

NEWS RELEASE

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POLSKY BROTHERS SENTENCED IN FEDERAL FRAUD CASE

KANSAS CITY, Mo. – Todd P. Graves, United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri, announced that former two St. Joseph business owners were sentenced in federal court today for defrauding company employees and lenders.

Michael S. Polsky, 43, former president of Polsky Motors, Inc., in St. Joseph, Mo., and **Gregory H. Polsky**, 41, former vice president and used car manager at Polsky Motors, were both sentenced by U.S. District Judge Fernando J. Gaitan, Jr., this morning to two years and nine months in federal prison without parole. The **Polsky** brothers also were ordered to pay \$990,494.68 full restitution to all victims involved in the fraud.

The **Polsky** brothers both pleaded guilty to three counts of fraud against the company's customers, employees and lenders. **Michael Polsky** pleaded guilty on Jan. 31, 2003, and **Gregory Polsky** pleaded guilty on Feb. 10, 2003. Graves explained that the Polskys pleaded guilty to specific instances in which the defendants utilized mail matter to be delivered by the Postal Service, or electronic funds transfers between financial institutions, to further their scheme to defraud.

First Bank CBC and Small Business Administration

By pleading guilty, Graves said, they both admitted that they knowingly, with an intent to defraud, submitted a loan application on Dec. 2, 1998, to the Small Business Administration that did not include accurate tax information.

The Internal Revenue Service notified **Gregory Polsky** of two instances Polsky Motors had unpaid taxes in 1989 and 1990 for \$189,987 and \$44,393, respectively. However, the defendants failed to include information about Polsky Motors' assessed IRS tax deficiencies and penalties on a loan application to receive a \$700,000 loan from MoKan Development Corp., a community development corporation that worked with the Small Business Administration in packaging loans for businesses in Northwest Missouri. Those assessments were the result of a

stipulation signed on July 20, 1998, by **Michael Polsky** on behalf of Polsky Motors, Inc., in a case entitled *Polsky Motors, Inc. v. Commissioner of Internal Revenue*, in the United States Tax Court, agreeing that there were income deficiencies and penalties due from Polsky Motors, Inc.

MGT Investments borrowed \$1,551,000 from First Bank CBC on Dec. 28, 1998, with a participation of \$700,000 in that loan amount formally approved and guaranteed by the Small Business Administration. **Michael Polsky's** signature appeared on an affidavit provided to the Small Business Administration which falsely and fraudulently stated that all federal, state, and local taxes were current.

Employees

The defendants also admitted that, under fraudulent pretenses, the family company issued a bad check to its employees' insurance provider, Managed Health Funding, in the amount of \$5,180.22 on April 25, 2000.

Polsky Motors employees participated in a self-funded health care plan wherein Polsky Motors would pay claims directly with money contributed by employees and the company. As a result of the bad check to Managed Health Funding, which was returned for insufficient funds, the company was notified by letter of the policy's termination. Following the termination of the plan, the company allegedly continued to withhold insurance premiums from employees' paychecks, failing to inform them the health program no longer was active.

Although premiums continued to be collected from employees of Polsky Motors, Inc., no payments were made to Benefits Assistance Company (the broker handling the collection of premiums and the payment of claims on behalf of Managed Health Funding) after April 2000. On May 31, 2000, the excess loss policy lapsed, and on June 2, 2000, that coverage was terminated. The defendants continued to withhold insurance premiums from the employees' paychecks after the policy was terminated, but failed to inform the employees of the material fact that they were collecting money due and owing to the employees for insurance premiums, then using those premium monies for other purposes.

Ford Motor Credit Corporation

Finally, the defendants pleaded guilty to an electronic funds transfer in the amount of \$51,620 to Mellon Bank, which included \$42,153 in receipts received by Polsky Motors for the purchase of a 1999 Lincoln Navigator by a customer. The wire transfer was designed to divert money to Polsky Motors, instead of Ford Motor Credit Corporation.

Graves explained that this was part of a larger scheme to defraud Ford Motor Credit Corp. For example, the defendants instructed an employee to create false documents to show Ford Credit auditors and to conceal the fact that the Polsky Motors was in violation of its loan agreement with Ford Credit, which required the dealership to make payment for the sale of any vehicle covered under the Ford Credit floor plan loan on a timely basis.

Between January 2000 and April 2000, **Gregory Polsky** and an employee would contact customers who had recently purchased a vehicle from Polsky Motors and falsely tell them that Polsky Motors would provide a complimentary oil change, tire rotation and detailing if the customers would allow for the car to be taken to the dealership for the service. In reality, the reason the vehicles were being returned to the dealership was to place them on the lot during the quarterly audits so that Ford Credit could count the vehicle as part of Polsky Motors' current inventory. By placing vehicles that had previously been sold on the lot as current inventory, the defendants concealed the fact that the vehicle had been sold, but the money due and owing Ford Credit had not been paid by Polsky Motors as required.

David Polsky, the father of the co-defendants and founder of Polsky Motors, died in 1995. After his death, his son, **Michael Polsky**, began operating the business as president of the firm. His other son, **Gregory Polsky**, was vice president and used car manager. MGT Property Investments, Inc., a holding company, was incorporated by the family in July 1998, with **Michael Polsky** acting as president and **Gregory Polsky** as vice president. The co-defendants' sister, **Tamara S. Ward**, also worked for the company. **Ward** served as the company's secretary/treasurer and office manager. On March 21, 2003, she, too, pleaded guilty to three counts of fraud against the company's customers, employees and lenders. A sentencing hearing for **Ward** has been scheduled for July 14, 2003.

The case is being prosecuted by Assistant U.S. Attorney Michael Warner and Special Assistant United States Attorney Marietta Parker. It was investigated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the U.S. Department of Labor, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

This news release, as well as additional information about the office of the United States
Attorney for the Western District of Missouri, is available on-line at
www.usdoj.gov/usao/mow