For further information, contact the Office of Public Affairs, National Transportation Safety Board, 490 L'Enfant Plaza SW., Washington, DC 20594. Phone, 202-314-6100. Fax, 202-314-6110. Internet, www.ntsb.gov.

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20555
Phone, 301–415–7000. Internet, www.nrc.gov.

Chairman Commissioners

Chief Administrative Judge, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel

Director, Office of Commission Appellate Adjudication

Director, Office of International Programs General Counsel

Secretary of the Commission

Chairman, Advisory Committee on Medical Uses of Isotopes

Chairman, Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste

Chairman, Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards

Chief Financial Officer Chief Information Officer

Director, Office of Congressional Affairs

Director, Office of Public Affairs

Inspector General

RICHARD A. MESERVE GRETA JOY DICUS, NILS J. DIAZ,

EDWARD MCGAFFIGAN, JR., JEFFREY S. MERRIFIELD

G. PAUL BOLLWERK III

JOHN F. CORDES

Janice Dunn Lee Karen D. Cyr Annette Vietti-Cook Manuel Cergueira

B. JOHN GARRICK

Dana A. Powers

Jesse L. Funches Stuart Reiter Dennis K. Rathbun William M. Beecher Hubert T. Bell, Jr.

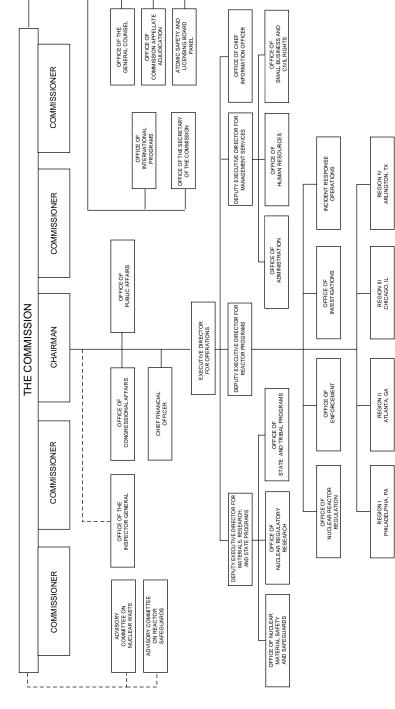
[For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission statement of organization, see the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part I]

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission licenses and regulates civilian use of nuclear energy to protect public health and safety and the environment. This is achieved by licensing persons and companies to build and operate nuclear reactors and other facilities and to own and use nuclear materials. The Commission makes rules and sets standards for these types of licenses. It also carefully inspects the activities of the persons and companies licensed to ensure that they do not violate the safety rules of the Commission.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) was established as an independent regulatory agency under the provisions of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5801 *et seq.*) and Executive Order 11834 of January 15, 1975. All licensing and related regulatory functions formerly assigned to the Atomic Energy Commission were transferred to the Commission.

The Commission's major program components are the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, the Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, and the Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research. Headquarters offices are located in suburban Maryland, and there are four regional offices.

The Commission ensures that the civilian uses of nuclear materials and facilities are conducted in a manner



NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

consistent with the public health and safety, environmental quality, national security, and the antitrust laws. The major share of the Commission's effort is focused on regulating the use of nuclear energy to generate electric power.

Activities

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission is primarily responsible for:

—licensing the construction, operation, and closure of nuclear reactors and other nuclear facilities, such as nuclear fuel cycle facilities, low-level radioactive waste disposal sites under NRC jurisdiction, the geologic repository for high-level radioactive waste, and nonpower test and research reactors;

—licensing the possession, use, processing, handling, and export of

nuclear material;

- —licensing the operators of nuclear power and nonpower test and research reactors;
- —inspecting licensed facilities and activities;
- —conducting the U.S. Government research program on light-water reactor safety;
- —developing and implementing rules and regulations that govern licensed nuclear activities;
- —investigating nuclear incidents and allegations concerning any matter regulated by the NRC;

—maintaining the NRC Incident

Response Program;

- —collecting, analyzing, and disseminating information about the operational safety of commercial nuclear power reactors and certain nonreactor activities;
- —and developing effective working relationships with the States regarding reactor operations and the regulation of nuclear material, including assurance that adequate regulatory programs are maintained by those States that exercise regulatory control over certain nuclear materials in the State.

Sources of Information

Freedom of Information Act Requests Requests for copies of records should be directed to the FOIA/Privacy Act Officer, Mail Stop T–6 D8, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001. Phone, 301–415–7169.

Publications NRC publishes scientific, technical, and administrative information dealing with licensing and regulation of civilian nuclear facilities and materials, as well as periodic reports including the annual *Report to Congress on Abnormal Occurrences*, the annual *Accountability and Performance Report*, the quarterly *Licensee, Contractor, and Vendor Inspection Status Report*, the annual *NRC Information Digest*, the *NRC Strategic Plan*, and *Nuclear Regulatory Commission Issuances*.

Some publications and documents are available on the Internet, at www.nrc.gov. The U.S. Government Printing Office and the National Technical Informations Service (NTIS) sell single copies of or subscriptions to NRC publications. To obtain prices and order NRC publications, contact the the Superintendent of Documents, GPO, Mail Stop SSOP, Washington, DC 20402–0001 (phone, 202–512–1800; Internet, bookstore.gpo.gov) or NTIS, Springfield, VA 22161–0002 (phone, 703–605–6000; Internet, www.ntis.gov).

Active Regulatory Guides may be obtained without charge by faxed request to 301-415-2289, by e-mail request to distribution@nrc.gov, or by written request to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Mail Stop O-P1 37, Washington, DC 20555-0001, Attention: Distribution. They may also be purchased, as they are issued, on standing orders from NTIS. These Regulatory Guides are published in 10 subject areas: power reactors, research and test reactors, fuels and materials facilities, environmental and siting, materials and plant protection, products, transportation, occupational health, antitrust and financial review, and general.

Draft Regulatory Guides are issued for public comment. These drafts may be downloaded from or commented on through the Internet, at http://ruleforum.llnl.gov. They may also be obtained, to the extent of supply, by faxed request to 301–415–2289, by e-mail request to distribution@nrc.gov, or

by written request to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Mail Stop O-P1 37, Washington, DC 20555-0001, Attention: Distribution.

Reading Rooms The Headquarters Public Document Room maintains an extensive collection of documents related to NRC licensing proceedings and other significant decisions and actions. Documents issued after October 1999 are also available from the NRC's full-text document management system, ADAMS, which is accessible from the NRC Web site at www.nrc.gov/readingrm/adams.html. The Headquarters Public Document Room is located at One White Flint North, first floor, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD, and is open Monday through Friday from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m., except on Federal holidays.

Documents from the collection may be reproduced, with some exceptions, on paper, microfiche, or CD–ROM for a nominal fee. For additional information regarding the Public Document Room, contact the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Public Document Room, Washington, DC 20555–0001. Phone, 301–415–4737 (Washington, DC, area), or 800–397–4209 (toll free). E-mail, pdr@nrc.gov. Fax, 301–415–3548.

Selected regional libraries of the Government Printing Office Federal Depository Library Program maintain permanent microfiche collections of NRC documents released between January 1981 and October 1999. For further information, contact the Public Document Room at the phone number above.

For further information, contact the Office of Public Affairs, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001. Phone, 301-415-8200. Internet, www.nrc.gov. E-mail, opa@nrc.gov.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

1120 Twentieth Street NW., Washington, DC 20036–3419 Phone, 202–606–5100. Internet, www.oshrc.gov.

Chairman
Commissioners
Executive Director
Chief Administrative Law Judge
General Counsel
Executive Secretary
Public Information Officer

Thomasina V. Rogers (2 Vacancies) Patricia A. Randle Irving Sommer Earl R. Ohman, Jr. Ray H. Darling, Jr. Linda A. Whitsett

The Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission works to ensure the timely and fair resolution of cases involving the alleged exposure of American workers to unsafe or unhealthy working conditions.

The Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission is an independent, quasi-judicial agency established by the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651–678).

The Commission is charged with ruling on cases forwarded to it by the Department of Labor when disagreements arise over the results of safety and health inspections performed by the Department's Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Employers have the right to dispute any alleged job safety or health violation found during the inspection by the Administration, the penalties it proposed, and the time given by the agency to correct any hazardous situation. Employees and representatives