#### DOQ-IT: Doctors Office Quality – Information Technology

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# DOQ-IT

- Premise: substantial improvement in physician office quality cannot be achieved without adoption of health information technology and process redesign.
- QIO special study project that works with both physician offices and software vendors to increase the adoption and utilization of HIT.
- See: www.doqit.org

## DOQ-IT

- Make high quality, affordable systems more available.
- Work with EHR Vendors to overcome implementation obstacles and improve care management.
- Provide assistance to physician offices
  - IT adoption decision
  - Implementation and workflow efficiencies
  - Care management/patient self-management

### **Vendor Participation**

- Vendors participate by implementing and reporting DOQ-IT clinical measures.
- DOQ-IT also works with vendors to improve their understanding of the office environment and in assisting physicians in improving practice efficiency.

# What Should HIT Vendors Do?

- Offer systems with high functionality and usability
  - Specified functionalities: eRx, eLab
  - Specified outputs: quality measures, CCR, PHR
  - Decision support to help improve performance on quality measures
  - Standards-based for interoperability/data exchange
- Offer affordable systems

#### And Why Should Vendors Do It?

- Pay-for-performance programs are gathering momentum
  - Generally include system functionality standards
  - Generally include performance on clinical measures
- Functionality standards exist and systems certification process is coming
- Output specifications exist or are developing

#### **DOQ-IT and Clinical Measures**

- DOQ-IT emphasizes improving chronic disease management by creating an environment in which continuity of care by the primary provider is also improved.
- 2 types of measures: clinical and functional measures.

### **Clinical Quality Measures**

 DOQ measures, jointly developed with AMA's Consortium on Performance Improvement, and harmonized with NCQA, have been brought to National Quality Forum for expedited review.

### **Clinical Quality Measures**

- Derived from evidence based medicine.
- Emphasize the ability of the system to output data to a clinical data warehouse.
- Built on HL7 and other standards (more latter).
- Are clearly defined in specifications (see www.doqit.org).

### Systems Measures

- These emphasize the ability of the EHR to integrate and improve physician office practice.
- These measures focus on **decision support** and the "input" of appropriate data.
- Ability to produce measure results in physician office prior to sending. Thus are related to achieving acceptable performance on the clinical measures.
- Also emphasizes the ability of the EHR to use standards to achieve intra-operability with other systems.

### EHR Systems: CHI Standards

- One of the eGovernment Initiatives...
  - To enable the sharing of health information in a secure environment to improve health
  - To establish Federal health information interoperability standards as the basis for electronic health data transfer in all activities and projects and among all Federal agencies.
  - Lead and influence in sync with industry

# **Example CHI Vocabularies**

- 1. LOINC<sup>®</sup>: Laboratory Result Names.
- 2. HL7<sup>®</sup> Messaging Standards: Includes scheduling, medical record, patient administration, observation reporting, financial management, patient care.
- 3. NCPDP: Includes retail pharmacy transactions.
- 4. SNOMED CT®: Diagnosis/Problem List, Laboratory Results, Interventions and Procedures.
- 5. Others including several for pharmacy.
- 6. Payment: HIPAA Transactions and Code Sets
- 7. NLM is mapping SNOMED CT® to other code sets.

## EHR Systems: CHI Standards

- Clinical Measures currently specify HL7® Version 2.4, LOINC, HIPAA Transactions and Code Sets, and National Drug Codes (NDC).
- Low hanging fruit: LOINC code labs, SNOMED CT®

### **Practice Participation**

- Four state (CA, MA, AR, UT) pilot project underway (1000 physicians per state).
- Comprehensive program aimed at assisting practitioners with practice redesign issues, preimplementation guidelines, readiness assessment.
- Ultimate goal will will be to monitor and improve care using evidence- medicine based clinical measure.
- Both collaborative and consultative approaches are used.

### VistA-Office EHR

- VHA's current VistA system is being reconfigured to meet the needs of the general medical practice.
- Covered in additional detail in latter talks

## Conclusions: why DOQ-IT?

- Represents a coordinated approach to facilitating the adoption of HIT in the physician office setting:
  - -Prepare the physician office for change.
  - Assist Electronic Healthcare Record adoption
  - -Improve quality of care