- 4.0	- 4.0	- 7.0	- 5.0	-	- 5.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

T	T1	C C	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- I set a	4000 0004
Table 23.	The number of affiliates of	of foreign IN	US in the host econom	y, by geographical origi	n, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	7	7	6	6
United States	37	36	36	37	33	31	32	34	32	27	28	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,43,48.Number, assets, sales and value added of foreign affiliates of Jamaican TNCs in the United States,1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	-
28	Assets	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	2.0
43	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0	-	4.0	5.0	-
48	Value added	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	-

(Number and millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 30,35,40,45,50,55,60,65,70,85. Assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added, profits, exports, imports, expenditures in research and development and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Jamaica, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	1 904.0	2 117.0	2 305.0	2 379.0	2 566.0	2 828.0	3 113.0	-	3 648.0	4 105.0	4 399.0
35	Employees	8.9	6.0	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.2	6.1	6.3
40	Wages and salaries	93.0	71.0	70.0	85.0	107.0	132.0	134.0	142.0	139.0	136.0	136.0
45	Sales	1 308.0	1 199.0	1 137.0	1 168.0	1 168.0	1 233.0	-	1 543.0	1 180.0	1 293.0	1 463.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	264.0	322.0	399.0	379.0	262.0	-	289.0
55a	Profits before taxes	174.0	146.0	117.0	88.0	91.0	122.0	182.0	157.0	32.0	-	26.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	103.0	-	217.0	193.0	66.0	-	-
60	Exports	756.0	-	-	715.0	410.0	536.0	667.0	706.0	377.0	-	-
65	Imports	-	-	-	-	-	172.0	211.0	198.0	187.0	-	-
	Research and development											
70	expenditures	-	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85	Royalty payments		-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added, profits, exports, imports, research and development expenditures and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Jamaica Producers Group	Agrigulture	274	
Carreras Group	Tobacco	115	
The Gleaner Company	Printing and publishing	43	
Jamaica Broilers Group	Food		
B. Tertiary			
Grace Kennedy & Company	Trade	329	
Lascelles de Mercado & Co.	Diversified	216	
Mossel Jamaica	Telecommunications		
Walkers Wood Marketing	Trade		
Petroleum Corporation Of Jamaica	Trade		
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees
Jamaica National Building Society	Finance	75	
National Investment Bank Of Jamaica	Finance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

Company	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
The Gleaner Company	United Kingdom	Printing and publishing	0.8	8
The Gleaner Company	United States	Printing and publishing	0.6	13
The Gleaner Company	Canada	Printing and publishing	0.4	12
B. Tertiary				
Wincorp International Inc	United States	Trade	10.8	14
Grace Kennedy Belize Limited	Belize	Trade	1.9	35
Walkerswood Marketing (Europe)	United Kingdom	Trade	0.6	1
Jamaica Producers Marketing (USA)	United States	Trade	0.5	5
Island Food	United Kingdom	Trade	0.3	
Grace, Kennedy USA	United States	Trade	0.2	2
The Rum Company (New Zealand)	New Zealand	Trade	0.2	1
Digicel St. Lucia	St Lucia	Telecomminications		5
Grace Kennedy Guyana	Guyana	Trade		35
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Jamaica National Overseas (U K)	United Kingdom	Finance		3

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
West Indies Alumina Company	Switzerland	Mining and quarrying		1 264
Alumina Partners Of Jamaica	United States	Mining and quarrying		1 100
Desnoes & Geddes Ltd.	United Kingdom	Machinery and equipment		600
Nestle - Jmp Jamaica Ltd.	Switzerland	Food		550
Caribbean Cement Company Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Non-metallic mineral products		254
Cremo Ltd.	Switzerland	Food		200
Goodyear Jamaica Ltd.	United States	Rubber tyres		200
Pepsi Cola Jamaica Bottling Co. Ltd.	United States	Machinery and equipment		200
Colgate-Palmolive Co.(Jamaica) Ltd.	United States	Pharmaceuticals		160
Berger Paints (Jamaica) Ltd		Chemicals		130
Jamaica Packaging Industries Ltd.	Canada	Paper		122
Sherwin Williams (W.I.) Ltd.	United States	Chemicals		120
lgl Ltd.	United States	Chemicals		115
Van Leer (Jamaica) Ltd	Spain	Metals		65
Henkel Jamaica Ltd	Germany	Chemicals		59
B. Tertiary				
Cable And Wireless Jamaica Ltd	Cayman Islands	Telecommunications		3 207
Jamaica Public Service Company, Ltd.	United States	Electricity, gas and water		1 700
Ritz Carlton Rose Hall Jamaica	United States	Hotels		1 100
Half Moon Bay Ltd	United States	Hotels		1 000
Neal & Massy Group Jamaica Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		363
Pricewaterhousecoopers	United Kingdom	Other business services		300
Super Clubs International Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Hotels		120
Neal & Massy (Jamaica) Ltd	Trinidad & Tobago	Automotive trade and repair		110
Xerox (Jamaica) Ltd	United States	Trade		70
Comtech Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		68
Jamaica Digiport International Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Telecommunications		20
Shell Chemicals (Jamaica) Ltd.	Netherlands	Trade		13
Neal & Massy Group Jamiaca Ltd.	Trinidad & Tobago	Automotive trade and repair		5
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
The Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Ltd.	Canada	Finance	2 462 ^a	1 652 ^a
First Caribbean International Bank	Canada	Finance	359 ^b	520 ^b
Citimerchant Bank Ltd	United States	Finance	19 ^c	

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a October 2002. b October 2001. c December 2000.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

The Constitution of Jamaica 1962 Source: Diario Official, (Official Gazette)

The Export Industry Encouragement Act (EIEA) 1956 Source: http://www.jma.com.jm/Page/37/Export%20Industry%20Encouragement%20Act.asp, 4 March 2004

Land Acquisition Act of 22 May 1947 as amended in 1977 *Source*: Ibid., vol. X

Industrial Incentives Act of 23 August 1956 as amended in 1986 *Source*: Ibid., vol. VIII

Industrial Incentives (Factory Construction) Act of 21 February 1961 as amended in 1986 *Source*: Ibid., vol. VIII

Companies Act of 1 January 1967 as amended in 1985 *Source: Laws of Jamaica,* vol. VII

Income Tax Act of 1 January 1955 as amended in 1985 *Source*: Ibid., vol. VII

Decree No. 37-91on Export Promotion 1991, (effective 26 August 1991) Source: Consolidated Index of Statues & Subsidiary Legislation to I January 1990

Decree No. 6-91 of 28 January 1991 on Liberalization of Export Tax on National Products, (effective 11 February 1991) Source: Ibid., 11 February 1991

The Bank of Jamaica Act 1960 *Amendments*: 1992, 1994, 1995, 2000, 2001, 2002 *Source*: The National Law Centre for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/Jamaica, 5 March 2004

The Banking Act 1992 Amendments: 1997, 2002 Source: Ibid

The Financial Institutions Act 1992 Amendments: 1997, 2002 Source: Ibid

Fair Trading Act 1993 Source: http://www.emjamusa.org/invest.htm#policy, 5 March 2004

The Office of Utilities Regulation Act 1995 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/Jamaica, 5 March 2004

Copyright Act of 25 July 1913 as amended in 1986

Source: Source: Laws of Jamaica, vol. IV

Designs Act of 15 July 1937 as amended in 1976 Source: Ibid., vol. V

Trade Marks Act of 1 December 1958 as amended in 1976 *Source: Laws of Jamaica*, vol. XVII

The Telecommunications Act 2000 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/Jamaica, 5 March 2004

Coffee Industry Regulation Act of 9 December 1948 as amended in 1986 *Source: Laws of Jamaica*, vol. III

Petroleum Production Act of 15 June 1979 as amended in 1986 *Source*: Ibid., loose-leaf edition from 1973, vol. XIV

Hotels Incentives Act of 21 March 1968 as amended in 1986 *Source:* Ibid, vol. VII

Caribbean Investment Corporation Act of 16 April 1974 *Source*: Ibid., vol. II

Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act 1973 as revised in 1974 Source: Consolidated Index of Statutes & Subsidiary Legislation to 1st January 1990

II. International framework

1. Jamaica is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985

Source: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 23 June1965 (effective 14 Oct 1966) *Source*: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act 1973 as revised in 1974 Source: Consolidated Index of Statutes & Subsidiary Legislation to 1st January 1990

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas 1973

Caribbean Investment Fund Act Source: Source: http://www.sdnp.org.gy/parliament/acts1.htm, 5 March 2004

Caribbean Investment Corporation Act of 16 April 1974 *Source*: Ibid., vol. II

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of foreign direct investment with United Kingdom 1987, Switzerland 1990, Netherlands 1991, Germany 1992, France 1993, Italy 1993, Argentina 1994, China 1994, United States 1994, Cuba 1997, Egypt 1999, Indonesia 1999, Zimbabwe 1999, Nigeria 2002, Spain 2002

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Denmark 1954 Income and Capital, United Kingdom 1973 Income and Capital, Germany 1974 Income and Capital, Canada 1978 Income and Capital, United States 1980 Income and Capital, Israel 1984 Income and Capital, Sweden 1985 Income and Capital, United States 1986 Cooperation and Exchange of Information, Denmark 1990 Income and Capital, Norway 1991 Income and Capital, Switzerland 1994 Income and Capital, China 1996 Income and Capital

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

- 1. Bank of Jamaica: <u>http://www.boj.org.jm/</u>.
- 2. Jamaica Promotions Corporation (JAMPRO).

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Mexico

A. Definitions and sources of data

In accordance with the international standards, the basic criterion for defining direct investment enterprises in Mexico is 10 per cent ownership by a nonresident investor, regardless of whether the investor has an effective voice in management. However, the data also include enterprises in which the non-resident investor owns less than 10 per cent but has an effective voice in management, as evidenced by one or more of the following: (1) representation on the Board of Directors, (2) participation in policy making, (3) material intercompany transactions, (4) interchange of managerial personnel and (5) provision of technical information. No value threshold is used to identify direct investment enterprises, and unincorporated enterprises are not treated differently from incorporated enterprises.

The Ministry of Economic Affairs and the Central Bank jointly compile foreign direct investment (FDI) statistics. FDI statistics consist of two elements: the amounts notified to the National Registry of Foreign Investment and the imports of fixed capital equipment by the maquila industry.

According to articles 32 and 33 of the *Foreign Investment Law* reporting to the National Registry of Foreign Investment is compulsory. The registration covers new investments, reinvested earnings and intra-company loans. These notifications can take a certain delay with respect to time when the investment was made. For this reason, figures reported on a quarterly basis, for the last period are usually bellow their actual values and the Ministry of Economic Affairs provides an estimate of these investments based on other sources. These estimates are not disaggregated by investor country or industry. The quarterly data are revised on a quarterly basis whenever new information for the reference period is received, either from late responses from reporters or form the annual survey of direct investment enterprises.

Annual data are compiled, with a year's delay, from annual enterprise surveys, using the quarterly data as a secondary source. For this purpose a business register of enterprises is maintained. The quarterly and annual data are subject to ongoing review and are therefore never considered to be final.

Parent companies of foreign subsidiaries in the maquiladora industry can loan to their affiliates fixed capital equipment that is not transferred under the property of the affiliate. The value of those loans is also counted as FDI.

The methodology for compiling FDI statistics changed significantly in 1994, so figures for the years before are not directly comparable. Stocks are compiled annually from the survey and the registry. Outward investment figures for both flows and stock are reported since 2001.

In 2002 the Ministry of Economic Affairs set out new rules, replacing the previous agreement with the United States, that facilitate maquila operations allowing tariff-free importation of inputs on a temporary basis, while extending the term of the agreement.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	16 664	1068.4 ^a
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1999-2002 (annual average)	14.7	0.7 ^a
3. FDI stock, 2002	140 376 ^c	12 425
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2002	22.5 ^c	1.9

Sources : Based on tables 3a and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are UNCTAD estimates.

a Data refer to average 2001-2003.

b Data refer to average 2001-2002.

c Data refer to 2001.

Table 3a. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1994-2003

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	estment			Outward inv	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1994	9 745.0	2 366.6	2 933.6	15 045.2				
1995	6 958.5	1 572.0	1 115.9	9 646.4				
1996	6 291.8	2 589.7	1 066.3	9 947.8				
1997	10 452.6	2 150.0	1 564.2	14 166.8				
1998	6 046.8	2 864.0	3 289.2	12 200.0				
1999	5 550.0	2 303.2	5 154.0	13 007.2				
2000	6 836.1	3 783.4	5 227.9	15 847.4				
2001	19 340.5	3 732.5	3 036.4	26 109.4				846.0
2002	6 852.3	2 126.7	4 989.1	13 968.1				969.0
2003				10 731.4				1 390.2

Source: SECOFI, Dirección General de Inversión Extranjera.

Note: Data for 2003 are UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	estment		Outward investment						
		Reinvested				Reinvested					
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total			
1979	480.0	589.0	263.0	1 332.0							
1980	821.0	938.0	331.0	2 090.0							
1981	1 516.0	1 357.0	205.0	3 078.0							
1982	1 249.0	641.0	11.0	1 901.0							
1983	1 811.0	225.0	156.0	2 192.0							
1984	1 273.0	429.0	- 160.0	1 542.0							
1985	1 536.0	524.0	- 76.0	1 984.0							
1986	1 871.0	594.0	- 65.0	2 400.0							
1987	2 319.0	412.0	- 97.0	2 634.0							
1988	2 205.0	691.0	- 17.0	2 879.0							
1989	1 659.0	1 074.0	441.0	3 174.0							
1990	1 118.0	1 067.0	449.0	2 634.0							
1991	3 423.0	1 408.0	- 69.0	4 762.0							
1992	3 012.0	1 020.0	361.0	4 393.0							
1993	3 041.0	1 399.0	- 51.0	4 389.0							
1994	5 672.3	2 366.6	2 933.6	10 972.5							
1995	6 838.4	1 572.0	1 115.9	9 526.3							
1996	5 529.0	2 590.0	1 067.0	9 186.0							
1997	9 116.0	2 151.0	1 564.0	12 831.0							
1998	5 743.0	2 864.0	3 290.0	11 897.0							
1999	5 610.2	2 303.5	5 141.0	13 054.7							
2000	7 042.3	3 784.5	5 248.5	16 075.3							
2001	19 402.5	3 733.1	3 068.5	26 204.1				4 403.9			
2002	7 458.9	2 133.2	5 030.2	14 622.3				969.1			

Table 3b. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1979-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

Table 4. FDI stocks, by type of investment, 1994-2002

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1994				33 198			:	
1995				41 130				
1996				46 912				
1997				55 810				
1998				63 610				
1999				78 060				
2000				97 170				
2001				140 376				11 944
2002								12 425

Source: SECOFI, Dirección General de Inversión Extranjera.

Sector/industry	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	15 045.2	9 646.4	9 943.1	14 159.7	12 169.6	12 856.0	15 484.4	25 334.4	9 696.4
Primary	108.6	90.2	115.5	140.2	71.1	208.0	269.3	37.8	95.
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	10.8	11.1	31.7	10.0	28.7	80.9	88.2	4.6	4.
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	97.8	79.1	83.8	130.2	42.4	127.1	181.1	33.2	90.
Mining and quarrying	97.8	79.1	83.8	130.2	42.4	127.1	181.1	33.2	90.
Other mining and quarrying	97.8	79.1	83.8	130.2	42.4	127.1	181.1	33.2	90.
Secondary	6 187.0	4 848.7	4 706.1	7 282.9	5 100.0	8 750.2	8 865.1	4 798.7	4 092.
Food, beverages and tobacco	1 807.8	651.2	501.9	2 952.4	730.7	988.5	1 190.0	870.0	306.
Chemicals and chemical products	645.5	573.1	1 196.9	813.0	1 159.2	951.8	1 311.3	200.8	490.
Non-metallic mineral products	51.2	89.6	29.7	5.8	14.2	230.9	143.3	96.2	- 86.
Metal and metal products	1 342.3	142.5	324.8	105.7	51.2	270.3	290.1	180.6	22.
Basic metals	1 342.3	142.5	324.8	105.7	51.2	270.3	290.1	180.6	22.
Machinery and equipment	1 888.7	2 892.6	2 209.6	2 749.7	2 323.5	5 283.2	4 056.1	2 620.7	2 578.
Other manufacturing	451.5	499.7	443.2	656.3	821.2	1 025.5	1 874.3	830.4	782
Tertiary	4 344.2	3 385.9	2 882.0	4 702.7	2 955.8	3 897.8	6 350.0	20 497.9	5 508
Electricity, gas and water	15.2	2.1	1.1	5.2	26.6	139.5	116.8	268.9	24
Construction	259.4	26.2	25.5	110.4	81.6	129.0	168.4	73.0	99.
Trade	1 250.7	1 008.6	726.8	1 899.4	938.3	1 196.9	2 175.9	1 542.2	1 126
Hotels and restaurants	722.5	102.1	166.5	563.3	199.2	294.9	337.9	306.5	197
Transport, storage and communications	719.3	876.3	428.0	681.5	435.9	278.3	- 2 371.9	2 912.9	750
Finance	715.5	951.8	1 109.9	968.2	626.7	350.3	4 250.4	13 229.6	2 861
Business activities	488.0	203.3	273.9	201.6	354.5	835.7	1 255.0	1 787.1	240
Real estate	221.7	64.7	64.2	58.6	56.7	169.8	269.6	118.3	52.
Other business activities	266.3	138.6	209.7	143.0	297.8	665.9	985.4	1 668.8	188.
Other services	173.6	215.5	150.3	273.1	293.0	673.2	417.5	377.7	206.
Unspecified	4 405.4	1 321.6	2 239.5	2 033.9	4 042.7	-	-	-	

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1994-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source: SECOFI, Dirección General de Inversión Extranjera.

Notes: Data refer to materialized FDI notified to the National Foreign Investment Register (RNIE) plus imports of fixed assets by the maquiladora industry. They do not include profit reinvestment and transfer among companies.

		(1	lillions of do	liais)					
Region/economy	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Γotal world	15 045.2	9 646.4	9 943.1	14 159.7	12 169.6	12 856.0	15 484.4	25 334.4	9 696.
Developed countries	8 321.6	7 844.7	7 057.7	11 220.1	7 638.7	12 458.3	14 895.0	24 763.0	9 184
Western Europe	1 988.4	2 038.1	1 219.4	3 197.5	2 047.3	3 732.2	2 544.3	3 917.4	1 986
European Union	1 934.5	1 837.9	1 137.9	3 168.3	1 998.8	3 612.4	2 413.9	3 813.3	1 725
Austria	2.3	- 0.2	0.4	0.6	5.9	1.8	1.1	2.2	- 0
Belgium	- 7.1	54.2	1.5	46.2	30.7	33.6	17.0	68.4	39
Denmark	14.5	19.0	17.6	18.9	68.1	173.9	146.1	179.3	139
Finland	4.6	-	- 0.1	1.0	1.7	28.2	216.2	83.4	25
France	90.5	125.9	124.0	59.8	127.8	167.0	- 2 565.9	354.8	150
Germany	307.5	548.6	201.4	481.1	136.9	742.6	342.8	- 195.5	476
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	0
Ireland	4.4	0.5	19.6	15.0	- 3.9	1.1	4.9	2.7	116
Italy	2.7	10.5	18.3	29.1	17.2	35.8	31.6	15.2	9
Luxembourg	10.4	7.2	14.9	- 6.5	7.8	13.6	34.7	120.5	14
Netherlands	757.6	742.8	487.4	358.6	1 052.8	918.0	2 392.9	2 644.7	485
Portugal	0.1	-	0.1	0.6	3.4	4.2	- 0.2	0.2	0
Spain	144.3	49.6	73.5	326.9	307.8	995.4	1 890.3	585.3	239
Sweden	9.3	61.1	96.6	7.2	59.7	690.5	- 334.9	- 139.0	- 40
United Kingdom	593.4	218.7	82.7	1 829.8	182.9	- 193.5	237.3	91.1	69
Other Western Europe	53.9	200.2	81.5	29.2	48.5	119.8	130.4	104.1	260
Switzerland	53.9	200.2	81.5	29.2	48.5	119.8	130.4	104.1	260
North America	5 702.2	5 650.8	5 696.1	7 669.6	5 491.4	7 488.9	11 927.9	20 677.7	7 103
Canada	740.7	170.1	515.5	237.6	202.8	584.3	564.0	865.6	31
United States	4 961.5	5 480.7	5 180.6	7 432.0	5 288.6	6 904.6	11 363.9	19 812.1	7 071
Other developed countries	631.0	155.8	142.2	353.0	100.0	1 237.2	422.8	167.9	95
Japan	631.0	155.8	142.2	353.0	100.0	1 237.2	422.8	167.9	95
Developing economies	2 266.4	438.1	573.7	837.5	400.9	327.7	463.0	479.8	214
Latin America and the Caribbean	1 028.6	257.3	161.0	572.9	272.8	196.4	323.7	370.8	163
South America	8.6	23.7	4.1	52.5	25.0	17.0	39.3	24.6	19
Chile	2.6	8.2	3.4	42.9	7.1	6.4	4.3	3.8	27
Uruguay	6.0	15.5	0.7	9.6	17.9	10.6	35.0	20.8	- 8
Other Latin America and Caribbean	1 020.0	233.6	156.9	520.4	247.8	179.4	284.4	346.2	144
Bahamas	89.7	53.5	9.2	6.0	33.4	18.7	5.7	121.3	3
Bermuda	2.0	1.8	5.9	93.3	41.6	17.1	46.1	30.8	2
Cayman Islands	93.0	28.6	48.8	330.3	108.8	85.3	84.1	99.8	111
Netherlands Antilles	468.5	70.3	62.8	9.1	5.7	16.1	67.5	36.8	13
Panama	338.2	59.6	18.1	16.5	18.2	- 24.3	3.5	28.0	7
Virgin Islands	28.6	19.8	12.1	65.2	40.1	66.5	77.5	20.0	7
Asia	1 237.8	180.8	412.7	264.6	128.1	131.3	139.3	109.0	50
South, East and South-East Asia	1 237.8	180.8	412.7	264.6	128.1	131.3	139.3	109.0	50
China	1.5	5.4	10.0	4.9	120.1	3.2	2.9	1.4	2
India	1.5	50.5	285.7	4.9 28.7	10.0	0.1	2.9	3.1	2
Philippines	1210.7	50.5 6.1	205.7	4.0	- 6.5	- 3.2	0.1	0.1	
Republic of Korea	- 15.1	103.8	- 85.8	4.0 199.2	- 6.5 51.4	- 3.2 46.0	21.5	35.7	22
•	10.1	103.8	05.0 28.6	20.0	51.4 40.9	46.0 66.1	21.5 80.8	53.8	22
Singapore Taiwan Province of China	- 2.5	12.3	28.6 2.6	20.0 7.8	40.9 31.5	66.1 19.1	80.8 6.6	53.8 14.9	4
			2.0						4 296
Unspecified	51.8	42.0	-	68.2	87.3	70.0	126.4	91.6	296

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1994-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source: SECOFI, Dirección General de Inversión Extranjera.

Notes: Data refer to materialized FDI notified to the National Foreign Investment Register (RNIE) plus imports of fixed assets by the maquiladora industry. They do not include profit reinvestment and transfer among companies.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.7	-	- 0.6	-	-	-
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	- 0.4	- 0.2	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	-	0.1	- 0.5	-	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	316.8	74.0	328.0
Chile	-	7.0	3.0	0.4	13.8	0.6	1.3	9.9	16.3	65.7	4.3	14.4	2.7
China	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.9	-	-	2.0	0.3	0.9	-	-
Colombia	0.2	0.4	0.5	2.2	6.7	7.6	13.1	46.5	33.7	6.3	23.1	11.9	20.5
Costa Rica	-	-	4.0	5.0	20.9	80.4	36.6	21.7	21.2	92.5	29.3	30.7	29.6
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	-
Ecuador	-	0.1	-	0.8	2.0	2.1	7.0	24.2	0.2	-	-	-	0.1
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.8	-	-	2.3	3.7
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.5	-	- 3.4	8.9	-
France	- 0.4	0.4	3.2	7.9	-	- 0.4	0.2	-	7.5	46.9	- 22.1	43.8	- 1.9
Germany	-	- 1.8	- 0.6	- 0.6	- 0.6	2.8	- 10.0	- 1.8	5.7	-	47.0	1.8	- 27.3
Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	2.5	6.7	1.2	4.6	- 0.1	0.2	-
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.7	0.8	-	-	-	1.6
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	1.9	-	0.4	0.2	0.6	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.5	0.5	-	-
Peru	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	0.7	8.0	1.5	19.7	2.0	-	-	-
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.2	- 0.2	-
Singapore	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.3	-
Spain	-	-	19.7	19.6	33.5	10.7	26.3	48.9	43.4	62.9	47.0	339.1	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 4.8	1.0	- 31.7	- 8.9
Thailand		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8
United States	224.0	167.0	647.0	- 110.0	1 058.0	- 263.0	- 47.0	331.0	871.0	1 273.0	5 062.0	- 320.0	1 281.0
Venezuela	- 0.3	0.4	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	- 5.0	-	-

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the recipient economies listed above. Data for Indonesia are on an approval basis.

					(Millions	of dollars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42.1	-	-
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	5.0	-	0.8	0.8	22.7	33.7	34.7	-
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	-	-
Canada	211.2	172.2	354.8	400.3	764.9	694.4	1 411.4	1 513.5	1 871.3	2 303.7	2 580.3	2 058.9	2 117.0
China	1.4	2.6	11.1	16.0	16.2	16.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	3.8	3.9	4.3	7.9	9.8	10.3	11.4	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.6	9.2	7.2	5.8	-	-
Denmark	-	-	-	-	69.0	-	84.1	-	-	164.5	211.3	-	-
Finland	-	-	-	-	2.7	2.3	2.6	0.6	2.0	8.4	- 1.0	3.2	-
France	216.4	263.7	246.8	-	-	-	-	-	675.2	-	-	-	-
Germany	1 795.2	2 064.6	2 093.6	2 385.4	1 994.4	2 087.9	2 511.6	3 718.0	4 071.7	4 817.1	5 503.9	5 929.4	-
Iceland	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	2.2	3.5	5.0	5.5	4.2	5.8	-
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 016.5	1 046.7	2 151.7	2 193.2	2 424.1	2 565.0
Malaysia	-	-	-	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.1	4.7	6.6	8.5
Netherlands	350.8	376.2	377.8	382.6	275.6	272.0	327.3	429.3	736.2	992.5	1 165.0	2 332.8	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6	-	-
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	144.3	129.7	98.6	85.1	87.5	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	65.7	103.3	136.0	183.0	194.0	210.2	223.6	235.6
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	436.6	507.8	372.2	469.2	734.1	937.4	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	1 265.1	1 104.2	1 249.4	1 383.5	1 610.0	2 006.5	2 442.5	2 674.6	2 938.1	-
Taiwan Province of China	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	44.1	44.1	44.1	70.5	89.6	99.6	99.6	99.6	106.2
Tunisia	-	-	-	-	41.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	780.8	800.7	762.0	620.6	521.9	542.5	939.0	2 194.6	1 332.5	1 674.6	1 519.1	2 014.6	-
United States	10 313.0	12 501.0	13 730.0	15 221.0	16 968.0	16 873.0	19 351.0	24 050.0	26 657.0	37 151.0	39 352.0	56 554.0	58 074.0

Table 12. FDI stocks in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the source (investing) economies listed above. Data for China and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.9	3.0	2.8	-
Brazil	18.2	18.3	20.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada	- 11.2	- 18.2	47.2	116.3	126.2	117.9	-	-	76.4	70.0	94.7	43.3	52.5
Colombia	10.7	11.2	11.7	13.9	20.7	27.0	34.4	77.2	83.9	115.7	143.3	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	-	-
Denmark	-	-	-	-	- 0.7	-	- 16.8	-	152.4	-	- 0.4	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69.0	72.7
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.6	-	- 17.4	- 7.7	-
France	3.1	- 0.2	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	5.4	7.3	5.0	1.7	0.6	2.1	- 0.6	- 2.2	- 6.6	- 1.0	7.4	7.9	-
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	2.6
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.5	-	-	-
Peru	-	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.2	9.2	10.7	30.3	32.7	34.1	36.1	36.5
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.1	- 0.7	0.5	-	-
United States	575.0	747.0	1 406.0	1 244.0	2 069.0	1 850.0	1 641.0	3 100.0	2 055.0	1 999.0	7 462.0	7 336.0	7 857.0
Venezuela	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	4.6	- 0.4	- 0.4	- 0.4

Table 15. FDI stocks abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the recipient economies listed above.

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad,1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	6	6	7	7	5	7	7	8	7	7	7	7
India	-	-	2	3	1	1						
United States	172	177	221	239	263	273	287	168	164	159	162	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for India are on an approval basis.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin,1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	174	175	181	188	185	189	211	256	252	277	307	307
Italy		21		20		26		26		41		
Japan	76	75	60	96	105	105	121	132	143	148		
Republic of Korea							30	33	37	44	59	61
Taiwan Province of China	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	6	10	11	11	11
United States	588	589	603	591	836	825	855	872	846	926	925	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Millions of dollars)

Economy 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 Germany 6 66 62 58 64 56 60 100 93 88 United States 3 280 3 664 7 696 8 082 10 837 9 661 10 991 8 745 8 309 19 507 11 103

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for India are on an approval basis.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	-
Germany	4 016	5 013	6 072	7 009	6 457	5 790	6 174	8 314	11 476	16 677	17 959	19 036
United States	25 437	28 130	47 050	56 249	57 530	59 444	66 892	83 413	76 097	100 235	114 653	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Austria refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0		
United States	15	16.0	26.1	27.7	34.4	35.7	38.3	27.0	30.9	33.0	57.2	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001 (Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.9	
Czech Republic		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129.0		
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	2.4	2.0	2.0
Germany	63.0	63.0	59.0	55.0	52.0	49.0	54.0	63.0	92.0	85.0	101.0	90.0
Italy		14.1		8.3		6.9		7.2		9.4		
Japan	31.9	31.0	29.7	38.7	46.1		44.7	53.2	50.0	55.7		
Sweden	10.3			9.7			6.7	6.3	7.0	11.4	11.0	
Switzerland				19.5	19.6	21.2	20.3	23.3	25.2	27.7	27.5	26.3
United States	553.1	579.0	660.3	660.0	735.3	746.1	731.8	790.6	838.9	994.5	1 048.1	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Austria, Finland and Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars) 1990 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 Economy 1991 1992 1993 Czech Republic 0.4 Germany 61.9 60.3 64.0 60.5 61.6 69.8 66.5 57. 113. 213. 184.3 179.0 United States 3 104.0 3 321.0 4 869.0 5 890.0 7 964.0 8 493.0 9 376.0 8 4 3 0.0 9 143.0 10 279.0 16 278.0

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71.4	151.1	
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.1		
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44.1	110.4	323.8	431.7	591.6
Germany	4 765.6	5 965.5	6 595.6	7 560.5	8 195.8	6 559.1	8 041.1	9 630.6	15 968.9	21 201.8	24 414.9	24 876.7
Italy		631.7		592.0		427.8		554.0		879.3		
Japan	3 562.7	3 807.4	4 032.2	6 725.0	4 670.3	4 570.4	5 130.2	6 020.2	6 899.3	7 280.0		
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	
United States	32 311.0	35 997	48 343	52 820	63 220	61 495	71 676	86 482	82 804	102 531	123 970	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Austria, Finland and Portugal refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Tables 38,48,53,58,63,68,73,78,83. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports and imports, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of foreign affiliates of Mexican TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries	530	605	857	1 085	1 299	1 322	1 423	1 018	1 120	1 241	2 096
48	Value added	-	-	1 109	1 400	1 642	1 754	1 862	1 418	1 644	1 739	2 952
53	Profits before taxes	- 51	- 103	- 43	- 123	- 247	- 26	- 567	1 294	123	- 127	46
58	Exports	165	125	406	451	521	581	872	721	817	895	
63	Imports	849	904		1 244	1 861	2 184	2 573	2 596	2 890	2 784	3 291
68	Research and development expenditures Employment in research and	4	4									
73	development	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3
78	Royalty receipts	1	1	7	8	6			51	86	82	
83	Royalty payments	-	8		9				80	48	53	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,60,65,70,75,80,85. Wages and salaries, value added, exports, imports, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Mexico, 1990-2000

Millions	of dolla	ars and	thousands of	of em	nlovees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	3 817	4 710	7 137	7 722	9 393	8 750	8 885	10 582	8 033	10 244	12 293
50	Value added					9 849	7 793	10 125	11 816	13 918	17 556	20 180
60	Exports	8 662	10 831	13 203	14 200	16 672	17 201	20 307	23 204	25 185	29 040	32 000
65	Imports	8 046	9 508	11 717	12 953	16 794	19 535	24 216	26 202	26 309	28 746	38 957
	Research and development											
70	expenditures	53	64	76								
	Employment in research and											
75	development					1.4					2.6	
80	Royalty receipts					11						
85	Royalty payments					580						

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 55. Profits before taxes of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographicalorigin, 1990-2000

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Japan	54	35	67	63	2	103	574	506	12	301	
United States	2 244	2 895	5 421	5 965	5 178	5 086	6 874	8 276	4 490	6 022	6 162

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Petróleos Méxicanos-PEMEX	Petroleum	51 558	137 134
Cemex	Non-metallic mineral products	6 888	20 000
Grupo Carso	Diversified	5 573	66 038
Alfa	Diversified	4 827	34 360
Fomento Económico Mexicano-FEMSA	Food and beverages	4 748	41 656
Grupo Alfa	Metals	4 713	
Grupo Bimbo	Food and beverages	3 673	67 070
Vitro	Non-metallic mineral products	3 059	12 000
Grupo México	Mining and quarrying	2 979	26 033
Grupo Desc	Motor vehicles	2 454	
Grupo IMSA	Metals	2 286	11 000
Desc	Diversified	2 251	
Gruma	Food	1 933	5440
Grupo lusa	Diversified	1 284 *	1940
Corporación Durango	Packaging	1 045	1940
Cydsa	Chemicals	825 *	
Savia	Food	699	183
B. Tertiary			
América Movil	Telecommunications	4 488	17 553
Cintra	Construction	3 213	19 928
Grupo Televisa	Leisure	2 173	12 600
Grupo lusa	Diversified	1 284	
Ingenieros Civiles Asociados	Construction	1 200 🎙	11 911
Empresas Ica Sociedad Controladora	Construction	992	6 500
Coppel	Trade	737	1 500
Dermet de México	Trade	230	
Bufete Industrial	Construction	50	
Grupo Financiero Interacciones	Other business services	34	
Amexder	Trade	3	1.0
Eduardo Diaz y Cia.	Other business services	0.1	1.
Unimicro	Trade		62
Jacobo Cattán y Copropietarios	Construction		
Gobierno Federal de Los Estados Unidos Mexicanos	Other business services		
Grupo Financiero Finamex	Other business services	110	
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees
Vector Casa de Bolsa	Finance	52	323
GBM Grupo Bursátil Mexicano (Casa de Bolsa)	Finance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2000. b December 2001.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host econon	ny Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Asarco Incorporated	United States	Metals	857.6	8 500
Gruma	United States	Food	829.5	4 900
Cemex USA	United States	Non-metallic mineral products	719.1	5 400
Southern Peru Copper	United States	Metals	657.5	3 682
Cemex España	Spain	Non-metallic mineral products	559.0	13 695
Cemex Inc	United States	Non-metallic mineral products	545.9	4 100
Americas Mining Corporation	United States	Mining and quarrying	476.8	8 500
Southern Peru Holdings	United States	Metals	393.5	3 900
Varco Pruden Buildings	United States	Metals	224.8	2 000
Nemak of Canada Corporation	Canada	Motor vehicles	136.4	1 620
McKinley Paper Company	United States	Paper	128.1	189
Interceramic	United States	Non-metallic mineral products	111.0	600
Pharris, C L Sand & Gravel	United States	Non-metallic mineral products	100.0	560
Acer Latin America	United States	Machinery and equipment	75.8	72
Derivados de Maiz Alimenticio	Costa Rica	Food	59.2	600
Gulf Coast Portland Cement	United States	Petroleum	50.0	
B. Tertiary				
CompUSA	United States	Trade	3 602.7	19 700
America VVP	United States	Trade	492.0	3 000
VVP Holdings Corp	United States	Trade	492.0	3 043
Seminis	United States	Other business services	449.9	2 993
Cambridge-Lee Industries	United States	Trade	251.1	800
Seminis Vegetable Seeds	United States	Trade	221.3	900
Condumex	United States	Other business services	216.1	85
CME Wire & Cable	United States	Trade	150.0	50
Sigma Alimentos International Inc	United States	Trade	140.2	11
Empresa de Obras y Montajes Ovalle Moore	Chile	Other business services	87.6	3 000
Ges America	United States	Trade	72.0	25
Copper & Brass International Corporation	United States	Trade	71.4	16
SVS Holland	Netherlands	Trade	70.3	352
Transmission Technologies	United States	Trade	70.0	100
Tracfone Wireless	United States	Telecomminications	59.1	465
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
America Comercial Insurance	United States	Insurance		7
Vectormex Incorporated	United States	Finance		12
Banorte Securities International	United States	Finance		19
Valores Finamex International	United States	Finance		11
Vectormex International	United States	Finance		15
Interacciones Global Inc	United States	Finance		300
Procermex	United States	Finance		10
Gbm International	United States	Finance		10
Multinvestments	United States	Finance		6
CBI International Securities	United States	Finance		6

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Elektrisola	United States	Metals	13 340	192
General Motors de México	United States	Motor vehicles	11 445 ^a	
Daimler Chrysler México	Germany/United States	Motor vehicles	8 633 ^a	
Delphi Automotive Systems	Germany	Motor vehicles	7 580 ^a	
Volkswagen México	Germany	Motor vehicles	6 805 ^a	
Nissan México	Japan	Motor vehicles	4 996 ^a	
Sony de México	Japan	Electrical and electronic equipment	4 652	
Samsung México	Republic of Korea	Electrical and electronic equipment	4 500	
Ford México	United States	Motor vehicles	4 443	
Dawn Mixco Internacional	United States	Food	4 395	253
Delphi Packard Electrics Systems	United States	Motor vehicles	4 268	
Hewlett-Packard México	United States	Computers, etc.	4 110	
IBM de México	United States	Computers, etc.	3 992	2 400
General Electric México (GE)	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment	3 830	
IBM de México	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment	3 687 ^a	
Lear Holding México	United States	Motor vehicles	3 551	
Hewlett-Packard México	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment	3 256 ^a	
IBM de México Manufacturing y tecnologia	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment	3 257 ^a	
The Coca-Cola Co. México	United States	Beverages	3 239	14 542
General Electric Grupo Industrial	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment	3 194 ^a	
Lear Corporation México	United States	Motor vehicles	2 825 ^a	
B. Tertiary				
Wal - Mart de México	United States	Other business services	10 193	90 825
Novell de México	United States	Trade	3 713	22
Gems Mexicana	United States	Other business services	2 226	
Grandes Superficies de México	France	Trade	2 067	6 500
Servitek de México	Netherlands	Other business services	1 999	70
Axson México	France	Trade	1 326	14
Ericsson Telecom	Sweden	Trade	1 288	1 700
Apasco	Switzerland	Other business services	989	
Kodak Export	United States	Trade	700 ^a	
Ingram Micro México	United States	Trade	508	380
Lear Corporation México	United States	Other business services	475	5 000
Compaq Computer de México	United States	Trade	307	138
Philips Mexicana	Netherlands	Trade	279	1 600
Comercializadora de Textiles de Exportacion Corporacion Mexican de Mantenimiento Integral	United States United States	Trade Construction	279 257	
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
BBVA Bancomer SA	Spain	Finance	46 413 ^a	29 687 ^a
Banco Nacional de Mexico SA	United States	Finance	40 071 ^a	27 371 ^a
Grupo Financiero Bby-Probursa	Spain	Finance	27 890	5 320
Banca Serfin SA	Spain	Finance	20 511 ^b	0.020
Banco Internacional SA	United Kingdom	Finance	14 716	 17 184 ^a
Scotiabank Inverlat SA	Canada	Finance	9 312 ^a	17 104
Banco Santander Mexicano, SA	Spain	Finance	5 5 1 2	 6 000
Aba Seguros, SA	United States	Insurance		691
Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa	Canada	Finance		673
Dolex Envíos, SA de C.V.	United States	Finance		132
Casa de Bolsa Bancomer, SA de C.V.	Spain	Finance		80
Bankboston Arrendadora Financiera Monterrey	United States	Finance	55	100
Anendadora Financiera Monterrev	Spain	Finance	30	236

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001. b December 2000.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Law on Corporations, 1934 Source: Diario Oficial de la Federation Diario Oficial de la Federation, 4 August 1934 Last amendment: Executive Decree of 1 July 1992 Source: Ibid., 2 July 1992

Law on Investment Companies, 1984 Source: Ibid., 14 January 1985 Amendment: Executive Decree of 28 December 1989 Source: Ibid., 4 January 1989 Amendment: Executive Decree of 22 December 1992 Source: Ibid., 28 December 1992

Fiscal Code, 1981Amendment: April 2003Source:TheNationalLawCenterforInter-AmericanFreeTrade,http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Regulations of The Fiscal Code, 1984 Source: Diario Oficial de la Federation, 29 February 1984 Amendment: Decree of 30 March 1992 Source: Ibid., 31 March 1992 Amendment: E-commerce, April 2003 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Law on the Promotion and Protection of Industrial Property, 1991 Source: Ibid., 27 June 1990 Amendment: Industrial Property Law (Ley de Propiedad Industrial) covers Patent and Trademark Protection, (effective October 1994) Source: http://www.viewswire.com/index.asp, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Executive Decree for the Development and Operation of the 'Maquiladora' Industry for Export,1989 Source: Ibid., 22 December 1989 Regulated by: Executive Decree of 30 April 1990 Source: Ibid., 3 May 1990 Complementary Legislation: Executive Decree of 30 April 1990 Ibid., 3 May 1990 New Decree: 12 Nov 1998 New Decree: 30 Oct 2000 New Decree: 31 Dec 2000 New Decree: 12 May 2003 Amendment: 13 Oct 2003 Source: http://www.mexicanlaws.com/decree.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Resolution on Procedures for the Dissolution, Liquidation, Extinction and Mergers of Parastatal Entities, (effective 22 May 1987) *Source: Official Journal of the Federation*, No. 14, 22 May 1987 The Federal Law of Economic Competition (Ley Federal de Competencia Económica), (effective 23 June 1993), first published in *Diario Oficial* on 5 March 1998 *Amendment*: June 2002 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Law to Promote Mexican Investment and to Regulate Foreign Investment 1973, (effective 16 February 1973) Source: Ibid., 9 March 1973

Regulations of the Foreign Investment Law and of the Registry of Foreign Investment 1989 *Amendment*: June 2001 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Foreign Investment Law, 1993 *Amendment*: June 2001 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Regulations for the Reestablishment of Affiliates of Foreign Financial Institutions 1994, (effective June 2002) *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Law to Protect Trade and Investment from Procedures that Violate International Law, 1996 *Amendment*: June 2002 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Decree amending the Code of Commerce - Electronic Commerce, the Federal Civil Code, the Federal Procedure Code and the Federal Consumer Protection Law 2000 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/mexico/primary/files/prmx32.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Operative Norms on the Legislation of Debt and Conversion of Debt into Equity *Source*: National Commission on Foreign Investment

Regulations on Companies for Investment of Risk Capital, (effective 7 January 1986)

Law on Credit Activities and Credit Organizations, 1984 Source: Diario Oficial de la Federation, 14 January 1990

Law to Regulate Financial Groups 1990 *Amendment*: June 2002 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Executive Decree on the Special National Program for the Modernization and Development of Micro, Small and Medium Sized Businesses for 1991 to 1994, 1991 *Source: Diario Oficial de la Federacion*, 11 April 1991

Norms Applicable to Auctions for the Adjudication of Conversion Rights, (effective 30 March 1990)

Decree for the Development and Operation of the In-Bond Export Industry, (effective 16 August 1983) Source: Ibid., 15 August 1983

Law of Income Tax, 1980 Source: Ibid., 30 December 1980 Amendment: Decree of 30 March 1992 Source: Ibid., 31 March 1992 *Amendment*: June 1998 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

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Mining Law, 1992 Source: Ibid., 26 June 1992

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Federal Telecommunications Act of 1995 published in Official Daily (*Diario Oficial de la Federación*), June 7, 1995, (effective June 2002) *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

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General Law for the Prevention of Integral Management of Wastes, 2003 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trantemp.htm, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

II. International framework

1. Mexico is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 20 March 1883, signed on 7 Sept 1903

Last amendment: 2 October 1979 *Source:* http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, accessed on 24 Feb 2004

Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

NAFTA, Group of Three Treaty on Free Trade between Mexico, Colombia and Venezuela 1990, (effective 1 January, 1995)

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments with Spain 1995, Switzerland 1995, Argentina 1996, Austria 1998, Belgium / Luxembourg 1998, France 1998, Germany 1998, Netherlands 1998, Finland 1999, Italy 1999, Portugal 1999, Greece 2000, Sweden 2000, Cuba 2001, Czech Republic 2002.

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with United States 1964 (Air and Sea Transport), United States 1989 (Air and Sea Transport), Canada 1990 (Income and Capital), Canada 1991 (Income

and Capital), France 1991 (Income and Capital), Italy 1991 (Income and Capital), Belgium 1992 (Income and Capital), Ecuador 1992 (Income and Capital), Spain 1992 (Income and Capital), Sweden 1992 (Income and Capital), United States 1992 (Income and Capital), Germany 1993 (Income and Capital), Netherlands 1993 (Income and Capital), Switzerland 1993 (Income and Capital), Korea, Republic of 1994 (Income and Capital), Singapore 1994 (Income and Capital), United Kingdom 1994 (Income and Capital), Norway 1995 (Income and Capital), Japan 1996 (Income and Capital), Argentina 1997 (Income and Capital), Denmark 1997 (Income and Capital), Finland 1997 (Income and Capital), Venezuela 1997 (Income and Capital), Chile 1998 (Income and Capital), Ireland 1998 (Income and Capital), Israel 1999 (Income and Capital), Portugal 1999 (Income and Capital), Luxembourg 2001 (Income and Capital), Romania 2001 (Income and Capital), Australia 2002 (Income and Capital), Czech Republic 2002, United States 2002 (Protocol) *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

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Montserrat

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are compiled by the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank. The FDI definition as recommended in the *Balance of Payments Manual: Fifth Edition* of the International Monetary Fund is applicable to this economy. A foreign-owned enterprise requires the government's approval to trade in Montserrat. This also holds true for joint ventures. Subject to approval, 100 per cent foreign ownership of enterprises is also permitted. A partnership needs to be registered under the Registration of Business Names Ordinance.

Although the policy of the Montserrat Government is towards free trade and the promotion of FDI for some products, import licences are required. Export-oriented manufacturing, agricultural projects, tourism and e-commerce are the main focus of the Government.

There are normally no restrictions on the purchase of property in designated areas. However, before land is purchased an Alien Land Holding License must be obtained from the Ministry of Agriculture, Trade and Environment.

To promote foreign investment into Montserrat, the Government has set up investment incentives for foreign investors that, in the case of fiscal incentives, need to be approved by the executive council. The incentives provided include tax holidays of 5 to 10 years and periods of up to 15 years maximum under certain circumstances and duty-free imports. Export-oriented businesses are eligible for tax rebates, and the right to repatriate investment and profits.

Manufacturing enterprises are offered incentives under the Fiscal Incentives Ordinance 1975. One of the tax holidays offered is specified for the enclave industry, which produces exclusively for export outside the Caribbean Community Common Market (CARICOM) region. A second tax holiday offered is for capital-intensive industries where capital investment is not less than \$9.25 million.

Hotel construction and extensions are given incentives under the Income Tax Act and the Hotels Aid Ordinance 1975. The Hotels Aid Ordinance grants exemption from customs duties on all imports of building materials, machinery, equipment and furniture for the construction or extension of hotels.

Montserrat is a member of CARICOM. A company exporting to countries other than the East Caribbean Common Market (Antigua and Barbuda, Dominica, Grenada, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines) is entitled to a tax rebate depending on the percentage of profits attributable to exports.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	2.2	
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	17.8	
3. FDI stock, 2003	89.3	
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	359.4	

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1986-2003

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1986		0.4	4.3	4.7				
1987		0.7	10.5	11.2				
1988		0.5	9.0	9.5				
1989		0.9	4.1	4.9				
1990		0.4	9.2	9.6				
1991	7.8	0.2	0.0	8.0				
1992	4.4	0.1	0.0	4.6				
1993	3.0	1.8	0.0	4.9				
1994	5.9	1.5	- 0.2	7.2				
1995	2.5	0.7	- 0.2	3.0				
1996	-		- 0.3	- 0.3				
1997	0.6	1.9		2.6				
1998	0.6	1.9		2.6				
1999	2.2	6.1	- 0.1	8.2				
2000	1.4	2.1	- 0.1	3.5				
2001	0.5	0.6	- 0.1	1.0				
2002				2.1				
2003				2.1				

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database, based on information from the Bank of Montserrat for 1990-2003 and the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1986-1989.

		Inward in	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1986				4.7				
1987				15.9				
1988				25.4				
1989				30.3				
1990				39.9				
1991				47.9				
1992				52.5				
1993				57.4				
1994				64.6				
1995				67.6				
1996				67.3				
1997				69.9				
1998				72.5				
1999				80.7				
2000				84.2				
2001				85.1				
2002				87.2				
2003				89.3				

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1986-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Stock is an accumulation of flows since 1986.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

The International Business Companies Ordinance (IBCs) No. 19 of 1985 Source: http://www.offshore-manual.com/taxhavens/Montserrat.html, 4 March 2004

Fiscal Incentives Ordinance 1975 *Source:* Ibid

Income Tax Ordinance 1967 Source: Ibid

Exchange Control Ordinance, Cap. 115 Source: Ibid

Foreign Currency Levy Ordinance 1980 *Source:* Ibid

Montserrat's Trustee Ordinance of 1961 *Source:* Ibid

New Offshore Banking Regulations *Source:* Ibid

II. International framework

1. Montserrat is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas $1973\,$

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with: United Kingdom 1947 Income and Capital, Denmark 1954 Income and Capital, Norway 1955 Income and Capital, Switzerland 1963 Income and Capital, Japan 1970 Income and Capital, Sweden 1972 Income and Capital *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

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Secondary

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Netherlands Antilles

A. Definitions and sources of data

The Central Bank of the Netherlands Antilles is responsible for the collection of foreign direct investment (FDI) data. A license is required for the investment of any foreign capital into the Netherlands Antilles and is also necessary for the repatriation of capital and earnings. Licenses are usually granted as there are no laws contrary to such repatriation. The Government of the Netherlands Antilles offers several investment incentives to foreign investors. These include reduced rent of up to 40 per cent for buildings in the e-zones free zone (only companies with a capital divided into shares may perform activities in the e-zones including trading or providing services to companies located outside the Netherlands Antilles), duty free building materials, machinery and equipment; an annual investment allowance of 8 per cent on the total investments for the first two financial years and unlimited use of carry-over losses incurred over the first four years of the company's business.

The Netherlands Antilles has modeled its regulatory framework on that of the Netherlands and has benefited from that country's experience. Traditionally, FDI in the Netherlands Antilles has come from the Netherlands, although the Netherlands Antilles has double taxation agreements with Argentina, Canada, Cuba, Denmark, France, Japan, Norway, Netherlands, Suriname, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela.

Since the 1940s, the Government of the Netherlands Antilles has created a favorable climate for offshore companies through tax provisions and tax treaties. Hence, the Netherlands Antilles has developed into one of the major offshore financial centers in the world. At present, the Netherlands Antilles is popular for the incorporation of the following types of companies: finance companies, mutual funds, ultimate holding and finance companies of multinational operating companies, shipping companies, royalty holding companies, offshore banks, insurance companies, and foundation and limited partnerships.

The Netherlands Antilles has an open capital market with the presence of several international banks. The Netherlands Antilles has very few manufacturing industries that can attract FDI. Outside the tourism industry, only very limited merger and acquisition activity can be found, except for instance that by the Royal Bank of Trinidad and Tobago. Due to a lack of raw materials, with the exception of salt in Bonaire, or any manufacturing tradition, new industries were primarily in repackaging industries. Their objective was either to supply the domestic market or to profit from export incentives offered by the European Union to associated territories or member states.

Large FDI has been limited to Bonaire's salt mining and salt export industry owned by Cargill (United States) and the oil refinery "Isla" in Curaçao, recently sold by Shell Curaçao to the island government, and subsequently leased to the Venezuelan State Oil Company, PdVSA. In the tourism industry, most hotels, restaurants and entertainment projects are foreign-owned. Examples include the Dutch Van der Valk group's investment in the Plaza Hotel in Curaçao and Bonaire, the Argentine investment in the Sheraton and Princess Beach hotels in Curaçao, the Dutch investment in the Porto Paseo and the exKadushi Cliffs time share resort.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	- 33.4	- 0.4
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 2000-2003 (annual average)		
3. FDI stock, 2003	7.3	11.8
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	0.3	0.5

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Year E 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976	iquity	Reinvested earnings 	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested	Intra- company	Total
1971 1972 1973 1974 1975	 					earnings	loans	Total
1971 1972 1973 1974 1975				0.8				
1973 1974 1975				- 29.9				
1974 1975				65.0				
1975				160.9				
				112.8				
1976				128.0				
	- 1.1	31.1	- 28.9	1.1	1.1			1.1
1977	- 1.7	- 14.4	20.6	4.4	1.1			1.1
1978	0.6	22.2	- 9.4	13.3	2.8			2.8
1979		271.1	7.2	278.3	3.9			3.9
1980	2.8	80.0	- 47.8	35.0	0.6			0.6
1981	18.9	- 5.4	1.7	15.1	0.7			0.7
1982	5.6	- 100.9	- 58.6	- 153.9	0.6			0.6
1983	- 4.1	- 68.9	- 22.7	- 95.6	0.9			0.9
1984	- 1.7	- 97.7	102.8	3.4	1.7			1.7
1985 -	- 290.0	- 90.0	98.3	- 281.7	- 3.3			- 3.3
1986	12.5	- 3.3	106.7	115.8	0.8			0.8
1987	2.5			2.5	0.1			0.1
1988	0.2	- 8.4	14.9	6.7	0.4		2.4	2.8
1989	3.4	3.9	10.2	17.4	0.2		4.6	4.8
1990	8.6	7.5	- 8.0	8.1	0.8	1.6		2.4
1991	25.4	2.2	5.9	33.4	0.1	1.1		1.1
1992	11.3	17.9	10.8	40.1	0.5	1.0		1.5
1993	9.3	10.8	- 9.1	11.0	- 2.6	0.5		- 2.2
1994	7.8	21.1	- 7.4	21.5	0.2	0.8		1.0
1995	- 0.1		- 149.9	- 150.0	- 0.5	0.6	1.2	1.3
1996	5.8		- 65.6	- 59.8	- 1.1	0.3		- 0.8
1997	9.2		- 97.7	- 88.5	- 4.9	0.1	- 1.7	- 6.5
1998	7.7	0.8	- 61.1	- 52.6	- 0.5		- 1.5	- 2.0
1999	7.5	1.1	- 30.5	- 21.8	- 1.0		- 0.2	- 1.2
2000	8.4	0.5	- 71.4	- 62.7			- 2.3	- 2.3
2001	33.2	0.5	- 38.4	- 4.7				0.4
2002				7.7				1.1
2003				- 73.8				- 0.7

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database, based on information from the Central Bank of the Netherlands Antilles for 2000-2002, the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1976-1999 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				769.7				9.5
1981				784.8				10.1
1982				631.0				10.7
1983				535.3				11.7
1984				538.8				13.4
1985				257.1				10.1
1986				372.9				10.8
1987				375.4				11.0
1988				382.1				13.8
1989				399.5				18.6
1990				407.6				21.0
1991				441.0				22.1
1992				481.1				23.6
1993				492.1				21.4
1994				513.6				22.4
1995				363.6				23.8
1996				303.8				22.9
1997				215.3				16.4
1998				162.7				14.4
1999				140.8				13.2
2000				78.1				10.9
2001				73.4				11.4
2002				81.1				12.4
2003				7.3				11.8

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1970. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1976.

				(oliaroj							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Albania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1 856.0	163.0	-	-	-	-
Belgium / Luxembourg	78.1	- 43.4	144.0	45.2	50.1	20.5	5.2	2.3	351.2	- 131.0	42.4	213.9	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	- 3.8	-	-	- 2.8	-	-	-	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	-	-	-
France	23.1	23.2	60.3	25.3	- 0.5	1.2	2.0	- 20.9	1.0	6.4	- 12.0	- 22.4	- 18.8
Japan	9.6	-	1.6	-	82.2	2.5	0.9	5.0	3.8	12.6	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	618.2	-	-	-
Netherlands	934.3	277.0	76.4	599.2	735.0	- 152.3	285.0	948.7	552.1	- 2 615.5	- 471.7	124.4	283.3
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.5	-	-	-	-
United States	3 885.0	- 695.0	3 572.0	2 334.0	1 112.0	43.0	751.0	- 1 176.0	- 116.0	- 14.0	179.0	117.0	21.0

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	19.8	33.4	0.3	293.2	14.9	- 26.0	11.7	- 33.8	15.6	33.0	- 62.6	19.7	-
Brazil	33.7	45.1	- 30.6	- 0.1	28.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.1	19.0
Chile	0.5	11.0	9.2	- 0.7	1.4	1.9	0.8	1.2	0.0	2.3	0.2	0.7	0.1
Colombia	-	-	-	-	143.1	155.8	932.7	1 391.4	1 324.4	610.4	778.7	521.2	411.7
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.6	-	-
Ecuador	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	0.2	-
France	22.4	- 68.4	51.0	11.5	6.1	2.8	8.4	1.0	- 25.1	- 4.3	25.8	- 2.7	- 28.2
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	505.4	81.2	-
Japan	26.3	5.5	7.9	6.7	9.1	16.4	0.2	0.2	33.1	-	-	-	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.9	-	20.8	8.4	-	-
Kyrgyzstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	711.8	-	-	190.0	-
Mexico	-	-	-	-	468.5	70.3	62.8	9.1	5.7	16.1	67.5	36.8	13.2
Netherlands	681.3	73.1	- 10.0	- 456.8	310.0	- 74.1	815.7	- 364.8	1 077.6	116.1	145.6	26.0	- 2 366.8
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	0.2	0.2	3.9	1.4	2.6
United States	4 456.0	- 3 883.0	1 121.0	- 686.0	1 190.0	- 985.0	- 1 242.0	- 2 318.0	- 2 502.0	- 89.0	911.0	437.0	445.0
Venezuela	-	-	-	6.1	-	-	-	5.0	25.0	6.0	- 3.0	-	-

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

_				1000	1001								
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	62.1	32.0	28.3	38.5	43.5	481.2	86.9	86.1	94.1	83.8	80.7	82.3	82.3
Colombia	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	1.1	-	-
France	70.2	47.5	96.1	-	-	-	-	-	111.9	-	-	-	-
Germany	334.7	348.3	275.1	362.0	465.5	425.5	482.4	818.6	1 055.0	945.3	886.8	861.9	-
Japan	-	-	-	-	879.7	-	-	1 191.4	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	618.2	618.2	618.2	618.2
Netherlands	4 440.0	5 243.9	5 440.9	4 247.6	5 495.6	6 859.5	6 344.7	7 002.7	6 250.1	2 486.4	1 876.8	1 920.3	-
United Kingdom	1 355.4	1 373.1	1 893.0	1 285.7	3 862.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	- 4 501.0	- 5 072.0	- 1 989.0	- 62.0	6 739.0	6 835.0	7 597.0	4 415.0	3 897.0	3 451.0	3 579.0	3 695.0	3 514.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Bolivia	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	362.7	415.6	418.9	-	-	269.5	-	-	-	-	493.2	-	-
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	-	-	-
Canada	79.3	51.9	51.9	44.6	73.4	198.5	236.6	212.0	246.3	264.0	225.3	214.7	212.7
Colombia	24.4	24.4	27.5	48.8	57.6	46.5	61.1	81.8	78.2	125.2	160.3	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	0.3	0.9	-	-
France	100.6	15.1	49.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	237.6	314.6	446.1	469.2	397.7	402.5	427.1	334.2	343.7	326.5	299.6	284.7	-
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	511.9	563.7	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.1	3.1
Netherlands	6 377.7	6 268.2	6 236.6	6 025.6	6 435.5	7 369.1	7 451.9	6 000.9	7 957.1	6 754.9	6 459.5	6 324.2	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.4	-	-
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	87.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	12 974.0	7 750.0	9 291.0	8 356.0	8 951.0	8 044.0	7 993.0	6 113.0	3 461.0	3 153.0	3 807.0	4 255.0	4 680.0
Venezuela	-	-	-	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	11.1	36.1	42.1	39.1	39.1	39.1

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Denmark	-	-	-		-	-	2	-		-	-	-
Germany	17	15	17	17	13	12	10	13	16	15	15	15
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	10	-	7
United States	104	105	165	166	159	153	149	53	54	53	53	-

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 23.	The number of affiliates	of foreign	TNCs in the host economy.	, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	25	25	25	21	19	26	22	20	20	16	16	14
United States	158	154	148	130	104	95	90	77	67	47	43	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	736	660	991	985	968	1 046	900	781	837	703	744	705
United States	3 214	3 050	2 954	3 118	3 169	3 333	3 784	3 996	4 965	4 805	6 295	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001 (Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	402	66	62	116	129	349	257	223	299	201	279	176
United States	26 665	26 439	23 434	20 010	-	17 688	19 488	14 996	-	17 596	19 612	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Thousands of employees)

				(0	,					
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-	0.1
United States	19.5	18.8	15.8	15.8	14.9	15.5	16.5	-	15.8	15.9	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	371	361.5	320.2	423.4	493.0	558.2	598.1	576.7	568.3	639.3	644.9	536.9
United States	2 860	2 913.0	2 532.0	2 386.0	2 490.0	2 636.0	2 983.0	-	4 196.0	3 158.0	4 154.0	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	742.7	421.8	448.2	362.9	431.4	488.4	132.9	173.0	170.5	106.5	92.1	-
United States	2 515.0	2 232.0	1 865.0	1 258.0	1 175.0	1 169.0	839.0	825.0	-	1 792.0	2 164.0	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 38,48,53,58,63,68,78,83. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports, research and development expenditures, royalty receipts and royalty payments of foreign affiliates of Netherlands Antilles TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries	933.0	983.0	806.0	804.0	796.0	851.0	998.0	-	1 239.0	1 404.0	-
48	Value added	-	-	1 071.0	1 233.0	1 208.0	1 182.0	1 319.0	-	1 616.0	1 729.0	-
53	Profits before taxes	- 28.0	113.0	18.0	- 50.0	172.0	102.0	462.0	-	- 5.0	- 36.0	88.0
58	Exports	340.0	370.0	290.0	270.0	397.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
63	Imports	-	211.0	231.0	99.0	87.0	-	-	264.0	141.0	-	92.0
	Research and development											
68	expenditures	-	93.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
78	Royalty receipts	-	-	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83	Royalty payments	4.0	1.0	9.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 35,40,50,55,60,65,85. Employment, wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in the Netherlands Antilles, 1990-2000

(Thousands of employees and millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
35	Employees	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	8.8
40	Wages and salaries	16.0	22.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	-	223.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	- 15.0	22.0	- 378.0	- 138.0	- 224.0	-	379.0
55a	Profits before taxes	1 381.0	969.0	882.0	811.0	760.0	550.0	218.0	218.0	98.0	-	253.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	383.0	-	56.0	103.0	- 154.0	-	-
60	Exports	13.0	13.0	17.0	14.0	13.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	-	-
65	Imports	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	6.0	-	-	-	5.0	-	-
85	Royalty payments	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added, profits and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host econd	omy Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
B. Tertiary				
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Bermuda Commercial Bank	Bermuda	Finance	583 ^a	58 ^a
Caribbean Mercantile Bank	Aruba	Finance	451 ^b	251 ^b

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

a September 2002. b December 2001.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Refineria Isla (Curacao) SA	Venezuela	Petroleum	248	1 044
Bouwbedrijf Bovenwinden	United States	Non-metallic mineral products		80
Continental Milling Company N.V.	United States	Food		65
Enerserve Nv	France	Machinery and equipment		50
Boc Gases Curacao N.V.	United Kingdom	Chemicals		
Ionics Aqua Design N.V.	United States	Machinery and equipment		
B. Tertiary				
Nichirei Carib Corp. N.V.	Japan	Other business services	20 ^a	2
Food Center N.V.	Anguilla	Trade		280
Ballast Nedam Caribbean Ltd.	Netherlands	Trade		200
Wescar	Netherlands	Other business services		121
Xerox Antillana, N.V.	United States	Trade		108
Meespierson Trust (Curacao) N.V.	Belgium	Other business services		90
St Maarten Resort & Casino Nv	United States	Hotels		50
I.B.M. World Trade Corporation	United States	Trade		46
Philips Antillana N.V.	Netherlands	Trade		40
Consales Bonaire N V	Anguilla	Trade		38
Van Dorp Eddine (Sxm) Nv	Aruba	Trade		12
Oduber Agencies N V (Phillipsburg)	Aruba	Trade		8
Verus N.V.	United Kingdom	Trade		6
Mido Trust & Management Nv	Netherlands	Other business services		5
Cruise Ships Catering & Services International	Italy	Other business services		4
Ven Beheer B.V.	Netherlands	Other business services		2
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Rabobank Curaçao NV	Netherlands	Finance	3 486 ^a	12 ^a
Maduro & Curiel's Bank NV	Canada	Finance	1 667 ^a	1 342 ^a
Abu Dhabi International Bank NV	United Arab Emirates	Finance	374 ^a	18 ^a
The Caribbean American Bank N.V.	Venezuela	Finance		18
Rabobank Trust Company Curacao N.V.	Netherlands	Finance		18
BTM (Curaçao) Holding N.V.	Japan	Finance		
Atlantic Panel Products Inc.	Scotland	Finance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National policy framework

National Ordinance on Profit Tax 1940 Source: http://www.lowtax.net/lowtax/html/jbscfir.html, 1 March 2004

National Ordinance for Insurance Supervision 1990 *Source*: Ibid

National Ordinance on Penalization of Money Laundering 1993 Source: Ibid

National Ordinance on the Supervision of Banking and Credit Institutions 1994 *Source*: Ibid

National Ordinance for the Reporting of Unusual Transactions 1996 *Source*: Ibid

National Ordinance for Identification When Rendering Financial Services 1997 *Source*: Ibid

The New Fiscal Framework (NFF) 1999, (effective 1st January 2002) *Source*: Ibid

New Commercial Code 2001, amending part of the Commercial Code *Source*: Ibid

Tax Legislation for international Internet Companies on Curacao 2001 *Source*: Ibid

II. International framework

Bilateral treaties

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with United States 1948 Income and Capital, Denmark 1960 Income and Capital, United Kingdom 1970 Income and Capital, United States 1986 Income and Capital, Norway 1989 Income and Capital, Panama 1997 Air and Sea Transport *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Central Bank of the Netherlands Antilles: <u>http://www.centralbank.an</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "<u>Selected transactions with, and position on a historical-cost basis in,</u> <u>Netherlands Antillean finance affiliates</u>", *Survey of Current Business*, August 1995, vol. 75, No. 8, p. 92.
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- 7. Marrewijk, van Alfons, "Internationalisation, cooperation and ethnicity in the Telecom sector: an ethnographic study of the cross-cultural cooperation of PTT Telecom in Unisource, the Netherlands Antilles and Indonesia", Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam, 1995.
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Nicaragua

A. Definitions and sources of data

The Foreign Investment Law of Nicaragua defines foreign direct investment (FDI) as: "investments made by the transfer of foreign capital to Nicaragua, and by extension, investment from abroad regardless of the nationality or legal residence of the investor". The foreign investment law offers the following guarantees to foreign investors:

- Equal treatment to local and foreign investors;
- Transfer of funds abroad: foreign investors are guaranteed to enjoy an expedited transfer of funds abroad, and conversion to foreign currency though the local banking system. After three years, the initial investment can be repatriated as well; and
- Protection of property and safety: Nicaraguan law recognizes and guarantees the rights of the national and foreign investor, the protection of their property and the right to the free disposition of assets, capital and profits.

Over the last ten years, Nicaragua has privatized a large share of its old state-owned monopolies and opened many industries to FDI. In almost all industries, foreign investors can participate. Two sectors are exclusively reserved for the Government of Nicaragua: electric power transmission and distribution, while old age pensions from the Nicaraguan Social Security Institute remain under government control. Foreign investors have to deal only with a few country specific laws. For instance Nicaragua's labour code states that 75 per cent of employees (excluding management posts) in affiliates of foreign transmational corporations (TNCs) must be Nicaraguans.

To boost FDI in the tourism industry, the Government has created the Tourism Incentive Law, which came into effect on 21 June 1999. This law offers several incentive programmes (e.g. tax incentives and tax exemptions). Tax exemptions under the law take into consideration the sales tax, the income tax and the property tax. Tax exemptions can last up to 10 years and can even cover 100 per cent of the income tax.

On 17 December 2003 Nicaragua and three other Central American states (El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras, while Costa Rica followed later in 2004) signed a free trade agreement with the United States, the Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA). Before CAFTA, these five Central American states were already joined together by another trade agreement, CACM (Central American Common Market). CAFTA will most likely boost export-oriented FDI in Nicaragua.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	196.9	4.4
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1999-2002 (annual average)	25.3	0.5
3. FDI stock, 2003	1 907	21
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	71.7	0.8

Sources : Based on tables 3a and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
1971 13.3 1972 10.0 1973 13.2 1974 13.8 1975 10.9 1976 10.0 1976 10.0 1977 7.0 1979 7.0 1980 1981 1982 1984 <td< th=""><th>Year</th><th>Equity</th><th></th><th>company</th><th>Total</th><th>Equity</th><th></th><th>company</th><th>Total</th></td<>	Year	Equity		company	Total	Equity		company	Total
1971 13.3 1972 10.0 1973 13.2 1974 13.8 1975 10.9 1976 10.0 1976 10.0 1977 7.0 1979 7.0 1980 1981 1982 1984 <td< td=""><td>1970</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>15.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1970				15.0				
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1974 13.8 1975 10.9 1976 10.0 1977 10.0 1977 7.0 1979 2.8 1980 1981 1982 1984 1985 1986									
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1984	1983				0.0				
1986 0.1 1987 2.4 1988 0.1 1989 2.8 1990 0.7 1991 0.7 1991 0.7 1992 42.0 1992 40.0 1993 40.0 1994 1995	1984								
1987 2.4 1988	1985				- 0.0				
1987 2.4 1988 -0.1 1989 2.8 1990 0.7 1991 42.0 1992 42.0 1992 40.0 1993 40.0 1994 40.0 1995 1996 1998 .	1986				0.1				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1987				2.4				
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1989				2.8				
1992 42.0 1993 40.0 0.2 1994 40.0 0.2 1994 40.0 0.2 1995 40.0 0.2 1995 75.4 1996 <td>1990</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1990				0.7				
1993 40.0 0.2 1994 40.0 0.2 1995 40.0 1995 75.4 1996 97.0 1997 173.1 1.5 1998 194.7 7.0 1999 300.0 3.3 2000 266.9 4.0 2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.7	1991				42.0				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1992				42.0				
1995 75.4 1996 97.0 1997 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									0.2
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1997 173.1 1.5 1998 194.7 7.0 1999 300.0 33.3 2000 266.9 4.0 2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.7									
1998 194.7 7.0 1999 300.0 33.3 2000 266.9 4.0 2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.7					97.0				- 8.1
1999 300.0 33.3 2000 266.9 44.0 2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.7									1.5
2000 266.9 4.0 2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.0									7.0
2001 150.2 5.0 2002 173.7 4.7									3.3
2002 173.7 4.4									4.0
									5.0
2003 196.9 4.4									4.1
	2003				196.9				4.4

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Central Bank of Nicaragua for 1991-2002; International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, June 2003, for 1989; the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Development Assistance Committee, *International Development Statistics On-line Databases*, February 2003, for 1990 and UNCTAD estimates. For FDI outflows, data are based on the World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1993 and UNCTAD estimates.

						_		
		Inward inv	estment			Outward inv	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1977	4.8	5.2		10.0				
1978	3.1	3.9		7.0				
1979	2.8			2.8				
1980								
1981								
1982								
1983		0.1		0.1				
1984								
1985								
1986								
1987								
1988								
1989								
1990								
1991								
1992	3.0	12.0		15.0				
1993	28.8	10.0		38.8				
1994	30.0	16.7		46.7				
1995	60.4	28.5		88.9				
1996	75.0	45.0		120.0				
1997	150.0	53.4		203.4				
1998	160.0	58.2		218.2				
1999	275.0	62.3		337.3				
2000	197.5	69.4 77.0		266.9				
2001	73.0	77.2		150.2				
2002	104.6	69.1		173.7				

Table 3b. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1977-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

		Inward inv	/estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				108.9				
1981				108.9				
1982				108.9				
1983				109.0				
1984				109.0				
1985				109.0				
1986				109.0				
1987				111.4				
1988				111.3				
1989				114.1				
1990				114.8				
1991				156.8				
1992				198.8				
1993				238.8				0.2
1994				278.8				0.2
1995				354.2				0.2
1996				451.2				- 7.9
1997				624.3				- 6.4
1998				819.0				0.6
1999				1 119.0				3.9
2000				1 385.9				8.0
2001				1 536.1				13.0
2002				1 709.8				17.1
2003				1 906.7				21.4

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Instocks are an accumulation of inflows since 1970. Outstocks are an accumulation of outflows since 1993.

Sector / industry	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total	42.0	42.0	40.0	40.0	75.4	97.0	173.1	183.7	300.0	265.0
Primary	13.7	15.1	15.5	17.0	23.1	26.3	24.5	30.8	35.2	15.1
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	6.5	4.6	3.5	1.0	1.5	7.2	7.3	13.2	18.5	15.1
Forestry and Fishing	6.5	4.6	3.5	1.0	1.5	7.2	7.3	13.2	18.5	15.1
Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and fish										
farms	6.5	4.6	3.5	1.0	1.5	7.2	7.3	13.2	18.5	15.1
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	7.2	10.5	12.0	16.0	21.6	19.1	17.2	17.6	16.7	
Mining and quarrying	7.2	10.5	12.0	16.0	21.6	19.1	17.2	17.6	16.7	
Secondary	8.0	5.2	5.0	2.0	3.0	12.2	13.4	14.7	14.3	42.9
Tertiary	20.3	21.7	19.5	21.0	49.3	58.5	135.2	138.2	250.5	207.0
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	6.0	15.0	9.0	18.0	35.0	120.0	115.0
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	5.2	4.1	
Trade	12.3	15.5	15.4	11.3	24.2	36.0	98.8	81.9	83.9	73.9
Transport, storage and communications	-	0.2	0.6	0.7	5.0	10.0	15.2	15.0	30.0	7.0
Post and communications	-	0.2	0.6	0.7	5.0	10.0	15.2	15.0	30.0	7.0
Finance	8.0	6.0	3.5	3.0	5.1	3.5	1.2	1.1	12.5	11.

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1991-2000 (Millions of dollars)

Source : Economic Division, Central Bank of Nicaragua.

Notes: Trade includes hotels, restaurants, commercial centers and others. Data for 1999 are estimates and include \$110 million invested in electrical plants from Enron Enterprise and \$11 million invested in the capitalization of BANIC. Data for 2000 are estimates and include \$115 million invested in the privatization of Enel-distribution acquired by empresa Unión Fenosa, and \$11 million as capital reallocation from banks in the completion of the new financial regulations.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	0.6	0.1	- 0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	4.3	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	-	- 0.2
France	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	1.4	0.9	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	0.8	-	0.5
United States	-	- 32.0	-	-	-	-	- 2.0	56.0	19.0	31.0	21.0	18.0	93.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	0.1	-	- 0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
China	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	0.1	4.6	7.2	1.8	5.5	2.5
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.1	2.3	3.0	4.3	7.9
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6
United States	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	- 9.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	5.0	- 1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Colombia	-	-	-	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	-	-
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.8	5.0	5.6	4.4	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.1	5.1	5.6
United States	-	80.0	-	-	-	88.0	80.0	137.0	156.0	119.0	140.0	157.0	242.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Colombia	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0	32.9
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 9.0	-	-	-	- 4.0	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Ile 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	5	6
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	6	5
United States	7	7	7	6	9	8	8	9	8	10	10	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 30,35,40,45,50,55. Assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Nicaragua, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	135	118	126	128	123	137	125	140	147	220	228
35	Employees	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.2
40	Wages and salaries	3	4	6	5	8	8	7	13	14	19	22
45	Sales	153	-	-	-	235	223	246	286	260	376	516
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	88	94	113	127	150	-	190
55	Profits before taxes	20	-	-	-	21	3	- 6	-	11	-	24

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Tabacalera Nicaraguense Sa	United Kingdom	Tobacco		420
Parmalat Nicaragua SA	Italy	Food		250
Esso Standard Oil, SA Ltd.	United States	Petroleum		185
Kraft Foods de Nicaragua SA	United States	Food		110
Industria Kativo de Nicaragua, SA	Costa Rica	Chemicals		60
Bristol-Meyers Squibb CA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		20
Tortimasa SA	Mexico	Food		
Laboratorios Astrazeneca	United Kingdom	Pharmaceuticals		
Compania Quimica Nicaraguense SA	Netherlands	Chemicals		
B. Tertiary				
Europa Motors Nicaragua, Sa	Germany	Automotive trade and repair	9	75
Empresa de Electricidad Distribuidora Norte SA	Spain	Electricity, gas and water		1 030
Empresa de Electricidad Distribuidora Sur SA	Spain	Electricity, gas and water		1 030
Union Comercial de Nicaragua Sa		Trade		606
Almacenes Siman, SA	El Salvador	Trade		130
Dhl Nicaragua, SA	United States	Transport and storage		45
Productos Nestle (Nicaragua) SA	Switzerland	Trade		45
Distribuidora E Importadora Nicaraguense SA	Panama	Trade		38
Publitel Comunicaciones Sa	United States	Telecommunications		28
Transmerquin de Nicaragua Sa	Costa Rica	Trade		23
Aquatec de Nicaragua SA	Guatemala	Trade		15
Quimicos Holanda- Nicaragua, SA	Germany	Trade		15
Importadora de Sistema Centro America	Guatemala	Trade		8
Centroamerican Air Craft Distribuitors, Sa	United States	Trade		6
Servicios y Repuestos Nicaragua SA	Germany	Automotive trade and repair		5
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Resolution No. 14 Ratifying the Central American Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 9 August 1968 (effective, 19 August 1968) *Source: La Gaceta*, (Official Gazette), 19 August 1968

Law on Banking 1963 *Amendment:* Law 244, 1996 *Source:* The National Law Centre for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/nicaragua, 24 Feb 2004

Law 314 on Banking and Finance 1999 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/nicaragua, 24 Feb 2004

Decree No. 662 Income Tax, 25 November 1974 (effective, 1 January 1975) Source: Ibid., 26 November 1974 Amendment: Decree 70-90, 22 December 1990 Source: Ibid., 24 December 1990

Decree No. 521, Financial Companies and Investment, 17 September 1980 (effective, 24 September 1980) Source: Ibid., 24 September 1980

Decree No. 301, Local Branches of Foreign Insurance Companies, 15 February 1980 (effective, 18 February 1987) *Source*: Ibid., 18 February 1980.

Decree No. 1251, Net Capital, 28 April 1983 (effective, 2 May 1983) Source: Ibid., 2 May 1983 Amendment: Decree No. 69-90 of 21 December 1990, (effective 24 December 1990) Source: Ibid., 24 December 1990

Law No. 129 on Minimum Wages 1991, (effective, 21 June 1991) Source: Ibid., 21 June 1991

Law No. 127 on Foreign Investment 1991, (effective 20 June 1991) Source: Ibid., 20 June 1991

Decree No. 1397, Tax Benefits for Industrial Enterprises, 8 February 1984 *Source*: Ibid., 8 February 1984

Executive Decree. No. 262 on Tax Reform 1987, (effective 9 May 1987) *Source*: Ibid., 9 May 1987

Decree No. 37-91 on Export Promotion 1991, (effective 26 August 1991 *Source: La Gaceta*, (Official Gazette), 26 August 1991

Decree No. 6-91 on Liberalization of Export Tax on National Products1 1991, (effective I1 February 1991) Source: Ibid., I1 February 1991

Decree No. 19-91 on Tax Incentives for the Reactivation of the Economy 1991, (effective 9 May 1991) Source: Ibid., 9 May 1991 Decree 31-92 on Export Processing Zones 1991 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/nicaragua, 24 Feb 2004

Decree 37 on Export Promotion 1991 *Source*: Ibid

Law 277 on Industrial Electricity 1998 *Source*: Ibid

Decree No. 1308, Soil Erosion Control 1983, (effective, 31 August 1983) *Source*: Ibid., 31 August 1983

Decree-Law No. 17-90 National Commission on the Environment and Territorial Territory 1990, (effective 12 June 1990) Source: Ibid., 12 June 1990

Executive Decree No. 513, Nicaraguan Institute of Natural Resources and the Environment 1990, (effective 16 April 1990) Source: Ibid., 16 April 1990

Law 217 on Environment and Natural Resources 1996 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/nicaragua, 24 Feb 2004

Law 380 on Intellectual Property *Source*: Ibid.

II. International Framework

1. Nicaragua is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 20 March 1883, amended and revised

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States of 18 March 1965, signed on 4 Feb 1994, effective 19 April 1995

ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted on 16 November 1977

Convention Establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency of 11 October 1985, signed on 30 September 1996

Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995) Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 15 February 1997 Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 12 December 1997

General Treaty on Central American Integration (CACM), date of signature 13 Dec 1960, Entry into Force 4 June 1961

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments with Taiwan Province of China 1992, Spain 1994, Denmark 1995, United States 1995, Chile 1996, Germany 1996, United Kingdom 1996, Argentina 1998, France 1998, Switzerland 1998, El Salvador 1999, Ecuador 2000, Netherlands 2000, Czech Republic 2002

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

- 1. Banco Central de Nicaragua: <u>http://www.bcn.gob.ni/</u>.
- 2. Ministerio de Fomento, Industria y Comercio: http:// www.mific.gob.ni.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "Nicaragua", Institutional Investor, vol. 30, August 1996, pp. 1-10.
- 2. Anonymous, "<u>Company and industry: Nicaragua</u>", *Country Monitor*, May 3, 1995, vol. 3, No. 17, p. 2.
- 3. Dijkstra, A.G., "The impact of structural adjustment programs on manufacturing: lessons from Nicaragua", *World Development*, vol. 24, No. 3, 1996, pp. 535-547.
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- 12. Festervand, T.A., "U.S. foreign direct investment: industrial executives' perceptions of emerging Central American countries as FDI destinations", *International Journal of Commerce and Management*, vol. 12, No. 2, 2002, pp. 72-87.
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- 5. Hynds, P. *et al.*, "Nicaragua: environmental concerns grow over government plans to develop mining, forestry and fishing sectors", Latin American Institute, University of New Mexico, 1996.
- 6. Lindblad, C., "Market Prospects", Business Latin America, vol. 30, No. 12, 1995, pp. 4-5.
- 7. Rodman, Kenneth A., "Sanctions at bay? Hegemonic decline, multinational corporations, and U.S. economic sanctions since the pipeline case", *International Organization*, Winter 1995, vol. 49, Iss. 1, pp. 105-138.
- 8. Wittering, Stewart, "Privatising Central America", Communications International, February 1994, vol. 21, No. 2, pp. 46-50.

Panama

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by the Central Bank of Panama (Banco Nacional de Panama). The FDI definition as recommended in the *Balance of Payments Manual: Fifth Edition* of the International Monetary Fund is applicable to this economy.

On 22 July 1998, the Government of Panama signed the Investment Stability Law (Law No. 54). This law has been promulgated for individuals or private entities, foreign or domestic, which carry out investments within Panama. The law is applicable when investors are active in the following activities: tourism, industry, agriculture, exports, agro-forestry, mining, export processing zones, commercial and petroleum free zones, telecommunications, construction, port and railroad development, and any activity approved by the President's Cabinet.

The Investment Stability Law guarantees all foreign and national investors equal rights in their investments and business practices. The law provides investors with a 10-year guarantee that all legal, tax, customs, municipal and labor rules will remain identical to those in force at the time of registration. This is an important guarantee to ensure that no changes will affect the amortization of investments.

In order for foreign investors to receive the benefits of the Investment Stability Law, they must comply with the following two conditions: first, the investor has to report the investment to the competent authority in charge of regulation and supervising; second, the investor has to submit an investment plan, with the obligation of investing at least two million dollars. This amount shall be invested within the period established by the law that regulates the respective activity, or, in other cases:

- a) The amount of the planned investment;
- b) Number of employment planned to be created; and
- c) Any additional information that the National Board of Enterprise Development of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry might require based on the nature of the pertinent activity.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	332.3	975.0
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	28.1	43.2
3. FDI stock, 2003	7 470	8 742
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	64.7	75.7

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1977-2003	
------------------------------------------------------	--

		Inward inv	estment		Outward investment						
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total			
1977	5.3	5.6		10.9				9.6			
1978	- 6.5	4.0		- 2.5				31.0			
1979	24.4	25.4		49.8				130.8			
1980	- 67.6	291.6	- 5.5	218.5				318.0			
1981	94.7	193.3	15.2	303.2				346.2			
1982	174.6	199.7	- 7.7	366.6				643.6			
1983	86.9	- 8.9	1.4	79.4				81.3			
1984	- 315.4	205.3	- 25.4	- 135.5				- 88.6			
1985	32.5	17.8	17.0	67.3				157.9			
1986	- 211.6	185.5	46.4	20.3				170.0			
1987	- 217.2	- 400.9	61.6	- 556.5				500.4			
1988	- 134.6	- 521.9	61.4	- 595.1				404.4			
1989	60.9	- 51.6	42.2	51.5				175.5			
1990	77.2	21.5	36.8	135.5				669.4			
1991	- 2.1	124.7	- 14.1	108.5				650.8			
1992	- 6.0	129.1	21.4	144.5				793.8			
1993	- 7.4	141.1	35.9	169.6				- 177.7			
1994	256.1	87.0	58.4	401.5				183.7			
1995	42.7	131.5	48.8	223.0				671.1			
1996	172.7	132.7	110.1	415.5				1 909.1			
1997	982.7	222.1	94.5	1 299.3				2 067.8			
1998	979.4	162.6	154.0	1 296.0				3 288.6			
1999	175.5	374.8	102.1	652.4				356.1			
2000	174.4	287.4	141.6	603.4				- 838.5			
2001	337.6	192.7	- 17.7	512.6				1 902.3			
2002	205.7	- 233.8	85.0	56.9				1 861.1			
2003				156.4				975.0			

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. Data for FDI inflows for 1995-2002 were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the the International Monetary Fund in January 2004; data for 1977-1994 and 2003 are UNCTAD estimates. Data for FDI outflows are UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				2 460.8				811.0
1981				2 764.0				913.0
1982				3 130.6				2 168.0
1983				3 210.0				2 073.0
1984				3 074.5				1 924.0
1985				3 141.8				2 204.0
1986				3 162.1				2 202.0
1987				2 605.6				2 627.0
1988				2 010.5				2 878.0
1989				2 062.0				3 392.0
1990				2 197.5				4 188.0
1991				2 306.0				4 500.0
1992				2 450.5				5 069.0
1993				2 620.1				4 652.0
1994				3 021.6				4 253.0
1995				3 244.6				4 939.0
1996				3 660.1				6 014.0
1997				4 959.4				5 599.0
1998				6 308.0				6 227.0
1999				6 960.4				5 475.0
2000				6 744.0				4 004.0
2001				7 256.6				5 906.3
2002				7 313.6				7 767.4
2003				7 470.0				8 742.4

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. Data for inward FDI stock for 1995-2002 were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004; data for 1980-1994 and 2003 are UNCTAD estimates. Data for outward FDI stock are UNCTAD estimates.

	(Millions of dollars)													
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Albania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	432.0	1 362.0	-	-	-	-	
Belgium / Luxembourg	- 5.8	8.6	91.9	- 2.2	- 60.0	- 140.9	- 40.4	- 150.0	96.7	49.0	1 046.6	94.0	-	
China	-	0.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Colombia	-	-	7.9	11.5	76.7	166.6	12.9	41.1	371.6	11.9	169.1	- 142.2	72.6	
France	- 1.3	5.8	- 7.9	37.1	4.1	7.4	26.8	- 30.8	65.4	- 6.4	48.8	- 7.2	- 22.6	
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 514.4	46.4	324.5	1 215.1	-	
Iceland	-	-	0.4	- 0.2	0.0	- 0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	-	-	-	-	
Japan	1 354.3	1 580.4	960.5	1 458.7	1 688.2	1 716.1	1 045.2	1 134.7	1 017.6	1 383.2	1 333.7	999.8	-	
Malaysia	-	-	0.8	-	33.9	29.1	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.4	-	1.7	1.1	5.0	-	-	
Republic of Korea	-	-	16.2	6.1	8.5	17.4	6.9	3.5	18.1	19.2	-	17.0	4.5	
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.9	- 3.8	- 6.9	3.3	1.3	1.5	
Switzerland	-	-	-	11.4	323.0	70.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Taiwan Province of China	-	-	-	10.0	85.4	15.0	64.1	138.7	45.1	222.7	212.1	5.7	66.7	
United Kingdom	- 23.1	176.4	370.3	- 150.0	143.9	118.4	160.7	-	515.1	247.5	28.7	- 20.2	-	
United States	612.0	527.0	677.0	668.0	773.0	781.0	920.0	354.0	682.0	2 571.0	1 328.0	39.0	946.0	

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China, Japan and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

Economy 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 Armenia - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 1.7 2002 Belgium / Luxembourg - 211.5 27.1 1913 159.8 - 12.0 616.6 22.1 143.2 173.4 165.1 949.9 - 4.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Belgium / Luxembourg - 211.5 27.1 191.3 159.8 - 77.0 61.6 22.1 143.2 173.4 165.1 949.9 - 4.5 Bolivia 21.0 - - - - - 1.3 2.1 13.7 7.1 28.8 12.1 33.0 144 Brazil - 24.6 3.9 73.9 4.9 - 20.6 - 674.8 904.0 152.7 89.7 21.4 133.0 144 Bulgaria - - - - - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 <t< th=""></t<>
Bolivia 21.0 - - - - 1.3 2.1 13.7 7.1 28.8 12.1 33 Brazil - 24.6 3.9 73.9 4.9 - 20.6 - 674.8 904.0 152.7 89.7 21.4 133.0 144 Brunei Darussalam - - - - - - 0.5 0.5 0.4 Bulgaria - - - - - - - 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 1.1 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 -
Brazil - 24.6 3.9 73.9 4.9 - 20.6 - 674.8 904.0 152.7 89.7 21.4 133.0 144 Brunel Darussalam - - - - - - - - - - 0.1 - 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.6 Bulgaria - - - - - - - - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
Brunei Darussalam Image: solution of the solutis andifference of the solution of the solution of the s
Bulgaria
One 12.6 10.8 7.2 1.6 3.6 3.2 1.7 3.7 20.6 0.7 0.5 1.8 2.7 China 6.8 3.6 8.2 14.8 18.3 15.7 - - 69.9 89.5 42.6 - Colombia - - 214.1 235.4 142.6 1619.5 125.0 180.4 217.7 111.5 44 Costa Rica - - 2.1 16.4 14.2 5.9 4.3 0.2 1.9 69.2 26.2 59.1 33 Czech Republic - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - Ecuador 4.8 2.8 5.8 13.2 15.4 27.8 22.1 18.3 13.8 11.5 73.8 44 El Salvador - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""></t<>
China 6.8 3.6 8.2 14.8 18.3 15.7 - - 69.9 89.5 42.6 - Colombia - - 214.1 235.4 142.6 1619.5 125.0 180.4 217.7 111.5 44 Costa Rica - - 16.4 14.2 5.9 -4.3 0.2 1.9 69.2 26.2 9.1 - Czech Republic - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - - 0.2 0.1 - 0.2 0.1 - 0.0 1.5 -0.6 1.9 -0.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 10.5 10.5 10.6 118.1 21.5 14.4 14.7 24.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.
Colombia Image: constant of the second s
Costa Rica - - 2.1 16.4 14.2 5.9 - 4.3 0.2 1.9 69.2 26.2 59.1 33 Czech Republic - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 1.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.8 14.1 12.2 251.7 25.6 1015.3 21.2 14.4 Honduras - - - - - - - 106.6 186.1
Czech Republic - - - - - - - - 0.2 0.1 - Ecuador 4.8 2.8 5.8 13.2 15.4 27.8 22.1 18.3 18.8 13.8 11.5 73.8 44 El Salvador - - - - - - 6.6 6.6 7.1 6.0 15 Estonia - - - - 0.0 1.5 6 1.9 0.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ecuador 4.8 2.8 5.8 13.2 15.4 27.8 22.1 18.3 18.8 13.8 11.5 73.8 44 El Salvador - - - - - - 6.6 6.6 7.1 6.0 13 Estonia - - - 0.0 1.5 -0.6 1.9 -0.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
El Salvador - - - - - - 6.6 6.6 7.1 6.0 19 Estonia - - - 0.0 1.5 -0.6 1.9 -0.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Estonia - - - 0.0 1.5 - 0.6 1.9 - 0.3 - - - - - - 0.0 1.5 - 0.6 1.9 - 0.3 - - - - - - - - 1.3 0.7 2.8 0.8 0.7 1.0 19.5 15.1 18.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1
France - 15.8 18.8 - 24.0 19.8 5.8 1.4 1.2 122.2 25.7 25.6 - 1015.3 21.5 14.1 Honduras - - - 1.3 0.7 2.8 0.8 0.7 1.0 19.5 15.1 18.1 24.5 Honduras - - - - - - - - - - - 10.6 186.1 54.9 212.2 Indonesia - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Honduras - - 1.3 0.7 2.8 0.8 0.7 1.0 19.5 15.1 18.1 48 Hong Kong, China - - - - - - - - 106.6 186.1 54.9 212.2 India - 0.8 2.1 0.2 0.2 - - 0.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Hong Kong, China - - - - - - - 106.6 186.1 54.9 212.2 India - 0.8 2.1 0.2 0.2 - - 0.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <
India - 0.8 2.1 0.2 0.2 - - 0.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Indonesia - - - - - - 0.4 1.0 2.4 - 1.1 - 3.6 Japan 5.0 57.0 29.2 71.8 26.4 5.3 8.6 8.0 0.2 41.4 14.7 4.1 Kazakhstan - - - - - - - - 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.2 Lithuania - - - - - - - - - 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.0 Malaysia - 9.1 3.9 10.5 30.5 4.8 0.8 - - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritus 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Japan 5.0 57.0 29.2 71.8 26.4 5.3 8.6 8.0 0.2 41.4 14.7 4.1 Kazakhstan - - - - - - - 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.4
Kazakhstan - - - - - - - - 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 Lithuania - - - - - - - - 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 Malaysia - 9.1 3.9 10.5 30.5 4.8 0.8 - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritius 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritius 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0.7 13.1 - - - - - - - - - - - -
Lithuania - - - - - - 0.1 2.5 1.0 5.6 - 1.8 Malaysia 9.1 3.9 10.5 30.5 4.8 0.8 - - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritius 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - - - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritius 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Malaysia - 9.1 3.9 10.5 30.5 4.8 0.8 - - 0.7 13.1 Mauritius 1.0 1.0 - - 0.9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Mauritus 1.0 1.0 1.0 - 0.9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Mexico - - 338.2 59.6 18.1 16.5 18.2 - 24.3 3.5 28.0 3.6 Mongolia - - - 0.3 - 0.4 0.2 0.1 - 0.6 Myanmar - - - - - 8.5 2.5 - - Nepal - - 0.5 - - - 1.1 - 2.1 - -
Mongolia - - - - 0.3 - 0.4 0.2 0.1 - 0.4 Myanmar - - - - - - 8.5 2.5 - - Nepal - - 0.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Myanmar - - - - - 8.5 2.5 - - Nepal - - 0.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Nepal 0.5
New Zealand 2.3 1.1 - 2.1
Paraguay 1.4 3.0
Peru - 9.8 - 18.2 8.7 23.3 2.4 31.9 267.0 20.9 18.6 1.8 3.1 9
Philippines 8.0 3.1 29.0
Republic of Korea - 0.2 10.0 2.6
Russian Federation 28.0 3'
Singapore 22.6 - 69.7 - 1.0
Sweden 1.7 0.8 0.4 1.2 1.4 - 1
Taiwan Province of China 51.2 7.9 13.8 16.7 22.8 24.3 54.5 57.2 49.1 43.2 11.0 3.6 57
TFYR of Macedonia 0.2
Theiland 3.2 20.5 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 37.2 - 192.0 - 22.2 45.3 -
Turkey - 1.7 2.6 3.6 2.1 17.5 0.1 - 0.7 - 50.7 133.1
United Republic of Tanzania 14.1
United States 870.0 576.0 407.0 - 494.0 - 210.0 329.0 860.0 278.0 988.0 - 226.0 - 1 087.0 303.0 1 824
Venezuela 24.3 6.7 68.4 34.7 38.0 5.0 8.0 41.0 29.0 29
Viet Nam 2.5 0.4
Zimbabwe 0.3

(Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan, Mongolia, Nepal, Republic of Korea, Taiwan Province of China, Turkey and Zimbabwe are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	19.8	5.2	14.2	34.0	61.3	74.0	80.3	111.3	64.7	162.8	144.6	124.3	124.1
China	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	184.8	184.8	192.7	204.2	280.9	447.4	460.3	501.5	873.1	885.0	1 054.1	-	-
Croatia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.5	-	-
France	119.7	201.9	77.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	75.0	76.5	81.2	41.7	58.1	64.9	55.3	93.2	105.8	172.8	133.1	257.3	-
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 941.9	3 970.5	3 014.1	4 154.3	-
Iceland	-	-	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.6	-	-	-
Japan	-	-	18 739.1	-	21 783.5	-	-	31 668.9	-	-	-	-	-
Latvia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.9	-	5.1	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	0.8	0.7	35.5	64.5	76.7	49.8	51.1	51.1	51.1	51.1	51.1
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.4	-	-
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	66.9	73.5	76.6	91.2	102.6	97.5	114.1	111.6
Switzerland	-	-	-	457.0	928.4	- 302.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taiwan Province of China	11.3	11.3	11.3	21.3	106.6	121.6	185.8	324.5	369.6	592.2	804.3	810.0	876.7
United Kingdom	192.8	434.0	952.6	644.3	792.2	723.9	1 263.3	-	-	1 212.3	337.2	306.0	-
United States	9 289.0	10 484.0	11 038.0	12 043.0	11 905.0	15 123.0	16 335.0	22 016.0	25 924.0	33 493.0	30 758.0	25 170.0	20 003.0

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China, Japan and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Armenia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	4.1
Bangladesh	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	-	-	-
Bolivia	73.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	876.6	859.3	864.2	-	-	677.4	1 352.2	2 256.2	2 408.9	-	1 580.4	-	-
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	-	-
Canada	101.7	87.4	96.8	96.7	65.6	71.1	73.7	68.6	64.7	65.1	62.7	53.4	53.8
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199.0	-
Colombia	110.4	122.4	163.1	205.4	348.0	522.9	799.3	1 071.9	2 501.9	2 512.5	1 965.9	-	-
Croatia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.7	-	-
Egypt	-	-	-	-	-	918.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85.6	100.7
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	-
France	102.0	42.9	160.2	-	-	-	-	-	551.4	-	-	-	-
Germany	30.8	35.0	171.0	181.9	162.1	119.3	127.3	101.6	163.8	118.5	295.0	289.1	-
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 092.3	2 655.8	3 439.2	3 875.5	-
Indonesia	-	-	153.2	-	184.6	198.1	210.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	3.8
Latvia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.2	- 5.3	-
Lithuania	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.2	5.2	6.8	12.1	4.1	-
Malaysia	85.9	85.2	88.9	85.9	90.7	95.0	99.6	64.7	66.3	66.3	66.3	66.3	82.0
Mongolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.5	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.1
Nepal	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	2.6	17.3	-	1.8	1.1	-	-	-	-
Paraguay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	4.1	-
Peru	146.0	147.1	165.7	174.8	198.7	201.1	233.0	500.0	520.9	539.5	541.3	544.4	645.1
Philippines	23.5	23.5	23.5	24.7	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.2	50.1	50.1	50.3	50.3	50.5
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	91.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Republic of Korea	34.1	34.3	34.3	34.3	34.3	34.3	34.3	44.3	46.9	-	-	-	-
Russian Federation	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	76.0	104.0
Slovenia	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.4	_	_
Taiwan Province of China	319.1	327.0	340.8	357.6	380.3	404.7	459.1	516.3	565.3	608.5	619.5	623.1	675.4
Thailand	7.4	28.0	28.0	28.6	29.2	29.3	65.6	35.6	262.2	256.8	242.9	283.2	289.2
United Republic of Tanzania	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	1.0	16.3	-	-	-
United States	4 188.0	4 500.0	5 069.0	4 652.0	4 253.0	4 939.0	6 014.0	5 599.0	6 227.0	5 275.0	3 819.0	4 391.0	5 668.0
Venezuela	161.5	168.2	236.5	271.2	271.2	271.2	271.2	309.2	314.2	322.2	363.2	392.2	421.2

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Bangladesh, Egypt, Malaysia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Republic of Korea and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Germany	29	26	27	17	18	16	15	15	8	13	15	19
Hong Kong, China	5	6	6	8	7	7	4	-	-	-	-	-
India	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesia	-	-	19	-	25	27	23	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	1	-	-	1	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Nepal	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Papua New Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Republic of Korea	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	21	22	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	8	8	8	10
Taiwan Province of China	35	35	35	35	35	35	36	38	40	42	44	46
United Republic of Tanzania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
United States	81	81	118	117	115	112	111	53	51	51	49	

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for India, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Republic of Korea, Taiwan Province of China and United Republic of Tanzania are on an approval basis. Data for Poland and Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 23.	The number of affiliates	of foreign TNCs in the host econo	my, by geographical origin, 1990-2001
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Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	21	20	19	18	16	14	11	12	16	18	19	23
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	43	42	42	40	39
Taiwan Province of China	7	7	7	8	11	11	17	27	31	40	52	54
United States	124	124	123	113	116	107	111	112	104	95	94	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	268	330	743	637	775	837	643	502	359	603	558	529
Hong Kong, China	15	18	18	19	20	40	2	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	48	77	167	470	108	282	181	112	-	-	-	-
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
United States	3 902	3 923	4 299	4 336	5 355	3 703	3 879	3 895	3 380	3 654	1 679	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Malaysia are on an approval basis. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	134	132	124	116	65	70	129	112	179	301	186	2 203
United States	9 852	12 140	13 087	14 041	14 587	10 977	20 624	-	31 695	41 747	40 049	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	2.0	2.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	3.0	1.0	4.0	4.0	3.0
Indonesia	-	-	16.3	-	17.6	-	19.8	-	-	-	-	-
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121.0	-	-	-
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	-	0.1
United States	28.4	29.5	24.6	23.3	22.4		12.9	12.9		12.4	6.8	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Nepal are on an approval basis. Data for Poland and Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
United States	19.8	19.2	19.5	17.0	16.2	17.1	17.4	15.5		30.8	30.8	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	371	361.5	2 753.5	2 479.9	2 773.0	3 000.4	3 389.2	2 595.1	1 818.5	2 983.2	2 764.0	984.3
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.9	-
United States	3 837	3 935.0	4 377.0	4 060.0	3 967.0	2 303.0	2 292.0	2 292.0	2 602.0	2 245.0	1 238.0	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	61.9	60.3	64.0	60.5	61.6	69.8	132.9	115.3	170.5	213.1	276.4	179.0
United States	1 778.0	1 897.0	2 063.0	1 810.0	1 934.0	2 073.0	2 314.0		2 047.0	4 970.0	5 899.0	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 58. Exports of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
United States	230	280.0	600.0	511.0	747.0	420.0	506.0	514.0	603.0		126.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 63. Imports of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5
United States	535.0	181.0	140.0	147.0	340.0	327.0	291.0	271.0	198.0	166.0	109.0

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Tables 38,48,53,68,73,83. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of foreign affiliates of Panama TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Number, millions of dollars and thousands of emp	oloyees)
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Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries	1 269.0	1 249.0	1 269.0	1 183.0	1 238.0	-	740.0	721.0	-	768.0	431.0
48	Value added	-	-	1 638.0	1 460.0	1 275.0	-	826.0	701.0	-	897.0	524.0
53	Profits before taxes	- 124.0	- 6.0	73.0	- 376.0	- 101.0	- 58.0	- 18.0	- 191.0	- 189.0	66.0	18.0
	Employees in research and											
73	development	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
78	Royalty receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-
83	Royalty payments	5.0	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,55,60,65,85. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Panama, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	166.0	171.0	184.0	183.0	191.0	193.0	185.0	184.0	-	451.0	495.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	351.0	335.0	313.0	126.0	477.0	346.0	353.0
55a	Profits before taxes	1 043.0	908.0	1 020.0	898.0	1 100.0	1 272.0	1 258.0	1 065.0	1 545.0	1 951.0	213.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	164.0	-	92.0	- 108.0	282.0	64.0	68.0
60	Exports	933.0	955.0	1 070.0	823.0	837.0	997.0	854.0	1 023.0	764.0	1 028.0	944.0
65	Imports	39.0	38.0	53.0	63.0	79.0	34.0	52.0	127.0	28.0	-	-
85	Royalty payments	-	-	-	-	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Except for wages and salaries, data refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Compania Quimica Borden	Chemicals		
B. Tertiary			
Willbros Group	Construction	390	
Offshore Management & Finance Corporation	Other business services		
Morgan y Morgan	Other business services		
Automotive Components International	Other business services		
Hannelisa Properties	Other business services		
Olivia Holding Corp	Other business services		
Panamerican Oil Corp	Other business services		
Remsport	Other business services		
Ulrane Corp.	Other business services		
United Victory Investments	Other business services		
Motta Internacional	Trade		
Zekov	Trade		
Compania Importadora y Exportadora de Colon	Transport and storage		
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees
Primer Banco del Istmo	Finance	4 071	2 000
Banco General	Finance	2 317 ^a	1 276 ^a
Banco Continental de Panama	Finance	1 316 ^a	657 ^a

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Panamco de Venezuela ^a	Venezuela	Beverages	557.3	
Monsanto Argentina	Argentina	Chemicals	528.4	650
Schlumberger Offshore Services	Mexico	Petroleum	156.5	320
Tag Holdings	United States	Textiles	138.2	400
Ramtex	United States	Textiles	100.0	750
Schlumberger K.K.	Japan	Precision equipment	84.0	325
Borden Quimica Industria e Comercio	Brazil	Chemicals	51.8	250
Ray-O-Vac de México	Mexico	Electrical and electronic equipment	45.9	338
Burke Mills	Usa	Textiles	37.2	241
Alba Adesivos Industria e Comercio	Brazil	Chemicals	29.3	165
Compañia Minera Aguilar	Argentina	Metals	23.8	840
Gelpack Excelsior	England	Paper and packaging	23.6	200
World Industrial Resources	United States	Other manufacturing	22.5	104
H.B. Fuller Brasil	Brazil	Chemicals	15.9	85
Sierra Converting Corporation	United States	Paper and packaging	15.0	90
B. Tertiary				
Willbros Group	United States	Construction	390.1	822
Allergan Sales	Ireland	Other business services	280.3	
Corporacion Cressida	Honduras	Other business services	215.0	1 000
Willbros USA	United States	Construction	189.0	400
Intradeco	United States	Trade	187.0	160
Willbros International	United States	Other business services	181.5	1 200
Tal Apparel	Hong Kong	Trade	170.9	246
Kurt A. Becher Gmbh & Co. Kg	Germany	Trade	85.2	42
Willbros West Africa	United States	Construction	82.9	1 100
Hughes Of Beaconsfield (Holdings)	United Kingdom	Trade	73.8	190
Tristao (U K)	United Kingdom	Trade	71.3	14
Unique Vacations	United States	Other business services	70.0	330
Hughes Of Beaconsfield	United Kingdom	Trade	63.0	160
Willbros Engineers	United States	Other business services	57.1	500
Compansid	Belgium	Trade	56.4	16
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Banco BISA SA	Bolivia	Finance	759.2 ^b	450 ^b
Banco Banex SA	Costa Rica	Finance	426.7 ^b	515 ^b
Global Partners Securities	United States	Finance		30
Asset Finance & Management (1991)	United Kingdom	Finance		5

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

a Acquired by Coca-Cola FEMSA in May 2003. b December 2001.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Cerveceria Nacional, SA	Colombia	Beverages	159	2 255
Alimentos Del Istmo Sa	United States	Food		250
Fabrica de Pinturas Glidden, SA	United States	Chemicals		240
Cemento Bayano, SA	Venezuela	Non-metallic mineral products		235
Solo Container de Panama Sa	United States	Packaging		215
Webforma de Panama Sa	Colombia	Printing and publishing		130
Schering Plough SA	United States	Pharmaceuticals		129
Kraft Foods Panama Sa	United States	Food		120
Fabrica de Productos Borden Sa	United States	Food		90
Griffith Panama S A	United States	Food		83
Durman Esquivel Panama SA	Costa Rica	Plastic products		80
Industria Panamena de Papel, SA	United States	Paper		65
Helados Nestle, SA	Switzerland	Food		60
	United States			50
Alambres y Cables de Panama SA		Electrical and electronic equipment		
Hb Fuller Panama, SA	United States	Chemicals		40
B. Tertiary				
Breeze Navigation S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	231 ^a	
AIWA Latinoamerica (Panama) S.A.	Japan	Trade	203 ^b	56
Estellado Maritimo Co. (Panama) S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	66 ^c	
Teikoku Oil Co., Panama, S.A.	Japan	Trade	46 ^a	4
Uoichi Panama Inc.	Japan	Trade	36 ^b	
Leeward Navigation S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	30 ^d	4
Salvia Transporte S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	27 ^b	
Delica Shipping S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	24 ^e	-
PacificVenus Shipholding S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	14 ^a	-
Penta-Ocean Dreging Panama Inc.	Japan	Rental Activities	10 ^b	
Bel Tramp Shipping S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	10 ^a	
Central Tanker S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	8 ^a	
Mascot Maritime S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	7 ^a	
Pacific Lily Shipping S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	7 ^a	
Pacific Maritime Transport S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	7 ^a	
Panama TRL S.A.	·		6 ^e	
	Japan	Transport and storage	5 ^a	
Brave Navigation S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	5 5 ^{°a}	
Pacific Orchid Shipping	Japan	Transport and storage	5 ^b	
Trident Car Transport S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	5 5 ^b	
Kwarta Shipping S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	5 ^a	
Rio Diamante S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage		
Distribuidora Yale (Panama), S.A	Guatemala	Trade	3	70
Tokai Panama. S.A.	Japan	Trade	3 ^a	5
Griffith S.A.	Japan	Transport and storage	3 ^e	-
Nippon Marine International S.A.	Japan	Rental Activities	3 ^b	10
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Bancolombia, Panama SA	Colombia	Finance	744 ^g	37 ^g
Popular Bank & Trust Ltd	Dominican Republic	Finance	505 ^a	37 ^a
Banco de Occidente, Panama SA	Colombia	Finance	197 ^a	20 ^a
Banco Internacional de Costa Rica SA	Bahamas	Finance	42	115
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria	Spain	Finance		211
Banque Nationale de Paris	France	Finance		160
Banco de Iberoamerica, SA	Bahrain	Finance		108
Banco Del Pacifico	Ecuador	Finance		80
American Life Insurance Company	United States	Insurance		60

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001. b March 2002. c September 2000. d November 2001. e March 2001. f March 2000. g December 2000.

C. National framework for FDI

I. National framework

Political Constitution of 1972 Article No. 256 Source: Gaceta Oficial (Official Gazette), 24 October 1972

Political Constitution of 1972 Article No. 288 Source: Ibid., 24 October 1972

Labor Code No. 252 of 30 December 1971, (effective 2 April 1972) Source: Ibid., 18 February 1972 Amendment: Law 27 of 24 December 1990 Source: Ibid., 28 December 1990

Decree No. 344 regulating the Representation, Agency and Distribution of Products or Services of Foreign Manufactures 1969, (effective 18 November 1969) *Source: Legal Provisions in Force of Industrial Property* (Panama, September 1985)

Law No. 11 of the Regulation of Trade Industry and Industry Property 1974, (effective 29 January 1974) *Source*: Ibid

Decree No. 107 on the Creation of the Department of Industrial Property in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry 1981, (effective 21 August 1981) *Source*: Ibid., 21 August 1981

Law No. 19 of 1982, (effective 13 October 1982) Source: Ibid

Penal Code of 1982; Volume 2, Title 7, Chapter, Article No. 382-383-384-385

Decree No. 5 on the Commission on Bilateral Conventions on Investment Guarantees to Promote and Carry Out Negotiations and Attract Foreign Investment 1983 *Source: Legal Provisions in Force of Industrial Property* (Panama, September 1985), 19 April 1983

Law No.16 on Incentives for the Creation of Export Processing Zones 1990

Decree No. 30 reinstating Title II of Book I of the Civil Code on Corporations, Entities, Associations and Foundations 1990 *Source: Gaceta Oficial*, (Official Gazette), 19 February 1990

Law 16 on Privatization of State-Owned Corporations, 1992 *Source*: Ibid., 16 July 1992

Law 1 on the Promotion of Employment and Productivity 1986, (effective 20 March 1986) *Source*: Ibid., 17 March 1986

Law 2 on Incentives to Agricultural Output and Exports 1986 *Source*: Ibid

Law No. 3 of 20 March 1986, (effective 24 March 1986) *Source*: Ibid., 24 March 1986

Law No. 9 on Special Incentives for Micro and Small Enterprises 1989 *Source*: Ibid., 23 January 1989

Legal Stability of Investment Law 54, 1988 Source: http://www.viewswire.com/index.asp, 25 Feb 2004

Law 25 on Export Processing Zones 1992 *Source*: Ibid

Law 8 Promoting Tourist Activities 1994 *Source*: Ibid

Tax Code No. 8 of 27 January 1956 Source: Legal Provisions in Force of Industrial Property (Panama, September 1985), 29 June 1956 Amendment: Law 31 of 30 December 1991 Source: Ibid., 31 December 1991

Tax Code of 27 January 1956.33. Administrative Code of 1916 *Source*: Book 4, Title 7

Decree No. 60 on Tax Exemptions for International Maritime Trade 1965 *Amendment*: Decree No. 57 of 30 December 1986 *Source*: Ibid., 29 January 1987

Decree 60 of 28 June 1965 on Withholding of Income Tax Source: Ibid., 22 July 1965 Last amendment: Executive Decree 126 of 12 June 1992 Source: Ibid., 19 August 1992

Law No.108 of 30 December 1974 on Export Incentives *Source: Gaceta Oficial*, (Official Gazette), 6 February 1975

Law No. 70 of 22 December 1976 granting Incentives for the Investment of Profits Withheld by Corporations *Source*: Ibid., 30 December 1976

Law No. 9 on Registration of National and Foreign Corporations and on Tax Exemption on Transfer of Property 1980, (effective 1 May 1980) *Source*: Ibid., 25 March 1980

Law 28 on Tax Incentives on Production Source: http://alca-ftaa.iadb.org/eng/invest/PAN~1.HTM

Law 61 on Tax Reform 2002 Source: http://www.viewswire.com/index.asp, 25 Feb 2004

Law No. 45 of 8 August 1975 on Registration of Industrial Property Source: Gaceta Oficial, (Official Gazette), 20 August 1975 Regulated by: Decree 3 of 2 February 1976 Source: Ibid., 17 February 1976

Law 23 adapting internal Legislations on Customs to International Norms in compliance with the WTO Marrakesh Agreement 1997 *Source*: The National Law Centre for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/panama, 26 Feb 2004

Copyright Law (Ley de Derechos de Autor y Derechos Conexos) 1994, (effective Jan 1995) *Source*: http://www.viewswire.com/index.asp, 25 Feb 2004 Law No. 26 on Fiscal Incentives for the Hotel Industry 1967 Source: Gaceta Oficial, (Official Gazette), 9 October 1967 Amendment: Law No. 81 of 22 December 1976 Source: Ibid., 31 December 1976

Cabinet Decree No. 102 on Incentives for the Tourism Sector 1972

Source: Legal Provisions in Force of Industrial Property (Panama, September 1985), No. 17129 of 27 June 1972

Law Decree No. 102 of 20 June 1972 Source: Permanent Institute of External Commerce, 1991

Cabinet Decree No. 102 of 1972, (effective 20 June 1972) *Source*: Ibid.

Law Decree No. 26 on Extension of Annual Subsidy to free Zone of Colon, (effective 27 Sept 1967) *Source: Gaceta Oficial*, (Official Gazette), 9 October 1967

Code of Mineral Resources No. 23 of 22 August 1963 Source: Ibid., 13 July 1964 Amendment: Law 3 of 28 January 1988 Source: Ibid., 8 February 1988

Law No. 1 on the Regulation of the Use, Conservation and Development of Assets located in the transferred to Panama by the United States Canal Zones 1991, (effective 18 January 1991)

Law No. 8 banning the Import of Toxic or Polluting Wastes into Panama 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 11 June 1991

Law 31 Telecommunications Regulation 1996 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/panama, 26 Feb 2004

II. International framework

1. Panama is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award of 10 June 1958, signed on 10 October 1984

Source: Depository of the original convention: United Nations; United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 330, p. 3

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 signed on 5 June 1991

Source: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 22 Nov 1995 (effective 8 May 1996) Source: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of foreign direct investment with France 1982, United States 1982, Germany 1983, Switzerland 1983, United Kingdom 1983, Taiwan Province of China 1992, Argentina 1996, Canada 1996, Chile 1996, Spain 1997, Uruguay1998, Cuba 1999, Czech Republic 1999, Netherlands 2000, Korea, Republic of 2001, United States 2001 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Aruba1997 Air and Sea Transport, Netherlands 1997 Air and Sea Transport, Netherlands Antilles 1997 Air and Sea Transport, United States 1987 Air and Sea Transport, Uruguay 1999 Transport *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Banco Nacional de Panama: <u>http://www.banconal.com.pa/</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Conner, Fred L., "Investors wanted: ecotourism center to be developed at former military base", *Cornell Hotel and Restaurant Administration Quarterly*, August 1999, vol. 40, Iss. 4, pp. 10-11.
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- 3. Emling, S., "The road to Tegucigalpa", *International Business*, August 1993, vol. 6, No. 8, pp. 40-44.
- 4. Festervand, T.A., "U.S. foreign direct investment: industrial executives' perceptions of emerging Central American countries as FDI destinations", *International Journal of Commerce and Management*, 2001, vol. 12, No. 2, pp. 72-87.
- 5. Hines, James R., Jr. and Joel Slemrod, "The flight paths of migratory corporations; Comment", *Journal of Accounting, Auditing & Finance*, Fall 1991, vol. 6, Iss. 4, pp. 447-486.
- 6. Jayawardena, D. L. U., "Free Trade Zones", *Journal of World Trade*, September/October 1983, vol. 17, Iss. 5, pp. 427-445.
- 7. Thurston, C.W., "Panama builds on reform", *Global Finance*, 5 March 2001, vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 74-76.

Paraguay

A. Definitions and sources of data

In Paraguay a foreign investor is defined as any individual or company domiciled outside Paraguay holding equity investments in domestic enterprises funded by foreign capital. Foreign investors must own 10 per cent o a company to be considered as foreign direct investors.

Paraguay is one of the four members, besides Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay, of the Common Market of the Southern Cone (MERCOSUR). Since the establishment of MERCOSUR in 1991, investments between its members have substantially increased.

In 1991, the Government of Paraguay implemented a law securing foreign investment, giving local and foreign investors similar rights and obligations. The Investment Law 117 allows investors to obtain investment insurance locally or overseas. It also permits the establishment of joint ventures. The government has appointed certain industries as state monopolies, including sectors as oil, cement, electricity, water, and telecommunications. Foreign investors do not need authorization from the Government to invest in all other sectors. However, if the investor wants to be able to obtain fiscal benefits, a request has to be made.

Investment Incentive System Law 60/90 provides the legal framework governing investment incentives. Incentives offered are total exemptions from certain taxes on the establishment of operations and reductions of customs duties on imports of capital goods. There is also a 95 per cent corporate income tax exemption available, valid for five years.

The general tax rate is 30 per cent. However, as compared to local investors, foreign investors are subject to an additional 5 per cent tax on net earnings, the remittances of profits and dividends.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	73.7	3.8
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	9.6	0.3
3. FDI stock, 2003	986	223
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	12.1	2.7

Sources : Based on tables 3b and 4b and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 2. Summary of international production

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Affiliates of foreign TNCs in Paraguay	Foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs abroad
1. Profits, 2001	88	

Source: Based on table 54.

Table 3a. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1996-2001

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward in	vestment			Outward in	nvestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1996	89.7	42.0	7.8	139.6				5.2
1997	111.7	82.5	31.6	225.8				5.7
1998	124.9	96.8	111.7	333.4				5.6
1999	81.7	- 19.8	24.7	86.7				5.6
2000	113.3	7.5	- 8.3	112.4				5.7
2001	115.3	- 3.5	- 36.4	75.4				5.6

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics.

Table 3b. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1980-2003

		Inward inv	estment		Outward investment						
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total			
1980				29.8				1.9			
1981				38.6				5.7			
1982				36.7				2.9			
1983				5.1				- 0.2			
1984				0.9				4.3			
1985				7.9				2.3			
1986				0.6				2.1			
1987				5.3				2.9			
1988				8.4				2.5			
1989				12.8				2.5			
1990				76.9				- 0.9			
1991				86.1				- 0.1			
1992				117.5				0.5			
1993				75.0				- 3.9			
1994				137.1				40.1			
1995				103.2				5.1			
1996				149.4				5.2			
1997				235.8				5.7			
1998				341.9				5.6			
1999				94.5				5.6			
2000				104.1				5.7			
2001				84.6				5.8			
2002				- 12.6				- 2.0			
2003				118.6				5.6			

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from the Central Bank of Paraguay for 1980-1985 and 1995-2002; International Monetary Fund balance-of-payments tapes, January 2004 for 1986-1994 and UNCTAD estimates for 2003. FDI outflows are based on information from the Central Bank of Paraguay for 1995-2002; the World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1980-1984, 1990-1991 and 1993-1994 and UNCTAD estimates for 1985, 1992 and 2003.

Table 3c. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1975-2002	
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		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1975	24.4			24.4				
1976	22.0			22.0	25.0			25.0
1977	21.7			21.7				
1978	24.6			24.6	5.0			5.0
1979	50.2			50.2				
1980	31.7			31.7				
1981	31.9			31.9				
1982	36.6			36.6				
1983	4.9			4.9				
1984	5.2			5.2				
1985	0.7			0.7				
1986	0.6			0.6				
1987	5.3			5.3				
1988			8.4	8.4				
1989	12.8			12.8				
1990	28.4	12.6	35.9	76.9				
1991	44.2	20.9	21.0	86.1				
1992	99.4	14.1	4.0	117.5				
1993	45.3	21.4	8.3	75.0				
1994	97.9	22.5	16.7	137.1				
1995	61.8	41.4		103.2		5.1		5.1
1996	99.6	42.0	7.8	149.4		5.2		5.2
1997	121.7	82.5	31.6	235.8		5.7		5.7
1998	133.6	96.7	111.6	341.9		5.6		5.6
1999	89.5	- 19.7	24.7	94.5		5.6		5.6
2000	119.5	7.4	- 8.3	118.6		5.7		5.7
2001	128.5	2.5	- 36.0	95.0		5.8		5.8
2002	63.2	- 107.4	22.1	- 22.1		- 2.6		- 2.6

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

Table 4a. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1995-2001

		Inward ir	nvestment		Outward investment						
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total			
1995				642.5				179.0			
1996	336.2	349.7	70.9	756.9				186.0			
1997	405.5	396.9	92.6	895.0				194.0			
1998	443.2	476.9	184.6	1 104.7				201.0			
1999	467.0	439.8	209.6	1 116.4				208.0			
2000	552.4	488.6	169.0	1 210.0				210.0			
2001	519.8	394.6	117.7	1 032.1				214.0			

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics.

Table 4b. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	tward investment				
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total			
1980				212.1				112.7			
1981				250.7				118.4			
1982				287.4				121.3			
1983				292.5				121.1			
1984				293.4				125.4			
1985				301.2				127.7			
1986				301.8				129.9			
1987				307.1				132.8			
1988				315.5				135.3			
1989				328.3				137.8			
1990				405.2				136.9			
1991				491.3				136.8			
1992				608.8				137.3			
1993				683.8				133.4			
1994				820.9				173.5			
1995	637.7		67.5	705.2	178.6			178.6			
1996	758.4		70.9	829.3	186.0			186.0			
1997	885.1		92.6	977.7	194.1			194.1			
1998	1 011.5		184.6	1 196.1	201.3			201.3			
1999	1 006.1		209.6	1 215.7	208.2			208.2			
2000	1 142.2		169.0	1 311.2	213.9			213.9			
2001	1 042.6		119.1	1 161.7	219.7			219.7			
2002	770.9		96.2	867.1	217.1			217.1			
2003				985.7				222.7			

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database, based on information from the International Monetary Fund, balance-of-payments tapes in January 2004 for 1995-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 1980-1994 and 2003.

Notes: Figures for equity include reinvested earnings. Figures for 2003 are estimated by adding 2003 flow data to the stock in 2002.

Sector/industry	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	71.1	81.0	117.1	69.6	122.5	147.4	139.6	225.8	333.4	86.7	112.4	75.4
Primary	55.9	32.8	21.9	9.7	3.9	11.0	8.1	2.0	15.9	12.4	10.2	- 3.4
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	55.9	32.6	21.7	9.5	3.9	11.0	8.1	2.0	15.9	12.4	10.2	- 3.4
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secondary	14.2	39.5	83.4	42.8	60.6	90.9	39.2	23.8	38.1	36.6	31.2	44.7
Food, beverages and tobacco	11.8	35.2	76.0	32.8	34.5	59.0	23.1	19.6	40.2	30.4	33.7	40.2
Food products and beverages	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.2	18.8	34.6	25.3	24.1	34.8
Tobacco products	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	0.8	5.6	5.1	9.6	5.4
Textiles, clothing and leather	1.4	-	0.1	0.2	2.5	2.2	0.0	- 0.3	1.0	- 1.9	- 2.8	2.8
Textiles	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	0.9	- 0.1	- 2.4	- 1.7	- 0.4
Wood and wood products	-	0.1	1.7	1.7	4.5	2.9	0.8	1.7	3.8	3.1	- 4.2	- 2.2
Manufacture of wood products, cork, straw, etc.	-	-	1.1	1.3	2.4	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paper and paper products	-	0.1	0.6	0.4	2.1	1.9	-	0.1	-	- 0.2	0.1	0.1
Coke, petroleum products and nuclear fuel	-	0.6	1.6	3.6	4.2	8.1	-	-	-	-	0.3	-
Chemicals and chemical products	0.1	3.0	3.2	1.0	13.2	17.2	13.6	1.8	- 6.2	3.3	4.3	3.1
Rubber and plastic products	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.2	0.2	- 0.0	- 0.3	2.0	- 0.2	0.2
Metal and metal products	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	-	- 0.9	- 0.3	-	0.6	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	0.8	- 0.0	- 0.0	- 0.9	-
Other manufacturing	0.5	0.5	-	3.1	1.0	1.2	0.2	1.1	- 0.1	- 0.2	0.4	0.7
Tertiary	0.9	8.7	11.8	17.2	58.1	45.5	92.3	200.0	279.3	37.7	71.1	34.0
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-
Collection, purification and distribution of water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-
Construction	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.1	5.2	2.2	1.6	- 4.7	- 0.3
Trade	0.1	2.1	0.1	0.2	1.0	10.4	26.3	26.2	17.8	12.7	14.3	12.6
Automotive trade and repair	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	- 2.9	- 0.9
Sale of motor vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	- 2.9	- 0.9
Wholesale trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.0	22.0	16.4	13.3	10.5	13.3
Distributive trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.3	4.2	1.4	- 1.0	6.8	0.2
Hotels and restaurants	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.6	- 0.4	- 1.9	- 1.8	11.4	9.0
Transport, storage and communications	0.1	3.1	6.8	5.1	42.6	7.2	- 13.0	56.5	187.4	20.2	28.6	- 27.9
Transport and storage	0.1	3.1	0.5	2.7	37.0	5.1	- 18.4	29.4	111.8	- 24.1	- 1.4	- 15.0
Land transport including pipelines	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	16.6	13.1	24.7	- 10.8	- 5.1
Air transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 20.4	- 3.1	21.1	3.4	9.5	-
Supporting and auxilary transport activities	-	-	-	-	-	5.1	1.6	16.0	77.6	- 52.2	- 0.1	- 9.9
Post and communications	-	-	6.3	2.4	5.6	2.0	5.4	27.1	75.6	44.3	30.0	- 12.9
Finance	0.1	0.4	4.2	10.6	13.8	27.3	66.9	89.4	86.3	0.1	21.1	40.3
Financial intermediation	-	-	-	-	-	-	66.3	88.4	84.9	- 0.6	20.1	39.8
Insurance and pension funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.7	1.0	0.5
Business activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5	4.1	2.2	4.7	0.3	0.3
Real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.0	0.0	0.2	4.4	0.2	0.2
Computer and related activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5	4.1	2.0	-	-	-
Other business activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.1
Legal, accounting, market research, business and												i i
management activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.1
Market research and public opinion polling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.1
Community, social and personal service activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.1	- 14.7	-	-	-
Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.1	- 14.7	-	-	- 1
Other services	0.3	2.8	0.5	1.3	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1990-2001 (Millions of dollars)

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics. Data for 1990 and 1991are taken from ECLA FDI directory 1993.

Notes : Data refer to registered investment in accordance with Law No. 216 of 1970, Law No. 550 of 1975 and Law No. 60 of 1990. The manufacture of wood products,etc. includes the production of rubber (until 95). For 1990-1995, data do not include investments by binational entities. Data from or 1996 onwards may not be comparable to the preceding years due to a change of methodology in recording and coverage of the statistics. In 1996-2001, Unspecified textiles, clothing and leather refer to clothing and leather only. Chemicals and chemical products include minerals. Land transport includes water transport.

			(M	illions o	f dollars))						
Region/economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total world	71.1	81.0	117.1	69.6	122.5	147.4	139.6	225.8	333.4	86.7	112.4	75.4
Developed countries	51.1	37.1	63.8	26.9	41.5	55.7	79.6	142.2	220.4	56.2	61.8	- 10.9
Western Europe	46.9	24.2	48.9	18.1	30.0	31.0	51.5	32.2	53.6	31.9	12.8	7.2
European Union	46.9	22.1	32.8	15.0	22.6	30.1	44.7	37.3	48.4	22.0	15.5	7.0
France	32.6	14.4	22.2	4.6	1.7	37.3	0.5	1.0	5.2	- 14.1	- 4.6	- 16.4
Germany	-	2.6	2.8	2.1	4.0	3.8	0.0	3.6	- 3.7	1.2	1.2	1.5
Italy	1.8	0.2	2.0	1.7	5.4	- 31.5	- 1.2	0.6	2.9	- 0.8	1.4	- 1.5
Netherlands	-	-	4.2	0.5	4.4	7.5	20.8	24.5	26.7	32.4	4.3	8.6
Portugal	12.0	4.8	-	2.0	-	0.9	0.2	1.2	- 0.3	0.4	2.0	0.1
Spain	0.5	-	-	0.6	3.1	4.0	10.0	2.7	6.6	3.7	5.7	6.2
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.1	- 0.9	0.8	1.6
United Kingdom	-	0.2	1.7	3.5	4.0	8.2	14.4	3.7	5.8	0.1	4.6	6.9
Other Western Europe	-	2.1	16.2	3.1	7.4	1.0	6.8	- 5.0	5.3	9.9	- 2.7	0.2
Liechtenstein	-	1.3	13.0	1.9	2.0	1.0	- 3.7	- 1.1	8.5	- 3.6	- 4.6	5.2
Switzerland	-	0.8	3.2	1.2	5.4	-	10.5	- 3.9	- 3.3	13.5	1.9	- 5.0
North America	2.7	12.9	14.1	8.6	11.3	24.5	28.2	110.0	158.6	20.8	50.9	- 8.0
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 4.2	1.2	0.4	0.8	-	-
United States	2.7	12.9	14.1	8.6	11.3	24.5	32.3	108.7	158.2	20.0	50.9	- 8.0
Other developed countries	1.5	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.1	-	-	8.1	3.6	- 1.8	- 10.1
Japan	1.5	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.1	-	-	8.1	3.6	- 1.8	- 10.1
Developing economies	11.6	33.0	50.3	36.4	76.4	84.7	60.0	83.6	113.0	30.4	50.6	86.2
Latin America and the Caribbean	11.6	32.7	50.3	35.2	75.6	84.7	55.0	64.5	127.6	30.0	51.3	66.2
South America	11.6	32.7	50.3	35.2	75.6	84.7	55.0	64.5	127.6	30.0	49.9	63.3
Argentina	0.4	0.8	3.2	3.0	3.1	15.0	21.0	26.1	63.1	32.0	10.1	20.8
Brazil	10.4	31.7	46.8	31.6	35.3	46.9	6.6	17.6	52.2	- 9.8	23.4	23.1
Chile	-	-	0.0	-	-	11.3	21.6	2.9	0.9	- 0.8	2.7	- 4.2
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.0	0.6	2.2	0.1	0.5	- 0.1
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uruguay	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7	11.2	6.0	17.2	9.2	8.4	13.2	23.6
Other Latin America and Caribbean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	3.0
Panama	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	3.0
Asia	-	0.3	-	1.2	0.7	-	4.9	19.1	- 14.7	0.4	- 0.7	20.0
South, East and South-East Asia	-	0.3	-	1.2	0.7	-	4.9	19.1	- 14.7	0.4	- 0.7	20.0
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.4	19.5
Taiwan Province of China	-	0.3	-	1.2	0.7	-	4.9	19.1	- 14.7	0.4	- 0.3	0.6
Unspecified	8.4	10.9	3.0	6.3	4.7	7.0	-	-	-	-		-

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics. Data for 1990 and 1991are taken from ECLA FDI directory 1993.

Notes : Data refer to registered investment in accordance with Law No. 216 of 1970, Law No. 550 of 1975 and Law No. 60 of 1990. For 1990-1995, data do not include investments by binational entities. Data from or 1996 onwards may not be comparable to the preceding years due to a change of methodology in recording and coverage of the statistics.

Table 11. FDI stock in the host economy, by industry, 1995-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Sector/industry	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	642.5	756.9	895.0	1 104.7	1 116.4	1 210.0	1 032.1
Primary	43.0	48.1	46.1	56.3	55.6	64.4	47.7
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	43.0	48.1	46.1	56.3	55.6	64.4	47.7
Secondary	199.1	229.1	235.1	233.6	262.0	282.9	269.8
Food, beverages and tobacco	126.1	146.5	154.5	171.0	200.5	225.4	220.1
Food products and beverages	124.3	143.7	151.1	162.4	188.3	204.1	197.2
Tobacco products	1.7	2.7	3.3	8.6	12.1	21.4	22.9
Textiles, clothing and leather	28.7	26.1	24.4	18.8	15.8	13.2	13.2
Textiles	17.0	18.4	18.5	12.4	9.7	8.2	6.2
Wood and wood products	15.6	15.9	16.3	14.5	14.1	9.1	5.2
Paper and paper products	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.9
Coke, petroleum products and nuclear fuel	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2
Chemicals and chemical products	23.0	33.5	32.4	22.5	25.0	26.5	23.5
Rubber and plastic products	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.7	4.6	4.3
Metal and metal products	1.1	1.1	0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1	0.5	0.4
Fabricated metal products	-	-	-	-	- 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1
Manufacture of structural metal products, etc.	-	-	-	-	- 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1
Machinery and equipment	1.6	2.8	3.3	2.8	2.4	1.2	0.9
Other manufacturing	1.7	1.9	2.7	2.3	1.7	2.1	1.9
Tertiary	400.4	479.6	613.8	814.8	798.8	862.7	714.6
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.2
Collection, purification and distribution of water	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.2	0.2
Construction	1.6	1.7	6.1	7.4	7.8	2.8	1.9
Trade	43.4	70.5	88.4	93.5	214.7	215.2	191.1
Automotive trade and repair	-	-	-	-	24.0	6.5	4.6
Sale of motor vehicles	-	-	-	-	24.0	6.5	4.6
Wholesale trade	31.8	50.0	65.7	72.8	173.4	184.5	166.1
Distributive trade	11.6	20.5	22.8	20.8	17.4	24.1	20.3
Hotels and restaurants	11.4	19.3	17.0	13.4	12.7	24.4	28.3
Transport, storage and communications	94.0	80.3	120.7	296.0	231.7	280.6	196.8
Transport and storage	77.4	58.4	65.2	169.5	78.0	98.8	64.4
Land transport including pipelines	4.6	4.8	21.2	32.2	60.3	56.7	52.8
Air transport	- 1.3	- 21.0	- 21.7	2.6	5.8	15.3	11.5
Supporting and auxilary transport activities	74.1	74.5	65.7	134.6	11.8	26.9	
Post and communications	16.6	21.9	55.5	126.4	153.7	181.8	132.4
Finance	236.8	291.3	345.4	376.9	324.3	332.2	290.2
Financial intermediation	235.1	289.0	342.4	373.1	320.1	327.4	285.4
Insurance and pension funding	1.6	2.3	3.1	3.8	4.2	4.8	4.8
Business activities	13.2	16.5	18.5	27.1	6.9	6.8	5.8
Real estate	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	5.6	5.4	4.6
Computer and related activities	12.0	15.4	17.4	25.9	-	-	
Other business activities	-	-	-		1.3	1.4	1.2
Market research and public opinion polling	-	_	_	_	1.3	1.4	1.2
Community, social and personal service activities	-	_	17.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3
Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	-	_	17.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics.

Notes : Unspecified textiles, clothing and leather refer to clothing and leather only. Chemicals and chemical products include minerals. Land transport includes water transport.

Region/economy	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total world	642.5	756.9	895.0	1 104.7	1 116.4	1 210.0	1 032.1
Developed countries	407.2	469.9	573.7	721.8	763.7	793.5	626.4
Western Europe	205.2	248.3	256.2	268.9	311.9	318.9	256.7
European Union	185.4	222.7	237.7	247.2	273.1	289.1	230.
France	25.2	24.7	24.2	21.2	37.4	33.7	8.
Germany	1.9	1.9	5.2	1.0	1.7	2.9	3.
Italy	19.4	17.7	17.2	18.2	15.2	19.3	14.
Netherlands	48.9	66.7	83.2	97.7	118.1	122.4	104.
Portugal	20.4	19.3	18.4	15.0	13.2	14.5	11.
Spain	40.9	48.7	46.9	46.6	44.5	48.6	42.
Sweden	-	-	-	5.1	3.5	4.3	5.
United Kingdom	28.6	43.6	42.6	42.5	39.5	43.4	40.
Other Western Europe	19.8	25.6	18.6	21.8	38.8	29.8	26.
Liechtenstein	19.4	14.8	12.6	19.9	24.5	14.5	16.
Switzerland	0.5	10.7	6.0	1.9	14.3	15.3	9.
North America	201.9	221.6	317.4	445.1	417.6	456.0	362.
Canada	9.6	4.9	5.6	5.0	5.1	-	
United States	192.4	216.7	311.9	440.0	412.6	456.0	362
Other developed countries	-	-	-	7.8	34.2	18.5	7.
Japan	-	-	-	7.8	34.2	18.5	7
Developing economies	235.3	287.0	321.4	382.9	352.7	416.5	405
Latin America and the Caribbean	232.6	279.5	296.9	376.2	346.5	391.1	366
South America	232.6	279.5	296.9	376.2	346.5	389.1	361
Argentina	116.6	130.5	145.8	182.8	174.7	177.6	158
Brazil	87.3	92.9	80.4	120.3	90.5	114.9	108
Chile	3.9	26.4	26.9	23.6	6.4	9.4	4
Colombia	0.1	0.0	0.8	3.1	2.9	3.4	2
Uruguay	24.7	29.7	42.9	46.3	72.1	83.8	87
Other Latin America and Caribbean	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	4
Panama	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	4
Asia	2.8	7.5	24.5	6.7	6.2	25.4	39
South, East and South-East Asia	2.8	7.5	24.5	6.7	6.2	25.4	39
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	19.9	35
Taiwan Province of China	2.8	7.5	24.5	6.7	6.2	5.5	4

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1995-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions	of	dollars)
-----------	----	----------

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Bolivia								0.04	0.1	0.03		0.3	0.3
Brazil			35.4	0.3	- 6.2								
Chile		0.1	-0.05		-0.02								
China			0.6	1.9	1.7	1.2			0.7	5.0	0.3		
Colombia				0.002									
France	0.2		0.4	0.2									
United States									1.0			- 1.0	1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Brazil	0.1	0.1	47.3										
Colombia				0.002	0.002	0.002	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.1		
United States												- 1.0	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23.	The number of affiliates	of foreign	TNCs in the host economy	, by geographical origin, 1990-2001
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Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	5		4	4	4	9	11	13	14	12	14	9
Italy		1		1		3		3				
Republic of Korea							2	2	2	2	2	2
United States	5	5	5	6	10	10	10	9	12	12	11	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of	dollars)
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Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany						70	64	56	60		93	88
United States	41	42	46	65	108	119	135	246	340	423	370	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Italy		0.1		0.1		0.3		0.2				
United States		0.7		0.8	0.9	0.9			1.4	1.9	1.4	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	69.8	66.5	57.7	56.8	-	92.1	89.5
Italy	-	1.0	-	0.6	-	10.5	-	14.8	-	-	-	-
United States	96	114.0	118.0	137.0	166.0	199.0	252.0	282.0	461.0	414.0	374.0	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,38,43,48,63.Number, assets, wages and salaries, sales, value added and imports
of foreign affiliates of Paraguayan TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	1	1	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
28	Assets	2	2	16	19	18	19	18	19	20	20	21
38	Wages and salaries	1	1						1	1	1	1
43	Sales	4	5	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
48	Value added			1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
63	Imports								1	1		

(Number and millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,55.Wages and salaries, value added and profits of affiliates of United StatesTNCs in Paraguay, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries		4		6	8	9			16	22	17
50	Value added						37					146
55	Profits before taxes	- 7	- 5	- 3	- 4	12	12	13	11	20		1

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added and profits refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 54. Profits of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by industry, 1996-2001

Sector/industry	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	78.1	150.4	177.5	101.3	78.4	87.9
Tertiary	68.2	95.9	120.1	62.8	46.7	73.0
Finance	68.2	95.9	120.1	62.8	46.7	73.0
Financial Intermediation	67.5	95.2	119.6	62.2	46.3	72.5
Monetary intermediation	66.3	92.2	117.3	60.5	41.0	60.5
Other financial intermediation	1.2	3.0	2.3	1.7	5.3	12.0
Insurance and Pension Funding	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4
Unspecified	9.9	54.5	57.4	38.5	31.7	15.0

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Central Bank of Paraguay, Department of International Economics.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Paraguay Refrescos SA	United States	Beverages		703
Compañía Cervecera Brahma Paraguay	Uruguay	Beverages		187
Parmalat Paraguay SA	Italy	Food		134
Inpagas	Portugal	Chemicals		34
La Oxigena Paraguaya SA	France	Chemicals		24
Molinos Harineros Del Paraguay SA	Argentina	Food		
B. Tertiary				
Personal	Argentina	Telecommunications		740
Wackenhut Paraguay SA	Denmark	Other business services		560
Hola Paraguay S.A.	Japan	Telecommunications		258
Nestlé Paraguay SA	Switzerland	Trade		100
Cvc	Argentina	Telecommunications		95
Shell Paraguay Ltd.	Netherlands	Trade		90
Aventis Pharma SA	France	Trade		87
Biedermann Publicidad SA	United States	Advertising		60
Beiersdorf SA	Germany	Trade		50
Bayer SA	Germany	Trade		35
Sgs Paraguay SA	Switzerland	Other business services		33
Basf Paraguaya SA	Germany	Trade		25
Ericsson Del Paraguay SA	Sweden	Telecommunications		20
Agar Cross Paraguaya SA	United States	Trade		7
Euro Rscg SA Paraguay	France	Advertising		5
Intervet Paraguay SA	Netherlands	Trade		3
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Banco Sudameris Paraguay SAECA	France	Finance	202	190 ^a
Interbanco SA	Brazil	Finance	125	120 ^t
Banco del Paraná SA	Brazil	Finance	39	76 ^a
BBVA Banco	Spain	Finance		88

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001. b December 2000.

C. Legal framework in FDI

I. National framework

Law No. 113 of 6 November 1951 Source: BID-INTAL, Legal Regimen on Foreign Investment in the Countries of ALADI, Gaceta Oficial (Official Gazette), 14 September 1960

Law No. 1296 of 26 October 1967 *Source*: Ibid., 1985

Law No. 295 of 17 November 1971 *Source*: Ibid., 1985

Law No. 417 of 6 November 1973

Source: Ibid., 31 Dec 1987

Law No. 1045 of 23 December 1983 *Source*: Ibid., 1985

Decree Law No. 19 of 28 April 1989 on the Investment and Economic Development Regime *Source*: Ibid., 9 July 1989 *Amendment*: Law 60/90 of 26 March 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 27 March 1991

Law No. 126/91 of 9 January 1992 on Privatization of State Corporations *Source*: Ibid., 13 February 1992

Investment Law No. 117/91 of 7 January 1992 *Source*: Ibid., 9 January 1992

Decree No. 6361 of 10 July 1991 Source: Ministry of Industry and Commerce

Law No. 60 of 20 December 1990, (effective 26 March 1991) *Source*: Ibid

Law No.125/91 of 9 January 1992 on Taxation Source: Gaceta Oficial, (Official Gazette) 10 January 1992 Amendment: Decree 12300 of 15 January 1992 Source: Ibid., 15 January 1992

Law No. 751 on Trademarks 1979, (effective 20 October 1979) Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Industrial Property Laws and Treaties, No. 9 (September 1980) (English translation) Amendment: Law 1258 of 13 October 1987 Source: Gaceta Judicial, (Official Gazette) 31 December 1987

Decree No. 18831 of 16 December 1986 adopting Provisions concerning Environmental Protection of Natural Resources *Source: La Ley*, 6 April 1987

Law 40/90 of 18 September 1990 creating the National Commission for the Protection of Natural Resources

Source: Ibid., 12 October 1990

Law No. 675 on Exploration and Exploitation of Petroleum and other Hydrocarbons1961, (effective 14 September 1969) *Source: Basic Oil Laws and Concession Contracts: South America*, Supplement, No. 11, 1960, p. A-1

Law No. 675 on the Legal System for Exploration and Exploitation of Petroleum and other Hydrocarbons 1960, (effective 9 September 1960) Source: Gaceta Oficial (Official Gazette), 14 September 1960

Law 117 establishing equal treatment for foreign and national investors 1991 *Source:* The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/paraguay/paraguay.htm#links#links

Law 434 Liabilities in Foreign Currency 1994 *Source:* Ibid

Law 606 creating a Guarantee Fund for Micro and Small Enterprises 1995 *Source:* Ibid

Law 861 on Banking and Finance 1996 *Source:* Ibid

Law on Máquila de la Nacuión Paraguay 1997 Source: Ibid

Law 912 on Intellectual Property 1996 *Source:* Ibid

II. International framework

1. Paraguay is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985, signed on 13 September. Source: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; International Legal Materials, Vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1605.

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States signed on 27 July 1981, (effective 6 Feb 1983) *Source*: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

MERCOSUR, Treaty of Asunción, Date of signature 26 March 1991, effective 29 Nov 1991

Southern Cone Common Market - Mercosur Trade Agreement 1991

ALADI, Latin American Integration Association established by the Treaty of Montevideo 1980, (effective March 1981)

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of foreign direct investment with France 1978, United Kingdom 1981, Belgium / Luxembourg 1992, Korea, Republic of 1992, Netherlands 1992, Switzerland 1992, Taiwan Province of China 1992, Austria 1993, Denmark1993, Germany 1993, Hungary 1993, Spain 1993, Ecuador 1994, Peru 1994, Romania 1994, Chile 1995, Venezuela 1996, Costa Rica 1998, Czech Republic 1998, El Salvador 1998, Italy 1999, Portugal 1999, Uruguay 1999, Bolivia 2001

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with: Sweden 1966 Income and Capital, Taiwan Province of China 1994 Income and Capital, Brazil 2000 Income and Capital, Chile 2001 Income and Capital

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Banco Central del Paraguay: <u>www.bcp.gov.py/</u>

Secondary

- 1. Baum, Julian, "Let's tango", *Far Eastern Economic Review*. October 9, 1997, vol. 160, No. 41, p. 29.
- 2. Fairlamb, David and Pena of Dimex, Nelson, "Big plans for a small emerging market", *Institutional Investor*. August 1994, vol. 28, No. 8, p. 21.
- 3. Friedland, Jonathan, "South America reaps a harvest of reforms", *Wall Street Journal* (*Eastern edition*). August 14, 1997, p. A.10.
- 4. Haar, Jerry, "Bring back competitiveness", Latin Finance. March 2002, p. 39.
- 5. Hall, Kevin G., "Paraguay chief's exit opens door for foreign investment", *Journal of Commerce*. April 5, 1999, p. 3.
- 6. Hashmi, M Anaam, "Role of Mercosur in regional trade growth", *Managerial Finance*. 2000, vol. 26, No. 1, p. 41.
- 7. Keefe, O. and Thomas, Andrew, "Paraguay: Joining the club", *Business Latin America*. November 15, 1993, vol. 28, No. 45, p. 6.
- 8. Pagan Jr., Rafael A., "Paraguay emerges as a significant southern cone market", *Business America*. August 1995, vol. 116, No. 8, p. 27.
- 9. M. Yolanda Pereira Z., "Paraguay: A new incentive for Maquiladoras", *International Financial Law Review*. January 1998, p. 24.
- 10. M. Yolanda Pereira Z., "Paraguay: Foreign investment", *International Financial Law Review*. April 1997, p. 40.

Peru

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by both the Central Bank of Peru (Banco Central de Reserva del Perú - CRPB) and the Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión).

In accordance with the international standards, the basic criterion for defining direct investment enterprises in Peru is 10 per cent ownership by a non-resident investor, regardless of whether the investor has an effective voice in management. Enterprises in which the non-resident investor owns less than 10 per cent but has an effective voice in management are not included. No value threshold is used to identify direct investment enterprises, and unincorporated enterprises are not treated differently from incorporated enterprises.

Proinversión (formerly the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies – CONITE) is in charge of FDI promotion policy in Peru. It publishes FDI stocks with the information that enterprises provide with no peremptory deadline. It is compulsory to register the FDI with Proinversión, but most investors do so with a delay. Proinversión compiles stocks and flows of FDI by country and industry.

The Central Bank of Peru (CRBP) also compiles FDI inflows directly from enterprises each quarter. It publishes both quarterly FDI data and annual FDI data. Quarterly data are not disaggregated by industry or country, while the annual surveys are more comprehensive, including data disaggregated by industry.

B. Statistics on the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	1 419.3	120.9
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1999-2002 (annual average)	15.1	1.1
3. FDI stock, 2002	12 273	666
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2002	21.6	1.2

Sources : Based on tables 3a and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

(Millions of dollars) Inward investment **Outward investment** Reinvested Reinvested Year Equity Other Total Equity Other Total earnings earnings 1980 30.0 - 1.1 28.9 1981 36.0 89.0 125.0 • . . 1982 35.0 13.0 48.0 . . 1983 40.0 - 2.0 38.0 • . 1984 20.0 - 109.0 - 89.0 • . . 1985 - 40.0 41.0 1.0 • . . 1986 - 6.0 28.0 22.0 . . . 1987 - 10.0 42.0 32.0 . . 36.0 26.0 1988 - 10.0 . 1989 42.0 17.0 59.0 1990 33.0 8.0 41.0 • 1991 - 11.0 4.0 - 7.0 . - 79.0 1992 125.0 - 204.0 • 1993 662.6 98.0 760.6 . . 3 053.2 236.0 1994 3 289.2 • 1 952.0 605.0 2 557.0 8.0 8.0 1995 • . 345.0 1996 3 126.2 3 471.2 - 17.0 - 17.0 . 1997 1714.3 425.0 2 139.3 85.0 85.0 • 1 802.9 - 159.0 62.0 1998 1 643.9 62.0 1999 2 211.0 - 271.0 1 940.0 128.0 128.0 • . 2000 758.7 51.0 809.7 91.7 . . 2001 1 390.3 - 246.0 1 144.3 74.4 74.4 • . 2002 2 199.1 192.0 2 391.1 155.5 . . 2003 1 332.0 162.0 . . .

Table 3a. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1980-2002

Source : Banco Central de Reserva de Peru.

Note: Data in this table are not comparable to those presented in tables 5 and 6 which were obtained from a different source. Data for inflows in 2003 and for outflows in 2000, 2002-2003 are UNCTAD estimates.

			(mons of dom				
		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1977		15.0	39.1	54.1				
1978		18.0	7.0	25.0				
1979		25.0	46.0	71.0				
1980		28.0	- 1.1	26.9				
1981		36.0	89.0	125.0				
1982		35.0	13.0	48.0				
1983		40.0	- 2.0	38.0				
1984		20.0	- 109.0	- 89.0				
1985	- 40.0	41.0		1.0				
1986	- 6.0	28.0		22.0				
1987	- 10.0	42.0		32.0				
1988	- 10.0	36.0		26.0				
1989	42.0	17.0		59.0				
1990	33.0	8.0		41.0				
1991	- 11.0	4.0		- 7.0				
1992	125.0	- 204.0		- 79.0				
1993	662.6			760.6				
1994	3 053.2	236.0		3 289.2				
1995	1 952.0	605.0		2 557.0	8.0			8.0
1996	3 126.2	345.0		3 471.2	- 17.0			- 17.0
1997	1 714.3	425.0		2 139.3	85.0			85.0
1998	1 803.0			1 644.0	62.0			62.0
1999	2 211.0			1 940.0	128.0			128.0
2000	758.7	51.0		809.7				
2001	1 390.3			1 144.3	74.4			74.4
2002	2 199.1	192.0		2 391.1				

Table 3b. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1977-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

Inward investment **Outward investment** Reinvested Reinvested Other Other Year Equity Total Equity Total earnings earnings 1980 890.0 122.0 1981 965.0 122.0 • • 1982 1 022.0 122.0 .. . 122.0 1983 1 092.0 1984 1 119.0 122.0 • • 1 130.0 122.0 1985 1986 1 152.0 122.0 . • .. ••• . 1987 1 173.0 122.0 • • 1988 1 258.0 122.0 122.0 1989 1 287.0 . • . 1990 1 303.7 122.0 . . 1991 1 336.6 122.0 . . . 1992 1 503.5 122.0 1993 1 641.5 109.0 .. 1994 4 450.9 109.0 567.3 1995 5 060.2 6 237.0 1996 543.4 1997 7 280.2 601.7 . . 1998 8 075.6 437.8 . . 1999 9 474.5 651.4 . 2000 10 907.4 505.1 . 2001 11 603.6 648.5 . 2002 12 273.0 666.3

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

Note: Data in this table have been recently revised and therefore totals might differ from those presented in tables 11,12 and 13.

			(Millions c	of dollars)							
Sector / industry	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	166.9	137.9	2 809.5	609.2	1 176.8	1 043.3	795.4	1 398.9	1 432.9	696.2	669.3
Primary	119.9	9.0	310.3	176.0	131.5	89.3	159.5	296.9	37.2	5.1	1.5
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	0.6	-	-	2.8	- 0.5	0.5	18.5	15.9	2.3	-	-
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	119.3	9.0	310.3	173.2	131.9	88.8	141.0	281.0	34.9	5.1	1.5
Mining and quarrying	119.3	8.9	310.3	171.4	98.3	85.4	140.9	281.0	34.9	5.1	1.5
Petroleum	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.8	33.6	3.4	-	-	-	-	-
Secondary	9.8	50.9	52.7	140.0	330.1	205.5	132.1	129.9	40.4	162.3	133.5
Tertiary	37.3	78.0	2 446.5	293.2	715.2	748.5	503.8	972.0	1 355.3	528.8	534.4
Electricity, gas and water	2.6	0.2	361.4	-	374.2	528.8	96.4	153.0	- 3.5	85.5	3.1
Construction	0.3	1.3	0.8	9.9	16.2	1.9	11.9	11.4	4.4	10.4	-
Trade	4.4	14.8	29.0	7.8	116.2	67.5	101.9	9.0	261.4	16.2	- 2.4
Hotels and restaurants	2.1	0.0	6.2	7.0	10.0	0.6	5.6	16.6	-	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	- 0.5	3.5	2 003.4	3.4	1.9	24.4	138.6	255.6	1 036.1	26.9	395.2
Transport and storage	- 0.5	3.4	0.4	1.4	0.3	6.3	64.7	0.2	11.0	12.9	92.7
Post and communications	-	0.1	2 003.0	1.9	1.6	18.1	73.9	255.4	1 025.1	14.0	302.5
Finance	28.0	56.7	43.7	261.5	184.0	106.2	124.7	489.8	33.8	369.5	- 101.0
Business activities	-	1.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	3.2	0.4	2.3	0.2	1.6	- 0.7
Real estate	-	1.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	3.2	0.4	2.3	0.2	1.6	- 0.7
Unspecified tertiary	0.3	0.4	1.8	3.2	12.7	15.9	24.4	34.2	23.0	18.8	240.2

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1992-2002

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

Notes: Electricity, gas and water represent energy. Hotels and restaurants refer to tourism. Real estate pertains to housing. Data in this table are not comparable to those presented in table 3a which were obtained from a different source.

Region/economy	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total world	166.9	137.9		609.2	1 176.8	1 043.3	795.4	1 398.9	1 432.9	696.2	669.3
Developed countries	7.9	70.6	2 629.5	539.5	941.3	631.0	601.3	1 304.7	1 392.0	559.2	423.3
Western Europe	21.9	40.3	2 526.9	341.2	536.8	402.5	393.5	984.0	1 229.5	656.3	
European Union	17.2	33.6	2 520.7	336.4	533.7	330.0	393.1	963.5	1 225.8	653.1	558.8
Austria	0.0	1.0	0.7	-	0.1	- 0.1	-	-		1.2	0.4
Belgium	- 5.1	-		-		20.0	37.0	_	-		28.8
Denmark	0.6				0.1	20.0	07.0				20.0
Finland	0.0			_	0.1				_		
France	0.0	7.2	1.7	23.4	6.4	2.4	4.0	82.7	51.4	213.8	- 57.8
	4.1	0.9	2.4	23.4	0.4 2.7	2.4 0.5	4.0 11.7	02.7 11.7	51.4 11.6		- 57.6
Germany						0.5	11.7	11.7		16.9	
Italy	14.0	3.8	1.8	2.1	- 0.1	-	-	-	4.7	7.7	4.8
Luxembourg		-	-	- 1.8	-	- 3.2	6.2	-	-	8.9	10.0
Netherlands	- 17.8	6.0	220.8	36.3	47.9	140.1	15.6	92.8	227.1	235.2	200.6
Portugal	-	-	-	-	0.0	-	10.5	4.7	-	20.1	
Spain	0.5	-	2 055.3	131.2	219.7	- 56.2	31.5	24.2	755.2	- 26.4	32.2
Sweden	- 0.0	0.2	-	2.7	2.9	0.3	2.9	0.2	13.2	- 2.7	- 1.3
United Kingdom	20.1	14.6	238.0	140.4	254.0	226.2	273.8	747.3	162.5	178.5	333.1
Other Western Europe	4.7	6.7	6.2	4.8	3.1	72.6	0.4	20.4	3.8	3.2	0.6
Liechtenstein	5.0	3.1	2.0	- 0.7	-	3.3	- 4.8	3.0	- 1.9	-	
Switzerland	- 0.2	3.6	4.2	5.5	3.1	69.2	5.2	17.4	5.6	3.2	0.6
North America	- 14.0	30.2	100.9	191.5	405.6	227.6	205.5	288.2	138.0	- 97.1	- 141.
Canada	- 18.4	-	0.3	73.0	28.3	- 16.9	30.7	7.2	1.4	1.1	0.0
United States	4.4	30.2	100.6	118.5	377.3	244.5	174.8	280.9	136.6	- 98.2	- 141.8
Other developed countries	- 0.1	0.2	1.7	6.8	- 1.0	0.8	2.2	32.6	24.4	-	5.
Australia	-	- 0.2	-	-	-	-		-		-	2.1
Japan	- 0.1	0.2	1.7	3.8	- 1.0	0.3	2.2	29.3	24.4	_	3.
New Zealand	- 0.1	0.2	1.7	3.0	- 1.0	0.5	2.2	3.3	27.7		0
Developing economies	- 157.1	- 62.1	- 177.4	68.2	- 231.7	411.0	- 193.6	91.5	- 40.2	- 136.1	249.5
		02.1	177.4	00.2	231.7	411.0	193.0	91.5	40.2	130.1	249.3
Africa	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Africa	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Liberia	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Latin America and the Caribbean	38.9	62.1	176.7	64.1	227.7	340.4	191.6	81.5	39.0	136.1	241.9
South America	20.5	53.1	152.9	58.8	186.9	69.7	151.7	61.3	32.9	131.0	121.
Argentina	0.1	0.1	3.7	2.8	74.1	19.8	36.8	- 79.4	-	0.1	0.2
Bolivia	0.1	- 0.1	- 0.6	4.0	0.1	- 2.3	-	-	-	-	
Brazil	-	1.0	0.8	12.6	18.3	1.3	1.1	14.8	0.3	- 19.8	- 24.4
Chile	0.7	38.0	144.4	23.6	62.6	20.3	47.0	99.5	20.8	119.4	32.0
Colombia	0.5	2.4	0.7	16.1	6.5	3.1	33.4	8.7	0.3	7.3	113.8
Ecuador	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.3	6.1	7.1	0.2	9.6	3.5	-	
Peru	1.7	0.8	-	-	-	4.1	3.8	_	-	-	
Uruguay	15.6	4.4	2.1	- 0.4	18.7	15.1	29.1	8.3	8.3	23.9	- 0.
Venezuela	1.9	2.5	- 2.1	- 0.2	0.5	1.2	0.4	- 0.2	- 0.2	20.0	0.0
Other Latin America and Caribbean	18.4	9.0	23.7	5.3	40.7	270.6	39.9	20.2	6.1	5.2	120.
Bahamas	0.2	9.0	0.3	2.2	40.7	270.0	- 0.8	- 1.0	2.7	0.2	120.
	0.2	-	0.5	2.2	0.0	2.2	- 0.0	- 1.0	2.1	-	
Cayman Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	
Mexico	- 0.1	0.3	0.1	0.7	8.0	1.5	19.7	2.5	1.6	2.1	0.3
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Panama	18.2	8.7	23.3	2.4	31.9	267.0	20.9	18.6	1.8	3.1	119.9
Asia	118.1	-	0.8	4.1	4.0	70.6	2.0	10.0	1.2	-	7.
West Asia	-	-	-	-	-	68.0	-	-	-	-	
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	68.0	-	-	-	-	
South, East and South-East Asia	118.1	-	0.8	4.1	4.0	2.6	2.0	10.0	1.2	-	7.
China	118.1	-	-	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Republic of Korea	_	-	0.8	0.1	4.0	2.6	2.0	10.0	1.2	-	7.
Central and Eastern Europe	0.2	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	- 3.
Romania	- 0.2	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		- 3.
Serbia and Montenegro	0.2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 0.
Unspecified	1.8	- 5.2	2.6	- 1.5	3.8	1.3	0.5	2.7	0.7	0.9	
onspecified	1.0	5.2	2.0	1.0	3.0	1.3	0.5	2.1	0.7	0.9	L

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1992-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

Notes: Data for the Netherlands and the United Kingdom include those of their respective dependencies. Data recorded under 'Peru' refer to investments considered as neutral capital according to Decision 291 of the Cartagena Agreement. Data in this table are not comparable to those presented in table 3a which were obtained from a different source.

				(Millions	of dollars)								
Sector / industry	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	1 303.7	1 336.6	1 503.5	1 641.5	4 450.9	5 060.2	6 237.0	7 280.2	8 075.6	9 474.5	10 907.4	11 603.6	12 273.
Primary	493.3	502.1	622.0	631.0	941.3	1 117.4	1 248.8	1 338.1	1 497.6	1 794.5	1 831.7	1 836.9	1 838.
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	6.0	6.0	6.6	6.6	6.6	9.5	9.0	9.5	28.0	43.9	46.2	46.2	46.
Agriculture and hunting	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.8	4.8	7.7	7.2	7.7	26.2	42.1	44.4	44.4	44.
Forestry and Fishing	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.
Forestry, logging, etc.	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.
Fishing, etc.	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	487.3	496.1	615.4	624.4	934.7	1 107.9	1 239.8	1 328.6	1 469.6	1 750.7	1 785.5	1 790.7	1 792.
Mining and quarrying	428.6	437.3	556.5	565.4	875.7	1 047.1	1 145.4	1 230.8	1 371.7	1 652.7	1 687.6	1 692.7	1 694.
Petroleum	58.8	58.8	58.9	59.0	59.0	60.8	94.5	97.9	97.9	97.9	97.9	97.9	97.
Secondary	441.4	456.6	466.3	517.2	569.9	709.9	1 040.1	1 245.6	1 377.6	1 507.6	1 548.0	1 710.3	1 843.
Tertiary	368.9	378.0	415.2	493.2	2 939.7	3 232.9	3 948.1	4 696.5	5 200.4	6 172.4	7 527.7	8 056.5	8 590.
Electricity, gas and water	0.6	0.6	3.2	3.4	364.8	364.8	739.0	1 267.8	1 364.2	1 517.2	1 513.7	1 599.2	1 602.
Construction	2.1	2.1	2.4	3.7	4.5	14.4	30.6	32.5	44.5	55.9	60.2	70.6	70.
Trade	205.0	208.4	212.8	227.6	256.6	264.4	380.6	448.1	550.0	559.0	820.4	836.6	834.
Hotels and restaurants	10.3	10.3	12.4	12.4	18.6	25.6	35.6	36.2	41.8	58.4	58.4	58.4	58.
Transport, storage and communications	5.3	5.5	5.0	8.5	2 012.0	2 015.4	2 017.2	2 041.6	2 180.3	2 435.9	3 472.0	3 498.9	3 894.
Transport and storage	5.3	5.5	5.0	8.4	8.9	10.3	10.6	16.9	81.6	81.8	92.8	105.8	198.
Post and communications	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2 003.1	2 005.1	2 006.7	2 024.8	2 098.7	2 354.1	3 379.2	3 393.1	3 695.
Finance	102.1	106.3	134.3	191.1	234.7	496.3	680.3	786.5	911.2	1 400.9	1 434.7	1 804.1	1 703.
Business activities	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.3		10.9	13.2	13.4	15.0	14.
Real estate	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.3	10.5	10.9	13.2	13.4	15.0	14.
Unspecified tertiary	37.9	39.0	39.2	39.7	41.5	44.7	57.4	73.3	97.6	131.9	154.9	173.6	413.

Table 11. FDI stocks in the host economy, by industry, 1990-2002

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

Notes: Data refer to materialized FDI registered with Proinversión. The term 'registered foreign investment' means the contributions made to enterprises or contractual joint ventures within the country, as well as the amounts paid for the transfer of shares owned by nationals to foreign persons, and the investments destined to the acquisition of real estate within the national land. Electricity, gas and water represent energy. Hotels and restaurants refer to tourism. Real estate pertains to housing.

Table 12	FDI stocks in the I	nost economy, by ge	eographical origin,	1990-2002
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(Millions of dollars)

Fotal world Developed countries Western Europe European Union Austria Belgium Denmark	1 303.7 1 065.6 358.4 265.5 1.7 5.4	1 336.6 1 095.6 388.8	1 503.5 1 103.5	1 641.5 1 174.1	4 450.9	5 060.2	6 237.0	7 280.2	8 075.6	9 474.5	10 907.4	########	########
Western Europe European Union Austria Belgium	358.4 265.5 1.7	388.8		1 174 1									
European Union Austria Belgium	265.5 1.7				3 803.6	4 343.1	5 284.4	5 915.4	6 516.6	7 821.4	9 213.3	9 772.6	10 195.9
Austria Belgium	1.7		410.7	451.0	2 978.0	3 319.1	3 855.9	4 258.5	4 652.0	5 635.9	6 865.5	7 521.8	8 081.2
Belgium		287.5	304.6	338.2	2 858.9	3 195.3	3 729.0	4 059.0	4 452.1	5 415.7	6 641.4	7 294.5	7 853.3
3	54	1.7	1.7	2.7	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	4.6	5.0
Denmark		5.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	20.3	57.3	57.3	57.3	57.3	86.1
	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Finland	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
France	18.0	18.8	19.5	26.7	28.5	51.9	58.2	60.6	64.5	147.2	198.7	412.4	354.6
Germany	26.2	27.5	31.6	32.4	34.9	36.9	39.6	40.1	51.8	63.5	75.1	92.0	100.0
Italy	20.7	11.4	25.4	29.2	31.0	33.1	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	37.7	45.5	50.3
Luxembourg	18.1	17.8	17.8	17.8	17.8	16.0	16.0	12.9	19.0	19.0	19.0	27.9	38.0
Netherlands	34.4	54.8	37.0	43.0	263.7	300.0	347.9	488.0	503.6	596.4	823.5	1 058.7	1 259.3
Portugal	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	10.7	15.4	15.4	35.4	35.4
Spain	5.1	5.2	5.7	5.7	2 061.1	2 192.2	2 411.9	2 355.8	2 387.3	2 411.4	3 166.6	3 140.2	3 172.5
Sweden	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.7	37.6	40.4	43.2	43.5	46.4	46.6	59.8	57.1	55.8
United Kingdom	98.2	107.1	127.2	141.8	379.8	520.1	774.1	1 000.3	1 274.1	2 021.5	2 184.0	2 362.5	2 695.6
Other Western Europe	92.9	101.4	106.1	112.8	119.1	123.8	126.9	199.5	199.9	220.3	224.1	227.3	227.8
Liechtenstein	6.1	4.8	9.7	12.9	14.9	14.2	14.2	17.6	12.8	15.8	13.9	13.9	13.9
Switzerland	86.8	96.6	96.4	99.9	104.1	109.6	112.7	181.9	187.1	204.5	210.2	213.4	213.9
North America	669.4	668.8	654.9	685.0	785.9	977.4	1 383.0	1 610.6	1 816.1	2 104.3	2 242.3	2 145.2	2 003.4
Canada	49.7	53.7	35.3	35.3	35.5	108.5	136.8	119.9	150.6	157.9	159.3	160.4	160.4
United States	619.7	615.2	619.6	649.8	750.4	868.9	1 246.2	1 490.7	1 665.5	1 946.4	2 083.0	1 984.8	1 843.0
Other developed countries	37.9	38.0	37.9	38.0	39.7	46.5	45.5	46.3	48.5	81.1	105.6	105.6	111.3
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2
Israel	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Japan	37.6	37.9	37.8	38.0	39.6	43.4	42.4	42.7	44.9	74.2	98.6	98.6	102.1
New Zealand	0.1	-	-	-	-	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
Developing economies	232.5	235.7	392.8	454.9	632.3	700.5	932.2	1 343.2	1 536.8	1 628.3	1 668.5	1 804.7	2 054.2
Africa	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Other Africa	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Liberia	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8 1 392.9	0.8	0.8	0.8
Latin America and the Caribbean	206.8	210.0	248.9	311.0	487.7	551.8	779.5	1 119.8	1 311.4		1 431.9	1 568.1	1 810.0
South America	58.6	61.2	81.7	134.8	287.8	346.6	533.5	603.3	755.0	816.3	849.2	980.2	1 101.9
Argentina	2.0	4.7	4.8	5.0	8.7	11.5	85.6	105.5	142.2	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.2
Bolivia	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	2.8	6.8	7.0	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
Brazil	4.3	4.7	4.7	5.7	6.5	19.1	37.4	38.7	39.8	54.6	54.9	35.1	10.7
Chile	0.3 5.9	0.5	1.1	39.1	183.5	207.0	269.7	290.0	337.0	436.4	457.2	576.6	609.3 192.8
Colombia		0.1	0.6	3.0	3.7	19.8	26.3	29.4	62.8	71.5	71.7	79.0	
Ecuador	0.5	0.7	0.7	4.7	8.8	9.0	15.1	22.1	22.3	31.9	35.4	35.4	35.5
Peru	12.0 24.8	14.3 26.4	15.9 41.9	16.7 46.3	16.7 48.4	16.7 48.0	16.7 66.7	20.8 81.9	24.6 110.9	24.6 119.2	24.6 127.5	24.6 151.5	24.6 151.0
Uruguay		26.4		46.3	40.4 8.7		9.0						
Venezuela Other Latin America and Caribbean	5.4 148.2	6.5 148.9	8.4 167.2	10.9	8.7 199.9	8.5 205.2	9.0 245.9	10.2 516.5	10.7 556.5	10.5 576.6	10.2 582.7	10.2 587.9	10.2 708.1
Bahamas	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.7	205.2	245.9	516.5	556.5	576.6 4.1	6.7	567.9 6.7	6.7
Cuba	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.7	2.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	4.1 0.1	0.7	0.1	0.7
Honduras	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mexico	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.2	9.2	10.6	30.3	32.8	34.4	36.5	36.8
Panama	147.9	148.5	166.7	175.4	198.7	201.1	233.0	500.0	520.9	539.5	541.3	544.4	664.3
Asia	25.0	25.0	143.1	143.1	143.8	148.0	152.0	222.6	224.7	234.7	235.9	235.9	243.4
West Asia	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	93.0	93.0	93.0	93.0	93.0	93.0
Bahrain	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Cyprus	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0
South, East and South-East Asia			118.1	118.1	118.8	123.0	127.0	129.6	131.7	141.7	142.9	142.9	150.4
China	-	-	118.1	118.1	118.1	123.0	127.0	129.0	122.2	141.7	142.9	142.9	122.2
Republic of Korea		-			0.8	0.8	4.9	7.5	9.5	122.2	20.7	20.7	28.2
Central and Eastern Europe	- 3.8	- 3.8	4.0	4.0	0.8 4.0	4.0	4.9	4.0	9.5 4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	20.2
Czechoslovakia	3.8 0.2	3.8 0.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.5
Romania	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.2
Russian Federation	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Serbia and Montenegro	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	- 1.8	1.4	3.2	0.2 8.4	0.2 11.0	12.5	0.2 16.3	0.2 17.6	18.1	20.8	21.5	22.4	22.4

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

Notes: Data refer to materialized FDI registered with Proinversión. The term 'registered foreign investment' means the contributions made to enterprises or contractual joint ventures within the country, as well as the amounts paid for the transfer of shares owned by nationals to foreign persons, and the investments destined to the acquisition of real estate within the national land. Data for the Netherlands and the United Kingdom include those of their respective dependencies. Data recorded under 'Peru' refer to investments considered as neutral capital according to Decision 291 of the Cartagena Agreement.

			Agriculture	Forestry and	Forestry, logging and related	Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and	Mining and		
Region/Economy / Sector/industry	Total	Primary	and hunting	Fishing	activities	fish farms	quarrying	Petroleum	Secondary
fotal world	12 273.0	1 838.3	44.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	1 694.2	97.9	1 843
Developed countries	10 195.9	1 579.8	21.3	1.7	1.2	0.5	1 491.8	65.0	1 247
Western Europe	8 081.2	862.9	20.3	-	-	-	841.6	1.1	890
European Union	7 853.3	850.8	20.3	-	-	-	829.4	1.0	735
Austria	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Belgium	86.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Denmark	0.7	0.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Finland	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
France	354.6	12.9	-	-	-	-	12.9	-	:
Germany	100.0	2.5	0.0	-	-	-	2.5	-	24
Italy	50.3	11.7	-	-	-	-	11.7	-	
Luxembourg	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	1 259.3	3.8	1.3	-	-	-	2.3	0.2	430
Portugal	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Spain	3 172.5	6.4	6.0	-	-	-	0.4	-	18
Sweden	55.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
United Kingdom	2 695.6	812.7	12.3	-	-	-	799.5	0.9	20
Other Western Europe	227.8	12.2	-	-	-	-	12.2	-	15
Liechtenstein	13.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Switzerland	213.9	12.2	-	-	-	-	12.2	-	14
North America	2 003.4	664.7	0.9	1.5	1.2	0.2	598.4	63.9	31
Canada	160.4	87.8	-	-	-	-	87.8	0.0	2
United States	1 843.0	576.8	0.9	1.5	1.2	0.2	510.6	63.9	28
Other developed countries	111.3	52.2	0.0	0.2	-	0.2	51.9	-	39
Australia	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Israel	0.1	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Japan	102.1	52.1	-	0.2	-	0.2	51.9	-	3
New Zealand	6.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Developing economies	2 054.2	243.3	23.1	0.1	-	0.1	187.1	33.0	59
AfricaWIR	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Other Africa	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Liberia	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Latin America and the Caribbean	1 810.0	116.9	23.1	0.1	-	0.1	60.8	32.9	526
South America	1 101.9	59.0	18.9	-	-	-	9.6	30.5	274
Argentina	63.2	34.7	-	-	-	-	4.7	30.0	
Bolivia	4.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Brazil	10.7	1.5	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	:
Chile	609.3	3.8	0.7	-	-	-	3.1	-	15
Colombia	192.8	16.9	16.9	-	-	-	-	-	53
Ecuador	35.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Peru	24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Uruguay	151.0	0.8	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.5	5
Venezuela	10.2	1.3	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	:
Other Latin America and Caribbean	708.1	57.8	4.2	0.1	-	0.1	51.2	2.4	25
Bahamas	6.7	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Cuba	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Honduras	0.2	-		-	-	-	-		
Mexico	36.8	12.5	-	-	-	-	12.5	0.0	
Panama	664.3	45.3	4.2	0.1	-	0.1	38.7	2.3	24
Asia	243.4	126.4		-	-	-	126.3		6
West Asia	93.0	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	6
Bahrain	25.0	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Cyprus	68.0	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	6
South, East and South-East Asia	150.4	126.4	_	-	-	-	126.3	0.1	0
China	122.2	120.1		_	-	-	120.0		
Republic of Korea	28.2	4.2			-		4.1	0.1	
Central and Eastern Europe	0.5	-1.2			_		-		
Czechoslovakia	0.3				-				
Russian Federation	0.2	-			-	-	-		
Yugoslavia	0.2	_			-	-			
Unspecified	22.4	15.3					15.3		(

Table 13. FDI stocks in the host economy, by industry and by geographical origin, 2002 (Millions of dollars)

464

Real estate 1 14.3 9 6.4 9 5.8	
.1 14.3 .9 6.4	
.9 6.4	413.0
	373.2
.5 2.8	
	203.2
.2	-
-	-
-	-
	0.3
	0.3
.0 1.1	5.1
-	·
	41.1
	0.3
.9 0.3	84.1
	-
	· -
	· -
.6 7.9	
	· 0.1
	· 0.1
	· 0.1
	1.3
.4 ·	· -
	· 0.1
	21.4
	· -
	· -
	· 0.1
.6 4.7	13.9
	· -
	· -
.2 ·	
- 0.3	i -
.4 4.4	13.9
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	. 0.2
- ·	
.7 .	0.6
2000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	0.2 - - - 2.7 - 0.2 0.6 0.0 1.1 - - 0.2 0.6 0.0 1.1 - - 3.0 0.6 7.4 3.0 0.1 1.0 7.3 2.0 3.0 0.6 4.1 0.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0.3

Table 13. FDI stocks in the host economy, by industry and by geographical origin, 2002 (concluded)

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Private Investment Promotion Agency (Proinversión), formerly known as the National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technologies (CONITE), Ministry of Economics and Finance.

					(Millions	of dollars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Bolivia	0.6						11.9	7.1	20.9	27.8	6.1	5.7	5.9
Chile	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9	-	1.0		15.5		0.1	0.9	-	
China			0.1	1.8	1.2	2.4			8.6	2.7	0.1		
Colombia	0.6	0.4	2.4	2.0									
Ecuador	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	0.3
El Salvador									11.4	5.2		0.1	
France		0.2	- 0.4	- 0.5	- 0.2		- 0.2						
Japan	-		-	1.0	0.1		0.1						
Paraguay						0.4							
Philippines	0.2	-											
Sweden									- 3.1	0.5	4.9	1.5	1.2
United States						7.0		- 4.0	13.0	- 33.0	- 8.0	- 124.0	
Venezuela	-	-		0.1									

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan and the Philippines are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Bolivia	10.3												
Brazil	0.3	0.1	0.1										
Canada										0.7		0.6	0.6
Colombia	6.2	6.6	9.0	10.9	13.2	14.2	14.6	24.4	24.3	39.7	63.1		
El Salvador												22.3	22.3
United States		13.0		33.0			21.0	17.0	27.0	- 5.0	- 13.0	- 137.0	
Venezuela	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	14	14	14	11	12	14	19	21	30	31	34	33
Italy		4		2		2		2				
Republic of Korea							2	6	7	9	10	14
United States	54	55	55	53	60	59	63	71	74	87	84	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	67	132	62	58	65	70	129	167	239	402	279	353
United States	1 441	1 328	1 286	1 458	2 188		4 206	5 755	6 187	8 602	9 173	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Italy		0.5		0.2		0.3		0.3				
Sweden									1.4			
Switzerland				1.6	1.9	2.2	2.3	4.3	3.7	3.9	3.7	4.1
United States	14.0	12.9	12.9	13.4	14.3	13.6	14.5	18.0	17.7	24.3	25.0	

(Thousands of employees)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	124	121	64	60	123	140	199	231	284	320	369	358
Italy		32		7		40		39				
United States	1 199	1 457	1 329	1 458	1 795	2 654	2 970	3 983	4 156	5 144	5 083	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,38,43,48,53,63. Number, assets, wages and salaries, sales, value added, profits and imports of foreign affiliates of Peruvian TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Number and millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	6	6	4	4	4	4	5	2	1	1	1
28	Assets	31	32	4	4	4	4	44				
38	Wages and salaries							1	2	1	1	1
43	Sales	11	12	1	1	1	1	2	4	4	5	5
48	Value added			1	1	1	1	2	1			
53	Profits before taxes	- 2	- 2						- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1
63	Imports								1	1		

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,55,60,65,70,75,85. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports, expenditures and employment in research and development and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Peru, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	384	290	214	219	250	310	320	443	447	502	492
50	Value added					660	1 039	976	1 383	970	1 090	1 130
55	Profits before taxes	- 333	- 9	43	81	154	458	458	489	3	- 7	- 29
60	Exports	52	42	79	149	165	212				525	215
65	Imports	60	84	75	79	79	168	151	223	225	312	586
70	Research and development expenditures		1	1	1							
75	Employment in research and development										0.1	
85	Royalty payments					13						

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added, expenditures and employment in research and development and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Embotelladora Frontera	Beverages	34	
B. Tertiary			
Cetco	Trade	113	
Atlas Copco Peruana	Trade	18	
G.M.E.	Real estate	3	
Laboratorio Clinico M.A.G.H. Eirl	Other business services		
Deltron	Trade		
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Bel-Star	Colombia	Pharmaceuticals	64.4	
Tintas Grafinal	Colombia	Chemicals	0.4	12
N y Nettalco	United States	Textiles	0.3	3
Corporacion Boliviana de Bebidas	Bolivia	Beverages		440
B. Tertiary				
Graña y Montero México	Mexico	Construction	29.0	56
Camena International Corporation	United States	Trade	1.7	6
Panamericana Television USA	United States	Telecomminications	1.1	16
L S Andean Trading Corporation	United States	Trade	0.7	7
Pacific Computer	United States	Other business services	0.3	5
Atlas Copco Boliviana	Bolivia	Trade		
Orvipesa	Netherlands	Trade		1
Grafinal	Germany	Other business services		
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); *Thomson Analytics* (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); *Who Owns Whom, 2003* (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employ	/ees
A. Industrial					
Southern Perú Copper Corporation	United States	Mining and quarrying	711	а	
Unión de Cervecerías Backus Johnston	Venezuela	Food and beverages	448	а	
Doe Run Perü Refinería La Pampilla (RELAPASA)	United States United States	Mining and quarrying nuclear fuel	407	a	
Mina Antamina	Japan	Mining and quarrying		а	
Barrick Misquichilca	Canada	Mining and quarrying		а	
B. Tertiary					
Telefónica del Perú S.A. (ex Entel Perú)	Spain	Telecommunications	1 312	а	
Nissho Iwai del Peru S.A.	Japan	Trade	53	b	8
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employ	yees
Banco Sudamericano	Canada	Finance	655	b	452

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2000. b December 2001.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Decree-Law No. 22532 approving Decision 85 of the Cartgena Agreement on Industrial Property 1979 *Source*: National Commision on Foreign Investments and Technology Transfers (CON ITE), 16 May 1979

Supreme Resolution 11-87-PCU creating the National Advisory Board on Investments 1987 Source: Ibid., 23 January 1987 Supreme Resolution 11-87-PCU creating the National Advisory Board on Investments 1987 Source: Ibid., 23 January 1987

Law No. 25 100 of 28 September 1989 on Duty Free Industrial and Tourism Zones *Source*: Ibid., 29 September 1989 *Amendment*: Law 25340 of 11 September 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 21 September 1991

Legislative Decree No. 599 enacting the Law on the National Institute of Development 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 1 May 1990

Legislative Decree 662 on Foreign Investment Promotion Law *Source*: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 757 of Framework Law for the Increase of Private Investment 1991 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 13 November 1991 Partially regulated by: Extraordinary Decree 30-PCM/92 of 4 April 1992 Source: Ibid., 5 April 1992

Supreme Decree 162, Regulations on the Private Investment Warantee Systems 1992 *Source*: http://www.mef.gob.pe/peruinv/ingles/legal/publicaciones.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 758 on Promotion of Private Investments in the Infrastructure of Public Services 1991 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 13 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 727 Law on Promotion of Private Investment in the Construction Sector 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 12 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 758 on the Promotion of Private Investment in Infrastructure of Public Services 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 13 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 730 on the Promotion of Private Investment in the Petroleum Industry 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 12 November 1991

Law Decree No. 750 of 8 November 1991 on the Promotion of Private Investment in the Fishing Sector *Source*: Ibid., 13 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 708 on Promotion of Investments in the Mining Sector 1991

Source: Ibid., 14 November 1991

General Law on Mining 1992 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 702 on the Promotion of Private Investment in Telecommunications 1991 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 7 November 1991 Amendment: Law 25399 of 5 February 1992 Source: Ibid., 10 February 1992

Legislative Decree No. 705 on Promotion of Micro and Small Enterprises 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 8 November 1991

Law 27268 on Micro and Small Enterprises 2000 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 701 on Monopolies, Controls and Restrictive Practices of Free Competition 1991 Source: Ibid., 7 November 1991 Amendment: Law 25,399 of 5 February 1992 Source: Ibid., 10 February 1992

Legislative Decree No. 704 on Free Zones, Special Commercial Treatment Zone and Development Zones 1991 Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991)

Legislative Decree No. 690 declaring of National Interest and Private Investment in Railroads 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 6 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 693 Law on Investment Promotion in the Electrical Sector 1991, (effective 6 December 1991) Source: Ibid., 6 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 696 Law on Promotion of Private Investment in Urban Renovation 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 7 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 697 Law on Promotion of Private Investment in the Sewage System 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 7 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 709 Law on Promotion of Private Investment in Rental Land 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 8 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 685 declaring of National Interest the Postal Service 1991, (effective 5 November 1991) Source: Ibid., 5 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 674 on Promotion of Private Investment in Government Corporations 1991 Source: Ibid., 27 September 1991 Regulated by: Supreme Decree 070-92-PCM of 16 July 1992 Source: Ibid., 17 July 1992 Legislative Decree No. 672 on Promotion of Private Investment in Corporations of 'Spread Shareholders' 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 24 September 1991

Legislative Decree No. 662 on Promotion, Guarantee and Legal Stability for Foreign Investments 1991 Source: Ibid., 2 September 1991

Legislative Decree No. 653 on Promotion of Private Investment in the Agricultural Sector Regulation 1991 Supreme Decree 048-91 of 30 October 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 11 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 648 on Private Investment in Aeroperu 1991 (effective 30 days after the publication) *Source*: Ibid., 12 July 1991

Legislative Decree No. 647 declaring of National Interest Private Investments (Domestic and Foreign) in Mining Companies (Minero Peru, Centromin Peru, Hierro Peru) 1991, (effective 12 July 1991) *Source*: Ibid., 12 July 1991

Resolution of the National Commission on Foreign Investment and Technology No. 004- 91 EF/35 1991 *Source: El Peruano* (Official Gazette), 30 April 1991

Resolution of the National Commission on Foreign Technology Investment No. 003-91- EF/35 1991(effective 14 March 1991) Source: National Commission on Foreign Investments and Technology Transfers (CON ITE)

Resolution No. N-005-89-EF/35 (CONITE) on Regulations of Treatment of Investment and Technology Contracts, Patents and Marks of Foreign Origin 1989 *Source*: Ibid., 14 November 1989 *Amendment*: Directorial Resolution 003-91-EF/35 of 13 March 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 14 March 1991

Ministerial Resolution 305-88-EF-75 approving the Regulation of the System of Conversion of the Foreign Debt in Investment 1988 *Source*: Ibid., 3 December 1988

Supreme Decree No. 198-88-EF establishing the System of Conversion of the Foreign Public Debt 1988 *Source*: Ibid., 23 October 1988

Legislative Decree No. 619 on Capital Tax on Corporations 1990 Source: Ibid., 30 November 1990 Complementary Legislation: Supreme Decree 093-91-EF April 1991 Source: Ibid., 10 April 1990

Legislative Decree No. 637 of Banking, Financing and Insurance 1991, (effective 24 April 1991) Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 25 April 1991

Decision 291 of 21 March 1991 Source: Ibid., March 1991 Law 26702 of Banking, Financing and Insurance 1996 *Amendment:* Law 27102, 1999 *Source:* http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 755 on Stock Markets 1991 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 13 November 1991

Decree No. 25859 enacting the Tax Law 1992 *Source*: Ibid., 24 November 1992

Decree-Law No. 25751 on Income Tax 1992, (effective 1 January 1993) *Source*: Ibid., 3 October 1992

Supreme Decree 0014-92-RE of 2 June 1992 regulating Decree 663 of 29 August 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 23 May 1992

Decree-Law No. 25751 of 1 October 1992 on Income Tax, (effective 1 January 1993) *Source*: Ibid., 3 October 1992

Law 27.804 modifying the Income Tax Law of 1992, 2002 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Supreme Decree 0014-92-RE of 2 June 1992 regulating Decree 663 of 29 August 1991 *Source: El Peruano* (Official Gazette), 23 May 1992

Industrial Property Law 1996 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Company Law 2000 Amendment: Law 27.303, 2000 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Law No. 13714 on Copyrights 1961 Source: National Commision on Foreign Investments and Technology Transfers (CON ITE), 3 November 1961 Amendment: Law 24518 of 5 June 1986 Source: Ibid., 7 June 1986

Directorial Resolution 001-89-DIGDA-BNP of 2 January 1989 on the Copyrights Registry *Source*: Ibid., 5 April 1989

Law 27.269 on Electronic Commerce 2000 Amendment: Law 27.310, 2000 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Legislative Decree No. 611 Code on The Environment and Natural Resources 1990 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 8 September 1990 Amendment: Law 26913, 1998 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Regulation of the Law on Protection of Natural Reserves 2001 *Source*: Ibid

Legislative Decree No. 670 on the Elimination of Restrictions in Civil Aviation 1991, (effective 16 September 1991)

Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991), 16 September 1991

Legislative Decree No. 675 on Privatization of MINPECO S.A 1991, (effective 3 October 1991) Source: Ibid., 3 October 1991

Legislative Decree No. 668 on Liberalization of Domestic and Foreign Trade 1991, (effective 11 September 1991) Source: Ibid., (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991)

Legislative Decree No. 663 on the 'Migration-Investment Program' 1991 Source: El Peruano (Official Gazette), 2 September 1991 Amendment. Decree-Law 25555 of 11 June 1992 Source: Ibid., 19 June 1992

Legislative Decree No. 716 on Consumer Protection 1991 Source: El Peruano, (Official Gazette), 11 September 1991

Legislative Decree No. 676 declaring of National Interest the Rehabilitation and Maintenance of National Roads and Highways 1991, (effective 5 October 1991) Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991), 5 October 1991

Legislative Decree 809 on Customs Law 1996 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/peru/peru.htm, 4 March 2004

Decision 300 of 16 May 1991 Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991)

Legislative Decree No. 718 on Private Health System 1991, (effective 10 December 1991) Source: El Peruano, (Official Gazette), 10 November 1991

Legislative Decree No. 683 declaring of the National Interest the Commercial Water Transportation 1991 *Source*: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement (Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991), 3 November 1991

Decree Law No. 25977 on Fishing Law 1992, (effective 22 December 1992) Source: El Peruano, (Official Gazette), 22 December 1992

Supreme Decree 014-92-EM enacting the Mining Law 1992 *Source*: Ibid., 4 June 1992

II. International framework

1. Peru is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004 Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 signed on 5 June 1991

Source: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award of 10 June 1958, signed on 7 July 1988

Source: Depository of the original convention: United Nations; United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 330, p. 3

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 4 Sept 1991 (effective 8 Sept 1993) *Source*: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

Andean Subregional Integration Agreement 25 June 2003 Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 *Source*: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

ALADI, Latin American Integration Association established by the Treaty of Montevideo 1980, (effective March 1981)

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and the protection of foreign investment with Switzerland 1991, Thailand 1991, Bolivia 1993, France 1993, Korea, Republic of 1993, United Kingdom 1993, Argentina 1994, China 1994, Colombia 1994, Czech Republic 1994, Denmark 1994, Italy 1994, Netherlands 1994, Paraguay 1994, Portugal 1994, Romania 1994, Spain 1994, Sweden 1994, Australia 1995, Finland 1995, Germany 1995, Malaysia 1995, Norway 1995, El Salvador 1996, Venezuela 1996, Ecuador 1999, Chile 2000 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Switzerland 1991, Thailand 1991, Bolivia 1993, France 1993, Korea, Republic of 1993, United Kingdom 1993, Argentina 1994, China 1994, Colombia 1994, Czech Republic 1994, Denmark 1994, Italy 1994, Netherlands 1994, Paraguay 1994, Portugal 1994, Romania 1994, Spain 1994, Sweden 1994, Australia 1995, Finland 1995, Germany 1995, Malaysia 1995, Norway 1995, El Salvador 1996, Venezuela 1996, Ecuador 1999, Chile 2000 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

- 4. Central Bank of Peru: <u>http://www.bcrp.gob.pe/</u>
- 5. Private Investment promotion Agency: Proinversión: <u>http://www.proinversion.gob.pe/</u>

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- 7. Kocagil, Ahmet E. and Benjamin E. Eduardo, "Impacts of new environmental standards on mining industry: the case of Peru", *Resource and Energy Economics*, October 1996, Vol. 18, Iss. 3, pp. 291-311.
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Saint Lucia

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are compiled by the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank. The FDI definition as recommended in the *Balance of Payments Manual: Fifth Edition* of the International Monetary Fund is applicable to this economy.

The Government of Saint Lucia encourages local and foreign investment in its main economic sectors including manufacturing, tourism, agriculture and services. Under the Fiscal Incentives Act No. 15 of 1974, fiscal incentives are granted to enterprises to facilitate both local and foreign investment in the productive sectors of the economy. These incentives include up to 15-year profits tax holiday, duty free entry of raw materials, machinery and spare parts and unrestricted repatriation of profits and capital. As a Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI) beneficiary economy that has signed a tax information exchange agreement (TIEA) with the United States, Saint Lucia is eligible for below market rate financing for eligible products through a 1986 amendment of section 936 of the United States tax code.

Saint Lucia is a signatory of the CBI, CARIBCAN, Lomé IV Convention and the Caribbean Common Market (CARICOM). These treaties deal with duty free entry of products in different regions of the world, namely the United States, Canada, the European Union and CARICOM members. To be eligible for duty free entry, products have to meet different standards, depending on the treaty involved.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	35.2	-0.04
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	35.4	-0.1
3. FDI stock, 2003	890	0.4
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	119.9	0.05

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1976			3.0	3.0				
1977			13.0	13.0				
1978			20.6	20.6				
1979			26.0	26.0				
1980			30.9	30.9				
1981			38.2	38.2				
1982			26.5	26.5				
1983			10.0	10.0				
1984			12.0	12.0				
1985			17.0	17.0				
1986	14.5			14.5				
1987	15.0			15.0				
1988	8.5	3.3	4.6	16.4				
1989	17.0	3.8	5.9	26.6				
1990	7.1	7.7	30.0	48.8				0.
1991	12.8	14.8	30.2	57.7				0.
1992	4.1	15.2	21.6	40.9				0.
1993	11.3	12.9	10.0	34.2				0.
1994	6.2	16.0	10.3	32.5				0.
1995	6.6	25.1	1.1	32.8				0.
1996	4.1	15.6	- 1.3	18.4				- 0.
1997	4.0	12.7	31.2	47.8				0.
1998	3.2	16.1	64.1	83.4				- 0.
1999	72.5	11.9	- 1.5	82.8				- 0.
2000	31.6	16.0	7.3	54.9				0.
2001	9.4	15.1	- 2.1	22.4				- 0.
2002				31.4				-0.0
2003				32.0				-0.0

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1976-2003

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Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Bank of Saint Lucia for 1990-2003 and International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments CD ROM, June 2003, for 1976-1989. FDI outflows are based on information World Bank, World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM, for 1990-1991 and 1995-2000 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1980				93.5				
1981				131.7				
1982				158.2				
1983				168.2				
1984				180.2				
1985				197.2				
1986				211.7				
1987				226.7				
1988				243.2				
1989				269.8				
1990				318.6				0.2
1991				376.3				0.5
1992				417.2				0.6
1993				451.4				0.8
1994				483.9				1.0
1995				516.7				1.3
1996				535.1				0.9
1997				582.9				1.0
1998				666.3				0.6
1999				749.1				0.5
2000				804.0				0.6
2001				826.4				0.4
2002				857.7				0.4
2003				889.8				0.4

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1976. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1990.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
France	1.5	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	0.3	-	-	2.8	-	10.4
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 5.0	- 1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	- 1.0	1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.0	-	24.0	19.0	17.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.0	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
United States	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 30,35,40,45,50,55. Assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Saint Lucia, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123.0	-	113.0
35	Employees	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
40	Wages and salaries	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
45	Sales	39.0	36.0	36.0	40.0	-	47.0	49.0	53.0	50.0	50.0	59.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	24.0	23.0	21.0	24.0	24.0	-	12.0
55	Profits before taxes	8.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	-	6.0	3.0	-	- 33.0	-	7.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Fiscal Incentives Act No. 15, 1974 Source: www.stluciandc.com/aboutus.htm, 4 March 2004

Customs Freezone Act 1983 Source: Ibid

Customs Act 1967-1985 Source: Ibid

Customs Duties (Dumping and Subsidies) Ordinance 1964, 1967 Source: Ibid

Trade Licence Act 1985 Source: Ibid

Sale of Produce Ordinance (Chp 27), 1959 - 1967 *Source*: Ibid

Petroleum Act (1990).ct (1958) CAP.54 *Source*: Ibid

Trade Licence Act 1985 *Source*: Ibid

Sale of Produce Ordinance (Chp 27) 1959 - 1967 Source: Ibid

External Trade Act 1968 Source: Ibid

Distribution and Prices of Goods Act 1967 *Source*: Ibid

Price Control Order 1984 Source: Ibid

II. International framework

1. St. Lucia is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 *Source*: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 4 June 1984 (effective 4 July1984)

Source: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas $1973\,$

East Caribbean States Development Agency Act 1990 Source: www.stluciandc.com/aboutus.htm, 4 March 2004

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Eastern Caribbean Central Bank: http://www.eccb-centralbank.org/.

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- 2. Dujon, Veronica, "Communal property and land markets: agricultural development policy in St. Lucia", *World Development*, vol. 25, No. 9, September 1997, pp. 1529-1540.
- 3. Invest in Eastern Caribbean: St Lucia, country background for investors, (<u>http://www.caribisles.org/caribbean/inv-07.htm</u>).
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Saint Kitts and Nevis

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are compiled by the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank. The FDI definition as recommended in the Balance of Payments Manual: Fifth Edition of the International Monetary Fund is applicable to this economy.

Investments in Saint Kitts and Nevis are subject to national treatment. Almost all sectors are open to foreign investment. To promote FDI, the government has set up several incentive programmes. The Fiscal Incentives Act provides a series of general investment incentives:

- Tax holiday of up to 15 years;
- Additional tax rebates of up to five years;
- Exemption from custom duties on material and equipment deemed necessary to establish an enterprise;
- Repatriation of profits, dividends, royalties, and imported capital by arrangement with the Ministry of Finance;
- Protection of investment through government agreement between Saint Kitts and Nevis and the United States; and
- No personal income tax.

In addition, to stimulate growth in the tourism industry, the Government has set up the Hotel Aids Ordinance, that provides duty-free concessions (relief from customs duties and pier dues) on items for use in the construction, extension and equipping of a hotel (of not less than 30 bedrooms). In association with the Hotel Aids Ordinance, the Income Tax Ordinance provides special tax relief. It entails that the gains or profits of a hotel of more than 30 bedrooms are exempt from income tax for a period of 10 years. For hotels with less than 30 bedrooms, the gains and profits are exempt from income tax for a period of 5 years.

Furthermore, the Government of Saint Kitts and Nevis promotes investment in a diverse selection of agro-based industries, including rum distilling and utilization of sugar industry by-products, beef and dairy, confectionery manufacture, fruit and vegetable preservation and processing, fruit and vegetable production for export, small ruminant production, aquaculture and mariculture, and deep sea fishing and fish processing.

Saint Kitts and Nevis is a member of the Caribbean Common Market (CARICOM). As such, Saint Kitts and Nevis offers duty-free access to other CARICOM countries. As a signatory of the Lomé Convention, goods produced in Saint Kitts and Nevis have privileged access to European Union member states. Together with the Eastern Caribbean States of Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Commonwealth of Dominica, Grenada, Montserrat, Saint Lucia, and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Saint Kitts and Nevis constitutes a monetary union, namely the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union (ECCU). All eight members share a common currency and have the same central bank, the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank (ECCB), which was established in October 1983.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	79.7	-0.05
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	47.2	0.03
3. FDI stock, 2003	707	-0.04
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	197.5	-0.01

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1980-2003

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1980			1.0	1.0				
1981			0.9	0.9				
1982			2.2	2.2				
1983			13.5	13.5				
1984			6.0	6.0				
1985			8.0	8.0				
1986	5.2	1.0	3.0	9.2				
1987	5.7	0.9	10.0	16.7				
1988	2.2	3.8	7.1	13.1				
1989	5.5	3.5	31.8	40.8				
1990	1.3	0.8	46.7	48.8				0.2
1991	4.8	0.3	16.3	21.4				- 0.4
1992	5.7	2.5	4.3	12.5				0.5
1993	11.1	2.9	- 0.2	13.8				0.2
1994	11.3	3.3	0.8	15.3				- 0.3
1995	17.7	5.0	- 2.2	20.5				- 0.5
1996	26.2	5.0	4.0	35.2				- 0.2
1997	18.7	6.7	- 5.8	19.7				0.3
1998	27.4	6.0	- 1.5	31.9				0.1
1999	40.5	3.8	13.4	57.7				0.3
2000	64.5	3.7	28.1	96.2				- 0.2
2001	80.3	3.5	4.2	88.1				0.04
2002				81.7				0.03
2003				52.7				-0.05

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Bank of Saint Kitts and Nevis for 1990-2003 and International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1980-1989. FDI outflows are based on information World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1990-2000 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1980				1.0				
1981				1.9				
1982				4.1				
1983				17.6				
1984				23.6				
1985				31.6				
1986				40.8				
1987				57.5				
1988				70.6				
1989				111.4				
1990				160.2				0.2
1991				181.6				- 0.2
1992				194.1				0.2
1993				207.9				0.5
1994				223.2				0.1
1995				243.7				- 0.3
1996				278.9				- 0.5
1997				298.6				- 0.2
1998				330.5				- 0.1
1999				388.2				0.2
2000				484.4				- 0.1
2001				572.5				-0.02
2002				654.2				0.01
2003				706.9				-0.04

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1980. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1990.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.8	-	1.1	-	0.9	-
France	-	-	-	-	-	-	31.9	- 4.8	-	-	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.1
United States	- 1.0	- 1.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	- 2.0	- 1.0	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	4.6	0.9	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-
France	-	0.2	-	-	- 0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.2	1.2
United States	-	-	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 2.0	- 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

				(14		ionaro)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.7	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3
United States	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	-	- 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,38,43,53. Number, assets, wages and salaries, sales and profits of foreign affiliates of Saint Kitts and Nevis TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Number and millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
28	Assets	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
38	Wages and salaries	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
43	Sales	-	-	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	-	-	-	-
53	Profits before taxes	-	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	- 2.0	- 2.0	- 2.0	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 23,30,35,40,45,50,55. Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Saint Kitts and Nevis, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
23	Number	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
30	Assets	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	-	15.0	17.0	19.0	20.0	7.0	7.0
35	Employees	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	-	-
40	Wages and salaries	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	-
45	Sales	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	-	17.0	19.0	22.0	23.0	11.0	13.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	-	-
55	Profits before taxes	-	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for employees, wages and salaries and value added refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Financial Services (Regulations) Order, 1997 ("the Order") Source: http://www.skbfinancialservices.com/Library0.html, 4 March 2004

The Companies Act No. 22 1996 *Source*: Ibid

Financial Services Regulations Order No. 25 1997 as amended *Source*: Ibid

Statuatory Rules and Orders 27 of 2001 - The Companies (Re-Domiciliation) Regulations 2001 *Source*: Ibid

Proceeds of Crime Act 2000 Source: Ibid

Statuatory Rules and Orders 1 of 2002- Anti-Money Laundering (Amendment) Regulations 2002 *Source*: Ibid

II. International framework

1. St. Kitts and Nevis is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 *Source*: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 14 Oct 1994 (effective 3 Sept 1995) *Source*: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas 1973

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Denmark, Norway, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United States of America (limited to social security benefits). *Source*: http://www.skbfinancialservices.com/Taxation.html, 4 March 2004

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Eastern Caribbean Central Bank: <u>http://www.eccb-centralbank.org/</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "Eco-friendly infrastructure for West Indies", Trade Finance, April 2003, p. 1.
- 2. Anonymous, "St. Kitts-Nevis", World Outlook, January 1994, p. 224.

Suriname

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by the Central Bank of Suriname. Suriname does not have a foreign investment code. As such, investment projects are negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

There are restrictions on the amount of foreign currency that may leave Suriname. Transferring more than \$10,000 of foreign currency out of Suriname requires permission. Foreigners have to ask for this permission from the Foreign Exchange Commission of the Central Bank of Suriname.

Investment incentives include authority to negotiate ad-hoc tax holiday, which can vary with the level and size of the investment project. In addition, there is assistance with site location, provision of low-cost or no-cost factory shells, and other forms of assistance to the investor.

In 1999 there were, amongst others, a few major foreign investors. Alcoa has major bauxite mining and refining operations (Suralco) in Suriname since 1917. Billiton, a subsidy of Gencor, also operates in the bauxite mine business, mainly open pit bauxite mines. Golden star, a Canadian company is exploiting a gold mining concession. Esso, Texaco, and Royal Dutch Shell all own and franchise gas stations and provide fuel and related products. IBM is a major supplier of copy machines and office equipment. Sujafi, a Japanese shrimp firm, is active in shrimp fishing. It is also engaged in the processing of shrimp for export to the Japanese market.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	- 65.9	
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	-19.7	
3. FDI stock, 2003	- 885.1	
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003		

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003

		Inward in	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1970				- 5.0				
1971				- 6.8				
1972				3.0				
1973				14.2				
1974				7.5				
1975				1.2				
1976				1.1				
1977	2.2		- 24.8	- 22.6				
1978	3.7		- 17.2	- 13.5				
1979	6.7		- 34.1	- 27.4				
1980	4.8		13.3	18.1				
1981	0.9		60.8	61.7				
1982	1.4		- 12.5	- 11.1				
1983	1.0		80.5	81.5				
1984	- 0.2		- 70.7	- 70.9				
1985			21.3	21.3				
1986			- 60.4	- 60.4				
1987	- 0.8		- 128.8	- 129.6				
1988	0.3		- 171.3	- 171.0				
1989	- 0.8		- 298.9	- 299.7				
1990	- 1.2		- 75.6	76.8				
1991	- 1.2		19.7	18.5				
1992	- 5.5		- 48.8	- 54.3				
1993	- 3.6		- 43.0	- 46.6				
1994				- 10.2				
1995	0.8		- 21.4	- 20.6				
1996	0.6		18.5	19.1				
1997	0.6		- 9.8	- 9.2				
1998				37.6				
1999				- 24.2				
2000				- 97.2				
2001				- 26.8				
2002				- 73.6				
2003				- 65.9				

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database, based on information from the Bank of Suriname for 1990-2002, the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1977-1989 and UNCTAD estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1980				- 30.3				
1981				31.4				
1982				20.3				
1983				101.8				
1984				30.9				
1985				52.2				
1986				- 8.2				
1987				- 137.8				
1988				- 308.8				
1989				- 608.5				
1990				- 531.7				
1991				- 513.2				
1992				- 567.5				
1993				- 614.1				
1994				- 624.3				
1995				- 644.9				
1996				- 625.8				
1997				- 635.0				
1998				- 597.4				
1999				- 621.6				
2000				- 718.8				
2001				- 745.6				
2002				- 819.2				
2003				- 885.1				

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Stock is an accumulation of flows since 1970.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	0.4	-	- 0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	29.1	11.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	- 27.8	- 5.9	- 12.5	53.4	- 2.4	- 1.4	5.2	6.8	- 2.2	2.1	- 1.8	-	- 1.9
United States	18.0	11.0	44.0	17.0	19.0	5.0	16.0	55.0	- 96.0	-	-	15.0	60.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	4.8	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by Malaysia.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.4	14.6
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	28.7	40.7	27.5	28.2	28.2	28.2	28.2	28.2
Netherlands	88.7	82.5	51.0	127.2	108.0	119.5	122.6	115.8	115.5	29.1	22.3	20.3	-
United States	134.0	147.0	139.0	163.0	76.0	83.0	99.0	154.0	64.0	-	28.0	40.0	77.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.0	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.1	14.2	21.0	53.2	-	-	-
United States	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.0	- 1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,38,43,58,63. Number, assets, wages and salaries, sales, exports and imports of foreign affiliates of Suriname TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Number	and	millions	of	dollars)
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Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
28	Assets	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
38	Wages and salaries	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
43	Sales	-	-	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-
58	Exports	-	-	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	-
63	Imports	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 23,30,35,40,45,50,55. Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Suriname, 1990-2000

(Number, thousands of employees and millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
23	Number	5	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	4	4
30	Assets	194.0	298.0	293.0	307.0	236.0	263.0	279.0	281.0	272.0	246.0	257.0
35	Employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0
40	Wages and salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32.0
45	Sales	331.0	295.0	262.0	226.0	216.0	242.0	286.0	-	-	252.0	295.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143.0
55	Profits before taxes	65.0	39.0	- 51.0	28.0	32.0	39.0	54.0	-	-	-	62.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Suriname Aluminum Co.	United States	Mining and quarrying		2 250
Billiton Maatschappij Suriname N.V	United Kingdom	Mining and quarrying		510
Surinaamse Brouwerij N.V.	Netherlands	Beverages		125
IBM World Trade Corporation	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment		
B. Tertiary				
Shell Suriname Verkoopmaatschappij NV	Netherlands	Trade		65
Bandag Suriname N.V.	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		21
Tobacco Company of Suriname N.V.	United Kingdom	Real estate		
Alcoa Steamship Co. Inc.	United States	Other business services		
Caribbean Chemicals And Suriname N.V	Trinidad & Tobago	Other business services		
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Fatum Schadeverzekering Nv	Netherlands	Insurance		

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Patent Act, 7 November 1910 Source: Prodiversita (http://www.prodiversitas.bioetica.org/nota20.htm)

Trademark Law -- Royal Order, 1912 *Amendment*: Decree C-81, 31 August 1984

Industrial Property -- Royal Ordinance, 19 August 1912 *Amendment*: Decree of August 31, 1984 *Source*: Organization of American States (http://www.sice.oas.org/int_prop/ipnale.asp#SUR)

Law Copyright, 1913 *Amendment*: 5 September 1959 *Source*: Prodiversita (http://www.prodiversitas.bioetica.org/nota20.htm)

Trade Name Act, March 13, 1931 Amendment: 17 May 1935, 2 June1936 and 19 October 1937 *Source*: Prodiversita (http://www.prodiversitas.bioetica.org/nota20.htm)

Investment Law, 1960 Source: Country Commercial Guide FY2002: Atlantic Ocean (http://www.worlddigest.com/Guides/ns/)

Mining Decree, 1986 Source: Official Gazette 1986 no. 28

Petroleum Law 1990 Source: Official Gazette 1991 no. 7

Constitution of Suriname, 1987 *Amendment*: 1992 *Source*: Country Commercial Guide FY2002: Atlantic Ocean (http://www.worlddigest.com/Guides/ns/)

II. International Framework

1. Multilateral and regional instruments

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 20 March 1883, amended and revised

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958

ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted on 16 November 1977

Convention Establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency of 11 October 1985, signed on 30 September 1996

Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services, signed, 15 April 1994 (effective, 1 January 1995) Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 15 February 1997 Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services, 12 December 1997

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments with Indonesia, 1995, Cuba

Source: UNCTAD database on Bilateral Investment Treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the avoidance of double taxation treaty with Netherlands 1975 *Source:* UNCTAD database on Double Taxation Treaties

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Central Bank of Suriname: <u>http://www.cbvs.sr/english/index.html</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "No clear-cut case", The Economist, 4 June 1994, Vol. 331, No. 7866, p. 46.
- 2. Festervand, Troy A., "U.S. foreign direct investment: industrial executives' perceptions of emerging Central American countries as FDI destinations", *International Journal of Commerce and Management*, vol. 12, No. 2, 2002, pp. 72-87.
- 3. Thurston, Charles W., "<u>Small South American nations look beyond the Caribbean</u>", *Journal of Commerce*, 7 December 1998, p. 4.C.
- 4. Trevor Hamilton and associates, "Diagnostic evaluation of the enabling environment for private sector investment in Belize, Guyana and Suriname", *CARICOM Secretariat*, 1997.
- United States Commercial Service, "Suriname country commercial guide, Chapter VII, Investment Climate", 2000 (<u>http://www.usatrade.gov/Website/CCG.nsf/CCGurl/CCG-</u> <u>SURINAME2000-CH-VII-006F2485</u>).

Trinidad and Tobago

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign direct investment (FDI) data are collected by the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago. In 1990, the Government of Trinidad and Tobago designed the Foreign Investment Act (No. 16) to encourage FDI by foreign investors. In the Foreign Investment Act, a foreign investor is defined as:

- An individual who is neither a citizen of a Caribbean Community Common Market (CARICOM) member country nor a resident of Trinidad and Tobago;
- Any firm, partnership or unincorporated body of persons of which at least half of its members consists of persons who are neither citizens of CARICOM member countries nor a resident of Trinidad and Tobago; and
- Any company or corporation that is not incorporated in a CARICOM member country, or if so incorporated, is under the control of a person who is neither a citizen of a CARICOM member country nor a resident of Trinidad and Tobago.

Under the Foreign Investment Act, a foreign investor may make the following investments in Trinidad and Tobago without the requirement of a licence:

- Incorporate a private company in Trinidad and Tobago or acquire shares in a private company incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago;
- Acquire shares in a local public company up to a maximum of 30 per cent of the total cumulative shareholding, direct or indirect, of the local public company;
- Acquire land for residential purposes up to a maximum of one acre;
- Acquire land for the purposes of trade or business up to a maximum of five acres; and
- Acquire land jointly with a spouse if the spouse is a citizen of a CARICOM member country resident in Trinidad and Tobago.

"Land" does not include money charged on land, mortgages, charges or debentures or oil rights. In all other instances foreign investment in land in Trinidad and Tobago would require a licence from the President of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago. No land or shares in a public company may be held on trust by a foreign investor without a licence.

Investment incentives are co-ordinated through the Investment Facilitation Department of the Tourism and Industrial Development Company of Trinidad and Tobago Limited (TIDCO). TIDCO assists investors in applying for investment incentives. For manufacturing and service companies, the majority of incentives are available under the Fiscal Incentives Act 1979 and the Trinidad and Tobago Free Zones Act 1988. TIDCO also offers the following four forms of investment incentives:

- Concessions from import duty on raw materials, machinery, and equipment for approved industrial projects;
- Exemption from corporation tax on profits, and from tax on dividends (under the *Fiscal Incentives Act and Hotel Development Act*);
- Double taxation relief; and
- Exemption from value added tax (VAT) on inputs for companies exporting 80 per cent of production, and venture capital companies (under Act 22 of 1994).

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	593.9	107.2
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	48.5	7.4
3. FDI stock, 2003	8 738	701
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	88.0	7.1

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1970				83.2				
1970 1971				103.3				
1971 1972				86.1				
1972				65.6				
1973				120.1				
1974 1975		 93.0		93.0				
1975 1976	 - 5.8	93.0 109.2	 28.7	93.0 132.2				
1976 1977	- 5.0 2.8	45.9	20.7 34.9	83.5				
1977 1978	2.0 13.7	45.9 82.7	34.9 32.5	03.5 128.8				
1978 1979	23.8	٥ <i>2.1</i> 168.5	- 98.5	93.8				
1979 1980	23.0 11.1	256.4	- 98.5 - 83.0	93.8 184.5				
	7.7			258.1				
1981 1982	0.4	229.4 171.8	21.0	203.5				
1982 1983	0.4 28.4	171.8	31.3 - 16.3	203.5 117.7				
1983 1984	28.4 - 51.0	105.7 104.7	- 16.3 59.5	117.7	3.6			3.6
1984 1985	- 233.6	104.7	59.5 47.7	1.2	3.5 8.2			3.5 8.2
1985 1986	- 233.6 - 48.0	33.5	47.7	۲.2 14.5 -				
	- 46.0 0.3	35.2	 - 2.4	- 14.5 33.1	7.3			7.3
1987	0.3			53.1 62.9	- 1.9			- 1.9
1988 1989		75.0 91.3	- 13.0 7.6	62.9 148.9				1.0
1989 1990	50.0 58.5	91.3 74.6	7.6 - 23.7	148.9 109.4				- 1.0
1990 1991	30.5 30.6		- 23.7 21.6	109.4 169.3				1.0
1991 1992	30.6 20.9	117.1 136.1	21.6 20.9	169.3 177.9				- 0.3
1992 1993	20.9 258.2	91.3	20.9 29.7	379.2				0.1 1.0
1993 1994	256.2 378.1	189.1	- 50.9	579.2 516.2				1.0
1994 1995	137.4	159.1	- 50.9 2.5	298.9				0.7
1995 1996	137.4	168.9	2.5	296.9 355.4				
		100.9	 101.4	355.4 999.4				0.9
1997 1998	772.9 622.9	125.1	101.4 6.0	999.4 729.8				- 18.0
1998 1999	622.9 640.0	100.9	6.0 3.3	729.8 643.3	 264.1			1.0 264.1
1999 2000	640.0 695.0		3.3 - 15.5	643.3 679.5	264.1 25.2			264.1 25.2
2000 2001	883.2		- 15.5 - 48.3	679.5 834.9	25.2 150.0			
2001 2002	00J.Z		- 40.3		150.0			150.0
				736.5				146.4
2003				124.7				107.2

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago for 1990-2003 and International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1970-1989. For FDI outflows, data are based on information from International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, January 2004, for 1983-1987; the World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1991-1992 and UNCTAD estimates.

Notes: Data for 2003 are estimates. Data might differ from those in tables 5 and 6 since data by components and those with breakdown by sector/industry and by region/economy were revised during different periods.

					,			
		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1980				976.3				
1981				1 234.4				
1982				1 437.9				
1983				1 555.6				3.6
1984				1 668.8				7.1
1985				1 718.5				15.3
1986				1 738.4				22.6
1987				1 771.5				20.7
1988				1 834.4				21.7
1989				1 983.3				20.7
1990				2 092.7				21.7
1991				2 262.0				21.4
1992				2 439.9				21.5
1993				2 819.1				22.5
1994				3 335.3				23.5
1995				3 634.2				24.2
1996				3 989.6				25.1
1997				4 989.0				7.1
1998				5 718.8				8.1
1999				6 362.1				272.2
2000				7 041.6				297.4
2001				7 876.5				447.4
2002				8 613.0				593.8
2003				8 737.7				701.0

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database, based on information from Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago and UNCTAD estimates.

Notes: Inward stock is based on information from the Central Bank for 1980-1990 and UNCTAD estimates. Outward stock is an accumulation of flows since 1983.

		(M	illions of d	ollars)						
Sector / industry	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Total	109.4	144.1	171.0	372.6	521.0	295.7	356.3	999.6	731.9	643.3
Primary	57.2	118.2	144.6	348.7	290.0	253.6	320.6	947.6	585.3	449.0
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	57.2	118.2	144.6	348.7	290.0	253.6	320.6	947.6	585.3	449.0
Petroleum	57.2	118.2	144.6	348.7	290.0	253.6	320.6	947.6	585.3	449.0
Secondary	2.0	2.6	0.1	1.6	132.5	4.5	7.3	10.6	11.2	6.8
Food, beverages and tobacco	4.9	2.7	- 0.5	1.9	5.7	3.2	4.3	8.4	9.1	3.8
Chemicals and chemical products	- 2.9	- 0.5	0.3	0.1	128.7	1.7	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.9
Machinery and equipment	- 0.0	0.4	0.3	- 0.4	- 1.9	- 0.4	0.7	- 0.1	- 0.1	0.1
Tertiary	7.3	6.6	10.2	4.4	- 13.9	18.6	18.5	9.7	16.4	18.2
Trade	0.5	- 0.3	1.6	4.2	1.0	6.2	4.4	3.1	2.0	- 0.5
Distributive trade	0.5	- 0.3	1.6	4.2	1.0	6.2	4.4	3.1	2.0	- 0.5
Other services	6.8	6.9	8.6	0.2	- 14.9	12.4	14.1	6.6	14.4	18.7
Service activities incidental to oil and										
gas extraction	6.8	6.9	8.6	0.2	- 14.9	12.4	14.1	6.6	14.4	18.7
Unspecified	42.9	16.7	16.1	17.9	112.4	19.0	9.9	31.7	119.0	169.3

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1990-1999

Source : Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago.

Note : Data might differ from those in table 3 since data by components and those with breakdown by sector/industry were revised during different periods.

(Millions of dollars)

Region/economy	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Total world	144.1	171.0	372.6	521.0	295.7	356.3	999.6	731.9	643.3
Developed countries	160.0	163.6	374.3	453.7	299.1	361.1	812.7	647.2	523.6
Western Europe	61.3	40.4	34.7	55.7	22.5	31.7	171.3	111.5	239.6
European Union	61.3	40.4	34.7	55.7	22.5	31.7	171.3	111.5	239.6
Germany	22.8	-	3.7	47.0	6.6	10.1	116.1	11.9	7.5
United Kingdom	38.5	40.4	31.0	8.7	15.9	21.6	55.2	99.6	232.1
North America	98.6	123.2	339.5	398.0	276.6	329.4	641.4	535.7	283.9
Canada	0.1	0.1	0.2	-	1.2	0.8	158.8	10.9	9.3
United States	98.5	123.1	339.3	398.0	275.4	328.6	482.6	524.8	274.6
Other developed countries	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Japan	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Developing economies	-	-	-	70.1	-	-	150.0	34.0	57.0
Asia	-	-	-	70.1	-	-	150.0	34.0	57.0
South, East and South-East Asia	-	-	-	70.1	-	-	150.0	34.0	57.0
India	-	-	-	70.1	-	-	150.0	34.0	57.0
Unspecified	- 15.9	7.4	- 1.7	- 2.8	- 3.4	- 4.8	36.9	50.7	62.7

Source : Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago.

Note : Data might differ from those in table 3 since data by components and those with breakdown by region/economy were revised during different periods.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	1.0	-	-	1.0	1.0	-	-	- 18.0	1.0	-	9.0	-	-
Venezuela	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stocks in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42.7	-		64.0	72.2	47.5
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	-	-
United Kingdom	104.1	97.3	36.3	32.6	57.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	485.0	510.0	565.0	691.0	529.0	673.0	786.0	639.0	1 004.0	1 508.0	1 550.0	2 025.0	2 368.0

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 15. FDI stocks abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
United States	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	31.0	40.0	-	35.0
Venezuela	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2000

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Italy	-	1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	24	22	22	21	32	33	36	39	41	35	35

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2000

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Italy	-	0.1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.6	4.2	4.1	4.8	4.4	4.4	4.2

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Italy	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States	977	953	901	728	787	1 215	1 329	1 133	1 136	1 651	2 065

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Tables 21,28,33,38,43,48,53,58,63.Number, assets, employment, wages and salaries, sales, value added, profits,
exports and imports of foreign affiliates of Trinidad and Tobago TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
21	Number	1	1	5	4	4	4	4	-	-	1	1
28	Assets	4.0	4.0	16.0	16.0	17.0	16.0	-	-	-	-	-
33	Employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4
38	Wages and salaries	-	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	13.0	17.0
43	Sales	-	13.0	78.0	34.0	33.0	31.0	34.0	2.0	2.0	-	-
48	Value added	-	-	-	3.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	25.0	65.0
53	Profits before taxes	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.0	-	-	-	-	-
58	Exports	14.0	16.0	-	-	-	26.0	-	-	-	-	-
63	Imports	-	-	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	-	-	-	-

(Number, millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 30,40,50,55,60,85. Assets, wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Trinidad and Tobago, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
30	Assets	990.0	940.0	958.0	951.0	1 328.0	1 919.0	2 042.0	2 021.0	3 161.0	3 122.0	3 128.0
40	Wages and salaries	46.0	39.0	40.0	40.0	39.0	60.0	60.0	56.0	63.0	75.0	83.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	330.0	676.0	832.0	618.0	430.0	-	791.0
55a	Profits before taxes	120.0	124.0	-	-	24.0	124.0	150.0	56.0	- 16.0	-	205.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	179.0	-	452.0	300.0	152.0	-	-
60	Exports	7.0	-	-	-	-	684.0	-	-	75.0	-	-
85	Royalty payments	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States and refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Lever Brothers West Indies Ltd	United Kingdom	Pharmaceuticals	46	500
Caribbean Ispat Ltd.	United States	Metals		800
Caribbean Bottlers Ltd.	United States	Beverages		400
Pcs Nitrogen Trinidad Ltd.	Canada	Chemcials		375
Nestle Trinidad And Tobago Ltd.	Switzerland	Food		300
West Indian Tobacco Company Ltd.	United Kingdom	Tobacco		166
Johnson & Johnson (Trinidad) Ltd.	United States	Paper		100
Sissons Paints Ltd.	Venezuela	Chemcials		78
Warren Electrical Construction Materiales	United States	Electrical and electronic equipment		26
Crown Cork & Seal W.I. Ltd.	United States	Metals		21
YKK West Indies Ltd. Japan		Other manufacturing n.e.c.		20
Neatherford (Sales, Services) Bermuda		Petroleum		
Agip Trinidad & Tobago Ltd	Italy	Petroleum		
Messer Trinidad & Tobago Ltd.	France	Chemcials		
Trinidad & Tobago Methanol Company	Germany	Chemcials		
Van Leer Containers (Trinidad) Ltd.	Spain	Metals		
3. Tertiary				
Shell Chemicals & Services	Netherlands	Trade	7	25
Hilton International (Trinidad) Ltd.	United Kingdom	Hotels		419
General Aviation Services Ltd.	France	Transport and storage		200
Bechtel International Incorporated	United States	Other business services		100
Farmland Misschem Ltd.	United States	Trade		80
Baker Hughes Trinidad Ltd.	United States	Trade		40
Fujitsu-Icl Caribbean (Trinidad) Ltd.	United States	Trade		36
Budget Marine (Trinidad) Ltd.	Netherlands Antilles	Trade		14
Betz Dearborn	United States	Trade		9
Dhl Worldwide Express	United States	Transport and storage		
Seaboard Marine Ltd	United States	Transport and storage		
Sumitomo Corp.	Japan	Automotive trade and repair		
IBM World Trade Corporation	United States	Trade		
Bristol-Myers Co (Inc)	United States	Trade		
Toyota Trinidad & Tobago Ltd.	Japan	Trade		
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Ltd.	Canada	Finance	1 059 ^a	915 ⁶
Citicorp Merchant Bank Ltd.	United States	Finance	113 ^b	
Citibank (Trinidad & Tobago) Ltd.	United States	Finance		112
Agostini Insurance Brokers Ltd	United States	Insurance		108
Grant & Co. Ltd.	United States	Insurance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a October 2002. b December 2000.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Partnership Act No. 30 of 1913, (effective 1 January 1914) Amendment: 1980 Source: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, Laws of Trinidad and Tobago, No. XV, Chapter 81, p. 2

Industrial Development Corporation Act No. 11 of 1958, (effective 26 February 1959) *Source*: Ibid., No. XVI, Chapter 85, p. 50

Caribbean Investment Corporation Act No. 29 of 1973, (effective 13 September 1973) *Source*: Ibid

Law of Industrial Development of 1959, (effective 1984.) *Source*: Price Waterhouse Doing Business in Trinidad 1991

Law of the Corporation for Development of Export of 1984 *Source*: Ibid

Trinidad and Tobago Investment Policy of July 1987 Source: Trinidad and Tobago Industrial Development Corporation, Port of Spain, July 1987

Free Zones Act No. 19 of 28 July 1988

Source: Ibid., No. 202, vol. 27 (5 August 1988), and International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID), *Investment Laws of The World* (Dobbs Ferry, New York, Oceana, 1992), volume X

Foreign Enterprises Act 1980 Source: www.trinidadtobagolaw.com/property/ foreigninvestment.htm, 5 March 2004

Foreign Investment Act No. 16 of 17 August 1990 Source: Trinidad & Tobago Gazette, (Official Gazette) No. 235, vol. 29 (4 September 1990)

Law on 13 on Foreign Exchange Control 1985, (effective July 1985) *Source*: Price Waterhouse Doing Business in Trinidad 1991

Law 13 of 1985 *Source*: Ibid

Law on Fiscal Incentives of 1929.22. Aliens (Landholding) Act 1921, (effective 1 July 1921) *Source*: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, *Laws of Trinidad and Tobago*, No. XI, Chapter 58, p. 2.

Fiscal Incentives Act No. 22 of 1979, (effective 24 September 1973) *Amendment*: 1980 *Source*: Ibid., No. XVI, Chapter 85, p. 1

Finance Acts 4 and 5, 2004 Source: The National Law Centre for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/trinidad, 24 Feb 2004

Companies Act 1995 Amendment: 1997 Source: www.trinidadtobagolaw.com/property/ foreigninvestment.htm, 4 March 2004

Act No. 12 of Companies (Former – Act Companies) (Validation) 2003 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/trinidad, 24 Feb 2004 Income Tax Act No. 34 of 1938, (effective 22 December 1938) Amendment: 1980 Source: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, Laws of Trinidad and Tobago No. XIII, Chapter 75, p. 1

Income Tax Act No. 20, Amendment No. 2, 2003 Source: The National Law Centre for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/trinidad, 24 Feb 2004

Amendment: Income Tax Act No. 15, 2003 *Source*: Ibid

Corporation Tax Act No. 29 of 1966, (effective 1 January 1966) *Amendment*: 1976 *Source*: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, *Laws of Trinidad and Tobago* vol. XIII, chapter 75, p. 2

Act No. 24 of Customs (Amendment and Validation) 2003 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/trinidad, 24 Feb 2004

Patents and Design Act No. 10 of 1900, (effective 28 March 1990) *Amendment*: 1969 *Source*: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, *Laws of Trinidad and Tobago* vol. X1, chapter 82, p. 83

Trademarks Act No. 11 of 1955, (effective 2 January 1957) *Source*: Ibid., No. XV, Chapter 82, p. 81

Copyright Act No. 13 of 1985 Source: Trinidad & Tobago Gazette: Legal Supplement, Part A, No. 192, vol. 24 (8 July 1985)

Copyright Order of 17 May 1989 Source: Ibid., No. 2, February 1990

Production of Cane Act No. 61 of 1946, (effective 1 January 1947) *Amendment*: 1980 *Source*: Government of Trinidad and Tobago, *Laws of Trinidad and Tobago*, No. XII, Chapter 64, p. 1

Cocoa and Coffee Industry Act No. 61 of 1961, (effective 5 November 1962) *Amendment*: 1980 *Source*: Ibid, No. XI1, Chapter 64, p. 20

Law on Hotels Development of 1963 Source: Price Waterhouse Doing Business in Trinidad, 1991

Petroleum Act No. 46 of 1969, (effective 30 September 1969) Amendment: 1979 Source: Ibid., No. XI, chapter 62, p. 1

Act 17 on Civil Aviation (Amendment) 2003 Source: http://www.natlaw.com/trinidad, 24 Feb 2004

II. International framework

1. Trinidad and Tobago is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004

The New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958

Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 *Source*: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 5 Oct1966 (effective 2 Feb1967) Source: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act 1973 as revised in 1974 Source: Consolidated Index of Statutes & Subsidiary Legislation to 1st January 1990

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas 1973

Caribbean Investment Fund Act Source: Source: http://www.sdnp.org.gy/parliament/acts1.htm, 5 March 2004

Caribbean Investment Corporation Act of 16 April 1974 *Source*: Ibid., vol. II

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and protection of foreign direct investment with France 1993, United Kingdom 1993, United States 1994, Canada 1995, Cuba 1999, China 2002 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Canada 1966 Income and Capital, Denmark 1969 Income and Capital, Norway 1969 Income and Capital, United States 1970 Income and Capital, Italy 1971 Income and Capital, Germany 1973 Income and Capital, Switzerland 1973 Income and Capital, United Kingdom 1982 Income and Capital, Sweden 1984 Income and Capital, France 1987 Income and Capital, United States 1989 Cooperation and Exchange of Information, Canada 1995 Income and Capital, Dominica 1996 Income and Capital, Venezuela 1996 Income and Capital, India 1999 Income and Capital, Luxembourg 2001 Income and Capital *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago: http://www.central-bank.org.tt/.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "Trinidad and Tobago: Petrotrin seeks backing for private firms", *Petroleum Economist*, London, May 2002, vol. 69, No. 5, p. 39.
- 2. Anonymous, "Investment guide: Trinidad and Tobago", *Project Trade and Finance*, 1999, vol. 7, pp. 44-45.
- 3. Anonymous, "Trinidad and Tobago: Amoco investment boosts islands' production", *Petroleum Economist*, 1996, vol. 63, No. 11, p. 48.
- 4. Crichlow, Michaeline, "<u>Reconfiguring the "Informal Economy" divide: state, capitalism, and struggle in Trinidad and Tobago</u>", *Latin American Perspectives*, March 1998, vol. 25, No. 2, pp. 62-83.
- 5. Darwent, Charles, "<u>The Hong Kong of the Caribbean</u>", *Corporate Location*, September-October 1996, pp. 38-42.
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- 9. Rambarran, Anston, "Recent surges in capital flows to Trinidad and Tobago: characteristics, policy responses and macroeconomic impacts", *Money affairs CEMLA, Center for Latin America Monetary Studies*, July-December 1997, vol. 10, pp. 69-91.
- 10. Ramlogan, C., "Investment and financial repression in Trinidad and Tobago", *Social and Economic Studies*, 1998, vol. 47, No. 4, pp. 61-82.
- 11. Thoumi, Francisco, E., "Thwarted comparative advantage, economic policy and industrialization in the Dominican Republic and Trinidad and Tobago", Journal of Interamerican Studies and World Affairs, Spring Summer 1989, vol. 31, No. 1/2, pp. 147-168.
- 12. Tourism and Development Company of Trinidad and Tobago Limited (TIDCO) and PriceWaterhouseCoopers, "A guide to investing in Trinidad and Tobago 2003", <u>http://www.investtnt.com/Investguide/pdf/Investing%20in%20TnT%202003.pdf</u>.
- 13. Weaver, D. B., "Peripheries of the periphery: tourism in Tobago and Barbuda", Annals of Tourism Research, April 1998, vol. 25, No. 2, pp. 292-313.

Uruguay

A. Definitions and sources of data

Data on foreign direct investment (FDI) in Uruguay are collected by the Central Bank of Uruguay (Banco Central del Uruguay). There is a 10 per cent threshold of foreign ownership of capital in a domestic enterprise for it to be considered FDI. Enterprises with foreign capital are those with a foreign equity share of more than 50 per cent and with legal power of decision-making.

To promote and protect FDI, the Government has designed an investment law (no.16906), which came into effect in 1998. The investment law allows investments in the country without prior authorization or registration, while investors may freely transfer their capital and profits associated with these investments abroad. Full foreign ownership is permitted, except for a few industries, which are restricted for national security purposes.

The investment law also treats local and foreign investors equally, and does not provide preferential tax deferrals, grants, or special access to credit to foreign investors. By law, the Government has established certain asset, value-added, and internal tax benefits, as well as social security payments and tariff reductions to certain activities. In addition, it provides preferential treatment for capital good imports and tax deferrals for exports. No export or import quotas are applied. Investments in sectors such as forestry, hotels and agroindustries receive additional specific incentives.

Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay form the customs union MERCOSUR (*Common Market of the Southern Cone*). In addition, the Government has set up nine foreign trade zones (FTZ). Law no. 15921 of December 17, 1987 regulates the operations of FTZs within the country. Products manufactured in a FTZ, are not eligible to be labelled "MERCOSUR products", and therefore do not benefit from any MERCOSUR customs union advantages and must pay the MERCOSUR common external tariff when entering any MERCOSUR member country. Also, the goods are considered imports when they are brought out of the FTZ and into the rest of the country. Advantages of the FTZs are tax exemptions given to both foreign and local investors.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	268.4	0.5
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	8.8	0.1
3. FDI stock, 2003	1 705	112
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	21.8	1.4

Sources : Based on tables 3a and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

(Millions of dollars)

		Inward in	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				289.5				
1981				48.6				
1982				0.4				13.7
1983				17.4				- 5.6
1984				0.2				- 3.4
1985				0.5				7.9
1986				37.0				4.5
1987				50.1				- 4.9
1988				46.8				2.3
1989				37.7				0.6
1990				41.5				- 0.7
1991				32.3				0.8
1992				11.3				0.2
1993				101.5				0.5
1994				154.5				0.5
1995				156.6				0.4
1996				136.8				0.5
1997				126.4				13.2
1998				164.1				9.3
1999				235.3				3.0
2000				273.5				0.6
2001				320.2				- 6.2
2002				177.0				3.4
2003				263.0				4.3

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Banco Central del Uruguay for 1993-2002; International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, June 2003, for 1980-1981 and 1986-1988; the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Development Assistance Committee, *International Development Statistics On-line Databases*, February 2003, for 1982-1985 and 1989-1992. For FDI outflows, data are based on the International Monetary Fund, *Balance of Payments CD ROM*, June 2003, for 1982-1988; UNCTAD estimates for 1989-1992 and 1995-1996; World Bank, *World Development Indicators 2003 CD-ROM*, for 1993-1994 and Banco Central del Uruguay for 1997-2002. Data for 2003 are UNCTAD estimates.

1992

1993

1994

1995

1996

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

2002

15.4

18.4

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			(Mi	llions of doll	ars)			
		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Other	Total
1978	128.8			128.8				
1979	215.5			215.5				
1980	289.5			289.5				
1981	48.6			48.6				
1982					- 13.7			- 13.7
1983					5.6			5.6
1984					3.4			3.4
1985					- 7.9			- 7.9
1986	5.5	13.7	17.8	37.0	- 4.5			- 4.5
1987	9.2	21.3	19.6	50.1	4.9			4.9
1988	10.0	18.6	18.2	46.8	- 2.3			- 2.3
1989								
1990								
1991								

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320.3

177.2

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18.9

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60.0

Table 3b. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1978-2002

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

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(Millions of dollars) Inward investment **Outward investment** Intra-Intra-Reinvested Reinvested company Year Equity Equity company Total Total earnings earnings loans loans 1980 727.1 1981 775.7 . . . 1982 776.0 1983 793.4 793.6 1984 . • • . . 1985 794.1 . ••• . • 1986 831.1 1987 881.2 . 1988 928.0 • . 1989 965.7 . 1990 1 007.3 . ••• 1991 1 039.6 1992 1 050.9 1993 1 152.4 1994 1 306.9 . • . . 1995 1 463.5 . • • . 1996 829.3 1997 977.7 . • 1998 1 196.1 • 47.2 1999 1 215.7 • . 2000 2 088.0 54.0 . 2001 2 406.2 132.0 2002 1 402.5 108.0 . . .

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2002

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI instock are based on information from Banco Central del Uruguay for 1996-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 1980-1995. For FDI outstock, data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004 for 1999 and 2000 and Banco Central del Uruguay for 2001 and 2002. Data for 2003 are UNCTAD estimates.

1 705.2

2003

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					(Millions	of dollars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria						0.2	1.1	0.2	- 1.1			0.9	
China			0.1	0.2									
Colombia										0.8	0.7		
France	30.3	18.8		11.5	0.9	4.4	12.7	5.0		93.8	87.5	3.6	2.8
Germany							10.0	8.1	6.0	27.7	63.6		8.5
Japan	2.2		3.8	2.9		1.4	1.0	3.4					
Malaysia						0.4	3.2						
Portugal							0.2	0.3	1.6	-	1.6	0.4	
Republic of Korea				0.1	-		0.1						
Spain				5.2	17.4	14.7	9.2	- 17.0	- 1.1	- 4.3	15.7	816.1	
Sweden		- 0.1	0.8	0.1				- 0.6	- 2.1	- 1.9	8.2	0.7	- 6.1
Switzerland				27.3	40.9	78.1	139.5	149.2	195.9	193.7	177.0	53.3	
United States	- 9.0	91.0	81.0	12.0			39.0	77.0	86.0	135.0	9.0	- 15.0	33.0

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China and Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria							- 0.8	- 0.4					
Bolivia								0.1	-	1.1	-	0.2	
Brazil	1.3	0.3	23.2	2.3	17.4		81.2	56.1	80.6	-		243.0	177.0
Chile	2.8	4.8	6.4	3.9	25.5	11.6	16.5	8.9	14.6	4.0	2.4	0.2	
China					1.4								
Colombia	1.6	- 0.6	0.4	4.5									
Cyprus											0.2		
Ecuador	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.2	0.3	-	-	0.3	3.6
France	- 1.3	- 0.5	- 0.6		0.4	0.4	- 0.8	2.7			19.3	- 2.7	
Germany							4.0	- 9.5	- 0.3	- 20.2	- 9.2	0.9	7.5
Mexico					6.0	15.5	0.7	9.6	17.9	10.6	35.0	20.8	- 8.1
Paraguay	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7	11.2	6.0	17.2	9.2	8.4	13.2	23.6	
Peru	3.0		15.6	4.4	2.1	- 0.4	25.5	14.8	29.1	1.2			
Portugal							- 4.7	- 2.1	2.5	2.3	- 0.2	4.1	
Spain				5.2	6.2	4.0	10.5	13.6	17.8	36.2	122.5	16.1	
United States	- 1.0	3.0	- 27.0	32.0	- 6.0	- 24.0	11.0	33.0	- 13.0	- 7.0		8.0	8.0
Venezuela	0.1	-	-										

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

					(Millions	of dollars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada								3.5	4.6	25.6	17.3	4.4	4.4
China			0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3							
Colombia	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	1.7		
France									242.4				
Germany	38.8	35.6	34.1	39.4	51.7	60.0	66.9	80.9	100.4	113.5	172.1	122.5	
Malaysia						0.4	3.6	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Portugal							0.1	1.9	2.2	3.6	5.0		
Republic of Korea							0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Switzerland				85.4	109.6	70.2	130.1	174.3	223.0	279.4	257.3	246.8	
United Kingdom			16.6		14.1								
United States	95.0	184.0	261.0	285.0		345.0	419.0	494.0	577.0	794.0	789.0	755.0	656.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for China are on an approval basis.

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

					(1411110110	or donars)							
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Bolivia	0.2												
Brazil	51.2	53.3	71.8			874.1	955.3	1 011.4	1 092.0				
Colombia	2.1	1.5	2.0	6.5	7.9	9.7	36.6	41.4	33.5	55.9	60.9		
Germany	14.7	16.5	17.3	27.2	15.5	16.0	14.8	24.0	19.7	17.1	14.9	15.9	
Lithuania							0.0	0.0					
Paraguay						24.7	29.7	42.9	46.3	72.1	83.8	87.0	
Peru	25.0	26.4	41.9	46.3	48.4	48.0	66.7	81.9	110.9	119.2	127.5	151.5	151.0
Portugal						1.4	11.4	6.0	6.6	21.6	20.7		
United States	9.0	16.0	1.0	35.0	23.0	1.0	14.0	58.0	46.0	40.0	40.0	48.0	54.0
Venezuela	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	11	11	11	12	11	11	13	14	13	10	10	10
India			1									
United States	4	6	8	8	8	8	8	3	3	3	3	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for India are on an approval basis.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	23	21	22	19	19	25	24	25	26	27	34	32
Italy		3		4		3		2				
Republic of Korea							2	1	1	1	1	1
United States	24	23	23	20	35	37	40	44	46	47	46	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Millions of dollars)

Economy German United States

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	67	66	62	116	129	140	129	167	179	201	372	441
United States	260	226	214	269		521	673	1 087	1 349	1 634	1 724	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany		1.0				1.0	1.0	1.0				1.0
Portugal								-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4
United States						0.1	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Portugal refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	2	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
Italy		1.0		1.3		0.3		0.3				
Switzerland				0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
United States	3.7	3.4	3.3	2.6	4.4	4.4	4.5	5.7	4.9	6.8	6.7	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	124	60.3	64.0	60.5	123.2	139.6	132.9	173.0	113.7	106.5	92.1	89.5
Portugal							15.2	0.2	0.3	34.7	45.9	47.5
United States	19			124.0	134.0	153.0	107.0		82.0	84.0	71.0	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Portugal refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	61.9	60.3	128.1	121.0	123.2	209.3	265.8	230.7	284.1	213.1	368.5	357.9
Italy		25.8		31.4		29.4		37.0				
Portugal												3.3
United States	1 019.0	1 064	1 157	546		783	973	1 186	3 052	2 963	3 352	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Portugal refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Tables 38,48,53,58,63.Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports and imports of foreign affiliates of
Uruguayan TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)	
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Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries						5	4	2	3	3	3
48	Value added						7	2	2	4	2	2
53	Profits before taxes				- 2	- 2	- 1	- 5		- 1	- 2	- 2
58	Exports		10		10					1		
63	Imports						79					

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 40,50,55. Wages and salaries, value added and profits of affiliates of United States TNCs in Uruguay,1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	41	43	51	49	77	91	92	127	105	123	131
50	Value added					299	344	354	336	380		270
55	Profits before taxes	19	14	25	35		47	61		76		47

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Data for value added and profits refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Conaprole	Food	262	1 800
Fanapel	Paper	56	450
Pepsi Cola Manufacturing Company Of Uruguay	Food		58
Atlantis	Food		35
Laboratorio Uruguay	Pharmaceuticals		20
B. Tertiary			
Jose Maria Duran	Trade	6	7
Montemar	Transport and storage		155
Artech Consultores	Other business services		140
Bonfidias Corp.	Other business services		1
Malconix Trust Corporation	Other business services		1
Sudam Paper	Other business services		1
Blue Limit	Other business services		
Christensen Investments	Other business services		
Dekent	Other business services		
Jalua	Other business services		
Tinale Corporation	Other business services		
Westol Investment	Other business services		
Colasa Compañia Latinoamericana	Other business services		
General Re Compañia de Reaseguros	Other business services		
Pinehurst Finance	Other business services		
C. Finance and Insurance		Assets	Employees
Banco de La Republica Oriental del Uruguay	Finance	6 549 ^a	508 ^a
Urfina	Finance		1

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001.

Table 87. Largest foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Sim Portuguesa - Peças Para Motores	Portugal	Motor vehicles	0.7	34
Mpc Produtos Para Higienea	Brazil	Paper and packaging		550
Brahma	Argentina	Beverages		450
Mabesa do Brasila	Brazil	Paper and packaging		400
Alcatel Techint	Argentina	Electrical and electronic equipment		400
Establecimientos Metalurgicos Edival	Argentina	Metals		350
Serenity	Argentina	Paper and packaging		240
Compañía Cervecera Brahma Paraguay	Paraguay	Beverages		187
Malteria Pampa	Argentina	Beverages		160
Bom Brasil Leo de Mamona	Brazil	Chemicals		150
Sabo Argentina	Argentina	Motor vehicles		92
Mirab	Argentina	Food		61
Editorial Medica Panamericana	Argentina	Printing and publishing		60
Brave Energia	Argentina	Chemicals		53
Famofel Fabrica Modelo de Felpas	Argentina	Textiles		40
B. Tertiary				
Petrolera del Conosur	Argentina	Trade	129.8	251
J.P. Construçoes e Montagensa	Brazil	Construction	28.0	100
Ricoh Argentina	Argentina	Trade	20.3	57
Sar Sul Americana Refrigeraçaoa	Brazil	Trade	18.3	75
Sanitra Argentina	Argentina	Electricity, gas and water	7.7	160
Mandataria General	Argentina	Insurance	7.1	35
W.M.L. Comercial Importadora e Distribuidora	Brazil	Trade	4.7	50
Districomp	Argentina	Trade	3.9	14
Toko Argentina	Argentina	Trade	3.5	6
Mathiesen do Brasila	Brazil	Trade	3.2	15
Genexus	United States	Trade	3.2	18
Overlap Consultores en Marketing y Capacitacion	Argentina	Other business services	1.7	12
Hotel Astor	Argentina	Hotels	0.4	1(
Material Ediciones y Programas con Servicios				
Auxiliares	Spain	Other business services		
Vale Fertil Industrias Alimenticiasa	Brazil	Trade		90
C. Finance and Insurance			Assets	Employees
Banco de la Republica Oriental del Uruguay.	Brazil	Finance		15

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

Company Sales Employees Home economy Industry A. Industrial Montevideo Refrescos SA United States 86 450 Beverages Norte A Brazil Beverages 74 260 Teyma Uruguay SA Construction 33 1 300 Spain Compa la Salus SA France 28 385 Beverages Saceem France Construction 28 814 Nestle Del Uruguay SA Switzerland Food 19 90 Metals 14 120 Aluruguay Techint Compañia Tecnica Internacional Bahamas Construction 13 10 Enicor SA Argentina Food 6 ... Agriculture 570 Granja Moro SA Argentina .. Italy Food 400 Parmalat Uruguay SA .. United States Fleischmann Nabisco Uruguaya SA Food 370 ... Compañia de Instalaciones Telefonicas y Electricas Italy Construction 350 Establecimientos Colonia SA Argentina Food 350 ... Roemmers SA Argentina Pharmaceuticals 240 **B.** Tertiary Bayer SA Germany Trade 17 70 Novartis Uruguay SA Switzerland Trade 15 50 Coasin Uruguaya SA Argentina Trade 10 110 L'oreal Uruguay SA France Trade 9 100 Air Liquide Uruguay SA France Trade 9 52 Zona Franca de Montevideo SA 8 18 Bahamas Trade Montevideo Teleport International (Mti) SA Other business services 7 84 Bahamas Sonda Uruguay SA Chile Trade 7 79 Bilpa SA Argentina Trade 3 21 Aquitel Telecommunications 3 28 Argentina Wurth Del Uruguay SA Germany Other business services 1 25 Hamling SA Bahamas Other business services 1 39 Hipermercado Geant France Trade 600 Denmark 550 Wackenhut Uruquay SA Other business services ... United States Colgate Palmolive Inc. SA Trade 197 ... C. Finance and Insurance Assets Employees 1 096 ^a Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria Uruguay SA Spain Finance 229 a 820 ^b Banco Santander SA Spain Finance 339 a 170^a Discount Bank Israel Finance Banco La Caja Obrera SA Finance 470 Argentina Finance 275 Banco de Montevideo Argentina ... Banco de Galicia y Buenos Aires (Uruguay) Argentina Finance 50 ••• Banco Surinvest SA Cayman Islands Finance 45 Axa Seguros Uruguay SA France Insurance 32 Banca Nazionale Del Lavoro SA Italy Finance 20 20 Credit Lyonnais Uruguay SA France Finance Soluziona SA Spain Finance 12 ... HSBC Banco Roberts (Uruguay) United Kingdom Finance 4 ... Filaxis International SA Switzerland Finance 1 .. Diners Club Uruguay SA United States Finance Iberica Consultores SA Spain Finance

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); and information from ECLAC.

a December 2001. b December 2000.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Law No. 13497 on Industrial Property 1966 Source: Diario Oficial, (Official Gazette) 30 September 1966

Decree Law 14179 on Foreign Investment 1974 Source: Ibid., 5 April 1974, p. 204 Amendment: Law No. 14371 on Repatriation of Capital 1975 Source: Ibid., 22 May 1975

Decree 808 governing Foreign Investment 1974 Source: Ibid., 22 October 1974

Decree 14178 on Industrial Promotion 1974 Source: Ibid., 18 April 1974

Law No. 14178 of 28 March 1974, (effective 18 April 1974) Source: *Uruguay Promotes Entry of Capital* (Presidency of the Republic, Montevideo, 1975).

Law No. 15921 on Free Zones 1987, (effective 7 January 1988) Sources: Diario Oficial (Official Gazette) of 7 January 1988, and 26 January 1988 (reprint)

Decree No. 920/988 regulating Law No. 15921on Free Zones 1988 *Source:* Ibid., 20 April 1989

Decree No. 454 Law on Duty Free Zones 1988 Source: Ibid., 14 July 1988 Amendment: Decree 9201,88 of 30 December 1988 Source: Ibid., 20 April 1989

Decree of 30 December 1991

Law No. 16211 of October 1991

Law No. 16201 of 13 August 1991 on the Promotion, Development and Technical Upgrading the Micro, Small and Intermediate Enterprises. *Source: Diario Oficial*, (Official Gazette) 21 October 1991 Regulated by: Decree 54 of 7 February 1992 *Source*: Ibid., 6 February 1992

Decree No. 105/991 on International Accounting Standards 1991 *Source*: Ibid., 15 March 1991

Decree No. 290 on Permanent Admission of Foreigners for Immigration in Uruguay with Capital Investment 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 19 July 1990

Decree No. 614 on Intermediation in Financing 1992 Source: Laws of Uruguay on Matters Affecting Business (The General Secretariat, Organization of American States, 1971, 5th edition), 28 December 1992 Decree No. 128 on Income Tax from Industry and Commerce 1987 *Source*: Ibid., 12 May 1987

Decree No. 840 on the Commerce and Industry's Income Tax 1988 *Source*: Ibid., 22 December 1988

Law 16107 on the Tax on Capital Gains Transfers 1990 *Source*: Ibid., 3 April 1990

Law 16497 on Foreign Enterprises 1994 Source: The National Law Center for Inter-American Free Trade, http://www.natlaw.com/uruguay, 4 March 2004

Copyright Law 9739 of 17 December 1937 Source: Registro National de Leyes y Decretos (December 1937), p. 873 Amendment: Law No. 15913 of 27 November 1987 Source: Ibid., 31 December 1987

Decree of 21 April 1938 on Copyright Regulations Source: Laws of Uruguay on Matters Affecting Business, op. tit.

Law 10089 on Patents 1941 Source: Registro National de Leyes y Decretos, (December 1941), p. 1192

Law 17164 on Patents 1999 http://www.buyusa.gov/uruguay/en/43.html, 4 March 2004

Trademark Law 9956 of 4 October 1940 Source: Diario Oficial, (Official Gazette) October 1940 Amendment: Law No. 16076 of 11 October 1989 Source: Ibid., 13 November 1989

Utility Model Law 14549 of 29 July 1976 Source: Ibid., 4 August 1976

Law No. 15242 on Mining1982 Source: Ibid., 16 February 1982 Amendment: Law 15516 of 30 December 1983 Source: Ibid., 18 January 1984

Decree No. 252 prohibiting the Entrance of Dangerous Wastes 1989 Source: Laws of Uruguay on Matters Affecting Business, op. cit.

Decree 499 Hazardous Wastes and Their Elimination 1992 *Source*: http://www.natlaw.com/uruguay, 4 March 2004

II. International framework

1. Uruguay is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 1995 Source: http://www.wipo.org/treaties/general/parties.html, 24 Feb 2004 Convention establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) of 11 October 1985 signed on 5 June 1991

Source: Depository of the original convention: World Bank; *International Legal Materials*, vol. XXIV (November 1985), p. 1505

New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award of 10 June 1958, signed on 7 July 1988

Source: Depository of the original convention: United Nations; United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 330, p. 3

Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States 1965, signed 28 May 1992 (effective 8 Sept 2000) *Source*: http://www.worldbank.org/icsid/constate/c-states-en.htm, 24 Feb 2004

Law 170 ratifying Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995)

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

Southern Cone Common Market - Mercosur Trade Agreement 1991

ALADI, Latin American Integration Association established by the Treaty of Montevideo 1980, (effective March 1981)

2. Bilateral treaties

Bilateral investment treaties for the promotion and the protection of foreign investment with Armenia 2002, Australia 2001, Belgium / Luxembourg 1991, Canada 1991, Canada 1997, Chile 1995, China 1993, Czech Republic 1996, Ecuador 1985, El Salvador 2000, Finland 2002, France 1993, Germany 1987, Hungary 1989, Israel 1998, Italy 1990, Malaysia 1995, Netherlands 1988, Panama 1998, Paraguay 1999, Poland 1991, Portugal 1997, Romania 1990, Spain 1992, Sweden 1997, Switzerland 1988, United Kingdom 1991, Venezuela 1997 *Source:* UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation with Switzerland 1965 Air Transport, Germany 1987 Income and Capital, Hungary 1988 Income and Capital, Poland 1991 Income and Capital, Panama 1999 Transport

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

1. Banco Central del Uruguay: http://www.bcu.gub.uy/.

Secondary

- 1. Anonymous, "Uruguay: institutional investor focus", *Institutional Investor*, vol. 32, September 1998, pp. 1-11.
- 2. Anonymous, "Growing markets lure companies to Mercosur region", *Country Monitor*, June 8, 1994, Vol. 2, Iss. 22, pp. 1-17.
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Venezuela

A. Definitions and sources of data

As a member state of the Commission of the Cartagena Agreement and in accordance with Decision 291 (Common Regime for the Treatment of Foreign Capital and of Trademarks, Patents, Licenses and Royalties), Venezuela defines foreign direct investment (FDI) as inputs of capital into a domestic enterprise owned by a foreign individual or corporate body with legal domicile outside the national boundaries. Such inputs of capital can be in the form of: a) freely convertible currency; b) physical or tangible goods (industrial plants, new and reconditioned machinery and equipment, spare parts, raw materials and intermediate products); c) the capitalization of external loans or intra-company debt granted by parent companies to their subsidiaries, associates or affiliates; d) national currency inputs drawn from resources authorized for remittance abroad (accrued royalties, retained dividends, etc); and e) the capitalization of reinvested earnings and other equity capital reserves. Reinvested earnings are defined as all or part of undistributed earnings and other patrimonial resources arising from FDI. In addition, the share capital of public international financial institutions, defined as neutral capital, is considered FDI regardless of its legal status, provided that the institutions are not from a member State of the Cartagena Agreement or a development cooperation institution of a foreign government.

In addition, Venezuelan legislation includes domestic investments by foreign individuals or investments that result from external debt conversion as part of FDI. Investments in the form of intangible technological contributions, such as trademarks, industrial models, technical assistance and technological know-how (patented or unpatented), that is embodied in physical goods, technical documents or instructions are also considered FDI. Thus, the registration of FDI includes cash or foreign exchange, reinvestment of profits, capitalizations of credits and public external debt conversion into investment.

The Balance of Payments Division of the Central Bank is responsible for the compilation of the statistics on FDI following the recommendations of the balance of payments manual by IMF. Data reported by the Central Bank are disaggregated by country and by sector only for banks, other financial institutions and oil. The information is obtained through administrative registers, surveys and financial statements of companies. The current series start in 1994 and comparable data for prior periods are not available. Data on stocks are not currently available. IMF reports FDI inflows in its balance of payments statistics.

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	2 924	722
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 1998-2001 (annual average)	22.5	3.6
3. FDI stock, 2003	34 241	7 950
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	42.7	9.9

Sources : Based on tables 3b and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 3a. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1994-2002

		Inward inv	restment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1994	445	173	195	813	382	283	- 307	358
1995	320	126	539	985	58	251	- 218	91
1996	901	195	1 087	2 183	86	145	276	507
1997	1 804	568	3 164	5 536	375	273	- 148	500
1998	2 394	609	1 492	4 495	78	307	- 152	233
1999	1 025	347	1 918	3 290	47	266	188	501
2000	2 823	340	1 302	4 465	114	- 131	124	107
2001	1 000	356	2 092	3 448	216	72	- 140	148
2002	399	552	417	1 368	253	163	477	893

(Millions of dollars)

Source : Banco Central de Venezuela.

Table 3b. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				80.2				
1981				163.4				
1982				253.6				4.0
1983				203.1				1.3
1984				- 775.5				21.0
1985				99.0				11.0
1986				- 229.4				460.0
1987				477.7				37.0
1988				720.2				68.0
1989				570.4				179.0
1990				451.0				375.0
1991				1 916.0				188.0
1992				629.0				156.0
1993				372.0				886.0
1994				813.0				358.0
1995				985.0				91.0
1996				2 183.0				507.0
1997				6 202.0				557.0
1998				4 985.0				1 043.0
1999				2 890.0				872.0
2000				4 701.0				521.0
2001				3 683.0				204.0
2002				779.0				1 020.0
2003				2 531.0				1 143.0

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows are based on information from Banco Central de Venezuela for 1980-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 2003. For FDI outflows, data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004 for 1983-89; Banco Central de Venezuela for 1990-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 2003.

Table 3c. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1970-2002

		Inward inv	estment			Outward in	vestment	
		Reinvested				Reinvested		
Year	Equity	earnings	Other	Total	Equity	earnings	Other	Total
1970	- 23			- 23				
1971	211			211				
1972	- 376			- 376				
1973	- 84			- 84				
1974	- 430			- 430				
1975	418			418				
1976	- 889			- 889				
1977	- 3			- 3				
1978	67			67				
1979	88			88				
1980	55			55				
1981	184			184				
1982	257			257	4			4
1983	86			86				
1984	18			18	21			21
1985	68			68	10	1		11
1986	16			16	455	5		460
1987	21			21	34	3		37
1988	89			89		68		68
1989	213			213	45	134		179
1990	451			451	153	222		375
1991	1 916			1 916	41	147		188
1992	629			629	72	84		156
1993	372			372	616	270		886
1994	445	173	195	813	382	283	- 307	358
1995	320	126	539	985	58	251	- 218	91
1996	901	195	1 087	2 183	86	145	276	507
1997	1 612	885	3 705	6 202	486	224	- 153	557
1998	1 904	1 166	1 915	4 985	860	375	- 192	1 043
1999	940	277	1 673	2 890	384	334	154	872
2000	2 615	354	1 732	4 701	416	- 32	137	521
2001	1 115	800	1 768	3 683	198	145	- 139	204
2002	503	778	- 591	690	296	248	477	1 021

(Millions of dollars)

Source: Inward and outward flow data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004.

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				1 603.9				23.0
1981				1 767.3				29.0
1982				2 020.9				66.0
1983				2 224.0				133.0
1984				1 448.5				154.0
1985				1 547.5				165.0
1986				1 318.1				625.0
1987				1 795.8				662.0
1988				2 516.0				730.0
1989				3 086.5				866.0
1990				2 260.0				2 239.0
1991				4 176.0				2 427.0
1992				4 805.0				2 583.0
1993				5 177.0				3 469.0
1994				5 990.0				3 827.0
1995				6 975.0				3 918.0
1996				9 158.0				4 425.0
1997				14 694.0				4 925.0
1998				19 189.0				5 158.0
1999				22 479.0				5 659.0
2000				26 944.0				5 766.0
2001				30 392.0				5 914.0
2002				31 710.0				6 807.0
2003				34 241.0				7 950.0

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI instock are based on information from Banco Central de Venezuela for 1980-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 2003. For FDI outstock, data were retrieved from the balance-of-payments tape of the International Monetary Fund in January 2004 for 1982, 1984-89; Banco Central de Venezuela for 1990-2002 and UNCTAD estimates for 1980, 1981, 1983 and 2003.

Sector/industry	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	778.2	231.2	1 937.4	417.6	813.0	985.0	2 183.0	5 536.0	4 495.0	3 290.0	4 464.0	3 448.0	1 368.0
Primary	106.9	- 3.5	14.8	56.5	195.0	539.0	1 087.0	3 164.0	1 731.0	2 045.0	1 354.0	2 204.0	541.0
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	106.9	- 3.2	4.8	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	- 0.1	- 0.3	10.0	52.4	195.0	539.0	1 087.0	3 164.0	1 731.0	2 045.0	1 354.0	2 204.0	541.0
Mining and quarrying	- 0.1	- 0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum	-	-	-	-	195.0	539.0	1 087.0	3 164.0	1 731.0	2 045.0	1 354.0	2 204.0	541.0
Secondary	486.0	222.8	397.6	275.7									
Food, beverages and tobacco	34.8	5.8											
Textiles, clothing and leather	8.2	2.9											
Wood and wood products	52.3	16.1											
Paper and paper products	52.3	16.1											
Chemicals and chemical products	125.6	42.6											
Non-metallic mineral products	52.2	26.9											
Metal and metal products	43.1	40.0											
Machinery and equipment	168.9	88.4											
Other manufacturing	1.0	-											
Tertiary	186.8	10.9	1 525.1	85.4			94.0	1 293.0	501.0	112.0	602.0	118.0	377.0
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	0.0	0.7									
Construction	- 19.9	4.1	3.0	4.3									
Trade	118.5	- 3.9	47.3	23.7									
Transport, storage and communications	3.8	0.4	22.4	20.1									
Transport and storage	3.8	0.4	-	-									
Finance	18.0	6.4	1 448.0	36.5			94.0	1 293.0	501.0	112.0	602.0	118.0	377.0
Financial intermediation	-	-	-	-			94.0	1 293.0	501.0	112.0	602.0	118.0	377.0
Monetary intermediation	-	-	-	-			46.0	1 281.0	422.0	86.0	509.0	118.0	377.0
Business activities	64.9	5.1	-	-									
Real estate	64.9	5.1	-	-									
Health and social services	-	-	4.4	0.1									
Other services	1.6	- 1.3	-	-									
Unspecified	- 1.5	1.0	-	-	618.0	446.0	1 002.0	1 079.0	2 263.0	1 133.0	2 508.0	1 126.0	450.0

Table 5. FDI flows in the host economy, by industry, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Sources: Banco Central de Venezuela; Superintendence of Foreign Investment (SIEX); and ECLAC, Directorio sobre Inversión Extranjera en America Latina y el Caribe 1993 : Marco Legal e Información Estadistica.

Notes: In 1992 and 1993, data refer to investments registered with the SIEX. Trade includes tourism, finance includes real estate and health and social services include recreation.

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Region/economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total world	778.2	231.2	1 937.4	417.6	813.0	985.0	2 183.0	5 536.0	4 495.0	3 290.0	4 464.0	3 448.0	1 368.0
Developed countries	620.9	128.3	1 819.4	292.2	166.0	459.0	1 028.0	3 324.0	1 691.0	1 762.0	1 815.0	2 089.0	895.0
Western Europe	163.8	78.8	562.0	199.2	61.0	135.0	299.0	1 983.0	739.0	650.0	876.0	717.0	414.0
European Union	176.9	73.6	543.1	186.5	61.0	135.0	299.0	1 983.0	739.0	650.0	876.0	717.0	414.0
Austria	3.8	2.0	8.7	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
Belgium / Luxembourg	- 3.2	5.0	3.2	0.2	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Denmark	- 5.9	-	5.7		-		-	-				-	
Finland	0.0		0.2	-	-		-	_				-	
France	82.6	3.3	41.8	6.5	18.0	44.0	67.0	262.0	136.0	174.0	260.0	383.0	143.0
	14.8	- 8.2	10.1	3.9	10.0	44.0	31.0	63.0	77.0	105.0	200.0 91.0	146.0	43.0
Germany					-	-	31.0	03.0					
Italy	23.5	2.2	1.0	62.7	-	-	-	-	25.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	1.0
Netherlands	7.7	35.9	382.4	96.5	18.0	37.0	59.0	82.0	25.0	36.0	12.0	15.0	148.0
Portugal	- 0.0	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Spain	8.7	3.1	2.5	14.8	-	-	58.0	1 016.0	305.0	123.0	487.0	113.0	116.0
Sweden	41.8	- 7.4	0.7	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	3.2	37.8	86.8	0.8	25.0	54.0	84.0	560.0	171.0	207.0	21.0	55.0	- 37.0
Other Western Europe	- 13.1	5.2	18.9	12.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liechtenstein	4.1	0.7	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malta	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Norway	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Switzerland	- 17.4	4.5	18.4	12.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North America	412.0	11.8	1 220.6	50.3	72.0	249.0	610.0	1 197.0	874.0	1 024.0	931.0	1 347.0	499.0
Canada	6.7	12.7	2.2	2.9	8.0	27.0	43.0	81.0	64.0	49.0	7.0	15.0	- 8.0
United States	405.3	- 0.9	1 218.4	47.4	64.0	222.0	567.0	1 116.0	810.0	975.0	924.0	1 332.0	507.0
Other developed countries	405.3	37.7	36.7	47.4	33.0	75.0	119.0	144.0	78.0	88.0	324.0 8.0	25.0	- 18.0
•	45.1		30.7		33.0	75.0	119.0	144.0	76.0	00.0	0.0	20.0	- 10.0
Israel	-	0.1	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Japan	45.1	37.6	36.7	42.3	33.0	75.0	119.0	144.0	78.0	88.0	8.0	25.0	- 18.0
Developing economies	166.8	95.5	118.1	121.7	29.0	80.0	153.0	1 035.0	494.0	365.0	69.0	123.0	- 22.0
Africa	-	1.1	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Africa	-	1.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liberia	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Latin America and the Caribbean	166.7	94.4	117.8	121.4	29.0	80.0	153.0	667.0	406.0	258.0	60.0	95.0	- 1.0
South America	0.4	0.3	0.9	7.1	29.0	80.0	153.0	617.0	340.0	262.0	- 10.0	71.0	- 37.0
Argentina	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.1	25.0	70.0	136.0	303.0	228.0	213.0	25.0	64.0	- 37.0
Brazil	_	0.1	0.4	0.8	-	-	-	2.0	_	_	- 1.0	- 1.0	
Chile	_	-	-	-	4.0	10.0	17.0	208.0	4.0	34.0	- 15.0	3.0	- 3.0
Colombia		0.1	0.4	5.1				109.0	40.0	9.0	- 20.0	2.0	6.0
Ecuador		0.1	0.4	5.1	-	-		- 5.0	68.0	6.0	1.0	3.0	- 3.0
Peru	_	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	- 5.0	00.0	0.0	1.0	5.0	- 5.0
	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Uruguay	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venezuela	- 0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Other Latin America and Caribbean	166.3	94.1	116.9	114.3	-	-	-	50.0	66.0	- 4.0	70.0	24.0	36.0
Aruba	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bahamas	-	-	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	7.0	34.0	- 25.0	50.0	- 5.0	7.0
Bermuda	5.0	5.1	1.5	21.0	-	-	-	-	-	4.0	- 13.0	-	
British Virgin Islands	-	-	4.7	13.7	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	
Cayman Islands	90.8	45.5	13.4	36.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	
Mexico	- 0.3	0.4	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	- 5.0	-	
Netherlands Antilles		-	-	6.1	-	-	-	5.0	25.0	6.0	- 3.0	-	
Panama	24.3	6.7	68.4	34.7	_	_	_	38.0	5.0	8.0	41.0	29.0	29.0
Asia		-	0.3	<i>i</i>	_	_	_	368.0	88.0	107.0	9.0	28.0	- 21.0
West Asia			0.0]			500.0		.00	0.0	20.0	21.0
		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lebanon		-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South, East and South-East Asia	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
China	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unspecified Asia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	368.0	88.0	107.0	9.0	28.0	- 21.0
Central and Eastern Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Poland	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unspecified	- 9.5	7.3		3.6	618.0	446.0	1 002.0	1 177.0	2 310.0	1 163.0	2 580.0	1 236.0	495.0

Sources: Banco Central de Venezuela; Superintendence of Foreign Investment (SIEX); and ECLAC, Directorio sobre Inversión Extranjera en America Latina y el Caribe 1993 : Marco Legal e Información Estadistica.

Notes: In 1992 and 1993, data refer to investments registered with the SIEX. Unspecified Western Europe refers to Scotland. Unspecified other Latin America and the Caribbean refer to Bonaire and Curaçao.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	- 0.2	1.1	-	-	-	- 2.8
Belgium/Luxembourg	0.1	1.7	7.5	0.1	- 0.0	0.8	0.1	-	0.6	-	- 9.2	7.2	
Brazil	-	0.2	6.8	0.8	- 1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.0	
Chile	0.3	0.2	1.1	5.5	4.7	12.5	18.6	10.5	1.2	7.6	- 9.9	1.5	
Colombia	1.2	0.3	31.7	65.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Costa Rica	-	-	- 1.7	23.5	-	-	2.1	- 0.2	3.3	1.0	0.5	1.5	1.9
Ecuador	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.3	1.2	4.2	3.1	0.5	0.1	0.3	-	0.1	2.0
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	296.9	-	12.6	-	
France	0.7	0.4	1.1	2.1	- 0.7	- 0.4	0.4	22.3	-	12.8	9.2	5.4	18.8
Germany	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	1.3	- 0.6	16.6	- 6.4	- 6.4	- 14.3	- 10.4
Japan	77.0	102.0	26.0	20.0	6.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.2	-	-	-	-	
Peru	1.4	-	1.9	2.5	- 2.2	- 0.2	0.5	1.2	0.4	- 0.2	-	-	
Portugal	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	0.5	1.9	0.6	0.2	0.5	
Spain	-	-	43.4	36.6	16.1	28.0	21.0	3.4	8.9	18.1	24.9	34.9	
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.4	1.4	0.7
United States	13.0	11.0	- 110.0	- 810.0	135.0	111.0	146.0	- 267.0	- 77.0	416.0	647.0	- 334.0	488.0

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the investments made by Venezuela into the economies listed above. Data for Japan are on an approval basis.

Table 11.	FDI stock ir	the host eco	onomy, by inc	lustry, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Sector/industry	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	3 864.7	4 095.8	6 033.2	6 450.8	7 263.8	8 248.8	10 431.8	15 967.8	20 462.8	23 752.8	28 216.8	31 664.8	33 032.8
Primary	192.1	188.6	203.4	259.9	454.9	993.9	2 080.9	5 244.9	6 975.9	9 020.9	10 374.9	12 578.9	13 119.9
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	188.5	185.3	190.1	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2	194.2
Mining, quarrying and petroleum	3.6	3.3	13.3	65.7	260.7	799.7	1 886.7	5 050.7	6 781.7	8 826.7	10 180.7	12 384.7	12 925.7
Mining and quarrying	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Petroleum					195.0	734.0	1 821.0	4 985.0	6 716.0	8 761.0	10 115.0	12 319.0	12 860.0
Secondary	3 014.8	3 237.6	3 635.2	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9	3 910.9
Food, beverages and tobacco	556.0	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9	561.9
Textiles, clothing and leather	39.9	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8	42.8
Wood and wood products	142.2	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3
Paper and paper products	142.2	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3
Chemicals and chemical products	704.3	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0	747.0
Non-metallic mineral products	183.9	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8	210.8
Metal and metal products	273.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5	313.5
Machinery and equipment	1 107.7	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0	1 196.0
Other manufacturing	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
Tertiary	630.2	641.1	2 166.2	2 251.6	2 251.6	2 251.6	2 345.6	3 638.6	4 139.6	4 251.6	4 853.6	4 971.6	5 348.6
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Construction	62.4	66.5	69.5	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8	73.8
Trade	260.5	256.6	303.8	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5	327.5
Transport, storage and communications	14.0	14.4	36.8	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9	56.9
Transport and storage	14.0	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4
Finance	115.1	121.5	1 569.5	1 606.0	1 606.0	1 606.0	1 700.0	2 993.0	3 494.0	3 606.0	4 208.0	4 326.0	4 703.0
Financial intermediation							94.0	1 387.0	1 888.0	2 000.0	2 602.0	2 720.0	3 097.0
Monetary intermediation							46.0	1 327.0	1 749.0	1 835.0	2 344.0	2 462.0	2 839.0
Business activities	161.7	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8
Real estate	161.7	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8	166.8
Health and social services	- 1	-	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Other services	16.5	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Unspecified	27.5	28.5	28.5	28.5	646.5	1 092.5	2 094.5	3 173.5	5 436.5	6 569.5	9 077.5	10 203.5	10 653.5

Sources: Superintendence of Foreign Investment (SIEX) and ECLAC, Directorio sobre Inversión Extranjera en America Latina y el Caribe 1993 : Marco Legal e Información Estadística.

Notes: Data refer to investments registered with the SIEX. Data for 1991 to 2002 were estimated by accumulating flows and adding them to the 1990 stock. Furthermore, data cannot be allocated by sector/industry and therefore figures for the secondary sector as well as the tertiary sector may be underestimated. Trade includes tourism, finance includes real estate and health and social services include recreation.

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

(Millions of dollars)

Region/economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total world	3 864.7	4 095.8	6 033.2	6 450.8	7 263.8	8 248.8	10 431.8	15 967.8	20 462.8	23 752.8	28 216.8	31 664.8	33 032.8
Developed countries	3 381.0	3 509.3	5 328.7	5 620.9	5 786.9	6 245.9	7 273.9	10 597.9	12 288.9	14 050.9	15 865.9	17 954.9	18 849.9
Western Europe	1 101.9	1 180.7	1 742.7	1 942.0	2 003.0	2 138.0	2 437.0	4 420.0	5 159.0	5 809.0	6 685.0	7 402.0	7 816.0
European Union	836.8	910.4	1 453.5	1 640.0	1 701.0	1 836.0	2 135.0	4 118.0	4 857.0	5 507.0	6 383.0	7 100.0	7 514.0
Austria	3.9	5.9	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6
Belgium / Luxembourg	44.6	49.6	52.8	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0
Denmark	14.4	14.4	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1
Finland	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
France	156.6	159.9	201.6	208.1	226.1	270.1	337.1	599.1	735.1	909.1	1 169.1	1 552.1	1 695.1
Germany	79.1	70.9	81.0	84.9	84.9	84.9	115.9	178.9	255.9	360.9	451.9	597.9	640.9
Italy	86.9	89.1	90.0	152.7	152.7	152.7	152.7	152.7	177.7	182.7	187.7	192.7	193.7
Netherlands	110.7	146.6	529.1	625.6	643.6	680.6	739.6	821.6	846.6	882.6	894.6	909.6	1 057.6
Portugal	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Spain	46.4	49.4	52.0	66.8	66.8	66.8	124.8	1 140.8	1 445.8	1 568.8	2 055.8	2 168.8	2 284.8
Sweden	65.8	58.5	59.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.2
United Kingdom	228.0	265.7	352.5	353.3	378.3	432.3	516.3	1 076.3	1 247.3	1 454.3	1 475.3	1 530.3	1 493.3
Other Western Europe	265.2	270.3	289.3	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0	302.0
Liechtenstein	5.9	6.6	7.1	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6
Norway	0.5 258.7	0.5 263.2	0.6 281.6	0.7 293.7	0.7	0.7 293.7	0.7 293.7	0.7	0.7 293.7	0.7 293.7	0.7 293.7	0.7	0.7 293.7
Switzerland			281.6 3 346.2	293.7 3 396.5	293.7 3 468.5	293.7 3 717.5		293.7	293.7 6 398.5	293.7 7 422.5	293.7 8 353.5	293.7 9 700.5	
North America Canada	2 113.8 72.2	2 125.6 84.9	3 346.2 87.0	3 396.5 89.9	3 468.5 97.9	3717.5	4 327.5 167.9	5 524.5 248.9	6 398.5 312.9	7 422.5 361.9	8 353.5 368.9	9 700.5 383.9	10 199.5 375.9
United States	2 041.6	04.9 2 040.7	3 259.1	3 306.6	3 370.6	3 592.6	4 159.6	246.9 5 275.6	6 085.6	7 060.6	7 984.6	9 316.6	9 823.6
Other developed countries	2 041.6	2 040.7 203.0	3 259.1 239.8	3 306.6	3 370.6	3 592.6	4 159.6 509.4	5 275.6 653.4	6 085.6 731.4	7 060.6 819.4	7 984.6 827.4	9 3 16.6 852.4	9 823.6 834.4
	0.7	203.0	239.8										
Israel	164.6	202.2	239.0	1.2 281.3	1.2 314.3	1.2 389.3	1.2 508.3	1.2 652.3	1.2 730.3	1.2 818.3	1.2 826.3	1.2 851.3	1.2 833.3
Japan Developing seconomics	400.3	202.2 495.8	239.0 613.9	281.3 735.6	314.3 764.6	389.3 844.6	508.3 997.6	2 032.6	730.3 2 526.6	2 891.6	826.3 2 960.6	3 083.6	833.3 3 061.6
Developing economies Africa	400.3	495.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	044.0 1.9	997.0 1.9	2 032.6	2 526.6	2 091.0	2 960.6	3 063.6 1.9	3 001.0
Other Africa	0.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Liberia	0.6	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
South Africa	0.0	1.7	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Unspecified Africa	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Latin America and the Caribbean	399.6	494.0	611.7	733.2	762.2	842.2	995.2	1 662.2	2 068.2	2 326.2	2 386.2	2 481.2	2 480.2
South America	9.7	10.0	10.9	18.0	47.0	127.0	280.0	897.0	1 237.0	1 499.0	1 489.0	1 560.0	1 523.0
Argentina	2.3	2.4	2.6	3.7	28.7	98.7	234.7	537.7	765.7	978.7	1 003.7	1 067.7	1 030.7
Brazil	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.6	2.6	2.6
Chile	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	4.3	14.3	31.3	239.3	243.3	277.3	262.3	265.3	262.3
Colombia	2.0	2.1	2.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	116.5	156.5	165.5	145.5	147.5	153.5
Ecuador					-	-	-	- 5.0	63.0	69.0	70.0	73.0	70.0
Peru	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Uruguay	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Other Latin America and Caribbean	389.9	484.0	600.8	715.2	715.2	715.2	715.2	765.2	831.2	827.2	897.2	921.2	957.2
Aruba	-	-	0.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Bahamas	-	-	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.0	42.0	17.0	67.0	62.0	69.0
Bermuda	16.1	21.1	22.6	43.6	43.6	43.6	43.6	43.6	43.6	47.6	34.6	34.6	34.6
British Virgin Islands	-	-	4.7	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4
Cayman Islands	126.9	172.4	185.8	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0	222.0
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Dominican Republic	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mexico	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	4.6	- 0.4	- 0.4	- 0.4
Netherlands Antilles	-	-	-	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	11.1	36.1	42.1	39.1	39.1	39.1
Panama	161.5	168.2	236.5	271.2	271.2	271.2	271.2	309.2	314.2	322.2	363.2	392.2	421.2
Asia	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	368.5	456.5	563.5	572.5	600.5	579.5
West Asia	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Lebanon	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
South, East and South-East Asia	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
China	-	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Hong Kong, China	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Central and Eastern Europe	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Bulgaria	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Czechoslovakia	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Poland	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Unspecified	81.8	89.1	89.1	92.7	710.7	1 156.7	2 158.7	3 335.7	5 645.7	6 808.7	9 388.7	10 624.7	11 119.7

Sources: Superintendence of Foreign Investment (SIEX) and ECLAC, Directorio sobre Inversión Extranjera en America Latina y el Caribe 1993 : Marco Legal e Información Estadistica.

Notes : Data refer to investments registered with the SIEX. Unspecified Western Europe refers to Scotland. Unspecified other Latin America and the Caribbean refer to Bonaire and Curaçao. Data for 1991 to 2002 were estimated by accumulating flows and adding them to the 1990 stock.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	-
Brazil	10.1	10.2	18.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	-	-
Colombia	81.9	82.3	114.0	179.8	203.0	291.8	316.1	260.0	302.7	343.5	335.7	-	-
Denmark	-	-	-	-	- 0.5	-	-	-	54.8	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	309.5	309.5
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-
France	0.6	-	-	7.8	28.2	34.8	40.1	38.3	5.8	5.0	74.4	74.9	-
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	2.7	2.6	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	1.0	1.0	-	-	0.1	0.1
Latvia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	5.6	-
Peru	5.0	6.5	8.4	10.9	8.7	8.5	9.0	10.2	10.7	10.5	-	-	-
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	4.5	7.6	1.3	1.5	-	-
United States	496.0	512.0	394.0	- 445.0	- 312.0	- 152.0	- 4.0	- 332.0	- 483.0	- 65.0	792.0	3 954.0	4 447.0

Table 15. FDI stocks abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the investments made by Venezuela into the economies listed above.

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad,1990-2000

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Germany	6	4	3								
Italy								1			
United States	87	84	65	73	72	70	70	43	40	40	41

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the economies listed above originating in Venezuela.

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	39	43	42	40	40	37	47	47	60	60	65	58
Italy		19		16		43		22				
Republic of Korea							4	4	4	4	5	5
United States	198	200	190	178	201	201	207	216	227	232	223	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information on the number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs of the economies listed above which are located in Venezuela.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Germany	67										
United States	6 527	6 777	7 063	10 164	11 211	11 895	12 702	12 253	12 150	12 845	13 297

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information on the assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the economies listed above originating in Venezuela.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

	(Millions of dollars)											
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	268	330	372	348	194	349	515	670	1 136	1 406	1 768	1 763
United States	4 206	6 059	6 439	7 689	9 485	11 052	12 514	16 073	20 521	24 437	28 951	

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information on the assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs of the economies listed above which are located in Venezuela.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Italy								0.045			
United States	16.2	16.0	15.6	26.1	23.5	22.7	13.0	9.8	8.9	8.7	8.3

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information on the number of employees of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the economies listed above originating in Venezuela.

Table 35. Employment of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

	(Thousands of employees)												
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	
Germany	5.0	8.0	6.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	
Italy		4.5		4.7		7.3		6.7					
Sweden									1.1				
Switzerland				9.6	8.2	6.8	7.2	7.4	8.1	8.5	7.8	8.9	
United States	63.0	87.3	91.6	92.9	93.6	87.4	94.4	88.6	88.2	86.8	81.1		

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the number of employees of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs of the economies listed above which are located in Venezuela. Data for Sweden refer to majority-owned foreign affiliates.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Austria						11.9	10.4				
Germany	61.9	60.3									
Italy								23.5			
United States	13 215	12 044	12 268	16 270	16 420	17 988	19 374	17 915	15 321	18 503	29 800

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the economies listed above originating in Venezuela. Data for Austria refer to majority-owned foreign affiliates.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Belgium									15.7			
Germany	309.5	361.5	384.2	423.4	431.4	488.4	398.7	634.3	852.4	1 385.0	1 474.1	1 610.7
Italy		566.3		357.2		558.4		705.6				
Portugal									-	0.7	0.2	0.5
United States	3 725	5 325	6 506	7 088	7 700	9 494	9 121	12 309	13 189	13 830	14 985	

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs of the economies listed above which are located in Venezuela. Data for Belgium and Portugal refer to majority-owned foreign affiliates.

Tables 38,48,53,58,63,68,73,78,83. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of foreign affiliates of Venezuelan TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries	529	577	606	937	1 001	930	834	734	740	758	657
48	Value added			3 124	3 757	4 729	4 712	5 089	5 258	5 275	4 985	6 480
53	Profits before taxes	380	398	292	238	529	505	378	587	548	205	656
58	Exports	258						302	261	114	169	403
63	Imports	4 637			3 910	3 675	4 092	5 068		-	4 925	10 590
	Research and development											
68	expenditures	6	5									
	Employment in research and											
73	development						0.1	0.1				
78	Royalty receipts									2	3	
83	Royalty payments									2	4	

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employees)

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on the affiliates of Venezuelan TNCs in the United States.

Tables 40,50,55,60,65,70,75,80,85. Wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports, imports, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of affiliates of United States TNCs in Venezuela, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars and thousands of employed	ees)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
40	Wages and salaries	498	757	1 046	1 169	1 238	1 345	1 395	1 439	1 630	2 247	2 155
50	Value added					1 575	2 193	2 144	2 866	2 606	3 076	3 394
55	Profits before taxes	171	368	728	829	346	1 315	1 094	1 489	606	1 358	1 506
60	Exports	202	228	93	247	476	541	587	649	555	560	1 127
65	Imports				25	205	228	129	103	83		322
70	Research and development expenditures	11	13	16	19							
	Employment in research and											
75	development					0.4					0.4	
80	Royalty receipts					3						
85	Royalty payments					70						

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information on foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs of the United States which are located in Venezuela. Data for value added, exports, imports, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 86. Largest home-based TNCs, 2002

(Millions	of	dollars	and	number)	\$
	10110113	UI.	uoliai 3	anu	number	/

Company	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial			
Petroleos de Venezuela	Petroleum	46 250 ^a	46 425 ^a
C.V.G. Aluminios del Caroni	Metals	243	2 798
Ceramica Carabobo	Non-metallic mineral products	89	2 505
Couttenye & Co.	Chemicals	17	210
Mini Bruno Sucesores	Food	16	225
Industria Quimica de Portuguesa	Chemicals	10	80
Plumrose Latinoamericana	Food		2 093
Carton de Venezuela	Paper and packaging		1 300
Venepal	Paper and packaging		800
Enertec Venezuela	Electrical and electronic equipment		700
Cosmética Moderna	Pharmaceuticals		420
Compania de Proteccion Delta	Precision equipment		350
Constructora Nacional de Valvulas	Metals		220
Asfalto de Petroleo Asfapetrol	Chemicals		91
Silicon Carbide de Venezuela	Chemicals		
B. Tertiary			
Otepi Consultores	Other business services	29 803	390
Corimon	Trade	85	60
Sigo	Trade	77	700
Mantex	Real estate	71	
Cine-Materiales	Trade	1	3
Representaciones Tecfil	Trade	1	16
Aerovias Venezolanas	Transport and storage		1 800
Grupo Farma	Diversified		350
Venezolana de Inversiones y Construcciones Clerico	Construction		180
Quorum Computer Group	Trade		62
Pyrotek	Construction		50
CVG Internacional	Trade		42
Ferretería El Candado	Trade		35
Corporacion Alas de Venezuela	Transport and storage		8
Representaciones Marora	Trade		8
C. Finance and insurance		Assets	Employees
Banco Mercantil CA (Banco Universal)	Finance	4 194 ^a	6 683 ^a
Banco del Caribe, Banco Universal	Finance		2 371
Banesco Casa de Bolsa	Finance		35
Italcambio	Finance		
Mercantil Servicios Financieros	Finance		
Inversora Banco Industrial de Venezuela	Finance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

a December 2001.

Table 87. Largest affiliates of home-based TNCs, 2002

Company Name	Host economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Refineria Isla (Curaçao)	Netherlands Antilles	Petroleum	248	1 044
Spartan de Colombia	Colombia	Chemicals		50
Conservas Isabel Ecuatoriana	Spain	Agriculture		
Maquinaria Grafinal	Colombia	Machinery and equipment		
B. Tertiary				
Frobeen Erlebnisreisen	Germany	Tourism	1	3
Sistema de Codificación	Peru	Trade	1	14
Colineal Corporation	United States	Trade	1	3
Ecuabrands	United States	Trade		3
Electrocables USA	United States	Trade		2
Iberica Trading Corporation	United States	Trade		2
C. Finance and insurance			Assets	Employees
Pacific National Bank	United States	Finance		52
Banco del Pacifico	Panama	Finance		80
Banco Latino de Colombia	Colombia	Finance		

(Millions of dollars and number)

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003).

Table 88. Largest affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, 2002

(Millions of dollars and number)

Company	Home economy	Industry	Sales	Employees
A. Industrial				
Alimentos Heinz	United States	Food	9 300	1 060
Cemex Venezuela	Mexico	Non-metellic mineral products	624 ^a	
Procter & Gamble Industrial	Unted States	Pharmaceuticals	423	2 258
Goodyear de Venezuela	Unted States	Rubber and plastic products	120	1 144
•			124 110 ^a	154
Metanol de Oriente Metor, S.A. Pirelli de Venezuela	Japan Italy	Chemicals and chemical products Rubber and plastic products	63	154 7
Procter & Gamble Industrial	Unted States	Pharmaceuticals	45	1
General Motors Venezolana	Unted States	Motor vehicles	43	
Pepsi-Cola Panamericana	Unted States	Beverages	41	4
Chiclets Adams	Unted States	Food	38	4
Clariant Venezuela	Switzerland	Chemicals	36	272
Alpla de Venezuela	Austria	Rubber and plastic products	34	282
Gillette de Venezuela	Unted States	Pharmaceuticals	24	244
Agribrands Purina Venezuela	Unted States	Food	20	42
Manufacturera de Vidrios Planos	Unted States	Non-metellic mineral products	14	
EKA Chemicals de Venezuela	Netherlands	Chemicals	12	52
Hayes Wheels de Venezuela	Unted States	Motor vehicles	11	261
B. Tertiary				
Nacional Teléfonos de Venezuela Compañía Anónima Nacional Teléfonos de	Spain	Telecommunications	3 012 ^a	
Venezuela	United States	Telecommunications	2 607 ^b	
Nissho Iwai de Venezuela C.A	Japan	Trade	184 ^a	7
Motorola de Los Andes y del Caribe	Unted States	Trade	16	
Weatherford Latin America	Bermuda	Other business services	14	148
Alstom D & D	France	Construction	10	45
Sumitomo Corporation de Venezuela	Japan	Trade	10	27
Grace Venezuela	Unted States	Trade	9	42
La Electricidad de Caracas	Unted States	Electricity, gas and water	6	26
Turbinas y Generadores	Unted States	Other business services	3	11
Mitsubishi Venezolana	Japan	Trade	2	44
Rockwell Automation de Venezuela	Unted States	Trade	2	
AT & T Communications Services Venezuela	Unted States	Other business services	2	15
Alstom Venezuela	France	Trade	1	
Global One Telecomunicaciones	Netherlands	Other business services	1	2
Andersen Consulting	Bermuda	Other business services	1	14
Corporacion Nuovo Pignone de Venezuela	Unted States	Trade	1	11
Laboratorios Bristol de Venezuela	Unted States	Trade		485
IBM de Venezuela	Unted States	Trade		367
C. Finance and insurance			Assets	Employees
BBVA Banco Provincial	Spain	Finance	4 335 ^a	9 007 ^a
Banco de Venezuela Banco Universal	Spain	Finance	3 550 ^b	5 189 ^b
Marsh Venezuela	Unted States	Insurance		125
Daimlerchrysler Services Venezuela	Germany	Finance		29
Royal Sun Alliance Seguros	United Kingdom	Insurance		27
Citibank	Unted States	Finance		8
Seguros Caracas de Liberty Mutual	Unted States	Insurance		7
ADFINAIN	Switzerland	Finance		2
Banque Sudameris	Italy	Finance		
Citicorp Mercardo de Capitales	Unted States	Finance		
Heath Lambert de Venezuela Sociedad de				
Corretaje de Reaseguros	United Kingdom	Insurance		
Reaseguradora Caracas	Unted States	Insurance		
Seguros Pan American	Unted States	Insurance		
Thomas Cook Venezuela	United Kingdom	Finance		
Zurich Internacional de Venezuela	Switzerland	Insurance		

Sources: The Banker's Almanac, 2003 (London, Reed Information Services, 2003); Kaigai Shinshutsu Kigyo Soran (Tokyo: Toyokeizai and Dun and Bradstreet Itd., 2003); Thomson Analytics (http://analytics.thomsonib.com/); Who Owns Whom, 2003 (London, Dun and Bradstreet, 2003); ECLAC, Foreign investment in the Latin America and the Caribbean, 2002.

a December 2001. b December 2000.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National Framework

Decree No. 2224 of 23 April 1992 on Water Pollution Generated by Industries. *Source: Gaceta Oficial de la Republica*, (Official Gazette) No. 503, 27 April 1992.

Decree No. 2213 of 23 April 1992 on Environmental Control Projects. *Source*: Ibid., 27 April 1992.

Law of 10 March 1992 on Privatization. *Source*: Ibid., 10 March 1992.

Decree No. 2095 of 13 February 1992 on Foreign Investment. *Source*: Ibid., 25 March 1992.

Law of 19 December 1991 on Investment Fund of Venezuela. *Source*: Ibid., 19 December 1991.

Law of 13 December 1991 on Promotion of Free Competition. *Source*: Ibid., 30 December 1991.

Decision 311 of 8 November 1991. Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement, No. 96,12 December 1991.

Law of 13 August 1991 on Income Tax. Source: Ibid., 13 August 1991. Regulated by: Decree No. 1818 of 30 August 1991. Source: Ibid., 30 August and 6 September 1991.

Law of 4 August 1991 on Free Zones. *Source*: Ibid., 8 August 1991.

Decree No. 1793 of 1 August 1991 on Promotion of Private Investment for Public Use of Degraded Areas for Environmental Purposes. *Source: Gaceta Ofcial de la Republica*, (Official Gazette) No. 30503, 7 October 1991.

Decision 300 of 16 May 1991. Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement No. 82, Lima, Peru, 12 June 1991.

Resolution No. 179 of 25 April 1991. Source: Gaceta Oficial de la Republica, (Official Gazette) No. 34702, 26 April 1991.

Resolution No. 730 of 25 April 1991 on Standard for Conversion Operations to Transform External Public Debt into Mega Investment Projects; effective 27 April 1991. *Source*: Ibid., 26 April 1991.

Decree No. 1551 of 10 April 1991 approving the System for Conversion of Foreign Debt into Investments. Source: Ibid., 25 April 1991. Regulated by: Resolution 729 of 25 April 1991. Source: Ibid., 26 April 1991. Decision 291 of 21 March 1991. Source: Official Gazette of the Cartagena Agreement, Lima, Peru, April 1991. Decree No. 1418 of 27 December 1990 amending a Special Program for the Conversion of External Public Debt into Mega Investment Project; effective 10 April 1991. *Source: Gaceta Official de la Republica*, (Official Gazette) No. 34701, 25 April 1991.

Law of 20 December 1990 on Labor Law; effective 1 May 1991. Source: Ibid., 20 December 1990. Regulated by: Decree No. 1965 of 5 December 1991. Source: Ibid., 15 December 1991.

Decree No. 1325 of 6 December 1990 on Income Tax Exemption on Certain Activities, such as Industry, Tourism, Forestry, etc.. *Source*: Ibid., 7 December 1990.

Decree No. 1102 of 6 September 1990 creating the National Council for Investment Promotion. *Source*: Ibid., 10 September 1990.

Decree No. 933 of 29 June 1990 on Special Programme to Convert the External Debt into Mega Investments. *Source*: Ibid., 20 July 1990. *Amendment*: Decree No. 1552 of 10 April 1991.

Resolution No. 89-11-01 of 2 November 1989 on Trust Agreements in Conversion of Public Debt Transactions; effective 3 November 1989. *Source*: Legislative Gazette, 3 November 1989.

Resolution No. 89-08-04 of Central Bank of 31 August 1989 on Bidding Process for Conversion of Foreign Debt for Investment; effective 31 August 1989. *Source*: Ibid., 5 September 1988.

Decree No. 86 of 15 March 1989; effective 10 April 1991. Source: Legal Regime of Foreign Investments (Superintendency of Foreign Investments, Ministry of Finance, Caracas, Venezuela 1991}

Convention No. 1 of 13 March 1989; effective 14 March 1989. *Source*: Ibid., 1991.

Decree No. 2706 of 18 January 1989 on Income Tax Exemptions for New Industries Producing Certain Minerals and Raw Materials. *Source: Gaceta Oficial de la Republica*, (Official Gazette) 18 January 1989.

Decree No. 2378 of 17 August 1988 on Tax Exemptions for Open Capital Corporations. *Source: Gaceta Oftcial de la Republica*, op. Cit., No. 30503, 2 April 1986.

Decree No. 1800 of 21 October 1987 on the Control of the Generation and Handling of Toxic and Dangerous Wastes. *Source*: Ibid., 11 November 1987.

Decree No. 1058 of 2 April 1986 on Tax Exemptions for New Investments in the Petrochemical Industry. *Source*: Ibid., 2 April 1986.

Decree No. 194 of 11 July 1984 amends Decree No. 869.

Source: Compilation of the Law of the Banks and Other Credit Institutions, Tomo 11 (Venezuela 1991), p. 120.

Resolution 1167 of 11 November 1983 on Regulations on Pollution in Metal and Mineral Mining Activities.

Source: Gaceta Oficial de la Republica, (Official Gazette) No. 30503, 24 January 1983.

Resolution No. NG-01-83 (SIEX) of 7 February 1983 concerning Information to be Supplied by Foreign Investors. *Source*: Ibid., 8 February 1983.

Decree No. 1611 of 4 September 1982 on Financing Leasing. *Source*: Compilation of the Law of the Banks and Other Credit Institutions, Tomo 11, 7 September 1982.

Decree No. 71 of 9 April 1979 expanding the Competence of the Ministry of Mines and Energy to Regulate Foreign Investment in the Petroleum Industry (regarding licensing and Royalties). *Source*: Ibid., 9 April 1979.

Decree No. 2378 of 11 July 1978 exempting from Payment of Income Tax the Interest on Capital Investment in Agricultural, Forestry or Fishing Enterprises in the Country. *Source*: Ibid., 11 July 19".8.

Decree No. 2631 of 4 April 1978 adopts Decision 84 of the Commission of Cartagena. *Source*: BID-INTAL Legal Regime jor the Transfer of Technology to ALADI 11, Grupo Andino: Regimen Comun, Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela (Buenos Aires, Argentina 1986).

Decree No. 1732 of 17 August 1976 Regulations on the Law on Banks and Credit Institution. *Source*: Ibid., 1 September 1976.

Decree No. 1336 of 16 December 1975 on Dehydration of Milk Industry. *Source*: Ibid., Legislative Decree 19 December 1975.

Decision 91 of 29 August 1975.39. Law of 11 August 1975 on Transformation of Foreign Companies. *Source*: Ibid., 21 August 1975.

Decree No. 869 of 22 April 1975 General Law on Banks and Credit Institutions. *Source*: Compilation of the Law of the Banks and Other Credit Institutions, Tomo 11 (Venezuela 1991), p. 120.

Reglamento de la Ley Orgánica de Aduanas sobre los Regímenes de Liberación, Suspensión y otros Regímenes Aduaneros Especiales Decreto, 1996. *Source*: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Ley Orgánica de Aduanas, 1999 Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Ley de Licitaciones previa, 1999 Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Decreto 2.095 Reglamento del Régimen Común de Tratamiento a los Capitales Extranjerosy sobre Markus, Patentes, Licencias y Regalías, Aprobado por las Decisiones Nos. 291 y 292 de la Comisión del Acuerdo de Cartagena, 1999 *Source*: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/ Constitución de la República Bolivariana de Venezuela, 2000

Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

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Ley Orgánica de la Administración Pública, 2001 Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Código Orgánico Procesal Penal, 2001 Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Ley Orgánica de Ciencia, Tecnología e Innovación, 2001 Source: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

Regulations of the decree with the rank and force of law to promote and protect investments Decree No. 1.867, 2002 *Source*: Venezuelan Council for Business Promotion, http://www.conapri.org/

II. International Framework

1. Venezuela is a party to the following multilateral and regional instruments:

The Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 20 March 1883, amended and revised.

The New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of 10 June 1958.

The Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States of 18 March 1965, signed on 18 August 1993, effective 1 June 1995.

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted on 16 November 1977.

The Convention Establishing the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency of 11 October 1985, signed on 30 September 1996.

The Set of Multilaterally Agreed Equitable Principles and Rules for the Control of Restrictive Business Practices, adopted on 5 December 1980 by the General Assembly of the United Nations (resolution 35/63).

The Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, signed on 15 April 1994; in force on 1 January 1995.

The General Agreement on Trade in Services, signed on 15 April 1994; in force on 1 January 1995.

The Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services of 15 February 1997

The Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services of 12 December 1997.

2. Bilateral treaties

1.Bilateral investment treaties for the protection and promotion of investments: Italy 1990, Netherlands 1991, Argentina 1993, Chile 1993, Ecuador 1993, Switzerland 1993, Barbados 1994, Denmark 1994, Portugal 1994, Brazil 1995, Czech Republic 1995, Lithuania 1995, Spain 1995, United Kingdom 1995, Canada 1996, Cuba 1996, Germany 1996, Paraguay 1996, Peru 1996, Sweden 1996, Uruguay 1997, Belgium / Luxembourg 1998.

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

2.Bilateral treaties for the avoidance of double taxation: United Kingdom 1978, Germany 1987, United States 1987, Italy 1990, Netherlands 1991, France 1992, Belgium 1993, Sweden 1993, Germany 1995, Czech Republic 1996, Portugal 1996, Switzerland 1996, Trinidad and Tobago 1996, United Kingdom 1996, Indonesia 1997, Mexico 1997, Norway 1997, Barbados 1998, Denmark 1998, United States 1998, United States 1999.

Source: UNCTAD database on BITs and DTTs

D. Sources of information

Official

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Consejo Nacional de Promoción de Inversiones (CONAPRI) (www.conapri.org)

Secondary

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British Virgin Islands

A. Definitions and sources of data

Foreign investors are required to obtain a *Trade Licence* from the Trade and Investment Promotion Department. This is not necessary when establishing an offshore trust or holding company. No data on foreign direct investment (FDI) are collected by the Government.

The Government of the Virgin Islands promotes foreign investment in various industries, including food processing, tourist-oriented manufacturing, film production, beverage production, yachting services, and most recently, e-commerce. To attract foreign investment, the Government has set up investment incentives under the following laws:

- 1. Repatriation of Profits. All earning and capital may be repatriated freely in the available convertible currencies.
- 2. Pioneer Services and Enterprise Ordinance. This ordinance grants a ten-year tax exemption and duty-free entry of equipment necessary for the operation of business. This applies to businesses that are expected to be beneficial to the Virgin Islands.
- 3. Hotel Aid Ordinance. To boost the tourism industry, the Virgin Islands grants a dutyfree entry of building materials and equipment for the construction or expansion of hotels for a period of 10 to 20 years,. Income tax exemption is also granted for 10 or 20 years.

The Virgin Islands is a member of various international organizations promoting trade and investment; for instance, the Organization of Eastern Caribbean States (OECS), comprising eight member states (Antigua and Barbuda, Dominica, Montserrat, Grenada, St. Kitts, St. Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines and the Virgin Islands). Providing technical assistance and a joint approach to trade, investment promotion and export marketing are the two main objectives of the OECS. Furthermore, the Virgin Islands are an associate member of the Caribbean Common Market (CARICOM).

B. Statistics on FDI and the operations of TNCs

Table 1. Summary of FDI

(Millions of dollars)

Variable	Inward	Outward
1. FDI flows, 2000-2003 (annual average)	395	3 088
2. FDI flows as a percentage of GFCF, 2000-2003 (annual average)		
3. FDI stock, 2003	12 112	26 810
4. FDI stock as a percentage of GDP, 2003	612.3	1355.3

Sources : Based on tables 3 and 4 and UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

		Inward in	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total
1974				- 7.7				
1975								
1976				0.8				
1977				0.6				
1978				0.1				
1979				0.9				
1980				- 1.1				
1981								
1982				2.5				
1983				17.5				
1984				1.2				
1985				16.4				
1986				- 3.6				
1987				- 0.3				
1988				1.5				
1989				71.0				
1990				18.4				
1991				4.9				
1992				- 131.2				
1993				676.0				4 882.0
1994				677.5				1 378.0
1995				- 576.7				2 444.0
1996				1 109.6				1 639.0
1997				3 636.7				3 444.0
1998				1 362.1				- 830.0
1999				3 648.4				1 500.0
2000				830.1				1 140.6
2001				222.4				8 332.9
2002				131.7				- 208.5
2003				394.8				3 088.3

Table 3. FDI flows, by type of investment, 1974-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database. FDI inflows were estimated based on information from the Organisation for Economic Commission on Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) for 1980-1997 and UNCTAD estimates. FDI outflows are UNCTAD estimates.

Note: Data for 2003 are estimates.

		Inward inv	vestment			Outward in	vestment	
Year	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company loans	Total	Equity	Reinvested earnings	Intra- company Ioans	Total
1980				1.2				
1981				1.2				
1982				3.8				
1983				21.3				
1984				22.6				
1985				39.0				
1986				35.4				
1987				35.1				
1988				36.6				
1989				107.6				
1990				125.9				
1991				130.8				
1992				- 0.4				
1993				675.5				4 882.0
1994				1 353.1				6 260.0
1995				776.3				8 704.0
1996				1 885.9				10 343.0
1997				5 522.5				13 787.0
1998				6 884.6				12 957.0
1999				10 533.0				14 457.0
2000				11 363.1				15 597.6
2001				11 585.5				23 930.5
2002				11 717.3				23 721.9
2003				12 112.0				26 810.3

Table 4. FDI stock, by type of investment, 1980-2003

(Millions of dollars)

Sources: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Inward stock is an accumulation of inflows since 1976. Outward stock is an accumulation of outflows since 1993.

	(Millions of dollars)												
Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Albania	-	-	-		-		-	3 444.0	- 830.0	-	-	-	-
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-	-	4.7	1.5	10.9	23.5	78.9	120.0	30.9	- 107.8	- 65.3	-
Colombia	-	-	-	1.2	1.0	1.4	4.5	260.4	13.2	26.1	27.4	6.4	32.4
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.8	0.5	-	-
France	2.0	0.9	-	-	110.0	2.8	163.2	2.6	-	16.0	35.9	- 8.9	3.8
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 415.4	4 267.1	9 047.2	3 260.8	-
Japan	15.3	616.1	132.6	65.9	218.9	147.6	783.6	690.7	173.6	1 019.7	11.3	-	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.2	6.0	14.0	-
Taiwan Province of China	169.7	267.9	238.9	193.6	569.0	370.2	808.7	1 050.9	1 838.4	1 359.4	2 248.1	1 693.4	1 575.1
United States	- 363.0	- 551.0	- 87.0	125.0	1 386.0	50.0	1 847.0	4 062.0	1 571.0	########	989.0	- 20.0	- 719.0

Table 6. FDI flows in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belgium / Luxembourg	-	-		3.8	6.8	- 16.4	30.0	- 128.6	5.6	108.7	- 0.9		
Bolivia		-	-	_	_		_	4.9	_	0.7	4.6	4.4	-
Brazil		-	0.7	2.6	81.3	-	_	-	_	-	-	911.9	500.5
Bulgaria		-	-	_	_	-	6.3	-	-	0.9	13.0		-
Colombia	0.3	4.8	17.8	12.1	70.6	124.9	115.2	359.0	70.9	411.2	- 63.6	564.4	540.9
Croatia	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	-	0.9	13.9	4.1	-	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	5.2	-	-
Estonia	-	-	-	-	- 0.1	1.6	0.3	- 3.6	0.8	- 0.5	- 0.1	7.1	-
France	2.9	1.2	0.9	1.8	73.5	1.4	2.7	45.2	-	4.3	3.7	15.2	16.0
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 909.8	6 296.7	30 600.0	9 582.7	-
Japan	11.8	15.1	594.7	61.4	71.0	21.2	313.4	40.3	10.0	204.4	63.7	110.3	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	5.9	14.1	129.8	136.1	4.3	30.9	8.2	30.6	119.1
Lithuania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	- 0.9	0.1	2.0	35.8	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.1	2.3	3.3	6.0	234.0	45.3
Mauritius	-	-	6.9	-	0.1	6.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mongolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	15.0	0.1
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.1	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 22.8	- 45.0	-	-
Philippines	-	1.1	4.2	29.7	2.6	9.8	105.8	176.5	53.8	2.4	8.6		131.4
Russian Federation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63.0	137.0
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	4.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	0.6		-	-	- 0.5	-	-	1.9		-
Taiwan Province of China	65.7	60.3	36.7	38.3	75.6	151.1	417.4	659.2	711.5	1 215.8	2 299.8	1 396.7	802.7
TFYR of Macedonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	2.2	-
Thailand	29.5	1.1	-	2.5	0.5	1.6	- 0.2	14.0	2.2	- 0.3			- 163.0
United States	- 2 552.0	1 522.0	36.0		1 378.0	2 444.0	1 841.0	3 636.0		4 137.0	3 800.0	13 069.0	- 1 419.0
Venezuela	-	-	4.7	13.7	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-
Viet Nam	-	2.5	12.8	35.7	114.1	79.3	112.1	107.4	156.6	-	-	-	-
Zimbabwe	-	-	-	-	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9. FDI flows abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan, Mauritius, Mongolia, Nepal, Solomon Islands, Taiwan Province of China and Zimbabwe are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Canada	24.1	25.1	27.5	42.3	37.8	175.8	89.1	97.3	108.5	193.3	186.0	205.3	221.6
Colombia	-	0.1	0.1	1.2	2.2	3.6	8.1	268.6	281.8	307.8	335.2	-	
Croatia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68.2	47.4	45.4	-	-
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	76.0	90.0	151.2	147.0	171.8	181.4	154.2	-
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92 981.0	179 594.6	201 314.4	184 295.2	-
Japan	-	-	-	-	1 325.0	-	-	2 733.7	-	-	-	-	
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0
Latvia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.2	45.1	59.1	59.1
Taiwan Province of China	245.7	513.6	752.4	946.1	1 515.1	1 885.2	2 693.9	3 744.9	5 583.3	6 942.7	9 190.7	10 884.1	12 459.2
United States	5 929.0	5 397.0	5 401.0	5 544.0	7 858.0	8 358.0	10 121.0	14 044.0	17 434.0	29 762.0	33 451.0	30 242.0	29 252.0

Table 12. FDI stock in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Japan and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	901.2	2 097.0	2 259.4	2 416.5	-	3 196.6	-	-
Bulgaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.9	-	-	-
Canada	10.3	-	-	-	9.3	17.6	18.3	35.7	41.8	60.3	62.7	59.7	60.1
Colombia	6.7	11.5	29.3	41.4	112.1	237.0	352.1	711.2	782.0	1 196.5	1 132.9	-	-
Croatia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.5	4.2	-	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.8	12.7	29.4	-	-
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	2.7	2.2	9.3	-
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	101.2	59.8	140.1	105.8	108.5	112.6	116.3	-
Hong Kong, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70 047.6	118 995.8	145 125.2	121 023.9	-
Kazakhstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130.9	239.9
Latvia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.1	8.1	-
Lithuania	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	1.7	1.9	2.0	4.3	42.5	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.2	103.2	108.3
Mongolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	16.4	16.5
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.8	14.0	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198.3	129.4	-	-
Philippines	-	1.1	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	111.1	287.5	341.4	343.8	352.5	402.5	533.9
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	75.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Russian Federation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244.0	414.0
Taiwan Province of China	406.0	466.3	503.0	541.3	616.9	768.0	1 185.4	1 844.7	2 556.2	3 771.9	6 071.8	7 468.5	8 271.1
Thailand	76.0	77.1	76.4	78.8	80.8	82.0	80.5	53.0	70.7	68.9	85.5	165.8	7.7
United States	- 2 979.0	- 1 468.0	- 426.0	4 078.0	5 273.0	7 207.0	7 595.0	11 556.0	9 885.0	11 573.0	15 191.0	26 200.0	25 502.0
Venezuela	-	-	4.7	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	191.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 15. FDI stock abroad, by geographical destination, 1990-2002 (Millions of dollars)

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Malaysia, Mongolia, Nepal and Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	-	1	1
Germany	-	-	7	13	19	19	21	23	19	24	22	21
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	-
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	18
Taiwan Province of China	55	67	80	90	112	140	191	297	486	686	1 044	1 317
United States	69	74	125	127	130	135	134	104	104	105	114	-
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	-	-

Table 21. The number of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Malaysia, Nepal, Solomon Islands and Taiwan Province of China on an approval basis. Data for Poland and Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	10	10	12	9	12
Taiwan Province of China	21	41	50	75	120	149	201	342	523	690	914	1 202
United States	81	80	96	95	120	128	140	173	194	258	255	-

Table 23. The number of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Taiwan Province of China are on an approval basis.

Table 28. Assets of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	174	323	279	322	335	299	502	372	353
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	26	-
United States	2 085	2 041	1 927	1 921	2 745	3 232	3 740	4 643	7 105	34 515	39 199	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 30. Assets of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	179	201	186	529
United States	5 746	5 503	7 603	9 036	15 428	21 538	32 841	35 438	48 260	92 186	102 966	-

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 33. Employment of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001 (Thousands of employees)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Nepal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1
United States	11.7	12.2	7.1	5.8	10.7	20.5	9.4	-	18.2	35.7	34.1	-

Source: UNCTAD. FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Nepal are on an approval basis. Data for Poland and Sweden refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 43. Sales of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	181.5	308.1	348.9	531.6	692.0	738.8	745.8	460.7	447.4
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	9.9	-
United States	1 393.0	1 477.0	1 101.0	1 179.0	1 680.0	2 617.0	1 756.0	2 717.0	3 114.0	9 234.0	9 576.0	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 45. Sales of affiliates of foreign TNCs in the host economy, by geographical origin, 1990-2001

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Germany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.5
United States	973.0	1 141.0	1 756.0	2 033.0	2 282.0	4 297.0	4 899.0	7 361.0	4 620.0	10 616.0	8 356.0	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above.

Table 53. Profits of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
United States	- 189	- 173.0	- 139.0	- 141.0	- 62.0	- 12.0	30.0	95.0	50.0	- 578.0	- 360.0

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only while those for the United States refer to profits before taxes.

Table 58. Exports of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.4
United States	45.0	24.0	79.0	78.0	- 0.0	67.0	44.0	32.0	17.0	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Table 63. Imports of foreign affiliates of home-based TNCs, by geographical location abroad, 1990-2000

(Millions of dollars)

Economy	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	1.6
United States	69.0	-	223.0	346.0	285.0	-	-	449.0	350.0	-	1 947.0

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the economies listed above. Data for Poland refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

Tables 38,48,68,73,78,83. Wages and salaries, value added, expenditures and employment in research and development, royalty receipts and royalty payments of foreign affiliates of British Virgin Islands TNCs in the United States, 1990-2000

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
38	Wages and salaries	254.0	247.0	194.0	176.0	297.0	452.0	345.0	-	575.0	1 483.0	1 408.0
48	Value added	-	-	219.0	133.0	469.0	724.0	552.0	-	1 182.0	1 671.0	1 673.0
68	Expenditures in research and development Employees in research and	7.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73	development	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	0.2
78	Royalty receipts	-	-	15.0	8.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-
83	Royalty payments	-	-	5.0	-	5.0	-	4.0	4.0	-	-	-

Source: UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Note: Data are based on information reported by the United States.

Tables 35,40,50,55,60,65. Employment, wages and salaries, value added, profits, exports and imports of affiliates of United States TNCs in the British Virgin Islands, 1990-2000

(Thousands of employees and millions of dollars)

Table no.	Variable	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
35	Employees	1.5	2.0	4.2	5.1	-	11.4	12.0	6.4	3.2	7.6	6.0
40	Wages and salaries	23.0	31.0	43.0	94.0	-	566.0	644.0	231.0	156.0	439.0	335.0
50	Value added	-	-	-	-	- 254.0	231.0	127.0	1 191.0	1 456.0	1 561.0	750.0
55a	Profits before taxes	651.0	609.0	557.0	190.0	571.0	1 298.0	1 168.0	2 535.0	3 833.0	5 476.0	6 754.0
55b	Profits after taxes	-	-	-	-	- 301.0	-	288.0	1 628.0	2 028.0	1 857.0	1 286.0
60	Exports	828.0	899.0	958.0	960.0	960.0	2 312.0	2 697.0	4 483.0	2 235.0	8 128.0	5 038.0
65	Imports	-	-	-	-	49.0	-	484.0	398.0	638.0	229.0	131.0

Source : UNCTAD, FDI/TNC database.

Notes: Data are based on information reported by the United States. Except for employees and wages and salaries, data refer to majority-owned affiliates only.

C. Legal framework for FDI

I. National framework

Companies Act 1963 Source: http://www.lowtax.net/lowtax/html/jbscfir.html, 1 March 2004

International Business Companies Act 1984 Source: Ibid

International Business Companies (Amendment) Act 1990 Source: Ibid

International Business Companies (Amendment) Act 2002 Source: Ibid

Financial Services (International Co-operation) Act 2000 *Source*: Ibid

Trustee Ordinance 1961 Source: Ibid

Trustee Amendment Act 1993 Source: Ibid

Insurance Act 1994 *Source*: Ibid

Insurance Regulations 1995 *Source*: Ibid

Banks and Trust Companies Act 1990 *Source*: Ibid

Financial Services (International Co-operation) Act 2000 *Source*: Ibid

Anti-Money Laundering Code of Practice (2000) Source: Ibid

Hotel Aid Ordinance Source: Ibid

Limited Partnerships Act 1996 Source: Ibid

Mutual Funds Act 1996 Source: Ibid

Public Funds (Sub-Class) Regulations 1997 *Source*: Ibid

II. International framework

1. Multilateral and regional instruments

General Agreement on Trade in Services 1994, (effective 1 January, 1995), Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 15 February 1997, Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Trade in Services 12 December 1997

The ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, adopted 16 November 1977

Associate member of The Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM) established by the Treaty of Chaguaramas 1973

D. Sources of information

Official

2. Eastern Caribbean Central Bank: <u>http://www.eccb-centralbank.org/</u>.

Secondary

- 1. Allen, Michael, "British Virgin Isles' flagship business is under scrutiny", *Wall Street Journal* (*Eastern edition*), 29 June 2000, p. A.21.
- 2. Anonymous, "British Virgin Islands", International Financial Law Review, March 2003, p. 1.
- 3. Boisclair, Marc, "<u>The Caribbean: better than ever</u>", *Incentive*, April 1998, vol. 172, No. 4, pp. 39-44.
- 4. Unsworth, Edwin and Rodd Zolkos, "<u>Tax haven list includes big domiciles</u>", *Business Insurance*, 3 July 2000, vol. 34, No. 27, p. 1.

LIST OF UNCTAD PUBLICATIONS ON FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT AND TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS, 1973-2003

I. TRENDS IN FDI AND THE ACTIVITIES OF TNCs

A. World Investment Report

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UNCTAD, *World Investment Report 2003. FDI Policies for Development: National and International Perspectives. Overview.* 42 pages (A, C, E, F, R, S). Document symbol: UNCTAD/WIR/2003 (Overview). Available free to charge.

UNCTAD, *World Investment Report 2002: Transnational Corporations and Export Competitiveness* (New York and Geneva, 2002). 350 pages. Sales No. E.02.II.D.4.

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UNCTAD, World Investment Report 1999: Foreign Direct Investment and the Challenge of Development (New York and Geneva, 1999). 541 pages. Sales No. E.99.II.D.3.

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Robinson, Patrick, *The Question of a Reference to International Law in the United Nations Code of Conduct on Transnational Corporations*. Current Studies, Series A, No.1. (New York, 1986). 22 pages. Sales No. E.86.II.A.5. \$4.

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VII. NATIONAL POLICIES, LAWS, REGULATIONS AND CONTRACTS RELATING TO TNCs

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C. Contracts and Agreements

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(To order and other information, please write to: Moody's Investors Service, 99 Church St., New York, N.Y. 10003, USA.)

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UNCTC, Transnational Corporations: A Selective Bibliography, 1983-1987. Les Sociétés Transnationales: Bibliographie Sélective, 1983-1987:

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UNCTC, *Users Guide to the Info~tion System on Transnational Corporations: A Technical Paper* (New York, 1980). 30 pages (E, F, R, S). Sales No. E.80.II.A.6. Out of print. Available on microfiche. Paper copy from microfiche: \$35.

UNCTC, *International Directory of Data Bases Relating to Companies* (New York, 1979). 246 pages. Sales No. E.79.II.A. 1. Out of print. Available on microfiche. Paper copy from microfiche: \$260.

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