

Notice To Employees Working on Government Contracts

This establishment is performing Government contract work subject to the —

Service Contract Act or Public Contracts Act

During the period of performance on the contract, the following requirements must be observed:

Minimum Wages

Your rate must be at least \$4.75 an hour; effective September 1, 1997, \$5.15 an hour.

A higher rate may be required for Service contracts if a wage

determination applies or if a predecessor contractor has paid a higher rate for your classification pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement. Such higher rates for Service contracts will be posted as an attachment to this Notice.

Fringe Benefits

Service contract wage determinations may require fringe benefit payments (or a cash equivalent). *Supply* contracts do not require fringe benefits.

Overtime Pay

You must be paid 1 1/2 times your basic rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a week. There are some exceptions.

Safety and Health

The work must be performed under conditions that are sanitary, and not hazardous or dangerous to the employees' health and safety.

No person under 16 years of age may be employed on a *Supply* contract.

Information

Further information on the wage provisions of the Service Contract Act or the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act may be obtained from the Wage and Hour Division. Information relating to the safety and health provisions may be obtained from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Offices are located in principal cities. Check your telephone directory under U.S. Government, Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

For this document and other Wage-Hour Information, visit our web site: <http://www.wagehour.dol.gov>.

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment Standards Administration
Wage and Hour Division
Washington, D.C. 20210
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(over)

According to information submitted to this office, your firm has been awarded a contract which is subject to the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act or the Service Contract Act. The purpose of the discussion below is to advise contractors of the principal provisions of these acts.

Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act

General Provisions — This act applies to contracts which exceed or may exceed \$10,000 entered into by any agency or instrumentality of the United States for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, or equipment. The act establishes minimum wage, maximum hours, and safety and health standards for work on such contracts, and prohibits the employment on contract work of convict labor (unless certain conditions are met) and children under 16 years of age. The employment of homeworkers (except handicapped clients of bona fide sheltered workshops) on a covered contract is not permitted. The act also requires the keeping of certain records.

In addition to its coverage of prime contractors, the act under certain circumstances applies to secondary contractors performing work under contracts awarded by the Government prime contractor.

All provisions of the act except the safety and health requirements are administered by the Wage and Hour Division.

Minimum Wage — Covered employees must currently be paid not less than \$4.75 an hour; effective September 1, 1997, \$5.15 an hour.

Service Contract Act

General Provisions — The Service Contract Act applies to every contract entered into by the United States or the District of Columbia, the principal purpose of which is to furnish services in the United States through the use of service employees. Contractors and subcontractors performing on such Federal contracts must observe minimum wage and safety and health standards, and must maintain certain records, unless a specific exemption applies.

Wages and Fringe Benefits — Every service employee performing any of the Government contract work under a service contract in excess of \$2,500 must be paid not less than the monetary wages, and must be furnished the fringe benefits, which the Secretary of Labor has determined to be prevailing in the locality for the classification in which the employee is working or the wage rates and fringe benefits (including any accrued or prospective wage rates and fringe benefits) contained in a predecessor contractor's collective bargaining agreement. The wage rates and fringe benefits required are usually specified in the contract. If no wage determination has been made applicable to the contract, employees performing work under the contract must be paid not less than the minimum wage provided in section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, currently \$4.75 an hour; effective September 1, 1997, \$5.15 an hour.

All employees doing work necessary to the performance of the contract must also be paid not less than the minimum wage provided in section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Service contracts which do not exceed \$2,500 are not subject to prevailing rate determinations or to the safety and health requirements of the act. However, the act does require that employees performing work on such contracts be paid not less than the above minimum wage rate provided by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Overtime — Covered workers must be paid at least one and one-half times their basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 a week. Overtime is due on the basis of the total hours spent in all work, Government and non-Government, performed by the employee in any week in which covered work is performed.

Child Labor — Employers may protect themselves against unintentional child labor violations by obtaining certificates of age. State employment or age certificates are acceptable.

Safety and Health — No covered work may be performed in plants, factories, buildings, or surroundings or under work conditions that are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health and safety of the employees engaged in the performance of the contract. The safety and health provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act are administered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Posting — During the period that covered work is being performed on a contract subject to the act, the contractor must post copies of Notice to Employees Working on Government Contracts in a sufficient number of places to permit employees to observe a copy on the way to or from their place of employment.

Responsibility for Secondary Contractors — Prime contractors are liable for violations of the act committed by their covered secondary contractors.

All provisions of the act except the safety and health requirements are administered by the Wage and Hour Division.

Overtime — Service contracts in excess of \$100,000 which may require or involve the use of laborers or mechanics require the payment of overtime under the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act at time and one-half the basic rate for all hours worked on the contract in excess of 40 a week.

Safety and Health — The act provides that no part of the services in contracts in excess of \$2,500 may be performed in buildings or surroundings or under working conditions, provided by or under the control or supervision of the contractor or subcontractor, which are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health or safety of service employees engaged to furnish the services. The safety and health provisions of the Service Contract Act are administered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Notice to Employees — On the date a service employee commences work on a contract in excess of \$2,500, the contractor (or subcontractor) must provide the employee with a notice of the compensation required by the act. The posting of the notice (including any applicable wage determination) contained on the reverse in a location where it may be seen by all employees performing on the contract will satisfy this requirement.

Notice in Subcontracts — The contractor is required to insert in all subcontracts the labor standards clauses specified by the regulations in 29 CFR 4 for Federal service contracts exceeding \$2,500.

Other Obligations — *Observance of the labor standards of these acts does not relieve the employer of any obligation he may have under any other laws or agreements providing for higher labor standards.*



U.S. Department of Labor
Employment Standards Administration
Wage and Hour Division
Occupational Safety and Health Administration

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Additional Information — *Additional information and copies of the acts and applicable regulations and interpretations may be obtained from the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division or the National Office in Washington, D.C. Information pertaining to safety and health standards may be obtained from the nearest office of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration or the National Office in Washington, D.C.*