safety or effectiveness. FDA has independently evaluated relevant literature and data for possible postmarketing adverse event reports associated with this drug and has found no information that would indicate this product was withdrawn for reasons of safety or effectiveness.

After considering the citizen petition and reviewing its records, FDA determines that, for the reasons outlined previously, DECADRON-LA (dexamethasone acetate injection), 8 mg/mL, was not withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. Accordingly, the agency will continue to list DECADRON-LA (dexamethasone acetate injection), 8 mg/mL, in the "Discontinued Drug Product List" section of the Orange Book. The "Discontinued Drug Product List" delineates, among other items, drug products that have been discontinued from marketing for reasons other than safety or effectiveness. ANDAs that refer to DECADRON-LA (dexamethasone acetate injection), 8 mg/mL, may be approved by the agency.

Dated: August 13, 2004.

#### Jeffrey Shuren,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy.
[FR Doc. 04–19287 Filed 8–23–04; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### **Food and Drug Administration**

Circulatory System Devices Panel of the Medical Devices Advisory Committee; Notice of Meeting

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

This notice announces a forthcoming meeting of a public advisory committee of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The meeting will be open to the public.

Name of Committee: Circulatory System Devices Panel of the Medical Devices Advisory Committee.

General Function of the Committee: To provide advice and recommendations to the agency on FDA's regulatory issues.

Date and Time: The meeting will be held on September 21, 2004, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Location: Hilton Washington DC North/Gaithersburg, Salons A, B, and C, 620 Perry Pkwy., Gaithersburg, MD.

Contact Person: Geretta Wood, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (HFZ–450), Food and Drug Administration, 9200 Corporate Blvd., Rockville, MD 20850, 301–443–8320, ext. 143, or FDA Advisory Committee Information Line, 1–800–741–8138 (301–443–0572 in the Washington, DC area), code 3014512625. Please call the Information Line for up-to-date information on this meeting.

Agenda: The committee will discuss and make recommendations regarding clinical trial design in the evaluation of cardiopulmonary resuscitation enhancing devices/therapies for cardiac arrest patients. Background information for the topics, including the agenda and questions for the committee, will be available to the public 1 business day before the meeting on the Internet at http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/panelmtg.html.

Procedure: Interested persons may present data, information, or views, orally or in writing, on issues pending before the committee. Written submissions may be made to the contact person by September 7, 2004. Oral presentations from the public will be scheduled for approximately 30 minutes at the beginning of committee deliberations and for approximately 30 minutes near the end of the deliberations. Time allotted for each presentation may be limited. Those desiring to make formal oral presentations should notify the contact person before September 7, 2004, and submit a brief statement of the general nature of the evidence or arguments they wish to present, the names and addresses of proposed participants, and an indication of the approximate time requested to make their presentation.

Persons attending FDA's advisory committee meetings are advised that the agency is not responsible for providing access to electrical outlets.

FDA welcomes the attendance of the public at its advisory committee meetings and will make every effort to accommodate persons with physical disabilities or special needs. If you require special accommodations due to a disability, please contact AnnMarie Williams, Conference Management Staff, at 301–594–1283, ext. 113, at least 7 days in advance of the meeting.

Notice of this meeting is given under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. app. 2).

Dated: August 17, 2004.

### William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy and Planning.

[FR Doc. 04–19288 Filed 8–23–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### **National Institutes of Health**

## Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

**AGENCY:** National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, DHHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

summary: The inventions listed below are owned by an agency of the U.S. Government and are available for licensing in the U.S. in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally-funded research and development. Foreign patent applications are filed on selected inventions to extend market coverage for companies and may also be available for licensing.

ADDRESSES: Licensing information and copies of the U.S. patent applications listed below may be obtained by writing to the indicated licensing contact at the Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, Maryland 20852–3804; telephone: (301) 496–7057; fax: (301) 402–0220. A signed Confidential Disclosure Agreement will be required to receive copies of the patent applications.

# **Pichia pastoris** Cloning Systems for Expressing and Secreting Proteins of Interest

James Hartley (NCI/SAIC-Frederick).DHHS Reference No. E-305-2004/0—Research Tool.

Licensing Contact: Michael Shmilovich; (301) 435–5019; shmilovm@mail.nih.gov.

Biological materials of a Pichia pastoris cloning and expression system are available for licensing for internal use. The system provides a vector for transgenically expressing proteins that are secreted through signal peptide mediation (e.g., the  $\alpha$  mating factor signal peptide). This expression system utilizes the Gateway® cloning platform from Invitrogen without interference from the Gateway® attB1 sequence. The α mating factor signal peptide encoding sequence includes an attB1 insertion at an XhoI site upstream from some gene of interest (e.g., human interferon Hyb3). The attB1 site does not alter the secretion or processing of the signal peptide.